

http://stores.ebay.com/Ancestry-Found

On Fishe: * XM6-1568 c OH: 266

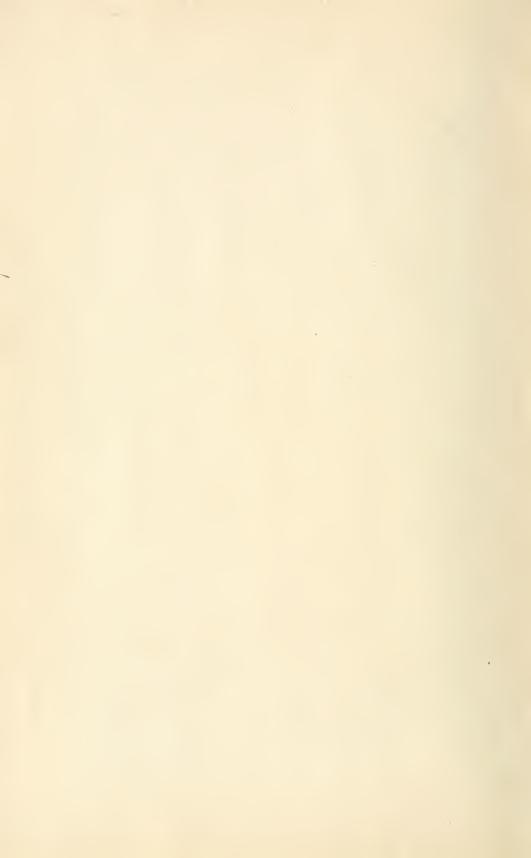
1

http://stores.ebay.com/Ancestry-Found

(OHIO)







The History of Fuller's Ohio Brigade

1861-1865

Its Great March, with Roster Portraits, Battle Maps and Biographies.

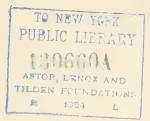
BY

CHARLES H. SMITH

Major Twenty-Seventh Ohio Regiment, Veteran Volunteer Infantry

CLEVELAND, OHIO

Smith



PRESS OF A J WATT

Resolution

Resolved, by the Association of Fuller's Ohio Brigade, in reunion assembled, that our thanks be tendered to Major Charles H. Smith for his valuable services in preparing the history of our Brigade;

THAT WE, and those who come after us owe him a debt of gratitude for his great and faithful work, performed by him as a labor of love and at great expense to him;

THAT WE recommend all soldiers to secure copies of the history, and so far as possible, to have copies placed in all public libraries.

(Signed) Captain J. A Evans, Secretary.

Columbus, Ohio, September 1, 1909.



THIS VOLUME IS RESPECTFULLY DEDICATED

TO THE

SOLDIERS OF FULLER'S OHIO BRIGADE AND THEIR COMPATRIOTS

IN MEMORY OF

THEIR BRAVE DEEDS, THEIR TOILS, THEIR SUFFERINGS

AND THEIR TRIUMPHS.

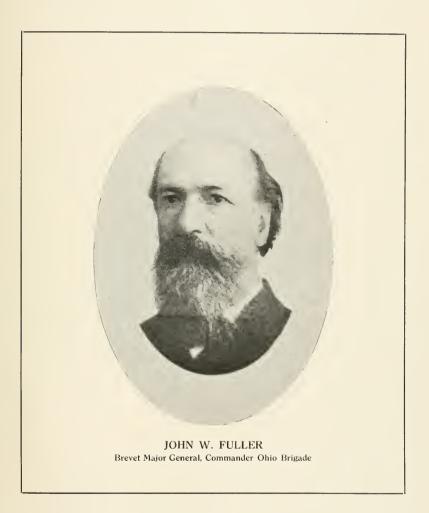




CHARLES H. SMITH Major 27th O. V. V. I. Historian

THE NEW LK PUBLICLIBRARY

> ASTEN, LENOX AND TILBEN FOUNDATIONS





INDEX.

Preface
OUR CONTRIBUTORS
GATHERING THE PICTORIAL PART
Introduction
CHAPTER 1. Conditions of Affairs at the Opening of the War
Chapter 2. The Organization of the Four Regiments
CHAPTER 3.Discipline of the Regiments.31-32Battle of Wilson's Creek31Fremont's Order to Major Sturgess.31-32Movements of Forces under Major Sturgess32-33-34
Chapter 4. March to the Relief of Lexington, Missouri
Chapter 5. March to Springfield, Missouri
Chapter 6. Territory in Possession of the Union Army
Chapter 7. The Retrograde Movement of the Army
Chapter 8. The Great Winter March to St. Louis
CHAPTER 9. Capture of New Madrid and Island Ten
CHAPTER 10 Reminiscences of the Fort Pillow Expedition
CHAPTER 1! Preparation for Siege of Corinth
Campaigns and Battles of Iuka and Corinth

CHAPTER 13 PAGES Battle of Corinth 82-83-84-85-86-87-89-90 Report of General W. S. Rosecrans 90-91-92 Report of Colonel John W. Fuller 92-94-96-97-98-99-100
CHAPTER 14. A Hero at Corinth Correspondence Accompanying the Message. Report of Major Z. S. Spaulding. Report of Lieutenant Colonel Edward F. Noyes. Report of Lieutenant Colonel Wager Swayne Report of Colonel John W. Sprague Report of Captain Edward H. Cummings, C. S. A., to Beauregard. 108-109-110 Partial Report of General Earl Van Dorn, C. S. A. 110-111 Partual Report of Price 111 Lieutenant Labruzan, 42nd Alabama, C. S. A. 111-112-113
CHAPTER 15. Retreat of the Enemy from Corinth
CHAPTER 16. Central Mississippi Campaign
CHAPTER 17. Defeat of the Rebel General Forrest in Grand Raid on Grants Line of Communication. How it was Frustrated and the Enemy Expelled from the Country 122-123-124-125-126-127-128 Battle of Parker's Cross Roads, December, 1862 122 Pursuit of General Forrest 127-128 Forrest Abandons the Country 127 March of Great Severity 128 Heavy Tax on the Command 130-131 Raid Through the Cherokee and Choctow Valleys 132-133 Duty at Corinth and Memphis 133-134
Chapter 18. March to Prospect, Tennessee
CHAPTER 19. Re-enlistments in the Regiments
Changes and Re-assignment of Regiments of Fuller's Ohio Brigade
Chapter 22. Campaign Through Northern Georgia

Chapter 23. Sherman's Great Flank Movement	178-	GES 179
Capture of Atlanta		180
Reports— , Major General Sherman	190	100
Major General Dodge	100.	200
Brigadier General Fuller	209-	210
Lieutenant Colonel McDowell	216- 216-	217 217
Colonel Churchill	223-	224
Colonel Swayne 224- Major Fouts 228-229-	225-	227
Colonel John Cladick	43U- 232-	233
Lieutenant Colonel Wm. H. Henry	235-	237
Chapter 24.	22=	226
Organization of the Union Army in the Field	235- 235-	236 236
Effective Strength of the Army under Sherman in the Atlanta Campaign	236-	243
Strength and Losses of the Opposing Armies in the Atlanta Campaign Organization of the First Division, 17th Army Corps		236
Chapter 25.		230
	239-	240
Movement of Confederate Army Northward		
Conquered Territory, Changes and Assignments	• • • •	• • •
CHAPTER 26. Preparations for the March Through Georgia		245
Preparations for the March Through Georgia	249-	250
Siege of Savannah	254-	-255
Poem		255
PoemCapture and Occupation of Savannah		255
Property Captured and Destroyed. Letter of Congratulation to Sherman.		256
Resolution of Thanks from Congress.		258
Chapter 27.		
Transfer to Beaufort, South Carolina	٠	258
Chapter 28. General Order No. 3		258
Chapter 29.		
Campaign Through the Carolinas	259-	261
Whippy Swamp. Pocotaligo	·263-	-264
Capture of Columbia. Charleston	267-	-268 -268
Movements on the Minshoro Road		268
Captured Cheraw. Fayetteville	272-	-273 -277
Chapter 30.	2/3-	//
Regiments in Organization of the First Division, 17th Army Corps		278
Report of Sherman from Goldshoro	-284-	-285
Report of Fuller from Goldsboro	-200-	-207
March 21st, 1865	287-	-288
Report of Montgomery Concerning Operations January 29th, February	280_	290
3rd and 9th Report of Property Captured (Mower)		290
Resolution of Congratulations Re-organization of the Army. Changes in Commands	291-	292
March to Raleigh North Carolina	292-	-293
Surrender of Johnston's Army		293
End of the War		294

Chapter 31. Pages March Across Virginia 295-297 Review at Washington 297-298 Muster Out of Thirty-fifth New Jersey. 301 Twenty-fifth and Thirty-second Wisconsin 301 Chapter 32. Order to go to Louisville, Kentucky. 303 Muster Out of Twenty-seventh, Thirty-nine, Forty-third and Sixty-third Ohio Regiments 304 Return of Soldiers to Their Homes 304
Return of Soldiers to Their Homes
BIOGRAPHICAL SKETCHES.
Brevet Major General John W Fuller 307-313 Major General G. M. Dodge 314-316 Major General David S. Stanley 317-319 Brevet Brigadier General Mendal Churchill 320-322 Brevet Brigadier General Samuel Thomas 323 Major Charles H. Smith. 324-326 Captain Charles W. Green 327 Colonel John Groesbeek 328-329 Colonel Edward F. Noyes 330-332 Colonel Paniel Weber 333-334 Captain W. H. H. Minturn 335 Colonel Joseph L. Kirby Smith 336-338 Colonel Wager Swayne 339-340 Captain Hinchman S. Prophet 341-343 Brevet Major General John W. Sprague 344-348 Brigadier General Charles E. Brown 349-351 Colonel Oscar L. Jackson 352-358 Captain Andrew R. Robinson 359 Captain Charles M. Harrison 360-362 Captain Daniel T. Thorne 363 Lieutenant Mathew F. Madigan 264 Lieutenant Francis A. Gibbons 368-369 Sergeant Joseph H. Lapham 370-371
James W. Conger
REMINISCENCES OF SOLDIER LIFE.
Reunion of Fuller's Ohio Brigade. 393-394 General John W. Fuller's Address. 395-406 Raid to the Altamaha River. 406 First Sergeant's Duties 407 Sixty-third Ohio Infantry 407-413 Battle of Colliersville 414-416 Colonel Horace Park's Address 417-418 A Scout 418-419 Brave Acts Unrewarded 419-420 The Passage of the Salkahatchie and Edisto Rivers 420-421

13

Incidents of the Last Days of the War			
MISCELLANEOUS.			
Camp of the Twenty-seventh Ohio Infantry445Casualties in the War445Lessons of the War446Commanders of the Army of the Tennessee446Facts Worth Knowing446			
Organization 447 Roster of Ohio Soldiers—Its Errors 447 Official List of Battles 449-450 Roster of the Regiments— Twenty-seventh Ohio 451-486			
Thirty-ninth Ohio 488-536 Forty-third Ohio 538-584 Sixty-third Ohio			
MAPS.			
Twenty-seventh and Thirty-ninth Ohio Lines of March in Missouri. 42 Mississippi River Bend, New Madrid and Island Ten. 56 Battle of Corinth, Miss. Relative Positions of Forces Oct. 3rd and 4th. 95 Battle of Corinth, Miss. Relative position of Union and Confederate Forces. 96 Lines of March and Battle, Chattenooga to Atlanta. 163 Battle Lines, Atlanta, July 22nd, 1864. 170 Battle Lines, Ezra Church 175 Atlanta to Savannah Lines of March 252 Campaign of the Carolinas, Lines of March 270			
PORTRAITS.			
Major Charles H. Smith, Historian			

Captain Charles M. Harrison	360
Lieutenant Peter Zinn	365
Lieutenant Francis A. Gibbons	368
Sergeant Joseph H. Lapham	370
David McMullen	374
Charles I. Adkins	376
Judge Thomas Scroggy	378
Sergeant Fred F. Adams	381
Corporal Isaac Jarvis	383
Sergeant Robert Terry	385
David Auld	
James W. Conger	389
George W. Wolf	302
John Beeman	302
John Smedley	302
David Auld, Drummer	430
David Addition Distance	730
	
ILLUSTRATIONS.	
A W. D. D. C.	30
A Very Raw Recruit	32
Recruits. The First Drill	
The Battle of Lexington, Missouri	36
A Recruit and an Experienced Soldier	47
Charging Through a Cornfield	48
Taking the Top Rail	51
Debarkation of Fuller's Ohio Brigade on the Mississippi River at Watson's	" "
Landing	52
The Ohio Brigade Marching on Corinth	71
Battle of Iuka, Miss. The Ohio Brigade Going Forward	78
A Confederate Sharp Shooter at Corinth, Miss.	85
The 27th O. V. V. I. Capturing the Flag of the 9th Texas—Corinth, Miss	88
The Battle of Corinth, Oct. 4th, 1862. Repelling the Confederate Assault	93
The 43rd O. V. V. I. Defending Battery Robinett	105
The 16th Army Corps Badge	121
Fuller's Ohio Brigade Crossing the Tennessee River	140
Drum Corps—43rd Ohio	141
Battle of Resaca, Ga	147
Badge of 15th Army Corps.	148
Battle of Resaca. Ga.—43rd and b3rd Unio	149
Skirmish Line. "Feeling" the Enemy	152
Battle of Kenesaw Mountain	155
Confederate Artillery Being Hauled up Kenesaw Mountain. Charge and Capture of the Enemy's Works at Nick-ojack by the 27th and 39th	156
Charge and Capture of the Enemy's Works at Nick-ojack by the 27th and 39th	
Ohio Regiments	159
Battle of Ailanta 16th Army Corps Fugaged	166
Battle of Atlanta General Fuller with Flag at the Front	168
Battle near Atlanta Fara Church	174
Seventeenth Army Corps Badge	178
First Division, 17th Army Corps, Tearing up Railroad.	248
Battle of Atlanta. Defence of Supply Trains at Decatur. Battle near Atlanta. Driving the Confederate Lines.	249
Battle of Atlanta. Defence of Supply Trains at Decatur	214
Battle near Atlanta. Driving the Confederate Lines	226
Battle at Salkehatchie River First Division, 17th Army Corps, in South Carolina Swamps	262
First Division, 17th Army Corps, in South Carolina Swamps	265
Artillery in South Carolina Swamps	2/1
Battle of Bentonville, North Carolina	274
Grand Review of Sherman's Army	296
Croud Review of Sprague's Rrigade	300
Survivors of the Brigade at Toledo, Ohio	302
Regimental Flags of Fuller's Ohio Brigade	305
Drum Corps, 43rd Ohio, After the War	434

PREFACE.

PORTY-TWO YEARS had passed since the close of the Civil War, and yet no history had been written of the splendid services rendered to the government by the soldiers of the Twenty-seventh, Thirty-ninth, Forty-third and Sixty-third Regiments of Ohio Infantry, composing what was known officially and designated in the field as Fuller's Ohio Brigade. This Brigade never lost a flag, but after four years of war, each one was brought back to Ohio with every star upon its folds shining more gloriously bright, thereby reflecting the highest honor on the state of Ohio.

During the war I had kept a memorandum of events, jotted down as they occurred under my observation. My comrades urged me to publish it, and this I finally consented to do. At the annual reunion of the surviving members of the Brigade, held in Columbus, Ohio, on September 4th, 1907, a resolution was unanimously passed appointing me Historian and authorizing me to compile and publish the military history of Fuller's Ohio Brigade, and to select assistants for the work. Their names were announced at the evening meeting as follows:

FROM THE TWENTY-SEVENTH OHIO: Captain Oscar Sheppard, E. C. Fuller (son of General Fuller and honorary member of the Brigade), Captain J. A. Evans, Captain Jonathan Reese, Corporal Philip R. Harpel, Captain J. S. Stuckey, Captain C. C. Chadwick, Charles I. Adkins, First Sergeant E. S. Moorehead and H. C. Evans.

FROM THE THIRTY-NINTH: Captain W. H. H. Minturn, Captain Ethan O. Hurd, Captain Andrew R. Robison, D. T. Stathem, R. D. Wall, Sergeant J. H. Lapham, W. H. Garrett, John F. Harlan, Charles C. Barrows, and Frank Babb.

FROM THE FORTY-THIRD OTHO: James W. Conger, David Auld, Colonel J. H. Rhoades, Captain E. L. Lybarger, George H. Wise, James E. Graham, D. P. Host, Captain M. M. Murphy, Lieutenant Peter Zinn, John McClay.

From the Sixty-third: Colonel Oscar L. Jackson, First Sergeant Simon Jarvis, Joel A. Jarvis, Captain Reuben S. Mason, George B. Bartlett, Angus McDonald, H. Beckett, Joseph Bell, D. E. Heisey and J. W. Savely.

I entered upon this task with the sincere desire of doing justice to every officer and soldier who helped maintain our country's honor, and whose achievements made the Brigade famous. All deserve praise, but all that was accomplished by them could not be fully recorded in this volume, for the subject is too vast. No attempt at literary style has been made in the following pages—the desire is simply to preserve the military history of the Brigade. The labor necessary to prepare a work of this kind, takes years to accomplish and is much more difficult than would be supposed from an examination of its results. How faithfully and well it has been done can only be understood by those who are familiar with this sort of work.

To the survivors who have manifested their love of country, and to the rising generation who may yet learn that a land and a government such as ours is worth fighting for and dying for, if need be, I trust a perusal of these pages will prove profitable and interesting.

Major Charles H. Smith, Historian.

Foot Note.—All the material of the book has been collected from official records and from my memorandum, and has been verified by members of the Brigade.

OUR CONTRIBUTORS.

THOSE who have most generously contributed toward the financing of this publication are General Grenville M. Dodge, Edward C. Fuller and Rathbun Fuller, sons of General John W. Fuller; Mrs. Mary McKenzie, niece of General Mendal Churchill; Alfred H. Swayne, son of General Wager Swayne; comrades James W. Conger and David Auld, Jr., and Colonel Oscar L. Jackson.

To Comrade Auld, we are indebted for his care in selecting the illustrations, for his critical supervision of the engravings, and for his contribution of their cost. To him and to comrade Conger, we are further indebted for encouraging words of advice and for time given to the detail of the work.

The above-named have aided the Historian in making it possible to save from oblivion the unsurpassed military record of Fuller's Ohio Brigade, to interest the veterans in their own memories, and in a measure to instruct succeeding generations who will read of the great struggle for a national existence and human liberty.

TO MY COMRADES OF THE OHIO BRIGADE.

It has always been with me a great and growing desire to see a complete record of what was suffered and the work that was accomplished for our country during those trying years 1861 to 1865 left to our prosperity, and it is now one of my greatest pleasures that I have been able to contribute in a small way to this work that has been carried through to completion under such great difficulties by our faithful friend and comrade Major Chas. H. Smith, (our Historian). This history of the Ohio Brigade and the drum that I carried to arouse the boys from their slumbers many times by the reveille, and some times by the long roll for battle, and marked time for their soldierly tread on many long marches and bloody field, will be among my most cherished relics.

When my name was mentioned by the Historian as one of the Committee, on publication, I very much doubted my ability to add anything of value, but remembering my liking for drawing and sketching pictures of scenes that appealed to me during the war, I began to look over old trunks, drawers, etc., and soon unearthed many engravings, sketches, lithographs, photographs, maps, etc., long since forgotten. I never could pass anything in this line that referred to our Brigade and Regimental operations without annexing them to my collection. The result was that I had a great mass of crude material from which to build the pictorial part of the history. My fingers are not so nimble as in '61 to '65, but with the help of modern photography, and the half tone art of reproducing, I am able to give you the result of my best efforts and a clearer understanding of many of our most important operations and struggles. I do not claim these are all original or infallible, but I do believe they more nearly represent the scenes as they appeared to you than the material from any other source at this late day could supply. If you enjoy their perusal as much as I have enjoved their collection and preparation, them my recompense will be complete and I dedicate them to you.

David Auld, Drummer, 43rd Ohio.

INTRODUCTION.

ISPUTES between the states of the American Union originated with the formation of the federal government itself. The question of States Rights was perhaps the most vital. Washington foresaw the danger and in his solicitude for the welfare of his people, and in contemplating the causes which might disturb the union, gave voice to them in his farewell address in 1796. He said in part:

"It is necessary to have unity of government, which constitutes you one people, for it is the main pillar in the edifice of your real independence, the support of your tranquility, at home, your peace abroad, of your safety. of your prosperity, of that very liberty which you so highly prize. But it is easy to foresee that from different quarters and from different causes, much pains will be taken, many artifices employed, to weaken in your minds the conviction of this truth, though often covertly and insidiously directed. It is of infinite moment that you should properly estimate the immense value of your national union in your collective and individual happiness, accustoming yourselves to think and speak of it as of the Palladium of your political safety and prosperity, watching for its preservation with jealous anxiety, discountenancing whatever may suggest even a suspicion that it can, in any event be abandoned, and indignantly frowning upon the first dawning of every attempt to alienate any portion of our country from the rest. Every portion of our country finds the most commanding motives for carefully guarding and preserving the union of the whole. You have in a common cause, fought and triumphed together. The independence and liberty you possess are the work of joint council and joint efforts, of common dangers, suffering and successes. In union all the parts combined cannot fail to find, in the united mass of means and efforts, greater strength, greater resource, proportionably greater security from external danger, a less frequent interruption to their peace by foreign nations, and what is of more inestimable value, they must derive from union an exemption from those broils and wars between themselves."

Up to 1832 there had been frequent murmurings of discontent among political leaders. President Jackson in his proclamation to the people of South Carolina, which state had undertaken to annul the revenue law and secede from the union, said in part:

"The power to annul the law of the United States assumed by one state is incompatible with the existence of the union, contradicted expressly by the letter of the constitution, unauthorized by its spirit, inconsistent with every principle on which it was founded and destructive of the great object for which it was formed. Our constitution does not contain the absurdity of giving the power to make laws, and another power to resist them. The

crisis that the conduct of South Carolina presents, would recur whenever any law of the United States displeased any of the states, and we should soon cease to exist as a nation. The constitution of the United States forms a government, not a league. Our government has the right by law of self defence, to punish offenders, to make war, levy taxes, exercise legislative and judicial powers, make treaties and all alliances, in the name of all. Troops are raised for the joint defence. In the preamble of the constitution made in the name and by the authority of the people of the United States, among the most important objects was one to form a more perfect union. That decisive step was taken jointly. We declare ourselves a nation jointly, not by several action. The several states agreed that they would collectively from one nation, declaring that every state shall abide by the determination of Congress. To give the right of resisting laws, coupled with the uncontrolled right to decide what laws are right, is to give the power of resisting all laws, for by that theory, there is no appeal, the reasons alleged by the state, good or bad must prevail. Public opinion is a sufficient guard against the passage of an unconstitutional act passed by Congress, one to the people and the states, the other to the judiciary. Our social pact in express terms declares that the laws of the United States, its Constitution and the treaties made under it, are the supreme law of the land and for greater caution adds that the judges in every state shall be bound thereby, everything in the constitution or laws of any state to the contrary, notwithstanding. No federative government could exist without a similar provision."

Agitation of the question of States Rights increased up to the election of Lincoln, who in his inaugural address, March 4th, 1861, gave expression to these memorable and patriotic words:

"In your hands, my dissatisfied fellow countrymen, and not in mine, is the momentous issue of Civil War. The Government will not assail you. You can have no conflict without being yourselves the aggressors. You have no oath registered in Heaven to destroy the Government, while I shall have the most solemn one to protect and defend it. We are not enemies but friends. We must not be enemies. Though passion may have strained, it must not break the bonds of affection. The mystic cords of memory stretching from every battlefield and patriot grave to every living heart and hearthstone, all over this broad land will yet swell the chorus of the Union, when again touched, as surely they will be, by the better angels of our nature."

Honorable Stephen A. Douglass, in a speech delivered in Chicago May 1st, 1861, spoke of the secession conspiracy as follows:

"What cause, what excuse do the disunionists give us for breaking up the best government upon which the sun of heaven ever shed its rays? They are dissatisfied with the results of the Presidential election. The slavery question is a mere excuse, the election of Lincoln a mere pretext. The present secession movement is the result of an enormous conspiracy formed more than a year since by leaders in the southern Confederacy. They use the slavery question as a means to aid the accomplishment of

their ends. When the history of the two years from the Lecompton Charter down to the Presidential election shall be written, it will be shown that the scheme was deliberately made to break up this union. The conspiracy is now known. There are only two sides to the question. Every man must be for the United States or against it. There can be no neutrals in this war, only patriots or traitors."

Civil War was apprehended by leading statesmen of the United States during the half century preceding hostilities, by reason of slavery. In 1860, the slave population was about four million. Their estimated value was twenty-five million dollars. This monied interest overcame the moral side of the question with most southern citizens and with some people of the north.

The southern politicians openly proposed civil war in 1850 and again in 1856. There was no concealment of declaration of and preparation for war in the south after the election of Mr. Lincoln, but because the north did not immediately raise an army, they seemed convinced that the north was cowardly, and not willing to fight for the great principle of our government. The southern leaders were thereby enabled to commit their people finally to the war, claiming it to be a defence of their slave property.

CHAPTER I.

CONDITIONS OF AFFAIRS AT THE OPENING OF THE WAR.

THE ordinance of secession was passed by the State of South Carolina on December 20th, 1860. Other states followed, eleven in number. Hostilities against the United States Government commenced at Charleston, South Carolina, by an artillery fire, January 9th, 1861, upon the Steamer "Star of the West."

Actual war between the North and the South began when Fort Sumpter was fired upon, April 12th, at half past four in the morning. Soon after this, a number of United States arsenals and forts were seized, the Missouri River was blockaded, and Pensacola and Norfolk Navy Yard was surrendered.

During the last months of 1860, acts of treason were committed all over the South. Floyd, while Secretary of War in Buchanan's Cabinet, traitorously stripped all the arsenals in the North of their arms and military stores, and collected them in the South. By one single order, one hundred and fifty thousand small arms of the most approved pattern were moved. He felonously took \$870,000 of the Indian trust bonds from the vaults of the Department of the Interior and sent them south. During the trying winter of 1860-1861, the southern people were so defiant that they would not allow within their borders the expression of a sentiment hostile to their views. Before the outbreak of the war, the Southern Confederacy was well established, and its troops had been drilling for months. These acts of treason were intended to make our American civilization go backward. They were the acts of the few against the many.

During this time in the North, continued concessions to secession were adopted. Prominent men in public and private life and a portion of the press promulgated the doctrine that the "government had no power to coerce the South into submission to the laws of the land," also that "if the North raised armies and sent them south, they would have to march over the dead bodies of the speakers."

Even the President of the United States, James Buchanan, announced that while a state had no right to secede, the constitution gave no power to the government to coerce a state which had, or was attempting to withdraw from the Union. This was in direct conflict to President Jackson's views. In 1832 he proclaimed to the people that there was nothing in the constitution which gave the right to withdraw from the Union and that "the

Federal Union must and shall be preserved." He used prompt and energetic measures and completely crushed the contemplated secession of South Carolina at that time.

It was deemed unsafe for the President elect to go to the capitol of the nation to be sworn into office and he was obliged to be smuggled into Washington on the day previous to the one set for his arrival.

Gradually it dawned upon the loyal people, that a great conspiracy, called by many "the great slave-holders' rebellion," controlled by the principal politicians of the South was determined upon, for the purpose of establishing a Confederacy founded upon slavery and aristocracy.

On April 15th, 1861, when President Lincoln's first call for 75,000 troops came, the young men of the North flew to the defence of the nation, which the soldiers of 1776 fought to establish. And now these volunteers were to fight to preserve and maintain that which their forefathers intended these United States to be—a perpetual union with power to protect and preserve its own existence, to show that the union of states was not a delusion and a sham, and that the old claim of "states rights" whereby men were taught that their first duty was to the state, be swept aside.

The boys who enlisted were fired with a determination to save the nation. The motive for which they enlisted and offered their lives was that the American flag, without a single star erased, should float forever, over every part of the country.

Then followed a period of four years almost incessant hostilities, over fields of operation which embraced in their vast areas, forests and cultivated plams, mountain ranges and valleys, sea coasts, bayous, lakes, rivers, and trackless swamps.

The armed participants were numbered by the millions. The Federal armies distributed from the Potomac to the Missouri Rivers, were organized in three principal grand divisions, designated as the Army of the Potomac in the east, the Army of the Cumberland in the center, and the Army of the Tennessee and the Mississippi in the west, extending as far as New Mexico. Beside the great distances covered by lines in front, many hundred miles of transportation were guarded in the rear. In hostile array in front of the Union Army were the Rebel Armies of Virginia, of Georgia, of the Tennessee and Missouri, also their army of slaves, four million in number, used for the purpose of building fortifications and cultivating the land, for teamsters, blacksmiths, and servants.

It was under the second call for troops, by President Lincoln, on May 9th, 1861, for three hundred thousand men for three years' service, that the regiments of the Ohio Brigade were organized.

CHAPTER II.

ORGANIZATION OF THE REGIMENTS.

The Twenty-seventh Ohio Regiment was organized in July, 1861, at Camp Chase, Columbus, Ohio, and mustered in, August 16th, under Colonel John W. Fuller. Colonel Fuller had recently returned from a three months' service in West Virginia, as Chief-of-staff to General Charles W. Hill. The Twenty-seventh was the sixth regiment formed for three years' service. Its rank and file represented nearly every county in the state and the cities of Cleveland, Columbus, Cincinnati, Toledo, Williamsburg, Ironton and Circleville. They marched out of camp on August 20th, 1861, nine hundred and fifty strong, each soldier clothed in uniform and equipped with knapsack, canteen, haversack, old Springfield rifle and cartridge box. At Columbus, Ohio, they took cars for Cincinnati, where they embarked by steamer for Lawrenceburg, Indiana, the soldiers receiving a most cordial reception by the citizens there and again at Washington, Indiana, and other places, men women and children bringing well-filled baskets of refreshments to them.

They arrived at St. Louis on the following day. There being no bridge, they were ferried over the Mississippi River on the morning of the 22nd and marched through the city to Benton Barracks, stopping on the way at the headquarters of General Fremont, who reviewed the regiment. At the same time, Mrs. Jessie Fremont presented a United States flag to the organization. At St. Louis they were joined with the Thirty-ninth Ohio, which had arrived two days previous, and with them served throughout the war.

THE ORGANIZATION OF THE THIRTY-NINTH.

The Thirty-ninth Ohio Regiment rendezvoused at Camp Colerain, ten miles north of Cincinnati, during the month of July, 1861. On the 31st of July, seven companies were mustered into service and on the 2nd of August, they moved to Camp Dennison, where the remaining three companies and the field and staff officers were mustered in. The Thirty-ninth was the third regiment to enlist from Ohio for three years. Being fully armed and equipped, the regiment moved on Sunday, August 18th, 1861, under command of Colonel John Groesbeck to St. Louis to join the forces organizing under General Fremont, U. S. A., commanding the western department, which comprehended Illinois, the states and territories west of

the Mississippi River to the Rocky Mountains, and New Mexico. At Fremont's earnest solicitation, the Thirty-ninth and the Twenty-seventh Ohio regiments had been sent by the War Department. These two regiments were the first and only Ohio regiments to enter the state of Missouri in 1861.

TROOPS ORDERED.

St. Louis, Aug. 13, 1861.

To the Secretary of War:

Gen. Lyon's aid reports engagement with great loss on both sides: General Lyon killed, Colonel Sigel in command, retiring in good order from Springfield to Rolla. Let the Governor of Ohio be ordered forthwith to send me what disposable force he has. Order the utmost promptitude. The Thirty-ninth Regiment (Groesbeck's) might be telegraphed directly here.

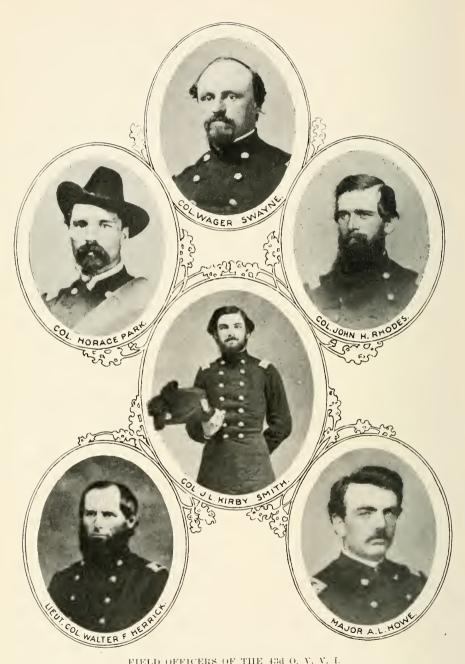
I. C. FREMONT, General.

WAR DEPARTMENT, Aug. 16, 1861.

His Excellency, Governor Wm. Dennison, Columbus, Ohio:

Send Groesbeck's Thirty-ninth Regiment and Fuller's Twenty-seventh Regiment and all other available force to General Fremont without a moment's delay. Give them full supply of field artillery and small arms. Advise this department of your action.

SIMON CAMERON, Secretary of War.



FIELD OFFICERS OF THE 43d O. V. V. I.

THE FORTY-THIRD OHIO.

The Forty-third Ohio Regiment was organized principally from men living in central and eastern Ohio, at Camp Andrews, Mount Vernon, Ohio, on February 7th, 1862, parts of two companies having been formed by Colonel J. L. Kirby Smith, a graduate of West Point, at Camp Chase, Ohio, in September 1861. Part of Company II was from Lorain County. It was recruited at a time when men were very difficult to procure, but through the energy and perseverence of Lieutenant-Colonel Wager Swayne, the Regiment was filled to the minimum number and mustered into service. After having been well drilled by its Colonel J. L. Kirby Smith, it left its rendezvous for the front on the 21st of February, 1862; were conveyed by boat down the Ohio River to Cairo, Illinois, and reported to Brigadier-General John Pope at Commerce, Missouri. The Regiment was at once assigned to John W. Fuller's Ohio Brigade, General D. S. Stanley's First Division.

THE SIXTY-THIRD OHIO.

The Sixty-third Ohio Regiment was organized by the consolidation of two battalions of recruits known as the Twenty-second and the Sixty-third Regiments, O. V. I. The battalion of the Twenty-second was recruited at Camp Worthington, Chillicothe, Ohio, and furnished for the new organization six companies, A., B., E., H., I., K. The battalion of the Sixty-third was recruited at Marietta, Ohio.

The consolidation was occasioned by the earnest call of the government upon the state authorities for troops, directing that recruits be pushed into the field as rapidly as possible. The order for the consolidation was issued at Columbus, on the 18th of January, 1862, and the organization was completed on the 23rd of the same month, the Twenty-second having been ordered to report at Marietta, Ohio.

The Regiment was commanded by Colonel Sprague, who had been a Captain in the Seventh Ohio Volunteer Infantry during a three months' service. The Regiment moved from Marietta on the 18th of February, under orders to report at Paducah, Kentucky. From this place it was ordered to join Major-General John Pope's Army of the Mississippi at Commerce, Missouri, and there was assigned to Fuller's Ohio Brigade, Stanley's First Division, in which it was united with the Twenty-seventh and Thirty-ninth, and Forty-third Ohio. Over ninety-five per cent of the men in these regiments were American born. Their average age was less than twenty years, and they composed the flower of Ohio youth. Among these regiments there was a unanimity of loyal sentiment and cordial, kindly feeling, which lasted throughout their service and to the end of the war.

In April, May and June of 1861, many people of St. Louis, Missouri, were in sympathy with the South and the enemy's flag was displayed from residences and recruiting offices. The State of Missouri was in active rebellion against national authority. The Battle of Bull Run had been a severe blow to the prestige of the Union. Armed men swarmed over the state. A Confederate force of nearly fifty thousand men was already on the southern frontier, Pillow with twelve thousand, was advancing upon Cairo; Thompson with five thousand, upon Girardeau, Hardee with five thousand, upon Ironton, and Price with an estimated force of twenty-five thousand upon Lyon at Springfield. Their movement was intended to overrun Missouri and, supported by over a million of friendly population, to sieze St. Louis and make that city a center of operations for the invasion of Loyal states.

To meet this advancing force, Fremont, during the last days of July 1861, had twenty-three thousand men of all arms, ten thousand of whom were three months men, whose term of service was expiring. General John Pope was fully occupied in North Missouri. General M. B. Prentiss had two regiments at Cairo, where fever and dysentery prevailed. General Lyon at Springfield had six thousand men, unpaid and badly fed and in need of clothing.

The soldiers in Missouri at this time who later rose to fame, were Lyon, Fremont, Grant, Blair, Schofield, Sherman, Steel, Pope, Halleck, and Sheridan.



A VERY RAW RECRUIT.

CHAPTER 111.

DISCIPLINE OF THE REGIMENTS—BATTLE OF WILSON'S CREEK—MOVEMENTS
OF FORCES UNDER MAJOR STURGESS.

The soldiers of the Twenty-seventh and Thirty-ninth Ohio Regiments received their first lessons at Camp Chase, Columbus, Ohio, and at Camp Dennison, respectively, and during their stay in Camp Benton, St. Louis, Missouri, the instruction was given principally by the commissioned and non-commissioned officers, who had just passed through the experience of three months' service and also under instructions of officers of the regular army, just come from frontier service. The discipline was severe, averaging ten hours a day, consisting mainly of field movements, battalion and squad drill, Zouave drill with musket, strikes and parries, loading and firing while kneeling or lying down, deploying as skirmishers and rallies upon the flag. It brought the men to a high state of prefection and effectiveness for the coming work in the field.

During drill hours, much good-natured bantering passed between the tall men who were placed on the right of a company and the short men on the left, the former being nick-named "Shanghais" and the latter "Little Roosters." Occupying this camp were several Missouri Regiments. The recruits were dressed in butternut clothing. They were thoroughly loyal to the Union, some of them having participated in the bande of Wilson's Creek, which took place August 10th, the bloodiest engagement thus far in the Civil War, in point of numbers.

General Lyon, commanding, at Wilson's Creek, against great odds fell upon the enemy with great fury and inspired his soldiers to deeds of almost super-human daring. While leading a column in a bayonet charge at the supreme moment, after having been wounded, he fell from his horse pierced by a bullet, and expired instantly. Major Sturgess, upon whom the command now devolved, ordered a retreat and withdrew to Springfield. On returning shortly afterward to St. Louis, General Fremont gave him command of a force to move to the aid of Union forces under Colonel Williams in an attack upon Green's band of rebels at Macon City.

The Order received by General Sturgess reads as follows:

St. Louis, Missouri, Sept. 6, 1861.

Brigadier-General Sturgess, Commanding the Arsenal:

Colonel Williams has been forced to retreat with his command of eight hundred men from Shelbina, to Macon City, by a band of rebels under Green, numbering three thousand, where he is now cut off from all lines of communication east of his position. In order to arrest the constant depredations in Marion, Shelby, Macon and adjoining counties, and to visit them with the whole vigor of martial law, I have resolved a combined attack on Green's men. To carry this movement, you will assume command of the following forces:

The Twenty-seventh Ohio, Colonel Fuller. The Thirty-ninth Ohio, Colonel Groesbeck.

The First Squadron of Fremont's Hussars, Captain Blume.

Captain Swartz' full battery under command of the First Lieutenant.

Your main endeavor will be to cut off the enemy from the road leading to Shelbyville, and generally to render impossible the dispersion of his forces by squads, and to annihilate the gang of rebels as a whole. Communication between you and General Pope is subject to hazzard of interruption. Report when necessary to these headquarters.

Major-General Fremont, Commanding.

Nine companies of the Twenty-seventh and nine companies of the Thirty-ninth Ohio (one company of each regiment having been left at St. Louis in charge of camp equipage) moved up the Mississippi and Missouri Rivers, sixty miles to St. Charles on the steamers "January" and "H. D. Bacon," thence to the town of Mexico in freight cars, where the command pulled down the rebel flag and hoisted in its place the "stars and stripes."

General Sturgess reported from St. Charles on September 7th, that his troops were still on boats, that the artillery and cavalry had not yet arrived, and that Major Krekel of the Home Guards, had started north the same morning, with an engine and eighteen cars, for troops of his own command and was thereby delayed.



RECRUITS. THE FIRST DRIDL.

At St. Charles, an incident occurred which showed the nervous state of mind of the soldiers who were constantly hearing camp rumors of danger and attack by the enemy. After the twelve o'clock midnight relief had been posted, the sound of a heavy musket shot came from the direction of an outer sentry. Long roll was sounded vigorously, and in a moment there was consternation and commotion from upper and lower deck of the crowded steamers. It was the first time these men had heard the long roll and it caused a more intense thrill of excitement than at any other time during the service. Companies fully armed, equipped and supplied with forty rounds of ammunition, were rapidly marched ashore and formed in line of battle. Hasty orders were given to load guns, fix bayonets, and be in readiness until further orders. For an hour, the men stood waiting and watching for trouble, while the skirmishing companies went in search of the enemy. Finally the word came that the sentinel on the outpost had fired on a squad of the enemy and killed two, and again that the sentinel had been shot. While they were considering with each other what should be done with their personal effects, should they not survive the conflict at hand, the skirmishers returned and reported that there was no enemy, no one killed nor wounded, but that the alarm was caused by a soldier standing in a lonely nook, firing at what he supposed to be the enemy approaching his beat, but which proved to be two hideous looking scare-crows posted astride of a fence in a back lot.

September 16th, the command arrived at Macon on cattle cars. Four companies of the Thirty-ninth Ohio were ordered to St. Joseph, Missouri, where they performed guard duty on the North Missouri Railroad. This separation lasted until about February 1st, when they were ordered to St. Louis and rejoined the company left there.

General Sturgess now received orders to go to the relief of the Union forces, besieged at Lexington. He moved his command to Utica, over the Hannibal and St. Joe Railroad. This was a most hazardous ride. The train, consisting of one locomotive and freight cars, rushed all night long, twisting, thumping and jerking over a worn-out road bed, anything but safe, at the rate of sixty miles an hour. The men riding on the tops of the cars, in danger every moment, clutched for safety with a death grip. This ride was through a country which the enemy showed a disposition to claim by shooting into the cars.

Arriving at Utica, a detail was made from the two regiments to unload cars. The young gentlemen of Company B and G, Twenty-seventh Regiment, whose spirits had never been curbed, whose enterprise over-reached their discretion, having in mind the possibilities of putting down the rebellion by taking some of the luxuries belonging to the enemy, raided some

nearby bee-hives. The owner at once complained to General Sturgess, who became very angry at what he considered a breach of discipline and caused them to be drawn up in line. While they were standing in the hot sun, the honey melted in their haversacks and ran down their clothing, upon which the bees began to settle. Upon every bristle of their army pants was a bee. Then this commander posing as an army General, cursing them and threatening in a violent manner, demanded to know why they had committed the "crime." But the bees were getting lively and stung the General between the eyes. He retreated, swinging his arms in an effort to keep them off. while the boys disappeared in the opposite direction. Sturgess placed the men of Company B under arrest, their muskets were taken from them, and the Captain was obliged to surrender his sword. The orderly was handcuffed and in that condition, was made to march all that day. On another occasion, he ordered a man tied to a cannon for some trifling offence, and at other times men were tied to fences for taking rails. General Sturgess' orders were at all times to protect the property of known secessionists, notwithstanding the fact that was pointed out to him that the very men whose property he was protecting were shooting Union citizens and soldiers.

General Sturgess was excitable and had a bad temper. He gave attention to small things, never allowing the Volunteer Soldier the right of self-defence, and when aroused, treated him without the consideration to which he was entitled. General Sturgess' military career had been most unfortunate. He had ordered the needless retreat from the battle field of Wilson's Creek. He was found unsuited to lead armies and was relieved of his command at Springfield, in the following November, but was afterward given another command of other forces. On the other hand, General Sturgess had a fine presence, was an educated soldier, and when the occasion required, could be a perfect gentleman. The writer found him so, when visiting him at his headquarter's tent for the purpose of having several soldiers liberated from further punishment. His manner and language on that occasion were most polite and cordial. He died after the war at St. Paul, Minnesota.

The camp equipage and commissary stores unloaded at Utica, consisted of commodious Sibly tents, each suitable for eight men, when sleeping close together, a wagon drawn by four or six mules for each company, with army rations of bacon, hard bread, sugar, coffee, peas, beans, vinegar, rice, molasses, candles, and soap. Subsequently all the above-named articles were eliminated from regular issue except hard bread, sugar, coffee and bacon.

CHAPTER IV.

THE MARCH TO THE RELIEF OF LEXINGTON—MISSOURI—HARDSHIPS ON THE WAY—ARRIVAL AT KANSAS CITY.

On September 17th at eleven o'clock in the morning, twelve hundred men under Sturgess commenced a rapid march forward to relieve Mulligan's forces, then beseiged by Price's Army at Lexington. The sun shone hot from a clear sky, and long stretches of the way afforded no water. The country was almost a wilderness, containing few inhabitants. The roads were new across the vast rolling prairies, the grass as high as the men's shoulders, was swept by the wind like the waves of the sea. It was a land-scape of grandeur.

The command bivouacked at Ellis Creek. The men marched twenty-two miles on the 18th and were off at two o'clock on the morning of the 19th. At daylight, the sound of heavy guns was heard at Lexington. Arriving about noon, opposite that place, information was received from scouts that the enemy had possession of Lexington, and was moving across the river with three thousand infantry and artillery. General Sturgess formed his small force in battle line, passed the word that "Lyon" was to be the battle cry, and then moved rapidly (seven miles in one hour) through deep bottom lands and corn fields, encountering the enemy's pickets and a Confederate Regiment, losing a few men, and capturing several prisoners. He then marched them to Richmond, where the exhausted soldiers rested upon their knapsacks, in the streets. At Richmond, many wounded rebels were brought in.

The march was resumed in the afternoon, and the men arrived at Camden Hill at sundown, burning with thirst, owing to heat, dust and rapid marching, having covered a distance, that day, of twenty-six miles. They rushed into the Missouri River for water and after filling their canteens, and slacking their thirst, bivouacked without food or shelter.

They (Sturgess' Command) started at two o'clock in the morning amidst a storm of rain, thunder and lightning, marching all day and covering a distance of thirty-three miles. Their clothing, blankets and accutrements were soaked with water. Physically, the men were "used up." It was their first great march. They had travelled one hundred and ten miles in four days, averaging twenty-seven miles a day. Bivouacking in a field near Liberty, Missouri, they fell into a deep sleep. During the night, two soldiers of the Thirty-ninth Ohio, who had thrown away their blankets

on the march, crept over to the sleeping forms of two men in the Twenty-seventh Ohio, and after removing the blankets that covered them, actually rolled them off the blankets they lay on, without awakening them.

A story is told by the soldiers, that the enemy's cavalry scouts following this column as it ascended a hill, saw the large, highly-polished brass instruments carried by the members of the Twenty-seventh Ohio Regimental Band. The scouts retreated immediately and reported to General Price that the Yankees had a full battery of brass cannon and could not be attacked.

On September 21st, after a general cleaning of guns, accourtements and clothing, the command marched to Liberty Landing on the Missouri River and embarked on the steamer "A. Majors" for Kansas City. After landing there, by some unaccountable neglect, they were left to bivouack on the levee, amid the debris of the river, and with only the muddy water of that stream to drink.



BATTLE OF LEXINGTON, MISSOURI

While ascending the river, the pilot ran the boat on a sand bar and Colonel Fuller immediately put him under guard until the boat moved off.

No railroads entered Kansas City at the time, so that all outside communication was by river. It was a great distributing point for army supplies. A sand-bag fort occupied the high bluff which commanded the passage of the river.

The two regiments (Twenty-seventh and Thirty-ninth) moved on the following day to the open fields near the town, remaining a few days, and then into store houses on the main street. They were instructed and drilled continuously in maneuvering and the use of arms. There were drills for commissioned officers and squad and regimental drills, commencing often at five in the morning and ending with dress parade at six in the evening. The men became very proficient and the discipline was equal to that of any soldiers in the world. Yet it is a remarkable fact that very little of this drill could be made useful in actual warfare. Most of the practice was for the soldier of the past. Skillful soldiers are made by being pitted against the enemy; there they learn unheard-of things. They find ways to use stumps, trees, rocks, earth, hills and valleys, to protect themselves, while inflicting all possible damage to the enemy. Showy uniforms are thrown away, their clothing becomes stained the color of the earth upon which they sleep, a shade least liable to be a mark for the enemy.

Captain Minken, Sergeants Thomas Morgan, E. B. Temple, John Toms and Corporal William E. More published a paper while the regiments remained in Kansas City, from which we copy the following, so important to the soldier:

"What we chiefly dread in war is rifle balls, or saber cuts, or bayonet thrusts, or bomb shells, or over fatigue in marching, but the vital statistics of war prove that there is another great agent of destruction that is far more potent than any or all of these and that is disease."

October 16th, re-enforcements of Kansas troops, Indian scouts and Mexican teamsters arrived under command of General James Lane, including also the Seventh Kansas Cavalry known to the Brigade as the "Kansas Jay Hawkers," with whom they served in many later campaigns.

The clothing furnished by the government in refitting men for active service was good but many misfits occured. Shoes were too large, and blouses and trousers were often baggy.

CHAPTER V.

THE MARCH TO SPRINGFIELD, MISSOURI.

On October 16th, the Brigade with the whole command under General Sturgess, marched to join General Fremont's forces at Springfield, in southwest Missouri, moving from the wooded bottom lands of the Missouri River to the rolling prairies and plantations of corn, cotton and tobacco, over the counties of Jackson, Cass, Johnson, Henry, St. Clair and Polk, and through the towns of Pleasant Hill, Oseola, Bolivar and Greenfield. The Brigade crossed seven rivers enroute, some of which the men waded during the night, with the water and air at the freezing point. The Osage, a large and deep river, was crossed on a scow drawn over by ropes.

The soldiers were often supplied by the settlers with corn pone cakes which had been baked in skillets over red-hot coals. The boys added molasses and the cake was considered a luxury.

This country was known in early geography as the eastern end of the great American dessert. However, there was no dessert. It was a plateau or tableland over which the wind swept and chilled our soldiers to the marrow.

The two Regiments arrived at Greenfield on October 27th, raised the Union flag over the Court House, and on the 30th, late in the afternoon, after being reviewed by General Sturgess and double-quicked through the streets for several hours, received urgent orders to join Fremont. They marched all night and the following day, arrived in Springfield just at dusk, with bands playing and flags flying. They were hungry and thirsty and covered with dust, and they had waded three small rivers during the night. They marched forty-five miles during the twenty-four hours and a total distance of two hundred and thirty miles in fourteen days, subsisting on scanty rations of pork and cornmeal. Soldiers from their camps lined the roadway and greeted the Twenty-seventh and Thirty-ninth Ohio with uproars of delight, exclaiming, "Here come the regulars." This was a compliment to the fine marching and discipline. On noticing the Ohio banners, cheers were given for the "twin Buckeye regiments."

Fremont's army now numbered about fifty thousand men, all gathered in a great camp of white tents. Here was heard near by and in the distance, the martial sound of bugle call, of fife and drum, and the music of bands. This and the artillery salutes to the flag at sunrise and sunset seemed to the minds of the Ohio soldiers who had just marched out of the wilderness, magical and inspiring, and it filled them with patriotic emotions.

Camp was made on the grounds where Major Zagoni of Fremont's staff led a bold movement with two hundred and fifty horsemen and defeated a thousand rebel recruits of Price's Army. While here the regiments were sent on a march of twelve miles to Wilson's Creek to bury the dead left after the battle. The work of interment was done as humanely as possible, but was difficult on account of the rocky and irregular surface of the battle field.

Many Unionists living in this section of the country gave the soldiers a warm greeting. While crossing the prairies, each company when about to camp and pitch tents, marched four abreast, making a circle and tramping down the grass. It is wonderful how proficient the soldiers became in putting up their tents, "striking" them (taking them down) and loading them into wagons neatly and quickly.

CHAPTER VI.

THE TERRITORY IN POSSESSION OF THE UNION ARMIES.

The situation of all the armies at this time (last days of September, 1861,) was in part as follows: The United States was in possession of Fortress Monroe and the adjacent waters of the sound, also from a point a few miles south of Washington, D. C., through Harper's Ferry, Maryland, through West Virginia, just south of the Ohio River, then in Kentucky near the Dick and Kentucky Rivers to the Ohio River near Paducah, from Cairo, Illinois, along the Mississippi River to points a little south of St. Louis, thence west to Kansas City and south to Springfield, Missouri. The Missouri River was a Federal highway from its source to its mouth. Nearly the whole territory south of the above line was controlled by the so-called Confederacy.

The Army of the Potomac in the east under McClellan was inactive though organized in the midst of loval advisors and surroundings, under the eyes of the President. Missouri, a border state, had represented all the evils of bitter civil strife. Military operations had to be initiated in the midst of revolutionary conditions and a rebellious people, where all laws were set at defiance. "The consummation of General Lyon's well-conserved campaign and Frank Blair's statesmanship had made it impossible for Missouri to secede or contribute any more men or material to the south." General Fremont had sent officers into the states of Tennessee and Kentucky, within the Confederate lines to observe and ascertain the strength of the enemy, who upon returning, had brought important information concerning the position of the enemy. He had ordered General Grant to Cairo to take possession of Paducah, to hold the mouths of the Cumberland and Tennessee Rivers which were threatened by the enemy, to take command of southeast Missouri, and had laid plans for operations on the Mississippi River with gunboats, which he had ordered built.

On November 4th, General McKinstry inspected and reviewed the First Brigade and First Division, to which the Twenty-seventh and Thirty-ninth had been assigned at Springfield.

The general routine of duty until the 9th of November, 1861, consisted principally of roll call, drill four times each day and dress parade. The army was on half rations, for the train of thousands of wagons failed to supply rations in sufficient quantities.

CHAPTER VII.

THE RETROGRADE MOVEMENT OF THE ARMY.

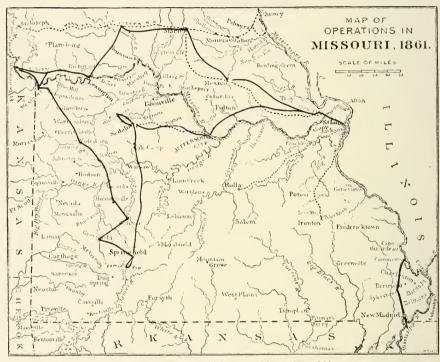
On the 2nd of November, General Fremont was relieved of command of the Army of the Northwest. The government thought he had not filled the high expectations which his opportunities merited. The disaster of the battle of Springfield and the death of Lyon, to whom loyal Missouri owed so much, turned censure sharply upon Fremont, whose shortcomings as a commander had been noticed. General Hunter now assumed command. He failed to realize that the Army could live on the country, but unfortunately moved his army back to their base of supplies on the railroads at Sedalia, necessitating a march of one hundred and twenty-five miles. The Confederate General Price's Army followed and occupied Springfield, consuming all subsistence raised in that country, especially that belonging to the Union people.

While camped near Springfield, Missouri, Colonel Fuller, commanding the Twenty-seventh Ohio Regiment, was so reduced by sickness that he could not be moved and was left in the hospital when our army moved to Sedalia. All the sick in the hospital fell into the hands of the Confederates. They were very kind to General Fuller, General Price himself bestowing much personal attention upon him. As soon as General Fuller could be moved with safety, he was sent into the Union lines.

Part of the retrograde march was over dusty roads, made so by great numbers of wagons and the tramping of thousands of men. The soldiers became so covered with dust, that they were hardly recognizable. About the 15th of November, the weather turned cold and there was much rain. The men carrying their knapsacks suffered a great deal from toil and hardship. The Twenty-seventh and Thirty-ninth camped at Georgetown, situated in a rolling country, then moved three miles to a new camp at Sedalia, which was at the time the western terminus of the Missouri Pacific Railroad.

Sedalia, a frontier town, was situated on a flat and swampy prairie, where the small population lived in cheaply constructed houses, without other foundation than blocks of wood. The Thirty-ninth Ohio went into camp at Syracuse. The low, wet camp at Sedalia was soon cut up by the wheels of the artillery, commissary, and ammunition wagons, and became a quagmire, causing such a great amount of sickness among the soldiers that the surgeons became alarmed. Large numbers of men were sent to the hospitals, which at this time were poorly managed.

http://stores.ebay.com/Ancestry-Found



OPERATIONS IN MISSOURI, 1861 AND 1862. Marches of the 27th and 39th O. V. I.

The men were furnished large Fremont tents, yet they suffered from the severe weather and exposure during the heavy falls of snow. While standing on picket or on camp guard, a great many had their hands, ears or feet frozen. Details of axemen were sent to the woods for fuel. Sometimes large trees were cut down, trimmed and then hauled by six mule wagon teams over the frozen ground, a distance of two miles. Log-heap fires were kept burning in the company streets, around which the soldiers would stand and by turning around and around, could keep warm on one side of their bodies, all of the time. The regimental sutler sold his goods at very high prices, but supplies of home-cooked meats, bread and apple butter, brought in wagons and corn baskets by the farmers were bought much cheaper. It was at Sedalia that the soldiers received their first green-backs issued by the government in payment for their services.

On November 19th, General Halleck assumed command of the Department of the Northwest, the Twenty-seventh and Thirty-ninth Ohio Regiments being attached to the First Brigade, First Division. On December 12th, these two regiments were assembled to march with a scouting force, composed of cavalry, artillery and infantry, under command of General John Pope. The troops were supplied with two days' rations, forty rounds of cartridges and extra ammunition in wagons. By forced marches, they covered fourteen miles, the first day, and thirty-five miles on the second day, then went into a camp on a prairie.

The weather was very cold and the ground was frozen hard, no tents could be pitched. The men slept on prairie brush and corn fodder. It was here that a bushwhacker who had been captured, while attempting to break through the guard, was shot.

On the 15th, near Warrensburg, a wagon train was captured, containing supplies for Price's Army. On the 18th, the Twenty-seventh and Thirty-ninth Ohio Regiments, after marching northeasterly, some distance went into camp, but at eight o'clock in the evening, the long roll was sounded, and they were hurriedly formed in ranks and marched forward three miles to Blackwater River. The regiments halted and formed ranks in open order and thirteen hundred rebel prisoners composing General McGoffin's command were marched in between our two lines, and were guarded back to Sedalia. The distance covered by our troops during this scout, was one hundred miles.

While out scouting on this expedition, sixty-two men belonging to the Twenty-seventh and Thirty-ninth Ohio Regiments were taken prisoners and made to take an oath not to take up arms against the Southern Confederacy. They were released on parole, sent to Benton Barracks, St. Louis, Missouri, and from there to Kansas City, where they were mustered out of the service of the United States by order of General Halleck.

CHAPTER VIII.

THE GREAT WINTER MARCH TO ST, LOUIS. ADVANCE UPON NEW MADRID AND ISLAND TEN,

Special Order Number 18.

Headquarters, District of Central Missouri, Otterville, January 29th, 1862.

The following movements of troops will be made. First, the Iowa Fifth, the Illinois Forty-seventh, five companies of the Ohio Thirty-ninth and the Eleventh Ohio Battery will march from Syracuse and LaMine to Boonville, Missouri, where Colonel W. H. Worthington will take command and make immediate arrangements to cross the Missouri River with his whole force. Second, the Nebraska First, the Ohio Twenty-seventh, and three companies of Fourth Regular Cavalry, the companies of regular Infantry, and one of the Batteries of the Missouri Light Artillery, at Sedalia, to be designated by Colonel Steel, and Eighth Iowa Volunteers, will take up the line of march immediately for Jefferson City. Third, the nine companies of Merrill's Horse will immediately proceed to Brownsville,

By order of General John Pope, Commanding.

On February 3rd, 1862, the order to move was brought to the regiment by the Sergeant-Major, and the great march to St. Louis began. Then far and near was heard throughout the camps the sound or drums and bugle calls to assemble. And so with light hearts and heavy knapsacks, with filled canteens and haversacks, with guns slung over shoulders, with forty rounds of ammunition in the cartridge boxes, our boys trudged away at a good gate, over the snow and rough and frozen roads. Stakes could not be driven to tie the ropes which held up the tents, so that no tents could be used. With the change in the weather, the snow turned to slush, and the roads were so deep with mud that they were almost impassable. The black mud stuck like tar to the shoes of the marching men. Small lakes were formed in the road by the melting snow, and squads of men would scatter and tramp through the fields, or walk on the ties of the railroad. At night, the men built great fires and dried their wet clothing. Some cut corn stalks and put them by the fire to dry and on this bed lay down to sleep, wrapped in blankets, some on tents spread on the ground or on beds made of brush, while others remained in groups shivering around the fire. One cold night, in an open corn field, two boy soldiers routed an old sow and a litter of pigs from a hole she had made in the ground for protection against the inclemency of the weather. They crept into the hole for warmth and she returned many times during the night, squealing and grunting as if appealing to their humanity.

The last day of the march was over a plank road, a distance of twenty-five miles into St. Louis, which was covered in ten hours. It was the only dry shod marching that was experienced in the whole trip, and was accompanied by comparatively little fatigue. Many times on the trip, the soldiers exclaim, "From mud we came, to mud we return."

Part of the army crossed the Missouri river at Boonville, and part at Jefferson City, and followed the route by way of Otterville, Columbia, Danville and St. Charles, much of the way over a hilly country.

This march was a severe one and will never be forgotten by the participants. The men were compelled frequently to pull the ordinance and supply wagons over the hills by hand. The march consumed seventeen days' time and covered a distance of two hundred and thirty miles. At St. Louis, the glad news was received of the victory at Fort Donaldson. The detached companies joined the command here.

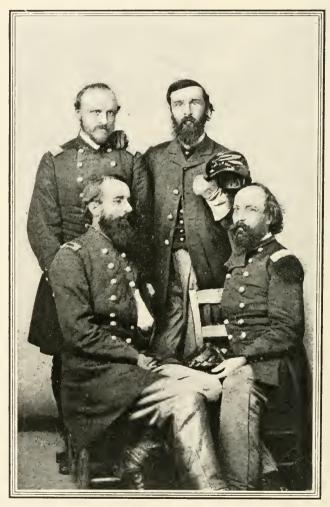
The regiments expected after the hardships of the march, to remain in more comfortable quarters at Camp Benton barracks to rest, but to their dismay, they were ordered aboard steamers upon which they were conveyed down the Mississippi to Commerce, Missouri, arriving there on the 23rd. The river was at a flood, the land was overflowed, the United States barracks at Fort Holt, Kentucky, and Birds Point, Missouri, were afloat and at Cairo, Illinois, the inhabitants were moving from their dwellings through the streets in boats. The strong, muddy current of the river carried away every movable thing, houses, trees, fences, and wreckage of all kinds, and swept them rapidly down stream.

The steamers which conveyed the Twenty-seventh and Thirty-ninth Ohio regiments down the Mississippi River, were crowded and carried a cargo of munitions of war that fully tested their capacities. But the three days' rest afforded the men by this trip of one hundred miles on the river, compensated in a measure for their close quarters and poor accommodations.

At the debarkation of the regiments at Commerce, Missouri, forty miles above Cairo, all ambulances, army wagons and artillery were taken off the boat in pieces and were regeared, put together and the wagons reloaded with supplies. The regiments moved back from the river two miles and pitched their tents in the woods. The army of the North-west was here merged with part of the Army of the Mississippi.

On February 25th, 1862, at Commerce, Missouri, the Forty-third Ohio and the Sixty-third Ohio Regiments were joined with the Twenty-seventh and Thirty-ninth. The four regiments composed Fuller's Ohio Brigade (First). On the 22nd, the Brigade was assigned to General Schuy-

ler Hamilton's First Division, in General John Pope's Army of the Mississippi. For four years following, these regiments supported each other with heroic devotion, on many bloody battle fields.



COL. WAGER SWAYNE, 43d O. V. V. I. MAJ. W. R. THRALL, Surgeon 27th O. V. V. I.

COL. JOHN W. FULLER, 27th O. V. I. COL. EDW. F. NOYES, 39th O. V. V. I.

CHAPTER IX.

THE CAPTURE OF NEW MADRID AND ISLAND TEN.

On February 28th, the Brigade commenced a march of fifty miles, through low swampy lands, where the cottonwood and cypress trees and the mistletoe grew in great profusion, and into the gloom of the "sunk country" to New Madrid. New Madrid was effected by the earthquakes of 1811 and 1812. At that time the earth rolled in waves, opened with loud explosions, formed lakes and crevasses, and drained the Mississippi River, submerging the land. The boasts of the rebel Generals Polk, Pillow,



3d AND 63d O. V. I. STARTING FOR NEW MADRID, MO. 27th AND 39th O. V. I. "FOLLOWING."

March, 1862. In Need of Supplies,
From Si Clegg.

and Thompson, that they would capture Cairo and St. Louis, were frustrated by the occupancy of this territory. At the crossing of the Bird's Point Railroad, there was a skirmish with Jeff Thompson's Cavalry, a small force of the enemy's command was captured by our advance, together with three one pounder guns, breach loaders, each drawn by a mule. This was termed by our young soldiers the "jackass battery," and Lieutenant Zenn said: "The mule seems as glad to see the Yankees as the colored people are."

In the movement upon New Madrid, the Forty-third and Sixty-third led in the advance of the Twenty-seventh and Thirty-ninth Ohio on the first day. The sandy roads and heavy knapsacks, made the men feel keenly their first lessons in real soldiering, and many knapsacks were unloaded.



CHARGE THROUGH CORNFIELD. New Madrid, Mo., March 6th, 1862.

On reaching the enemy's outpost, on the afternoon of March 3rd, with the Twenty-seventh in advance, muskets were loaded, and the regiments which were deployed as skirmishers advanced. Hogs were feeding on the cornfields, shells were bursting overhead and in the rear, filling the air with sizzling missiles, then striking the ground with a thud. One of the soldiers picked up an unexploded shell and carried it to a fire. The shell exploded and tore him to pieces.

On March 3rd, the Ohio Brigade in advance, arrived at New Madrid, halting in a corn field, half a mile from town. The Confederates fired from their gun boats on the Mississippi River and also from their fort on the river bank at Madrid Landing. Toward night, the Brigade fell back a short distance, to a camp in the woods. Temporarily, the First (Demi) Brigade with the Twenty-seventh under command of Colonel John W. Fuller and the Thirty-ninth under command of Major Edward F. Noys was commanded by Colonel John Groesbeck. The Second Brigade with the Forty-third under command of Lieutenant-Colonel Wager Swayne, and the Sixty-third under command of John W. Sprague, was commanded by Colonel J. L. Kirby Smith. March 4th, General D. S. Stanley assumed command of the First Division.

Keeping a strong picket in front, preparations were now made to capture the fort. At two o'clock on the morning of March 13th, the men supplied with rations and blankets, were formed for the purpose of supporting a large siege gun which had been planted within five hundred yards of the enemy's position, and also for the purpose of relieving a regiment then lying in rifle pits. The enemy observed this movement, and instantly began firing volleys, while the heavy guns from the fort opened with a tremendous fire of shell and solid shot. One cannon ball, bounding along, cut off the legs of three boys, members of the Twenty-seventh Ohio Regiment, who were in one file, marching forward with military precision.

Considering the awful fire they were under for four days, in exposed positions, it is a matter of great astonishment that there were no more casualties and that half the men engaged were not either killed or wounded. The air was full of shot and shell, striking the trees, scattering the limbs around, and plowing up the earth in different places. There were many narrow escapes in the four regiments. In one case, a piece of shell struck a soldier's gun, twisting it out of shape, and whirling the soldier around and around, so that he was badly hurt. These great shells flying through the air with a singing sound, the soldiers called by such names as "camp kettles" or "humming birds."

Our men lay flat upon the ground during most of the firing, until it ceased at about eight o'clock in the evening. During that time the Union Batteries were in action and succeeded in dismantling some of the enemy's

guns, and injuring their gunboats. One of our large siege guns named "Uncle Sam" made the earth tremble at every discharge. A violent thunder storm came up and continued during the night, soaking the men's clothing, and making things generally uncomfortable. At daylight, while the troops were standing, waiting in mud and water, it was discovered that the enemy had evacuated their fort on the river bank, leaving twenty-five heavy guns and a large quantity of army stores.

At New Madrid, the supply of drinking water was obtained by digging in the black sand. In these shallow wells, the water was so bad and so rily that after standing a short time in a camp kettle an inch or two of slime and sand could be found. Charles I. Adkins, of Company K, of the twenty-seventh Ohio said that it was safe to believe that during our six weeks' stay in New Madrid, each man swallowed enough dirt to give his stomach a concrete lining.

An incident occurred at New Madrid which shows the feeling and conduct of some of the regular army officers toward the volunteer soldier. One day the Orderly Sergeant of Company K, Twenty-seventh Ohio, ordered Privates C. I. Adkins and Thomas Chambers, to go with Antone, the Mexican teamster, and get a load of rails. As they were returning perched on top of the load, General Pope drove up to them in his ambulance and asked them with an oath what command they belonged to. Without giving them time to answer, he ordered them to get into the ambulance with him, and told the teamster to take the rails back and put them on the fence again. Then with a blast of words to his driver, ordered him to go to the Forty-third Ohio Regiment, and without any explanation, told Colonel Swayne to put "these ———" in the guard house until they could be court-martialed and shot as an example to the rest of the"---Volunteer ——." And to make an impression, he repeated this several times. It is indeed singular, with the soldiers' war experience, that officers of such acknowledged ability as General Pope and others, did not comprehend the Volunteer's patriotism nor his comfort. Taking rails was not a crime, but protecting the enemy's property of that kind, was a crime. Every old soldier knows that during the last two years of the war, the taking of rails to build fires to cook over, or the using of rails to sleep upon, or to make cordurov roads, was especially commended by those in authority.

The evacutaion of New Madrid was forced by General Pope's troops blockading the western side of the Mississippi River, twelve miles below, at Point Pleasant. The Confederates still held Island Ten, and the eastern shores with no way to retreat except by river or through almost impassable swamps. Perceiving his defect in the enemy's position, Pope proceeded with promptness and ability to take advantage of the situation, but

he could not cross the river below Island Ten without the aid of gunboats to silence the enemy's batteries opposite Point Pleasant.

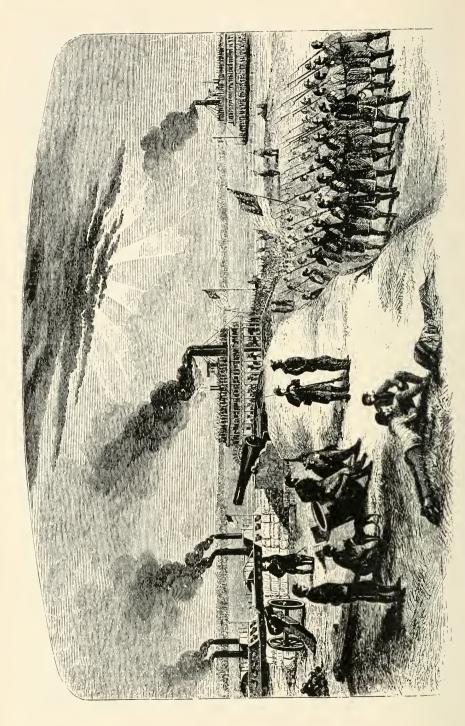
On the night of April 4th, the gunboat "Caroncielet" ran past the rebel batteries at Island Ten, starting at ten o'clock, after the moon had gone down and the sky, the earth and the river were alike hidden in the black shadows of a thunder storm. Arriving at New Madrid at midnight, the crew was most heartily received by the army.

On Sunday the 6th of April, General Gordon Granger, Colonel J. L. Kirby Smith, with other officers on board, made a reconnaissance to Tiptonville, and returning, captured and spiked the guns of a rebel battery opposite Point Pleasant.

On April 7th, several transports passed the slough or bayou, which had been cleared of trees and stumps for a distance of twelve miles. On the same day, the gunboat "Pittsburg" ran the gauntlet safely. The Brigade marched on board the steamers "Trio" and "Gilmore," lying at the upper Madrid Fort and were conveyed down the Mississippi six miles to Watson's Landing, Kentucky. There the troops disembarked after the



TAKING THE TOP RAIL ON GOING INTO CAMP.



gunboats had driven the enemy from the rifle pits, and had knocked the siege guns over into the ditch. They then marched on the Tiptonville Road, bivouacking long after dark and lying on their arms till daylight.

The next day, pursuit of the enemy was continued, past deserted camps containing tents still standing and cooked rations left upon the ground. Army blankets and stores were found strewn along the road, left by the enemy. After marching fourteen miles, the Brigade arrived at Tiptonville, Tennessee, and witnessed the surrender of seven thousand well-dressed and uniformed Confederate soldiers, including three Generals and ten Colonels. The captures included seven thousand small arms and accourtements. The prisoners were sent up the river.

After these encouraging successes, the Brigade marched up the River Road to a point opposite Island Ten. They stacked arms, and rested in an extensive camp, recently abandoned by the enemy, which had been a depot of supplies. The captures were five million rations, great quantities of ammunition, bread, bacon, sugar, one gunboat, three transports, one ironclad ram, and one hundred and twenty-three pieces of heavy artillery and thirty-five pieces of field artillery of modern pattern. On the same day, the Brigade marched to the landing, embarked on steamers and returned to New Madrid and to their camp where they remained until the 12th.



RICE B. BOSTICK, 4th Tenn., C. S. A., who fired the first musket shot at the 43rd Ohio, New Madrid, Mo., March 6th, 1862. He afterwards served in the Union Army.

Report of General John Pope.

HEADQUARTERS, DEPARTMENT OF THE MISSISSIPPI,

NEW MADRID, MARCH 14, 1862.

I have the honor to submit for the information of the general commanding the department the following report of the operations which resulted in the capture of this place.

I arrived before the town with the forces under my command on Monday the 3rd instant. I found the place occupied by five regiments of infantry and several companies of artillery. One bastioned earthwork, mounting fourteen guns, about a half mile below the town, and another irregular work at the upper end of the town, mounting seven pieces of heavy artillery, together with lines of intrenchments between them, constituted the defensive works. Six gunboats carrying from four to eight heavy guns each, were anchored along the shore between the upper and lower redoubts. The country is perfectly level for miles around the place, and the river was so high that the guns of the gunboats looked directly over the banks. The approaches to the town for several miles were commanded by direct and cross fire by at least sixty guns of heavy caliber. It would not have been difficult to carry the intrenchments, but it would have been attended with heavy loss and we should not have been able to hold the place for half an hour exposed to the destructive fire of the gunboats. It seemed necessary to bring down a few heavy guns by land to operate against those of the enemy. They were sent for and meanwhile forced reconnaissances were pushed over the whole ground and into several parts of the town, * * * The enemy invariably retreated precipitately. I determined to occupy some point on the river below and establish our small guns, if possible in such a position as to blockade the river and to cut off supplies and re-enforcements for the enemy from below. Point Pleasant, twelve miles below was selected, it being the terminus of a plank road from the interior. I accordingly threw forward Colonel Plummer, Eleventh Missouri, to that point with three regiments of infantry, three companies of cavalry, and a field battery of ten-pound Parrot and rifle guns, with orders to make a lodgment on the river bank, to line the rifle pits with one thousand men, and to establish his artillery in sunk batteries of single pieces between rifle pits. The arrangement was made to present as small a mark as possible to the shells of the gunboat, and to render futile the use of round shot from their heavy guns. Colonel Plummer marched with all speed. After some cannonading from gunboats, he succeeded in making a lodgment, constructed and occupied the works. * * * * The river was blockaded during the rest of our operations. The enemy continued to re-inforce New Madrid from Island Ten until March 12th. They had

nine thousand infantry, considerable artillery and nine gunboats. On the 12th, our siege guns reached here and were placed in battery within eight hundred yards of the enemy's works and opened fire at daylight on the 13th. A detail was made to work in the trenches, supported by Stanley's Division, consisting of the Twenty-seventh and Thirty-ninth Ohio under Colonel Groesbeck, and the Forty-third and Sixty-third Ohio under Colonel Smith. Captain Mower, First United States Infantry with Companies A and H was placed in command of the siege guns. The enemy fired several volleys of musketry, but was driven in. * * * Our guns were served with vigor and skill and in a few hours disabled several of the gunboats and dismounted several of the heavy guns in the enemy's main works. One of our twenty-four pound guns was struck in the muzzle by a round shot from the enemy's batteries and was disabled. The cannonading was continued furiously all day by the gunboats and land batteries of the enemy without producing any impression upon us. Meantime our trenches were being extended and advanced. * * * *

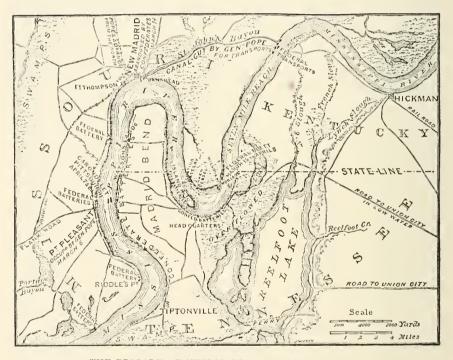
A furious thunder storm began to rage about eleven o'clock that night and continued without intermission until morning. Just before daylight, General Stanley was relieved in the trenches with his Division by General Hamilton. A few minutes after daylight a flag of truce approached our batteries with information that the enemy had evacuated his works. Companies A and H, First United States Infantry were sent forward to plant the United States flag over their abandoned works. The flight of the enemy had been hasty and precipitate. Their dead were found unburied, their suppers untouched, candles were burning in the tents, and there was every other evidence of a disgraceful panic. All their artillery, siege guns, field batteries, magazines filled with fixed ammunition, tents for an army of ten thousand men, horses, mules, intrenching tools are among the spoils left in our hands. The enemy's guns were immediately turned upon the river which they completely command. The flight of the enemy was so hasty that they abandoned their pickets and gave no intimation to their forces at Island Ten, consequently one gunboat and ten large steamers which were there, are cut off from below, and must either be destroyed or fall into our hands.

Island Ten must also be evacuated as it can neither be re-inforced nor supplied from below. During the operations here, the whole of the forces were at different times brought under the fire of the enemy and behaved themselves with great coolness and gallantry. It seems proper however, that I should make special mention of those more directly concerned in the final operations against the place. The division of General Stanley, consisting of the Twenty-seventh, Thirty-ninth, Forty-third and Sixty-third Ohio Regiments, supported the battery from two o'clock in the morn-

ing of the 13th to daylight of the 14th, exposed to the full fury of the cannonade, without being able to return a shot, during the severe storm of that night, and displayed coolness, courage and fortitude worthy of all praise. In fact the conduct of all the troops in this command so far exceeded my expectations that I was astonished and delighted and feel very safe in predicting for them a brilliant career in arms.

Our whole loss during the operations was fifty-one killed and wounded.

John Pope, Brigadier-General, Commanding.



THE BRIGADE AT NEW MADRID AND ISLAND No. 10.

Report of General John Pope.

Headquarters, Army of the Mississippi.

Camp five miles from Corinth, Miss., May 2nd, 1862.

General:

I have the honor to submit the following report of the operations which resulted in the capture of Island Ten and the batteries on the main shore, together with the whole of the land forces of the enemy in that vicinity. A brief sketch of the topography of the immediate neighborhood, seems essential to the full understanding of the army.

Island Ten lies at the bottom of a great bend of the Mississippi River, immediately North of it being a long, narrow promontory on the Mississippi shore. The River from Island Ten flows northwest to New Madrid, where it again makes a great bend to the south, as far as Tiptonville, otherwise called Merriwether's Landing, so that opposite New Madrid also, is a long narrow promontory. From Island Eight across the land to New Madrid is six miles, while by river it is fifteen; so likewise the distance from Island Ten to Tiptonville is five miles, while by water it is twenty-seven.

Commencing at Hickman, a great swamp, which afterward becomes Reelfoot Lake, extends along the left bank of the Mississippi and discharges is waters into the River, forty miles below Tiptonville, leaving the whole penninsula opposite New Madrid between it and the river. This peninsula therefore, is itself an island, having the Mississippi River on three sides, and Reelfoot Lake and the great swamps which border it on the other. A good road leads from Island Ten along the west bank of Reelfoot Lake to Tiptonville. The only means of supply therefore, for the forces at and around Island Ten in this peninsula, was by the river. When the river was blockaded at New Madrid, supplies and re-inforcements were landed at Tiptonville and conveyed across the neck of the peninsula by land. There was no communication with the interior except by small flat boats plied across Reelfoot Lake, a distance of two miles, and that through an opening cut through cypress swamps for the purpose. Supplies and re-inforcements or escape to any considerable extent were therefore impracticable on the land side. One mile below Tiptonville began the great swamps along the Mississippi on both sides, and no dry ground is to be found except in occasional spots, for at least sixty miles below. By intercepting the navigation of the river below Tiptonville and commanding by heavy artillery the lowest point of dry ground near the place, the enemy would be at once cut off from his resources and prevented from escaping. The roads along the river in the direction of Point Pleasant followed a narrow strip of dry land between the swamps and the river, and were very miry and difficult.

With much labor the heavy guns captured at New Madrid from the enemy were dragged by hand and established in battery at several points, and extending my lines seventeen miles along the river, the lower battery being placed immediately opposite the lowest point of dry ground below Tiptonville. The enemy attempted in every way to prevent their construction and were therefore in every case established at night. * * * * Five gunboats, therefore, at once advanced against the battery, which consisted of twenty four-pound siege guns and two ten-pound Parrots. * * * * Their gunboats were repulsed with a loss of one gunboat sunk and many men shot down by our sharp shooters from the rifle pits. From this time all communication from below with the forces near Island Ten was cut off. * * * * On March 16, I received your dispatch directing me if possible, to cut a road through the swamps to a point on the Missouri shore opposite Island Ten and transfer a portion of my force sufficient to erect batteries at that point, and to assist in the artillery practice on the enemy's batteries. * * * * I directed Colonel Bissell's engineer regiment to build a road through the swamps and overflow of the river, to dig a canal across the peninsula from some point above Island Ten to New Madrid in order that steam transports might be brought to me which would enable me to cross the river and assail the enemy's batteries near Island Ten in the rear. The work was beyond measure difficult. The canal is twelve miles long, six miles of which is through heavy timber. An avenue fifty feet wide was made through it by sawing off trees of large size, four and onehalf feet under water. * * * * It was completed on the 4th of April, after privations and exposures very unusual even in the history of warfare. * * * The enemy anticipating our movements, had erected batteries along the east shore from Island Ten entirely around to Tiptonville, at every point where troops could be landed. The difficulty of crossing the river in force had therefore greatly increased. * * * * The passage of a great river lined with batteries and in the face of the enemy, is one of the most hazardous and difficult operations of war and cannot be justified except in case of urgent necessity. * * * * Though full of peril, the movement was throroughly understood by my whole command; there was not an officer nor man who was not anxious to be placed in the advance. * * * * Floating batteries were made by lashing three coal barges together and bolted with iron carrying three heavy guns and eighty sharp shooters. * * * * On the 5th of April, the steamers and barges were brought near to the mouth of the bayou which discharges into the Mississippi at New Madrid. * * * * On the night of the 4th of April, the gunboat "Carondelet" ran the batteries at Island Ten. * * * * On the morning of the 6th, I sent Captain Marshall of my staff, * * and other officers, to make a reconnaissance of the river below, and requested Captain Wilke to

take them on board the "Carondelet," and run down the river to ascertain precisely the character of the bank and the position and number of the enemv's batteries. * * * * The "Carondelet" steamed down the river in the midst of a heavy fire from the enemy's batteries along the shore. On her return up the river, Captain Wilke silenced the enemy's guns opposite Point Pleasant, and a small force of infantry landed and spiked their guns. On the night of the 6th, at my urgent request, Commodore Foot ordered the "Pittsburg" also to run down to New Madrid. She arrived at daylight and like the "Carondelet" came through untouched. * * * I directed that two gunboats proceed down the river on the 7th and if possible silence the batteries near Watson's Landing, the point which had been selected to land the troops, and at the same time, I brought three steamers into the river and embarked Paine's Division. The land batteries were ordered to open their fire upon the enemy's batteries opposite. The two gunboats ran down the river and joined in the action. * * * * Our troops moved out from the landing and began crossing the river, preceded by the gunboats. * * * * The whole force designed to cross had been drawn up along the river bank and saluted the passing steamers with cheers of exultation. * * * * The enemy commenced to evacuate his position along the banks and the batteries along the Tennessee shore opposite Island Ten, toward Tiptonville. It was my purpose to capture the whole army of the enemy. * * * The Division pushed forward to Tiptonville as fast as they were landed. * * * * The enemy retreating from Island Ten, met at Tiptonville during the night, in great confusion, and were driven back into the swamps by the advance of our forces, until four o'clock in the morning of the 8th, when finding themselves completely cut off, and being apparently unable to resist, they laid down their arms and surrendered at discretion. * * * As soon as day dawned, our forces proceded by marches to the enemy's abandoned works opposite Island Ten on the Tennessee Shore. * There fell into our hands, three Generals, two hundred and seventy-three field and company officers, sixty-seven hundred privates, one hundred and twenty-three pieces of heavy artillery, thirty-five pieces of field artillery (all of the best character and latest patterns) seven thousand stand of small arms, tents for twelve thousand men and several wharf boats, loads of ammunition, an immense quantity of provisions of all kinds, many hundred horses and mules, with wagons and harness. * * * We have crossed this great river, we have pursued and captured the whole force of the enemy and all his supplies, and have again recrossed and re-occupied the camps at New Madrid without losing a man or meeting with an accident. Such results bespeak efficiency, good conduct, high discipline, and soldierly deportment of the best character, far more conclusive than can be exhibited in pitched battle or the storming of fortified places. Patience, willing labor, endurance of hardship, and privation, * * * * are the qualities which these operations have developed in the forces under my command.

John Pope, Major-General Commanding.

To Major-General H. M. Halleck, Commanding the Department of the Mississippi, St. Louis, Missouri.

Official Report of

Brigadier-General Schuyler Hamilton on the Battles at New Madrid, Missouri.

Headquarters of the Second Division, Army of the Mississippi.

PITTSBURG LANDING, APRIL 22ND, 1862.

On February 22nd, 1862, at Commerce, Missouri, in compliance with your orders, I organized the First Division of this army. First Brigade under Colonel Groesbeck, Thirty-ninth Ohio, Major Noyes commanding; Forty-third, Colonel Smith commanding; Twenty-seventh, Colonel Fuller, commanding; Second Brigade, Colonel J. B. Plumber, commanding, composed of the Sixty-third Ohio, Colonel Sprague, Twenty-sixth Illinois, Colonel Loomis, Eleventh Missouri, Colonel Panabaker, Seventh Illinois Cavalry, detachment First Missouri Infantry, two companies of Engineer Troops and Eleventh Ohio Battery.

The Division marched from Commerce, Missouri, on February 28th, and reached Hunter's Farm at midnight. On March 2nd, the Forty-third Ohio and Seventh Illinois Cavalry made a daring reconnaissance penetrating into the town of New Madrid. On the 3rd the First Division reached the town, advancing within three quarters of a mile of the enemy's entrenchments, Kellog's Cavalry covering the flanks. Colonel Fuller's Twenty-seventh Ohio deployed as skirmishers supported by a section of Sand's Eleventh Ohio Battery, followed by the whole Division. The enemy's pickets were gallantly driven in by the Twenty-seventh Ohio Infantry. The Thirty-ninth was advanced as skirmishers on the right flank and were pushed forward on a line with the Twenty-seventh to within one and a quarter miles of the enemy's principal works. The Forty-third Ohio in line of battle supported the Twenty-seventh Ohio and protected the left flank of the Division. The enemy withdrew to his entrenchments but kept up unremitting fire of shot and shell from five gunboats and from his works,

twenty-four pounder shot, shell from thirty-two pounders and sixty-four pounders, besides missiles from guns of smaller caliber. The troops unable to reply, evinced a calmness and steadiness worthy of veterans.

Brigadier-General Stanley arrived in camp on the evening of the 3rd. On the 4th, a re-organization of the Division was made. General Stanley, being from Ohio, the Ohio Regiments passed from under my command. Having had evidence of their gallantry and coolness under fire and feeling grateful for the cheerfulness with which both officers and men had responded to my efforts to enforce discipline and excite their ardor, I parted from them with regret. On the night of the 4th, the Forty-third Ohio, Worthington's Battery of four guns, five companies of the Fifth Iowa, two companies of the Fifty-ninth Indiana, drove the enemy's pickets and opened fire on his position. On the 6th, Point Pleasant was occupied by our forces. On the 7th, 9th and 13th demonstrations were made by Stanley's Division. On the 14th, at two o'clock in the morning, in pouring rain, the troops kneedeep in mud, prepared for assaulting the enemy's works, moving steadily forward. At six o'clock in the morning, the enemy had evacuated his fort.

Schuyler Hamilton, Brigadier-General United States Army, Commanding the Second Division.

Report of Brigadier-General D. S. Stanley.

In reporting the part taken by the First Division of this Army, in compelling the surrender of Island Ten, I have the honor to state that I was assigned to the command of the Division of the 4th of March, 1862. On the same night a detachment of five hundred men commanded by Colonel J. L. Kirby Smith of the Forty-third Ohio Volunteers made a reconnaissance in force and after cannonading the town and forts for half an hour, retired to their camp without loss. On the 6th of the same month, my entire Division consisting of the First Brigade with Colonel Groesbeck commanding, and the Second Brigade with Colonel J. L. Kirby Smith commanding, by order of the Major-General commanding, pushed our way into the town of New Madrid to within seven hundred yards of the upper fort, driving the enemy's infantry. But at this point, finding ourselves under a cross fire of seven gunboats and the guns of both their forts, I deemed it proper to withdraw my troops. We were for half an hour under a fierce cannonade, and strange to say, I suffered only three wounded. On the 7th of April, my Division accompanied by Dee's Michigan Battery, crossed the

Mississippi from the upper fort immediately after the crossing of General Paine's Division. Waiting for the head of General Hamilton's Division, we took up the march before his arrival, and moved by the river route toward Tiptonville, twelve miles away. Deserted camps and abandoned artillery indicated a flying enemy. Night was coming on very dark and the guide being uncertain of the route, the command was bivouacked until morning, when the enemy surrendered. Subsequently on the same day, we crossed Madrid Bend to Island Ten, covering the road seven miles perpendicular to the main road with skirmishers. We picked up forty prisoners. All the houses were full of the enemy's sick, and cannon, ammunition, tents, and various materials of war were found scattered through the bend. These we had no means to move.

GENERAL D. S. STANLEY, Brigadier-General, U. S. A., Commanding First Division, Army of the Mississippi.

Report of Colonel John Groesbeck, Commanding First Brigade.

HEADQUARTERS OF THE FIRST BRIGADE, FIRST DIVISION,
DISTRICT OF THE MISSISSIPPI.

NEW MADRID, MARCH 15TH, 1862.

I have the honor to report to the General commanding the First Division, the part taken in the late action before New Madrid, by the Brigade under my command, consisting of the Twenty-seventh, and the Thirty-ninth Ohio Regiments. On the afternoon of the 12th inst., I detailed companies A and F of the Twenty-seventh and I and H of the Thirty-ninth to drive in the pickets of the enemy, hold an advance position and cover the parties detailed to plant our heavy artillery. They drove in the pickets and took the position assigned them, within eight hundred yards of the enemy's gunboats and principal fort. At three o'clock on the morning of the 13th, I moved forward with my Brigade and took position on the right of the battery. The enemy's skirmishers immediately began firing upon us, but without injury. A few moments afterwards our artillery opened the engagement. The brigade was ordered back two hundred yards, which it did in good order under a heavy fire of shot and shell from the guns of the fort. While lying there, five companies of the Twenty-seventh Ohio were ordered three hundred yards to the left on a road leading past the enemy's fort and took position supporting the battery, where the sloping bank of a bayou

afforded considerable protection to the men who remained thus placed and guarded against any flank movement during the rest of the day. At daylight, we were relieved. The firing ceased about sunset. Having thrown out an additional company of pickets. Considering the closeness and rapidity of the firing, the casualities were remarkably few, viz., one killed, three severely wounded in the Twenty-seventh, and one very slightly wounded in the Thirty-ninth Ohio.

On the morning of the 7th of April, the Brigade under my command, consisting of the Twenty-seventh, and Thirty-ninth Ohio Regiments and Infantry, embarked on the transports, "Trio" and "Fanny Gilmore." After crossing the Mississippi, we marched six miles toward Tiptonville and bivouacked. Next morning we marched eight miles to Tiptonville and on arriving there found that the whole rebel force had surrendered to Brigadier-General Paine. After mid-day, I detailed four companies of the Twenty-seventh and three of the Thirty-ninth Regiments under Major Noyes to deploy as skirmishers and scour the country between Tiptonville and Island Ten. This was done and a number of prisoners were taken. The night of the 8th, we bivouaced at Island Ten. The next morning we took the transport "Graham" for camp at New Madrid.

JOHN GROESBECK, Colonel Commanding, First Brigade, First Division, District of the Mississippi.

Report of Colonel J. L. Kirby Smith.

FORTY-THIRD OHIO INFANTRY.

APRIL 17TH, 1862.

I have the honor to submit the following report of the movements of this Brigade at the capture of the rebel position at and near Island Ten.

The Forty-third Ohio Infantry, Lieutenant-Colonel Wager Swayne and the Sixty-third Ohio Infantry, Colonel J. W. Sprague, crossed the river on the morning of the 7th instant, embarking at the upper fort at New Madrid and landing at the site of the three gun rebel battery just captured by our gunboats, and took a position in a wood near an abandoned encampment of two regiments, apparently recently evacuated. Twenty men were placed as a guard over the property here and a few prisoners, who, being sick or intoxicated, had failed to escape with the enemy. A company was

sent back to the landing to render assistance and support to the rifled battery of Captain Dee's which had crossed with us. We had remained in this position about an hour, until joined by the other brigade of the division, the First, Colonel Groesbeck, and then moved in the direction of Tiptonville, to the support of General Paine. The Brigade bivouacked about an hour after dark at a point near the river, and about eight miles below where the landing had been made.

The march to Tiptonville was resumed in the morning and the Brigade reached there about noon; the enemy had already surrendered without fighting, to our army, and the Brigade was placed in position as a part of the guard of the prisoners. Two hours later the Brigade was put in march for the late position of the enemy, opposite Island number Ten. On the march thither the country between the road and the river was thoroughly beaten by a strong line of skirmishers under Lieutenant-Colonel Swayne, and several prisoners were taken. The Brigade bivouacked opposite Island number Ten, about five o'clock in the afternoon. On the morning of the 9th instant, the Brigade was moved, with the rest of the Division, by transports, to New Madrid, and resumed its former encampment.

J. L. Kirby Smith, Colonel Commanding Brigade.

Report of Colonel John W. Sprague, Sixty-third Ohio Infantry.

Headquarters of the Sixty-third O. V. I.

Camp near New Madrid, Missouri, March 14th, 1862.

I have the honor to report that the Sixty-third Regiment, O. V. I., under my command, in obedience to your orders, left camp about three o'clock, Thursday morning, the 13th instant and marched about three miles to a point, say, southwest of the town of New Madrid, and distant about one mile, and was there deployed in line of battle, along the road, by your order, as part of the support of a battery, planted by our troops, say, one hundred rods in advance of our line. Almost immediately after taking this position, the guns of our battery opened fire upon the fort and gunboats of the enemy, to which they replied with shot and shell. As soon as the enemy's gunboats obtained their chosen position, it was found that the position of the regiment under my command was exposed to the cross fire of at least one gunboat and the lower and the principal fort of the enemy. By

your order, I moved my regiment forward about twenty-five rods in line of battle and halted along the base of a very slight elevation. While this new position did not remove my command from exposure to the cross-fire mentioned, the elevation afforded a partial protection. The fire of the enemy continued during the entire day with occasional intermission. At night the fire of the enemy ceased, but about midnight, we were visited by a terrific storm of rain, accompanied by thunder and lightning. Our little trench immediately filled with water and all were soaked by the falling rain. At daylight next morning we were relieved, having occupied the position over twenty-four hours exposed to a galling fire and the inclemency of the weather.

I have no casualities to report except that of one man, Private Thomas King of Company H, commanded by Captain Jackson.

In conclusion I beg to say that every officer and man under my command behaved with coolness and courage, not a single word of complaint was made of hardship or fatigue. Every order given by me was promptly obeyed and executed, nothwithstanding the harrassing fire of the enemy.

I am very respectfully, your obedient servant,

JOHN W. SPRAGUE, Colonel, Sixty-third Ohio, O. V. I.

To Colonel J. L. Kirby Smith, commanding the Second Brigade, First Div.

Army of the Mississippi:

The Union Forces at New Madrid consisted of the Army of the Mississippi, General Pope commanding.

- First Division: General D. S. Stanley: Twenty-seventh, Thirty-ninth, Forty-third and Sixty-third Ohio, Battery F, 2d United States Regulars.
- Second Division: Brigadier-General Schuyler Hamilton: Fifty-ninth Indiana, Fifth and Tenth Iowa, Twenty-sixth Missouri, Eleventh Ohio Battery.
- Third Division: John M. Palmer: Thirty-fourth, Forty-seventh, Forty-third and Forty-sixth Indiana, Seventh Illinois Cavalry, Company G, First Missouri Artillery.
- Fourth Division: Brigadier-General E. S. Paine: Tenth, Sixteenth, Twenty-second and Fifty-first Illinois Infantry, two Companies of the First Illinois Cavalry, Sixty-fourth Illinois (Yates' Sharpshooters),

- Eighth Wisconsin Infantry, Twenty-sixth Illinois, Eleventh Missouri, Company M of the First Missouri Artillery.
- Cavalry Division: Brigadier-General Gordon Granger: Second and Third Michigan.
- Artillery Division: Major W. L. Lathrop: Second Iowa, Fifth, Sixth and Seventh Wisconsin, C and H of the First Michigan, C of the First Illinois.
- Bissell's Engineer Regiment: Twenty-second Missouri, Second Iowa Cavalry (four Companies), Fourth United States Cavalry (three Companies), First United States Infantry (six Companies).
- Flotilla Brigade: Twenty-seventh, Forty-second Illionis, Fifteenth Wisconsin, G of the First Illinois Artillery, G of the Second Illinois Artillery.

NAVAL FORCES AT ISLAND TEN: Flag Officer A. H. Foot, Flag Ship "Benton," the "St. Louis," the "Cincinnati," the "Pittsburg," the "Mound City," the "Carondelet" and eleven mortar boats.

CONFEDERATE FORCES AT ISLAND TEN AND NEW MADRID.

The Forces were commanded by Major-General John P. McGowan, Brigadier-General W. W. McCall, Stewart, Walker, Garrett and Trudeau.

Infantry: First Tennessee, First Mississippi, Fourth, Fifth, Eleventh and Twelfth Louisana, First, Fourth, Fifth, Thirty-first, Fortieth, Fortysixth and Fifty-fifth Tennessee.

Cavalry: Hudson's Wheeler's and Neely's.

Artillery: Shand's, Bankhead's, Jackson's, Hume's, Hoadley's, Caruther's, Jones', Dismuke's, Rucker's, Fisher's, Johnson's and Upton's.

Engineers: Gray's, Harris', Winter's.

Naval Forces: Flag Officer George N. Hollins: Flag Ship "McRay," "Livingstone," "Polk," "Pontchartrain," "Maurepaus," "Jackson."

Floating Battery: "New Orleans." Total, seventeen guns.

CHAPTER X.

REMINISCENCES—FORT PILLOW EXPEDITION—TRANSFER OF THE ARMY TO HAMBURG LANDING, TENNESSEE.

The soldiers of the army were now priding themselves upon their efficiency and accomplishments. There was a noticeable rivalry among the different organizations as to their superiority in drill, marching, and fighting. No true soldier need apologize for the honest pride with which he believes that his own company, regiment, brigade, division, or corps is the flower of the army and is peerless in discipline and courage. During the war, that faith is so important a condition of success that he would be an unwise commander who would discourage it. All felt its influence for there was none who did not feel a deeper thrill of pride and pleasure when he saw his own flag moving in the front, than when another flag floated over the advancing host. So it was in the Ohio Brigade as in other commands.

A soldier of the Forty-third Ohio often tells this story at the Brigade reunions:

"I had been left behind, when our regiment left camp in Ohio and started to join my regiment at New Madrid. Arriving near there after marching on foot all the way from Commerce, I sat down by the road side, exhausted. I was soon joined by a very ragged soldier of the Twentyseventh Ohio who sympathized with me. After having told him that I was never so tired in my life and that it seemed that I could not carry my knapsack any further, he said to me: 'You will never be able to carry that big knapsack on the long marches which we are soon to have. We started out that way in Missouri, but we found out that the better way was to carry a light knapsack and throw away everything but our blankets.' It was a powerful argument just then, but I had carried it so far, and I was now so near the regiment, that I felt loath to part with any treasure. I opened my knapsack, took out a pair of army trousers and laid them near my new friend. In an instant, he had cast off his old ones and put on mine. The more than twenty-five yards, and directed Major Weber, in case the Sixtysame thing took place with my extra pair of stockings, blouse, shirt and shoes. We two then walked into camp. I noticed that his comrades would grin when they saw him, and would ask him where he got his new clothes. He answered them by saying, 'For giving a recruit sound advice!' I will never forget how quickly that soldier got into my new clothes."

At New Madrid, the Forty-third Ohio gained for itself the name and fame of the "Martin Box" Regiment, because of the fact that some of the men nailed cracker boxes on the cotton-wood trees, where the birds flocked, took refuge and nested. Ever afterward, the word "Martin Box" from any soldier of the Brigade was a pass-port for a cordial greeting.

The victories at Island Ten and New Madrid, General Halleck pronounced splendid achievements, that would be memorable in military history, exceeding as they did in boldness and brilliancy all other operations of the war up to this time.

On the 13th of April, the Twenty-seventh, Thirty-ninth, Forty-third and Sixty-third Ohio Regiments with General Pope's Army, embarked on thirty steamboats at a point one mile below New Madrid, at Fort Thompson, and in co-operation with the gunboat fleet, consisting of twelve mortar boats and seven gunboats, moved down the Mississippi River, one hundred and twenty miles, in an expedition against Fort Pillow, disembarking at Oseola, Arkansas, a low swampy place. Here the soldiers had an opportunity to wash themselves and their clothing and to fight to a finish, for the time being at least, the great army plague, an insect known as the grayback, a fiend which infected clothing. These insects became so numerous, vicious, ravenous that they almost ate the shirts from the soldiers' backs. Millions were destroyed by boiling the clothing in the camp kettles, the same utensils that were used for cooking. The crowded condition of the transports which gave no opportunities for the soldiers to change their clothing, was the direct cause of this infection. On land came the scourge of swamp mosquitoes, locally known as "galnippers." They bit the soldiers and even killed horses and mules.

TO FORT PILLOW.

Part of the steamboat fleet which conveyed Pope's army down the Mississippi River from New Madrid, Missouri, April, 1862, was composed of the following named boats:

"Emma," Forty-third Indiana Infantry Regiment on board; "Emma," Twenty-seventh Ohio Infantry Regiment;

"Admiral," Thirty-ninth Ohio Infantry Regiment;

"Uncle Sam," Forty-third Ohio Infantry Regiment. "Silver Wave," Sixty-third Ohio Infantry Regiment.

"Emeline," Eleventh Ohio Battery Artillery.

"N. W. Thomas," Sixteenth Illinois Infantry Regiment; "Meteor," Twenty-second Illinois Infantry Regiment;

"Twenty-seventh Illinois Infantry Regiment;
"Memphis," Forty-second Illinois Infantry Regiment;
"Daniel G. Taylor," Fifty-first Illinois Infantry and Battery;
"G. W. Graham," Forty-sixth Indiana Infantry Regiment;

"Chantua," Fifty-ninth Indiana Infantry Regiment;

"Hannibal City," Eleventh Missouri, Second Iowa Cavalry, Dodge's Bat-

"City of Alton," Twenty-sixth Missouri and Tenth Iowa Infantry:

Perry Flag Boat, Regular Cavalry.

On April 17th, the army re-embarked on transports and were ordered up the Mississippi, Ohio and Tennessee Rivers a distance of three hundred and fifty miles. They disembarked at Hamburg Landing on the 22nd of April, just above the battle field of Pittsburg Landing, where were seen the long rows of newly made graves of the heroes who fell at Shiloh.

The Union Army under General Halleck advanced upon Corinth with greatest caution, building and fighting behind parallel lines of earthworks, each succeeding line in advance of the other, gaining ground step by step, from one stump, tree or position forward to another, accompanied by details of men and the pioneer corps with intrenching tools, while the contest raged along the lines every day, between the two contesting armies.

The Confederate Army under General Beauregard gradually fell back, and he concentrated his army at Corinth, a position strongly fortified, and prepared for a determined defence. All the available troops of the southwest were sent to his aid, including the armies of Van Dorn and Price, from Missouri and Arkansas, as well as the militia of the states of Alabama, Mississippi, and Louisana. By his official report made on the 22nd of April, 1862, he had four corps, Bragg's, Polk's, Breckenridge's and Hardee's, besides cavalry. According to his official report made May 26th, just before the evacuation of Corinth, he had a total of one hundred and twelve thousand and seventeen men of all arms. Beauregard endeavored, on this ground of his own choosing to incite his troops with obstinacy and desperation, to their utmost fighting capacity for his fading prestige of invincibility, "Soldiers of Shiloh and Elkhorn," he said to them, "we are about to meet once more in the shock of battle, the invaders of our soil, the despoilers of our homes, the disturbers of our family ties, face to face, hand to hand. * * * * With your banners mingled for the first time during the war, we meet the foe in strength that should give us victory. Soldiers, can the result be doubtful? Shall we not drive them back into the Tennessee, the presumptuous mercenaries, collected for our subjection? One more manly effort, and, trusting in God and the justice of our cause, we shall recover more than we have lately lost."

Bragg said to them, "You will encounter them in your chosen position, strong by nature, and improved by art, away from their main support and reliance, gunboats and heavy batteries, and for the first time in the war, with nearly equal numbers."

CHAPTER XI.

SIEGE OF CORINTH.

Fuller's Ohio Brigade now the first in Stanley's Second Division, with Pope's Army of the Mississippi, formed the left wing of General Halleck's Army of over one hundred thousand men, to operate for the capture of Corinth.

Until April 27th, the Brigade performed fatigue duty, unloading amunitions of war from the transports on the Tennessee River, and in making roads. On the 27th, they marched five miles to the front and went into bivouac in the heavy wood, at the forks of the road leading to Monterey, on the Corinth Road.

On the 29th, they formed in line and marched seven miles toward the enemy for a reconnaissance. They drove in the enemy's pickets at Monterey, found one hundred tents still standing, took a number of prisoners and burned their camp, capturing a large amount of rations, consisting of bread, meat, coffee, and sugar, which supplied the Union men for several days. On the 1st of May, the Brigade crossed into Mississippi.

Report of General D. S. Stanley, concerning the Engagement at Monterey.

May 3rd, 1863.

My forces consisted of the First Brigade of my Division under Colonel John Groesbeck, the Twenty-seventh, Thirty-ninth, Forty-third and Sixty-third Ohio Regiments of Infantry, sixteen companies of Cavalry, Colonel Elliott, commanding, with Dee's Third Michigan and Spoor's Missouri Batteries. We took twenty prisoners and followed the retreating enemy. I am happy to bear testimony to the gallantry of these troops and their readiness for service.

D. S. Stanley, Commanding the Second Division, Left Wing, Army of the Mississippi.

On May 4th, advance was made five miles to Farmington, where a severe skirmish took place in fields of wheat, corn and cotton and over plowed ground, then forward into a swamp of heavy timber, wading creeks and forming lines of battle at every appearance of danger. The Brigade rested at Seven Mile Creek on the Farmington Road, within a short dis-

tance of the enemy's earthworks, from which shot and shell were fired, passing over the heads of the men in ranks. A Demi Brigade, commanded by J. L. Kirby Smith, Forty-third Ohio, occupied Nichol's Ford, The Thirty-ninth Ohio Infantry supported Dee's Michigan Battery.

Rifle pits were advanced along the whole army front. Each day reconnaissances were made with heavy skirmishing and musket firing from four o'clock in the morning until night.

On May 8th, the Brigade marched in line of battle to Farmington through a swamp and over a corduroy road, passing the graves of rebels slain in the recent skirmish, who had been buried by the Union troops. Three thousand cavalry, thirty pieces of artillery and thirteen regiments of infantry were drawn up in line near the village of Farmington and then moved forward. The Brigade position was on the left wing, supporting the Eleventh Ohio Battery. The movement was through plowed fields of cotton, corn and wheat, through swamps and creeks, and through thick timber and underbrush.

Within six hundred yards of the enemy's batteries, the Union Artillery opened fire which drew the fire of the Confederate batteries, their shots passing over. During this time, the Brigade skirmishers lay in sight of the



THE OHIO BRIGADE WITH GEN. HALLECK'S ARMY MARCHING ON CORINTH, MAY, 1862.

enemy's main line of works which comprised the defences of Corinth. Two of the Thirty-ninth were wounded on this day, also six men of the Twenty-seventh and two of the Sixty-third Ohio.

While Fuller's Ohio Brigade, then in command of General Tyler, lay in this advance position, a regiment of Confederate Cavalry scouts, not knowing of the presence of the Union troops, got in their rear by mistake, and took twenty-five prisoners, including Surgeon William R. Thrall of the Twenty-seventh Ohio, who was taken to Memphis and from there was sent to the Union lines.

The Union troops had now advanced and occupied the third parallel earthworks which presented a front about twelve miles in length, the building and defense of which entailed physical dangers and difficulties. The soldiers showed signs of being greatly fatigued by their hard labor. They also showed a change of deportment, their bearing being more like true soldiers. General Halleck complimented the Brigade upon its splendid service and ordered that "Lexington," "Springfield," "New Madrid," "Island Ten" be inscribbed upon its regimental banners.

May 9th, heavy firing occured at Farmington, where the enemy attacked our grand guard. General Pope's entire army moved out in line. The Ohio Brigade was in ranks all day and was skirmishing part of the time. On May 10th, the Brigade took possession of the hill at Farmington, from which Union troops had fallen back on the day previous.

During part of the siege, it was the practice in reserve companies to have roll call at one o'clock in the morning and to have it repeated every hour until daylight. Then came inspection of arms which was instituted to keep the men well in hand, allowing no one to sleep while on duty, or when in close proximilty to the enemy, and keeping always on the alert for sudden attack. Many times before daylight, simultaneous discharges of thousands of muskets was heard in attempts to drive in the picket lines.

On the 24th, the enemy's firing on our pickets became exceedingly annoying. With five companies of the Eleventh Missouri, five companies of the Thirty-ninth Ohio, the enemy was charged and scattered. Dee's Michigan Battery with its Parrot guns threw shells into Corinth.

On the 28th, an attempt was made to force the enemy back with artillery and musket fire. The Thirty-ninth Ohio advanced a distance of five hundred vards. It gave a quietus to the picket firing in front. Nothing more was heard from the rebels except a few shots from a battery protected by earthworks on high ground.

The fortified camp of the Union Army was made more impregnable each day, and additional forces were arriving. During this siege of twenty-eight days, the men always slept with their clothing and accourtements on.

their muskets by their sides, and with eighty rounds of cartridges on their persons. From the top of a high pole, a sentinel could see operations in Corinth.

On May 28th, Brigaider-General Rosecrans assumed command of Stanley's and Paine's Divisions. Notwithstanding the enemy's fire the work of intrenching was carried on constantly.

On the 29th, the Ohio Brigade moved out and took position, Stanley's Division being in advance at a salient point investing Corinth. The skirm-ishers dug and occupied rifle pits and their fire drove the enemy back under protection of their batteries. Shot and shell flew over the ranks of men and were imbedded in the trees, cutting and tearing the limbs. Many lives were lost and there were many narrow escapes from death. During the night the shrill whistle of the locomotive, the rumbling of the trains and cheering by the enemy's troops were heard and it was thought they were being reinforced, but on the contrary, they were evacuating, as was disclosed to the Union Army on the morning of the 30th, when sounds of exploding magazines and ammunition trains were heard.

The Union troops immediately occupied the town and the Thirty-ninth Ohio had the honor of first hoisting the United States flag over the Court House.

Report of General John Pope.

CORINTH, MISSISSIPPI, MAY 30, 1862.

Major-General Halleck: 8:40 A. M.

My advance (the Thirty-ninth Ohio and the Forty-second Illinois) entered the town of Corinth and planted the United States flag on the Court House at 6:40 this morning. They were the first troops in the place. I am throwing my artillery and cavalry in pursuit. The enemy retreated by the Mobile Road.

John Pope, Major-General, Commanding.

The enemy abandoned and destroyed most of his supplies and left his heavy artillery. Thus ended the siege and capture of Corinth.

Corinth had been strongly fortified by slave labor with solid earthworks, built high with rifle pits in front. Large trees had been felled, making it difficult of approach by hostile forces. On the 30th, a march was made to Tuscumbia Creek.

May 31st, having received tents and army supplies that had been left in the rear, a march of twenty-five miles was made in pursuit of the enemy through Danville, Rienza, and Boonville. In many of the places on the Mobile and Ohio Railroad were found quantities of muskets twisted and broken, and cars of cotton still burning.

The weather was extremely hot, the marching rapid. Many soldiers were sunstruck. The water obtained in the swamps for drinking was very bad and made the men sick. Whole platoons of men fell out of ranks exhausted. The artillery and ammunition wagons were given the middle of the road, while the troops marched along each side.

June 11th, the Brigade returned from the pursuit by a circuitous route and went into camp at Clear Creek, Tishomingo County, five miles south of Corinth. It was a beautiful location on rolling lands partially timbered and near large springs of pure water which gushed from the ground in such quantity that a large creek was formed.

June 6th, the Union gunboats destroyed the enemy's fleet at Memphis. The same day two regiments of the Army of the Mississippi left by Pope with the fleet, entered the city. The Mississippi River was now open to Vicksburg and the objects which had been proposed in the spring campaign were accomplished. The labor of camp and road making, the marches through heat and dust, the privations, short rations, bad clothing, bare feet, were all borne by the men with patience and cheerfulness.

Our shady camp was made enjoyable by cutting the brush away, trimming the trees up and policing the place. Tents and garrison equipage were brought up and a military camp was put in perfect order. Yet during the months of July and August, much sickness prevailed among the men. The principal disease was dysentery, caused by the absence of fruit and vegetables from the soldiers' rations. At the same time there were some deaths caused by homesickness.

General Grant says in his memoirs, "The most anxious period of the war to me, was during the time that the Army of the Tennessee was guarding the territory acquired by the fall of Corinth and Memphis and before I was sufficiently re-enforced to take the offensive. The enemy's Cavalry was constantly operating upon our lines of supplies, back to Columbus, and other points, making it necessary to guard all territory in our rear."

CHAPTER XII.

THE REORGANIZATION OF THE COMMANDS—THE CAMPAIGN AND BATTLES OF IUKA AND CORINTH—FORCES ENGAGED—REPORTS OF BATTLES—

RETREAT OF THE ENEMY.

In June, 1862, President Lincoln issued "order number three" which relieved McClellan from command of other armies except the Army of the Potomac. General Pope was called to command the Army of Northern Virginia, and General Halleck to command all the Union armies with head-quarters at Washington. General U. S. Grant assumed command of the Department of West Tennessee. General Rosecrans was left in command of four divisions, Stanley's, Hamilton's, Davies', and McKean's, District of Corinth, Department of the Tennessee. Fuller's Ohio Brigade was designated the first in General Stanley's Second Division. General Buell was sent with his Army via Huntsville to Chattanooga.

On June 20th, the Twenty-seventh and Thirty-ninth Regiments of Fuller's Ohio Brigade exchanged their old, altered, flintlock, Springfield rifle muskets for the new Whitney rifles with sabers or sword bayonets, which were excellent arms. They also received new clothing and accountements.

The forces at Corinth built earthworks with high parapets, ditches ten feet in width and barracks for permanent accommodation of troops, who were to remain in this land of "balmy breezes and beautiful skies." Corinth was full of sutlers and merchants who sold their goods at very high prices to soldiers and native inhabitants. Butter was \$1.60 a pound and a quart can of peaches \$1.50. The Brigade was drilled almost constantly and the discipline was quite severe under the close supervision of General Stanley and General Fuller.

The position at Corinth was important and naturally strong. It stood on a long low ridge in the forks of two streams which ran parallel to each other near their junction. It was protected on the front and both sides by swampy valleys, traversed by streams and obstructed by dense thickets. Both armies recognized its great strategic importance, being the key to all West Tennessee, North Alabama, and Mississippi, the junction commanding all the railroads, from Memphis to Charleston and from Louisville to Mobile, and in a measure controlling the commerce of the Mississippi to New Orleans. Therefore the Confederates made strenuous efforts to repossess it. Fuller's Ohio Brigade was ordered to move on the 17th, but

it was not until the 20th of August that the campaign commenced which ended in the battles of Iuka and Corinth. At three o'clock on the morning of that day, the bugle sounded the reveille and the Brigade was aroused. The troops partook of their breakfast of bacon, hard bread ("hard tack") and coffee, the tents were struck, the debris of camp was set on fire, and the army lines swing out on a ridge road which was followed all day. The country over which they marched was hilly with deep valleys covered with a thick growth of heavy timber. Late in the evening, the Brigade went into bivouac and night came on clear and bright.

On the 21st, march was continued twenty-five miles to Iuka, situated on the Memphis and Charleston Railroad. The Thirty-ninth Ohio Regiment was divided. Four companies went to Iuka, two to East Port and four were distributed along the railroad. The Forty-third and Sixty-third Ohio Regiments continued on to Bear Creek. A good camp was made on a hill at Iuka, near the sulphur springs, by the rest of the Brigade, and with the assistance of two hundred slaves from the Cherokee and Russel valleys, they immediately fortified their position.

Rumors were spread thick and fast among the troops in regard to the movements of the United Confederate Army, commanded by Price and Van Dorn, which numbered forty thousand.

On September 7th, the army posts along the railroad were called in. Troops that had been called up at midnight to unload cars containing commissary stores, were drawn in.

On September 12th, at three o'clock in the morning, the troops of Fuller's Brigade struck tents and vacated their comfortable camp at Iuka, and the Army marched by way of Jacinto, a distance of twenty-five miles on roads leading near to Corinth. Preparations were made for a great contest of arms, no wagons were unloaded, and every thing was kept in readiness to start at a moment's notice. All baggage was reduced, and five days' rations were kept on hand. During this time the troops slept on the ground without blankets, so that when the reveille sounded, on September 18th, at two o'clock in the morning, they were ready and sprang to their feet and to arms. After a march of twenty-three miles, they arrived near Jacinto and bivouaced. On the 16th of September, General Rosecrans directed Colonel Gilbert to move the Thirty-ninth Ohio from Jacinto to a place two miles south of Burnsville and to cut off the enemy.

On the 19th, advance was continued. During the day the troops were halted, and by order of General Rosecrans a dispatch was read at the head of every regiment as follows: "General Lee of the Confederate Army is killed! Longstreet is taken prisoner. Both commands are captured and destroyed." This information represented the result of the battle of Antie-

tam, Maryland, and although it afterward proved to be incorrect, it caused at the time much excitement and aroused patriotic emotions among the men.

The condition of affairs in the Union Army was not very good, at this time. Lee had advanced with the rebel army into Maryland. The Union General Buell had marched his army in retreat to Louisville, Kentucky; and Van Dorn had united with other rebel forces under Price, Villepague, and Moore, and were south of the Hatchie River to overwhelm the smaller forces of Union troops under Rosecrans. Van Dorn concluded first to occupy Iuka, which place the Union troops had just vacated and were now advancing to recapture.

BATTLE OF IUKA.

Rosecrans' forces after marching twenty-two miles on the Jacinto Road, had arrived about two hours before sundown within one mile of Iuka. Hamilton's Division was forming near Barnett Station, and Stanley's Division was ordered into action. The men in the Brigade had loaded and were just placing caps on their rifles, when a most terrific fire of musketry was opened and the enemy engaged two of Hamilton's Brigades. A charge of the rebels upon the Eleventh Ohio and Eighth Wisconsin Batteries followed and with loud cheers the Ohio Brigade rushed forward into action.

The Twenty-seventh, Thirty-ninth, Forty-third and Sixty-third Ohio Regiments were moved to the left and lay under fire of the enemy. The fight then became an infantry duel and there never was a hotter nor more destructive engagement while it lasted. Finally a lull came in the fighting, and when the heavy cloud of smoke lifted, long lines of rebel troops could easily be distinguished. As it grew darker and flashes of musketry fire became brighter, a rebel regiment in the darkness rushed toward a Union regiment and asked who they were. On answering them, both forces commenced firing upon each other at close range. The Eleventh Ohio Battery, after losing half its men, was captured and then retaken. Its loss in men within two hours was greater in killed and wounded, than in any other battery in battle during the war.

Our troops lay in line of battle upon their arms during the night, and at daybreak, marched across the battle field in hot pursuit of the fast-retreating rebel army, who, defeated and routed, left its dead upon the battle field. They were found lying in almost every position. One was lying prone upon the ground, his eyes wide open, his gun resting on a log, in the act of firing. A number had guns clutched in their hands in the act of loading, their rammers half drawn. One in dying had grasped a small tree with his teeth, others died while kneeling and taking aim. The rebels left the houses filled with dead and wounded.



BATTLE OF IUKA, MISS., Sept. 19th, 1862. 11th Ohio Battery in the Foreground. Ohio Brigade Coming Up Double Quick. This Battery lost more men in two hours than any Battery in any Battle of the War,

In the early evening, before the firing had fully subsided, a temporary hospital with operating tables was established close to the lines of Fuller's Ohio Brigade. There in the open field, the writer saw for a few moments, something of the terrible havoc of war. The surgeons were at work with only candles for light. Their facilities were crude. The tables were covered with pools of blood, the ground was strewn with amputated arms, hands and legs. Many of the men shrieked with pain when lifted to the operating table.

During the battle, General Grant with Ord's forces was at Burnsville, six miles distant ready to attack. He waited for the sound of Rosecrans' guns, but owing to the direction of the wind, and the wooded country which intervened, no notice of the conflict was given, and opportunity of capturing the enemys' forces was lost.

Rosecrans had forwarded a dispatch to Grant that the shorter road on which Stanley's Division should advance had been obstructed by the enemy and he would be obliged to take an indirect route. General Grant assumed from his dispatch, that Stanley could not get up in time for an attack that afternoon, and ordered General Ord to wait until the next morning. But Stanley's Division had moved with its accustomed rapidity and was up to the front in time to engage in the battle. The enemy's plan to invade Tennessee at this time was a failure.

UNION FORCES AT IUKA.

The Union Forces at Iuka were as follows:

The Army of the Mississippi, commanded by General Rosecrans; Second Division, commanded by David S. Stanley. First Brigade four Ohio Regiments of Infantry, commanded by Brigadier-General John W. Fuller, viz.:—

Twenty-seventh, Major Z. S. Spaulding; Thirty-ninth, Colonel Alfred W. Gilbert; Forty-third, Colonel J. L. Kirby Smith; Sixty-third, Colonel John W. Sprague.

M, First Missouri Artillery, Captain Powell, one section of the Eighth Wisconsin Battery, Lieutenant McLain.

F, Second United States Artillery, Captain Thomas B. Maurice.

Second Brigade, Colonel Joseph A. Mower.

Twenty-sixth and Forty-seventh Illinois, Eleventh Missouri, Eighth Wisconsin, Spoor's Second Iowa Battery, Dee's Third Michigan Battery.

Third Division, Brigadier-General C. S. Hamilton, Fifth Missouri Cavalry Escort.

First Brigade, Colonel Sanburn, Forty-eighth Indiana, Fifth and Sixteenth Iowa.

Fourth Minnesota, Twenty-sixth Missouri, Eleventh Ohio Battery.

Second Brigade, Tenth and Seventeenth Iowa, Tenth and Twenty-fourth Missouri, Eightieth Ohio, Twelfth Wisconsin Battery.

Cavalry, Second Iowa, B and E of the Seventh Kansas, Third Michigan, one company of Jenkins' Illinois Cavalry.

Total forces were nine thousand, one-half of which was in action.

The Divisions under Ord at Burnsville, were those of Davies, Ross and Mc-Arthur.

The Union loss at Iuka was six hundred and thirteen.
Then Confederate Forces at Iuka were as follows:—

Army of the West under Van Dorn and Price.

First Division, commanded by Henry Little, consisting of the First, Second and Third Missouri Infantry, Second Missouri Battery; Hebert's Fourteenth, Seventeenth Arkansas, Third Louisiana, Seventh, Thirty-sixth, Thirty-seventh, Fortieth, and Forty-third Mississippi, First and Third Texas and Thirty-seventh Alabama.

Cavalry, Armstong's Second Arkansas, Second Missouri, First Mississippi. Total, fourteen thousand in action.

Confederate loss, five hundred and thirty-five.

General Stanley's Report of the Battle of Inka.

CAMP NEAR JACINTO, MISSISSIPPI, SEPT. 24, 1862.

The Second Division under my command, consisting of the First Brigade, Colonel Fuller commanding; and Second Brigade, Colonel Mower commanding, left our camp on Clear Creek, on the 18th instant, with three days' cooked rations and one hundred rounds of ammunition to each man, and marched the same day by way of Patrick's on the Burnsville Road, when we turned and marched to within one mile of Jacinto. * * * * The Twenty-seventh, Thirty-ninth, Forty-third, Sixty-third Ohio, and the Eighth Wisconsin, held in reserve, afterwards moved forward and posted close to the enemy on the right hand road. * * * *

Colonel John W. Fuller's Report of the Battle of Iuka.

Headquarters of the First Brigade, Second Division, Army of the Mississippi.

Major:— September 23rd, 1862.

In obedience to orders, I have the honor to report that my command joined the rear of the column during the march upon Iuka, Mississippi, on the 19th instant, moving in the following order: The Thirty-ninth Ohio Infantry, Colonel Gilbert; Light Company F, Second United States Artillery, Captain Maurice; Twenty-seventh Ohio Infantry, Major Spaulding; Sixty-third Ohio Infantry, Colonel Sprague; Battery M, First Missouri, Light Artillery, Captain Powell; Section of Battery Eight of Wisconsin, Lieutenant McClellan; and the Forty-third Ohio Infantry, Colonel Smith.

Within about three miles of Iuka, we were halted in the road and the Batteries were moved to the right of the road near the edge of the woods and on the hill which overlooked the open field, directly south of the scene of action. At sunset, I received orders to advance immediately to the front. As soon as the order "double quick" was given, the infantry ran forward, swinging their hats and cheering lustily, but darkness brought a cessation of the firing. Soon after dawn it was reported that the enemy had left the field of battle and taken position nearer the town. My command took the advance, and after passing the field, four regiments formed in line of battle (the Twenty-seventh, Thirty-ninth, and Forty-third of my Brigade and the Forty-seventh Illinois, Colonel Mower's Brigade) and moved forward upon the town. During the deployment, Captain Powell's Battery was brought forward and threw a few shots at a body of the enemy which appeared near the Fulton Road. As we neared the town, a flag of truce came out. borne by a citizen, who said that the citizens desired the surrender of the town, and the soldiers (enemy) were all in the ditch dug by the Federal Army. We then moved forward into the town and found that the enemy had evacuated the place, leaving by the Fulton Road. My command went forward in pursuit, till we reached Cripple Deer Creek. The statements of several prisoners confirmed by a reconnaissance, made by Captain Sawyer of the Seventh Kansas (two companies) proved that the enemy was several miles in advance and rapidly retreating but in the exhausted condition of our men and the total absence of subsistence, it was deemed impracticable to continue the pursuit farther. We rested near Cripple Deer Creek for the night and commenced our return toward Jacinto about eight o'clock on the morning of the 21st. Six casualities occured in the Thirtyninth and two in the Sixty-third Ohio Regiments.

JOHN W. FULLER, Colonel of the Twenty-seventh Ohio, Commanding.

THE PURSUIT OF THE ENEMY.

Having passed the battle field on the morning of September 20th, pursuit was continued a distance of seven miles with many stops, camping at Cripple Deer in a corn and sweet potato field. On the 21st, a march of thirty-five miles was made, the troops going into bivouac late at night. Orders were passed that no one should speak louder than a whisper, on account of the close proximity of the enemy. On the 22nd, a march of eight miles was made to Jacinto, where the men camped on the banks of a creek. They bathed and refreshed themselves and later, an inspection of arms took place.

On the night of the 22nd, the Thirty-ninth and Sixty-third Ohio Regiments made a reconnaissance. On the 29th the Brigade marched to the rebel sand bag breast works, through Rienza on the Mobile and Ohio Railroad. At ten o'clock the same night, under command of Major Z. S. Spaulding, the Twenty-seventh and Forty-third Ohio with one section of the Eighth

Wisconsin Battery marched southwest on a reconnaissance, eight miles toward the Hatchie River, and Ripley where the rebel army was encamped. Major Spaulding reported to General Rosecrans that he had captured three prisoners of Breckenridge's command and from them the information had been received that Villepague and Rust had brought fifteen hundred men up to Pocohontas. The enemy's whole force numbered forty thousand men.

For thirteen days, the Brigade marched on an inner circle by way of Jacinto and Rienza, toward Corinth in order to watch the rebel army. On the 1st of October a march of thirteen miles was made as far as Pocohontas and Kossuth, to cover the Hatchie River Crossing. This was a region of few settlements, poor log cabins, rolling oak ridges and sluggish streams, that dried up during the summer. The troops suffered terribly from thirst, the roads were dusty, the sun shone down very hot, and it was ninety-four degrees in the shade.

At noon the soldiers halted, hurriedly cooked their rations of bacon on the ends of sticks and their coffee in their tin cups, then falling into line, they continued the march toward Corinth, a total distance of thirty-seven miles without camping. This march was through a country almost destitute of water. The men rested at the Tuscumbia Creek. On October 3rd, they marched to the breast works, southwest of Corinth, after having skirmished all day through heavy timber and thick underbrush, to support and strengthen different parts of the army. At nightfall, with colors flying and bands playing, the men, covered with dust, their faces bronzed by exposure and long service under the rays of the sun, moved in columns of companies, right in front, through the streets and joined the lines at Corinth. General Rosecrans and his staff sat on their horses by the Kossuth Road, waiting to welcome them. The soldiers of Hamilton's, Davies' and McKean's Divisions gathered in platoons, cheering and shouting for the "Buckeye Boys." The Ohio boys called back, "We are distressed for want of water."

The position first assigned was north of the Tishomingo House, and the junction of the two railroads, to support Davies' Division. It was here that we saw the Eighth Wisconsin Regiment with their live eagle carried on a standard. Finally the Brigade was moved to the left and was assigned to a position facing the Chawalla Road, the key to the position at Battery Robinett. Battery Robinett was a little three gun redan, an earthwork with a ditch in front, five feet deep, commanded by Lieutenants Robinett and Cullen, and manned by Company C, First United States Infantry. It was now late at night and the men were almost famished for water.

To provide against the possibility of capture by the enemy, the commissary department caused all barrels of whiskey to be opened. Into this the surgeons put a quantity of quinine and the troops were allowed to fill

their canteens with the mixture. This was the first and only time that liquor was given to Fuller's Ohio Brigade.

It was about ten o'clock at night before the Brigade filed into position at Battery Robinett. The soldiers dropped upon the ground and slept beside their muskets completely exhausted from the continued hardships of the last forty-four days, and from marching in hot sultry weather. The lessons taught and the experience which they had had in throwing up earthworks for protection, during the month of May previous, were of no avail in their tired condition. It was physically impossible for them to do more and so no earthworks were built.

General Rosecrans' four divisions faced north and west. Mizner's Cavalry watched and guarded the flanks and rear from the enemy. Next joining the cavalry on the right was Hamilton's division and Battery Powell. Next came Davies' Division with Dee's and Richardson's Batteries. To the left was the Twenty-seventh Ohio Regiment, joining the Sixtythird Ohio whose left joined Battery Robinett. Next, with their right on Battery Robinett, the Forty-third Ohio was stationed. The Thirty-ninth Ohio and the Eleventh Missouri (the latter detached from the Second Brigade) were in the rear as reserves. In the rear of this line of battle was Battery Williams, to the west and rear, Battery Phillips, further to the left and rear was Stanley's Second Brigade and McKean's Division. Still further to the rear on College Hill were Batteries Tannrath and Lathrop, mounted with siege guns.

As early as September, 1862, the rebel General Van Dorn in his report said:

"The conclusion forced itself upon my mind that the taking of Corinth was a condition precedent to the accomplishment of anything of importance in West Tennessee and it was clear to my mind that if a successful attack could be made upon Corinth from the west and northwest, the forces there would be driven back, on the Tennessee River and cut off and Bolivar and Jackson would easily fall. I determined to attempt Corinth. I had reasonable hopes of success. Field returns as Ripley showed my strength to be about twenty-two thousand men. Rosecrans at Corinth had about fifteen thousand with about eight thousand additional men at outposts, from twelve to fifteen miles distant. I might surprise him and carry the place before these troops could be brought in. It was necessary that this blow should be sudden and decisive."

"The troops were in fine spirits, and the whole army of West Tennessee seemed eager to emulate the Confederate armies of the Potomac and Kentucky. No army every marched to battle with prouder step, more hopeful countenances or with more courage, than marched the Army of the West Tennessee out of Ripley on the morning of September 29th, 1862, on it; way to Corinth."

CHAPTER XIII.

THE BATTLE OF CORINTH.

On October 3rd, about daybreak, the enemy consisting of General Price's and General Van Dorn's united forces, had formed in lines facing south, in front of the old outer line of intrenchments, built in May, about three miles from Corinth. Lovell's Division of troops was on the right, Maury's in the center, Hebert's on the left. The Union troops of Davies' and McKean's Divisions, in front of this line on the 3rd, were only intended for developments, and about ten o'clock in the morning, were driven into the old intrenchments.

In the afternoon after a hot battle, these two divisions fell back. General Hackelman had been killed, General Oglesby wounded, and Hamilton's Division was watching on the right for an attack from the north. At three o'clock in the afternoon, Stanley's Second Brigade was sent to the assistance of McKean and Davies. On the 4th of October at four o'clock in the morning, the enemy shelled the town from a battery which under cover of the darkness, they had with great enterprise, placed on a ridge near the Chewalla Road, which led directly to Battery Robinett. Fuller's Ohio Brigade lay flat on the ground, listening to the roar of flying missels, which passed over them, but the regulars in the Second United States Battery, replying with their guns, soon silenced the enemy. The Brigade picket force from the Sixty-third Ohio, rushed out and brought in part of the enemy's battery with horses attached. One of the enemy's shells struck Corporal Creighton Orr, Company B of the Forty-third Ohio, nearly severing his head from his body. It was supposed that M. M. Smith who stood near to Orr was wounded by being hit by a piece of Orr's skull. Orr's blood was scattered over several men.

The Union Troops, although without blankets, had not been allowed fires during the night, which was a cold one, and they had no breakfast the next morning, for not a man was allowed to leave the ranks to get rations because of the nearness of the enemy. The day opened clear and hot. It must have been ninety-five degrees. A heavy line of skirmishers from the Brigade under Major McDowell of the Thirty-ninth Ohio, was out all night, fighting a strong battle with the enemy. Companies B and G of the Twenty-seventh fired two hundred rounds of cartridges which were brought out to them by details of men under Sergeant Morgan. Many of the enemy's sharpshooters were located high up in the branches of trees, from which place of vantage they shot our skirmishers. They also had a perfect

range on the Forty-third Regiment. Their fire became so destructive that Colonel Smith ordered one of the guns of Battery Robinett to be fired upon them. The second shot brought them down. This was one of the most trying positions our Brigade was placed in during the war.

When the redoubts were built, the timber was cut down four hundred yards in front. Beyond this the forest was so dense that it covered all the movements of the enemy's troops. About ten o'clock in the morning, the Union skirmishers were driven back. The storm broke. Five brigades, four lines deep, with regimental fronts, burst out of the woods, directly north of the railroad station, and covering Davis' Division, penetrated it and rushed at the town. They captured Battery Powell and turned the guns upon Fuller's Brigade. At this time, the left of Hamilton's Division and the right companies of the Twenty-seventh Ohio Fuller's Ohio Brigade were in position intact. They immediately attacked the great column of the enemy as they were spreading past.

Two regiments of Davies' Division in reserve, rose from behind the railroad embankment and poured in a volley of musketry. The Confederates stood but a moment and then broke into great disorder, in their retreat leaving many prisoners, and the ground covered with their dead



CONFEDERATE SHARPSHOOTER AT CORINTH.

and wounded. At that moment, another and larger force of Arkansas, Texas, Alabama and Mississippi troops, estimated at twenty thousand strong, their columns five lines deep, emerged from the woods in full view and rushed forward with desperate charge upon Fuller's Ohio Brigade. Their columns moved in almost unbroken lines, their battle flags flaunting in the clear sunlight. No sight like this had ever before greeted the eyes of the soldiers.

When the enemy had reached a distance of a few yards from the position occupied by Fuller's Ohio Brigade, the Twenty-seventh, Forty-third and Sixty-third Regiments rose en masse and simultaneously delivered a tremendous volley of musketry fire and went at them. The guns in the hands of our trained soldiers told with terrible effect upon the advancing foe.

In the meantime the assailants tumbled behind the shelter of stumps and fallen trees and fired point blank into the Union lines, exchanging shot with the brigade at twenty paces. Thus the two contending forces continued murdering each other until the enemy gathering in their number and strength, rushed their columns up to the Union lines. Reaching the muzzles of the guns in Battery Robinett, the defenders and assailants began clubbing each other with their muskets. Colonel Rogers of the Second Texas rode up to the muzzle of a twenty-four pounder, and in the next instant he and his horse were shot and both fell dead.

After the long practice in the use or arms, the men of the Brigade could load and fire in the shortest possible time, but after each discharge the time necessary to ram the charge down and fire again seemed unusually long. This was especially so when the gun-barrels became so hot after repeated firing that they could hardly be held and the muzzles became so contracted that the paper had to be torn entirely off the cartridge and ball. Yet looking down the line of hostile gun-barrels, right into their muzzles stimulated the work of the defenders.

The Union Batteries were obliged to cease firing because of the close proximity of the contending forces. The fighting was thus desperate and matters looked precarious. The Forty-third Ohio had suffered severely, losing nearly one-fourth of its men. Their Colonel, J. L. Kirby Smith, a young officer of great promise, fell from his horse, mortally wounded. Adjutant Charles Heyl and Captain Spangler were dead. Captains H. S. Prophet and Timmons and Lieutenant Howe and others were wounded.

The command of the regiment fell to Lieutenant-Colonel Swayne who changed front under a withering fire that would have tried the metal of any regiment that ever saw a battle field and every rebel who showed his head above the parapet of Battery Robinett or attempted to enter the embrasure was either killed or wounded.

The Sixty-third Ohio which occupied an exposed position, had suffered a loss of forty-eight per cent of all those engaged, all of their officers except three were killed or wounded while the remnant stood to their work with greatest determination. Captain Oscar L. Jackson was severely wounded in this engagement.

The right companies of the Twenty-seventh Ohio were firing incessantly. Being screened and protected by fallen trees, they did fearful execution upon the flanks of the enemy. The left of that regiment, not so iortunately protected, was fully exposed, with a road in front upon which the enemy came en masse. Companies B, G, and K had lost half of their number, killed or wounded, including all of the commissioned officers of Company G. The Company was therefore left in command of Charles H. Smith, the Orderly Sergeant. Lieutenant Webb was shot and died while shouting to his men to stand firm. At this period of the conflict, the Twenty-seventh which had moved and closed toward the Sixty-third, now sprang forward in a counter charge upon the enemy. In the melée and hand-to-hand encounter which ensued, Company G of the Twenty-seventh rushed upon the color company of the Ninth Texas Infantry. Corporal Cheek wounded the Confederate colorbearer, who fell upon his flag, staining its folds with his blood. Private Orin B. Gould seized the colors. A Confederate officer shot Gould and shouted to his men to save their colors, then dashed toward Gould to shoot him again but he was met by Orderly-Sergeaut Charles H. Smith who rushed forward with his rifle, took the rebel prisoner, marched him to the rear and turned him over to Lieutenant Simpson of Company C. Private Gould took the captured flag to Major Z. S. Spaulding of the Twenty-seventh Ohio who put it into the hands of Colonel Fuller. Meanwhile Gould went to the hospital to be treated.

Among the relics of the Rebellion and other wars in the Relic Room of the Capitol Building in Columbus, Ohio, can be seen this large flag, which has the greatest history of any in the room. The dark spots on it are the blood stains, which gave it the name of the "blood stained flag." It is known as the Ninth Texas battle flag. It has a red ground with blue cross bars and twelve stars. The letter sent with the flag to Governor Todd by Colonel Fuller of the Twenty-seventh Ohio Regiment, gives a history of the circumstances attending the capture of the flag.

The entire color guard of the Ninth Texas Regiment threw down their arms and surrendered. On this spot within a circle of a few feet, there fell in this fight around the flag, Gould, Radway, Statten, Thomas, Burnett, Fullerton, Harpel, Jenkins, Wilson, and Bruner wounded and Turner killed. This tragedy is now a part of the history of the war.



BATTLE OF CORINTH, MISS., Oct. 4th, 1862, 27th O. V. V. I. Capturing the Flag of the 9th Texas.

General Rosecrans says in describing the battle, "The deadly fire of the Ohio Brigade broke them again. I saw the enemy come upon the ridge, while Battery Robinett was belching its fire at them, after their charge had failed. I saw the Twenty-seventh Ohio and the Eleventh Missouri spring up, rush forward and chase them with bayonets into the woods."

A soldier of Hamilton's Division says, "About nine o'clock on the morning of October 4th, there was suddenly heard something like a distant whirlwind. My regiment rose to its feet and was amazed to see a great column of the enemy like a mighty storm-cloud moving out of the woods and attacking the troops on our left. It was the storming of Battery Robinett defended by Fuller's Ohio Brigade. Twenty thousand rebel troops in the greatest assault made by them during the war, covered the ridge opposite, and commenced to pour a destructive fire upon the Twenty-seventh, Forty-third, and Sixty-third Ohio Regiments, and then advanced in three columns, climbing over fallen trees, bending their heads against the awful storm of grape and musketry. I saw the Ohio Brigade rise en masse and pour in a perfect blaze of musket fire, mowing them down like grass. I never expect to see a grander sight than this battle field presented. The renown of this victory is the common heritage of the American Soldier."

After the battle a wounded rebel Lieutenant, while being given some water to drink, said, "You licked us good today, but we gave you the best we had in the ranch."

The Thirty-ninth Ohio, a fine body of men, splendidly disciplined, was obliged to remain in reserve position during the battle, to be shot at without opportunity to return their fire. But their cheers for us and their close proximity nerved us on to fight with great determination.

This counter-charge nearly ended the battle. The enemy became demoralized. Many screened themselves behind the fallen timber, waved their hands or handkerchieves in token of surrender, for to rise meant certain death. The great mass of the enemy retreated in the untmost confusion, and in their route and panic, canteens, muskets, blankets, and other articles, were thrown away. Private Philip R. Harpel, though wounded, brought in eight prisoners who were found hiding behind the fallen timber.

After the battle was over, General Rosecrans rode up to the position occupied by Fuller's Ohio Brigade and warmly addressing the men, said, "I know now that I stand in the presence of brave men and I take off my hat to you. I know this from what I have heard and from what I have seen at a distance, and also from these piles of dead along your front, and I thank you in our country's name for your great valor."

About five o'clock in the afternoon, a company from each regiment of the Brigade, forming a strong skirmish line under command of Major

McDowell, of the Thirty-ninth Ohio and Sergeant Smith of the Twenty-seventh Ohio moved forward five miles over the battle field of the first day, to reconnoiter. They passed the outer line of breastwork where lay on the ground just as they had fallen, a number of Union dead, having been exposed to the rays of the sun for two days. Their bodies were bloated, distorted and blackened, they had been stripped of their clothing by the rebels, and presented a hideous sight. The Confederates had moved their dead. A few squads of the enemy who had been hiding in the woods were captured. After this demonstration, which lasted till after dark, the skirmishers returned and found a supper waiting for them. It had been furnished them by the sutler in consideration of the hardships and loss of food by the men and also because his stores had been saved.

Great camp fires lighted up the horizon and the tired soldiers lay down and slept on the battle field amid the dead and dying.

The Union loss was three hundred and fifty-five killed, and one thousand, eight hundred and forty-nine wounded. Many others were wounded but not reported in the official records, because having their wounds dressed on the field, they immediately returned to their commands, so their names do not appear on the hospital rolls. Thirty-three hundred stand of small arms and fourteen stand of colors were captured.

Rosecrans in his report states that there were one thousand four hundred and twenty-three Confederates buried, five thousand six hundred and ninety-two wounded and two thousand, two hundred and sixty-eight prisoners taken.

This battle was a terrible blow to the Confederacy, from which they never recovered. They advanced to battle with thirty-eight thousand men who fought for two days a Union force of eighteen thousand. They picked from their number twenty thousand of their bravest men and with fierce determination, charged the Ohio Brigade. They were brave men but they met trained and equally gallant soldiers. The battle of Corinth, Mississippi, on October 4th, 1862, will be classed as one of the decisive battles of the war for the Union. The result was a complete overthrow of a gigantic plan, laid out by the Confederates, which if it had been successful, might have placed the Union armies back on the Ohio River.

Major-General W. S. Rosecrans' Report.

Headquarters, Army of the Mississippi.

District of West Tennessee.

Corintii, Mississippi, October 25th, 1862.

The rumors which followed the battle of Iuka were that Price had moved to the vicinity of Ripley and was being joined by Van Dorn with all

the available rebel forces in North Mississippi, for the purpose of capturing Corinth, or breaking up our line of communication and forcing us to retreat toward Columbus. On October 3rd, Colonel Oliver took a strong position with his three regiments and a section of artillery. By nine o'clock, the enemy began to press them sharply and to outflank them. Between Mc-Arthur's and Davies' left there was an interval. The enemy developed his forces along that line. McArthur retired from his position which gave the rebels an opportunity to advance behind Davies' left and forced it after an obstinate resistance to fall back one thousand yards losing two heavy guns. Our troops fought with determined courage, firing very low. The enemy was in full strength and meant mischief. Orders were given for McArthur to fall back to the next ridge to touch on Davies' left, for Stanley (Second Brigade) to move northward and eastward to stand in close with McKean's Division, but nearer town. General Hamilton was to face toward Chewalla.

The Dispositions for the Battle October 4th.

We had now before us as much of the army as the rebels had been able to muster in Northern Mississippi. They were in the angle of the Columbus and Memphis Roads. The plan was to rest our left on the batteries extending from Battery Robinett, our center on the slight ridge and our right on the high ground covering both the Pittsburg and Purdy Roads. McKean had the extreme left. Stanley with his well-tried Division, Batteries William and Robinett, was placed on the Memphis Railroad and the Chewalla Road, extending near to the Columbus Road. Davies' tried Division was placed in the right center. Hamilton's staunch fighting Division was on the right.

The Battle.

This early opening gave promise of a hot day's work. About nine o'clock, our skirmishers in our front by their hot firing proclaimed the presence of their forces preparing for the assault. Soon the heads of columns were seen emerging to attack our center on Davies' first, Stanley's The drawing shows these positions and is renext, and Hamilton's last. ferred to for the sake of brevity. I shall leave to pens dipped in poetic ink to describe the gorgeous protean of the battle and paint in words of fire the heroes of this fight. I can only say that when Price's left bore down on our center in gallant style, their force was so overpowering that our wearied and jaded troops yielded and fell back. I had the personal mortification of witnessing this ontoward and untimely stampede. Riddled and scattered. the ragged forces of Pierce's right storming columns penetrated near to the north side of the square. When it was greeted by a storm of grape from a section of Immel's Battery, soon re-enforced by the Tenth Ohio which sent them whirling back, pursued by the Fifth Minnesota. Davies' right rallied and retook Battery Powell. Hamilton having played upon the rebels on his right, over the open field advanced upon them and they fled. The battle was over on the right. During this time, the skirmishers on the left were twenty minutes after the attack on our right, the enemy advanced in four columns on Battery Robinett, and were treated to grape and cannister until within fifty yards, when the Ohio Brigade arose and gave them a murderous fire of musketry before which they reeled and fell back to the woods. They, however, gallantly reformed and advanced again to the charge led by Colonel Rogers of the Second Texas. This time they reached the edge of the ditch but the deadly musketry fire of the Ohio Brigade again broke them, and at the word "Charge," the Eleventh Missouri and Twenty-seventh Ohio, sprang up and forward at them, chasing their broken fragments into the woods. * * * Thus at noon, ended the battle of October 4th. Our skirmishers began to advance and found that their skirmishers had gone from the field. * * * I rode over our lines announcing the result in person, and notified our victorious troops that after two days of fighting, two almost sleepless nights of preparation, and march, I wished them to replenish their cartridge boxes, haversacks, and stomachs, take an early sleep and start in pursuit by daylight. * * *

The results of this bloody battle are: We fought the combined rebel forces of Mississippi, commanded by Van Dorn and Price, Lovell, Villepague, Rust and the remnants of Breckenridge's Corps numbering according to their own authorities, thirty-eight thousand men. We signally defeated them with a little more than half their number, and they fled leaving their dead and wounded on the field. The enemy's loss in killed was fourteen hundred and twenty-three and in wounded was five thousand six hundred and ninety-two. We took two thousand, two hundred and sixty-eight prisoners, representing sixty nine regiments, seven Battalions and Thirteen Batteries. Besides separate companies, we took fourteen stands of colors, two pieces of artillery, three thousand, three hundred stand of small arms, forty-five thousand rounds of ammunition and a large lot of accourrements. The enemy blew up several ammunition wagons and carriages, between Corinth and Chewalla, and the ground was strewn with tents, officers' mess chests, and small arms. We pursued them forty miles in force and sixty miles with calvary. Our loss was only three hundred and fifteen killed, one thousand, eight hundred and twelve wounded and two hundred and thirtytwo prisoners. The officers and men who in this battle deserve special mention, most conspicuous, number one hundred and sixty-nine.

W. S. Rosecrans, Major-General.

MAJOR JOHN A. RAWLINS, Assistant Adjutant General.

Report of Colonel John W. Fuller, Twenty-seventh Ohio Infantry, Commanding First Brigade.

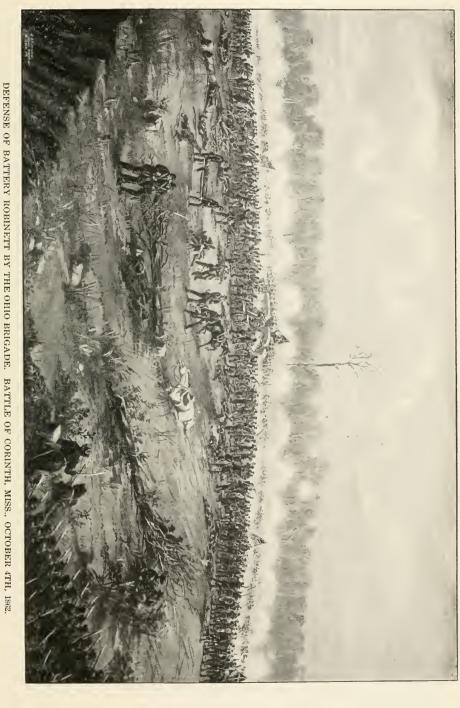
Headquarters, First Brigade, Second Division.
Army of the Mississippi.
Corinth, Mississippi, October 13th, 1862.

LIEUTENANT W. H. SINCLAIR, Acting Assistant Adjutant General,

Second Division, Army of the Mississippi.

I have the honor to submit for the information of the General commanding the Second Division, the following report of the part taken by my command in the recent battle of Corinth.

At daylight on the morning of the 3rd instant, we moved from the Tuscumbia Creek, where it is crossed by the southerly road leading from



Changing front forward on 1st Co., crushing the right flank of the Confederate columns. 43d O. V. I. Sketched by D. Auld, 43d O. V. I. Being cut to pieces but holding their line. 63d O. V. I. Capturing flag ef 9th Texas. 27th O. V. I.

39th O. V. J. In reserve.

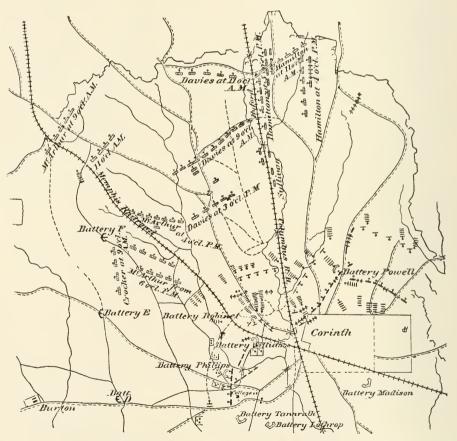
Corinth to Kossuth, and marched to Whitefield's house, formerly the headquarters of Major-General Grant. While halting here the Forty-third Ohio Infantry, Colonel Smith, and a section of the Third Michigan Battery, which had been sent to Kussuth the day before, rejoined the Brigade. About noon we marched to the outer line of defences on the westerly side of the town, resting our right near Battery D, the artillery placed in position to command the road leading from the west. An hour afterward we moved by our right flank until we covered Battery E, and planted the artillery so as to command the approaches to that work. About four o'clock in the afternoon, orders came to retire to a position near the Seminary, upon reaching which I gave orders at once to deploy into line. Before this was fully executed, we were again ordered to move to a point near to Battery Williams, and again to proceed to the space between the Mobile and Ohio Railroad and the earthwork next easterly from that road. Forming line upon the crest with our right resting near the work referred to, we stacked arms, expecting to defend that position. After the troops were here supplied with water and rations (a precaution on the part of the commanding General, of inestimable importance) we were again in motion, and crossing the Mobile and Ohio Railroad, were soon occupying a position in front of Battery Williams, from which General Davies' command was then being withdrawn. The General commanding the Division placed the Forty-third Ohio (Colonel J. L. Kirby Smith) in position near the crest of the ridge fronting the west, the right of the regiment resting near Battery Robinett, while I in accordance with his instructions, found the line fronting to the north as follows: The Sixty-third Ohio (Colonel J. W. Sprague) with the left resting near the road which passes Battery Robinett, distant about thirty yards from the battery; the Twenty-seventh Ohio (Major Z. S. Spaulding) next on the right of the Sixty-third, and the Thirty-ninth Ohio (Colonel A. W. Gilbert) holding the right of our line. The General having directed me to look well to the guard, as soon as the line was formed I went to the outpost, when I learned that the guard of General Davies' Division had been withdrawn; also that immediately the enemy's pickets advanced to the edge of the woods, and had already fired with fatal effect upon the small squad of dismounted cavalry which occupied the road leading thence to our position. I immediately sent two companies of the Sixty-third Ohio to occupy this road, with orders to press as far toward the woods as possible. The night prevented my seeing with what force the enemy held the woods, and thinking it hazardous to move a small force along this road into the woods to be there deployed, I ordered Major Spaulding, Twenty-seventh Ohio, to deploy a line of skirmishers immediately in front of our lines, with instructions to creep out cautiously through the fallen timber, and if possible, to gain and hold the edges of the woods. The skirmishers were not strong enough to gain the woods, but they held a position from which they replied effectively to the enemy's sharpshooters during the morning, firing no less than seventy rounds to the man. The guard in the night succeeded in making a prisoner of Captain Tobin (and his bugler) who had planted his battery within two hundred yards of our position, and who when captured, was making a reconnaissance along the road leading from the woods. After daylight a portion of this guard, under Captain Brown of the Sixty-third Ohio, crept up to the edge of the forest and captured and brought into our lines a cais-

REVISED AS TO POSITIONS OF THE OHIO BRIGADE BY MAJ. CHAS. H. SMITH AND DAVID AULD.

son, with four horses attached, and soon after the James gun to which it belonged was brought in by a squad of the First United States Infantry from Battery Robinett.

Between three and four o'clock in the morning, the enemy's guns in front of our position sounded the reveille, which instantly aroused the entire command. Shot, shell, grape and canister were poured over the entire field with great rapidity, but owing to the protection afforded by the ground occupied, we suffered comparatively little loss. Captain Williams' guns suddenly responded and the moment the light enabled him to aim with precision, the enemy precipitately withdrew his batteries.

About nine or ten o'clock in the morning, three companies were detailed under command of Major H. T. McDowell of the Thirty-ninth Ohio, with orders to deploy as skirmishers and, co-operating with those already advanced, to push forward into the woods and ascertain whether the enemy was there in strength. This deployment was made under the personal direc-



LINES OF BATTLE OCT. 3d AND 4th, 1862, AT CORINTH, MISS. Rebellion Record, Vol. 17.

tion of the General commanding the Division, and the skirmishers, soon after reaching the woods, were driven back by the enemy, who was already forming his column for the assault. As the indications increased that the enemy would soon attack us, I moved the whole line, which faced north, a little to the left, so as to bring the Sixty-third Ohio close to the ditch surrounding the battery, the two companies of the Sixty-third on the left, crossing and occupying the road.

At about eleven o'clock, while in Battery Robinett, I saw the enemy approaching through the woods in four close columns, one moving down the road, one to the west of it and moving nearly parallel with it, and two others on the easterly side of the road. I afterward learned that the column in the road was the Sixth Texas, their left column the Ninth Texas, and the others Arkansas Regiments, whose numbers I failed to get, the four regiments being the Brigade of General Phifer. Immediately in their rear and supporting General Phifer, was the Brigade of Colonel Moore. As soon as I saw the movement, I ordered Colonel J. L. Kirby Smith to change his front forward, to better protect the battery. Thinking the enemy's column, if resolute, would be sure to break the line of the Sixty-third Ohio where it was so greatly exposed, I ordered the Eleventh Missouri (Major Weber) to a position directly in the rear of the Sixty-third and distant not more than twenty-five yards, and directed Major Weber, in case the Sixtythird gave way, to rise up and charge the enemy at a double-quick, and to be particular not to fire a shot until he saw the backs of the enemy.

Directly after running along the line of the Sixty-third and Twenty-seventh Regiments, I cautioned the men to hold their fire until the enemy was close upon them. When the column in the road (which moved more rapidly than the others) had approached within one hundred yards of our line, the Sixty-third and some of the left companies of the Twenty-seventh opened fire upon it. The head of the column almost instantly disappeared and the rear recoiled rapidly to the edge of the woods. It was immediately reformed, and strengthened by another regiment, again advanced to the assault with great gallantry. The Sixty-third Ohio, which had already suffered greatly from a cloud of sharpshooters, seemed the principal target for the enemy, and almost immediately its ranks were so riddled and broken I could see the enemy's column as well as if their line had never intervened. Nine out of thirteen line officers had fallen, and with half their number killed or wounded, the regiment fell back to the rear to reform.

At this moment the men of the Eleventh Missouri sprang to their feet and received a volley which for the instant, staggered them. The next moment they pressed forward with heroic gallantry, and the Twenty-seventh Ohio, whose left had fallen back slightly, joining in the movement and uniting their flanks, the two regiments rushed in splendid style upon the enemy, instantly routing him and driving him in utter confusion from the field, which was thickly strewn with the dead and wounded. A large number were immediately made prisoners while the others, secreting themselves in fallen timber and unable to escape, were brought in squads to our lines, where all were sent to the guard near Battery Williams. From the best information I can obtain after diligent inquiry, I estimated the number at about two hundred.

During the movement just described on the right of Battery Robinett, the Forty-third Ohio engaged the enemy on the left of that work. Thrown into momentary disorder by the fall of their Colonel, and rallied by the efforts of Lieutenant-Colonel Swayne and the General commanding the Division, they successfully repulsed that column which marched west of the road and shot every rebel who showed his head above the parapet of the fort or attempted to enter through the embrasures.

I must not omit to mention the hand to hand fight which occurred between the Ninth Texas and the Twenty-seventh Ohio. As the Ninth Texas approached our lines, and when distant not more than six or eight yards, Orrin B. Gould, a private in Company G, Twenty-seventh Ohio, shot the Texas color bearer, who was marching at the head of the column. Seeing the colors fall, young Gould with others sprang forward to secure them, when a rebel officer sang out to his men, "Save the colors," and at the same time put a bullet into the breast of Gould. The young hero was not to be intimidated, however, and bore away the rebel flag in triumph.

About one o'clock in the afternoon, the rebels again showed themselves in force in front of our position, a little to the left of the ground from which their column moved upon us, whereupon I ordered Captain Maurice, commanding Light Battery F United States Artillery, to plant two twelve-pounder howitzers near and to the west of Battery Robinett. Two companies of the Eleventh Missouri were placed in the ditch surrounding the fort and the Thirty-ninth Ohio (Lieutenant-Colonel Noyes) moving by their left flank, was formed in rear of the battery, the right wing facing to the north and the left to the west. It was a source of regret to me and a disappointment to the officers and men that this splendid regiment had no opportunity to show the rebels their power.

Inasmuch as the batteries belonging to this Brigade were ordered away, and I remained unadvised of the position assigned them, I was unable to speak of the part taken by them in action. Fortunately I learned the whereabouts of Captain Maurice when his howitzers were needed, and I hear the conduct of the battery spoken of in such flattering terms by the officers upon whom I rely that I feel proud to know that it is a part of this command. I doubt not the chief of artillery will do full justice to that and to the other battery in this brigade.

In the disposition of troops as well as in other matters herein referred to, I followed carefully and minutely the instructions I had received from the General commanding the Division, excepting when the suddenness of the enemy's movements gave me no opportunity to refer to him; in these instances I did not hesitate to give such orders as I deemed necessary.

To the officers commanding regiments no small share of praise is due for the brilliant victory which was won. Colonel J. L. K. Smith, the most accomplished officer in the brigade, fell at the head of his regiment while giving his commands as if at parade, and Lieutenant-Colonel Swayne assuming command under the most trying circumstances, soon restored order in his regiment, and fought it with the utmost gallantry. Colonel J. W. Sprague, whose regiment had the most exposed position, stood at his post cheering his men on when two-thirds of his officers and half his command had fallen, and in an incredibly short space of time reformed his men and

brought them again into line. Colonel Gilbert, thrown from his horse before the assault was made, left his regiment in command of Lieutenant-Colonel Noyes, an officer who is efficient and faithful as he is brave and determined. Major Z. S. Spaulding, the only field officer with the Twenty-seventh, commanded with marked ability, checking the enthusiasm of the men until the proper moment, and pressing them forward when the enemy was in a situation to be crushed.

Major Weber, commanding the Eleventh Missouri, though not attached to this brigade, fought under my command during the action and displayed much of the true soldier, and handled his regiment with skill that I should do injustice to my own feelings did I not speak of him in this connection. He is doubtless one of the best officers in this division and deserves great

praise for his conduct during the battle.

I should not close my report without acknowledging my obligations to Captain W. H. Lathrop, of my staff, whose coolness and good judgment rendered him of very good assistance to me; nor to Captain C. W. Dustin, my Assistant Adjutant-General, whose promptness in the execution of orders and whose gallant bearing meet my hearty approval. The mounted Orderlies (detailed from the Thirty-sixth Illinois) two of whom were wounded and two of whose horses were shot down during the action, also deserve especial thanks for their soldierly conduct.

The following statement of casualties will show that though the action

was short, the victory was not gained without a desperate struggle.

Command F	Killed	Wounded	Missing	Total
Twenty-seventh Ohio	9	69	6	78
Thirty-ninth Ohio		13		15
Forty-third Ohio		74		90
Sixty-third Ohio	24	105	3	132
Second U. S., Artillery, Light Co. F		3		3
Third Michigan Battery		6	2	8
Wisconsin Light Artillery,				
Eighth Battery Section		3		3
Illinois Cavalry, Jenk's Company		2		2
	_			
Total	51	275		331

Our rejoicings over the result are mingled with bitter grief as we think of the brave hearts that have ceased to beat. The Forty-third Ohio has been signally afflicted. Colonel J. L. Kirby Smith, who died this afternoon (October 13) enjoyed not only the confidence and the esteem of every officer of this command, but was respected and loved by the whole army. The loss of Captain Spangler is one which his regiment will long and deeply feel, and in First Lieutenant Heyl. Adjutant of the regiment, has passed away one of the most genial, faithful, and useful officers of this brigade. The Sixty-third Ohio recounts the loss of Captain McFadden who died a patriotic death, fearlessly discharging his duty. The Twenty-seventh Ohio in First Lieutenant W. S. Webb, lost one of the most able and valuable officers on its rolls. Enduring physical powers, an iron will, a clear head, and a cultivated intellect rendered him peculiarly useful to the service, and gave promise of prominence and great influence in the future. Nor shall

we forget the brave men in the ranks who fought and fell on October 4th. Their comrades will cherish their memory, and when gathered around the camp fires will often repeat the story of their heroism, and our country will remember with pride their glorious achievements.

I have the honor to be

Very respectfully yours,
John W. Fuller, Colonel, Twenty-seventh Ohio,

Commanding the First Brigade.

CHAPTER XIV.

A HERO AT CORINTH.

A TALE OF VALOR TOLD BY COLONEL FULLER OF THE TWENTY-SEVENTH OHIO
IN A LETTER TO THE GOVERNOR OF OHIO.

"The rebels in four close columns were pressing with gallantry amounting to recklessness, upon the Ohio Brigade, with the evident intention of breaking our lines, when the terrible and incessant fire of our men drove them back in the utmost confusion.

"The Ninth Texas bore down upon the left center of the Twenty-seventh Ohio with this flag at the head of their column, and advanced to within six or eight yards of our lines, when Orrin B. Gould, a private of Company G, shot down the color bearer and rushed forward for the rebel flag.

"A rebel officer shouted to his men to 'save the colors' and at the same moment put a bullet into the breast of Gould. But the young hero was not to be intimidated. With the flagstaff in his hand, and the bullet in his breast, he returned to his regiment waving the former defiantly in the faces of the enemy.

"After the battle when visiting the hospital, I found young Gould stretched upon the cot, evidently in great pain. Upon seeing me, his pale face was instantly radiant with smiles and pointing to his wound, he said, 'Colonel, I don't care for this, since I got their flag.'"

CORRESPONDENCE ACCOMPANYING THE MESSAGE.

THE STATE OF OHIO, EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT.

COLUMBUS, OCTOBER 16TH, 1862.

John W. Fuller, Colonel of the Twenty-seventh Regiment, O. V. I., Ripley, Miss.

Dear Colonel:-

I have the pleasure to acknowledge the receipt of your letter on the 9th instant, accompanying the bloody flag of the Ninth Texas Regiment, captured by the gallant Orrin B. Gould, a Private of Company G, in your regiment, in the great battle fought on the 4th instant near Corinth. The brave and daring act of Gould, when made known to the loyal people of our State, will fill their hearts with joy and gratitude. I am pained to learn that the wound received by this hero proved fatal, and that he is no longer in the land of the living, to enjoy the rich reward due to his gallantry. But, although dead, I have determined to give his relatives and brother soldiers evidence of my appreciation of his noble conduct; and therefore herewith enclose you a commission for him as Captain in your Regiment, of the date of your great Battle October 4th, 1862.

The bloody flag sent me I have given a prominent position in the room in the State House appropriate to the keeping of the many trophies taken on the field of battle by the brave and loyal hearts from Ohio, and, as the most fitting account of our possession of this trophy, I attach your elegant

and manly letter to the Flag.

In this connection, allow me to assure you and the brave men under your command, that the noble bearing and gallantry of your regiment, on that bloody field, is fully appreciated by the people of Ohio. Make this known to the heroes of your regiment, and assure them that when this war is over, and our glorious old flag can again float over every inch of the territory possessed by the United States, and they, thus permitted to return to their homes they love so much, will receive the hearty greetings of all who appreciate our glorious institutions.

Very truly yours, David Tod, Governor.

Report of Major Zeph S. Spaulding.

TWENTY-SEVENTH OHIO INFANTRY.
IN THE FIELD NEAR RIPLEY, OCTOBER 9TH, 1862.

This regiment left camp on the Tuscumbia River on the morning of Friday the 3rd instant, and marched with the brigade to a point about one and one-half mile from Corinth, and inside the outer line of defences. From here we marched to what was formerly known as Battery D, where we took our position as support to Maurice's Battery. Soon after, we retired into the town and formed our lines on the north side of the place. During the night, we changed our position to one in front and on the right of the northwest defences of Corinth, and I was ordered to form my line,

on the right of what is known as Battery Robinett.

At one o'clock on the 4th instant, I sent Company B, under command of First Lieutenant Bryan, as skirmishers into the woods, about four hundred yards to the front, where they remained, doing good execution, until driven back by a heavy force of the enemy, about eleven o'clock. At nine o'clock in the morning, I sent out Company A, First Lieutenant Sawyer commanding, as skirmishers, who were driven back at the same time. daylight a rebel battery in the woods in front of us opened a heavy fire, most of their shots going over us, but from which we had one man killed and three wounded. At eleven o'clock, a heavy force of the enemy appeared in our front. They advanced upon us in four columns, by the flank. one of which, headed by the Ninth Texas, came forward in the direction of the left wing of this regiment. I ordered the men to hold their fire until the enemy came within short range and screen themselves as much as possible by means of the brush in front of them. As the enemy came up the hill, the Twenty-seventh poured into them a galling fire, advancing as they did so until it became almost a hand to hand conflict.

At this time the Sixty-third Ohio, upon our left, was forced back and I found my left and rear was being endangered. I therefore ordered my left to form a line with the Eleventh Missouri, just brought up to take the place of the Sixty-third Ohio. and together we charged over the hill, driv-

ing the enemy in great confusion and with great loss, and the engagement so far as we were concerned, was practically ended. Our loss amounted to nine killed including one commissioned officer (First Lieutenant Webb of Company G), forty-seven wounded, including two commissioned officers (Captain Lynch and Lieutenant Young of Company G) and six missing, who I have since learned were wounded, and reported a few hours later.

A number of others received wounds but were not reported.

Saturday night, my men slept upon their arms upon the field, and on Sunday morning, marched with the brigade in pursuit of the enemy. Tuesday night, we bivouaced about five miles from Ripley. Wednesday morning, I was ordered out on reconnaissance under Lieutenant-Colonel Swayne, and proceeded to a point on the road from Rienzi to Ripley. Five companies of this regiment were used as skirmishers upon this occasion. We found no trace of the enemy save a few stragglers from the rebel army. The same evening we returned to our former bivouac.

During the entire engagement and march my officers and men behaved

with great credit and to my entire satisfaction.

(Signed) Z. S. Spaulding, Major Commanding.

Report of Lieutenant-Colonel Edward F. Noyes.

THIRTY-NINTH OHIO.
CAMP NEAR RIPLEY, MISSISSIPPI, OCTOBER 9, 1862.

On the 3rd instant, this regiment marched under orders, from place of bivouac, near Kossuth, to Corinth, arriving about five o'clock in the afternoon. Our men having marched without water during the day, it was deemed expedient to draw in wagons enough to satisfy immediate necessities. Before all were supplied the evening was far advanced.

During the night, the Thirty-ninth Ohio was posted on the right of the First Brigade. General Stanley's Division on the Purdy Road west of Corinth. At daybreak on the morning of the 4th, * * * * the enemy commenced shelling our position, but were driven from their guns by our

fire.

About nine o'clock in the morning, two companies of this regiment, A and K., were sent to the front, north of the Purdy Road, and deployed as skirmishers under Major McDowell, * * * * who had been detailed to command the skirmishers of the brigade. They advanced into the woods, discovered the enemy in force, and were immediately fired upon along the whole line. Soon the Confederate columns were observed moving in a southeasterly direction from the woods toward the town and two brigades advanced to charge the battery, which the Ohio Brigade was posted to support. The Thirty-ninth Ohio was ordered to look well to the right, and to be prepared for an attempt by the enemy, then near the town, to turn our right flank, but the other regiments of the brigade being hard pressed by the greatly superior force attacking them, this regiment was ordered to move by the flank to the left, to support the Twenty-seventh, Forty-third and Sixty-third Ohio Regiments. We accordingly took position with our right wing fronting to the north and our left wing at right angles to it, fronting to the west, and we so remained during the day.

The line of our skirmishers, when the engagement became general, being covered by the cross fire of the battery in our rear, which was working against the columns of the enemy, approaching the town, Major McDowell withdrew them and ordered them to rejoin the regiment. The skirmishers did good service, keeping a rapid and well directed fire upon the columns of the enemy, massed within easy range of the lines. The enemy being repulsed with terrible loss on all sides, fell back. During the night, Companies D and G of this regiment, with others of the brigade, under Major McDowell were sent out to discover the position of the enemy, who were found to have made a precipitate retreat, leaving his dead and wounded upon the field. * * * *

Early on the morning of the 5th, we commenced the pursuit. We

bivouaced that night on the state line road near Chewalla.

On the 6th we marched to Crums Mills on the Hatchie River, and on the 7th, to a point northeast of Ripley, where we lay upon our arms during the night, the enemy being reported near. On the 8th, with the 27th and 43rd, made a reconnaissance four miles east of Ripley. * * * *

EDWARD F. NOYES, Lieutenant-Colonel Commanding.

Report of Licutenant-Colonel Wager Swayne.

FORTY-THIRD OHIO INFANTRY.

NEAR RIPLEY, MISSISSIPPI, OCTOBER 9TH, 1862.

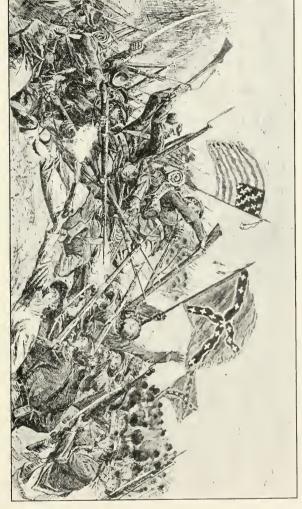
I submit the following report of the part taken by this command in the recent battle of Corinth:

The regiment in command of Colonel J. L. Kirby Smith, moved from Kossuth on the morning of the 3rd instant, and, rejoining the brigade at the crossing of the Tuscumbia, reach Corinth at sundown. The same evening, we took position in line, facing northwest, along the crest of a ridge, connecting a large battery half a mile north of Corinth, and known as Battery Williams, with a small one, distant about the length of our line, and known to us as Battery Robinett.

We remained in line during the night and throughout the action of the next day. At four o'clock in the morning, a field battery of the enemy took position a few hundred yards to our right and slightly in our rear, and opened fire, which was chiefly directed at the two earthworks between which

we lay. During this fire we lost two men killed, and ten wounded.

Between daylight and ten o'clock in the morning our wounded were increased to eighteen by the fire of the enemy's sharpshooters, posted in trees. At the time of the general attack, toward noon, the enemy advanced a great force, nearly in the direction of our lines, upon the lesser earthwork on our right. Our front was immediately changed forward on first company, so as to afford us more direct range. At this moment our regiment suffered the most severely. Colonel Smith fell, dangerously shot through the head; Adjutant Heyl was mortally wounded in the bowels, and Captain J. M. Spangler, of Company A, was instantly killed by a ball through the head.



BATTLE OF CORINTH, MISS., OCT. 4th, 1862. The 45d Ohio Defending Battery Robinett.

Fire was kept up upon the enemy during and after the execution of the movement, until the head of his column had gained the parapet, and opened fire on our rear from the opposite side of the earthwork on our right. The regiment was then moved slightly to the left and the right thrown back, so as to fire into the battery and meet the enemy in the new direction. This movement was attended with confusion, which was promptly checked on the appearance and by the efforts of General Stanley. The enemy was driven from the parapet, the right advanced into the battery, and the advance of the enemy, on the right of the battery, being meanwhile repulsed, our left was again thrown forward and assisted in driving the enemy into the woods. He made no further demonstration againt that part of our lines.

The behavior of the regiment was under your own inspection. I am proud to state that not one of the officers thus suddenly left to my command, failed to do his duty with alacrity. I should do injustice if I failed to mention the valuable services of Major Herrick, after the irreparable loss of our commanding officer.

Colonel Smith was wounded while displaying the utmost gallantry. Captain Spangler and Lieutenant Heyl fell in the courageous discharge of their duty. Captain S. F. Timmons and Lieutenants S. McClaren, H. S. Prophet and A. L. Howe being wounded, bore up without a murmur.

Our loss was sixteen killed and seventy-four wounded, embracing many of our best and bravest. Our grief for the fallen is tempered by their honorable death, and our sympathy for the wounded is heightened by the knowledge that their hearts are in the cause. * * * *

Wager Swayne, Lieutenant-Colonel Commanding. Captain W. H. Lathrop. A. A. A. Genl.

Report of Colonel John W. Sprague, Sixty-third Ohio, Infantry, First Brigade, Second Division, Army of the Mississippi.

NEAR RIPLEY, MISSISSIPPI, OCTOBER 9TH, 1862.

Nine companies of my command (Company D, Captain Fouts, being on detached duty) consisting of two hundred and seventy-five men, left camp near Tuscumbia River, about three o'clock in the morning of the 3rd instant and marched to Corinth, distant about six miles, during the morning. Our position was changed several times. In the evening we rested near the fort, north of Major-General Rosecrans' headquarters. About ten o'clock at night, I was ordered to take position immediately on the right of the field redoubt (armed with three twenty-pounder parrot guns) in front and to the left of Captain Williams' fort and headquarters. On the left of the first named work was the Forty-third Ohio and on my right was the Twenty-seventh Ohio. * * * * Soon after taking this position, Companies B and G commanded by Captain C. E. Brown and Lieutenant Browning, were sent out on the Chewalla Road to the north and west from Corinth. During the night, Captain Brown captured Captain Toben of Toben's (Tennessee) Battery and his Bugler and brought them in. They were sent forward to the headquarters of General D. S. Stanley.

Captain Brown heard the enemy near his position planting a battery and at about four o'clock in the morning, fired several volleys—it was believed with good effect. Almost immediately after the enemy opened fire from their battery planted in our front, distant less than three hundred yards. During the morning several of our men were wounded by the fire from this battery and by the enemy's sharpshooters. About ten o'clock in the morning, the enemy's columns were seen emerging from the woods into the partly open ground in our front. My men were kept lying down until the enemy had advanced within fifty yards of our position. Our fire was then delivered with such effect as to check their advance, but they were again pushed on and again checked and forced to retire, leaving the ground

literally covered with dead and wounded.

They again advanced after a short interval and opened a furious fire upon us. At the same time a column of the enemy charged the redoubt immediately on my left and advanced in strong force in front. The fire to which my regiment was exposed at this time was terrific and deadly. Soon the enemy on my left had advanced so far as to pour an infilading fire along nearly the whole line of my regiment. My left was thrown back slightly to meet this assault and our fire was delivered with such effect upon the enemy who had reached the ditch of the redoubt mentioned as to nearly fill the ditch with their dead and wounded. Every officer and man of my command seemed to put forth superhuman exertions to hold our position, but no troops could long stand against such unequal odds pouring a fire upon front and flank.

Out of thirteen line officers, nine were killed or wounded, and forty-five per cent of my whole force shared the same fate to say nothing of the number necessarily detailed to carry off the wounded. As an evidence of the deadly fire to which my left was exposed, I may say that fifty-three per cent was either killed or wounded, and not an officer left except Captain Brown. My left wing and center fell back at my order and were gallantly replaced by the Eleventh Missouri Volunteers. In less than ten minutes, one hundred and thirty-five of my regiment were formed in the front line in good order and there remained during the rest of the day and through the following night, but the battle was over and a most brilliant victory won.

I need not attempt to describe the fierce assault and murderous fire to which my command was exposed, either to General Stanley, commanding the Division, or to Colonel Fuller, commanding the Brigade, for the fighting of my regiment was in their immediate presence and many of my men

fell fighting bravely within an arm's length of them.

I cannot speak too highly of the conduct of the officers and men under my command. Captain Frank T. Gillmore, Company A, was never, I believe, excelled by any young officer for efficiency and daring. When the enemy commenced the principal infantry attack, he was in front with his skirmishers. The fierceness of the assault forced him to retire around the Thirty-ninth Ohio Regiment and thus regain his position in line, which he did at double-quick arriving in time to open fire with the rest of the regiment. Captain Brown, Company B, on the extreme left, went out with twelve men and brought in one of the enemy's caissons, under a sharp fire. Captain Christopher E. Smith, Company C, was severely wounded in the leg but refused to go to the rear until the fight was over and the victory

won. He displayed rare gallantry and ability. Captain George W. Fitzsimmons and Lieutenant William H. Cherry, Company E, were both wounded but fought bravely to the end. First Lieutenant Nesbit Conley, commanding Company F, was stunned by a blow on the head, but joined again in the fight almost immediately. Lieutenant John W. Browning commanding Company G, was wounded three times before leaving the field. Captain Oscar L. Jackson, Company H, a young officer of great promise, was severely and it is feared mortally wounded. He held his company in perfect order until two-thirds of his men were killed or wounded. First Lieutenant William Cornell, commanding Company I, exhibited the finest qualities of an officer during the entire day. Second Lieutenant James A. Gillmon of the same company received a painful wound, but insisted that the more severely wounded should be cared for first. His conduct during the fight was most gallant. First Lieutenant W. W. Mason, Company C, behaved with coolness and bravery during the fight. Captain James McFadden, Company K, just promoted, an earnest and intelligent officer, fell mortally wounded, dying the death of a patriot. Lieutenant S. W. Cunningham behaved bravely, and was severely wounded in the face. Captain Otis W. Pollock, Acting Adjutant, rendered efficient and gallant service during the day. Assistant Surgeon A. B. Monahan was knocked from his horse in the morning by a piece of shell striking him near the eye, but when I visited the hospital in the evening, I found of the ninety of my wounded, that had been brought in, every one had been dressed and tenderly cared for by him. Acting Assistant Surgeons Marsh and Arnold were ordered to report on the field. First Lieutenant Holly Skinner, Regimental Quartermaster, rendered most effective service. Chaplain Benjamin St. James was zealous in his efforts to provide comforts and in caring for the wounded.

Early on the morning of the 5th instant, I joined with my command in the pursuit of Van Dorn's and Price's Armies. On the 7th, we reached a point near Ripley. * * * * The list of killed, wounded and missing shows a loss of twenty-four killed, one hundred and five wounded (eight mortally) and three missing, or forty-eight per cent of the entire number taken

into action. * * * * *

J. W. Sprague, Colonel Commanding.

Report of Captain Edward H. Cummings, C. S. A., Acting Inspector-General, on the Battle of Corinth, including the Engagement at the Hatchic River and Holly Springs, Mississippi.

Остовек 11тн, 1862.

Dear General:

On the morning of October 3rd, with about fifteen thousand men or sixteen thousand (effective), we attacked Corinth on the northwest side, Lovell with three brigades forming our right, and Price with seven, our left. The attack commenced about eight-thirty. By eleven o'clock we had felt our way up to the rifle pits which we constructed last spring about

three miles from the town, and about twelve o'clock we stormed them. They were not obstinately defended and our loss was small. Lovell then took the south side of the Memphis and Charleston Railroad, and we the north, and moved on. Our Division (Maury's) right of Price, and center of army, was soon hotly engaged and swept several brigades before us, until we reached the inner line of works which the Yankees had put up in Corinth a few hundred yards from the intersection of the Railroads. Moore's (our First) Brigade did the heavy business, carrying three camps and turning a strong redoubt in Lovell's front, saving him the trouble of carrying it, and we rested that night within four or five hundred yards of the works mentioned. All night a great rattling of wagons and shouting of teamsters and suppressed murmurs of hurrying hosts denoted great activity, from which some of us surmised that the enemy was evacuating.

Before dawn, fourteen pieces of artillery commenced playing on the town (Corinth) and batteries from the front of our lines, four hundred or five hundred yards, as I said, and were replied to by an immensely superior and concentrating fire, which as soon as daylight revealed us perfectly exposed, compelled us to withdraw. One piece, however, was captured by a sortie of the enemy's skirmishers. We then advanced and entered Corinth. Our Division obtained the ground from the Tishomingo Hotel, back of Bragg's old headquarters. Hebert was on our left and occupied the works on the ridge northwest of your house. But we scarcely got in when we met and were overwhelmed* by the enemy's massive reserves. Our lines melted under their fire like snow in thaw. The fragments who escaped formed again before we got beyond the fire of the batteries and Lovell came over and became rear guard, and we fell back nine miles that night; our division did not number eight hundred men.

Next morning we fell back, intending to retreat by the same route by which we had approached, but found the passage of the Hatchie River disputed by Hurlbut's Corps, twelve thousand strong, which had marched across from Bolivar and reached Pocahontas before us. The bridge was about two miles from Pocohontas. Moore's and Phifer's remnants of brigades crossed and were again gobbled up and we lost one battery. The rest of the division got up and, though greatly exhausted, managed to hold the enemy in check for two hours, the other fragments of brigades and regiments composing Hebert's division coming up feebly and supporting us. We gave up the attempt to cross and fell back again and marched by another route to the south. The enemy had burned the bridge by which we now hoped to get out but Frank C. Armstrong, who proved our salvation, had, with great foresight and energy rebuilt it. The enemy did not pursue with any great vigor, and we saved nearly everything but our wounded, and some of them. Bowen lost part of his train. We brought off two captured guns and lost five, and brought along three hundred prisoners. I do not know the loss of the (our) army. Price is reduced from ten thousand to between five thousand and six thousand. Lovell has not suffered a great deal. The enemy's force I do not know. When we got into Corinth, he swallowed up seven brigades of as good fighting men as I ever saw, in about twenty minutes. He had abundance of heavy artillery of heavy caliber. I saw ten-inch shot in the field. No casualities in staff except Major Balfour killed, an elegant and gallant gentleman, and young Sullivane taken and since parolled, both of Van Dorn's staff. More than one-half of the line officers of our (Price's) army are killed, wounded and missing.

After all that has happened, I am happy to say that the moral of the

army, or what is left of it, is astonishingly good.

General Maury has looked over this and says it is clear and correct. Here is a list of our division casualities:

Officers Killed Officers 34 Men 211	Wounded 121 805		
Total 245	926	1427	2598

God bless you, my dear General, and send us better days.
Your devoted friend and servant,

E. H. Cummings, General G. T. Beauregard, C. S.

Partial Report of Major-General Earl Van Dorn, C. S. A., Commanding the Army of West Tennessee, on the Battle of Corinth, including the Engagements at Hatchie's Bridge and the Operations of August 30th to October 12th.

HOLLY SPRINGS, MISSISSIPPI, OCTOBER 7, 1862.

Honorable Secretary of War:

Dispatch received at Pocohontas near Corinth. Attacked Corinth, took all the outer works by storm and got within the town. Enemy received fresh reinforcements and we could not complete the work; retired. The Bolivar force (Grant's) came down on my line of retreat and prevented crossing of the Hatchie; moved south; crossed six miles below and now at Ripley with all baggage and as many of the wounded as we could carry. Bloody affair; enemy still threatens; will fight him at all points; there are about forty thousand still in Tennessee; will have hard fighting.

EARL VAN DORN, Major-General.

Indorsement—Respectfully submitted to the President:

It will be necessary to re-enforce at once if possible.

The ground was well known to me and required no study to determine where to make the attack.

In the judgment of military men, Corinth is the key to the whole position. Its stragetic importance has been recognized by the enemy as well as by ourselves.

Proceedings of Court of Inquiry convened at Abbeyville, Mississippi, by order No. 24, Department of Mississippi, and East Louisiana, Jackson, Mississippi, November 7, 1862, by order of Lieutenant-General Pemberton.

R. W. Meininger, Assistant Adjutant General.

Detail for the Court: Major-General Sterling Price, Brigadier-General Lloyd Tilghman, Dabney H. Maury, Captain L. B. Harris, Thirty-eighth Mississippi, Recorder of the Court.

Partial Report of Confederate General Van Dorn.

"The heavy guns of the enemy were all silenced, and all seemed about ended when a heavy fire from fresh troops from Iuka, Burnsville and Rienzi' who had succeeded in reaching Corinth, poured into our thinned ranks a disastrous fire. Exhausted from loss of sleep, wearied from hard marching and fighting, companies and regiments without officers, our troops (let no one censure them) gave way. The day was lost. The attempt at Corinth has failed, and in consequence I am condemned and have been superseded in my command."

Partial Report of General Price.

"The history of this war contains no bloodier page, perhaps, than that which will record this fiercely contested battle. The strongest expressions fall short of my admiration for the gallant conduct of the officers and men under my command. Words cannot add luster to the fame they have acquired through deeds of noble daring which, living through future time, will shed about every man, officer and soldier, who stood to his arms through this struggle, a halo of glory as imperishable as it is brilliant. They have won to their sisters and daughters the distinguished honor, the proud exclamation, 'My father' or 'My brother was at the great battle of Corinth'."

The following, written by Lieutenant Labruzan of the Confederate Forty-second Alabama, is his experience during that fierce and determined contest at Corinth:

On the morning of October 4, 1862, we marched with General Van Dorn in command of our army of fully thirty-eight thousand men. On October 3rd, we had the Reveille by bugle at four o'clock in the morning, and marched into Mississippi. At half-past six we heard artillery firing. Skirmishing was kept up until we crossed the Memphis and Charleston Railroad. Our Brigade under General Moore, marched into the woods and formed line of Battle. Heavy skirmishing with steady and increasing cannonading was heard in front. Men were detailed to attend to the wounded. We left our blankets and knapsacks here.

At about ten o'clock our brigade marched through a corn field and formed into line within half a mile of the enemy. Heavy firing was heard just in front. Saturday, October 4th, was an awful day. At four in the morning our brigade was ordered to the left, throwing out skirmishers who kept up a constant fire. A battery in front of the right of our regiment opened briskly, and the enemy replied the same for an hour and a half. Our regiment lay down close and stood it nobly. The shells flew thick and fast, cutting off large limbs from the trees and filling the air with fragments, many bursting within twenty feet, and the pieces within two or three feet. It was extremely unpleasant and I prayed for forgiveness of my sins, and made up my mind to go through.

I volunteered, and took my company to assist the Second Texas skirmishers. We got behind trees and logs, and the way the bullets did fly was

unpleasant to hear. I think twenty must have passed within a few feet of me. Shells and splinters struck my tree several times. We could only move from tree to tree, bending low to the ground while moving. O! how anxiously I watched for the bursting of shells when the heavy roar of the cannon proclaimed their coming!

Suddenly at ten o'clock, while behind a log with Major Furges, the fight fairly opened with heavy volleys of musketry, double thundering cannon. This was on the right. In a few moments the left went into action in splendid style. At half past ten, Colonel Rogers came up by us, saying only "Alabama forces." Our regiment with the brigade rose unmindful of shot or shell, and moved forward, marching about two hundred and fifty yards, and mounting the crest of the hill. The whole of Corinth with its enormous fortifications* burst upon our view. The United States flag was waving over the forts and town. We were met by a perfect storm of grape, cannon balls and minnie balls. O! God, I have never seen the like. The men fell like grass even here. Giving one tremendous cheer, we dashed to the brow of the hill on which the fortifications were situated. Here we found every foot of the ground covered with large trees and brush cut down to impede our progress. Looking to the right and left I saw several brigades charging at the same time.

I saw men running at full speed, stop suddenly and fall upon their faces, with their brains scattered all around, others with legs and arms cut off, shrieked with agony. They fell behind, beside and within a few feet of me. I gave myself to God and got ahead of my company. The ground was literally strewn with mangled corpses. One ball went through my pants, and they cut twigs right by me. It seemed by holding out my hand I could have caught a dozen. They buzzed and hissed by me in all directions, but I still pressed forward. I seemed to be moving right in the mouth of the cannon, for the air was filled with grape. Ahead was one continuous blaze. I rushed to the ditch of the fort, right between some large cannon. I grappled into and half way up the sloping wall. The enemy was only three or four feet from me on the other side of the wall, but could not shoot us for fear of having their heads blown off. Our men were in the same predicament, only five or six were on the wall and thirty or forty in and around the ditch. A man by my side put his head up cautiously to shoot into the fort, but he suddenly dropped his musket and his brains were dashed in a stream over my fine coat. Several were killed here on top of one another and rolled down the embankment in ghastly heaps. This was done by a regiment of Yankees coming about forty yards on our left, after finding us entirely cut off, and firing into us. Several of our men cried, "Put down the flag," and it was lowered and shot into the ditch. O! we were butchered like dogs, as we were not supported. Some one placed a white handkerchief on Sergeant Buck's musket and took it to a port hole, but the vankees snatched it off and took him prisoner. The men fell ten at a time; the ditch being full, and finding we had no chance, the survivors tried to save themselves as best they could. I was so far up I could not get off quickly. Captain Foster and I started together, while the air was literally filled with

^{*}There were no breastworks or wall along the lines attacked at Corinth.

The forts described were light earthworks surrounding the batteries.—Historian.

hissing balls. I went about twenty steps as quickly as I could, about a dozen being killed in that distance. I fell down and scrambled behind a large stump. Just then I saw poor Foster throw up his hands, and saying "O! my God" jumped about two feet from the ground, falling on his face. The top of his head seemed to cave in and the blood spurted straight up several feet. I could see men falling as they attempted to run, some with their heads torn to pieces and some with blood streaming from their backs. It was terrible. One poor fellow, being almost on me, told me his name and asked me to take his pocket book if I escaped and give it to his mother, and tell her he died a brave man. I told him to pray which he did, the cannon thundering an accompaniment. Poor fellow, I forgot his request in the excitement. His legs were literally cut to pieces.

As our men returned, the enemy poured in their fire, and I was hardly thirty feet from the mouth of the cannon. Minnie balls filled the stump I was behind, and the shells bursting near it stunned me. The grape shot hewed large pieces off my stump, gradually wearing it away. I endured the

horrors of death here for half an hour.

I endeavored to resign myself and prayed. Our troops formed in line in the woods and advanced a second time to the charge with cheers. They began firing when about half way, and I endured it all. I was feigning death. In the first charge our men did not fire a gun but charged across the ditch and to the very mouth of the cannon with the bayonet. So also the second charge, but they fired. Thank God I am unhurt. Our boys were shot down like hogs and could not stand it, and fell back each man for himself. Then the same scene was enacted as before. This time the yankees charged after them and as I had no chance at all and all around me, men were surrendering I was compelled to do so, as a rascal threatened to shoot me. I had to give up my sword to him and we were marshalled to a large house. There were about four hundred officers and privates. We were treated very politely, more so than I expected.

CHAPTER XV.

RETREAT OF THE ENEMY FROM CORINTH.

The Union Commander did not realize at the moment the battle was ended, the great injury that had been inflicted upon the enemy, nor the fact that the rebel forces were so badly shattered that a retreat was immediately ordered by them which continued all night.

Rosecrans who had been waiting for a brigade of fresh troops under General McPherson, which arrived on the morning of the 5th of October, started at once in pursuit and found that the rebels in their haste to escape had thrown away all of their baggage. The roads were strewn with tents, wagons, guns, cartridge boxes, canteens and haversacks. The roughness of the country which was covered with woods and thickets, made movements impractical in the darkness of the night and slow and difficult by day. The Ohio Brigade followed the enemy over the Chewalla Road.

The retreating forces took the road to Davis' Bridge on the Hatchie River by way of Pocohontas, and being familiar with the country, knowing where to go, and having to look for nothing but attack on its rear, they moved with freedom, so that when General Ord's forces, arriving from Bolivar, attacked them at Davis' Bridge and drove them back, they escaped over narrow roads and moved through the thickets southward.

Fuller's Ohio Brigade, following the enemy, crossed the Tuscumbia and Hatchie Rivers to beyond Ripley, and then returned to Corinth, arriving on the 15th, having marched in the eleven days, one hundred and twenty miles. The weather grew cold and snow fell and during that time army rations could not be supplied by the commissary department. The principal food obtained, consisted of large yams or sweet potatoes found on the plantations. For thirty days, the movements of the brigade had been so constant and rapid, that it was necessary to keep camp and garrison equipage in wagons and the soldiers bivouaced in the open air. Many privations were endured by the soldiers from marching in the rain, mud and cold, from sleeping without blankets or shelter while lying in the roads, and from waiting long hours for the slow-moving wagon trains, containing ammunition, to close up to their commands.

The campaign just ended made West Tennessee and North Mississippi free from hostile troops. Communication with the North which had been interrupted, was very soon opened again. Letters and newspapers were received containing congratulations and thanks to the officers and soldiers of

this army for their gallant conduct in the battle. There were also congratulatory letters from President Lincoln and resolutions from Congress.

In recognition of his services, General Rosecrans was given command of the Army of the Cumberland. General Stanley commanding the Division of which Fuller's Ohio Brigade was a part, received another star, being promoted to Major-General and assigned to the Cavalry Department, the Fourth Corps, of the Army of the Cumberland, Lieutenant-Colonel Swayne was promoted to Colonel of the Forty-third Ohio for bravery in action. Major Spaulding of the Twenty-seventh Ohio, received promotion to Lieutenant-Colonel. Captain Churchill was promoted to Major. Private Orrin B. Gould was promoted to Captain and Sergeant Charles H. Smith to Second Lieutenant in the Twenty-seventh Ohio, by the Governor of Ohio, for meritorious conduct in battle. A large number of promotions were made in the four regiments which will appear in the roster.

The Confederate speakers and their press now talked of this, their "great disaster," which reacted upon other theaters of the war and cast upon them "long shadows of gloom."

On October 26th, nine hundred recruits arrived from Ohio and were assigned to the brigade.

THE UNION FORCES ENGAGED AT CORINTH.

The Union forces at Corinth were commanded by Major-General W. S. Rosecrans.

Two Divisions of the Army of the Mississippi and two Divisions of the Army of the Tennessee.

Army of the Mississippi, Second Division, Brigadier-General David S. Stanley.

First Brigade, Colonel John W. Fuller.

Twenty-seventh Ohio, Major Z. S. Spaulding, Thirty-ninth Ohio, Colonel A. W. Gilbert, Lieut.-Colonel Edward F. Noves.

Forty-third Ohio, Colonel J. L. Kirby Smith, (mortally wounded), Lieutenant-Colonel Wager Swayne.

Sixty-third Ohio, Colonel John W. Sprague.

Captain Albert Jenks' Company of Illinois Cavalry.

Third Michigan Battery, Lieutenant Carl A. Lamberg.

Eighth Wisconsin Battery (section) Lieutenant D. McLean.

Second United States Battery, Company F., Captain Thomas D. Maurice. Brigade loss: Killed, fifty-five; Wounded, two hundred and ninety-five;

Missing, ten: Total, three hundred and sixty. Second Brigade, Colonel Joseph A. Mower (wounded).

Twenty-sixth and Forty-seventh Illinois, Fifth Minnesota, Eleventh Missouri, Eighth Wisconsin, and Second Iowa Battery.



Third Division, Brigadier-General Charles S. Hamilton, escort Company C., Fifth Missouri Cavalry.

First Brigade, Brigadier-General Napoleon B. Bedford.

Forty-eighth and Fifty-ninth Indiana, Fifth Iowa, Fourth Minnesota, Twenty-sixth Missouri, First Missouri Artillery, Eleventh Ohio Battery.

Second Brigade, Brigadier-General J. C. Sullivan.

Fifty-sixth Illinois, Tenth and Seventeenth Iowa, Tenth Missouri, Company F of the Twenty-fourth Missouri, Eightieth Ohio, Sixth and Twelfth Wisconsin Batteries.

Cavalry Division, Seventh and Eleventh Illinois, Second Iowa, Seventh

Kansas, Third Michigan, Fifth Ohio (four Companies).

Unattached, Sixty-fourth Illinois (Yates' Sharpshooters) Captain J. Morrill, First United States siege Artillery (six Companies), A. B. C. D. H and I. First U. S. Infantry.

ARMY OF WEST TENNESSEE.

Second Division, Brigadier-General Thomas A. Davies commanding.

First Brigade, Brigadier-General P. A. Hackleman (killed).

Fifty-second Illinois, Second Iowa, Seventh Iowa, detachments of the Fifty-eighth Illinois, Second, Seventh, Eighth, Twelfth and Fourteenth Iowa.

Second Brigade, Brigadier-General Richard J. Oglesby (wounded).

Ninth and Twelfth Illinois, Twenty-second and Eighty-first Ohio.

Third Brigade, Colonel S. D. Baldwin (wounded). Seventh, Fiftieth and Fifty-seventh Illinois.

Artillery Companies D, H, I and K of the First Missouri.

Unattached, Fourteenth Missouri (western sharpshooters).

Sixth Division, Brigadier-General Thomas J. McKean. First Brigade, Brigadier-General John McArthur.

Twenty-first Missouri, Sixteenth and Seventeenth Wisconsin.

Second Brigade, Colonel L. M. Oliver, commanding the Independent Company of Illinois Cavalry, Eighteenth Missouri (four Companies), Fourteenth and Eighteenth Wisconsin, Fifteenth Michigan.

Third Brigade, Colonel Marcellus M. Crocker.

Eleventh, Thirteenth, Fifteenth and Sixteenth Iowa.

Artillery, Captain Andrew Hickenlopper.

Company F of the Second Illinois, First Minnesota, Third Ohio (section), Fifth and Tenth Ohio.

CONFEDERATE FORCES AT CORINTH.

Army of West Tennessee, Major-General Earl Van Dorn. Army of the West, General Sterling Price. First Division, Brigadier-General L. Hebert.

First Brigade, Fourteenth, Sixteenth and Seventeenth Arkansas, Third and First Missouri Cavalry (dismounted), Fourth Alabama

Captain Killiam Wade's Missouri Battery, Third Louisiana, Fortieth Mississippi, First Texas Legion, Third Texas Cavalry (dismounted), Clarke's Missouri Battery, St. Louis, Missouri Battery, Second and Fifth Missouri.

Third Brigade, Seventh, Forty-third, Thirty-sixth, Thirty-seventh and Thirty-eighth Mississippi, Fourth and Sixth Missouri, Adams' Battery, Third Missouri Cavalry (dismounted), Thirty-seventh Alabama Infantry, Landis Guibor's Batteries.

Maury's Division.

Forty-second Alabama, Fifteenth and Twenty-third Arkansas, Thirty-fifth Mississippi, Second and Ninth Texas, Bledsoe's Missouri Battery, Slemon's and Wert Adams' Cavalry.

Cabell's Brigade.

Eighteenth, Nineteenth, Twentieth and Twenty-first Arkansas, Jones' Arkansas Battalion, Rapley's Arkansas Battalion, Ashford's Arkansas Battery.

Phefer's Brigade.

Third Arkansas Cavalry (dismounted), Sixth Texas Cavalry (dismounted), Stirman's Sharpshooters, McNally's Arkansas

Cavalry Brigade (incomplete official returns), Second Arkansas, Second

Mississippi, Second Missouri.

Reserve Artillery, Hoxton's Tennessee Battery, Sengstak's Alabama Battery.

DISTRICT OF THE MISSISSIPPI.

First Division, Major-General Mansfield Lovell.

Fourth, Thirty-first and Thirty-fifth Alabama, Ninth Arkansas, Third and Seventh Kentucky, Hudson's Mississippi Battery.

Second Brigade (incomplete official returns), Thirty-third, Thirty-ninth Mississippi.

Third Brigade, Sixth, Fifteenth, Twenty-second and Lester's Mississ-

ippi, First Missouri, Watson's Louisiana Battery. Cavalry Brigade, First Mississippi, Seventh Tennessee, Louisiana Zouave Battalion.

CHARGE OF THE TWENTY-SEVENTH OHIO. остовек 4тн, 1862.

By Second Lieutenant George W. Young.

'Twas autumn time so mild, and elsewhere fair and still, But here the thunders burst from each surrounding hill; The morning air so soft, grew thick with sulphur smoke, Around more wildly rang the warriors' battle cry; Swift hissed the bursting shell and fell the saber stroke, As brave, met equal brave, to conquer or to die; And loudly musket echoed musket's dread refrain, While headless tramped the living o'er the mangled slain.

Undaunted still they fought, the traitors in their pride, While flashed their hateful flag, in front, on either side; Regarding not that death beset the bloody way, The horrid cannon belched along the Union line; With steady steps and slow, true heroes in the fray, The foe comes on, a will, their vantage powers combine, The vict'ry leans to them, but still goes on the fight, As free men weep in grief, while wrong supplants the right.

"For freedon's cause a charge," is Stanley's fearless cry; "Ohio's sons your steel," our Fuller's stern reply; And like the lightning's glare, a thunder bolt of death, The twenty-seventh led by Spaulding's gleaning blade; A thousand noble forms, set teeth and 'bated breath, Rush on the startled foe, and pausing not for aid, Their faultness nothern steel, with southern fire collides, And fell Destruction on the fearful whirlpool rides.

The traitors fought in vain, such carnage could not last, Their boldest low in death, their leaders are aghast, No mortals could withstand, Ohio's bravest charge, And back, forever back, the frighted living trod. The spirits of the dead, from lifeless clay at large, Their rapid flight began to justice and to God; And from the Union line, a yell of triumph rolled, A shout for victory won, a sigh for heroes cold.

POSSIBILITIES OF FURTHER SUCCESS.

The Confederate Army which held the Mississippi Valley had been routed and demoralized. The Union forces had two railroads leading down through the most productive part of the state, where corn was ripe, supplying plenty of forage so that the enemy could have been pursued with safety. The weather was cool and the roads were getting in prime condition. We should have gone to Vicksburg then, but General Halleck ordered otherwise.

CHAPTER XVI.

CENTRAL MISSISSIPPI CAMPAIGN.

By November 2nd, 1862, the army had recuperated and General Grant with one hundred regiments of about eighty thousand men started on the Central Mississippi Campaign for the capture of Vicksburg.

Fuller's Ohio Brigade with three days' rations in haversack and three in wagons, marched out of Corinth on the Chewalla Road, over a hilly country, passed fields white with unpicked cotton, crossed the Hatchie River, and on the 3rd passed through Grand Junction, twenty miles distant.

On the 5th, at Grand Junction, the Sixty-third Ohio Infantry was joined by a batallion of the One Hundred and Twelfth Ohio, which was assigned to it. A reconnaissance was made on the Holly Springs Road, and the enemy's pickets were driven seven miles. Rations were becoming scarce and the troops had to grind corn at the mills and use the cornmeal for baking bread. Wagon trains loaded with cotton were guarded to the railroad.

On November 17th, Fuller's Ohio Brigade marched to La Grange, camping on Jack Davis plantation. The clothes of the soldiers took on the color of the earth upon which they had slept, while the dust stirred up by the large number of teams and thousands of men marching over the roads, made the soldiers very uncomfortable, getting into their rations and filling their eyes and nostrils. Most stringent orders were issued against plundering and very little was done. Fuller's Brigade was assigned to General Mc-Pherson's Division.

Chaplain John Eaton of the Twenty-seventh Ohio put several hundred negroes at work picking cotton on the cotton plantations in and around La Grange, this section being in the heart of the cotton region. The soldiers were delighted to find a number of large, heavy, baking pans, locally known as "skillets." These they set in beds of hot coals in order to bake their combread or to fry their three-quarters pound of bacon which they drew daily, with their hard bread, coffee and sugar. One would have known that the soldiers liked this food by the way they ate it, in large mouthfuls, relishing it and longing for more. The hard bread polished their teeth to a pearly whiteness. At all seasons of the year, where a stop was made for more than one day, inspection of arms and dress parade by the troops, were ordered, and carried out with thoroughness.

The weather turned cold, damp and wet. In this section few of the citizens could be seen. The bridges destroyed by the enemy in their retreat were rapidly and substantially rebuilt by Bissel's Engineer Regiment. There was a rumor in the army that this section of country was to be the great battle ground, yet the Confederate General seemed desirous of drawing Grant's Army from its base of supplies. From their continued retreat, they were called by our army "The Invisibles."

A march was made from Camp at Wolf Creek to Coldwater Creek reaching there on November 28th. On the 29th a march was made thirteen miles, passing through the streets of Holly Springs, the regimental flags unfurled, bands playing, the men carrying their muskets at "right shoulder shift." The "right shoulder shift" was termed the "gay style." A few of the citizens stood on the corners and many ladies appeared at the doors of houses. A few of them cheered, others seemed spell-bound at the sight of the old flag and the great army. Camp was made at Lampkins Mills, Mississisppi.

On November 30th, the Brigade moved at daylight and skirmished with the enemy until noon. The men halted close by the Tallahatchie river, an inconsiderable stream at this point, near the rebel line of heavy earthworks, forts and rifle pits, upon which the enemy had spent ten months of labor. On the following day, about ten thousand of the Union Cavalry swam over on their horses and pursued the enemy. The soldiers of the Brigade washed their clothes in the river. Over two thousand prisoners were captured at the Tallahatchie River, most foreigners.

On December 9th, Colonel Sprague received orders from Oxford, Mississippi, to disembark his command at Bolivar, Tennessee, in order to defend the line of communication to Oxford. On December 10th the Brigade marched ten miles south of the Tallahatchie River, camping one mile north of the town of Abbeyville, Mississippi, where wood and water had to be carried one mile.

On December 11th they marched fourteen miles and camped south of Oxford, Mississippi, fifty miles south of Grand Junction. Some of the citizens of this place, both male and female, seemed displeased to see Union soldiers and spoke slightingly of them. The country was very beautiful and reminded the soldiers of the expression of southern orators, "The beautiful hills and broad savannahs of the sunny South." Many of the citizens took the oath of allegiance to the United States Government. The soldiers enjoyed the beautiful starlight nights by the camp fires, around which they would gather in knots and rehearse the marches and brave deeds of their army, how they stood together and cheered each other upon many battle fields. Their eyes were bright, their cheeks were sunburned and weather-

beaten, some looked toil worn, their clothes were ragged, but they were self-reliant.

About fire per cent of those wounded at Corinth had now returned to duty. At 'this time Forrest's and Van Dorn's rebel Cavalry raided the country and captured Holly Springs with much valuable army stores.

On December 18th the Ohio Brigade was reviewed by General Grant. The soldiers' clothes were brushed up, shoes blackened, guns and accoutrements polished for the pageant. The General rode down the front and up the rear lines on a cream colored horse. He was dressed in a frock coat, black hat, and a rich silk sash and belt. He was saluted at the head of each regiment by dipping flags, fife and drums, and by "present arms." He raised his hat and when he passed the colors, he saluted them.

On December 20th Colonel Sprague of the Sixty-third Ohio reported the capture of thirty United States teams by the enemy.



SIXTEENTH ARMY CORPS BADGE.

By an order from the War Department, on December 18, 1862, the Army of the Tennessee, General Ulysses S. Grant, commanding, had been grouped into four Corps d'armée viz: The Thirteenth, Major-General McClernand, the Fifteenth, Major-General Sherman, the Sixteenth, Major-General Hurlbut (then at Memphis), and the Seventeenth, Major-General McPherson. The Sixteenth Army Corps consisted of the Sixth, Seventh and Eighth Divisions, Army of the Tennessee.

First Brigade, Colonel John W. Fuller, commanding was a part of Brigadier-General John E. Smith's Eighth Division, Sixteenth Corps.

Twenty-seventh Ohio Regiment, Lieutenant-Colonel Zeph. S. Spaulding, commanding.

Thirty-ninth Ohio Regiment, Colonel Edward F. Noyes, commanding. Forty-third Ohio Regiment, (at Bolivar, Tennessee), Colonel Wager Swayne, commanding.

Sixty-third Ohio Regiment, Colonel John W. Sprague, commanding.

Third Michigan Battery, Captain George Robinson.

Second United States Artillery, Battery F, Captain Albert J. S. Molinard, and Lieutenant A. M. Murray.

Second Brigade, Colonel Joseph A. Mower, Forty-seventh Illinois, Fifth Minnesota, Eleventh Missouri, Eighth Wisconsin.

Third Brigade, Colonel Ralph Buckland.

CHAPTER XVII.

THE DEFEAT OF THE REBEL GENERAL FORREST IN THE GRAND RAID ON GENERAL GRANT'S LINE OF COMMUNICATIONS—HOW IT WAS FRUSTRATED AND THE ENEMY EXPELLED FROM THE COUNTRY.

General Braxton Bragg, commanding the Confederate Army of the Tennessee, decided upon two raids with Cavalry, flying Artillery and mounted Infantry, one into Kentucky under General Morgan, the other into Tennesse under Brigadier-General N. B. Forrest. These raids were intended as diversions in favor of the Confederate Army in Mississippi, then heavily pressed by General Grant.

Forrest with his command variously estimated at from five thousand to seven thousand, moved on December 11th, 1862, from Columbia, reaching the Tennessee River at Clifton, on Sunday the 13th, and after much difficulty, working night and day, crossed on the 15th.

General Grant informed his commanders at Corinth, Bolivar, Jackson, and other places that Forrest was approaching, and as it was not known where he would strike, each began to call for re-enforcements. General Sullivan concentrated his forces at Jackson, and ordered Colonel Robert G. Ingersoll toward the Tennessee River, with his own Regiment, two hundred troopers of the Eleventh Illinois Cavalry, and a Battery. He was joined at Lexington, twenty-eight miles east from Jackson by Colonel Hawkins, commanding the Second West Tennessee Cavalry with two hundred and seventy-two men.

From Beech Creek, Colonel Ingersoll sent forward Captain Burridge, who found from reports that the enemy was in front. From the 18th, this force gradually fell back to Lexington and Jackson, skirmishing frequently with the enemy who continually outflanked this small force. Here the Union troops were re-enforced by Fuller's Ohio Brigade and other forces.

THE BATTLE OF PARKER'S CROSS ROADS, DECEMBER 31st, 1862.

Colonel John W. Fuller, Twenty-seventh Ohio, commanding First Brigade, Eighth Division, Sixteenth Corps, after nine o'clock in the evening of December 18th, when encamped near Oxford, Mississippi, received orders to cook three days rations to be put in haversacks, and march to

the depot at eleven o'clock and proceed at once with the infantry of his command, by rail to Jackson, Tennessee, there to report to Brigadier-General Sullivan. About midnight, the Thirty-ninth Ohio, Colonel Noyes, left Oxford in freight cars and at three o'clock the next morning, the Twenty-seventh Ohio, Lieutenant-Colonel Spaulding, followed with the purpose of attacking Forrest's forces and preventing his re-crossing the Tennessee River.

Leaving instructions for Colonel Sprague to follow as soon as cars could be obtained, for transportation of his own regiment, and the Forty-third Ohio, Colonel Fuller started for Jackson on the train conveying the Twenty-seventh. He did not reach Jackson until nearly four o'clock in the afternoon of the 19th. Immediately on his arrival, Colonel Spaulding was ordered by General Sullivan to report to Colonel Lawler to the front, and learned from General Sullivan that Colonel Noyes had been sent with his regiment in another direction, to report to General Brayman. Colonel Fuller afterwards learned that the Sixty-third and Forty-third, upon reaching Bolivar, had been ordered by General Grant to remain there for the defence of that place. The citizens manifested great delight upon seeing Union Troops and the old flag. Much excitement prevailed from the threatened attack by the enemy.

The next morning a general order from General Sullivan announced that Colonel Fuller's Command would consist of the Twenty-seventh and the Thirty-ninth Ohio and would form the rear of the column. Colonel Fuller as soon as he could find the regiments marched sixteen miles in the direction of Lexington, overtaking the main column about ten miles east of Jackson. While halting here, cannonading was heard in the direction of Humbolt. After an hour's halt the march was continued until nineteen miles distant from Jackson, where the column bivouacked for the night. The men were very tired but notwithstanding this, they were aroused by the bugle call at ten o'clock at night to go out on picket and vidette duty. The night was cold, cloudy and very dark. Nothing was seen of the enemy.

The next morning at six o'clock, the army returned over the same road, with Colonel Fuller's command in front, reaching Jackson between one and two in the afternoon. Earthworks had been thrown up almost around the town. On the 27th, Colonel Fuller with his command went by cars to Trenton, where the Sixty-third Ohio rejoined him. He now reported in compliance with General Sullivan's orders to General Heynie, but General Sullivan arrived the same evening, and resumed command.

During all this time, our forces were expected to move at any moment. The officers wore their side arms, the soldiers remained under arms, and the color guard remained with their colors. On Christmas day, the Brigade

was on short rations. The surroundings were unpleasant. We rode on platform cars to Trenton, thirty-five miles before daylight.

About five o'clock in the morning of December 28th, the column marched fifteen miles toward Huntingdon and bivouaced near Shady Grove, where part of the people were staunch Unionists. The farmers brought to camp, corn meal and sweet potatoes. The soldiers managed to cook their unsifted corn meal into cake without saleratus. The next morning marching through McLemoresville, they reached Huntingdon about four o'clock in the afternoon.

On the 31st, Fuller left seven companies on guard duty, which General Sullivan said would start when he was ready to move and the seven companies would form a rear guard. Between ten and eleven in the morning while his column was halting near Clarksburg, General Sullivan with General Heynie and their respective staffs, and a small escort of cavalry, overtook Colonel Fuller. General Sullivan ordered him to halt for an hour or an hour and a half, till the rear guard could rejoin him, and then passed on toward Clarksburg.

Within ten minutes afterwards, an Orderly rode back at a gallop, saying that the enemy's cavalry had got between Colonel Fuller's command and Generals Sullivan and Heynie, and that these officers, with their escort had ridden on through Clarksburg followed by the enemy.

Colonel Fuller now moved forward, on a double quick, instantly, and upon reaching Clarksburg learned from an officer of the 29th Iowa, (who had been accidentally left on picket duty where Colonel Dunham's column had bivouacked the previous night) the enemy's force consisting of about fifty Cavalry.

DOUBLE-QUICKING TO THE FIGHT.

The enemy had approached from the west and took the road leading south, passing before this officer had an opportunity to fire on them. Colonel Fuller learned that Generals Sullivan and Heynie left the road directly after passing Clarksburg, taking an easterly direction. The enemy upon reaching the same point probably saw Colonel Fuller's advance, as they filed out of the woods to the west. After halting about ten minutes, having learned nothing more, Coloned Fuller continued his march. Soon the sound of artillery in his front advised him that Colonel Dunham's Brigade consisting of the One Hundred and Twenty-second, and Thirty-fourth Illinois, Fiftieth Indiana, Seventh Tennessee, Thirty-ninth Iowa and a Battery of six guns, was engaging the enemy, and he began a march in earnest. The firing was first heard to the right of the point where the road from McLemoresville

crosses that leading from Huntingdon to Lexington; in half an hour it was directly in his front; in half an hour later it was all to the left of the crossing, thereby rendering it certain that the enemy, who approached from Mc-Lemoresville, was rapidly driving Colonel Dunham's Brigade before him. Very soon thereafter, the rattle of musketry was distinct, and thinking the hour a critical one for the small force, who were evidently fighting against odds, Colonel Fuller urged his men to their utmost speed. When within about two miles of Parker's house an Orderly galloped to the head of the column, saying: "Colonel Sullivan, who is coming up with a rear guard, about three miles behind, orders you to halt until he comes up."

Colonel Fuller sent his assistant Adjutant-General to ride back to the General as fast as possible, to explain the situation, and ask that the order to halt be countermanded. Immediately after he had started, Colonel Fuller's Orderly, who had been sent to communicate with Colonel Dunham, returned. He was unable to get through, as the enemys position was between Colonel Fuller and that of Colonel Dunham's Brigade. From near Parker's house, where they were in force, the enemy had fired on him.

Colonel Fuller learning this, felt assured that General Sullivan would, if present and in possession of the facts, countermand his order to halt, and therefore Fuller directed that the men, instead of halting, should move forward as rapidly as possible.

When the head of Colonel Fuller's column was deployed, General Sullivan overtook him. The 27th and 63rd were at once formed on the left and the Thirty-ninth on the right of the road, when they advanced upon the rear of the enemy's artillery which was feebly supported and abandoned when the Union forces approached. Our artillery took a position on the left of the road, and directly after opening fire, two pieces followed the infantry until they occupied ground side by side with the rebel guns, while the other piece was moved to the west side of the road, where it was effectively used upon the rebels who were escaping by breaking through the front of our lines.

The advance of the Twenty-seventh, Thirty-ninth and Sixty-third was in splendid style and the enemy was put to rapid flight. Sergeant Smith who was ordered to command a line of skirmishers, reached the hill to the south where the enemy's artillery was posted. His men lay down and commenced firing on the enemy.

FORREST SURPRISED.

Some hundreds of the enemy who had dismounted and had been fighting as infantry, had left their horses in the orchard and yard near Parker's

house. These four hundred horses and seven pieces of artillery were the first trophies that fell into our hands, and more than three hundred of their riders, thus rendered unable to get away surrendered themselves as prisoners. A small train of wagons which the enemy had gained possession of was re-captured in the road a short distance south of Parker's house and one at least of the guns belonging to Colonel Dunham's command was retaken from the enemy on this road. The dead bodies of our artillerists lying close to this gun attested the fidelity and bravery with which the men of the Seventh Wisconsin Battery stood at their posts until their last round of ammunition was exhausted.

Among the prisoners who surrendered were several officers of prominence: Lieutenant-Colonel Cox and Major Strange (Forrest's Adjutant-General), who together with the Captain commanding Forrest's bodyguard, were unhorsed by a volley from the Twenty-seventh Ohio when riding off the field with their General, and Colonel Black, who afterward escaped in citizens clothes, with several others whose names are not given.

Before referring to the subsequent march of Colonel Fuller's men, it is due to both the officers and men of the command (who marched seven miles within an hour and a half to reach the field, and who, after this exertion rushed forward, swinging into line and took the enemy in flank and rear with such enthusiasm as to produce a panic in the enemy's ranks to claim for them the honor of capturing what was taken from the enemy at Parker's Cross Roads, and also of recapturing prisoners artillery, baggage wagons, and animals which before their arrival on the field had fallen into the hands of the enemy. When it reached the field, the enemy who from the best evidence obtainable, was about double the number of Colonel Dunham's forces, was in front and on both flanks of that brigade. A flag of truce which had not returned to General Forrest, when Fuller's guns opened, had, as Colonel Dunham informed him, demanded an unconditional surrender. Firing had ceased for some fifteen minutes prior to Fuller's arrival, nor did the command of Colonel Dunham fire a shot at the enemy as he moved past their flanks to the rear.

About two hours after the enemy had precipitately fled, General Sullivan informed Colonel Fuller that he was returning and advancing upon his left and front. By the General's direction, General Fuller formed two regiments obliquely across the road, leading east from Parker's house and sent two companies (deployed as skirmishers) about four hundred yards to the front of this line, where he remained till daylight on the following morning. The Ohio Brigade bivouaced upon the battle field.

January 1st, the Brigade marched through Lexington, bivouacing about one mile east of that place. The next morning, Generals Sullivan and Hey-

nie with the Brigade of Colonel Dunham, marched toward Jackson, while Fuller's command together with the Brigade which came up from Jackson. under Colonel Lawler, marched in pursuit of the enemy toward the Tennessee River, Fuller having orders to report to that officer. When five or six miles east of Lexington, several men were met who had escaped from the enemy after reaching the river. From these it was learned definitely that Forrest had (with the exception of the straggling prisoners) crossed the Tennessee River. Taking these men to Colonel Lawler, Colonel Fuller respectfully requested that the infantry, worn out and half starved as it was, and without shelter, be spared so long and trying a march, and suggested that the reconnaissance be made by the cavalry. But Colonel Lawler infomed him that he had no discretion in the matter. He had no doubt of the correctness of these statements, he said, but the entire force must march. That day he proceded within eight or nine miles of Clifton. The country was hilly and rocky and the roads bad, and added to this, the rain fell almost constantly during the march of fifty-four miles from Lexington to Clifton.

FORREST ABANDONS THE COUNTRY.

On January 3rd, 1863, Colonel Fuller's Brigade was ordered to move toward Clifton. He was instructed to use his own judgment as to the movement, to ascertain for himself whether the enemy had all crossed the river, and if so, to return. Upon reaching a point where the road to the furnace leaves that leading to Clifton, two regiments with the artillery were ordered to halt. After examining the river near the furnace, which was done by a squad of cavalry, and learning that the last of the enemy had crossed on the night of the 1st, Fuller sent the cavalry in advance on the Clifton Road, and directed Lieutenant-Colonel Spaulding, with the Twenty-seventh Ohio. to follow. Directly afterward, however, Colonel Lawler came up and ordered the entire command to advance. Upon reaching the river and learning that the road to Clifton ran along the stream for two miles, and fearing that the enemy would use his artillery from the opposite bank, Fuller ordered all but the cavalry and one regiment to halt here. But Colonel Lawler, upon coming up countermanded the order. A small picket guard was found (of perhaps fifteen men) who, after exchanging shots with our cavalry, rapidly retired, crossed the river in a small flatboat, swimming their horses. As soon as our cavalry appeared opposite the town, the enemy began to shell them from two batteries on the bluffs. No damage was done, however. Soon afterward, the enemy placed some rifled guns on the bank further up the stream, and opened fire on the light field battery which was attached to Colonel Fuller's command. Still no harm resulted. The battery which

Colonel Fuller thought too light to reply effectively, and the regiments which were marching with it, and which had been drawn up in line of battle, in the woods near the river bank, skirmishing with the enemy, were rapidly moved back from the river out of range. A wagon loaded with ammunition was twice struck, and so disabled that we were compelled to abandon it. The animals and ammunition were brought away. A flag of truce accompanied by two rebel officers, crossed the river for the purpose as Colonel Woodward said, of making arrangements for the exchange of prisoners. They were permitted to pass our outposts, and probably did not gain much information.

An irregular fire of musketry was kept up with the enemy, for an hour or two during the afternoon by order of Colonel Lawler, but it was without results. In the afternoon the head of our column was turned toward Corinth. The mud was knee deep in the icy roads, the powder in the rifles became wet from the rain that poured down all day and the loads had to be drawn and replaced with dry ammunition. The men toiled and panted up the rough sides of these steep hills over unused roads in storm and sleet, day after day, and then after going into camp, worked all night shelling and grinding corn at the mills. In the morning they mixed their meal with water and baked it in the ashes for the next day's rations.

A MARCH OF GREAT SEVERITY.

The march of this day was more severe upon the men of Colonel Fuller's command than any which had been made up to this time. The road was in a miserable condition and the rain which fell steadily made it more so.

On the 5th of January, this command marched toward Bethel, reaching there on the 7th, and arriving in Corinth on the afternoon of the 9th. Here for the first time for twenty-two days, it found shelter, full rations for the men, and shoes for at least one hundred and fifty, who had marched barefooted for fifty miles. Since December 18th a total distance of one hundred and eighteen miles had been covered. General Grant had anticipated an attack on Corinth, hence, our march to that place.

The inclemency of the season during this march was extremely trying to the soldiers who were often forced to make toilsome marches exposed to all kinds of weather and to bivouac at night without tents, blankets or shelter. They were deprived of proper food. Many went barefooted and suffered from sore feet. There were no ambulances to carry the sick or wounded. All these things made this march one of the most terrible experienced by the Brigade, and perhaps by any troops during the war.

The following extracts from the official report of Lieutenant-Colonel Z. S. Spaulding, commanding the Twenty-seventh Ohio, is given to show the suffering of his men:

"Colonel Lawler ordered me to remain opposite the town until four o'clock in the afternoon, to give the other regiments time to get started back, and then return myself, which I did; but, owing to this delay, by which nothing was accomplished, night came on before we reached our camping ground, and darkness made the march tenfold harder upon the men. Not being able to pick their way, they stumbled over rocks, sunk to the waist in mud-holes, bruised their limbs, and ruined clothing which they could not afford to lose. Arriving at the point where we were to rest for the night, we found our knapsacks had been thrown out of the wagons and plundered by the Illinois troops of the other brigade. Thus many of my men were left without blankets or change of stockings, at a time when the full allowance of clothing and tents hardly sufficed to render the soldier comfortable. Foraging upon the country through which we passed had now been for several days our only means of support and continued to be so until our arrival at this place (Corinth) on the 9th instant.

To Second Lieutenant William E. Ellis, of Company A, who acted as quartermaster and through whose efficient services we obtained provisions, sufficient to sustain life, the regiment is greatly indebted. But the system adopted by which the men had to steal or starve, or, in other words, forcing the men to make extravagant marches without a proper and sufficient supply of rations, and allowing, as was done, a promiscuous siezing, without proper vouchers of everything that came within reach, I most heartily condemn. It tended to destroy discipline, to demoralize my command and render a regiment of good and brave soldiers a lawless mob. Of the marches thence from Bethel I have little to say, but I am assured that I express the feelings of my entire command when connections were broken.

Arriving at this place with my regiment in a condition it has never known in the eighteen months' hard service, the telling effect of its campaign becoming more and more apparent, with seventy-nine men unable from lack of shoes or from sickness or debility to make the march from Bethel here, we were received by General Dodge with an interest that showed his appreciation of our condition, and a willingness to supply our many wants which will cause us to ever hold him in high regard."

A HEAVY TAX ON THE COMMAND.

Extracts from Official Report of Colonel Edward F. Noyes of the Thirtyninth Ohio.

"On the 3rd, the three Ohio Regiments made a reconnaissance to the river, it having been reported, however, that the enemy had already crossed his entire force. That day and the following evening, for a large portion of the time, the rain fell in torrents. The road was covered with jagged rocks, whose crevices were filled with mud. The men in stepping from rock to rock frequently slipped and fell, bruising themselves severely. Returning at night in the darkness, the men could not keep their footing, but fell every few rods. Although my regiment had but recently been supplied with new shoes and clothing throughout, at the end of that day's march sixty-six were without any shoes at all, and a large portion of their clothing was in rags. It was the most terrible march I have ever experienced, and a costly one in numbers and health of my command. If the march was a necessary one it was out of all propriety to complain of it; if it was unnecessary, as I think, I feel it to be due to the men under my command to enter my solemn protest against its repetition in the future under similar circumstances."



MAJOR GEN. GRENVILLE M. DODGE. Commanding 3, 16th A. C., 1864, Left Wing.

"From January 5th to 9th, 1863, inclusive, the Command was marching to Corinth, having in two weeks make a forced march of about two hundred miles without transportation, without government rations, and with no supplies, but such as could be seized in a poor country along the way (generally only pork and cornmeal without cooking utensils and without medical supplies), subject to all the demoralizations consequent upon being obliged to provide themselves with food or suffer from hunger. The command reached Corinth ragged, shoeless, dispirited, and worn out."

On arriving at Corinth, the command was assigned as the Fourth Brigade, Second Division, of the Left Wing of the Sixteenth Army Corps, District of Corinth. Although the garrison was on half rations, General Dodge commanding the post, put Fuller's Brigade on full rations. The Surgeon reported officially that the deaths resulting from the hardships of the recent march equaled the losses of a severe skirmish. The men of the Brigade were soon in good spirits and expressed their pride and satisfaction in giving Forrest's forces a thrashing which demoralized them for a long time.

Corinth had been strongly fortified with earthworks upon which a number of small cannon had been mounted. Within these a camp was made and the soldiers soon gathered up tents and flies to sleep in. The tents were old and worn, soiled and patched, but with the help of blankets and overcoats stretched over poles, a slight protection was furnished. Here and there the damaged ends of stovepipes were sticking out through the tents, so that when one looked down the company streets, he was reminded of a shanty settlement along the railroad. But these tents did not keep the soldiers dry in rainy weather. Police squads were formed and camp was thoroughly cleaned each day. Drills, reviews, parades, and inspections of troops were held, while companies and regiments were sent out on picket and guard duty.

On January 20th, 1863, a march was made with a train of wagons for lumber and supplies to Hamburg Landing on the Tennessee River, a distance of eighteen miles, returning to Corinth on January 23rd, through Monterey, Tennessee, under command of Captain Gilmore of the Sixtythird Ohio, passing miles of old earthworks built by both armies, one year before.

On February 10th, a march of seventeen miles was made to Jacinto, Mississippi, for lumber. The men were accompanied by part of the First Alabama (Union) Cavalry who were raised principally in Marion County, Alabama, and who were scouts for the army.

On March 14th, they marched with one hundred and sixty teams for lumber, forage and rations and returned the following day, having marched a distance of thirty-six miles. Frequent trips were made at other times for supplies. A good deal of sickness prevailed in the regiments; the Forty-third and Sixty-third Ohio suffered severely and many soldiers died.

On March 18th, the Brigade moved into log houses which the soldiers had built and made comfortable. Each cabin had one chimney and one window, the doors had hard leather hinges, and the wooden latches were moved by leather strings. During March, the weather was cold and stormy.

On April 5th, General Dodge reviewed the Ohio Brigade, their barracks and camp, and on the 7th, a grand review of all the troops in Corinth, Infantry, Cavalry, and Artillery, took place. Arms were burnished bright, clothing brushed up, and all the troops passed headquarters on the south side of the square.

THE RAID THROUGH THE CHEROKEE AND CHOCTAW VALLEYS.

On April 11th, cartridges were dealt out to the troops and preparations were made for a threatened attack by the enemy under General Roady, who had already fired upon the outposts of Glendale. On the 13th the Brigade moved out, and on the 20th, marched with three days' rations and supplies in wagons, for a raid into Alabama through the Cherokee and Choctaw Valleys, and to aid Colonel Streight in his raid to Rome, Georgia. From Corinth, Colonel Fuller reported that squads of Braggs men (rebels) were in front.

The First Alabama scouts, Seventh Kansas, Tenth Missouri Cavalry, and Ninth Illinois Mounted Infantry were part of the expedition. Fuller's Ohio Brigade camped at Burnsville, fourteen miles distant, the infantry assisting the artillery on the march by lifting the wheels out when they were stuck in the mud. On April 21st, they marched sixteen miles and bivouaced at Big Bear Creek, Alabama, crossing the stream on Pontoon bridges. On April 23rd, they marched eighteen miles to Caine Creek, the enemy falling back thirteen miles. All along this valley near the Tennessee River the country was beautiful and well cultivated.

April 24th, a march of eight miles was made to Tuscumbia, camping on the hill on the west side of the town, near the magnificent springs, where the pure water boiled up from under the mass of rocks. Tuscumbia was a fine old village with lovely surroundings, containing some palatial residences. Even the negro quarters looked well-kept and clean, with their fresh coats of whitewash. The railroad across the Tennessee River had been destroyed by the Union General Mitchell, the year previous.

On April 27th, the command marched ten miles to the town of Leighton near La Grange and the Alabama State Military College. They reached Town Creek on the following day and moved in line of battle against the enemy. The rebels, dressed in butternut clothing, were formed in line for action three times, then broke and retreated. Fuller's Ohio Brigade de-

ployed from right to left out of the woods into line in an open field, through tall grass, and then steadily advanced proceeded by a long skirmish line. On the 29th, the raid having been successfully accomplished, General Dodge's forces faced toward Corinth and arrived there on May 2nd, having marched one hundred and fifty-two miles.

Many prisoners were captured and brought back, among them General Roady's Adjutant-General. Nine hundred bales of cotton, a large drove of cattle, horses and mules were also captured. Hundreds of black slaves from the plantations followed the columns and were fed army rations.

DUTY AT CORINTH.

From May 4th to 10th, part of the Brigade was on duty at Farmington, their battle ground during May of the previous year, guarding stock corrals, containing three thousand horses and mules. Then they marched into Corinth and took freight cars for Memphis. The soldiers expressed themselves thankful to the government for the privilege of riding, even if the accommodations were not luxurious. Arriving at Memphis, the command camped on Poplar Street and was assigned to the Sixteenth Corps, General Oglesby commanding. (Forty-third Ohio was detached at Bethel).

The city was under martial law and was strongly fortified, near the river. Many of the citizens were Union people, but a large number were bitter secessionists, and some of the women applied insulting epithets to the soldiers. Suttlers and citizens were in the town for trade, and stores, express offices, and business places were open, and carrying on a large business. Buying and selling cotton was carried on to a great extent. The soldiers, for many months, had been away from large cities, and the temptation to partake of the hospitality of the citizens was irresistible. A number who were incorrigible on account of drunkenness were lodged in the Irving Block Guard House and a few with ball and chain, were set to work on the fortifications of Fort Pickering, near the Mississippi River, but the larger number under the rigid discipline of the army, soon got down to the usual military regulations and the novelty of the changed surroundings were off.

In the city of Memphis, in Court Square, there was a monument erected to General Andrew Jackson, who was for eight years President of the United States. It consisted of a small white marble shaft, elevated above the ground about eight feet and resting on a block of sandstone. Cut in letters on the side were his immortal and patriotic words, "The Federal Union must and shall be preserved." The whole inscription had been mutilated by the Secessionists.

On May 29th, over five thousand prisoners arrived from Vicksburg on steamboats and were sent up the river to Indianapolis, Indiana, and Fort Delaware, under guard of a detail of four hundred men from the Ohio Brigade. At Memphis, a great deal of camp and picket duty was performed by the regiments, the camp guards were doubled and several attacks were repulsed, at Nonconnah Creek, out on the Hernando and Pigeon Roost Roads, and again at McGee Station, on the Memphis and Charleston Railroad. Several flags of truce were received at the outposts and strict orders were given in regard to allowing them to approach our lines.

June 4th, the rebel General Chalmers' spies reported that Fuller's Ohio Brigade was at Memphis, and gave a consolidated report of all forces there.

June 6th, the anniversary of the occupation of Memphis by Federal troops was celebrated by military and civic parades. Eloquent and patriotic speeches were made by noted speakers. The United States flag was displayed all over the city and the citizens turned out en masse. July 4th was passed by the Brigade on picket.

July 6th, the news was received by General Hurlburt, commanding at Memphis, and read before each regiment at dress parade, that Vicksburg and the rebel army numbering twenty-eight thousand men, under General Pemberton had been surrendered to General Grant on July 4th. This great victory caused much excitement and rejoicing among the soldiers. They swung their hats high in the air and yelled with delight. The citizens ran out from their houses to ask the cause of the cheering. The Mississippi River was now unobstructed by hostile forces, to the Gulf of Mexico.

On July 16th and 17th the other army corps were arriving by transports at Memphis from Vicksburg and passing out on the Corinth Road, building railroads. Most of the men were yellow and emaciated from long service in the river swamps. The Twenty-sixth Illinois when passing, cheered loudly for the Ohio Brigade, in honor of the former victory at New Madrid, at which time they were a part of E. S. Payne's Fourth Division. Thousands of the citizens of Memphis took the oath of allegiance and those who heretofore had been afraid to show themselves as Unionists, were now outspoken for the old flag.

On September 3rd, 1863, Fuller's Ohio Brigade became the Third Brigade and was assigned to the Fifth Division, Sixteenth Army Corps.

October 15th, 1863, a rebel scout reported to General W. H. Jackson at Lexington, Mississippi: "Every organization in Memphis and at different points, including the Twenty-seventh, Thirty-ninth, Forty-third and Sixty-third Ohio Regiments, are under marching orders."

Part of the time that the Brigade occupied the city of Memphis, Colonel Swayne of the Forty-third Ohio held the position of Provost Marshall. The command of that regiment then devolved upon Lieutenant-Colonel Herrick.

CHAPTER XVIII.

THE MARCH TO PROSPECT, TENNESSEE.

For over a week the Ohio Brigade had been under orders to move and on October 18th they marched out of Memphis on the Germantown and Pocohontas Roads, with General Sherman's Army of the Tennessee. They were now enroute on a four hundred mile march to Chattanooga to the relief of the Army of the Cumberland. Arriving at Corinth on the 24th, the men of the Brigade pitched their little shelter tents for a night's rest. The next stops were at Clear Creek, Iuka Springs, Jacinto, and East Port on the west bank of the Tennessee River.

From Iuka, they were the advance brigade, and moved from eighteen to twenty-five miles a day. They encamped at night from six to ten miles in advance of the main column. All this march was over familiar ground, awakening memories of former battlefields, camps and former eventful days.

The river at this point has a rapid current and winds in graceful curves around the hills, and the water so clear and deep, gladdened the soldiers who were fatigued by the march. The great water-way furnished them with abundance of water to drink, to put in their canteens, to bathe in, and to wash their clothes in. The country about there was mountainous, very rough and thickly wooded. At night the camp fires of twenty thousand men, on the hills and in the valleys, illuminated the sky for miles around and made a most beautiful sight. Union scouts reported at this time that all of Wheeler's, Lee's and Forrest's cavalry were then between Tuscumbia and Decatur.

On November 4th the transports "Anglo Saxon" and "Nashville" and the ferry boat "Blue Bird" ferried the troops across to the east bank of the river with the gunboat "Lexington" and two others assisting. Encamped here along the Tennessee River, a week of rain was experienced, and during these dreary days the soldiers were most uncomfortable, especially those on picket duty, who stood out in front, silent and alone.

The country was so wild and sparsely settled that very little foraging could be done. Yet the soldiers that went out for wild turkey and deer, usually brought back mutton. On November 6th, when the men of the four regiments were at work washing their clothing in the river, they were interrupted and ordered to march. On the 8th they arrived at Otterdale Factory, where a large number of Union people lived. The place was a collection of log houses situated between high hills.

On November 10th, a march of twenty miles was made with a camp at Chicken Creek, where the barns were found filled with wheat, and the fields with ripened corn, and where all the plantations contained plenty of stock.

On November 11th, the Brigade passed through the town of Pulaski, Tennessee, and camped at Bradshaw Creek.

On November 12th, they camped on the plantation belonging to the Honorable Thomas J. Brown, son-in-law of General Gideon Pillow of the Confederate Army. Many slaves followed Sherman's Army and were fed on army rations.

Pulaski, Tennessee, November 11th, 1863.

Colonel J. W. Fuller, Commanding Brigade:

You will move with your brigade to Prospect on the Nashville and Decatur Roads, fifteen miles from this place and go into camp and guard the railroad from Elk River to Athens, Alabama, and set heavy details at work repairing that portion which was burned and destroyed, especially Elk River bridge. Your division will be unloaded and sent here to go to Columbia for supplies. In the mean time you will sieze any mills and set them running. All destruction of property is prohibited.

G. M. Dodge, Brigadier-General, Commanding the Left Wing, Sixteenth Army Corps.

On November 13th, the Brigade camped near the town of Prospect, Tennessee, which was on a hill at whose foot ran a stream of pure spring water. Earthworks were thrown up and the trestle work over the Elk River, which had been destroyed by the enemy, was rebuilt.

This march from Memphis which occupied twenty-six days, with the exception of a week of rain, was one of the most pleasant made by the Brigade, for the reason that during most of the time, the weather was cool with many days of sunshine and a crisp atmosphere. The numerous mountain streams along the way supplied the soldiers with abundance of good water. At night communication was kept up between the marching columns by fire rockets.

CHAPTER XIX.

RE-ENLISTMENTS OF THE REGIMENTS-TRIP TO OHIO AND RETURN.

At Prospect, Tennessee, during the last days of December, 1863, the Twenty-seventh, Thirty-ninth, Forty-third and Sixty-third Ohio Regiments of Fuller's Ohio Brigade, almost unanimously re-enlisted into the United States service as Veteran Volunteers, for three years longer or until the close of the war. They were all well-trained and seasoned soldiers. Those who re-enlisted were given a veteran furlough of thirty days. The detachment which did not re-enlist remained in camp under command of Captain Feeney; Twenty-seventh Ohio, Lieutenant Edward Gibson; Thirty-ninth, Captain John V. Drake; Forty-third, Captain Joel A. Dewey; Sixty-third, Lieutenant Jacob S. Antrim.

The official records of the War of the Rebellion show that the largest number of men in Ohio regiments, who re-enlisted for three years longer, or during the war and became veterans in the winter of 1863-4, were in Fuller's Ohio Brigade, viz: Thirty-ninth Ohio, 534; Sixty-third Ohio, 455; Twenty-seventh Ohio, 437; Forty-third Ohio, 436.

On December 31st, leaving their camp and garrison equipage in charge of the men who did not re-enlist, the veterans started for Ohio. After a march of eighteen miles, they camped out at Pulaski, Tennessee, sleeping at night in negro shanties and barns. The weather was very cold.

On January 1st, 1864, march was made twenty-one miles on the Nash-ville and Elkhorn Pike Road, and a camp made at the "Church of the Seceeders" denomination. On the 2nd, the command marched fifteen miles and made a camp on a hill near Columbia. On the 3rd, they were conveyed thirty miles on cars to Nashville and at dark went on board the steamer "Nightingale" on the Cumberland River. The Forty-third and the Sixty-third Ohio took box cars to Louisville. The boat steamed down the river on the morning of the 4th, made a landing at Clarksville and "tied up" at Fort Donaldson. On the 5th, they arrived at Smithland, Kentucky, and at Cairo, the men having been badly crowded on the boats. After arriving at Cincinnati, on the 9th, by the Ohio and Mississippi Railroad, supper was served at the 5th Street bazar by the ladies of the Sanitary Commission, and dinner the next day by the ladies of the Methodist Church, at the 6th Street market house. After this the men scattered to their homes in different parts of the country.

On February 17th at the expiration of furlough, the men of the Twenty-seventh and Thirty-ninth had rendezvoused at Camp Dennison, the Forty-third and the Sixty-third at Columbus, Ohio, where each squad that arrived was greeted with hearty cheers and hand-shakings. At all hours of the night the boys got out of their bunks to receive their comrades, returning to duty. They were taken on cars to Cincinnati and on the Steamer "Bostonia" down the Ohio River to Louisville, then on cars again to Nash-ville where they arrived on the 19th and remained in barracks for five days. While in Nashville many of the soldiers took this opportunity to visit the tomb of the tenth president of the United States, James Knox Polk, located in the front yard of his former residence. The Capitol buildings were of interest.

On the 24th, the men left Nashville by train, but the engine broke down about thirty miles out, and march was made to Prospect, Tennessee, over a pike road which was smooth and level, yet so hard that it lamed the marching soldiers. Upon arrival there on the 26th, the Ohio Brigade was assigned to the Fourth Division of the Sixteenth Army Corps. A flood had washed away the railroad bridge and a force of men had to be put to work to re-build it and to make pontoons for bridging the rivers. The soldiers also operated both saw and grist mills. Fuller's Ohio Brigade was ordered to the junction below Athens, Alabama, near where the common road bridge crosses the Memphis and Charleston Railroad, in a commanding position. They put up an earthwork, repaired the dirt road that led through the swamp, examined the sloughs, to see if they were navigable into Limestone Creek, and kept sharp watch of the rebels over the Tennessee River, taking all the rations with them that they could. General Dodge reported that cars would be running the next day to the river.

CHAPTER XX.

THE CAPTURE OF DECATUR, ALABAMA.

On March 6th, after being relieved by the Seventh Iowa Infantry, the Brigade commenced the march for the capture of Decatur, Alabama. Many of the teams were mired in the roads along the bottom-lands of the Tennessee River, wagon tongues broke, and were replaced by the teamsters with new ones cut from trees. No amount of cursing and lashing the poor mules could make them budge the wagons one inch, the soldiers had to dig the wheels out with shovels and pry and lift all day. When night closed, the tired men went into camp by the side of the road in the woods.

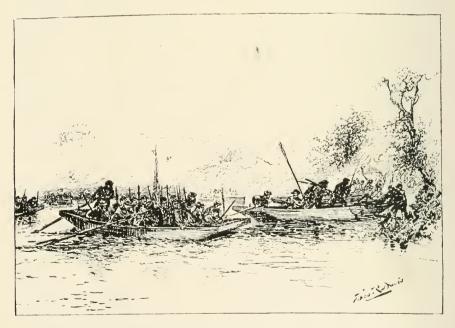
On the 7th, the men marched through the village of Athens, then on, for sixteen miles to Decatur Junction, Alabama. Orders were received to be ready to march at three o'clock in the morning, to build no fires, and to make no noise. On the morning of the 8th the Brigade moved steadily on in silence to the Tennessee River. The early hours of day was foggy and dark and the road ran through a swamp for a distance of three miles. Pontoon boats had been brought by train from Nashville, and were ready for use at the bank of the river. Other boats had been built by the Sixty-third Ohio during the week previous.

In breathless anxiety the men passed over the river in these pontoon boats. Nothing could be heard while crossing but the dipping of the oars which the men pulled with all their strength. The fog was so dense that no objects could be distinguished. When they landed on the south bank of the river, they moved in battle line upon the town, which they captured together with a few prisoners. The loss on both sides was very small. The men camped above the railroad bridge, carrying their tents and equipage on their backs a distance of one mile from the river. The horses, wagons and artillery were brought over in boats.

The Ohio Brigade crossing this river would appear something like the picture of Washington crossing the Delaware in 1776. Details of men were put immediately to work building forts and earthworks, toiling night and day. They made gabbions and faciens of saplings, filled them with sand and piled the earth around them. Many rumors and reports of attacks were received and on the 23rd the men had a scare when General Roady's Cavalry made an attack and General Polk's Confederate Division threatened the place. General Dodge ordered that the enemy must be whipped with the force we had.

CHANGES IN FULLER'S OHIO BRIGADE—NEW ASSIGNMENTS OF REGIMENTS.

On April 1st General Sherman, General Smith, General McPherson, and General Dodge visited and inspected the fortifications and troops at Decatur. Colonel Fuller was promoted to Brigadier-General. The regiments of Fuller's Ohio Brigade were re-assigned, and the Twenty-seventh, Lieutenant-Colonel Mendall Churchill; the Thirty-ninth, Colonel E. F. Noyes; the Sixty-fourth Illinois, Colonel I. Morrell, and 18th Missouri, Captain H. F. Partenheimer, constituted the First Brigade, commanded by General John W. Fuller. The Forty-third, Colonel Wager Swayne; and the Sixty-third Ohio, Lieutenant-Colonel Charles E. Brown; the Twenty-fifth Wisconsin, M. Montgomery; and the Thirty-fifth New Jersey, Colonel J. J. Cladeck, formed the Second Brigade, commanded by Colonel John W. Sprague. The above eight regiments were assigned to the Fourth Division, commanded by Brigadier-General James C. Veatch. The left wing of the Sixteenth Army Corps was commanded by Major-General G. M. Dodge. Thus the Twenty-seventh, Thirty-ninth, Forty-third and Sixty-third Ohio Regiments remained in close proximity, friendship and co-operation in march and in battle until the close of the war.



THE OHIO BRIGADE CROSSING THE TENNESSEE RIVER AT DECATUR, ALA., in Pontoon Boats, Capturing the Town. March 8th, 1864.



DRUM CORPS OF THE 43d OHIO, 1863.

Upper Line—Pavid Auld, Milt Wells, John Couch, Stewart Roberts, John Schick, Ed Stein, Frank Lagsdon, Wm. Meek. Lower Line—Demas Auld, Lew Schram, Wm. Stull, Ham Heatherington, Jerry Stull.

CHAPTER XXI.

THE MARCH TO CHATTANOOGA. GENERAL GRANT'S PLAN OF CAMPAIGN.

On Sunday, May 1st, 1864, the Fourth Division under command of General Veatch was assembled at six o'clock in the morning, and the march from Decatur, Alabama, to Chattanooga, Tennessee, began. Each regiment in readiness for battle at this time averaged in numbers, in ranks, about 600 men. Each man carried forty rounds of ammunition and twenty rounds per man were carried in wagons. Each man carried three days' rations in his haversack and one day's rations per man was carried in wagons. One wagon for personal baggage and two ambulances for the sick were assigned for the use of the eight regiments. Fuller's Brigade marched in advance on the first day. The sky was cloudy and the roads muddy, yet the Division covered a distance of seventeen miles, and in the afternoon encamped in the woods, near a stream of good water. May 2nd after a march of eleven miles, camp was made on the east side of the town of Huntsville, Alabama. The location was in a fertile valley, amid beautiful mountain scenery.

On May 3rd a march of eighteen miles was made. On the 4th a march of six miles was made to Wood Station where the Division boarded freight cars. At the same time a large number of trains loaded with soldiers from the North, East and West, were passing, all going toward Chattanoga. The Division finally arrived in Chattanoga, through Lookout Valley on the 4th, and bivouacked one-half mile from Lookout Mountain and near the Tennessee River. The troops lay on the ground at night, many without blankets. On May 5th in the valley and about the Cliffs of Lookout Mountain were gathered 100,000 men, all under command of General W. T. Sherman. All the future was wrapped in doubt and uncertainty. Two Armies and two Corps (the Army of the Tennessee, and the Army of the Ohio and the Eleventh and Twelfth Corps) had come together from distant fields and joined the Army of the Cumberland, each with separate histories, yet bound by one common cause:—The union of our country and the perpetuation of the government of our inheritance.

In the spring of 1864, General Grant who had just been appointed Commander-in-Chief, inaugurated a plan of campaign for all the armies in the field to act on a common plan, converging at a common center. Grant impressed upon his army commanders that active and continued operations of all troops that could be brought into the field regardless of season or weather were necessary for a steady termination of the war, that the

superior strength and recourses of the north were more than neutralized by the great advantage of the Confederates in their interior lines through a friendly country which required little or no force to guard. While the Union forces were operating in a hostile country, their lines of supplies had to be guarded by a force larger than that operating in the field. Heretofore the various armies in the field, the Potomac, the Cumberland, and the Tennessee had acted independently, a condition which had enabled the enemy to re-enforce each point of attack by drawing troops from all points of inactivity. Therefore he planned to move all the armies at once. (A plan similar to that outlined by General Scott at the beginning of hostilities).

Sherman's Army now covered a front of territory from Vicksburg to Chattanooga and Knoxville, beside guarding railroad transportation in the rear. Sherman announced to his troops that Georgia contained a million inhabitants and that if they could live, the soldiers should not starve, that beef and salt were all that were absolutely necessary for life, and that parched corn once fed General Jackson's Army on that very ground.

CHAPTER XXII.

THE CAMPAIGN THROUGH NORTHERN GEORGIA FOR THE POSSESSION OF ATLANTA,

From Chattanooga on April 1st, 1864, General Sherman wrote General Grant as follows: "We are now to act on a common center and it looks like enlightened warfare. From me you shall have thorough and hearty co-operation. I will not let side issues draw me off from your main plans, in which I am to knock Joe Johnston and do as much damage to the recourses of the enemy as possible. I am pushing stores to the front and completing the army organization on the line of the Tennessee.

Each of the armies will guard by detachments of its own, its rear communication. Schofield of the Army of Ohio, leaving a select garrison at Knoxville, with twelve thousand men, will drop down to the Hiawassee and march against Johnston's Confederate right, by the old Federal Road. Stoneman, now in Kentucky organizing cavalry forces, will operate with Schofield on his left. Thomas (Army of the Cumberland) will have fortyfive thousand men of all arms, and move straight against Johnston, fighting him continuously. McPherson will have nine divisions of the Army of the Tennessee, nearly thirty thousand of the best men in America. Johnston falls behind the Coosa, then McPherson will push for Rome, Georgia, and if Johnston falls behind the Chattahoochee River, then Mc-Pherson will cross over and join Thomas. I will feign to the right but will pass to the left and act against Atlanta, or its eastern communications, according to developed facts. McPherson has no cavalry, but I have taken Gerrard's Division, six thousand strong to operate on McPherson's right rear. If the enemy interrupts our communications, I will be absolved from all obligations to subsist on our own recourses, and will feel perfectly justified in taking whatever we can find.

McPherson is to carry in wagons, twenty days' rations, and to rely on the depot at Ringold for the renewal of his bread. Beeves are to be driven on hoof to the front. The commissary department is alive to the importance of the matter of supplies. It is estimated that one hundred and forty-five cars per day will give a day's supply and a day's accumulation. The distance from Louisville to Nashville, is one hundred and eighty-five miles; from Nashville to Chattanooga, one hundred and fifty-one; from Chattanooga to Atlanta, one hundred and seventy-three miles, all single track road. The army is to be converted into a mobile machine, willing and able to start at a moment's notice, and to subsist on the scantiest food,

To reap absolute success might involve the necessity of dropping all wagons and to subsist on the chance food which the country was known to contain."

On Thursday, May 5th, 1864, the Fourth Division, left wing Sixteenth Army Corps, marched forward through Russellville, camping at night on the rocky battle field of Chicamauga, on the very ground where General Thomas with the left wing of the Army of the Cumberland, held the enemy in check, during that battle. Evidences of war's destruction were to be seen on every hand; graves of soldiers, trees broken down by cannon balls, or cut into shreds by musketry fire.

On the 6th the Division advanced and camped on the south side of Chickamauga Creek, near Lee & Gordon's Mills. In order to secure Ship's Gap that night, General McPherson sent on most of the troops of Fuller's and Sprague's Brigades—a force of two thousand men, with a detachment of the Forty-third Ohio under Captain D. H. Williams in advance. By the same order, General Dodge's entire command moved via Villinow, to Ship's Gap on the next day.

On the 7th, the Division moved forward and camp was made near Nicka-jack Mountain Gap. General Dodge reported to General McPherson that Colonel Sprague's Brigade was in possession of the Gap and the crossroads leading to La Fayette. On the same day the left of Sherman's Army moved in force against Tunnel Hill. The gorge through which the railroad passed, was called Buzzard Roost, and the range of mountains which presented sharp palisade faces, was known as Rocky Face. Mill Creek which formed the gorge had been damned up, making an irregular lake, which filled the road and obstructed it. The enemy's batteries crowned the cliffs on either side, making the position very strong. The Confederates had been there six months fortifying it to the maximum.

On the 8th, the Fourth Division moved forward and camped ten miles north of Resaca, Georgia. On the 9th, the head of the column entered Snake Creek Gap. At every rumor of attack, the men formed lines of battle on the rough hill sides. This forming and reforming occurred many times while passing through the defile, until the column arrived at a point within one mile of Resaca, at the further debouch of the Gap. The Fourth Division nearly succeeded in reaching the bridge over the Oostanaula River. A Confederate Cavalry Brigade, which came up, hastily retreated north toward Dalton, and doubtless carried to the rebel commander the first intimation that a heavy force of Infantry and Artillery was in his rear and within a short distance of his railroad. Our army was jubilant. The Army of the Tennessee had startled the rebel army in its fancied security. At five o'clock, the Fourth Division gained a position on a range of hills

overlooking the town, and began skirmishing with the enemy. From this position the field artillery could reach the railroad bridge across the Oostanaula River. The enemy replied with artillery and attempted to drive away the attacking forces, repeating his sallies several times and extending them late into the night. But in every instance, he was repulsed with heavy loss.

BATTLE OF RESACA.

The order to capture the town and works by assault was countermanded, and after a hards days' work climbing hills and manoeuvering over rough country, the force fell back and fortified, assuming an unassailable defensive position in Sugar Valley on the Resaca side of Snake Creek Gap. Resaca should have been taken in this movement, as it was afterward learned that only one brigade of the enemy's force beside the artillery, held it. Its capture would have placed Sherman's army across the railroad, the only line of the enemy's retreat, and Johnston's army would have been demoralized and perhaps captured, with his trains and artillery.

Sherman reported: "McPherson has twenty-three thousand of the best men in the army. Such an opportunity does not occur twice in a lifetime."

In the meantime, Hooker with the Twentieth Corps was moved down within supporting distance of the Army of the Tennessee. The roads were rough wagon ways, and these converged to a single narrow track through Snake Creek Gap. Howard's Fourth Corps and Stoneman's Cavalry were left in observation in front of Buzzard Roost Gap. All the rest of the army marched through Snake Creek Gap, straight on Resaca. Johnston, with the rest of his army, abandoned his well-prepared defences at Dalton, and took up a position at Resaca, behind a complete line of defences, fighting well at all points of the conflict. We closed in, enveloping the town on its north and west. Our forces were pressed at all points, and the sound of musketry and cannon rose all day to the dignity of a battle.

On May 10th, a very heavy storm came on and the roads were deep with mud. On the 13th the Fourth Division moved at six o'clock in the morning against Resaca, arriving in front of the enemy at noon. Companies A, C, and H of the Sixty-third Ohio, under command of Captain Oscar L. Jackson, being on the skirmish line, were among the first troops, on the morning of the 14th, to reach the river near the village. At two o'clock in the afternoon, a grand charge took place along the whole line, a magnificent movement, in which the Fourth Division was a part. The advance of the National Column was irresistible and



Confederate Lines.

BATTLE OF RESACA, GA.

M. L. Smith's Division 15th A. C., Supported by the 4th Division 16th A. C., Storming and Capturing the Heights Commanding the Railroad Bridge.

swept everything before it. After a desperate struggle within easy range, the enemy was sent flying across the Oostanaula River. Johnston got his army across the bridges, then set them on fire. We entered Resaca at daylight. The Sixty-third and Forty-third Ohio were in the advance line and supported the Fifteenth Corps in assaulting a position which commanded a bridge across the Oostanaula River. These two regiments went forward in gallant style, and not only held the ground from which their comrades were about being driven, but pushed the lines still further to the front and held the ground until the night of May 15th, against repeated attempts to dislodge them. Company A, Lieutenant O. M. Davis and Company H. Captain A. L. Howe, were the first to enter the enemy's works.



FIFTEENTH ARMY CORPS BADGE.

Had Johnston remained another hour at Resaca, it would have caused his total defeat. We were compelled to grope our way through forests, across mountains, with a large army, necessarily more or less dispersed. Johnston's army had all the advantages of natural position, of fortified forts and roads, and of concentrated action. The result of the rapid successes, gave us the initiative and the usual aggressiveness of a conquering army. The railroad bridge at Resaca was repaired and a floating bridge made out of logs and material found on the spot. Nearly all the people fled with the rebel army. The southern newspapers denounced General Johnston for falling back before our army. He replied that he had retreated as far as strategy required. In the meantime the whole of Polk's Corps, coming from Mississippi had joined the enemy in our front, and Johnston had, in his command, full three corps, namely, Hood's, Polk's and Hardee's, numbering about sixty thousand men.

ADVANCE ON DALLAS, GEORGIA.

On May 23rd, the Army of the Tennessee commenced the movement designed to compel Johnston's Army to give up Allatoona. It was thought best to leave the railroad and to depend for twenty days for food and ammunition on the contents of the wagons. As the country was obscure, densely wooded and had few roads, the movements of the army were necessarily slow. The route lay through the valley of the Euharlee, across the ridge of mountains, and through the old gold fields. One of the enemy's cavalry pickets was captured who had upon his person an order from General Johnston dated at Allatoona, which showed that he had detected the purpose of Sherman in turning his position.

Dallas, the point arrived at, was on the east side of Pumpkinvine Creek, a tributary of the Etowah, and was the concentration of many roads that led in every direction. Its possession would be a threat to Marietta and Allatoona. But first the railroad had to be regained as far down as its debouch from the Allatoona range of mountains.

The enemy could rarely be seen. Some dodged from tree to tree or behind logs on the ground, or occasionally showed their heads above the hastily constructed but remarkably strong rifle trenches.



43d O. V. V. I.

BATTLE OF RESACA, May 14th, 1864.

The First Volley.

On the 27th, there was a heavy attack by the enemy on the Fourth Division and the pickets were driven back to within easy range of the main body. The Division was formed in two lines and advanced on the double-quick to the firing line. The enemy was driven back, but the Brigade lost in this action, Captain Theodore Sawyer and Lieutenant Henry W. Diebolt, two young and gallant officers of Company A, Twenty-seventh Ohio Infantry, who were mortally wounded.

After the battle of Dallas, the writer went from the front to the field hospital in the rear to find his friend Lieutenant Henry Diebolt. He was lying upon the bare ground with several hundred other dead and wounded soldiers of the Fourth Division. Many were groaning or rolling and tossing with pain. Some were talking incoherently and raving. After talking with Lieutenant Diebolt and consulting Dr. Denise, Surgeon of the Twenty-seventh Ohio, who made an examination of the character of the wound, it was found that Diebolt's wound was mortal. This fearful scene of suffering made a lasting impression upon the writer.

On May 28th, the enemy made an attack with a large force and the Union lines were fiercely assailed. A bloody battle ensued upon open ground between Kingston and Cassville and skirmishing was kept up all night. Our army closed down at daylight, and the enemy being repulsed, broke and retreated beyond the Etowah River, with a loss of twenty-five hundred men.

At midnight on May 29th, the enemy repeatedly charged the Union lines and the fighting was as severe as any ever experienced. Our whole army was now steadily working by the left until our strong infantry had reached and secured possession of all the wagon roads between New Hope, Allatoona and Ackworth. Then Gerrard's and Stoneman's Cavalry were sent into the natural fortress of Allatoona. On June 4th, the Fourth Division moved toward the town of Ackworth. The train of wagons with provisions was left far behind and as a result, the soldiers went without supper. That night the men slept on the ground or upon fence rails, if they could be procured. On the following morning, it was found that the wagon train had not yet come up, and so there was no breakfast. The heavy rain that set in made the roads so deep with mud that they were almost impassable.

The enemy drew off from New Hope and evacuated their position. Thus in the month of May, the Confederate Army had been driven from its strong position at Dallas. The Union soldiers had marched one hundred miles over as rough a country as a civilized army had ever seen. And yet the men were prepared to go on, were anxious to fight and were confident of success. The aggregate loss of the Union Army during the month of May was, in killed, wounded and missing, nine thousand two hundred and ninety-nine.

General Joseph E. Johnston, commanding the Confederate Army, gave as his losses in killed and wounded during the month of May, five thousand three hundred and ninety-three and the loss in prisoners, three thousand two hundred and forty-five, making a total of eight thousand six hundred and thirty-eight. General Johnston was re-enforced during the month of May by Martin's and Jackson's Divisions and Quarles' Brigade of Cavalry. He gave his effective strength as sixty-four thousand four hundred and fifty-six men. In the natural strength of the country, the continuation of many mountain streams, and forests, the Confederate Army had a fair off-set to our numerical strength.

On the 8th of June, General Frank P. Blair arrived at Ackworth with the two divisions of his Seventeenth Corps, that had been on veteran furlough. His nine thousand men with the new regiments that had joined us, equalled our losses in battle, by sickness and by detachments, so that our aggregate was about one hundred thousand effective men.

Communication to all parts of the army was kept up by couriers along the cross roads or through the woods. McPherson's Army of the Tennessee moved to the right near Van Wert. The Fourth Division crossed the Etowah River on a canvas pontoon bridge and by fords. The skirmishers were attacked by artillery fire of shot and shell from the enemy, but after a sharp fight, he was silenced. The ammunition and subsistence trains of the Division followed the line of march during the night. General Thomas' Army of the Cumberland moved in the center and Schofield's Army of the Ohio, away to the left. Geary's Division extinguished the fire on the bridge across Pumpkin Vine Creek, and drove off the enemy's Cavalry.

While following near to an important cross roads called "New Hope," a sharp battle ensued. The conflict was prolonged into the night which was pitch dark. The woods were dense, it rained hard and the convergence toward Dallas produced confusion. Meanwhile our armies were completing their deployments, gradually overlapping the enemy on the right and thus extending our left nearer and nearer the railroad. All this time a continuous battle, about ten miles in length was in progress. The strong skirmish lines took advantage of every species of cover and both the enemy and our forces fortified each night with rifle trenches made of trees and brush with head logs, many of which grew to be as formidable as first class works of defence. The soldiers became extremely skillful in the construction of these works, because they realized their value and importance. They could be constructed without orders in a single night.

On the night of June 10th, the troops of the Fourth Division were rear guard to the wagon train and they experienced a hard and dismal march. The rain poured down in torrents. The mud in the roads was deep in

many places. It was a section of country where mica was disseminated through the soil, making the hillsides so slippery that it was almost impossible for the marching men to obtain a firm foothold; the result was many unfortunate tumbles in the mud.



THE SKIRMISH LINE FEELING THE ENEMY.

On June 12th the whole Fourth Division forming a heavy skirmish line, moved forward and took position at Big Shanty, in full view of Little and Big Kenesaw Mountains. After pushing the enemy back, the men constructed and occupied strong earthworks. A continuous battle was waged until the 19th when the enemy fell back from their position near the base of the Kenesaw Mountain. Our Division immediately occupied their works. In the operation, Company D of the Forty-Third Ohio captured a strong barricade from the Twenty-ninth Tennessee Regiment. Lieutenant James F. Day of Company K was killed and Lieutenant Frank B. Hazelton of Company A of the Twenty-seventh Ohio was wounded while in the rifle pit. The works now occupied by us were very strong, having had a great amount of labor expended upon them, and they occupied a high ridge of ground. They were constructed by Governor Brown of Georgia, who employed a large force of negro slaves to do the work.

General Dodge ordered General Fuller to have the left of his brigade rest at the rock-cut near the mill and with the rest of the Fourth Division, to connect as near as practicable, with the left of General Morgan's Brigade of the Fourteenth Corps. This would place theirs on the right of the railroad and would make his line run nearly north and south. He also commanded the position to be more strongly intrenched.

Little Kenesaw was now just to our right and Big Kenesaw on our left less than one mile distant. The men were obliged to sleep in a foul camp, just abandoned by the "secesh" forces. It was plain to be seen that the ra-

tions of the rebels consisted of corn meal for they had left quantities of it. General Johnston had chosen the ground well for his army. It embraced Kenesaw, Pine and Lost Mountains. His position on the heights, gave him a complete view over our field of operation. The Fourth Division with McPherson's Army of the Tennessee, occupied the ground to the left, following the railroad, which curved around the base of Kenesaw. Thomas' Army of the Cumberland was in the center, obliqued to the right, deploying below Kenesaw and facing Pine Mountain. Schofield's Army of the Ohio, somewhat refused was on the general right, looking south, toward Lost Mountain. The railroad was repaired up to our skirmish line, close to the base of Kenesaw Mountain, and loaded trains of cars came to Big Shanty. A locomotive, detached, was run forward within range of the enemy's guns, to the tank to get water. The enemy opened fire, but the engineer returned safely to his train, answering the shots with the screams of his locomotive whistle, heightened by the shouts and loud cheers of our soldiers.

Our developments were slow owing to the continuous rains. There were no roads except those improvised by each division for its supply train from Big Shanty to the camps. Meanwhile our army was developing against the enemy, intrenching every camp, a continuous line for ten miles, conforming to the irregular position of the enemy, so as to be ready for a sally. One morning at three o'clock, a rebel shouted down from the top of the mountain: "Wake up, Yanks!" and immediately firing from both sides commenced.

On June 26th, just at twilight, Captain Hamilton, a brave and intelligent officer of Company I of the Twenty-seventy Ohio, came to the writer at the earthworks, and while standing watching the carnage in front, he said in part: "I have given much attention to the important questions arising between the North and the South, and they are of such vital interest not only to this country, but to mankind all over the world, that I should like to live long enough to know which side will win in this war, and what the result of this struggle for the Union will be." His manner and words gave the impression that he had a presentiment that he would be killed. Poor Hamilton! That very night he was shot, while in line of duty with his regiment ascending Kenesaw Mountain, and died a few days later. On this same night, Sergeant-Major Skilton of the Twenty-seventh Ohio and others were wounded.

At this time the enemy's cavalry in our rear compelled us to detach cavalry back as far as Resaca and to strengthen all our infantry posts as far back as Nashville. Forrest had defeated General Sturgess at Guntown. Tennessee, but A. J. Smith with his two divisions of the Sixteenth and

Seventeenth Corps, which had been on the Red River expedition, was sent against Forrest and defeated him at Tupelo.

There had been over twenty days of rain. The roads, fields, and woods became quagmires and almost impassable, after a few wagons had passed over them, yet the men were at work all the time and operations were pressed with earnestness.

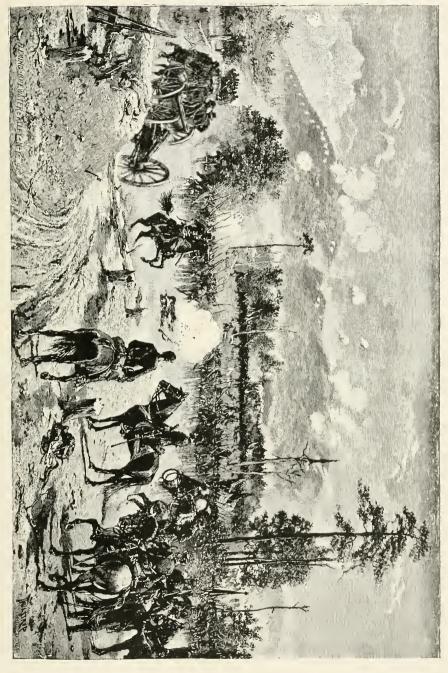
In June 27th, at nine o'clock in the morning, our troops moved to the assault all along the lines which fronted Kenesaw Mountain.

A furious fire of artillery and musketry was kept up. The enemy met us with determined courage and in great force. The Fourth Division of McPherson's attacking columns, fought up to the face of the lesser Kenesaw, but could not reach the summit. Thomas' assaulting columns reached the parapet, where Generals Harker and Daniel McCook were mortally wounded. We did not break the rebel lines but held our ground within a few yards of the rebel trenches. Our loss was two thousand five hundred men. The rebels reported a loss of eight hundred and eight.

While the battle was in progress, our forces crossed Olley's Creek on the right and gained a position on threatening the enemy's line of retreat, and then to increase the effect, our cavalry proceeded rapidly still further to the right.

THE CAPTURE OF BIG AND LITTLE KENESAW MOUNTAIN.

The Twenty-seventh, Thirty-ninth, Forty-third and Sixty-third Ohio Regiments with the whole Fourth Division now moved forward nearer to the bases of Little and Big Kenesaw Mountains which rise fifteen hundred feet from the plain. Then came the siege with its deadly skirmishing and fighting. Late at night, on the 27th of June, the Twenty-seventh and Thirty-ninth Ohio, relieving the Sixty-fourth Illinois, advanced cautiously up the mountain in the pitch darkness. The men, creeping and climbing around the rocks, clutched at the trees to assist them upward, and finally gained a position half way up to the summit. In this movement, the two regiments lost many valuable officers and men in killed and wounded. They were shot by the hidden foe, whose position was but a few yards in front. When morning dawned, they beheld from their rifle pits a great cannonading by the enemy at the top of the mountain where they had placed their batteries, and also from the Union batteries massed on the plain below. The solid shot from the latter, tore up trees, earth and rock, about the Confederate defences. The mountain sides were enveloped in flame and smoke. and the noise of shot and shell passing through the air, over the heads of



the men was constant and terrible. The Twenty-seventh and Thirty-ninth Ohio were relieved by the Forty-third and Sixty-third Ohio.

On July 2nd, the Twenty-seventh and Thirty-ninth Ohio again advanced up the sides of the mountain. The enemy's batteries were silenced and on July 3rd, the Confederate Army evacuated its position and fled. General Fuller reported officially that the flag of the Twenty-seventh Ohio Regiment was first to wave from the top of the mountain.



BATTLE OF KENESAW MOUNTAIN, GA. Confederate Guns going up the Mountain.

From the summit of the mountain was afforded a magnificent view of the surrounding country, beautiful indeed on that bright July day. To the southward were Lost Mountain, Pine Mountain, and Stone Mountain with the valley between, and the Chattahootchee River, twelve miles away, winding in its course westward. Atlanta, the objective point of the campaign, was seen on the plain, in the distance to the southward. The soldiers were filled with joy and zeal and marched on with songs of victory. The signals waved by the Confederates at the top of Kenesaw Mountain, were translated and used by the Union Signal Corps during their occupation of that stronghold. From these signals we learned of the death of the Confederate General Polk.

On July 4th, the army moved forward, the Fourth Division marching toward Ruff's Mills on Nick-o-Jack Creek. The right of our army swung around so as to threaten Marietta, and the enemy contracted his lines and covered his position every where, with entrenchments.

CHARGE OF FULLER'S OHIO BRIGADE.

One of the most successful charges made during the war of the rebellion was that made by Fuller's Ohio Brigade at Ruff's Mills on Nick-o-Jack Creek, Georgia, six miles below Marietta, led by Colonel Noyes of the Thirty-ninth Ohio. On the morning of the above named day, the glorious fourth of July, the Fourth Division marched past the Twentieth and Twenty-third Corps and about ten o'clock, took the advance in line of battle and drove the enemy several miles through a wooded country, over fields and uneven ground forcing him out of his rifle pits, and back into his main works at Nick-o-Jack Creek. These defenses,—called the Smyrna line,—had been prepared by black labor, and were the most formidable yet met with by the Union Army. General Sherman selected the Twenty-seventh and Thirty-ninth Ohio to be placed in the advance and to make the charge. The Forty-third and Sixty-third were next in line, while the Eighteenth Missouri and Sixty-fourth Illinois with other troops on the right and left flank were ordered to make a feint.

The charge was first ordered to take place at noon, but the work to be accomplished was of such a serious nature that Generals Sherman, Mc-Pherson, Dodge, Morgan L. Smith with other officers rode up to the position to examine it, and much doubt was expressed as to the ability of a small force to capture so strong a position. General Logan asked General Fuller to point out where the enemy lay. General Fuller replied," You can

see them by looking down that narrow road, through the timber, across that open field and behind those heavy works." "Well," said General Logan "Why don't you take them?" "We are just getting ready," answered the Brigade commander. General Morgan A. Smith remarked that more men would be lost by sunstroke than by bullet. Colonel Noyes (afterward Governor Noyes) was most earnest in his appeal for the opportunity to make the attempt, saying in a loud voice, "We can and will take the enemy's works. All we need is the order,

The position of the men at this time was most fatiguing. They had marched so far all the morning hours, and since before noon had been lying upon the ground in battle line without food, expecting every moment to execute the forward movement. They were greatly fatigued and began to be impatient and were quite out of humor, embittered and desperate at the delay. There can hardly be a more depressing condition in practical warfare than to lie for hours exposed to a galling fire that cannot be effectually returned.

Finally the order came to make the charge at six o'clock at night. A moment before that time each Captain placed himself in front of his company and said, "Men, we are to take those works in our front. We must take them. Reserve your fire until you get to the enemy and don't waste ammunition. Remember that you have never retreated. Let everyone of you yell!"

Promptly at the hour, Bugler H. C. Parmalee of Fuller's Brigade sounded the charge, the two regiments sprang from the ground and rushed forward. The whole field was covered with Union blue in an instant. Men never went faster nor cheered louder in the face of such a storm of bullets. Troops on the right, left and in the rear cheered with them. It seemed but a few minutes before the charging column was out of the woods, across the open fields, and were swarming over the enemys' earthworks which were captured and held, together with a regiment of North Carolina and Georgia troops, and with a great shout of triumph, our men raised the old flag over their conquest. The rest of the enemy fled, several were bayonetted in the fight at the works. Among those captured were two officers who said that they thought that the whole Yankee Army was coming at them. Both the enemy and our own troops heard the bugle sound at the same time, and the enemy being prepared, poured upon the charging column, heavy volleys of musketry fire. Their bullets struck the ground and cut the trees everywhere. Our loss in killed and wounded in this engagement was over one hundred and forty men in the two regiments. The Thirty-ninth Ohio lost its brave Colonel, E. F. Noves, whose wound caused the amputation of his leg.



THE BATTLE OF NICKOJACK, GA., JULY 4th, 1864. The 27th and 39th Ohio going over the Confederate Works

General Sprague said that the charge was the wedge that cleaned out the rebel works for a distance of six miles. Generals Fuller, McPherson, and Dodge announced that it was one of the most brilliant, bold and desperate charges they had ever witnessed. Johnston's rebel army retreated to the Chattahootchee River and crossed over that night.

To the survivors who fought this fight to the finish, it was a momentous affair. They lost some of their best and bravest men who had served with them three years. One of the most sorrowful results of this battle was the death of three comrades, mess mates, members of Company G, of the Twenty-seventh Ohio, who fell, killed apparently by one bullet, passing though their necks. The men were Sergeant William B. Atwell, and Corporals Andrew J. McFarran and William Jaynes. Private H. C. Evans was wounded in this charge. This Smyrna line of earthworks was the only line carried by a charge during the Atlanta Campaign.

On July 5th, a march was made by the Division to the right flank of the army, a distance of eight miles. On the 7th, a camp was made near the Chattahoochee River on the extreme right of the army, on the Sand Town Ferry Road. The Confederates and Union men swam in the river and met each other, and some engaged in trading tobacco for coffee.

July 9th, march was made on roads that were heavy with deep, hot sand for sixteen miles and camp was made south east of Marietta, Georgia. In this section of the country, some of the soldiers found muscadines, (a kind of grape,) growing, which being a change from ordinary fare, the men ate with great relish, the rations having been for many months only bacon, hard bread and coffee.

On July 10th, the Division had a hot, dusty march of eleven miles to the left of the army. No halt was made except for meals and an occasional rest. This was the third march from one extreme flank of the Army to the other, made by the fourth Division during the Atlanta campaign. These movements required forced marches and in hot weather were extremely fatiguing on soldiers. At Rossville Factory the troops waded the Chattahoochee River which was more than waist deep and about a half a mile wide with a rapid current. Meanwhile a band standing in midstream, played "Yankee Doodle". General G. M. Dodge, writing of this says: "It was as fine a sight as I ever saw, when Fuller's Ohio Brigade, in line of battle forded the river. The enemy's Cavalry held the other side. The troops moved across, holding their guns and cartridge boxes high above their heads. The rebels poured in a heavy fire but it was too high. Now and then a boy would step into a hole and disappear for a moment, but all got across and immediately sought shelter under the steep bank. Fuller reformed and made a charge, cleaning out the enemy in short order.

Camp was made on the south bank of the river, rifle pits were thrown up and the troops made a good bridge over the river. The Forty-third Ohio was detached to hold this bridge until the army transportations then loading at Marietta, could cross the river.

On Sunday July 17th, march was made toward Atlanta, engaging the enemy. July 18th camp was made at Nancy's Creek. July 19th, the Fourth Division moved at five o'clock in the morning and supported the force during the engagement at Peach Tree Creek, arriving at Decatur in time to receive a good shelling from the enemy's guns. The First Missouri Artillery of the Fourth Division wheeled into position and replied to the enemy with solid shot to such good effect that the enemy withdrew. In the evening part of the Fourth Division moved toward Atlanta, leaving the Sixty-third Ohio at Decatur.

Our successful contraction of the enemy's line encouraged us but discouraged him. From the 10th of June to the 3rd of July, there was continuous battle. Our losses in the several corps were seven thousand five hundred and sixty-five. The Confederate losses, reported by Johnston were five thousand nine hundred and forty-eight, showing that our losses were less in proportion than in the relative strength of the two armies, namely, six to ten, which the desperate game of war justified.

The crossing of the Chattahoochee River and the breaking of the Augusta railroad was most handsomely executed and will be studied as an example of the art of war.

The Confederate General Johnston, anticipating the movement of the Union Army from the mountains toward the Chattahoochee River and Atlanta, had built strong abatis and redoubts. A thousand slaves had been at work for more than a month on these lines, which extended from the river above the railroad bridge to Turner's Ferry, about six miles in extent in the valley of the Chattahoochee. We held possession of the river above for eighteen miles, as far as Rossville, and below ten miles to the mouth of the Sweetwater. We held the high ground overlooking the movements of the enemy. From a hill, we could see the houses in Atlanta, nine miles distant, and the whole of the intervening valley of the Chattahoochec. We could see the camps of men and large trains of covered wagons and could observe the preparations for our reception on the other side. Johnston was anxious to defend and to save Atlanta, which was a city of vital importance to his army, and to the Confederacy itself. The rebel army evacuated its trenches and crossed the river in the night, burning the railroad trestle bridge and pontoons, leaving us in full possession of the north bank

In the meantime, stores were accumulated at Marietta and Allatoona, both fortified and garrisoned points. The movement of our army toward Atlanta was on a general right wheel, the Army of the Cumberland on the right, Army of the Ohio in the center, and Fuller's Fourth Division with the Army of the Tennessee well over toward Stone Mountain, breaking up the railroad, its advance reaching Decatur at night where it came into communication with Schofield. Our lines were advanced in compact order close up to these finished intrenchments, strong parapets, with ditch, frize, chevaux-de-frize, and abatis.

Dodge's two divisions (Sweeny's Second and Fuller's Fourth) of the Sixteenth Corps, were directed from the main road along a diagonal one, that led to the extreme left of the Army of the Tennessee, which was then held by Giles A. Smith's Division of the Seventeenth Corps, for the purpose of strengthening that flank. Intrenching tools were sent to erect batteries. Stoneman's Cavalry had crossed the river at Cambletown to threaten the railroad below Atlanta.

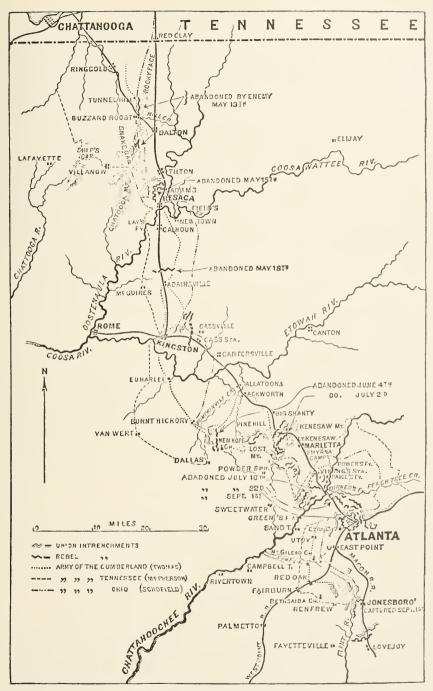
At noon on the 20th, while the Army of the Cumberland was resting, the enemy advanced rapidly from its trenches against them. After two hours of close conflict, the enemy retired leaving his dead and wounded on the field.

"On the 20th of July 1864, at the carrying of Leggett's Hill in front of Atlanta, Colonel Tom Reynolds of the Seventeenth Corps, was shot through the leg. When the surgeons were debating in his hearing the propriety of amputating it, he begged them to spare his leg, because, as he said, it was very valuable, being an imported leg. (He was of Irish birth). This well-timed piece of wit saved his leg, for the surgeons said that if he could perpetrate a joke at such a time, they would trust to his vitality to save his limb."

INVESTMENT OF ATLANTA.

On the 21st, the Fourth Division supported the National forces in battle and moved to the left to a point one mile south of the Augusta and Atlanta Railroad.

On the morning of the 22nd of July, the 43rd Ohio started from the Chattahoochee River for Decatur, twenty miles distant, with a train of fifteen hundred wagons. The fight was still in progress and General Sprague was making a most gallant resistance, with the Sixty-third Ohio, Twenty-fifth Wisconsin and Thirty-fifth New Jersey. The Forty-third was hurried forward by its Colonel and was placed in position to protect the wagon



SHERMAN'S ATLANTA CAMPAICN.

CHATTANOOGA TO ATLANTA.

train, while it filed off to the rear of the National Army. Through the audacity of Colonel Sprague combined with the promptness of Colonel Swayne and the fearless spirit of the men, not a single wagon was lost by the attack of Wheeler's and Iverson's Cavalry, thus averting a calamity that might have been fatal to the success of the National Army at that time.

Early in the morning of the 22nd of July, in moving forward, the Sixteenth Army Corps was thrown out of position by the contraction of the circle of investment of the city. The Fourth Division and the Second Division closed up near the extreme left and rear of the Seventeenth Corps and the enemy fell back into their main works. These works were thirty feet high in some places, had been built by slave labor and were located on the easterly side of the town of Atlanta. The writer in company with several officers went to the front to observe the situation. The Georgia militia was then occupying part of the fortifications. They were dressed as citizens, in white shirt sleeves. Their artillery was passing up a street apparently withdrawing from their position, but it was really part of the enemy's force then moving to their right, around the Union Army's left and rear.

Sherman's Army at this time was stretched out from east to west about nine miles in length. It now closed up and invested the city. General James B. McPherson, commanding the Army of the Tennessee, had General Logan's Fifteenth Army Corps across the Augusta Railroad, east of Atlanta. On its left was General Blair's Seventeenth Corps, with General Dodge's left wing of the Sixteenth Corps. On the right of the Army of the Tennessee, were General Schofield's lines of the Army of the Ohio. Next on the right was General Thomas' Army of the Cumberland. Nearly all but the Sixteenth Corps were behind earthworks which had been hastily thrown up and nearly all had strong reserves.

On July 22nd, all wagon trains were parked in the rear. Orders were given to the troops of the Second and Fourth Divisions of Dodge's Sixteenth Corps, to destroy every rail and tie from Decatur up to the skirmish line. Lively skirmishing was going on in front of Thomas' and Schofield's commands, on their right, and occasionally a gun toward Decatur, was fired, too far to the left-rear to be explained by known facts.

General Fuller's Bugler, H. C. Parmalee, a soldier of Company G of the Twenty-seventh Ohio Regiment, had been fired upon by the enemy from the left-rear flank, while carrying orders, and he informed General Fuller of a large body of Confederates passing to our left. The General ordered him to sound the bugle call "into line". General McPherson hastily mounting his horse at headquarters, hurried down his lines to find what these sounds meant. He saw Sweeny's and Fuller's Division engage and

drive the enemy back, and with the remark "they are doing well", he rode along a road leading across the wooded valley and disappeared into the woods, doubtless with a sense of great security. The sound of musketry was heard and McPherson's horse came back wounded, bleeding and riderless, and McPherson, the great leader was dead, shot by a force that had got around the Seventeenth Corps, through the blind woods in the rear of our left flank. The ball had ranged upward across his body, near the heart. His remains were sent home to Clyde Ohio, and there buried. He came from an old family of Scotch Presbyterians. He was an accomplished engineer of the highest order, and he was a thorough soldier.

The railroad and wagon road from Decatur to Atlanta lay along a summit, from which the waters flowed by short steep valleys, into the Peach Tree and Chattahootchee to the west, and by other valleys of greater declivity toward the east. The ridges and level ground were mostly cleared, but where the valleys were broken, they were left in a state of nature, wooded and full of undergrowth.

McPherson's line of battle was across this railroad; along a general ridge, with a gentle but cleared valley to his front between him and Atlanta, and another valley behind him was clear of timber in part, but to his left and rear, the country was heavily wooded.

The Confederate General Hood, who had succeeded Johnston, during the night of July 21st, had withdrawn his army from his Peach Tree line and had occupied the fortified line of Atlanta, facing north and east. Leaving G. W. Smith's Division of militia, Stewart's and part of Hardee's Corps to occupy the forts, his own Corps and part of Hardee's had marched out to the railroad, leading from McDonough to Decatur, and had turned so as to strike the left of McPherson's Army of the Tennessee "in air." At the same time, he had sent Wheeler's Division of cavalry against the trains parked at Décatur. Unluckily for our army, Gerrard's Division of Cavalry was away on a raid eastward to burn the bridges across the Ulcofauhatchee and yellow rivers, so that McPherson had no cavalry in hand to guard that flank.

THE BATTLE OF ATLANTA, GEORGIA, JULY 22ND, 1864.

The battle of July 22nd, was fought on the east side of Atlanta.. The troops engaged were the left wing of General Sherman's Union Army, consisting of the Fifteenth, Sixteenth, and Seventeenth Corps, commanded by General McPherson, against the great bulk of General Hood's Confederate Army which was composed of Hardee, Cheatham and Walker divisions.



BATTLE OF ATLANTA, JULY 22nd, 1864, 16TH ARMY CORPS ENGAGED.

On the left Gen Sweeney's 2d Div. Welker's Battery and 14th Ohio Battery, using cannister. Gen. Sweeney dismounted. Gen. Dodge and staff mounted in foreground. Gen. Mercy's Brigade charging Bates' Division just emerging from distant woods. Bates repulsed with great loss.

On the right, distance, Gen. John W. Fuller's 4th Division checking Gen. W. H. T. Walker's Division, massed, Gen. Fuller has seized the colors of the 27th Ohio and planted them as a rallying point. Gen. Walker killed, his Division repulsed with great loss.

About one o'clock in the after noon the enemy had arrived at a point on the left and rear of the Union Army, and were well in position, they advanced and struck the Union pickets, being enabled under cover of the forest to approach quite near before he was discovered. Indeed his skirmish line had got into the field in the rear of General Giles A. Smith's Division of the Seventeenth Corps, unseen. At that moment, the Fourth Division with the exception of the Forty-third Ohio and the Sixty-third Ohio, and the Thirty-fifth New Jersey, and the Twenty-fifth Wisconsin, which were at Decatur, further east, was still closed up to the Seventeenth Corps, massed to strengthen any portion of the Union line, and at rest. The Second Division was north of the Augusta Railroad and was just in the best position to meet the coming enemy, who was curtained by the timber. Suddenly on the left, and rear, came the sound of firing. It startled the soldiers and instinctively the danger of a flank movement flashed upon their minds. Instantly they grasped their muskets. Orders were anticipated and every man fell into line. Officers mounted in great haste, and orderlies with dispatches rode off at full speed. Orders to move were received in a moment, to meet the impending danger on the left. The movement was on the double-quick for a distance of a half a mile, then faced to the south, formed quickly into line of battle, at right angles with the Seventeenth Corps and as quickly as it takes to tell it, the battle was on and raging with greatest fury. Connection with the Seventeenth Corps on the right of this new position was not complete. A gap of one half a mile or more was left unoccupied by Union troops. It was over this space on the unused road that General Fuller's command had just marched and on which General McPherson, commander of the Army of the Tennessee, was riding when he was ambushed and killed. He had passed our troops who cheered him vociferously, had bowed his head in acknowledgement, with his usual genial smile, and had ridden on unconscious of his danger to his death.

The Fourth Division moved quickly for position to save our trains or to avoid a worse disaster. The Second Division was separated from the Fourth Division by a transverse ravine. The right of the rebel line had struck our left flank while in motion. The rebels attacked boldly and repeatedly but met an equally fierce resistance and on that bloody ground the battle raged from a little after moon till night.

When the enemy advanced, the men were lying upon the ground. No orders could keep them down. They rose to their feet, took deliberate aim and discharged their pieces.

As soon as the Twenty-seventh and Thirty-ninth Ohio Regiments were halted, Company A of the Twenty-seventh Ohio, commanded by First Lieutenant Charles H. Smith, in the absence of Captain Bryan, was by



Fuller's Division, 16th A. C., Engaged. General Fuller at the Front, Planting the Flag of the 27th Ohio for a Charge. BATTLE OF ATLANTA, JULY 22d, 1864.

order thrown forward as skirmishers to cover the field in front. The men advanced with the skirmishers of the Thirty-ninth Ohio on the double-quick over a rise of ground and went across the field like veterans as they were. They were under a terrific fire from the enemy who had formed in masses at the edge of the dense wood, and who advanced their whole line upon the field, four deep, their bullets pattering on the ground like raindrops. The skirmishers held them at bay until the order was given for the Twenty-seventh and Thirty-ninth to charge. The two regiments sprang from the ground and rushed upon the enemy. Then came the impact of the two opposing forces—a battle waged in the open field, with no protection of earthworks on either side—a battle, the most sanguinary of the war.

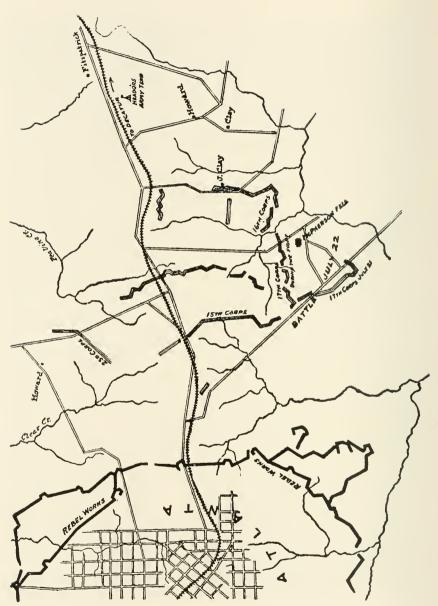
The flags of the Twenty-seventh and Thirty-ninth Ohio and of the Confederate regiments were placed side by side, and two opposing forces fought with desperation and bitterness to gain the mastery, until the Confederate lines were broken and driven back into cover of the woods. In the meantime a large body of the enemy had passed through the open space to the rear, so that Fuller's Division was actually surrounded on the front, right flank and rear.

General Fuller, observing this state of affairs, brought up part of a reserve regiment, the splendid Sixty-fourth Illinois, who struck the enemy, which had passed the rear, unawares, and pushed him back. At the same time, the Twenty-seventh and Thirty-ninth made a half wheel and commenced firing into their flank, compelling them to retreat in confusion from the field, for the second time. The two regiments followed them to the timber, but again the enemy reformed their lines under command of General Walker, who was killed while urging his men, almost at the instant of their forward movement. He fell in front of the firing line of the Twenty-seventh Ohio, Company A. The two regiments now lay flat upon the ground, firing at the advancing enemy. At this moment, General Fuller seized the flag of the Twenty-seventh, raised it aloft, and the two regiments moved forward with a great shout and drove the enemy back in final defeat.

The sash and gauntlets belonging to General McPherson were found upon one of the enemy's dead. When the skirmishers were rejoining their regiment at the beginning of the engagement, three of them fell flat to the ground and the enemy ran over them. When the enemy retreated, the Union soldiers jumped up from the ground and rejoined the firing line.

The work of Laird's Fourteenth Ohio Battery, stationed on the left of Fuller's Fourth Division was the greatest piece of artillery practice during the war.

During the rebel charges, the guns of the Fourteenth Ohio were firing incessantly, the men at the guns were stripped and in their shirt sleeves.



BATTLE LINES, ATLANTA, GA., JULY 22d, 1864.

Twice the enemy drove the infantry back nearly to the muzzles of the guns of the battery. They recoiled and fell back from the destructive fire, with great gaps in their ranks. The Eighty-first Ohio men swarmed to the support of the battery whose guns were then turned to the right, and across the front of Fuller's Division, at that time lying down on a rise of ground, just before they made their last charge. It was then that the Fourteenth Ohio Battery poured in one of the most destructive fires upon the enemy, that was ever seen on any battle field. Men were literally blown to pieces and their lines melted away. Although we were winning a victory, it was horrible to see men so slaughtered.

No army ever before fought to a successful finish a battle against such an overwhelming force. The enemy's dead bodies covered the field where they were slain in the unavailing attempt to break through the Union lines.

The battle to the left, so far, had been fought on the Union side by less than five thousand men of Dodge's Sixteenth Corps, mainly by parts of Fuller's Fourth and Sweeny's Second Divisions. After the third repulse of the enemy's advance, the Twenty-seventh and Thirty-ninth Ohio Regiments moved to the right and attacked Cleburn's force in the rear and flank, preventing them from reforming or adjusting their lines, and from making a third attack upon the lines of the Seventeenth Corps, then commanded by General Blair, Leggett and Giles A. Smith, whose magnificent fighting during this day, from both sides of the works, reads like romance rather than reality. These splendid veterans who had worked incessantly at intrenching without rest for two nights, leaped over their works, put their backs to Atlanta, and received and repelled the charging columns that came upon them from the rear with demoniac yells, so characteristic of the Texans. But no sooner had the enemy been driven back on each occasion, when Cheatham's Corps advanced from the direction of Atlanta, the second time covering the entire front of the Seventeenth and Fifteenth Corps. The Union troops, jumping to the right side of their works, repulsed each charge. Part of the Fifteenth Corps under General Logan, had lost some ground in this attack but recovered their line.

That battle along the front of the Army of the Tennessee was desperate and bloody beyond description. For vindictiveness and desperation, this encounter was never excelled. The carnage was terrible and sickening. The ground was covered with the mangled, dead and dying of both armies.

The Twenty-seventh and Thirty-ninth Regiments alone, lost two hundred and seventy-three men killed or wounded. Cleburn reported to Hardee that this battle was the bitterest of his life.

It was the purpose of the Confederates to flank the Union Army on its left, double back upon the center, and break up the investment of the city, and then drive the Union Army across the Chattahootchee River in retreat.

The scene upon the field during the engagement was grand and impressive. It seemed that every mounted officer of the attacking column, was riding at the front of, or on the right, or the left of the first line of battle. Their regimental flags as well as ours, waved and fluttered in advance. Their movement was covered by a well-directed fire of artillery, posted in the woods on higher ground, but is seemed impossible for the enemy to face the sweeping fire of Fuller's and the other divisions. The sun shown down upon the field from a clear sky, the heat was excessive, and the soldiers suffered from thirst almost beyond endurance.

General Hood, commanding the Confederate forces occupied a position where much of both armies could be seen, directing the movements of his troops and finally suffering the mortification and humiliation of defeat. Yet his vanity was such that he could not recognize his own faulty military judgement, but rashly blamed his troops, whose dead and bleeding bodies strewn over the field attested to their valor. He did not seem to comprehend the fact that he was confronted by experienced soldiers who had fought over hundreds of miles of territory, securing victories in every battle from Springfield, Missouri, to Donaldson, Shiloh, Juka; Corinth, Vicksburg and Chattanooga; who had whipped his command through the mountains of northern Georgia; who were accustomed to fierce assaults and yells and who always gave the return blows strong and heavy. It was General Grant's old army, and it was General Grant himself who said of this army, "It is invincible. No foe can stop their onward march."

When General Hood stood on the hill at Resaca, in May previous, and with bated breath, saw the Army of the Tennessee issue from the narrow defile of Snake Creek Gap and roll in sweeping and beautiful lines over the hills and valleys, with the design of carrying that position, he was told by his Chief of Staff that the Army of the Tennessee was there to fight, it knew how to fight and was willing to fight.

It must be regretted by all and especially by the tried and true soldiers of the Fourth, Fourteenth, Twentieth and Twenty-third Corps, commanded by Generals Thomas, Schofield, Slocum, and Howard, respectively, that General Sherman's order was not enforced to strike the foe in their front, which on the 22nd of July was only a thin line, notwithstanding they were behind works. If these four corps had been allowed to attack, Hood's Army would have been crushed and captured at Atlanta.

It is matter of history that only two Army commanders were killed in battle during the War of the Rebellion, both of whom were of the highest type of the American soldier. On the Confederate side, Albert Sydney Johnston, fell at Shiloh, April 6th, 1862. Surrounded by his friends, he fell at the hour of defeat. On the Union side, James B. McPherson on July 22nd, 1864. Alone with the exception of an orderly. He fell at the moment of victory. He was a gallant gentleman who blended the gentleness of the friend with the dignity of a soldier.

The engagement lasted about five hours. The Union troops in possession of the battle field picked up the wounded and buried the dead. Many soldiers of Fuller's Division were wounded more than once. Some sat down and picked bullets out of their belts, guns, cartridge boxes, and canteens. The dead were brought from the battle field back to a clump of pines where in the presence of the survivors, they were buried wrapped in their blankets. Under the pines, two miles southeast of Atlanta, near where they fell, rest the brave heroes of Fuller's Ohio Brigade, and of his Division.

The battle of the 22nd of July in front of Atlanta is recognized among military men as one of the most obstinately fought, and the victory as most vital to the interests of the Union cause during the war of the rebellion.

During the battle, the attacks upon our lines were made seven times and seven times repulsed. The final stampede of the enemy was complete. They left the field without semblance of organization, and retired during the night, inside of Atlanta. The Union troops captured eighteen stand of colors and five thousand stand of arms. The prisoners included thirty-three commissioned officers of high rank. The Union troops were in fine spirits over the results of the battle.

MOVEMENT OF THE UNION ARMY TO THE RIGHT.

The Division remained on the battle field until the 25th, when an advance of a mile was made to the front. While on picket, the writer, being an officer of the guard, received orders from General Sherman at two o'clock in the morning of the 27th, to vacate the whole line quietly, to allow no fires, and to have no talking above a whisper. This was done and the Division with the Army of the Tennessee, swung around the entire army in a flank movement to the extreme right, marching twenty-eight miles and taking position the same evening, in a dense woods, across Proctor's Creek. The Seventeenth Corps came up the next morning on our right and the Fifteenth with them on the extreme right.

THE BATTLE OF THE 28TH OF JULY.

On the 28th of July the Division moved in line of battle, half a mile nearer to Atlanta and threw up breastworks. At ten o'clock in the morning two corps of the enemy, Lee's and Hardee's, massed against and attacked the lines of the Sixteenth and the Fifteenth Corps. They made six distinct charges, but were repulsed with great slaughter. The Union forces captured five battle flags and two thousand muskets. Three regiments of the Fourth Division, (the Sixty-fourth Illinois, Thirty-fifth New Jersey and Sixty-third Ohio) were sent to re-enforce the Fifteenth Corps.

At the end of July our infantry line was strongly intrenched, but was drawn out from the Augusta Road on the left to the Sand Town Road on the right, a distance of ten miles. The enemy presented a bold front with fortified lines that defied direct assault. The weather had been hot in the extreme. There had been a month of conflict without intermission. Many of our men had been killed or wounded. Willis Fisher of the Fortythird Ohio was torn to pieces by a shell while preparing his morning coffee.

From July 1st to 31st, in all the Union corps, there were in killed, wounded and missing, nine thousand seven hundred and nineteen. This did not embrace the losses in the cavalry which was small. In the rebel army the losses including prisoners, from July 4th to 31st were ten thousand eight hundred and forty-one.



BATTLE NEAR ATLANTA. Ezra Church in Foreground. July 28th, 1864.

The bridge across the Chattahoochee River had been reconstructed and the rear of our army was so well guarded that the trains arrived from Nashville daily and all wants were well-supplied.

By August 4th, reports were received of the surrender of seven hundred of Stoneman's Cavalry, near Macon, Georgia. Stoneman stood and covered the escape of two small brigades while surrendering to Colonel Iverson. Colonels Brownlow, Adams, and Capron, with their detachments of cavalry, came in perfectly demoralized.

McCook's Cavalry expedition had crossed the Chattahootchee River, then marched rapidly across the Macon Railroad at Lovejoy station. They tore up two miles of track, burned two trains of cars, cut away telegraph wires, killed eight hundred mules, burned five hundred wagons, and captured five hundred men. Turning back to Newman, McCook found himself completely surrounded by infantry and cavalry. He had to drop his prisoners and fight his way out to Turner's Ferry, losing about six hundred men.

The weather continued hot and sultry, but the supplies of water and provisions were ample and our position before Atlanta, healthy. Our skirmish line was held close up to the enemy and kept up a continuous clat-



BATTLE LINES, EZRA CHURCH, Atlanta, July 28th, 1864.

ter of musketry. The main lines were held still further back, with muskets loaded and stacked ready for instant use.

On the 7th of August, the Fourteenth Corps, now under command of Jefferson C. Davis, and Schofield's Corps, got around and assaulted the enemy and drove him behind his main breastworks which covered the railroad from Atlanta to East Point. On the same day, the Twenty-seventh and Forty-third Ohio with the Thirty-ninth Ohio, the Eighteenth Missouri, and the Sixty-fourth Illinois, acting as reserves, advanced the line three hundred yards. They crossed an open field, went into thick woods, and built rifle pits along the brow of a ridge, the enemy falling back. The soldiers worked hard that sultry day, and they were tired when the shades of night gathered around them in the gloom of the pine and oak forest. Those who were not on duty, relaxed the constant vigilance in watching for the enemy, care was laid aside, and one by one, with a firm hold on their guns, they dropped off to sleep. Firing ceased along the line, the wind gradually quieted down, and the moon came up and shone through the trees. There was stillness in the balmy air.

As was usual, the pickets were warned to listen for any signs of the enemy, and so a few men crawled out in front of the vidette, and stooping beneath the foliage of the trees and the underbrush, listened for sounds of moving troops, artillery or wagons. After lying there for some time, a slight breeze sprang up, carrying with it from the enemy's camp, the clear soft strains of music from a band, the noise of a vast camp, and confused sounds of voices continuing late into the night. There was no sign of attack.

On August 8th, the third brigade of the Division arrived from Decatur, Alabama. The Seventeenth New York, commanded by Colonel John W. Tillson, were uniformed as Zouaves, with bright red fez and trousers. Together with other troops, they relieved the Twenty-seventh, Thirty-ninth and Forty-third Ohio Regiments and in a few minutes, created a small battle, losing nine killed and wounded. The troops they relieved, returned to the trenches and soon the firing quieted down. The Zouaves exchanged their showy dress for the regulation uniform, soon afterward, for it was found that the bright color was a better mark for the enemy, causing greater mortality in battle. The men of the Fourth Division wore clothing stained by constant use, to the color of the Georgia soil and were less visible to the enemy.

On the 10th, heavy parrot guns were received and placed in position and a sharp fire was kept up from all our batteries converging on Atlanta. Our infantry lines were advanced thereby shortening and strengthening our investment. The Twenty-seventh Ohio marched on August 10th, to Marietta, Georgia, and served under orders of the Provost Marshal. There

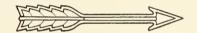
were eight thousand patients in the hospitals. Business blocks were used for army stores, and churches and hotels for the sick and wounded.

On August 13th, all non-veterans from the Fourth Division went home. On August 25th, strong reconnaissances forward from our flanks, on the right and left, were made by our cavalry, in the hope of decoying Hood out of Atlanta, and to make him fight us on something like equal terms. Meanwhile the utmost activity was ordered along our whole front by the infantry.

CHAPTER XXIII.

SHERMAN'S GREAT FLANK MOVEMENT.

Kilpatrick's Cavalry made a circle of Atlanta, destroying the railroad about Jonesborough. General G. M. Dodge, commanding the Sixteenth Corps, had been wounded and had gone to the rear, and his two divisions were distributed to the Fifteenth and Seventeenth Corps. The Fourth Division of the Sixteenth Corps was now assigned as the First Division of the Seventeenth Corps. The Fourth and Twentieth Corps, closed up with the Fourteenth Corps at Utoy Creek. At the same time Gerrard's Cavalry, leaving their horses out of sight, occupied the vacant trenches, so that the enemy did not detect the change.



SEVENTEENTH ARMY CORPS BADGE.

On the 26th the First Division with Seventeenth and Fifteenth Corps. drew out of their trenches, made a wide circuit, and came up on the extreme right of the Fourteenth Corps, along Utoy Creek facing south. On the 25th, the Twentieth drew back to the railroad bridge at the Chattahoochee River to protect our railroad communication to the rear.

On the following morning, some of the enemy came out of Atlanta and found our camps near the city, abandoned. There was great rejoicing in Atlanta that the "Yankees were gone." The fact was telegraphed all over the south. Several trains full of ladies came up from Macon to assist in the celebration of their supposed victory.

On the 28th, the First Division reached the West Point railroad, the army lines extending from East Point to Fairburn, where the railroad track was heaved up in sections, the length of a regiment and then separated rail by rail. Bonfires were made of the ties on which the rails were heated, carried to trees, wrapped around and left to cool. Thus it will be seen that General Sherman was one of the masters in the science of war He had moved his army twenty-six miles to the rear, in the face of the Confederate Army and had placed them across the railroad at Jonesborough.

On the 30th, the enemy made his first move at Mount Gilead, then to Morrow's Mills and intrenched at Jonesborugh. On September 1st, the Fourteenth Corps closed down on the north front of Jonesborough, connecting with the Seventeenth Corps, his left reaching the Fourth Corps and then swept forward in full view, and went over the rebel parapets handsomely. The First and Second Divisions of the Seventeenth Corps were sent around by his right rear to get below Jonesborough, to reach the railroad and cut off the enemy's retreat, in that direction The Fourth Corps was hurried forward so as to lap around Jonesborough on the east, hoping there to capture the whole of Hardee's Corps, but night came on and Hardee escaped. Atlanta was now untenable and at two o'clock on the morning of the 2nd of September, after blowing up their arsenals and machine shops and burning their army stores, the city was abandoned by the Confederates and they moved out in retreat. The Twentieth Corps moved forward and took possession. In all these movements during the great swing of the army, to the right and below Atlanta, the Twenty-seventh, Thirty-ninth, Forty-third and Sixty-third Ohio Regiments were heavily engaged in battle, assisted in destroying railroads, and took part in all the movements of the Division and Army.



JOHNNIE McCLAY.
Musician Co. II, 43d O. V. V. I.
Thirteen years old. The youngest boy in the Brigade if not in the Army, who, finding a Confederate picket post asleep at Jonesboro, Ga., disarmed and captured the whole post, a corporal and three men.

The news of the capture of Atlanta "the gate city of the south" was spread to the Army. The men were wild with cheers, shouts and rejoicing. Their three months of toil and hardship had ended. The tidings flew to all parts of the north and congratulations came pouring back. Despatches were received with the thanks of the President from the White House. General Grant at City Point, Virginia, ordered a salute with shotted guns from every battery bearing upon the enemy. A Presidential election was agitating the North. Mr. Lincoln represented the National cause and the brilliant success at Atlanta made his election certain. Mc-Clellan had accepted the nomination of the so-called Democratic party, whose platform was that the war was a failure. The price of gold fell at all commercial centers. The greatest epoch of treason had been reached and the crisis of the war was now passed.

The Thirty-ninth, Forty-third and Sixty-third Ohio Regiments with the First Division, Seventeenth Army Corps, Army of the Tennessee, went into camp at East Point, Georgia. The Twenty-seventh Ohio went into camp at Marietta and the Army of the Cumberland in and about Atlanta, and the Army of the Ohio at Decatur. Atlanta was made a military garrison, with no population to influence military measures. The question of supplying our army, so far in the interior, became a vital question for the military authorities to solve. We could not remain on the defensive simply holding Atlanta and fighting for the safety of its railroads. Many citizens of Georgia in private interviews, with our officers, proclaimed that further resistance on the part of the south was madness, and would advocate the withdrawal of the people from the rebellion. Governor Joseph E. Brown of Georgia, ordered the state militia to withdraw from Hood's command, but he only furloughed them.

The campaign just closed was the longest and the most continuously successful during the war of the rebellion. It covered a period of one hundred and twenty days, forcing the enemy a distance of nearly two hundred miles, through the mountains of northern Georgia. On each of these days the fighting rose to the proportions of a battle.

The Confederate Commander Hood came from Virginia bringing with him veteran troops and boasting that he would show the southwestern Confederates how to fight. He lost four battles around Atlanta, and then the city itself. A few weeks later, he lost his entire army.

Hood was bold and rash. At last he made the mistake we had waited for so long; he sent his cavalry to the rear, far beyond reach of recall. Instantly our cavalry was on his only remaining road and we followed quickly with our army and Atlanta fell into our possession, the fruit of well concerted measures backed by a brave and competent army.

All black slaves from the plantations that came into the Union lines were enlisted as soldiers or put to work with shovel and pick on the fortifications, or as teamsters, or servants. The following order indicates the foregoing.

MARIETTA, GEORGIA, SEPTEMBER 6TH, 1864.

I have sent Lieutenant Charles H. Smith of the Twenty-seventh Ohio Infantry to Atlanta to procure negroes to work on the fortifications and in the department here. Any assistance that may be rendered him, will be appreciated. We need two hundred able bodied negroes.

Samuel Ross, Colonel Twentieth Connecticut V. I. Commanding Post.

General Logan who had been in command of the Army of the Tennessee since the death of General McPherson, returned to the command of the Fifteenth Corps and was succeeded by General Howard who took command of the Army of the Tennessee, on the 24th day of July, and on the 9th of September, issued a congratulatory order in which he said, "The country may never know with what patience labor and expense, you have tugged away at every natural and artificial obstacle that an enterprising and confident enemy could interpose. The terrific battles you have fought may never be realized nor accredited, still acclaim is already greeting you from the government and people, in view of the results you have helped to gain and I believe that a sense of the magnitude of the achievments of the last hundred days will not abate but increase with time and history. Our rejoicing is tempered as it must be, by the sorrow at the loss of companions in arms. On every hillside and in every valley, throughout your long and circuitous march, you have buried them. I never saw fiercer assaults than the enemy made, and I never saw troops more steady and selfpossessed in action than your divisions that were continually engaged. For cheerfulness and obedience, rapidity of movement and confidence in battle, the Army of the Tennessee can not be surpassed. And it will continue its fair record while it moves forward until the old flag floats in every proud city of the rebellion."

General Hooker took offence because he was not given the command of the Army of the Tennessee in preference to General Howard and asked to be relieved from command of the Twentieth Corps. His request was immediately granted and he went home and reported that Sherman's Army had run up against a rock at Atlanta and the country should be prepared to hear of disaster in that quarter." "General Thomas, McPherson, and Schoffeld, had complained of General Hooker's disposition to "switch off" and to leave wide gaps in his line and other breaches of discipline and proprieties."

REPORT OF MAJOR-GENERAL WILLIAM T. SHERMAN, UNITED STATES ARMY, COMMANDING THE MILITARY DIVISION OF THE MISSIS-SIPPI, IN PART.

ATLANTA, GEORGIA, SEPTEMBER 15TH, 1864.

On March 14th, General Grant summoned me to Nashville, Tennessee, for a conference. * * We had a full and complete understanding of the policy and plans for the ensuing campaign, covering a vast area of country, my part of which extended from Chattanooga to Vicksburg.

On the 25th I began a tour of inspection. I had interviews with Generals McPherson, commanding the Army of the Tennessee, at Huntsville, Thomas, at Chattanooga, Schofield at Knoxville. We fixed the first day of May as the time when all things should be ready. I found the depots at Nashville abundantly supplied and the railroads in very fair order, but the impoverished condition of the inhabitants of East Tennessee had forced the commanding officers of the posts to issue food to the people. *

The prolific soil soon afforded early vegetables, and wagons hauled meat and bread from Kentucky. I received from Lieutenant-General Grant, a map with letter of instructions. Subsequently I received notice from him that he would move from his camp at Culpepper, Virginia, on the 5th of May, and that he wanted me to do the same from Chattanooga.

On the 27th of April, I put all the troops in motion toward Chattanooga.

* The Army of the Tennessee failed to receive certain divisions that were still kept on the Mississippi River. On the 1st of May the effective strength of the several armies was about as follows: Army of the Cumberland, Major-General Thomas commanding, total sixty thousand seven hundred and seventy-three, guns one hundred and thirty; Army of the Tennessee, Major-General McPherson, commanding, total twenty four thousand four hundred and sixty-five, guns ninety-six; Army of the Ohio, Major-General Schofield commanding, total thirteen thousand five hundred and fifty-nine, guns twenty-eight; grand aggregate of troops, mnety-eight thousand seven hundred and ninety-seven, guns two hundred and fifty-four.

I repaired to Chattanooga in person on the 29th of April. By May 6th, General Thomas had grouped his army at and about Ringold, General Schofield at and near Cleveland, and General McPherson at and near Gordon's Mills on the Chickamauga. The enemy lay at Dalton, holding the Buzzard Roost pass, the line of Mill Creek to the north, and his line of railroad back to Atlanta, superior to me in cavalry, with three corps of infantry and artillery, viz: Hardee's, Hood's and Polk's, the whole commanded by General Joe Johnston, of the Confederate Army. I estimated the cavalry under Wheeler about ten thousand and the infantry and artillery, fifty thousand.

May 6th all the armies moved forward, General Thomas on Tunnell Hill, a gravelly range of hills covering the mouth of the famous Buzzard Roost Pass, through Rocky Face Ridge, General Schofield east of that range, approaching Dalton from the north and General McPherson aiming

for Resaca, eighteen miles south of Dalton, through Snake Creek Gap and Sugar Valley.

To strike Dalton was impracticable. My purpose was that General McPherson should reach the railroad at Resaca and destroy it to Johnston's rear, and then take up a strong defensive position near the mouth of the Gap, and to operate on the flank of the enemy as he retreated. General McPnerson moved rapidly with the Army of the Tennessee, reached the Gap on the 8th and passing through, completely surprised a brigade of cavalry that was coming to watch and defend it. He found Resaca too strong to be carried by assault and accordingly fell back and took a strong position near the east end of the Gap. I left the Fourth Corps with cavalry to watch the Buzzard Roost Road and moved the whole army to Resaca. The enemy had full view of our movements and a better and shorter line to reach Resaca, to which place they retreated and occupied.

Sending a division to the Sixteenth Corps, Army of the Tennessee with a pontoon train to Lay's Ferry with orders to cross the Oostanaula and to attack the enemy's line at Calhoune, I gradually enveloped the enemy at Resaca and pressed him so hard that he evacuated in the night of May 15th and retreated. General McPherson got across Camp Creek near its mouth and made a lodgment close up to the enemy's works, on hills that commanded the railroad and trestle bridge, the day previous. The enemy made a short stand at Adairsville and Cassville and then retreated south of the Etowah River by the Allatoona Pass.

On the 17th I had drawn General McPherson's Army from Woodland to Kingston, and delayed till the 23rd of May to fill wagons and replenish ammunition. General McPherson crossed the Connasene Creek near Kingston, and moved from his position to the south of Dallas, via Van Wert, on the 26th. On the 23rd, General Thomas was ordered to move on Dallas and General Schofield to keep on Thomas' left via Huntsville, Gerrard's Cavalry operating with McPherson. I knew the strength of Allatoona Pass. Accordingly the army was moved past the range by other, more devious, difficult, and natural roads that would admit of more equal terms with the enemy, should he attempt to meet us. The ground was very difficult, being densely wooded and composed of ridges and spurs of flinty ground, very barren of forage and difficult for roads.

On the 28th, General McPherson was on the point of closing to his left on General Thomas, in front of New Hope Church, when suddenly the enemy made a bold and daring assault on him at Dallas. Our men had erected good breastworks and gave the enemy terrible and bloody repulses.

I resolved to pass the enemy's right flank and place the whole army in front of Allatoona Pass. On June 1st, we accomplished our real purpose of turning the Allatoona Pass, and we had full possession with the railroad down as far as Kenesaw Mountain near Marietta, holding in some force, Dalton, Kingston, Rome and Resaca.

I am fully aware that these detachments weaken me in the exact proportion our enemy has gained strength by picking up his detachments. Johnston represents to his people that his retreat is strategy; but he has abandoned to us the best wheat growing region of Georgia and all its most

valuable iron works and foundries. On the 9th we moved forward to Big Shanty. Kenesaw, the bold and striking twin mountain lay before us with a high range of chestnut hills tending off to the northeast, terminating in another peak, called Brush Mountain. To our right was a smaller hill, called Pine Mountain, and beyond it in the distance, Lost Mountain. All these although linked in a continuous chain, present a sharp, conical appearance, prominent in the vast landscape that presents itself from any of the hills that abound in that region.

Kenesaw Mountain, Lost Mountain and Pine Mountain form a triangle, Pine Mountain, the apex and Kenesaw and Lost Mountain, the base, covering perfectly the town of Marietta and the railroad back to the Chattahoochee. On each of these peaks the enemy had his signal stations. The summits were crowned with batteries and the spurs were alive with men busy in felling trees, and digging pits, and preparing for a grand struggle. The scene was enchanting, too beautiful to be disturbed by the harsh clamor of war but the Chattahoochee lay beyond and I had to reach it.

General McPherson was moved forward toward Marietta, his right on the railroad. The Confederate General Polk was killed on the 14th. Pine Mountain was found abandoned on the 15th. General McPherson advanced his line, gaining substantial advantage on the left. I ordered an assault on the center.

On the 17th the enemy abandoned Lost Mountain and the long line of breastworks connecting it with Kenesaw Mountain. We continued to press all points, skirmishing in dense forests and across most difficult ravines, until we found him again strongly intrenched with Kenesaw as his salient point.

During the time of our operations about Kenesaw, the weather was villianously bad, the rain fell, almost continuously for three weeks, rendering our narrow wooded roads mere mud gullys. Our men daily worked close to our intrenched foe, keeping up an incessant firing, galling to him. General McPherson worked all the time to the south and east along the Sand Town Road. On the 22nd the enemy sallied and attacked. On the 27th two assaults were made, one near Little Kenesaw Mountain, by General McPherson, costing many valuable lives. On the night of July 27th, General McPherson commanded a movement by the right down to and threatened Nick-o-Jack Creek and Turner's Ferry, across the Chattahoochee. The effect was instantaneous. The next morning Kenesaw was abandoned, and with the first dawn of day, I saw our skirmishers appear on the Mountain top. General McPherson was instructed to cross Nick-o-Jack Creek and attack the enemy in flank and rear.

Johnston had intrenched a strong tete-de-pont on the Chattahoochee with an advanced intrenched line, across the road at Smyrna Camp Meeting Ground, five miles below Marietta. On the 4th of July we pushed a strong skirmish line down the main road, capturing the entire line of the enemy's pits, and made strong demonstration along Nick-o-Jack Creek and about Turner's Ferry, the 27th and 39th Ohio Regiments by a bold charge, capturing his main line of works, a line of unusual strength. This had the desired effect and the next morning the enemy was gone and our army moved to

the Chattahoochee River with General McPherson's right at the mouth of Nick-o-Jack Creek.

I transferred the Army of the Tennessee under General McPherson from the extreme right to the left, at Rosswell on the Chattahootchee above General Dodge's Sixteenth Corps in the advance, followed by all McPherson's Army of the Tennessee. Atlanta was eight miles distant with its magazines, stores, arsenals, workshops, foundries and so forth. Its railroads converged there from the four great cardinal points.

On the 17th. General McPherson directed his course from Rosswell straight against the Augusta Railroad at some point east of Decatur near Stone Mountain, reaching the railroad seven miles east of Decatur on the 18th, then turning along the railroad into Decatur on the 19th. On the 20th the armies closed in converging toward Atlanta. About four o'clock in the afternoon, the enemy sallied from his works in force and fell in line of battle against our right center, on the Buck Head Road.

After a severe battle, the enemy was driven back to his intrenchments. On the 21st we felt the enemy in his intrenched position which was found to crown the heights, overlooking the comparatively open ground of Peach Tree Creek, his right beyond the Augusta Road to the east, and his left well toward Turner's Ferry on the Chattahootchee, at a general distance from Atlanta of about four miles. On the morning of the 22nd to my surprise, the whole line was abandoned. I thought the enemy had resolved to give us Atlanta without further contest, but General Johnston, the Confederate Commander, had been relieved and General Hood substituted.

Our advanced ranks swept across the well finished parapets of the enemy and closed in upon Atlanta until we occupied a line in form of a circle. There we again found him occupying in force a line of finished redoubts, which had been prepared for more than a year, covering all the roads leading to Atlanta, and we found him also busy in connecting these redoubts with curtains, strengthened by rifle trenches and abatis and chevaux-de-frise.

General McPherson who had advanced from Decatur, continued to folby General Dodge on its right. But as the general advance of all the low the railroad with the Fifteenth Corps commanded by General Logan, the Seventeenth, by General Blair, on its left, and the Sixteenth commanded armies contracted the circle, the Sixteenth Corps, commanded by General Dodge, was thrown out of the line by the Fifteenth, connecting on its right with General Schofield, near the Howard House.

General McPherson, the night before had gained a high hill to the south and east of the railroad, where the Seventeenth Corps had, after a severe fight, driven the enemy, and it gave him a most commanding position, within easy view of the very heart of the city. He had thrown out working parties to it and was making preparations to occupy it in strength with batteries. The Sixteenth Corps, commanded by General Dodge, was ordered from right to left to occupy this position, and make it a strong general left flank. General Dodge was moving by a diagonal path or wagon road leading from the Decatur Road in the direction of General Blair's left flank.

About ten o'clock in the morning, I was examining the appearance of the enemy's line opposite the distillery. There we attracted enough of the enemy's artillery and musketry to satisfy me that the enemy was in Atlanta in force. We had gone to a large dwelling close by, known as the Howard House, where General McPherson joined me. He described the condition of things on his flank and the disposition of his troops. I explained to him that if we met serious resistance in Atlanta, as present appearances indicated, instead of operation against it by the left, I would extend to the right, and that I did not want him to gain much distance to the left. He then described the hill occupied by General Legget's Division of General Blair's Seventeenth Corps, as essential to the occupation of any ground on the east and south of the Augusta railroad on account of its commanding nature. therefore ratified his disposition of troops and modified a previous order I had already sent to him in writing to use General Dodge's Sixteenth Corps, thrown somewhat in reserve by the closing up of our lines, to break up the railroad, and I sanctioned its going as already ordered by General McPherson, to his left, to hold and fortify that position.

The General remained with me until near noon, when some reports reached us that indicated a movement of the enemy on that (east) flank, he mounted and rode away with his staff. Gerrard's Cavalry had gone to Covington on the Augusta Road to break the two important bridges across the Yellow and Ulcofauhatchee Rivers, tributaries to the Ocumulgee. General McPherson had left his wagon train at Decatur, under a guard of three regiments, commanded by Colonel Sprague. Soon after General McPherson had left me, I heard the sound of musketry on our left and rear, at first mere pattering shots, but soon they grew in volume, accompanied by artillery, and about the same time the sound of guns was heard in the direction of Decatur. No doubt could be entertained of the enemy's plan of action, which was to throw a superior force on our left flank, while he held us with his forts in front.

I hastily transmitted orders to all points of our center and right to press forward and give full employment to all the enemy in his lines. Not more than half an hour after General McPherson had left me, viz: about 12:30 of the 22nd, his Adjutant-General, Lieutenant-Colonel Clark, rode up and reported that General McPherson was either dead or a prisoner, that he had ridden from me to General Dodge's Column, and had sent off nearly all his staff officers and orderlies on various errands and himself had passed into a narrow path or road (*over which the Twenty-seventh and Thirty-ninth Ohio Infantry had passed a short time before, going into position) that led to the left and rear of General Giles A. Smith's Division, which was the extreme left of the Seventeenth Corps. A few minutes after he had entered the woods, a sharp volley was heard in that direction, and his horse had come out riderless having two wounds.

Instantly, I dispatched a staff officer to General Logan commanding the Fifteenth Corps, that he must assume command of the Army of the Tennessee and hold stubbornly the ground already chosen, especially the hill gained by General Legget, the night before. Already the whole line was engaged in battle. Hardee's Confederate troops had saffied from Atlanta

^{*}Words in parenthisis are added by the Historian.

and by a wide circuit to the east had struck General Blair's (Seventeenth Corps) left, and Dodge's (Sixteenth Corps with Fuller's Brigade) in motion. The Seventeenth Corps line along the old line of rebel trenches was fashioned to fight outward. A space of wooded ground of almost half a mile intervened between the columns of General Dodge's (Sixteenth Corps) and General Blair's (Seventeenth Corps) through which the enemy had poured. The last order ever given by General McPherson was to hurry a brigade of the Fifteenth Corps across from the railroad to fill this gap.

While Hardee attacked in flank, Stewart's Corps was to attack in front directly out of the main works, but fortunately, their attacks were not simultaneous. The enemy swept across the hill opposite the Seventeenth Corps which our men were then fortifying, and captured a pioneer company its tools, and almost the entire working party, and bore down on our left until he encountered General Giles A. Smith's Division of the Seventeenth Corps, which was somewhat "in air," and forced to fight first from one side of the rifle parapets and then from the other, gradually withdrawing regiment by regiment so as to form a flank to General Legget's Division, which held the apex of the hill, which was the only point deemed essential to our plan.

General Dodge's two divisions had caught and held well in check the enemy's right and punished him severely, capturing many prisoners. General Giles A. Smith had gradually given up the extremity of his line and formed a new one, whose right connected with General Legget and his left refused, facing the south-east. On this ground and in this order the men fought well and desperately for nearly four hours checking and repulsing the enemy's attacks. In the meantime, Wheeler's Cavalry, our cavalry being absent, had reached Decatur and attempted to capture the wagon trains, but Colonel (now General) Sprague covered them with great skill and success, sending them back from Decatur until every wagon was safe.

The enemy had taken a complete battery of six guns with its horses (Murray's) of the regular army, as it was moving along unsupported and unapprehensive of danger in a narrow, wooded road in that unguarded space between the head of General Dodge's Column and the line of battle on the ridge above, but most of the men escaped in the bushes.

About four o'clock in the afternoon, there was a lull, during which the enemy felt forward and assailed the pickets that had been thrown forward in front of the Fifteenth Corps. A part of the line fell back but soon regained all its lost ground. Thus terminated the battle of July 22nd, which cost us three thousand seven hundred and twenty-two killed, wounded, and prisoners.

McPherson's body was recovered in the heat of the battle and sent to Marietta and his northern home. He was a noble youth, of striking personal appearance, of the highest professional capacity, and a heart abounding with kindness that drew to him the affections of all men. His sudden death devolved the command of the Army of the Tennessee on General Logan, who nobly sustained his reputation and that of his veteran army and avenged the death of his comrade and commander.

The enemy left upon the field his dead and wounded and about a thousand well prisoners. His dead computed at 3240, from actual count. No doubt the enemy sustained an aggregate loss of fully 8000 men.

The battle of July 22nd usually called the battle of Atlanta extended from the Howard House to General Giles A. Smith's position about a mile beyond the Augusta Railroad, and then back toward Decatur, the whole extent of ground being fully seven miles. In part, the ground was clear and in part densely wooded. I rode over it the next day and it bore the marks of a bloody conflict. The enemy had retired during the night inside of Atlanta and we remained masters of the situation outside. I purposely allowed the Army of the Tennessee to fight this battle almost unaided, save by the demonstrations on the part of Generals Schofield and Thomas against the fortified lines to their immediate fronts because I knew that the attacking force could be only a part of Hood's Army, although a large part of his best troops, and that if any assistance was rendered by either of the armies, the Army of the Tennessee would be jealous. Nobly did they do their work that day, and terrible was the slaughter done to our enemy, though at a sad cost to ourselves.

Our cavalry destroyed railroad bridges, trains of cars, 2000 bales of cotton, depots of stores and ammunition. Having crippled the Augusta Railroad, I then addressed myself to the task of reaching the Macon Road, over which of necessity came the stores and ammunition, that alone maintained the rebel army in Atlanta. I ordered the Army of the Tennessee to vacate its line, and to shift its right below Proctor's Creek, for a blow at the Macon Road, simultaneous with the movement of the Army of the Tennessee toward East Point.

The cavalry under General Stoneman, Gerrard, McCook and Harrison moved partly by the left around Atlanta to McDonough, and partly by the right on Fayetteville, Stoneman asking to be allowed to continue and then proceed to Macon and Andersonville and release our prisoners of war confined at those points; who were being so harshly treated.

The Army of the Tennessee drew out of its lines near the Decatur Road during the night of July 26th and on the 27th moved behind the rest of the army to Proctor's Creek and south to prolong our line due south and facing east. On that day, Major-General Howard assumed command of the Army of the Tennessee and had the general supervision of the movement, which was made en-echelon, General Dodge's Corps (Sixteenth) on the left nearest the enemy, the Seventeenth next to come up on its right, and the Fifteenth Corps next on its right and refused as a flank, the whole to gain as much ground due south from the flank already established at Proctor's Creek, as was consistent with a proper strength.

General Dodge's men got into line in the evening of the 27th. General Blair came into line on his right early on the morning of the 28th his right reaching Ezra Church, near Bell's Ferry Road. Here the Fifteenth Corps (Logan's) joined on and refused along a ridge well wooded, which partially commanded a view over the same fields.

About ten o'clock in the morning, all the army was in position and busy throwing up the accustomed pile of rails and logs which after a while

assumed the form of a parapet. The skill and rapidity with which our men constructed these was wonderful, and was something new in the art of war.

About this time I approached Ezra Church. There was considerable artillery firing and I heard heavy musketry firing on the right. The enemy had come out of Atlanta by the Bell's Ferry Road, and formed his masses in the open field, behind a swell of ground, and after the artillery firing, advanced in parallel lines directly against the Fifteenth Corps, expecting to catch that flank "in air." His advance was magnificent but founded on an error that cost him sadly. His ranks broke and fled. They rallied again and again as often as six times at some points.

About four o'clock in the afternoon, the enemy disappeared, leaving six hundred and forty-two dead. Their loss was five thousand. General Logan drew brigades from the Sixteenth Corps during the battle to assist. Our loss was six hundred men, killed and wounded.

This affair terminated all attempts of the enemy to check our extension by the flank and he remained on the defensive. On the 1st of August, the rest of the army moved taking a line below Utoy Creek. Schofield moved to East Point. General Hooker resigned. The Twentieth Corps was commanded by Williams next, then Slocum.

From the 2nd to the 5th we extended to the right, Stanley succeeded Howard to command the Fourth Corps. On August 18th, a movement was made by right flank to West Point Railroad, near Fairburn, afterward to Macon Road near Jonesborough. On the night of the 26th, the army of the Tennessee moved by a circuit well toward Sand Town across Camp Creek. The movement brought them on the West Point Railroad above Fairburn. The railroad was destroyed for twenty miles.

The whole army moved the next day, the Army of the Tennessee on the right toward Jonesborough. The several columns moved on the 29th. The Army of the Tennessee, having the outer circle, had a greater distance to move. They encountered cavalry which they drove rapidly to Shoal Creek, where the enemy had artillery. Howard started them again, keeping them moving, passed the Renfroe Place, on the Decatur Road, and kept on toward Jonesborough, saved the bridge across Flint River, and did not halt until darkness compelled him, within half a mile of Jonesborough.

On August 31st in the presence of a heavy force of the enemy he deployed the Fifteenth Corps and disposed the Sixteenth and Seventeenth on its flanks. The men covered their front with parapets and prepared to act offensively. During the 31st the enemy came out of his works, and attacked General Howard with Lee's and Hardee's Corps, and after a contest of over two hours, withdrew leaving over four hundred dead on the ground. Orders were given for all the army to turn on Jonesborough.

On September 1st, heavy explosions were heard at Atlanta, about two o'clock at night, twenty miles distant. At daybreak, the enemy had gone from his lines at Jonesborough. I ordered a general pursuit south, General Howard on the right. We overtook the enemy again at Lovejoy Station in a strong intrenched position, with his flanks well protected behind a branch of Walnut Creek, a confluent of Flint River to his left. We pushed close

up. Rumors arrived that Atlanta had been abandoned during the night of September 1st.

I concluded it was idle to pursue the enemy through that wooded country with a view to his capture. On the 5th, we drew back to Jonesborough. On the 7th arrived at Rough and Ready. The Army of the Cumberland was camped around Atlanta, Army of the Tennessee about East Point, and the Army of the Ohio at Decatur.

The health of the troops was remarkably good. This was noteworthy when the severe labor and privations endured by most of the army during the autumn and part of the winter were taken into consideration. For more than four months on short rations, but poorly housed and badly clothed, with no appreciable variation in diet, scurvy naturally prevailed to some extent in most of the regiments. The symptoms were much abated by the abundant supply of blackberries and green corn which the men obtained on their march. The numerical force of the army was materially reduced at the very commencement of operations by the necessity of getting rid of a large number of worthless recruits and substitutes that had been sent to the army during the winter.

Severe fighting occurred almost daily for four months. The recovery from wounds was rapid and favorable, and the number returned to duty was greater than usual. The wounded were brought from the field quickly and carefully.

Major-General W. T. Sherman, Commanding.

Report of Major-General G. M. Dodge.

HEADQUARTERS, LEFT WING, SIXTEENTH ARMY CORPS.

St. Louis, Missouri, November 25th, 1864.

I have the honor herewith to submit my report of the operations of this command during the campaign in Georgia, from its commencement up to and including August 19th, at which time I was compelled, on account of wounds that day received, to relinquish the command.

On the 29th of April, 1864, the command consisting of the Second and Fourth Divisions (which included Fuller's First and Sprague's Second Brigades) and First Alabama Cavalry, Sixteenth Army Corps (excepting the Third Brigade, which was left at Decatur, Alabama) moved out from Decatur, Pulaski, Tennessee and Athens, Alabama, with orders to concentrate at Huntsville, Alabama. From Huntsville, on May 2nd, the command moved along the main road toward Stevenson, Alabama, until May 4th, when the command embarked on cars for Chattanooga, Tennessee; the Second Division from Larkensville, the Fourth Division from Woodville, and debarked at Chattanooga on the 5th and immediately marched with three days' rations in haversacks, out on the Rossville Road. The Second Division bivouacked at Gordon's Mills on Chickamauga Creek, and the Fourth Division at Rossville. The command moved May 7th, Fourth Division in

advance, on the Tavern Road, via Rock Spring Creek and bivouacked near Gordon's Gap, on Little Chickamauga Creek.

The Second Brigade, Fourth Division, Colonel (now Brigadier-General) J. W. Sprague, commanding, was pushed forward to seize and hold Ship's Gap, which was accomplished with slight skirmishing, at nine o'clock in the evening. On May 8th, the command moved by way of Ship's Gap and Villanow, to Snake Creek Gap which was occupied and the command bivouacked therein. The 9th Illinois and 39th Iowa Mounted Infantry pushed forward to hold the eastern outlet to Sugar Creek Valley. At daylight in the morning of May 8th the advance drove and routed the enemy, and pressed forward to gain the Calhoun and Dalton Roads, one mile west of Resaca, to hold until the 15th Corps should arrive. We skirmished heavily the entire distance. The enemy was discovered in line of battle, on Bald Hill about three-quarters of a mile west of Resaca, and in his works at Resaca. I immediately took possession of Bald Hill and held it. Eighteen mounted men reconnoitered the Dalton Road to find an approach to the railroad. They struck the railroad two miles south of Tilton.

At four o'clock in the afternoon, I advanced my left (the Fourth Division) to the railroad north of Resaca, holding Bald Hill with the Second Division. General Veatch was ordered to move Fuller's First Brigade and Sprague's Second of his Fourth Division, massed in close columns by Divisions, and forming promptly, he moved rapidly across the west fork of Mill Creek, in plain view of Resaca. The enemy observing the movement opened a heavy fire from his batteries upon the column, and also with rapid musketry, doing, however, but little execution.

After having moved the column across the open field, I was ordered by General McPherson to look well to my right, as the enemy was massing and pressing forward in that direction. General Fuller led the advance of the column and just as he was gaining cover of the woods on the east side of Mill Creek, I received notice that General Sprague had been halted, by order of General McPherson to support the left of the Second Division and hold the space between the Second and Fourth Divisions.

The skirmishers were within a short distance of the railroad when the enemy opened fire upon the brigade with a regiment of infantry and a battery in position, directly off our right. I immediately sent orders to General Fuller to charge the battery, and swing still further to the north, under cover of the timber. Before the order was executed, I received orders from General McPherson to withdraw the brigade and close upon General Sprague who was formed on the left of the Second Division. This had to be done in the view of the enemy, whose batteries had point-blank range, across the open fields upon the column. General Fuller deployed his brigade under cover of the timber and withdrawing by regiments across the open fields, formed in position on the west side of Mill Creek,

It was now sunset, and I received orders to withdraw the command and return to Snake Creek Gap. We bivouacked at twelve o'clock at night at the eastern outlet of the Gap. The loss was 29 killed and wounded. About thirty prisoners were taken.

My transportation had not yet reached me. Since leaving Chattanooga, I had only seventeen wagons, and I had marched out in the morning without rations, most of the command having been without food since the day before at noon. Thus a march of sixteen miles was made by the command, the men and animals whereof had had nothing to eat for a day and a half. Supplies came forward to Snake Creek Gap till May 13th, when the command moved with the army. The Fourth Division being in advance, formed on the right of the Fifteenth Corps and advanced to Mill Creek, fronting Resaca, with the right resting on the Oostanaula River.

During the afternoon of May 14th, the line of hills east of Mill Creek and directly in front of Resaca were charged and carried. General Sprague's Second Brigade, Fourth Division participated in the charge, receiving from General Wood, great credit for the gallant and efficient manner in which it aided in carrying and holding the lines. In the charge, the thirty-ninth Ohio of the First Brigade, Fourth Division, was ordered to protect the exposed right of the Fifteenth Corps, and did its work most nobly, capturing the enemy's skirmish line, including three commissioned officers, and held the position taken, which during the night was intrenched.

On the 15th, the First Brigade, Second Division crossed the Oostanaula. On May 16th at nine o'clock in the morning, I moved the Fourth Division to Lay's Ferry, crossed the Oostanaula River and pushed the entire command forward, on the road to Adairsville Station, forming on the right of Colonel Rice's Brigade. The enemy charged down in heavy force, but was defeated and withdrew. The loss was seventy killed.

On May 17th, at seven o'clock in the evening, the command moved out toward Kingston, via McGuire's, Adairsville and Woodland Roads, and after two nights and a day and half's march, reached Kingston where transportation was reduced, and twenty days short rations for men and animals was collected

On May 23rd, after three days and two nights of tedious march, we reached Little Pumpkin Vine Creek, ten miles south of Dallas, near Moody's Mills. The troops had hardly bivouacked, when daylight having arrived, the advance was moved on a cross road, striking the main Dallas Road at Pumpkin Vine Creek. A crossing was effected, the command formed in line, advanced upon, and after a slight skirmish, entered Dallas. The command biyouacked half a mile east of the town, facing a high range of hills, occupied by the enemy. At daylight on the 27th, the enemy pressed forward in heavy force. The Fourth Division was formed on the left connecting on the right of General Jeff C. Davis' Division of the Fourteenth Corps. Our lines were advanced driving the enemy into his works and our line intrenching itself upon the new ground taken, batteries were placed in position and a strong skirmish line thrown forward. Heavy skirmishing was kept up constantly till four o'clock in the afternoon of the following day, May 28th, when the enemy massed in heavy columns, under cover of the timber, made a sudden assault on our lines. This first assault was promptly repulsed, but rallying and reforming his lines, he again, with increased force and impetuosity, charged and contested strongly for the possession of the works, many of his dead and wounded being left within fifty yards of our lines, some indeed on the works. Three officers and a few enlisted men succeeded in getting inside our works. They were either killed instantly or captured. This assault although desperate and determined, was promptly and gallantly met and repulsed.

On May 29th, at ten o'clock, the enemy (having evidently either suspected or discovered our movement for withdrawing the army in a movement to the left, to a position in the vicinity of New Hope Church) in heavy columns assaulted my line, making five separate and determined attacks, and although in each promptly repulsed, he kept up a continuous and heavy musketry fire along the entire front during the night, thereby necessitating a postponement of the movement for the withdrawal of the army.

In the different day and night attacks made by the enemy in front of Dallas, he suffered great loss. At no time did he move our line one inch. In every instance, he was speedily and severely punished, and left his dead and wounded in our possession.

On May 31st, a portion of the Fourth Division and the Second Brigade of the Second Division, Colonel August Mersy, commanding, advanced, and with slight loss, carried one line of the enemy's works. At seven o'clock of the morning of June 1st, the movement for withdrawing the army was commenced. A brigade was sent in advance to the left to occupy some new works on the Allatoona Road, built to cover the withdrawa! of the army. The Fourth Division moved to a position near Owen's Mills, covering the road to VanWert, Burnt Hickory and Kingston, and strongly intrenched.

On the 2nd of June, the enemy attacked Fuller's and Sprague's Brigades of the Fourth Division at Big Pumpkin Vine Creek and was speedily repulsed. On June 3rd, I contracted my lines, the Fourth Division moving to the left and east of Big Pumpkin Vine Creek with only slight skirmishes with the enemy's pickets. June 5th, the movement began and was completed on June 6th. The command bivouacked southwest of Ackworth in the evening. Quartermaster stores and supply of rations were brought up, the sick and wounded were sent to the rear.

On June 10th, the command moved as rear guard to the army, and on the following day, the Fourth Division went into position near Big Shanty, its right resting on the railroad near Moon's Siding, its left connecting with the Fifteenth Army Corps. The line was intrenched and batteries placed in position. This position was held with constant heavy skirmishing, until June 18th, when the first line of the enemy's rifle pits in my front were charged and taken with about fifty prisoners, my loss not exceeding one hundred. The men of the First and Second Brigade displayed great gallantry.

On June 19th, at daylight, the enemy evacuated his works on my front. The Fourth Division by prompt movement, pressed him closely on the Burnt Hickory and Marietta Roads. The enemy's new line was soon developed on my front in a strong position on the crest of Kennesaw Mountain, which he had previously fortified. The First and Second Brigades of the Fourth Division, were moved into position facing, and close upon the enemy's works, connecting on the right with the Fourteenth Army Corps, and on the left with the Fifteenth Army Corps. The Second Division was held in reserve at Big Shanty.

On June 22nd, the Fourth Division and the entire line were advanced to within twenty-seven hundred feet of the enemy's batteries. Strong works were built at once and batteries placed in good position. On June 27th, in pursuance of general orders for a movement along the line of the armies, the Fourth Division advanced upon the works at the top of Kennesaw Mountain.

The natural defences and obstructions encountered rendered the ascent of the mountain very slow and difficult, but the men advanced under a galling fire until the main line of the enemy's force was reached, which however, was found too strong to carry, and the object of the movement which was to keep the enemy from weakening his force in my front, to throw against the main charging column on my right, being successfully accomplished, it was deemed inexpedient to attempt further to carry the works. The Sixty-Fourth Illinois deserves special mention for its action this day. It secured and held a position so close to the enemy's main line of works, on the top of the mountain, that the enemy was obliged to keep close inside.

The Sixty-fourth Illinois was relieved from this position by the 27th and 39th Ohio, who held it until July 3rd, when it was discovered that the enemy had evacuated and that our skirmishers had taken possession of the mountain and works, taking some prisoners. During the day the Fourth Division moved to the right and bivouacked on Nick-o-Jack Creek, near Ruff's Mills.

Early in the morning of July 4th, the Fourth Division moved out on the Ruff's Mills Station Road, and encountered the enemy, pressed him back for a distance of two miles, and until he was developed in strong intrenchments in heavy force. Prisoners taken showed that Hood's entire Corps was in my front. The Second Division was brought up and placed in position on the right of the Fourth Division and the command proceeded to develope fully the enemy's position. The 43rd and 63rd Ohio and 64th Illinois of the Fourth Division were placed as support to a charging column consisting of the 27th and 39th Ohio Infantry of the Fourth Division, under command of Colonel E. F. Noyes. At six o'clock in the evening they gallantly charged and carried the enemy's line of works, capturing over one hundred prisoners. In this charge my loss was about one hundred and forty, killed and wounded. Among the latter was Colonel E. F. Noyes who lost a leg, a most gallant and efficient officer, beloved and admired by all, His loss to the Division was and still is deeply felt and deplored. The line charged was soon abandoned by the enemy along its entire length, and he immediately commenced his retreat to the Chattahootchee.

July 5th the command moved and bivouacked on the Sandtown Road. July 7th the Fourth Division moved to the forks of Howell's and Green's Ferry Roads, and placed skirmishers forward to the banks of the Chattahootchee River, where the batteries opened fire upon the enemy's position on the south side of the River. On July 9th the command moved out on the Sandtown Road and the Marietta Road, via Marietta en route to Rosswell, and having marched until ten o'clock at night, bivouacked one mile east of Marietta. The command resumed its march at three o'clock in the morning. The infantry and one battery were pushed across (fording) the

Chattahootchee River, and occupied the works held by General Newton's Division of the Fourth Army Corps, which I relieved. A strong tete-de-pont was thrown up to cover the crossing, a foot bridge, seven hundred and ten feet long and fourteen feet high was built. The march from Sandtown to Rosswell, thirty-one miles, and the crossing of the Chattahootchee was accomplished in less than two days under a scorching, burning sun, and was certainly one of the most laborious undertakings of the campaign, a most severe test of the endurance, patience and spirit of the men.

General Sherman had urged celerity, and the alacrity and spirit with which the command met the emergency, and the skill and cheerful industry displayed by the men in building the bridge over which the entire army of the Tennesee crossed with all its trains, entitles them to much credit, and proves that our gallant soldiers are equal to any and every emergency.

On the morning of July 17th, the command moved out on a road leading to Old Cross Keys, Decatur being the objective point. The Fourth Division, Brigadier-General J. W. Fuller commanding, was brought forward, deployed and drove the enemy beyond Cross Keys, taking and holding a position on the south side of the creek. Communication was established on the right with the Twenty-third Army Corps, and on the left with the Seventeenth Army Corps.

At six o'clock in the morning of July 18th, the command moved directly across the country, crossing the Peach Tree Road, and striking the old Rosswell and Decatur Road, which it took, moving toward Decatur. The advance found the enemy in considerable force at Cressey's Branch. and drove him across Little Peach Tree Creek, on which stream the command bivouacked that night. On July 19th, the command moved forward on the old Decatur Road. Here one of my scouts joined me, bringing the intelligence of the supersedure of Johnson by Hood in command of the Confederate Army, which information was immediately communicatel to Generals Sherman and McPherson. The Twenty-third Corps, having the Decatur Road, I ordered a road cut parallel to it, upon which my command moved and having crossed Peach Tree Creek proper, struck the enemy in force in front of Decatur, drove him steadily back, and entered the town. General Fuller placed his Fourth Division in position on a range of hills south of, and commanding the town. As this Division advanced through the town, the enemy opened fire upon it with artillery posted on a range of hills west of the town. General Fuller threw his Division promptly into line, batteries were brought into action, and opening fire upon, silenced the enemy's artillery. The line then advanced and occupied the range of hills south and west of town.

At one o'clock in the afternoon of July 20th, the command moved forward on the Decatur and Atlanta Road and intrenched during the night near the Three Mile House. The Second Brigade, Fourth Division, General J. W. Sprague, commanding, was ordered back to Decatur to relieve General Gerrard's Cavalry, and guard the trains of the army.

On the morning of July 21st, General Fuller moved the First Brigade of his Division into position as a reserve to the Seventeenth Army Corps. Light Battery F, Second U. S. Artillery, attached to the Fourth Division, was placed in position on General G. A. Smith's front Seventeenth Army

Corps. The Second Division moved and formed on the right of the Twenty-third Army Corps.

At four o'clock in the morning, the enemy had disappeared from our front. Our skirmish line was pushed forward and reported the enemy in force in works, surrounding Atlanta. I was ordered to move and place the First Brigade, Fourth Division in line on the left of the new position taken up by the Seventeenth Corps, the Second Division in reserve. At an early hour I rode with General McPherson to the front, the sudden evacuation of the enemy caused surprise and serious concern, and the General requested me to repair to the left, get my troops on the ground, examine the ground in front on the left of the Seventeenth Army Corps. Before orders to intrench by Fuller's Fourth Division could be executed, the command was attacked by the enemy in heavy force.

On the morning of the 22nd, my troops were disposed as follows: The Second Division was in position on the right of the Army of the Tennessee, with one Brigade in reserve. The First Brigade of the Fourth Division was in reserve near the left of the army, and in rear of the center of the Seventeenth Army Corps, being held as a reserve to the left flank of the army. The Second Brigade of the Fourth Division, General J. W. Sprague commanding, was posted at Decatur, to hold that place and cover our trains in the absence of the cavalry. At daylight the pickets in front discovered the enemy had evacuated his works. They pushed on, finding the enemy in his works surrounding Atlanta. I received orders to move the Second Division from the right to the extreme left of the army, and mass it in the rear of the new position to be selected for the Seventeenth Army Corps, and to place one brigade of the Fourth Division in position on the left of this new position. The Second Division halted about half a mile south of the railroad on the road running parallel to and three-quarters of a mile in the rear of the position of the Seventeenth Army Corps. I went in person to select a position for the First Brigade of the Fourth Division.

The Seventeenth Army Corps was not to move until night. About twelve o'clock at noon, while at General Fuller's headquarters, straggling shots were heard in the rear of the left of the Seventeenth Corps, and reports came in that the enemy was in force in our rear. Our skirmishers in that direction immediately developed the enemy in considerable force in the timber in the rear of the Seventeenth Corps. General Fuller ordered out his First Brigade and went into position on the right of the Second Division facing east and south. Two batteries, H of the First Missouri, and the Fourteenth Ohio Battery, were posted in the center of the Second Division. My whole line immediately became hotly engaged, and the fact of the enemy's occupying the timber between me and the Seventeenth Army Corps, was clearly demonstrated. I saw that I could not prolong my line to connect with the Seventeenth Army Corps, a long line of timber lying between my right and its line of battle that faced west. I notified Giles A. Smith, commanding a Division of the Seventeenth Army Corps, requesting him to refuse his left in order to form connection with my right.

The enemy was pressing in column still beyond my right and far down the line of the Seventeenth Corps and in its rear. My staff officer found him hotly engaged and then unable to connect. The enemy pressed forward in my front and left, exposing the flank of his center column. Detecting this, I at once pushed forward the 12th Illinois and 81st Ohio, which caught the enemy in flank. Our fire in front and flank was so destructive that he soon gave way. A charge was ordered, and his two columns in my front and left were broken and driven back to the timber. The enemy, pressing past my right in the timber had not ere this been fully developed. General Fuller's advance soon drew a heavy fire on his right flank. He promptly drew back the regiments, 27th and 39th, that had charged, changed front to the rear under a galling fire, and moved on the enemy in the timber, clearing that point. The fighting in rear of my right continued heavy, and I immediately made preparations to connect as near as possible with the Seventeenth Corps, so as to bring the enemy entirely in front. Ascertaining where the left of the Seventeenth Corps rested, it having refused its line in order to check the column passing in its rear, my right was swung around using the left as a pivot, until my command occupied a line facing a little west of south and a short distance to the rear of my first line. Major-General McPherson fell on the right of my line about one hour after the commencement of the battle, but it was not known to me till some time after. I sent a staff officer to General Logan reporting the gap between me and the Seventeenth Corps and the exposed condition of my left, requesting that troops be sent there. Colonel Martin's Brigade of the Fifteenth Corps was sent, arriving just as the enemy again made his appearance on my extreme left, but his demonstration was weak and soon repulsed. At five o'clock in the afternoon, the enemy made a demonstration on my extreme left, but only with artillery.

General Sprague, who had with him three small regiments and six guns, the Chicago Board of Trade Battery and one section of C Battery, First Michigan Artillery, was attacked by overwhelming numbers. Two Divisions of Wheeler's Cavalry, dismounted poured down upon him from three directions. Colonel Sprague concentrated his command, and, by determined, unyielding fighting, held the enemy in check and gained a position north of the town, which he was able to hold, by so doing he saved the trains of the Fifteenth, Sixteenth, and Seventeenth Corps, then on the road from Rosswell to the commands.

Great credit is due to General Sprague and his brigade for their conduct on this occasion. We were no doubt saved a serious disaster by his cool judgment and excellent dispositions. For his uniform good conduct during the campaign and especially for his gallant service in this action, he was immediately promoted to Brigadier-General of Volunteers.

The 9th Illinois Infantry (mounted) and 43rd Ohio Infantry joined him during the engagement, and promptly went into action. Light Battery F, Second U. S. Artillery, belonging to the Fourth Division, had reported the day before to the Seventeenth Army Corps, and was placed in position on the front line, soon after it was ordered to return and take a position on the right of my line, covering as well as possible the space between the Sixteenth and Seventeenth Corps.

The Battery was on its way to comply to the order when the enemy in pressing through the gap, struck it and captured the guns, most of the men escaping. The Battery had no opportunity to save itself, being in the timber in the rear of the Seventeenth Corps, and in a place which under most circumstances would be considered perfectly safe.

I cannot speak too highly of the conduct of both officers and men during the engagement. It was a critical moment for our army, and any failure on our part to have checked the advance of the enemy in our rear would have been fatal. With three Brigades disposed in single line, some forty-five hundred men, over one-half of Hardee's Army Corps, viz; Walker's, Bates' and a portion of Cleburne's Divisions, was met and driven back with great slaughter, leaving their dead and severely wounded on the field.

During the engagement on my front, prisoners were taken from fortynine different regiments, eight brigades, and three divisions. Three hundred and fifty-one prisoners were captured. Eight battle flags and some thirteen hundred muskets were captured and turned over. Four hundred of the enemy's dead were buried in my front.

General Fuller had a critical position and handled his command with great skill and good judgment. Every man in the ranks knew his business. Division and Brigade Commanders, Fuller, Rice, Mersey, Morril and Sprague, were wherever duty demanded, and by their personal presence and exertions, gave their officers and men that advice and encouragement that enabled them to so well and bravely hold their lines.

Battery H, First Missouri and the Fourteenth Ohio Battery, massed in the center of the Second Division, by holding fast and working their guns, even when the enemy was one hundred and fifty feet distant, and pouring upon them a terrible fire, aided effectively in driving back his advancing columns, more especially Bates' Division, upon which they had a direct and point blank range. In our victory, all the joy and gladness that would otherwise have been experienced was lost to us in the fall of our brave and efficient Commander. General James B. McPherson's name and memory are imperishable.

The fortunate position of the command, and the prompt manner in which it formed and received the attacks, the cool, stubborn bravery with which it met and hurled back, and broke and scattered the columns of an enemy outnumbering it at least three to one, no doubt prevented a serious disaster to the Army of the Tennessee, if not to the entire army.

During the 24th of July, Sprague's Brigade was employed assisting Wood's Division, Fifteenth Army Corps, in destroying a railroad between Decatur and Atlanta. The caissons of Light Battery F of the Second U. S. Artillery were discovered between our own and the enemy's skirmish lines, and were taken possession of . On the 25th, Sprague's Brigade rejoined the Fourth Division. Brigadier-General T. W. Sweeny was placed under arrest. Brigadier-General Rice assumed command of the Second Division.

During the night of the 26th of July, the command drew out of its works and halted in the rear of the Fourth Army Corps. The Second Brigade, Fourth Division covered the rear and occupied a line of works near to and parallel with the Decatur and Atlanta Roads, until the withdrawal was effected. July 27th the command moved out, passing in the rear of the Army of the Cumberland and crossed Proctor's Creek. Brigadier-General J. M. Corse was assigned to command the Second Division. My com-

mand deployed and moved forward and drove the enemy steadily back, and went into position in successive brigades on the west side of Atlanta, facing due east. General Fuller commanding the Fourth Division, formed on General Corse's right and Corse connected his left with the right of the Army of the Cumberland.

During the night the line was intrenched. On the 28th at two o'clock in the afternoon, I sent the 63rd Ohio and the 35th New Jersey Infantry of the Fourth Division, under Colonel J. J. Cladeck to re-enforce the Fifteenth Corps. Their arrival on the ground was very opportune and they went gallantly and promptly into action. Their loss was twenty killed and wounded.

August 3rd, the skirmish line advanced, holding the ground gained. August 4th, the entire command was advanced as a diversion in favor of General Schofield's movement to the right, and to occupy a line of hills about one thousand yards distant from the enemy's works. The enemy's first line of rifle pits was captured after severe fighting, during which it was driven from and recaptured three times. The enemy was driven back, the line was intrenched that night and held by a double line of skirmishers.

On account of a change of line, the Fourth Division formed a new line just in the rear and connecting with the Seventeenth Army Corps on the right. My loss in this advance was seventy killed and wounded, which was small considering the exposed position. During August 6, 7, and 8th, the entire line advanced to the last range of hills fronting Atlanta and in plain view of the city. The line was heavily intrenched, strong forts were constructed, batteries were casemated, and a strong fire kept up upon the enemy's works and the city.

During the advance, the enemy contested every inch of ground and by his artillery and musketry fire inflicted a heavy loss to my command. August 9th and 10th artillery and musketry fire was interchanged day and night. August 11th my skirmish line was strengthened, advanced and carried the enemy's vidette line, gaining some very commanding ground, driving the enemy into his main works.

The captured line was intrenched and forts were constructed, and every gun in the command opened upon every battery of the enemy developed within our reach. On the morning of August 19th, while engaged in superintending preparations for taking a detached work on our right, I was severely wounded and relinquished the command to Brigadier-General T. E. G. Ransom.

During the campaign the command marched five hundred miles, was engaged in thirteen distinct engagements and was under fire almost the entire campaign. It captured from the enemy seven hundred and twenty-seven prisoners, eleven battle flags, twenty-five hundred small arms with much other material. Its losses were, three hundred and seventy-six killed, one thousand seven hundred and ninety-nine wounded, and two hundred and two missing. To Generals Veatch, Fuller, Corse and Ransom, who commanded the Divisions, I tender my warmest thanks. They were always prompt, giving personal attention to all movements.

Throughout the army, among officers and men, a more intelligent brave patriotic and harmonious command did not exist, most of the officers and men served under me for two years, and nothing has occurred to mar the freedom of our intercourse. They have never been called upon to perform any duty but that they have promptly, cheerfully, and successfully responded. From Corinth to Atlanta they have hewn their way without reverse, leaving the impress of their work in Mississippi, Tennessee, Alabama and Georgia, where many, very many, of their comrades' graves mark the scenes of their valor, labor and success. No better or more successful soldiers grace any of our armies.

G. M. Dodge, Major-General.

Report of Brigadicr-General John W. Fuller.

HEADQUARTERS OF THE FOURTH DIVISION, SIXTEENTH ARMY CORPS.

EAST POINT, GEORGIA, SEPTEMBER 12, 1864.

I have the honor to submit the following report of the part taken by this division in that remarkable campaign which has driven the enemy from Northern Georgia and which has closed so gloriously by our occupation of the "Gate City of the South." I regret that the absence of any records covering the time prior to my taking command of the division, will prevent my giving so detailed a report of the early portion of the campaign as is due to the officers and men concerned, for the endurance, fortitude and courage of those who have fought, is hardly less remarkable than the genius of the General who has directed so minutely all the details of the operations of this great army.

On the 1st day of May, 1864, the First and Second Brigades with three Batteries of Artillery, marched from Decatur, Alabama. Passing through Huntsville on the evening of the 2nd, we reached Woodville on the Chattanooga Railroad on the 4th. From this point the Infantry and a portion of the Artillery were conveyed by rail to Chattanooga. The wagon train and a part of the Artillery marched through, escorted by the Ninth Illinois mounted Infantry and the First Alabama Cavalry, which at this time, were under the orders of the Division Commander.

On the 5th of May, we left Chattanooga and marching via Rossville, Gordan's Mills and Villanow, we passed through Snake Creek Gap on the 9th, and made a reconnaissance to within a mile of Resaca. The First Brigade was here ordered to gain the railroad just north of the town, and the Second followed to render any support which might be required. The skirmishers had already gained a position from which they commanded the railroad, and the battalions were close behind with every prospect of beating the small force sent out by the enemy to counteract our movements. Here, however, General McPherson deemed it prudent to halt and recall the Division, and to withdraw all the forces under his command, immediately to the mouth of the Gap in our rear.

On the 13th the Division formed the extreme right of the army, encircling the enemy's lines at Resaca. Out skirmishers, deployed along the banks of the Oostanaula, were steadily and sharply engaged, and these facing the enemy's fort, near the church, crept up so closely and maintained

so rapid and accurate a fire, that the enemy was unable to use his guns. The guns of the Fourteenth Ohio Battery, posted on Bald Hill, which overlooked Resaca from the south, poured shot and shell with great rapidity and accuracy into the town, frequently causing the enemy to seek shelter in a ravine which protected them from our fire.

When General Logan's command drove the enemy from his advanced position on the 14th, two regiments of this division, the Twenty-Fifth Wisconsin and the Thirty-Fifth New Jersey, were ordered forward to assist in this movement. General Woods to whom they reported, highly praised their conduct on this occasion.

Crossing the Oostanaula on the 16th, the Division marched via Adairsville to Kingston, where we rested for two or three days, resuming the movement on the 23rd. Passing through Van Wert, we entered Dallas without opposition on the 26th of May and camped on the easterly outskirts of the town. Just at sundown, an order was issued for the Division to march out on the Marietta Road, where it was afterward ascertained, lay Hardee's Corps. Fortunately the order was countermanded.

At daylight the following morning, the enemy drove our skirmishers back upon their reserves, and our line of battle was immediately formed on the ground where we had slept. The skirmishers were speedily reenforced and the enemy driven back to the mountain, but we lost some valuable officers, before it was accomplished, among them Captain Sawyer and Lieutenant Diebolt of the Twenty-Seventh Ohio Infantry, two of the most gallant and faithful officers of the command.

During the day our skirmishers were pushed well up the mountain side, and our lines well advanced to the foot of the mountain and strongly intrenched. On the 28th the enemy attempted to storm the line to our right, but his skirmishers only attempted to advance in our immediate front, and were held in check by our own skirmishers without assistance from the line of battle; but the skirmishing was so severe for several days, that we sustained considerable loss.

On the 1st of June the Army of the Tennessee moved four or five miles to the left (North) to unite with the Army of the Cumberland. The Fourth Division was held as rear guard to cover this movement, and followed without molestation from the enemy. Encamping near Pumpkin Vine Creek, works were thrown up, covering the right flank of the army. We had some skirmishing and our batteries exchanged some shots with the enemy's artillery.

Moving on the 5th, the Division reached Ackworth on the 6th, where it enjoyed several days' rest. On the 11th the Second Brigade took part in armed reconnaisance which developed the enemy strongly intrenched some three miles south of Big Shanty. The First Brigade following, formed line to the left of the Second and extending to connect with General Logan's Fifteenth Army Corps. Here, seemingly close to the foot of Kenesaw Mountain (yet nearly three miles distant) in plain view of the enemy's troops on the summit, and watched closely by his signal corps, whose flags were in constant motion, we met that obstacle which for twenty days bade defiance alike to the bravery of our soldiers and the skill of our commanders. Each position occupied by the Division during the approach

to the Mountain, cost us a sharp skirmish to gain, and all were strongly fortified by the willing hands of men who toiled as cheerfully in the trenches as they fought bravely in the ranks.

When the general assault of June 27th was ordered, the Sixty-Fourth Illinois Infantry was selected to drive the enemy's skirmishers up the mountain side, and, if possible to gain a foothold upon the crest. They advanced with great gallantry, and a few bold men got close to the enemy's line of works, but the task assigned them proved more than men could accomplish, and nearly fifty brave fellows fell in the attempt.

They drove the enemy back into his main works near the crest, but the steep and rocky face of the Mountain was an obstacle of itself, more formidable than a line of men, and beyond this they could not go. They held a position, however, higher than anybody on their right or left and during the night toiled patiently till it was rendered tenable and secure.

The Twenty-Seventh Ohio relieved the Sixty-Fourth Illinois and occupied the position until July 3rd.

Early in July the enemy evinced a nervousness at the movement of the extreme right of our army, and on the morning of the 3rd, it was discovered that he had fallen back toward the Chattahoochee River. Very soon the command was marching to the right and toward the river, and we bivouacked that night on the right bank of Nick-o-jack Creek, near Ruff's Mills.

On the following morning, July 4th, the First Brigade was ordered to drive the enemy from a position he held on the opposite bank. We crossed the stream at the mill, and as soon as we reached the hill beyond, the Thirtyninth Ohio and the Sixty-fourth Illinois were deployed in line, and the Twenty-seventh Ohio and Eighteenth Missouri were formed in column on either flank.

The enemy was soon encountered, and after a sharp skirmish, fell back to a strong line of works, where they were found in force. During the skirmish, and while ascertaining the position of their line, we lost thirty or forty men. After forming our lines within two hundred or three hundred yards of the enemy, we constructed continuous rifle pits for the Infantry, and also placed a battery in position to command his works. About noon, an order was given by General Dodge, to make an effort to break the enemy's line. The Twenty-seventh and Thirty-ninth Ohio Infantry Regiments were selected to make the charge, and were advanced quietly through the woods. This order was soon countermanded, the movement being deemed too hazardous to attempt. About six o'clock in the evening, however, the order was repeated. The two regiments mentioned were again given special instructions, the Sixty-fourth Illinois was to cover the left flank, and on the right it was understood that a part of the Second Division of this Corps was to charge simultaneously.

The Eighteenth Missouri and Colonel Sprague's Second Brigade were held in reserve, and in readiness to cover their retreat, should the troops assaulting be repulsed. Orders were given not to fire a shot before reaching the works, and at a given signal (bugle) the two regiments rushed forward. They had not more than one hundred yards to run, yet more than eighty fell before the works were reached, among them, Colonel E. F.

Noyes, the gallant commander of the Thirty-ninth Ohio Infantry, who lost a leg, and Captain Angel of the Thirty-fifth New Jersey, who was instantly killed while forming his line. Some of the enemy were bayonetted, others shot, and a good many captured, but the great mass, apparently panic-stricken by the boldness and suddenness of the assault, ran off at full speed.

A moment later, seeing a portion of his works in our possession, and, perhaps, thinking that the cheering from our lines indicated a general assault, the enemy, as far as we could see to the right and left, abandoned his intrenchments and retired. It is doubtful whether so small a force as that actually engaged, ever emptied a longer line of works. During the night the enemy made a great show of strengthening an interior and still stronger line of earth works, but daylight the next morning revealed the fact that he had abandoned our front altogether and retired to the river.

We were now ordered to move down the Sand Town Road and take a position near the Chattahoochee River. We bivouacked for two or three days, skirmishing with the enemy across the river (which at this point is less than one hundred yards in width) until the 9th when we marched east, to the left of the army via Marietta, to Rosswell, which we reached on the evening of July 10th and immediately forded the river. Here we remained till the 17th, rebuilding the bridge across the Chattahootchee, and strongly fortifying the position we had taken, which formed a *tete-de-pent*.

At this point Brigadier-General Veatch was compelled, on account of ill health, to relinquish the command of the division, which now devolved upon the writer. Leaving the river we marched in a southerly direction to Nancy's Creek, from which, after a brief skirmish we drove the enemy's cavalry and encamped. The day following we moved to near Peach Tree Creek, and on the 19th marched into Decatur. While going into position near the railroad, on the south side of the town, the enemy opened on us with artillery, killing and wounding several men of the command. The guns of the Fourteenth Ohio Battery were put in position near the jail and soon drove the enemy from our front.

On the 20th we moved on the road toward Atlanta, and encamped near the Augusta Railroad, about three miles from the city. The day prior to the battle (22nd) I had been ordered to send one brigade to Decatur, a village five miles east of our lines to garrison that place. I accordingly ordered Colonel (now General) J. W. Sprague, commanding the Second Brigade, to proceed there, directing him to report to Major-General Dodge for detailed instructions. During the afternoon of the same day I was ordered to proceed with the remaining brigade and report to Major-General Blair, commanding the Seventeenth Corps. The Fourteenth Ohio Battery was to await orders from Major-General Dodge. Light Company F, Second United States Artillery, was to march with me, also my Corps of Pioneers. Reporting to General Blair, that officer sent a member of his staff to conduct me to that part of the line held by Brigadier-General Leggett. After a conference with that officer, my infantry was formed in two lines, near and in the rear of his intrenchments. Light Company F was assigned to a position in the front line between General Leggett's Division and that of Brigadier-General Giles A. Smith's. My Pioneer Corps was employed

in assisting the completion of the intrenched line for General Smith's Infantry, in constructing a work for Light Company F and during the remainder of the night in throwing up a strong work to cover some heavy guns on the Bald Hill, which formed the right of the line of the Seventeenth Corps. On the following morning, July 22nd, it was discovered that the enemy had fallen back from the line he had occupied and the skirmish line in our front was advanced nearly half a mile.

Everything seemed unusually quiet and the new position of the enemy appeared to offer an opportunity to considerably advance our lines. General Dodge came up early in the day and informed me that our Corps would take a position on the left of the Seventeenth and as soon as that Corps had established its new line, we would form on its left. In the meantime my command would retain its present position. At about twelve o'clock noon, Lieutenant Laird reported with the Fourteenth Ohio Battery. I ordered him to park his battery on the hill near my headquarters, until our position could be established. It so happened that the position where he halted was that from which he used his guns with such telling effect.

It was near one o'clock when skirmishing was heard in our rear, and General Dodge, then dining in my tent, said that he had been informed that the enemy's cavalry had been seen in that direction, and ordered me to place a regiment in position to cover our trains. The Twenty-seventh Ohio Infantry Regiment was sent for but within five minutes after General Dodge had left me the skirmishing was so heavy that I ordered out the entire First Brigade at a double-quick. Three regiments were formed in line in the field in the rear of our trains, with our backs toward Atlanta, and my left near the right of the Second Division which had just arrived. The Eighteenth Missouri was held in reserve. Skirmishers, Company A of the Twenty-seventh Ohio, commanded by First Lieutenant Charles H. Smith, thrown out to cover our front crossed the field, but were driven back by the enemy's line of battle, and my command became warmly engaged.

The enemy advanced into the open field, halted and opened fire upon us, but he seemed surprised to find himself facing out infantry in line of battle, for their steady fire aided by the guns of the Fourteenth Battery which held an infielding position on my left, soon caused him to go back under cover of the woods. I then ordered the regiments to lie behind the crest of the ridge, and, seeing the enemy was again preparing to advance, directed Colonels McDowell of the Thirty-ninth Ohio and Churchill of the Twenty-seventh Ohio, to wait until the enemy should march half way across the field, and then to rise, fire a volley and charge. Bayonets were immediately fixed to carry out this order, but for some reason the regiments did not wait, as I had ordered, but charged as soon as the enemy's line had emerged from the woods.

This movement was executed too soon to give us many prisoners, the woods covering their retreat, but it so thoroughly routed that portion of the enemy's line which was in front of these regiments, and sent them back in such confusion, that his supports retired also, and no enemy showed himself on that part of the field. All who were not shot or did not run away, of the Sixty-sixth Georgia Infantry, were captured by the Thirty-ninth

and Twenty-seventh Ohio, including the Colonel, the Adjutant and one Captain.

Immediately after this charge I discovered that such of the enemy's line that overlapped our right flank was marching past the right of the Twenty-seventh Ohio Regiment on toward Atlanta, which now lay in our rear. His supports followed closely, halted, and some rebel regiments marching in column doubled on the center, changed direction to their right, and marched straight for the flank of these regiments which had just made the charge described. Seeing this I ordered these regiments to change front and face the new enemy. To accomplish this we were obliged to throw back the right rapidly. A very hot fire during this hazardous but necessary manoeuver, rendered it impossible to keep the line well dressed, and for a moment it seemed as if these veteran regiments would be routed. The Twenty-seventh Ohio, especially, occupying the right, and obliged to make the movement on the run, when reaching the ground where it was to halt and face about, was in some confusion. There was not a moment to lose, and the din of battle was too great to hear orders, so the colors were moved out*. Toward the approaching enemy, and my sword indicated where the lineshould be reformed.

The men of the Twenty-seventh Ohio, noting the movement of their colors and instantly comprehending what was required of them, with a great shout came up on either side, in less time than I can write. The Thirty-ninth Ohio instantly formed on their left, bayonets were brought down to a charge, our men advanced, and the rebels now distant less than a hundred yards, came to a right-about, and ran back to the woods. While the movement just described was occuring, some rebel regiments which had out-flanked the Twenty-seventh Ohio, and were marching toward our rear, were stopped by the fire of the Sixty-fourth Illinois and the Eighteenth Missouri.

Colonel Sheldon of the Eighteenth Missouri, rapidly changed the direction of his line, so as to give his men a raking fire on the enemy. The rebels were partly covered with a piece of rail fence, but soon began to break, when a General, supposed to be General Walker, rode out of the woods in front of the line occupied by the Twenty-seventh Ohio, and swinging his hat made a great effort to urge, forward his troops. The next moment his horse went back riderless, and so sharp was the fire of our men that the enemy disappeared almost immediately, and nobody seemed to heed the cry of their officers to "bring off the General."

The slaughter here may be judged by the report of Colonel Sheldon, who found as many as thirteen dead rebels in a single fence corner. It was just after these combats that General McPherson, who had been looking on from high ground in our rear, rode away to see how General Giles A. Smith was getting on. He rode down the road which led from my right flank, into the woods, where he must have been immediately killed.

Very soon, the rebels, having recovered under the cover of the woods, returned to the fence at the edge of the field, and reopened a heavy fire upon us. I ordered the Sixty-fourth Illinois to move to the right, then advance into the woods, and, if possible, get a flank fire on this line. This

^{*}General Fuller to the front, himself carrying the colors.

proved a heavier job than one regiment could accomplish. They drove back the rebels temporarily. They captured and sent back to the rear forty prisoners. They took a stand of colors, and their valor rescued the body of General McPherson, whence it was borne to the rear; but after a hard fight, in which they lost several officers and more than fifty men, they were driven out of the woods, pell-mell.

Yet our line in the field, now lying down and partially covered by the crest of a ridge, aided by the Fourteenth Ohio Battery, which threw shells incessantly over our men into the rebel ranks, made it so hot that the enemy was eventually compelled to withdraw. And here let me say that Ohio Battery (Lieutenant Laird) in position across the ravine on my left, (in rear after our change of front) did more toward defeating the enemy, than is often accomplished by six guns. Every discharge seemed to tell, and the battery was very active throughout the battle. Light Company F, Second Unites States Artillery, was at the beginning of the action in the line of the Seventeenth Corps. I sent my Chief of Artillery to get it relieved, and then to order it to report to me. Some delay occurred in relieving it and it never reported. I learned after the battle that it was captured by the enemy while attempting to rejoin me, on the same road, and not far from the spot where General McPherson was killed.

After the enemy had retired from my front he was reported in heavy force to the right and rear, and still fighting the Seventeenth Corps, whose line was now nearly at right angles with its original position. To form connection with the left of this Corps, I was ordered to take a position to the right of the Second Division, Sixteenth Corps, which had now changed front to rear on its left battalion, and if possible, to cover the space between that division and the Seventeenth Corps. Accordingly, after removing my own wounded, I moved to the position indicated and so far as my command was concerned, the battle had closed. This movement enabled the rebels to return and carry off their wounded and many of their dead. Such as were not removed (viz: seventy-nine bodies) we buried, the following morning.

It is impossible for me to state accurately the number of prisoners captured by the command as they were sent in squads to the rear, during the battle. From the best evidence I can get, I think we sent to the rear about two hundred.

No command ever behaved with more gallantry than did the officers and men to whom this report relates. Colonel Morrell who bad recently assumed command of the brigade, was wounded at the beginning of the action, but he did not leave the field until a second wound a few minutes later, compelled him to withdraw. I need not stop to bestow praise on the regimental commanders. I have related what their regiments accomplished, that with a single line they broke and routed the enemy's double line in their front, and when immediately thereafter, assailed by fresh troops in flank, they turned and drove them also from the field. Let this simple statement be a record of their valor.

It gives me pleasure in connection with the foregoing to refer to the operations of the Second Brigade, as shown by the accompanying report of Colonel (now General) Sprague. While we were fighting the enemy's

infantry near Atlanta, a very large force of his cavalry endeavored to envelope Colonel Sprague's detached command at Decatur, and to possess themselves of our supply trains moving in his rear. That Colonel Sprague saved our trains and brought off his command in good order is well known; that he handled his command skillfully, and they fought bravely, the reports will fully prove. I will not attempt to praise an officer who is deservedly held in such high esteem as is Brigadier-General Sprague, but respectfully submit his own report of his engagement with the enemy.

I must not omit to acknowledge my obligations to my staff (whose names cannot appear elsewhere) for services rendered in this hard fought battle. Captain Daniel Weber, acting Adjutant; Captain O. W. Pollock, Inspector; and Captain George Robinson, Chief of Artillery; were all on the field throughout the action, and were distinguished for coolness and promptness in the discharge of the duties assigned them. The following

detailed report of casualities, shows that our loss was severe.

Report of Brigadier-General John W. Fuller, commanding the Fourth Division, Sixteenth Army Corps, of casualties and loss in battle near Atlanta, Georgia, July 22nd, 1864.

=	KILLED		Wounded		MISSING		
COMMAND	Officers	Men			Officers	Men	TOTAL
First Brigade— 18th Missouri, Infantry Volunteers 27th Ohio, Infantry Volunteers 39th Ohio, Infantry Volunteers 64th Illinois, Infantry Volunteers		19 15 11	1 7 5 5	15 105 98 60		9 2 5 8	25 133 123 86
Total Brigade	2	45	18	278		24	367
14th Ohio Battery Light Company F, 2d U. S. Artillery.		2 2		6		108	112
Total		4		6	2	108	120
Second Brigade-							
25th Wisconsin, Infantry Volunteers. 35th New Jersey, Infantry Volunteers 43rd Ohio, Infantry Volunteers 63rd Ohio, Infantry Volunteers		9 1 2 7	9 4	42 17 18 46	···· 2 ···· i	45 37 7 33	105 57 27 92
Total 2nd Brigade	1	19	13	123	3	122	281
Total Loss in Fourth Division— First Brigade	1	45 19 4	18 13	278 123- 6	3 2	24 122 108	367 281 120
Total	3	68	31	407	5	254	768

The following will show the losses sustained in battle by the Fourth Division, Sixteenth Army Corps, during the Atlanta Campaign.

COMMAND	KILL	ED Men	Woun		Missi		TOTAL
First Brigade— 18th Missouri, Infantry 27th Ohio, Infantry 39th Ohio, Infantry 64th Illinois, Infantry	2	15 26 24 43	4 14 8 11	48 169 158 170		1 6 2 9	68 217 192 236
Total	. 5	108	37	545		18	713
Second Brigade— 25th Wisconsin, Infantry 35th New Jerscy, Infantry 43rd Ohio, Infantry 63rd Ohio, Infantry Total	. 1	29 18 10 22 79	9 4 3 5 —————————————————————————————————	114 76 58 88 336	1 2 	25 39 7 38 109	180 140 78 154 552
Third Brigade— 10th Illinois, Infantry 25th Indiana, Infantry 32nd Wisconsin, Infantry	. 1	13 2 8	4 2	66 6 18		108	94 11 34
Total	2	23	U	90		18	139
Artillery— Battery F, 2nd U. S. Artillery Battery C, 1st Michigan, Artillery 14th Ohio Battery Pioneer Corps Total Artillery		5 1 3 9		5 3 18 26	2 	11	23 4 21 48
Total Division	. 11	219	64	997	5	156	1452

Amidst the exultation over the signal and decisive defeat of that portion of the enemy's forces which assailed our position, was felt a sorrow more deep than words can utter, over our wounded and dead. More than one fourth of those who stood in line, of some of our regiments, at noon, were not present when the sun went down. Many a grave was shutting from sight forever those who had stood manfully in the ranks for years. Hundreds more were borne mained and bleeding to the hospital, and the commander of the Army of the Tennessee McPherson, who had secured our unbounded confidence, and regard, had fallen just when his usefulness seemed at its zenith, and when his assistance seemed most required. The position taken by the First Brigade at the close of the battle of July 22nd was strongly fortified and was occupied till the night of the 26th. The Second Brigade took a position on the Decatur Road in the rear until the 25th, when it returned and reported for orders.

Just after midnight, July 27th, the Division commenced a movement around the rear of the army to the west side of the city. About four o'clock in the afternoon, we formed line on the right of the Second Divi-

sion of our Sixteenth Corps, and advanced to Proctor's Creek, driving the enemy's skirmishers steadily before us till it was dark. On the morning of the 28th, we advanced some five hundred yards and at once constructed a line of rifle pits facing to the east. The Second Division of our Corps connected with us on the left, and the Seventeenth Army Corps on the right. During the day the enemy attacked the lines of the Fifteenth Corps, still further to the right, and in obedience to orders, I sent the Sixty-fourth Illinois and the Thirty-fifth New Jersey to the support of that Corps. They reached the battle field in time to render very important assistance, and shared in the glory of the day. From this time no important movement was made by the division for several weeks. Sharp skirmishing was kept up continually and our lines were advanced some five-hundred yards from which position we were enabled to use our artillery with very considerable effect.

On the 4th of August, Brigadier-General Ransom was assigned to the command of the division (Fourth), but on the 19th of the same month, Major-General Dodge being severely wounded, General Ransom assumed command of the left wing of the Corps (Sixteenth), leaving the writer again in command of the Division (Fourth).

On the 8th of August, the Third Brigade, which had been on duty at Decatur, Alabama, rejoined the Division and took its place in the front line, bearing cheerfully their part in the toils and dangers of the campaign. August the 20th, the Seventeenth New York Infantry (Colonei Grower) was transferred to the Fourteenth Army Corps, and the Tenth Illinois Infantry (Colonel Tillson) being assigned to the Sixteenth Corps, took the place of the Seventeenth New York in the Third Brigade.

The record of this regiment, though belonging properly to the history of the Fourteenth Army Corps, will be found among the accompanying papers, and is one which the regiment may refer to with satisfaction.

August 24th, arrangements were made to enable the Army of the Tennessee to swing to the extreme right flank. A line of works was constructed, running nearly at right angles with that occupied for some weeks, to cover our left flank, pending the movement.

By daylight on the 26th, the troops were all withdrawn to this new line and about midnight the following day, all were in motion. They marched to Camp Creek, crossing the Utoy, on the 27th. On the 28th we encamped near Shadna Church, on the Montgomery Railroad, and during the following day we marched about two miles to the south of Fairburn and assisted in thoroughly destroying the railroad for a space of six or eight miles.

On the 30th of August we marched within two miles of Jonesborough, and the next day fortified our position near Flint River. The enemy attacked our position during the day. A brigade of the Division was sent to re-enforce the command of General Corse, but the enemy was speedily repulsed.

During the night of September 1st, the enemy retired from our front, and orders were soon issued to follow him. He was found in position, well-intrenched, about five miles from Jonesborough. The lines were formed, leaving this Division in reserve. On the 3rd instant, we went into

position, faced to the west, on the extreme right flank of the army, and here received the welcome order announcing the fall of Atlanta and the close of the campaign.

On the afternoon of the 5th, the Fourth Division went into position, occupying works constructed August 24th, to cover the withdrawal of the army. During the night the Seventeenth Army Corps and the Second Division of the Sixteenth, passed through our lines to the rear, and at daylight on the morning of the 6th, we followed, serving as rear guard for the right column of the army, halting at Jonesborough. On the morning of the 7th, we marched to near Morrow's Mill, and on the following day reached East Point, where the command is now encamped.

As I close this report I am conscious that I have failed to do justice to the Division I have the honor to command, and especially so, as I recall the many instances of fortitude and heroic courage which it has evinced. On the fields of Resaca and of Dallas, sleep many gallant men, who stood in our ranks, and high up the mountain side of kenesaw are resting the bones of others. Shall any one reprove the men of this command as they relate with something of pride that their skirmishers were first to enter Resaca, and that one of their flags was first to wave from the top of that mountain, which is both tomb and monument to many of their comrades? Shall we soon forget the Nick-o-jack, henceforth associated by us with the natal day of our country? Near its banks a portion of this command (27th and 39th Ohio Infantry) celebrated its anniversary by an assault upon the enemy 's works, which was as bold as it was successful, nor can one walk in either direction save one from the city of Atlanta without treading upon ground which has been rendered historic by the valor of the soldiers of this Division and hallowed by the graves of its dead.

To General Sprague, who has commanded the Second Brigade throughout the campaign with marked ability, I have been greatly indebted. In Colonel Morrell (wounded on the 22nd of July) and Lieutenant-Colonel McDowell, who succeeded him in command of the First Brigade, as well as Colonel Tillson, who has recently commanded the Third Brigade, I have found an able and willing support. They have my thanks for the promptness and ability with which I have been aided.

To the officers of the Division Staff, Captain Cadle, Assistant-Adjutant-General; Captain Pollock, Robinson, Weber, Koehne, and Lieutenant Beers, who have been detailed from the line, I am under great obligations. In the camp, on the march, and on the battle field, they have displayed a zeal, ability and courage, which has secured the esteem and confidence of all with whom they have served. It is fitting also that I should here record the fact that during the entire campaign, Captain Kellog, our Commissary of Subsistence, has never omitted supplying us promptly with rations, nor have the trains of Captain Giesy, our Quartermaster, ever failed to bring them to our lines. The same may be said of Lieutenant Smith, an officer who has faithfully served at the front in every emergency.

John W. Fuller, Brigadier-General Commanding the Fourth Division.

Report of Brigadier-General John W. Sprague.

Headquarters, Second Brigade, Fourth Division, Sixteenth Army Corps.

NEAR LOVEJOY STATION, GEORGIA, SEPTEMBER 3, 1864.

On the 1st of May, this Brigade consisted of the Twenty-fifth Wisconsin, the Thirty-fifth New Jersey, Forty-third Ohio and Sixty-third Ohio Volunteers. The aggregate of the Brigade present at that date was 2,548. On the day above mentioned we marched from Decatur, Alabama, for Chattanooga. On the 6th we passed over the battle field of Chickamauga and encamped at Gordon's Mills. On the 7th we marched to Ship's Gap, four miles further south and held the Gap until the main column came up, thence through Villanow to Snake Creek Gap. On the 9th on a reconnaissance near to Resaca, we then returned to Sugar Valley near the Gap.

On the 13th we marched with the Army of the Tennessee constantly engaged in the operations before Resaca. The Twenty-fifth Wisconsin and the Thirty-fifth New Jersey particularly distinguished themselves by charging and taking each a hill on the right. Our loss before Resaca was eleven killed, and seventy-six wounded. We followed the enemy to Dallas, arriving on the 26th. Active skirmishing continued, at times becoming almost a battle until June 1st, when the enemy withdrew. Our losses were heavy.

The Fourth Division moved to Pumpkin Vine Creek and to Big Shanty Station. South of the last named place we struck the enemy and were actively engaged in driving him from one line of rifle pits to another, in which we captured thirty prisoners. The entire advance was over open ground, my loss was considerable. During the night of the 19th the enemy evacuated his works and fell back to Kenesaw Mountain. We advanced our works until July 3rd, when the enemy again abandoned his works and the town of Marietta. We at once marched to a point near Ruff's Mills, a distance of twelve miles, where we again struck the enemy, finding him strongly intrenched.

At this point, July 4th, Captain Charles A. Angell was killed while getting his regiment into position. The enemy's first line of works was charged and carried by the Twenty-seventh Ohio and Thirty-ninth Ohio, of the First Brigade, in most gallant style, and during the night the enemy evacuated his entire works which had been elaborately constructed.

July 5th, we again moved after the enemy. On the 7th we arrived at Howell's Ferry, on the Chattahootchee River. On the 9th with the Army of the Tennesee, we marched east via Marietta to Rosswell, where we forded the river and constructed a tete-de-pont, and built a bridge across the river. On the 17th, leaving the Forty-third to guard the bridge and trains, we moved on Decatur, where we arrived on the 19th. On the next day we moved about four miles toward Atlanta, and on the 21st I was ordered with my command to relieve General Gerrard's Cavalry and cover our wagon trains which were coming forward with supplies via Rosswell, and to picket strongly the roads leading south and east of that town.

On arriving there, six companies were posted, covering all the approaches, and the three regiments and artillery were put into position to

defend and hold the town. On the 22nd, the enemy's cavalry made some demonstrations along our front. I ordered four companies of the Sixty-third Ohio, all under Lieutenant-Colonel Rusk, to make a reconnaissance and ascertain, if possible, the force of the enemy. Colonel Montgomery, commanding the Twenty-fifth Wisconsin asked permission to go, and I consented. Soon after the battalion started, Second Lieutenant T. D. Griffin, with four guns of the Chicago Board of Trade Battery, reported to me, and I assigned him to a position on the hill north of the jail and near the road. The battery was supported by three companies of the Sixty-third Ohio. The two remaining companies were near Dr. Hoyle's house on the hill south of the railroad, and on their left were the two guns of Battery C, First Michigan, next the remaining companies of the Twenty-fifth Wisconsin, and further on the left, covering the roads from the southeast, the Twenty-fifth New Jersey was posted.

Colonel Montgomery had proceeded with the eight companies, but a short distance before the enemy was developed in considerable force. Our skirmishers were sharply engaged and discovered the enemy moving to the left of Colonel Montgomery with the evident design of cutting him off. I ordered him to move to the left and rear so as to be in supporting distance of the main line. He had hardly executed the movement before the enemy advanced in strong force in my front, and at the same time pretty large masses were seen moving to my rear, both on my right and my left. Colonel Montgomery's battalion got somewhat entangled in a swamp which was found in their rear, when he attempted to rejoin the main line, and being heavily pressed by the enemy, the command came in with the organization somewhat broken. Before all could extricate themselves from the swamp, some were surrounded and captured by the enemy. The two companies on the right of the battery being joined by one or two companies of the reconnoitering party, a line was at once formed nearly perpendicular to the original line to meet the enemy on my right. The Thirty-fifth New Jersey was doing the same on the left. There was little difficulty in checking the enemy in front at any time during the action, but as the masses passing to the rear on my right and left would endanger the trains in town and on the road from Rosswell, I fell back to the hill at the south line of the town.

The line was soon formed with the six guns in position, and the fight continued until the town was very nearly enveloped by the superior numbers of the enemy, when I again fell back into the Court House Square, fighting from three sides of it. Here again the artillery opened with effect. The trains of the Fifteenth Corps which were in town when the fight commenced, had all withdrawn and were safe. I had no doubt of my ability to hold the Court House Square and the town, but this would not prevent the enemy from attacking the trains of our army coming up from Rosswell, and I made a short stand just north of the place to beat off the enemy who were approaching from the west. In this I was assisted by the Ninth Illinois mounted Infantry, who threw out a strong line of skirmishers to the west of the road mentioned. They had just come up with the train from Rosswell.

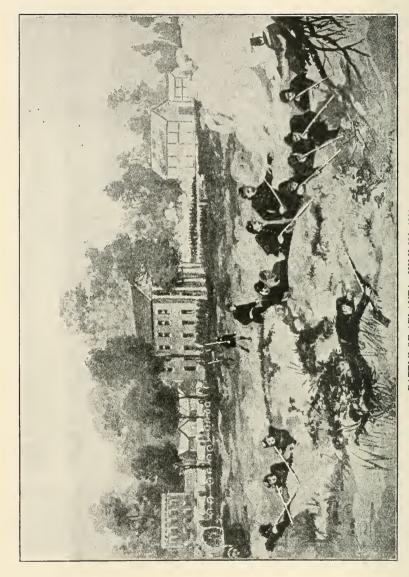
After the artillery had all passed, I moved along the Rosswell Road leisurely to the junction of Pace's Ferry Road and took a strong position, and threw up some rude but strong defenses, about one mile north from Decatur. Here Colonel Wager Swayne, commanding, came up and joined me. The trains which were passing in my rear toward the Twenty-third Corps, were hastened forward and soon all were known to be safe, but the enemy did not see fit to follow and continue the fight. My skirm-ishers were advanced and remained during the night in sight of the town, into which I retired with my command. The next morning the enemy had withdrawn.

The force attacking me was two divisions of Wheeler's Cavalry and mounted infantry. All the enemy's forces engaged in the fight were dismounted. I have no means of knowing the loss the enemy sustained. He reported to the citizens of Decatur that it was between five hundred and six hundred. My loss is two hundred and forty-two killed, wounded and missing. Colonel Montgomery was wounded and fell into the hands of the enemy. Near the close of the action Colonel Charles E. Brown, commanding the Sixty-third Ohio, was wounded in the leg, which has since been amputated near the thigh.

The command of this regiment then devolved upon Major J. W. Fouts. All officers discharged their whole duty gallantly and well. Many daring deeds were done by line officers, non-commissioned officers and privates, and some brilliant charges were made, in which the bayonet was freely used with effect upon the enemy. I acknowledge my indebtedness to my staff officers. Their whole duty was discharged fearlessly and intelligently. The action lasted over an hour and a half.

On the 24th of July, my command was engaged in destroying the Atlanta and Augusta Railroad. On the 25th I again joined the Division (Fourth). On the 26th of July, we moved with the Army of the Tennessee toward the extreme right on the west of Atlanta and on the next day moved forward into position with slight skirmishing near the head of Proctor's Creek. On the 28th the Fifteenth Corps, on our right was fiercely assaulted. The Thirty-fifth New Jersey was sent to report to General Logan, and was soon hotly engaged. The enemy was repulsed and severely punished On the 26th of August, we commenced the movement which brought us, by a circuitous route, to a point on the Atlanta and Montgomery Railroad, near Fairburn Station.

On the 29th we destroyed the railroad. On August 30th we marched in the direction of Jonesborough, on the Atlanta and Macon Railroad and encamped on Flint River at ten o'clock at night. My command was under arms and in position. During the night of September 2nd, the enemy fled from Jonesborough, and our army pursued to Lovejoy Station. Here it was officially amounced that Atlanta was in our possession. The heart of every soldier was glad and rejoiced that he was one of the grand army which in a campaign of over four months, had overcome every obstacle and driven the army of the enemy from one mountain stronghold to another, capturing hundreds of miles of the best earthworks the ingenuity and labor of the enemy could construct, and, finally the fortified city of Atlanta, often boastingly proclaimed at their "last ditch." History gives no parallel to



BATTLE OF ATLANTA, JULY 22d, 1854.
Defence of Supply Trains at Decatur, Ga., by Sprague's 2d Brigade, Fuller's Division, 16th A. C.

such a campaign, or the masterly skill which has brought it to so glorious a conclusion.

The reports of regimental commanders show our losses in killed, wounded and missing to be as follows:

25th Wisconsin Volunteers ...180, during campaign 262, percent loss 48 35th New Jersey Volunteers ...140, during campaign 255, percent loss 55 43rd Ohio Veteran Volunteers 78, during campaign 263, percent loss 38 63rd Ohio Veteran Volunteers 154, during campaign 318, percent loss 41

552 1,098 48

To Colonel M. Montgomrey, of the Twenty-fifth Wisconsin, who was wounded and captured at Decatur, July 22nd, Colonel John J. Cladek, Thirty-fifth New Jersey, Colonel Wager Swayne, Forty-third Ohio, and Lieutenant-Colonel Charles E. Brown, commanding the Sixty-third Ohio, who was wounded and lost a leg, July 22nd at Decatur, my profound and grateful thanks are due and rendered, for their untiring zeal and never failing gallantry throughout the long and arduous campaign. Such has been their devotion to duty and so well have they been seconded and supported by officers and men of their commands, that at no moment during the entire campaign could they be found not ready to meet the enemy. Lieutenant-Colonel J. M. Rusk, Twenty-fifth Wisconsin, Lieutenant-Colonel William N. Henry, thirty-fifth New Jersey, Lieutenant-Colonel Walter F. Herrick, Forty-third Ohio and Major John W. Fouts, Sixty-third Ohio, (the first and last named having commanded their respective regiments, since the battle of July 22nd) and by their works, shown themselves competent to command in any emergency) deserve and have my thanks for their faithful and gallant discharge of every duty.

I cannot conclude without giving an expression of grateful thanks to Lieutenant A. C. Fenner, of the Sixty-third Ohio, acting Assistant Adjutant-General, Lieutenant Frank Smith, Sixty-fourth Illinois, acting Assistant Inspector-General, Captain Oscar L. Jackson, and Edward B. Boyd, Sixty-third Ohio, acting Assistant Quartermasters, and Lieutenant Charles B. Blanchard, Twenty-fifth Wisconsin, Aid-de-camp and ordinance officer, for their uniform gentlemanly and soldierly bearing on the field of battle, on the march and in camp. By their zeal and industry, much has been done to secure the efficiency of this command, and my duties have been rendered comparatively light.

I am, Captain, very respectfully your obedient servant,

J. W. Sprague, Brigadier-General, Commanding.

To Captain Cadle Jr, Assistant Adjutant-General, Fourth Division, Sixteenth Corps.

Report of Lieutenant-Colonel Henry T. McDowell.

East Point, Georgia, September 13th, 1864.

On the morning of May 1st, the Brigade, consisting of the Eighteenth Missouri, Sixty-fourth Illinois, Twenty-seventh Ohio and Thirty-ninth

Ohio Infantry Regiments, marched from Decatur, Alabama, under command of Brigadier-General John W. Fuller with an aggregate of two thousand nine hundred and sixty-six men for duty. We reached Woodville Station, distant from Decatur sixty-two miles, on the morning of the 4th and Chattanooga about midnight. On the 5th we crossed the Mission Ridge, passing over Chattanooga battle-field, camped at Lee and Gordon's Mills. Snake Creek Gap was reached on the 8th. On the 9th we moved toward the railroad near Resaca. The command was intrenched and remained until the 13th when we again advanced taking position within a mile of the enemy's works. We remained during the operations of the army at that point and supported the Fourteenth Ohio Battery, meeting with slight loss. We reached Dallas on the evening of the 26th and drove the enemy's skirmishers one mile on the 27th. The point taken was held until June 1st. Withdrawing from that line, we crossed Pumpkin Vine Creek and reached Big Shanty on the 10th. On the 11th, marched down the railroad to within three miles of Kenesaw Mountain. On the 19th the enemy having left his works in our front, we advanced to the base of Kenesaw Mountain, pushing our skirmishers well up the side of the mountain. We remained in that position until July 3rd when we moved to the right and bivouacked for the night at Nick-o-jack Creek. On the morning of the 4th we crossed the Creek and pushed forward in line of battle with brisk skirmishing for the distance of about a mile when we halted in a dense wood some three hundred yards from the enemy's works. The Twentyseventh Ohio on the right, the Thirty-ninth next and the Sixty-fourth Illinois next covered the front as skirmishers.

The Twenty-seventh and Thirty-ninth Ohio were selected to make the assault, the Eighteenth Missouri being behind the center in reserve. At six o'clock in the evening the order to charge was given, and was successfully made. The works were held and reversed, during the night.

The loss in the day's operations was fourteen enlisted men killed and seven commissioned officers and eighty-two enlisted men wounded.

On the 5th march was made on the Sand Town Road, halting near the Chattahoochee River. On the 9th, moved on the Marietta. On the 10th, proceeded eastwardly to Rosswell, on the Chattahoochee River, which we crossed by wading on the 11th. On the 17th we advanced to Nancy's Creek. General Fuller having assumed command of the Fourth Division, the command of the Brigade devolved to Colonel Morrell, of the Sixty-fourth Illinois. Decatur was reached on the 19th. On the 20th march was made to Atlanta. On the 21st a position was taken behind the Seventeenth Corps, and the command was held in reserve.

About 12:30 P. M., of the 22nd, orders were received to move the brigade as rapidly as possible to the rear and report to General Fuller, in an old field in which the trains of the different Corps were parked. In a very short time the brigade was in line. The regiments had the following relative positions; the Thirty-ninth Ohio on the left and on the extension of the line of the Second Division, Sixteenth Corps; the Twenty-seventh Ohio on the right of the Thirty-ninth, with the Eighteenth Missouri and the Sixty-fourth Illinois in the rear forming a second line. Our position was somewhat retired from the crest of a ridge in the open field.

Skirmishers were sent forward, but had barely reached the wood, a short distance in the front, when they met the heavy lines of the enemy. At this juncture, an order was given to advance to the crest of the ridge, but through some misunderstanding of the order, the line continued to push forward after reaching the crest. The enemy had by this time emerged from the woods into the open ground, but gave way before the charge of our men and fled in confusion. Our right being unprotected, and the line being exposed to a severe flank fire, it became necessary to halt at the edge of the woods instead of following up the advantage gained and finally to withdraw to the crest of the ridge. This last was accomplished without any noticable confusion on the part of any of the command, notwithstanding the severity of the enemy's fire. Pending these movements on the part of the first line, the Eighteenth Missouri and Sixty-fourth Illinois were doing good service in endeavoring to dislodge the enemy from his position, in the woods, in our right and rear. We maintained our position with some unimportant changes in direction, until four o'clock in the afternoon, keeping up a fire that prevented the enemy from reforming his lines or attempting any further advance. All our dead and wounded were brought off.

The Brigade during the engagement lost two commissioned officers and forty-five enlisted men, killed; nineteen officers and two hundred and seventy-six enlisted men wounded; and nine enlisted men missing. The command of the Brigade devolved upon Lieutenant-Colonel H. T. Me-

Dowell, Colonel Morrell having received a severe wound.

At one o'clock in the morning of the 27th, we withdrew from our works and marched west to a position near Proctor's Creek, with our lines facing east, remaining until the 26th, during that time making several advances which brought us within easy range of the rebel works, then withdrawing to a refused line of works. We marched at night and reached a point one mile from the Montgomery and West Point Railroad, destroying the road near Fairburn. We marched on the 30th, from seven o'clock in the morning to midnight, bivouacked one mile from Jonesborough, on the Macon and Western Railroad. On the 31st we intrenched our position on

the right flank of the line facing south.

September 2nd, marched near to Lovejoy's Station. On the 6th to our old position near Jonesborough. On the 7th marched to Morrow's Mill. On the 8th reached East Point and camped. The loss of the Brigade during the campaign has been as follows; Eighteenth Missouri; fifteen enlisted men killed, four officers and forty-eight enlisted men wounded, and one enlisted men missing; Twenty-seventh Ohio, two officers and twenty-six enlisted men killed, fourteen officers and one hundred and sixty-nine enlisted men wounded, and six enlisted men missing; Thirty-ninth Ohio, twenty-four enlisted men killed, eight officers and one hundred and fifty-eight enlisted men wounded and two enlisted men missing; Sixty-fourth Illinois, three officers and forty-three enlisted men killed, eleven officers and one hundred and seventy enlisted men wounded, and nine enlisted men missing.

H. T. McDowell, Lieutenant-Colonel of the Thirty-ninth Ohio Infantry, commanding First Brigade, Fourth Division. Sixteenth Army Corps.

CAPTAIN C. CADLE, JR., Assistant Adjutant General, Fourth Division, Sixteenth Army Corps. Report of Lieutenant-Colonel Mendal Churchill, Twenty-seventh Ohio Infantry, of operations, July 22.

Headquarters, Twenty-seventh Regiment Ohio Vol. Infantry.

Before Atlanta, Ga., July 30, 1864.

Sir:—In compliance with special field orders, No. 45, from headquarters left wing, Sixteenth Army Corps, I have the honor to submit the following report of the part taken by this command in the engagement on the 22nd inst.:—

The brigade of which this regiment formed a part on that day was in position in reserve in rear of the Fourth Division of the Seventh Corps. At about 12:30 P. M. the order was sent me by the commanding officer to move into the road and follow the Thirty-ninth Ohio at double-quick to the rear and left, where firing was then heard. This order was executed instantly so far as to set the regiment in march. After passing out of the woods, we came into open fields, on the south side of which the enemy were advancing. After moving across the fields about 400 yards we formed line on the right of the Thirty-ninth Ohio, having double-quicked about a mile One company, under command of Lieutenant Charles H. Smith, was immediately thrown forward as skirmishers, when the General commanding division ordered the line forward to the top of the crest in our front. The skirmishers sent forward were driven back almost immediately by the columns of the enemy which then advanced in our front. General Fuller gave the order to fix bayonets and charge the enemy. The line moved forward in good style at double-quick, causing the enemy to halt, waver, and finally give way in disorder. We drove them across the field into the timber and over a ridge. In advancing the regiment had to pass through a thicket of briars and willows in the edge of the timber, which somewhat disordered the line. I gave the order to reform before resuming the charge, as I expected to meet the enemy in force after passing the ridge. While doing this a column of the enemy advanced into the field on our right flank and rear, which point was unprotected. Under the circumstances I did not deem it prudent to advance further. General Fuller directed me to refuse my right which was promptly done. The enemy still advanced on our right and rear. It was almost impossible to execute a change of front under such a flank fire as we were sustaining. I ordered the regiment to about face, and make a right wheel, and to fall back behind the ridge to face this new danger. This movement was made in good order considering the difficulty of executing such a movement under a galling fire. I am greatly indebted to General Fuller for his assistance in reforming the line. After this was done the regiment again charged to the top of the hill, and by a few well directed volleys sent the enemy hurling back to the timber. from which they continued to fire on us, though not inflicting serious loss, as the men were lying down. We remained in this position until about 4:30 p. m., when a new line was formed further to the rear and we were ordered to withdraw to the new alignment which we did in good order. It is proper to add that all the movements above enumerated (after forming line) were executed under a constant fire from the front and right flank.

The losses sustained in the action by the regiment were as follows: Killed, 19 enlisted men; wounded, 6 commissioned officers, and 113 enlisted men; aggregate, 138—a detailed list has already been forwarded. I have the honor to be, captain, very respectfully your obedient servant,

M. CHURCHILL,

CAPT. J. W. BARNS.

Lieut. Colonel, Commanding

Colonel Mendal Churchill made the following notations in a diary which he kept on this march. This diary is invaluable to the members of his regiment, containing as it does many items, incidents and facts of importance that took place during the great struggle through the mountains. No doubt it was intended to summarize the matter gathered to incorporate in his official report, but owing to the constant strain, day and night, no opportunity was afforded to complete the work.

Notations by Lieutenant-Colonel Mendal Churchill, commanding the Twenty-seventh Ohio Regiment Infantry.

MARIETTA, GEORGIA, SEPTEMBER 19th, 1864.

I submit the following report of the part taken by my command in the campaign from May 1st, to September 19th, 1864.

On Sunday, May 1st, the Twenty-seventh Ohio Regiment numbering five hundred and fifty-seven men for duty, left camp at Decatur, Alabama, crossed the Tennessee River on a pontoon bridge, marched part of the way to Chattanooga and on the 8th, marched to the mouth of Snake Creek Gap. We passed through the Gap with the troops of the Fifteenth and Sixteenth Corps, and made a demonstration on Resaca, Georgia. We drove in the outposts of the enemy and then withdrew with our forces to the Gap where we built earthworks. The command bivouacked without tents or blankets. The weather was unseasonably cold with rain.

On May 13th, the regiment moved with the brigade in light marching and fighting order to the front of Resaca. The troops deployed into battle, three lines deep, with the precision of parade, stretching away in the fields to the left. Our battle flags unfurled, the gleam of arms in the sunlight, and the rattle of musketry along the front, made an imposing battle picture rarely seen even in the army. The Twenty-seventh Ohio Regiment supported the Fourteenth Ohio Battery and later in the day supported the Second United States Regular Battery.

On the 14th, we again supported the Fourteenth Ohio Battery, now located on a high point, overlooking the Camp Creek bottom and the town of Resaca. Our troops from the timber issued and charged and drove the enemy back into the town. The firing was incessant until nine o'clock at night. Constant and heavy skirmishing continued all the next day. On the 16th, we marched in pursuit of the enemy, crossing the Oostanaula at Lay's Ferry, going via Kingston to Dallas. We skirmished with the enemy up to and through the town, and bivouacked closed en masse. At sun-

tise on the 27th, our pickets were vigorously assailed. I ordered the bugler to blow the assembly. Two companies, Å and F, were sent forward to re-enforce the picket line. Captain Sawyer was killed and Lieutenant Diebolt was mortally wounded and died in the evening. The regiment took position to the front and fortified in the timber. Many of the rebel wounded were brought in through our works.

May 29th, we crossed a ravine in our front into a new line of works, nearer the enemy, with constant skirmishing. About ten o'clock at night heavy firing began on the extreme left, several miles distant, and soon afterward on the extreme right, extending quickly down to us. Our artillery in the rear posted on high ground, fired over us, the rebel artillery responded and the air was full of screeching missiles. Fighting ceased at midnight. Our line was attacked the next day and Captain Green of Company E was wounded.

June 1st, at my request, Charles H. Smith of Company B, Twenty-seventh Ohio Regiment who was appointed May 17th, by special order Number 41, General James C. Veatch commanding the Division, to serve as assistant commissary of subsistence, on the staff of Captain Kellog, was relieved from that duty to receive promotion and was assigned to Company A.

On June 1st, we marched toward the left flank to Ackworth, reaching Big Shanty on the 10th, constantly advancing our lines, working all night digging rifle pits and preparing for battle. On June 16th, during heavy firing, First Lieutenant James F. Day of Company K was killed and eight enlisted men were wounded. On the 18th, we lost seven men wounded in the regiment.

During an incessant rain the following night, the rebels evacuated their line in front, into which we moved, to find not only mud but filth. On the 20th, we moved forward to higher ground at the base of the Mountain, the Eighteenth Missouri on our right, the Thirty-ninth Ohio behind them, the Sixty-fourth Illinois in the rear of the Twenty-seventh Ohio. Following the movement, heavy cannonading and infantry firing commenced and lasted until nine o'clock in the evening.

June 21st, we moved to the front through Colonel Sprague's Brigade and after many changes and alignments, threw up intrenchments connecting with the Thirty-ninth Ohio on our left. On the 22nd, Sergeant Plummer of Company G was killed on the skirmish line and Private Geer was wounded. June 24th, one of our men in Company F was killed and two were wounded, during a fierce artillery duel. The concussion to the air made by the continuous firing was painful to endure. It rained almost constantly for three weeks.

June 27th, the Twenty-seventh Ohio Regiment advanced in support of a formidable assault on Little Kenesaw Mountain by our forces. At ten o'clock that night this regiment relieved the Sixty-fourth Illinois high up on the Mountain side. The Sixty-fourth regiment was armed with Henry repeating rifles. The ground was so rough and stony and the rebel fire so constant at short range that the men were obliged frequently to prostrate themselves prone upon the ground, until its fury was spent and the greatest care was required. Nearly the whole night was consumed in get-

ting posted. Captain Hamilton of Company I, three sergeants and five others of my men were wounded in this movement. Captain Hamilton died a few days afterwards.

Our men sought shelter as the trees and rocks afforded. No change of position or movement could be made, because the rebel fire raked the whole face of the mountain. Sergeant Frayly of Company B, behind a huge boulder was holding his hat to one side of the rock to draw the rebel fire, trying meanwhile to get in his shot from the other side, when he was wounded, as were also James Thomas of Company G and William T. Lawson of Company B, while trying the same tactics.

Heavy firing continued until the night of July 3rd, when the enemy evacuated his position on Kenesaw Mountain top, and the flags of our Regiment floated first from the summit. The Regiment marched to Nick-o-jack Creek crossing the creek on the following morning. We drove the enemy back into his works. All the small timber had been cut about three feet from the ground and the tops pointed toward our line, affording the enemy an unobstructed view in his front, and making the approach on his works very difficult. We halted in the standing timber, in the edge of the tangled abbatis, above rescribed, to assault the enemy's works, laying down for protection from the constant fire of the enemy.

The order to charge was given and countermanded several times during the afternoon, meanwhile a force of 5,000 of the Army of the Tennessee was massed in our rear with the Second Division of the Sixteenth Corps on the right. At six o'clock in the evening, the Twenty-seventh on the left and Thirty-ninth on the right, with fixed bayonets made the charge in good style, not a shot was fired by us in advancing, the first firing being done at the fleeing enemy after the works were reached. We had to face in the assault a direct fire from the works in front and an oblique fire from our right and left. We captured fifty prisoners. The Twenty-seventh lost five men killed and forty-six wounded, including three commissioned officers. The Thirty-ninth Ohio had one man killed and forty-five wounded, including Colonel Noves. The captured works were entirely vacated by the enemy so far as we could see to the right and left. The troops of the Second Division on the right and those on the left, that had formed for the assault, failed to charge with us for some unexplained reason. This was the only fortified line of earthworks captured by assault during the campaign.

July 7th, Twenty-seventh Ohio with the Division, marched to, and camped at, the Chattahootchee River, on the right flank of our army. The opposing pickets made a truce by which no firing was done by either side for some time and the men of both armies fraternized to the extent of wading the river and exchanging coffee for tobacco. On witnessing the movement for the withdrawal of our line, the rebel asked if we were going, and being answered in the affirmative, shouted "Goodbye Yanks!", and did not fire a shot.

July 10th, after two days of marching in excessive heat and dust, we forded the Chattahoochee River at Rosswell on the extreme left of Sherman's Army, and bivouacked on the south side, remaining until the 16th engaged in fortifying. On the 17th we moved toward Atlanta and drove back the rebel cavalry, and, while passing through Decatur, we were shelled

by the enemy. On the 20th, skirmished with the enemy. On the 21st we took position in the rear of Giles A. Smith's Division of the Seventeenth Corps, from which place the church steeples and many prominent houses in Atlanta could be seen. On the 22nd, at about 12:30 p. m., the order was sent me by the commanding officer to follow in the road and move with the Thirty-ninth Ohio Regiment at a double quick to the rear and left, where firing was then heard. This order was executed instantly-many asking the question, "What is the cause of that firing?" After passing out of the woods we came into open fields, on the south side of which the enemy was After moving across the fields about four hundred yards, we formed line on the right of the Thirty-ninth Ohio Regiment, having doublequicked about a mile. By my order Company A, under command of Lieutenant Charles H. Smith, was thrown forward as skirmishers, while the enemy was advancing in the open field. General Fuller commanding the Division, ordered the men to fix bayonets and wait before charging until the enemy should march half way across the open field, then to rise, fire a valley and charge the enemy, but Lieutenant Smith, having just came from the front with the skirmishers and knowing their position, said it was best to strike the enemy quickly and before they were all out of the woods to form a solid line, and he ran along the line ordering a charge. The color bearer sprang to the front with the colors, the line moved forward in good style, over the crest in our front, at double-quick, causing the enemy to halt, waver and finally to give way in disorder. This charge proved our salvation. We drove the enemy across the field and over a ridge.

In advancing, this regiment had to pass through a thicket of briars and willows in the edge of the timber, which somewhat disordered the line. I gave the order to re-form, resuming the charge. While doing this a column of the enemy advanced into the field on our right flank and rear which point was unprotected. My right was promptly refused, the enemy still advancing. It was almost impossible to execute a change of front under such a flank fire as we were sustaining. I ordered the regiment to make a right wheel, then fall back behind the ridge to face the new danger. This movement was made in good order considering the difficulties of executing such a movement under a galling fire.

After this was done the regiment again charged to the top of the hill, and by a few well-directed volleys, sent the enemy back to the timber from which they continued to fire on us. While the men were lying down, many were shot in the head. We remained in this position until four o'clock in the afternoon, when we were ordered to withdraw to a new line in the rear. All the above movements were made and executed under a constant fire from the front and right flank. The losses sustained in this battle by the regiment during the four hours it was under fire were as follows; one hundred and thirty-eight killed or wounded including six commissioned officers. At the beginning of the battle we numbered about three hundred and fifty men. No company went into the fight with more than two commissioned officers and some companies had but one. The regiment formed its first line, and made all subsequent movements under fire, fought a stand up, open field fight, without protection of any kind, with its flanks uncovered and subjected to a front and infilading fire in every position occupied.

It was just after the regiment had changed front and the men were lying down and firing, that I raised to my feet to give an order and was struck with a minnie ball, which passed through all my clothing cutting the skin. The wound became quite painful. I turned the command over to Captain Lynch and went to the rear to have the wound dressed. A metal button had turned the ball sideways and no doubt by that my life was saved. I became very sick and faint, but being refreshed by a drink of water, I soon returned to the regiment. Just at this time, General Fuller took the flag of the Twenty-seventh Ohio, carried it to the front and led the last charge which drove the enemy to final defeat.

This was the hardest fought battle of the campaign and the whole campaign will rank in history as one of the most brilliant and remarkable of the war. Fighting was continued for four months across mountains and rivers, a distance of one hundred and sixty-one miles, making many flank movements during that time. The Federal forces occupied the battle field and finished burying the dead on the 23rd. All wagons and ambulances were sent away preparatory to a grand flank movement to the right. Moving from our works at midnight on the 27th, canteens and account ments were muffled by the men so that they would not rattle and attract the attention of the enemy. We were the last to leave the picket lines. We passed to the rear of the Fourth, Fourteenth and Twentieth Corps to the extreme right of the Army, to the west of Atlanta. In the evening we moved forward under fire to get into position. On the 28th, we advanced and fortified our position on the picket line.

On September 2nd, 1864, Atlanta was occupied by Union Troops.

On August 10th, the regiment was ordered to Marietta and bivouacked near the town on the Rosswell Road. The entire loss of the regiment during the campaign in killed and wounded was fifteen commissioned officers and two hundred and two enlisted men and two missing—Total two hundred and nineteen. August 14th, I was detailed to take a guard from the non-veterans and proceed to Chattanooga with prisoners. I returned to Marietta and remained until Atlanta was occupied by our troops. On the 19th of September, I turned the command over to Captain Nichols and issued the following farewell order to the regiment:

HEADQUAFTERS, TWENTY-SEVENTH OHIO REGIMENT VOLUNTEER INFANTRY.

Marietta, Georgia, September 19th, 1864.

"In taking leave of the officers and soldiers of this regiment, with whom I have so long been associated and whom I have had the honor to command for the past eight months, I do so with many regrets, and cannot leave without tendering you my sincere thanks for the alacrity and cheerfulness with which you have obeyed every order and seconded me in my efforts to maintain the good reputation of the regiment and to add new laurels to its fame.

"You endured every hardship and braved every danger incident to the long, ardous and bloody campaign just terminated, with a heroic self-sacrifice and devotion that may have been equalled by other commands, but could be excelled by none.

"At Resaca, Dallas, Big Shanty and Kennesaw Mountain, you proved yourselves trusty and reliable soldiers, never shrinking from any duty or danger.

"On the 4th of July, you stormed the enemy's works at Nick-o-jack Creek, and by your irresistible onset carried them at the point of the bayonet.

"On the 22nd of July, you fought largely superior numbers, and at great disadvantage, and were repeatedly flanked, but by your indomitable pluck, you held your ground against great odds, with a courage and steadiness never shown but by veterans. It is an honor to any man to command such troops.

"While exulting over our successes, let us not forget to drop a passing tear for, and hold sacred the memory of those of our comrades who have fallen in battle, in defence of the common liberties of all.

"While commanding you, it has been my constant aim to mete out equal and exact justice to all, and do what I deem best for the interest of the whole command.

"Trusting that in the future you may win new laurels, and go forward in the suppression of this wicked, wanton and unnatural rebellion, until the hosts of the enemy are compelled to lay down their arms and our government is re-established throughout the length and breadth of this broad land, I bid you all an affectionate farewell."

I returned to my home in Ohio broken down in health.

M. Churchill, Colonel Commanding, Brevet Brig. Gen'l. U.S. Vols.

Report of Colonel Wager Swayne.

Headquarters of the Forty-third Ohio Volunteers.

Near Jonesborough, Georgia, September 6th, 1864.

On May 1st, 1864, the regiment moved from Decatur, Alabama, as a part of the Second Brigade, Fourth Division, Left Wing, Sixteenth Army Corps, General Dodge commanding. Crossing the Tennessee River and turning east, the regiment proceeded via Huntsville, to Woodville on May 4th. Arriving at Chattanooga by rail the next day, we marched at once to the south to Rossville, Georgia, and thence to Gordon's Mills. Turning east on the night of the 7th, from the vicinity of La Fayette, the regiment having the advance, seized the pass known as Ship's Gap, and moved the next day with the command into Snake Creek Gap. We participated without casuality in the reconnaissance before Resaca on May 9th.

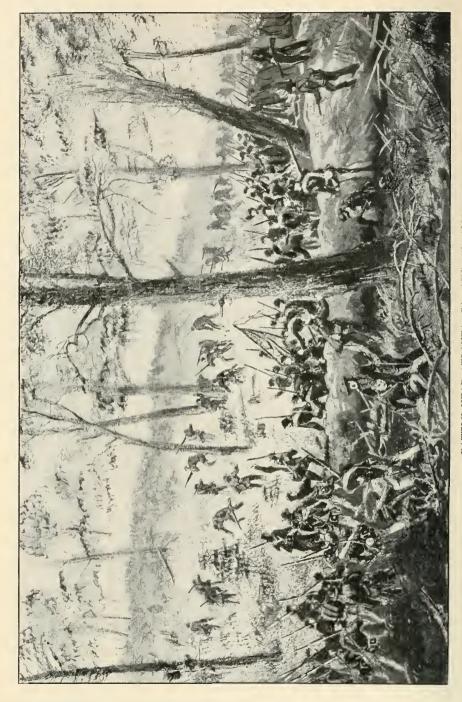
When the demonstration on Resaca was resumed the regiment did duty in the front line, on May 13th, and part of the 14th, south of the town, and afterward until after the evacuation, north of the town, in support of the Fifteenth Corps. This service was severe, the men remaining in line and relieving each other as skirmishers almost without intermission for four days. In the performance of this duty, Lieutenants C. McCaffry and J. W. Thompson received flesh wounds, and of the enlisted men four were killed and eighteen wounded, whose names are in the report of casualities.

The skirmishers of this regiment were of the first who entered the village of Resaca. The regiment reached Kingston on May 19th. Company K, under Captain J. H. Roads was detailed to guard the ordinance train, remaining on that duty until June 21st. On May 25th, the regiment entered Dallas and took position in line, and maintained a detail of two companies of skirmishers until the withdrawal of the army from before that place on the morning of June 1st. We suffered a loss of Lieutenant Milo Wilkinson who was mortally wounded, and of nine enlisted men wounded.

The Fourth Division being detailed to guard trains, the regiment remained on the right flank of the army until June 6th, when it marched to Ackworth. On June 10th, we participated in the gradual advance upon Kenesaw Mountain, without severe loss, ten enlisted men being the aggregate of casualties after leaving Dallas until July 3rd. On July 4th, leaving the front of Kenesaw Mountain, we moved with the command to the right flank of the army, developed the enemy's skirmish line near Ruff's Mills and reached the Chattahootchee River on July 7th, in the vicinity of Turner's Ferry. The following two days were employed in marching east via Marietta to Rosswell, near which place, on the afternoon of the 10th, the command forded the Chattahootchee River and fortified a tete-de-pont.

On July 17th, the regiment was detached to remain at Rosswell, and hold the bridge, and the ford over the Chattahootchee. Until the 22nd, Company G, temporarily commanded by Lieutenant Robert McNary was detached for the protection of the supply train. It moved to the vicinity of Decatur, arriving there just after the brilliant defense of that village by the rest of the Brigade, under General John W. Sprague.

Re-entering Decatur, and assisting in destroying the Augusta Railroad, on the morning of July 22nd, this regiment with five companies of the Ninth Iilinois Regiment, mounted Infantry, and one section of Battery C, of the First Michigan Artillery, all under my command, left Rosswell, escorting a train of four hundred wagons of the train of the Army of the Tennessee. As the advance of the train neared Decatur, it was discovered that the enemy was cannonading the village, and afterward that he was in possession of it. The head of the train was turned to the right, down a cross read, leading to the rear of the 23rd Corps, except a small portion belonging to the Seventeenth Corps, which moving with difficulty, was turned to the right down by a road a mile further to the rear. At the crossing first-named, the troops distributed through the train and disposed for defence, except three companies of the Ninth Illinois, which moved to assist Colonel Sprague, with his Brigade, retiring from Decatur by the same road. The entire train passed in safety, and the enemy, making no



BATTLE NEAR ATLANTA, GA., AUG. 4th, 1864. 43d Ohio going over the Confederate Works, Driving the Confederate Advance Lines.

demonstration, my command followed it a quarter of a mile, when we rejoined the brigade already in position.

July 26th, the regiment moved with the command to the right of the main army, and took its place in the main line. During frequent skirmishing and pioneer duty for four weeks, we suffered an aggregate of casualities of two men killed, sixteen wounded and seven missing, the latter on the occasion of an advance of the whole line on the 4th of August.

The regiment was withdrawn on the 24th of August, and employed that night and the next day in constructing earthworks to serve as a flank line during the withdrawal of the army. The regiment moved via Campbellton, and helped destroy the Atlantic and Montgomery Railroad, near Fairburn, August 29th, and the next evening reached the vicinity of Jonesborough. where it was present but not engaged.

During the operations, on September 2nd, the regiment assisted in the destruction of the Atlantic and Macon Railroad, and camped near Lovejoy's There on the day following, after four months of labor, dangers and exposures, which had not impaired its patriotism, nor exhausted its strength, it welcomed an order officially announcing the close of the campaign that had already yielded the fruition of its hopes.

I wish to refer to the faithfulness of Lieutenant-Colonel, W. E. Herrick, Captain John S. Hamilton and Lieutenant John P. Kennedy, Adjutant, all continually on duty when often suffering from actual disease. Captain J. H. Roads, when there was but one field officer with the regiment, relieved me with cordial and efficient service. Captain Peter Hewston, when both the medical officers of the regiment had been removed for duty elsewhere, gave to my great relief, his efficient service, and as acting assistant surgeon, Reverend R. Z. Chittenden, Chaplain, has been unwearied in all the kindly usefulness of his calling. Only the necessity that mention here be special, prevents a list of others who met the trying requirements of the campaign with a full measure of performance.

A high tribute is due to the suffering and the dead. The last sacrifice to freedom has been freely made, and wounds just less than death have been borne as brave men can. Last winter all but a fraction of the enlisted men renewed their pledge of service, knowing all its meaning. In carrying out all that pledge, the hard trials of war have been met freely, but these only have been called to show it with their bodies and their lives. More than this cannot be written. I append a consolidated report of casualties, showing an aggregate loss of three officers and seventy-two men killed, wounded and missing, during the campaign.

Your obedient servant,

Wager Swayne,

Colonel Commanding the Forty-third Ohio.

Report of Major John W. Fouts, Sixty-third Ohio Infantry.

HEADQUARTERS OF THE SIXTY-THIRD REGIMENT OHIO INFANTRY VOLUNTEERS..

IN THE FIELD, SEPTEMBER 5TH, 1864.

SIP: In accordance with circular from headquarters Second Brigade, Fourth Division, Sixteenth Army Corps, I have the honor to submit the following report of proceedings of the Sixty-third Regiment Ohio Veteran Infantry from May 1st, 1864, to September 2nd, 1864.

On May 1st, the Regiment started from Decatur, Alabama, crossed to the north side of the river, marched twelve miles east, and bivouacked May 2nd, we marched sixteen miles and bivouacked at Huntsville. May 3rd, marched twenty miles and biyouacked near Chattanooga Railroad. May 4th, marched seven miles and rested at Woodville. At three o'clock in the afternoon, took the cars for Chattanooga. May 5th, arrived at Chattanooga in the morning. Moved at four o'clock in the afternoon, and marched seven miles and bivouacked near Rossville. May 6th, marched eight miles to Gordon's Mills, had one man killed by a falling limb of a tree. May 7th, marched seventeen miles and bivouacked near Mattox Gap in Taylor's Ridge. May 8th, marched twelve miles, passed through Villanow. May 9th, took part in the reconnaissance in force made by Major-Genera! McPherson, near Reseca, Georgia, Moved eight miles toward Reseca and moved back four miles in the evening and encamped and occupied Snake Creek Gap. May 10th moved forward two miles and returned in the afternoon to form a camp. May 12th, moved one mile and a half to the front and encamped. May 13th, moved two miles to the front and formed line of battle, took part in the fight at Reseca, had two men wounded. May 14th, remained in position, being unable to advance on account of an impassible stream in our front. Skirmishing all day and had nine men wounded. In the afternoon the regiment was detached to support a section of battery. May 15th, supporting the battery. May 16th, the enemy having evacuated Resaca, the regiment moved with the brigade seven miles to the right, crossed the Oostanaula River at Tanner's Ferry on a pontoon bridge, formed a line of battle and lay under arms all night. May 17th, moved at seven in the afternoon, marched nine miles, halted at midnight. May 18th, marched eighteen miles, passed through Adairsville. May 19th, marched seven miles and bivouacked one mile west of Kingston, remaining till the 23rd and marched at midnight. Moved eight miles, crossed Etowah River and camped at half past three in the morning. 24th, marched fourteen miles to Van Wert. May 25th, marched eight miles toward Villarica, and bivouacked at midnight. May 26th, moved at three o'clock in the afternoon toward Dallas, seven miles, formed line of battle and moved one mile through the town. May 27th, formed line of battle and commenced skirmishing, lost four men killed and four wounded. May 28th, lost two killed and two wounded. May 29th, lost one man wounded. May 30th, lost four wounded. June 1st, moved five miles in a north-east direction, toward the left of the army, encamped on Pumpkin Vine Creek. Worked all night fortifying our position. Remained till the

3d, and moved east two miles June 4th, moved half a mile to the right. June 5th, moved five miles in the direction of Ackworth. June 6th, marched ten miles to Ackworth. Remained till June 10th, and marched five miles to Big Shanty Station, on the Atlanta Railroad, and bivouacked in line of battle. June 11th, took part in skirmishing two miles to the front. June 14th, advanced our line skirmishing half a mile. Remained in position skirmishing till the 15th, and advanced driving the enemy half a mile. Three men wounded. June 16th, engaged in skirmishing and had one man killed and one wounded. June 17th, had one man killed and two wounded. June 18th, two men were wounded. June 19th, advanced about one mile, the enemy falling back, one man wounded. June 20th, two men wounded. June 23rd, skirmishing at Kenesaw Mountain, lost three men wounded. June 25th, moved half a mile and occupied the front line of breastworks and had one man killed. June 28th, the regiment went on the skirmish line on Kenesaw Mountain, and lost one man killed. June 29th, lost three wounded. Relieved and went to camp. July 3rd, after the evacuation of Kennesaw Mountain by the enemy, the regiment marched south to near Nick-o-jack Creek, twelve miles. July 4th, moved two miles to the front, formed line of battle, fortified our position and supported the First Brigade in a charge in which they were successful. (The Twenty-seventh and Thirty-ninth Ohio captured the enemy's works.) July 5th, marched southwest five miles on the Sand Town Road. July 6th, moved four miles toward Chattahootchee River. July 7th, marched two miles toward Howell's July 8th, shirmished with the enemy across the Chattahootchee River. July 9th, marched seventeen miles, passed through Marietta on the road to Rosswell. July 10th, thirteen miles, forded the Chattahootchee River and camped on the south bank. July 17th, marched seven miles to near Nancy's Creek. July 18th, six miles to near Peach Tree Creek. July 19th, five miles, formed line of battle and bivouacked near Decatur, Georgia, July 20th three miles oward Atlanta, and took position in reserve for the Fifteenth Corps. July 21st, moved back to Decatur to relieve cavalry and guard train of the Army of the Tennessee.

At about one o'clock in the afternoon, four companies: A, Captain Frank S. Gillmore, First Lieutenant Louis Schmidt; D. Captain William Cornell and G. Captain George Whitman, were ordered to report to Colonel Montgomery of the Twenty-fifth Wisconsin Infantry at Hoyle's House, where they formed a detatchment of the Twenty-fifth Wisconsin and moved half a mile out on the Favetteville Road and formed line facing west, left resting on road, Company D deployed as skirmishers. The enemy opened fire from the woods about four hundred yards in front and at two o'clock in the afternoon, opened with one piece of artillery upon the picket line, on the McDonough Road, when under orders from Colonel Sprague, the command was moved by the left flank to take position in support of the line. During this movement, while passing a deep ravine in single file, the enemy opened fire upon the command with two batteries, one in front and the other on the left flank. At the same time, charged from the same points, when our men reformed, faced to the rear, and after a sharp fight, fell back to join main line on ridge south and west of the town, near Hoyle's House. Company E, Lieutenant Thomas J. McCord and Company K. Captain Daniel T. Thorn, were on the grand guard line. At one o'clock in the

afternoon, their outposts were attacked, E by cavalry and K by artillery. The attack by Cavalry was repulsed. The enemy then advanced with two lines of skirmishers and a line of battle, when under orders from Lieutenant-Colone! Henry, Thirty-fifth New Jersey Infantry, it fell back fighting until it reached the railroad, when the enemy pressed upon it with very superior force and with such vigor as to cause the companies of men to separate in squads. Company B, Lieutenant L. J. Mathews and Company C, Captain Winslow L. Bay, while supporting a section of Company C, First Michigan Light Artillery, were fired upon with artillery and charged with so much superior force in front and upon their right flank, as to cause them to fall back. Company I, Lieutenant James A. Gilmore, was on provost duty in Decatur, formed in the public square and met the enemy, fell back fighting and in good order to the ridge north of town, where deploying as skirmishers in front and on the left flank protected the disarranged parts of the brigade which were being rallied on the ridge. Company H, Lieutenant Charles M. Harrison commanding, was the only company left in camp. This company and the camp guard took position to the right of section of Chicago Board of Trade Battery. The enemy advanced in greatly superior force, and it became necessary for the battery to retire. While retiring, the battery became entangled in a heap of old iron, and was in danger of being captured. In order to save the battery, Company G, which had formed on the left of battery, and Company H fixed bayonets and made a determined charge on the advancing line of the enemy, causing him to fall back to the railroad and giving the battery time to get off, and giving a large wagon train of the Fifteenth Corps time to leave the field, which but for this charge would have fallen into the hands of the enemy. These companies under command of Lieutenant-Colonel Charles E. Brown, then fell back in good order to Court Square. Adjutant Howard Forrer was killed during this movement. The other companies of the regiment, coming in at this time, were rallied and formed on the south side of Court Square, with part of the Twenty-fifth Wisconsin Infantry and held the ground until completely flanked on right and left, when we were ordered to fall back to the ridge north of the town. In rallying the regiment at this point, Lieutenant-Colonel Brown was severely wounded and carried from the field. The enemy continued the attack with a much superior force in front and on both flanks and obliged us to fall back to the cover of the woods and we took position with the rest of the brigade. The casualties in the regiment were: Commissoned officers and men killed, eleven; wounded, forty-eight; missing, thirty-seven. With very few exceptions, both officers and men displayed unusual gallantry and courage. Of the enlisted men, I would make special mention of the following for unusual brayery, perseverance and success in rallying the disorganized portions of the regiment, viz: Madison Hoon, Sergeant-Major; Andrew Smith, First Sergeant Company B; Alexander C. Harper, Sergeant Company A; George W. Rike, Sergeant Company C; Chester M. Willson, Sergeant Company D, Stuart Martindale, Sergeant Company E; Franklin Worthen, Color-Sergeant, Company C, and Alonzo J. Shuman, private, Company D, who when the banner bearer (Corporal William Harris, Company C) was shot dead, picked up the banner, waved it above his head and called upon the men to

stand by him for he would die before our banner should fall into rebel hands.

July 23rd, we re-occupied Decatur, moved west of the town, and fortified our position and assisted in destroying the Atlanta and Augusta Railroad. July 25th, reformed our Fourth Division and went into position in reserve. July 26th, moved during the night toward the right of the army. July 27th, continued our march and arrived at the extreme right, moved in line of battle one mile, darkness coming on we halted and fortified. July 28th, moved to the front, two hundred yards and fortified. July 30th, moved to the right and relieved a Division of the Seventeenth Corps. August 2nd, the regiment went out on the skirmish line, the enemy threw a sixty-four pound shell into our camp. Skirmished most of the time with the enemy until the 11th, then moved to the front line and relieved the Forty-third Regiment Ohio Veteran Infantry. August 12th, sfrengthening our position, lost one man wounded. August 16th, the regiment skirmishing lost one man wounded. August 20th, lost one man killed. August 26th, evacuated on our position at one o'clock in the morning, successfully, and took position on the relieved line and strengthened our works. Moved at nine o'clock in the evening and marched all night and all the next day. Bivouacked near Camp Creek, marched eleven miles. August 28th, moved seven miles toward West Point Railroad. August 29th, marched south of Fairburn, on railroad and destroyed railroad back six miles and returned at dark. August 30th, marched all day and at midnight bivouacked near Macon Railroad. August 31st, moved to the front and fortified on the right flank of the army. September 1st, regiment on picket. September 2nd, marched through Jonesborough, the enemy having evacuated. Bivouacked four miles south. Received official despatch of the occupation of Atlanta by our troops. This regiment has marched during the campaign upwards of three hundred and fifty-five miles, participating in the battle of Resaca, Dallas, Kennesaw Mountain, Decatur, Atlanta, and lost in killed, wounded and missing, commissioned officers killed, one, wounded, four, wounded and taken prisoner, one, enlisted men killed, twenty-two, wounded, eighty-eight, missing, thirty-one; Aggregate, one hundred and forty-seven.

> J. W. Fouts, Major commanding the Regiment. Lieutenant A. C. Fenner, Acting Assistant Adjutant-General.

The reports of Colonel John Cladek, Thirty-fifth New Jersey Infantry, follows, addressed to Governor Parker, and to Adjutant-General A. C. Fenner, Second Brigade, Fourth Division, Sixteenth Army Corps.

CAMP OF THE THIRTY-FIFTH REGIMENT VOLUNTEERS.

IN FRONT OF RESACA, GEORGIA, MAY 18th, 1864.

Sir: I have the honor to report to your excellency the part taken by my regiment, under my command, in the action of Resaca, on the 13th, 14th and 15th of May, 1864. Between the hours of three and four, in the

afternoon of May 13th, the regiment formed in the third line of battle on the right of General Morgan L. Smith's command, advancing in line over fences and up a wooded hill, crossing ravines, hardly passable for mounted officers. My regiment cleared the fences and woodland at a double quick time, coming out on an open plain facing the Oostenaula River, about two miles above Resaca. The regiment had hardly cleared the woods when two rebel regiments opened a brisk fusilade fire on us. I immediately gave the command to commence firing, not however, before I had three or four men wounded.

Two lines of battle were before me when I entered the woods, but somehow, through the nature of the ground, I got to the extreme front. The firing lasted about fifteen minutes when both the rebel regiments gave way and ran. Then I withdrew my regiment under cover of the woods, on account of a regiment on my left giving way, and I, thinking myself flanked, otherwise I would have charged upon the retreating rebel regiments. In this day's action, I lost one killed and thirteen wounded. My own and Lieutenant (Acting Adjutant) Pierson's horses were wounded. The enemy giving way in this quarter, we moved to the left and supported our batteries. Our position was under two fires, the enemy's shells bursting over us, and our own shot tearing limbs of trees to splinters above our heads, which became dangerous for our men. Here I lost several wounded, as two of my companies, E and I were out skirmishing under command of Captain Charles A. Angell my Acting Major, on the river front.

On the morning of the 14th, we left our position of supporting batteries for Resaca. We crossed a bridge under the rebel works, where we received a deadly fire, from artillery and infantry, under cover of rifle pits. Here we lost one man killed and another wounded. Seeing the danger, I ordered my men under cover. At that moment, our right center under General Morgan L. Smith, being repulsed, I was ordered with my regiment, to his support, passing to the right, under the rebel works. After arriving on the new position assigned me, the Thirty-fifth gave three rousing cheers, tending to inspire our troops in front with fresh energy, when the rebels opened a cross fire of shot and shell upon us as we advanced, but fortunately we escaped, with one man wounded. At nine o'clock in the evening we threw up intrenchments, where we lay safe behind them on the following day, delivering a murderous fire, and repulsing every attempt made by the rebels to advance. During the night the rebels evacuated Resaca, and Captain Angell with two companies under his command, entered the town, which duty he performed admirably, capturing thirty rebels and two mails, one to and one from their army which they did not have time to assort. In respect to the behavior of my regiment during this action, I cannot find words to express my satisfaction. Officers and men tried to outdo each other in gallant behavior, especially Captain Charles Angell, Acting Major, and Lieutenant David Pierson, Acting Adjutant. To both of these officers, great honor is due. I not alone recommend them to your excellency, but the whole regiment to a man, acting like a body of soldiers grown old in battle. I feel as proud of them as Napoleon did of his "Old Guard." They have earned and won for themselves a gallant name among our western troops in the department and Army of the Tennessee.

In the engagement with the enemy at Decatur, Georgia, July 22nd, 1864, my regiment being camped in the lower part of the town, on left flank, at the commencement of the conflict, we marched to the railroad as the heaviest firing appeared to be there, but hardly had I reached that point and formed line of battle, when I became hotly engaged with the enemy, the regiment on my right having been driven across the railroad, thus having my right flank exposed. At the same time, the enemy's cavalry and infantry got between our picket line and left flank of my regiment. Seeing that I would be shortly cut off, and not receiving orders, although checking the enemy for the time being in my immediate front, I retreated up the hill about fifty yards, and immediately faced about and commenced firing. Knowing that it depended on my regiment to cover the left of the brigade, I sent a company to the left, between the houses and the field. At this time, the regiment on my right again fell back, with the exception of Captain Gillmore, Sixty-third Ohio, with a number of his men, who kept on our right flank.

Captain Sine, Company E, whom I sent to the left to cover my flank, at once became hotly engaged, being again forced to fall back, step by step, and contesting with the enemy for every foot of ground lost. The men of my regiment cheered lustily, which caused the enemy to feel their way more cautiously into town. At this time I changed front to the rear to resist an attack upon my left about being made, but seeing our battery and infantry falling back more rapidly than expected, I worked my way up to the public square to cover the artillery. At this time the ammunition of my regiment became exhausted, and the order was to follow slowly on.

As to recommending officers and men for good behavior, it would be difficult for me to discriminate, as all my orders were promptly and cheerfully obeyed. Lieutenant-Colonel Henry, being field officer of the day, I was deprived of his valuable services. Lieutenant David Pierson acted with his usual coolness. Captain Rowell, Company's K, Dayton, C, Carman, F, Sine, E, Lieutenant Harmon, I, Crowell, A, all these officers showing great gallantry. In fact, the officers of my regiment showed no signs of giving up the contest without making the enemy pay dearly. Captain Dusenberry, Company I, and Lieutenant Oliphant, Company D, with their commands were captured while upon picket duty, losing all but nine men.

JOHN G. CLADEK,

Colonel Thirty-fifth New Jersey Veteran Volunteer Infantry.

Lieutenant-Colonel William A. Henry, Thirty-fifth New Jersey Veteran Volunteer Infantry, in his report to the Adjutant-General, W. A. Williams of the Fourth Division, Sixteenth Army Corps, dated near East point, Georgia, says, that on the first day of May, the regiment marched from Decatur, Alabama, to Woodville, and thence by rail to Chattanooga, marched to Resaca, and on the ninth, advanced on that town.

The regiment took part in the action at Dallas, Big Shanty, Kenesaw Mountain and Nick-o-jack. We re-entered Decatur and intrenched. On

the 24th, we marched to the front of Atlanta, and took position in rifle pits. On the mght of the 26th, we marched to the right, skirmished with the enemy, and took position, losing one man killed. On the 28th, we re-entorced the Fifteenth Corps, and at two o'clock in the afternoon, became hotly engaged with the enemy, who advanced upon us seven times, and each time was repulsed, owing no doubt to the fact that we were posted on the edge of the woods and entrenched behind logs and rails. Our loss was five wounded.

On August 7th, we advanced our position and finished the rifle pits. On the 8th, we worked all night throwing up works, were relieved and returned to camp, where a shell from the enemy exploded, killing three and wounding four men. On the 11th, we advanced our line driving the enemy's pickets out of their pits. We lost two men wounded. On the 25th, we marched as train guard of the Sixteenth Army Corps, and owing to some mistake in orders, found ourselves on the night of that day entirely outside of our extreme right flank pickets, where we encamped with thirty wagons. I caused trees to be felled, forming an abatis, and extra pickets to be posted, and otherwise taking all the precautions that I deemed necessary to insure our safety. On the 26th, we rejoined the main train, with which we continued to do duty until September 8th.

I would state that the conduct of the officers and men of this command, has been all that could be desired. In the hour of danger and battle they have shown the most determined bravery and cheerful obedience, which is so necessary to success. Of Colonel Cladek (now absent on duty, but in command of the regiment through most of the campaign) I must say that his good judgment, habits of discipline, careful attention to the wants of those under his command, and his cool determined bravery on the field of battle, thus giving a noble example to his officers and men, has proved him to be an efficient and accomplished officer.

Our loss was eighteen killed and eighty wounded and forty-one missing.

WILLIAM A. HENRY,

Licutenant-Colonel Commanding.

CHAPTER XXIV.

ORGANIZATION OF THE UNION FIELD FORCES COMMANDED BY MAIOR-GENERAL W. T. SHERMAN, IN THE ATLANTA CAMPAIGN. May 3rd to September 22nd, 1864.

Army of the Cumberland: Major-General George H. Thomas.

Army of the Ohio: Major-General J. M. Schofield, Brigadier-General J. D. Cox, May 26th to 27th.

Army of the Tennessee: Major-General James B. McPherson, killed July 22nd, Major-General John A. Logan, in command July 22nd, July 27th, Major-General O. O. Howard.

Fifteenth Corps: General John A. Logan, General Morgan L. Smith.

Seventeenth Corps: Major-General Frank P. Blair.

Sixteenth Corps, Left Wing: Major-General Granville M. Dodge, wounded August 19th. Brigadier-General Thomas E. G. Ransom. Second Division: General Sweeney, General Elliott W. Rice from

July 25th. General Corse from July 26th.

Fourth Division: Brigadier-General James C. Veatch, sick from July 17th. Brigadier-General John W. Fuller and Brigadier-General T. E. G. Ransom from July 4th to 20th. Brigadier-General John W. Fuller from July 20th.

First Brigade: Brigadier-General John W. Fuller, Colonel John W. Merrill, wounded July 22nd, Lieutenant-Colonel Henry T. McDowell, Brigadier-General John W. Fuller.

Sixty-fourth Illinois Regiment: Colonel John Morrell. Lieutenant-Colonel M. V. Manning, Captain J. S. Reynolds.

Eighteenth Missouri Regiment: Lieutenant-Colonel C. S. Sheldon, sick from August 18th, Major William H. Minter.

Twenty-seventh Ohio Regiment: Lieutenant-Colonel Mendall Churchill, wounded July 22nd, Captain J. W. M. Brock, temporarily, September 30th, Captain James

Morgan, Major Isaac N. Gilruth.

Thirty-ninth Ohio Regiment: Colonel Edward F. Noves. wounded July 4th at Nick-o-jack, Lieutenant-Colonel Henry T. McDowell, Major J. S. Jenkins, Lieutenant-Colonel Daniel Weber.

Second Brigade: Brigadier-General John W. Sprague, Col-

onel Milton Montgomery.

Thirty-fifth New Jersey Regiment: Captain Charles A. Angell (killed), Colonel J. J. Cladek, Lieutenant-Colonel William A. Henry.

Forty-third Ohio Regiment: Colonel Wager Swayne.

Major Horace Park.

Sixty-third Ohio Regiment: Lieutenant-Colonel Charles E. Brown, wounded July 22nd, Major John W. Fouts,

Captain Oscar L. Jackson.

Twenty-fifth Wisconsin Regiment: Lieutenant-Colonel Jeremiah M. Rusk, Colonel Milton Montgomery.

Artillery, First Michigan, Ohio Light, Fourteenth Ohio Battery, Lieutenant Laird. Second United States Battery, F. Lieutenant Albert Murray.

By order of September 22nd 1864, the left wing of the Sixteenth Army Corps, was discontinued, and the Fourth Division was transferred to the Seventeenth Corps, commanded by General Frank P. Blair, and in his absence by Brigadier-General Ransom, and assigned as the First Division, Seventeenth Army Corps, Brigadier-General John W. Fuller, Major-General Joseph A. Mower.

The organization of the Seventeenth Army Corps, on September 25th, 1864.

T. E. G. Ransom, Brigadier-General Commanding.

First Division, Brigadier-General John W. Fuller...3821 men and officers Third Division, Brigadier-General M. D. Legget....2804 men and officers Fourth Division, Brigadier-General W. W. Belknap.3452 men and officers

 Total
 10077

 Engineering Regiment
 540

 Grand Total
 10617

Strength and losses of the opposing armies during the Atlanta Campaign, from May to September, 1864, inclusive.

Killed, 4,423; wounded, 24,822; missing, 4,442. Total 33,687.

The above includes losses of the right wing of the Sixteenth Corps on the Red River expedition, Lake Chicot, Louisiana, and at Tupelo, Mississippi, 564.

Confederate Army present, 86,475; killed, 3,044; wounded, 20,967.

Total, 24,011.

Prisoners captured by Union Forces, 12,989. Total 37,000.

Effective strength of the Army, commanded by Major-General William T. Sherman, during the campaign against Atlanta, Georgia, May 5th to August 31st, 1864.

Infantry—April 30, 93,131; May 31, 94,310; June 30, 88,036; August 31, 67,674.

Cavalry—April 30, 12,455; May 31, 12,908; June 30, 12,039; August 31, 9,394.

Artillery—April 30, 453; May 31, 5,601; June 30, 5,945; August 31, 4,690. Abstract from the returns of the Department of the Tennessee, Major-General O. O. Howard, U. S. Army, commanding, for the month of September, 1864.

(Compiled mainly from subordinate returns.)

CHAPTER XXV.

MOVEMENT OF THE CONFEDERATE ARMY NORTHWARD.

On the 21st of September, the Confederate General Hood shifted his army across from the Macon Road at Lovejoy's, to the West Point Road at Palmetto Station, and his Cavalry appeared on the west side of the Chattahootchee River, near Powder Springs. By October 1st, nearly all his army was across and he was on his raid north. Slocum was ordered to hold Atlanta and the bridges of the Chattahoochee, with the Twentieth Corps, and the other Corps were put in motion for Marietta, Georgia. General Thomas was despatched to Chattahooga with Newton's and Morgan's Divisions.

Our army crossed the Chattahootchee River on the 3rd and 4th of October, and the next day, reached Kenesaw Mountain, from which place signal messages were sent over the heads of the enemy. The rebel General Wheeler was in middle Tennessee. Forrest was on his way to the same theater for the purpose of breaking up our railroads and compelling us to fall back from our conquests. Corse's Division was sent to Rome, Rousseau to Nashville, Granger to Decatur, and Stedman to Chattanooga, to adopt active measures to insure the safety of our roads.

The Fifteenth Corps under Osterhouse, the Seventeenth under Ransom and the Fourth under Cox, were turned toward Resaca. Among a group of Rebel prisoners on this raid, one was heard to say, "Well, the Yanks will have to get up and get, now, for they say that Wheeler has blown up the tunnel near Dalton, and the Yanks will have to retreat, because they can get no more rations." "Oh, hell!" said a listener, "don't you know that General Sherman carries a duplicate tunnel along?"

On September 25th, Jeff Davis, President of the Southern Confederacy, was with General Hood at Palmetto Station on the West Point Railroad. One of our spies was there at the time and heard his speech to the soldiers, in which he denounced his General, Joseph E. Johnston and Governor Brown of Georgia, as traitors, attributing to them personally, the many misfortunes which had befallen their campaign. He seemed completely unbalanced in his mind by the fall of Atlanta. With vain, glorious boasts, he told the soldiers that now the tables were to be turned, that General Forrest was already on the road to Middle Tennessee, and that Hood's Army would soon be there. He asserted that the Yankee Army would have

to retreat or starve, and that the retreat would be more disastrous than that of Napoleon from Moscow.

"I cannot re-enforce Hood for fear Grant will take Richmond, and I cannot re-enforce Lee for fear Sherman will overrun the Southern Confederacy." Besides he claimed that two-thirds of our army were deserters.

The Confederate General Beauregard came from Virginia to command Hood's Army and issued a call for the enlistment of men in words full of alarm and desperation. He said in part: "My countrymen, respond to this call as you have done in days that have passed, and with the blessings of a kind and overruling providence, the enemy shall be driven from your soil. The security of your wives and daughters from insults and outrages of a brutal foe shall be established soon, and be followed by a permanent and honorable peace."

On October 3rd, 1864, the Twenty-seventh Ohio was temporarily under command of General McArthur, and with the Forty-fifth Illinois moved out of Marietta for a reconnaissance beyond Kenesaw Mountain. On October 4th, General McArthur sent Captain Charles H. Smith to the front with Companies A, F and D, of the Twenty-seventh Ohio. After occupying an old line of earthwork, built by the Seventeenth Corps at the time of the Union Army's advance upon Kenesaw Mountain, in July, the men double-quicked to the second line, further out. This brought the men to the wrong side of the ditch, but it was good protection against bullets. Only a few Confederates were in the pits opposite, when our three companies arrived, but a whole brigade of them rapidly filed in and gave battle.

While the firing was heavy, the men lay flat upon the ground, at the same time an officer (Major Morrison) came up and saluted, saying he was a volunteer officer on General McArthur's staff and he wanted to see what we had developed. Captain Smith advised him to dismount for safety, as the enemy was making a target of him. After dismounting he was requested to protect himself behind the earthworks. This he would not do, but took out his field glass and stood looking at the enemy's line. A bullet struck him in the shoulder and he fell. With two men, Captain Smith assisted him to mount, and though very weak and with one arm helpless, he rode back to our lines, where he suffered the amputation of his arm.

After a few hours, the reconnaissance being accomplished, the three companies were withdrawn. General McArthur personally complimented them for their efficiency. The enemy were repulsed all along the line at Kenesaw.

While in the trenches, the Confederates commenced cheering for Mc-Clellan, a man known and designated as the "Copperhead" candidate for President. The Union soldiers replied with cheers for Lincoln.

At the foot of the mountain, in the month of November, the members of the Ohio Regiments of the First Division, voted for presidential candidates, President Lincoln receiving nearly all the votes cast.

General Hood's Confederate Army was now moving north toward Allatoona, where there were large amounts of Union Army supplies stored, besides a million and a half of rations. General Sherman's Army followed and occupied the country about Big Shanty and Kenesaw Mountain, stretching from the Chattahootchee River. General Sherman with the Signal Corps occupied the top of the mountain for a number of hours, and the writer saw him receive a dispatch from General Corse, then holding Allatoona, and also heard him instruct the signal officer to reply to General Corse, that famous order, "Hold on! We are coming." In the meantime the Confederate forces under French, attacked Corse's position at Allatoona, but they were repulsed with great loss. From the mountain, the movements and lines of both armies could be easily distinguished by the blue smoke of the firing lines during the day and by the camp fires at night.

October 21st, 1864, General Joseph A. Mower was assigned to command the First Division in the Seventeenth Corps.

The Thirty-ninth, Forty-third and Sixty-third Ohio with the First Division, remained at East Point until the 4th, and then marched with the army in pursuit of Hood, moving by way of Marietta, Big Shanty, Kingston and Resaca, driving the rebel army down Lookout Valley and across the Coosa River. On the 16th, they took part in the action at Snake Creek Gap, and with another column of the Seventeenth Corps, carried the Gap, capturing the Twenty-fourth South Carolina Regiment. This campaign was one of the severest kind. The men were on half rations, consisting of bread and fresh beef, the result of the cutting of our "cracker line" by the enemy.

When the Confederate forces approached Resaca, General Hood demanded its surrender in the following words:

October 12th, 1864,

To the officer commanding the United States forces at Resaca, Georgia:

Sir: I demand the immediate and unconditional surrender of the post and garrison under your command. If this is acceded to, all white officers and soldiers will be parolled in a few days. If the place is carried by assault, no prisoners will be taken.

Most respectfully, your obedient servant,

J. B. Hood.

To this Colonel Weaver replied:

Headquarters of the Second Brigade, Third Division, Fifteenth Corps, Resaca, Georgia.

To General J. B. Hood:

September 12th, 1864.

Your communication of this date has just been received. In reply I have to state that I am somewhat surprised at the concluding paragraph to the effect that if the place is carried by assault, no prisoners will be taken. In my opinion, I can hold this post. If you want it, come and take it.

I am, General, very respectfully your most obedient servant,

CLARK R. WEAVER, Commanding Officer.

Weaver's Brigade was very small, but Hood, admonished by his losses at Aliatoona, did not attempt to assault, but limited his attack to some skirmishing and the above threat.

At Ship's Gap, Sherman received a cipher despatch from the authorities at Washington, intimating their willingness for him to undertake the march across Georgia to the sea. Ossabaw Sound, below Savannah, was the point where the fleet would await the arrival of his army. We followed Hood's Army down the Chattanooga Valley to Gasden, but halted our main army at the Coosa River, drawing our supplies of bacon, corn and provisions of all kinds from the rich farms of that comparatively rich valley and as far down as below Atlanta, so that Hood's efforts to cut off our supplies only reacted on his own people.

General John A. Logan and Frank P. Blair were absent during this pursuit, but about this time, General Blair rejoined and assumed command of the Seventeenth Corps.

Hood's Army was located at LaFayette, but he escaped down the valley of the Chattanooga. On October 26th, Hood's Army now under the command of Beauregard, drew off from Decatur, Alabama, and marched to a point on the Tennessee River, opposite Florence, where he remained a month to collect supplies for his contemplated invasion of Kentucky and Tennessee. During this time he crossed the Tennessee and captured two Union gun boats and five transports. General Thomas was provided with ample force to meet Hood, equal to every and any emergency. He had at Nashville, ten thousand new troops and as many more civil employees of the Quartermaster's Department, which were not suited for the field, but would be most useful in manning the excellent forts that already covered Nashville. He had General Stedman's five thousand, Granger's four thousand, and Rousseau's five thousand men near Florence watching the crossing of the Tennessee River, Hatch's Division of Cavalry, four thousand, Croxton's and Capron's Brigades, thirty-seven hundred, besides General Wilson had collected at Nashville about ten thousand dismounted cavalry and was collecting horses for a remount, all these aggregating forty-five thousand men. General A. J. Smith was at that time in Missouri, with two divisions of the right wing of the Sixteenth Corps, numbering eight thousand troops

who had been ordered to Nashville. He was further re-enforced by Stanley's Fourth Corps, fifteen thousand, and by Schofield's Twenty-third Corps, about fifteen thousand, and Grant had ordered new troops to reenforce him.

Our army halted at Galesville, Alabama, where the pursuit of the Confederate forces ceased. All the troops designed for the new campaign, were ordered to Atlanta. From this point twenty-three non-enlisted men of the Sixty-third Ohio Regiment went home. On November 2nd, the Fourteenth, Fifteenth, Seventeenth and Twentieth Corps with one division of cavalry, was strung from Rome to Atlanta. The First Division camping on the 2nd of November at Van Wert, on the 3rd at Dallas and on the 4th at Lost Mountain, then marched to Marietta. The Twenty-seventh Ohio remained at Kenesaw Mountain until the 12th, then marched to a point five miles north of Kenesaw Mountain. There, with a large part of the army that was lined up along the railroad, from Big Shanty to the Chattahootchee River and on to Atlanta, the men worked during the day and all night tearing up the railroads, burning the ties, twisting the rails and tearing down the telegraph lines, completely destroying communication and isolating Sherman's army from the north. On the following day they marched to a camp near Marietta at Smyrna Camp Ground, where the First Division was thoroughly clothed and equipped for a winter campaign, and were paid the first time in nine months to August 31st. The next day, the Division marched twenty miles to Atlanta, camping at White Hall and later near the Macon Railroad, southeast of the town. For several days following, the weather was cold, with high winds.

All the sick, wounded, drafted men and substitutes had been sent back by rail to Chattanooga. It had been found by experience that men who voluntarily enlisted at the outbreak of the war, were the best soldiers, better than the conscript and far better than the bought substitutes. The most extraordinary efforts had been made to purge the army of non-combitants and sick men, for there was no place of safety save with the army itself, so that it may be assumed that all were able bodied, experienced soldiers, well armed and well equipped and provided as far as human foresight could with all the essentials of life, strength and vigorous action.

The wagon trains had been overhauled and loaded so as to be ready to start at a moment's notice. Meantime trains were whirling by, carrying to the rear, an immense amount of stores. The engineers and fireman on the trains waved us an affectionate adieu.

About noon on the 12th of November, General Sherman reached Cartersville on his way to Atlanta, and sat on the porch of a house to rest. When the telegraph operator got the wire down from the poles to his lap,

in which he held a small pocket instrument and called Chattanooga, he received a message from General Thomas, dated at Nashville. He was answered, 'Despatch received all right.' About that instant of time, some of our men burned a bridge which severed the telegraph wire and all communication with the rear ceased thenceforth. The army now stood detached from all friends, dependent upon its own resources and supplies. It was surely a strange event, that two hostile armies were marching in opposite directions, in the full belief that each was achieving a final and conclusive result in a great war. The whole army was inspired with a feeling that the movement on our part was a direct attack upon the rebel army and rebel capitol at Richmond, though a full thousand miles of hostile country intervened, and that for better or worse it would end the war.

CONDITION OF AFFAIRS IN THE CONFEDERATE RANKS IN NOVEMBER, 1864.

George B. Hodge, C. S. A., Colonel and Inspector General, reported to Jeff Davis, from Selma, Alabama, November, 1864:

He complains that there were in his territorial limits quite ten thousand men, liable to military duty, absent from their commands and evading the claims of the government for their services. In the county of Jones in Mississippi, a large number of disaffected persons had proceeded to such extremes, as to engage in a raid upon, and plunder the public stores, in Paulding and Jasper Counties. In the country northwest of the Tellehatchie, a Captain Reson of the Confederate service, having deserted his post and enticed away with him a portion of his command, had established himself and inaugurated a system of private plunder. He was constantly sending messages to his friends in the army, inviting them to join him, luring them by promises of brigandage and free quarters. The whole tier of counties in Mississippi and east Louisiana bordering on the Mississippi River swarmed with deserters and skulkers from duty. A cavalry force was sent against the insurgents in Jones County; they were attacked, routed and dispersed, some were shot, some were hung. Another force was sent against Reson and his associates (he has since escaped across the Mississippi). This course only partially remedied these evils.

On the 14th of November, Sherman's command had arrived at or near Atlanta, Georgia, and was grouped into two wings. The right wing was commanded by Major-General O. O. Howard, the left by Major-General H. W. Slocum, both educated and experienced officers. The right wing was composed of the Fifteenth Corps, Major-General P. J. Osterhaus, commanding and the Seventeenth Corps, Major-General Frank P. Blair, com-

manding. The left wing was composed of the Fourteenth Corps, Major-General Jefferson C. Davis, commanding, and the Twentieth Corps, Brigadier-General A. S. Williams, commanding. The Fifteenth Corps had four divisions, commanded by Brigadier-Generals Charles R. Wood, W. B. Hazen, John E. Smith, and John M. Corse. The Seventeenth Corps had three divisions, commanded by Major-General J. A. Mower and Brigadier-Generals M. D. Legget and Giles A. Smith. The Fourteenth Corps had three divisions, commanded by Brigadier-Generals W. P. Carlin, James D. Morgan and A. Baird. The Twentieth Corps had three divisions commanded by Brigadier-Generals N. J. Jackson, John W. Geary, and W. T. Ward. The Cavalry Division was held a separate organization, subject to Sherman's orders. It was commanded by Brigadier-General Judson Kilpatrick and was composed of two brigades, commanded by Colonels Eli H. Murray and Smith D. Adkins.

The strength of this army as officially reported on November 10th, was: Infantry, 52,796; Cavalry, 4,961; Artillery, 1,788. Aggregate, 59,545.

The number of guns was sixty-five, generally in batteries of four guns each, twenty-five hundred wagons of six mules each and six hundred ambulances with two horses each. The wagon trains were divided equally between the four corps. These on the march occupied about five miles of road. Each soldier carried on his person forty rounds of ammunition. There were on hand one million two hundred thousand rations, which was about a twenty days' supply. There was a good supply of beef cattle to be driven on the hoof. The supply of oats and corn was limited to five days. The machine shops, arsenals, railroad depots and shot and shell were all destroyed at Atlanta as they had been at Rome, Georgia. The flames did not reach the Court House nor the great mass of dwelling houses.

CHAPTER XXVI.

PREPARATION FOR THE MARCH THROUGH GEORGIA, FROM ATLANTA

TO THE SEA.

Sherman's plans for his future campaign were entirely original, being altogether different from the science of war as laid down in the text books taught at West Point. It was regarded as an experiment and a novel procedure to cut loose, abandon a base, burn bridges behind you and proceed through the enemy's country. "But," as Sherman said, "I can make the march and make Georgia howl." And again "Hood may turn into Tennessee and Kentucky but I believe he will be forced to follow me. Instead of being on the defensive, I would be on the offensive. Instead of my guessing of what he means to do, he will have to guess at my plans. The difference in war would be fully twenty-five percent. I can make Savannah, Charleston, or the mouth of the Apalachicola. I prefer to march through Georgia, smashing things to the sea."

"I must have alternatives;" he said, "else being confined to one route, the enemy so might oppose that the delay and want would trouble me; but having alternatives, I can take so eccentric a course that no general can guess at my objective. Therefore, when you hear I am off, having lookouts at Morris Island, S. C. Ossabaw Sound, Georgia, Pensacola and Mobile Bay, I will turn up somewhere, and believe me, I can take Macon, Milledgeville, Augusta and Savannah, and wind up with closing the neck back of Charleston, so that they will starve out. This movement is not purely military or strategic but it will illustrate the vulnerability of the south."

General Grant promptly authorized the proposed movement, indicating however, his preference for Savannah as the objective, and fixing Dalton as the northern limit for the destruction of the railway. Preparations were instantly undertaken and pressed forward for the consummation of these plans.

General Sherman ordered: "There will be no general trains of supplies, but each corps will have its ammunition and provision trains distributed habitually as follows: Behind each regiment should follow one wagon and one ambulance; behind each brigade should follow a due proportion of ammunition wagons, provision wagons and ambulances. In case of danger, each army corps commander should change this order of march by having his advance and rear brigade unencumbered by wheels. The separate columns will start habitually at seven o'clock in the morning, and make about fifteen miles a day, unless otherwise fixed in orders.

The army will forage liberally on the country during the march. To this end, each brigade commander will organize a good and sufficent foraging party, under command of one or more discreet officers, who will be held to a strict accountability for the conduct of their men, and who will gather near the route travelled, corn or forage of any kind, meat of any kind, vegetables, corn meal, or whatever is needed by the command, aiming at all times to keep in the wagon trains at least ten days' provisions for the command, and three days' forage. Soldiers must not enter the dwellings of the inhabitants or commit any trespass; but during a halt of at camp, they may be permitted to gather turnips, potatoes, and other vegetables and drive in stock which is in sight of their camp. To regular foraging parties must be intrusted the gathering of provisions and forage at any distance from the road travelled."

"The General commanding, calls the attention of all officers to the necessity of enforcing the most rigid discipline, in order to prevent straggling, pillaging, marauding, and the evils attendant upon the evacuating of an important town."

"To army commanders alone is instructed the power to destroy mills, houses, cotton gins and so forth, and for them this general principle is laid down; in districts and neighborhoods where the army is unmolested, no destruction of such property should be permitted: but should guerillas or bushwhackers molest our march, or should the inhabitants burn bridges, obstruct roads, or otherwise manifest local hostility, then army corps commanders should order and enforce devastation more or less relentless, according to the measure of such hostility."

"As for horses, mules, wagons and so forth, belonging to the inhabitants, the cavalry and artillery may appropriate freely and without limit, discriminating however between the rich, who are usually hostile, and the poor and industrious, who are usually neutral or friendly. Foraging parties may also take mules or horses to replace the jaded animals of their trains, or to serve as pack mules for the regiments or brigades. In all foraging of whatever kind, the parties engaged will refrain from abusive or threatening language, and may, when the officer in command thinks proper, give written certificates of the facts, but no receipts; and they will endeavor to leave with each family a reasonable portion for their maintenance.

"Negroes who are able-bodied and who can be of service to the several columns, may be taken along, but each army commander will bear in mind that the question of supplies is a very important one, and that his first duty is to see to those who bear arms.

"The organization at once of a good pioneer battalion for each corps, composed, if possible, of negroes, should be attended to. This battalion should follow the advance guard, repair roads, and double them if possible, so that the columns may not be delayed on reaching bad places. Also, army commanders should study the habit of giving the artillery and wagons the road, and marching the troops on one side, and also to instruct their troops to assist wagons at steep hills or bad crossings of streams.

"Captain O. M. Poe, Chief Engineer, will assign to each wing of the army a pontoon train fully equipped and organized and the commanders thereof will see to its being properly protected at all times."

THE MARCH THROUGH GEORGIA; SIEGE OF SAVANNAH; RAID TO ALTAMAHA
RIVER; CAPTURE OF SAVANNAH; TRANSFER OF THE DIVISION TO
BEAUFORT, SOUTH CAROLINA.

The Army now stood marshalled for the march through Georgia. Its sick and wounded had been sent to the rear, and as General Grant said, "after all its depletions, there were remaining in ranks, strong and hardy men, numbering sixty thousand of as good troops as ever trod the earth." All the men were hardened by the activity and training of over three years of constant warfare in the field of arms. They had come from their victories in Missouri, New Madrid, Donaldson, Iuka, Corinth, Vicksburg, Chattanooga, the campaign through northern Georgia, and the victories just won around Atlanta. They were full of enthusiasm, exultation and boundless confidence, an ensemble, the most remarkable, the most redoubtable array of men, the finest soldiers the world had ever seen. Every man told off by the Company Sergeants at roll call was a hero, every voice making response, struck a full note in the chorus of freedom's morning song, no fear of death could drive them from the front of the enemy, no mountain beyond their enterprise, no stream more irresistible than their conrage, their history was a chain of seeming impossibilities, easily accomplished. The men were possessed of miraculous vitality, their wounds were hardly ever mortal. They wrought for their country, many had died gloriously, they had conquered an empire. These men to the extent of three-fourths of their number, in the ranks were able to command a regiment and any one a company. The Confederates themselves, full fledged soldiers had to meet these brave dashing veterans.

The First Division moving out on the road from Atlanta, took a swinging step, marching steadily and rapidly with cheery look and singing the song "John Brown's soul goes marching on." The men seemed to make light of the thousand miles that lay between them and Richmond. They reached the hill just outside the old rebel works and the very ground where the bloody battle of July 22nd was fought. They turned to look back upon the scenes of their past battles and could see the copse of wood where McPherson fell. Behind them lay Atlanta, smouldering in ruins, the black smoke rising high in air and hanging like a pall over the city.

The right wing and Cavalry followed the railroad southeast toward Jonesborough. The Twentieth Corps led off to the east by Decatur. These were divergent lines designed to threaten both Macon and Augusta, at the same time, so as to prevent a concentration at our intended destination Milledgeville, the Capitol of Georgia, distant one hundred miles. The time allotted each column for reaching Milledgeville, was seven days. The First Division, with the Fifteenth and Seventeenth Corps marched toward Gordon Junction, twelve miles from Milledgeville.

On November 15th, this fine body of invincible troops commenced their famous march for Savannah, Georgia. The entire army in four columns marched out of Atlanta on four parallel roads, Cavalry on the flanks, Fifteenth Corps on the right, Seventeenth Corps on the right center, taking the McDonough Road, Twentieth Corps on the left center, the Fourteenth Corps on the left. Almost all day, the artillery, commissary and ammunition wagons, occupied and moved in the road, while the infantry marched through the rough lands on each side, to protect the flanks. The width of this strip of country over which these columns marched, varied from sixty to seventy-five miles. On the first day, the First Division occupied the position of rear guard to the army. March was made till midnight, camping at Cotton Indian Creek, and starting again at four o'clock in the morning. The columns dragged along slowly, with frequent stops and starts till three o'clock in the afternoon when rapid marching commenced and continued till the morning of the 17th. After reaching the head of the column, a short stop was made for the men to prepare their coffee, then they continued for a distance of thirty-five miles, camping at Jackson. These regiments guarding trains in the rear, frequently got into camp just as the advance columns were starting out.

On November 18th, the Division marched to the Ocmulgee River, and after dark, crossed over on a pontoon bridge. The weather grew warm, and rainy, the soldiers were hungry and cursing, the drivers were yelling at the tops of their voices at the mules and every one seemed vexed and out of humor. Besides many soldiers, the night before, had used their blankets for tents as a protection from the down pour of rain. The blankets were now so wet and heavy, that they were cast off to be destroyed by fire and the men must sleep without covering.

One day as Sherman was riding on horseback, along the ranks, a soldier sang out, "Uncle Billy, Grant is waiting for us at Richmond!"

Newspapers that were captured contained appeals to the people of Georgia. The following is a sample:

Richmond, November 19th, 1864.

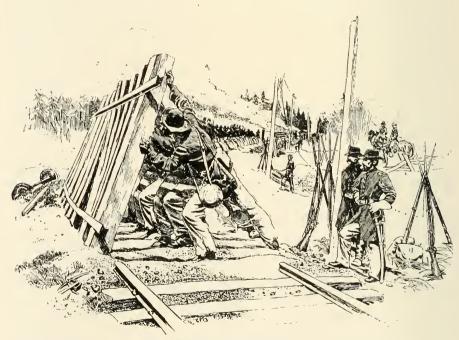
To the people of Georgia:

We have had a special conference with President Davis and the Secretary of War and are able to assure you that they have done and are still

doing all that can be done to meet the emergency that presses upon you. Let every man fly to arms! Move your negroes, horses, cattle, and provisions from Sherman's Army, and burn what you cannot carry. Burn all bridges, block up the roads in his route, assail the invader in front, flank and rear, by night and by day. Let him have no rest.

Julian Hartridge, Mark Blauford, Members of Congress.

On November 19th, camp was made six miles south of the village at Monticello. On the 20th, march was made through Hillsboro and Falls Church, reaching Gordon Junction on November 22nd. During a snow storm, camp was made near the Milledgeville and Georgia Central Railroad which was burned and destroyed as was also the Milledgeville Railroad. Portions of the railroads were destroyed each day. These roads were built by laying heavy stringers on the ties, then iron rails spiked to the stringers. Twenty men were detailed from the regiments to collect forage. Hogs and sweet potatoes were brought in by foragers from a section of the country that had had an abundant harvest.



MARCH TO THE SEA.

1st Division 17th A. C. Tearing up Georgia R. R., Dec., 1864.

On the 24th of November a march was made on the Jackson Ferry Road and the railroad was destroyed. On the 25th, camp was made at Toombsboro. On the 26th, after dark, the Oconee River was crossed at Bald's Ferry, on the Georgia Central Railroad. On the 29th of November the First Division crossed the Ogeechee River, fighting the enemy who tried to prevent the crossing.

At the Oconee River, the First Division met a show of resistance from the rebel troops under Harry Wayne, but a pontoon bridge was soon made and the troops passed over. Our cavalry crossed the Oconee River near Milledgeville. The Twentieth and Fourteenth Corps reached Sandersville on the 26th and drove the rebel cavalry away. General Wheeler with his division of rebel cavalry got between Milledgeville and Augusta, ahead of our Army. General Hardee was in our front trying to arouse the people to annihilate Sherman's Army. He had with him McLaw's Division and other irregular troops, in number not to exceed ten thousand men. The rebel General Bragg was in Augusta and Wade Hampton had been ordered from Richmond to organize a large cavalry force with which to resist our progress.



A TYPICAL CAMP SERVANT.

A negro describing the arrival of the Yankees at a station near Sandersville said: "First there came along some cavalrymen and they burned the depot; then came along some infantry men, and they tore up the track and burned it, and just before I left, they had set fire to the well."

The troops destroyed the arsenal and such public buildings as could be converted into hostile uses, at Milledgeville. Mills and cotton were spared and little damage was done to private property. Kilpatrick's Cavalry moved rapidly on the branch railroad leading from Milan to Augusta, and had considerable skirmishing with Wheeler's Cavalry there, but believing that our prisoners had been moved from Milan, he returned to Louisville.

Our wagons were full of provisions, but as we approached the sea coast, the country became more sandy and barren and food became more scarce. In a few days however, rice fields began to appear along the Savannah and Ogeechee Rivers, and the rice proved a good substitute both as feed and forage.

At this time the roads were good and nature seemed to favor us. The men seemed to march their fifteen miles a day as if it were nothing. The sight of our camps by night, lit up by the fires of fragrant pine knots, impressed the soldiers agreeably. The Confederate forces were falling back before us, although captured prisoners insisted that we would meet strong opposition at Savannah.

On December 1st, a march of six miles was made by the First Division to the eastward from the Ogeechee River and the railroad was destroyed, at Station 91/2 on the Georgia Central Railroad. On the 2nd, a camp was made at Milan, Station 8. On the 3rd, railroad was destroyed, thoroughly, and a camp was made at Station 7. On the 4th, a march of seventeen miles was made. On the 5th, a march of eight miles was made, reaching the Little Ogeechee River. The enemy disputed our passage, but we dislodged him and crossed over, camping at Station 4½. On the 6th, railroad was again destroyed. On the 7th, a march of thirteen miles was made over bad roads and quick-sand bottoms. The second Brigade was in the rear of the trains. A camp was made in the night. On the 8th, a camp was made, twenty-one miles from Savannah. On the 9th, with the First Division in advance, we moved in line of battle, ten miles, through low rice fields, skirmishing, and with artillery firing, driving the enemy. Several men in our Division, were killed and wounded by the explosion of torpedoes which had been planted in the road by the rebels. Prisoners were made to march along the road so as to explode their own torpedoes. Camp was made at Pooler, Station 1.

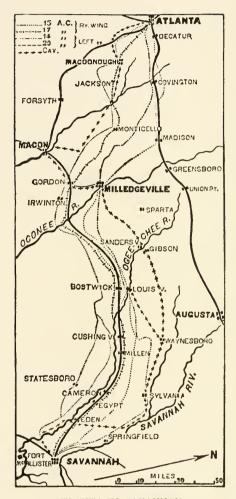
On December 7th, an order was received that mounted foragers would not be permitted, that foraging must be done on foot.

"There will be a rear guard to each regiment and brigade, who will arrest any soldier found straggling. Company commanders will habitually march in the rear of their companies, and any officer found guilty of allowing his men to straggle will be arrested and reported to these headquarters. Forage parties must not move in advance of the column, but must keep on the flanks of the command."

On the 10th of December, a movement was made forward five miles skirmishing sharply, losing a few men. After crossing the Ogeechee canal, a position was taken and fortified during the night. At Savannah the enemy was driven into his mammouth earthworks, so formidable in appearance, which had been constructed behind swamps and overflowed rice fields, with care and skill by Confederate engineers. Black slaves from the surrounding plantations had been pressed to perform the labor which took over two years to complete. These works were manned by a good garrison. We had run up against the old familiar parapet with its deep ditches and canals and bayous. It looked as if another siege was inevitable. The enemy not only occupied the city itself with its long line of outer works, but the many forts that had been built to guard the approaches from the sea, named Beaulieu, Rosedew, White Bluff, Bonaventura, Thunderbolt, Cansten's Bluff, Fort Tatrall and others.

General Sprague's Second Brigade engaged the enemy in front, while General Fuller's First Brigade moved around through cypress and rice swamps to the enemy's right. They crossed the canal to the right of the Louisville Road and found the line of parapet continuous. The enemy was driven seven miles, with constant skirmishing, artillery being used on boting sides. The country back of Savannah was very low. These submerged and intersected rice fields, salt marshes and boggy swamps were crossed only on narrow causeways or common corduroy roads. The Division Camp was in a dismal swamp where the water covered the ground, in a dense wood of oak pine and cypress. The weather grew very cold, the wind from the sea blew still colder, ice formed in the pools, no fires could be lighted, and the men had no blankets. The wagon trains with supplies were miles in the rear and there were no rations. The men were hungry and cold and they danced around in their wet-clothing to keep from freezing. It may be said that at no one time during their service in the army, was their suffering more severe than on that night from exposure and from being deprived of many nights' sleep.

By the 10th of December the city was invested. Communication was opened with our fleet which was waiting for us with supplies and clothing in Ossabaw Sound. General Howard had on the night previous, sent one of his best scouts, Captain Duncan, with two men in a canoe to drift past Fort McAllister and to convey to the fleet a knowledge of our approach.



ATLANTA TO SAVANNAH. Sherman's March to the Sea. Nov. and Dec. 1864.

Orders were given to General Slocum to press the siege. Mower's Division (the First), of the Seventeenth Corps rebuilt King's bridge over the Ogeechee River, which was finished on the night of the 12th. Signal rockets were used by the army commanders to communicate with the Union fleet at sea. On the 12th of December, communication between General Sherman's Army and the South Atlantic blockading squadron under Rear-Admiral Dalgreen was established. The Second Brigade moved to Dillon's Bridge and crossed the Ogeechee Canal to hold the ground between the Great and Little Ogeechee Rivers. The First Brigade marched with the engineers to the right continuing all day and all night, remaining in campon the 13th, 14th, and 15th, at King's Bridge.

MARCHING THROUGH GEORGIA.

Bring the good old bugle, boys, we'll sing another song—Sing it with a spirit that will start the world along—Sing it as we used to sing it, fifty thousand strong, While we were marching through Georgia.

Hurrah! Hurrah! We bring the jubilee! Hurrah! Hurrah! the flag that makes you free! So we sang the Chorus from Atlanta to the sea,

While we were marching through Georgia.

At sunrise, Hazen's Second Division of the Fifteenth Corps passed over and marched rapidly down the right bank of the Ogeechee River and prepared to assault and carry Fort McAllister by storm. On the action of this Division, depended in a marked degree the safety of our army and the success of the campaign. Kilpatrick's Cavalry had already left the fort and had gone further down the coast to St. Catherine's Sound, where he had communication with a vessel belonging to the blockading fleet. Fort McAllister was strong in heavy artillery against an approach from the sea, but not so strong in the rear. As the sun was setting, a steamer was seen in the distance coming up the river. Soon the flag of the United States was plainly visible. "A group of officers was seen on the deck, signalling with a flag the question, 'Is Fort McAllister taken?' General Sherman signalled back, 'Not yet, but it will be in a minute.' When the sun was still an hour high. Hazen's troops came out of the dark fringe of woods that encompassed the fort, the lines dressed as if on parade, with colors flying and moving forward at a quick, steady pace.

Fort McAllister was then all alive. Its big guns belched forth dense clouds of smoke which enveloped our assaulting lines. One color went down, but was up in a moment. The men had to pass a line of torpedoes that killed many. As the lines advanced there was faintly seen in the white

sulphurous smoke, a cessation of firing. The smoke cleared away and the parapets were blue with our men firing their muskets. Fort McAllister was taken with its twenty-two guns and garrison. The good news was signalled to our fleet." This opened to us Ossabaw Sound and gave us free passage to the transports loaded with supplies of hard bread, coffee, bacon, ammunition and so forth, of which the first two named rations before this we had been almost entirely destitute. The capture of Fort McAllister also enabled the Union War Ships to ascend the Ogeechee River to King's Bridge, fourteen miles south west of Savannah. All railroads leading to Savannah were completely destroyed and the city invested. The left of the army was on the Savannah River, three miles above the city and the right on the Ogeechee River at King's Bridge. The Fourteenth Corps was on the left touching the river, next the Twentieth, then the Seventeenth and the Fifteenth on the extreme right.

At this time, General Grant with his forces was besieging Richmond and Petersburg.

The population of Savannah was estimated at twenty-five thousand and the garrison under Hardee's command, fifteen thousand.

On the 16th, General Mower with the First and Third Brigades of the First Division before rations were landed, marched out for a raid on the Savannah, New Albany and Gulf Railroad, which was destroyed from Savannah to the Altamaha River, a distance of fifty-five miles. The bridge and trestle across the river were also destroyed. The men were several days without government rations, subsisting during that time on sweet potatoes and corn. They complained of hunger many times, and their pinched and haggard faces plainly indicated their suffering. The marching and labor were so constant that the opportunities for gathering provision were limited and yet the country was cleaned out of eatables all along the route as if an army of locusts had passed through. It was stated by General Sherman when ordering this raid, that plenty of rations could be procured in the section through which these troops were going. Only six wagons of ammunition were allowed to be taken and the time was limited to accomplish the work and return to Savannah, to five days.

On the 17th, we marched a distance of twenty miles without rations, camping that night at Midway Church. On the following day a march of eighteen miles was made and on the 19th, twelve miles. On the 20th, the return march was commenced and on the 21st, we reached our former camp near the city of Savannah.

The first mail, which had accumulated since our departure from Atlanta, came up to the army by steamer to King's Bridge on the 16th. Several thirty-two pound parrots were obtained from the fleet and placed in position near enough to reach the center of the city with their fire.

Accompanying General Sherman's demand for the surrender of Savannah, was a copy of Hood's demand for the surrender of Resaca, on September 12th.

About this time, December 15th and 16th, the great battle of Nashville was fought, in which General Thomas ruined Hood's Army. This brilliant victory, with ours, the capture of Savannah, made a complete whole.

General Hardee crossed the Savannah River in retreat by a pontoon bridge, carrying off his men and light artillery, blowing up his Iron Clads and Navy Yard, but leaving for us an immense amount of public and private property.

Our skirmishers had detected the absence of the enemy and had occupied his lines simultaneously along his whole front. In the Savannah River were found many torpedoes and log piers filled with cobble stone, and other obstructions to navigation. A blockade runner came into Savannah after we were in full possession and the master did not discover his mistake till he came ashore to visit the custom house. His vessel fell a prize to our navy. Here the march to the sea terminated.

THE CAPTURE AND OCCUPATION OF SAVANNAH.

"Then sang we a song for our Chieftain
That echoed o'er river and lea;
And the stars on our banners shone brightly,
When Sherman marched down to the sea."

On the morning of December 21st, Savannah was occupied by the Union Army. The material of war captured, was of great value. There were by actual count over two hundred and fifty siege or heavy sea-coast guns with ammunition supplies of all kinds, besides over thirty thousand bales of cotton, worth at one time, one dollar a pound, also a string of forts from Savannah around to Fort McAllister.

On December 22nd, 1864, General Sherman sent the following message to the President of the United States. It was conveyed by boat to Fortress Monroe and thence by telegraph to Washington. It was received by Mr. Lincoln on Christmas eve and then transmitted to every part of the North so that on Christmas day the people were rejoicing at the news.

Savannah, Georgia, December 22nd, 1864.

To his Excellency President Lincoln, Washington, D. C.:

I beg to present to you as a Christmas gift the city of Savannah with one hundred and fifty guns and plenty of ammunition, also about twenty-five thousand bales of cotton.

W. T. Sherman, Major-General.

Property captured and destroyed, negroes freed, prisoners captured by the Army of the Tennessee in Northern Georgia and Central Georgia, from October 4th to December 31st, 1864.

Negroes set free	3000
Prisoners captured	666
Escaped Federal prisoners	49
Bales of cotton burned	3523
Subsistence captured, beef, sugar and coffee govern-	
ment cost at Louisville	\$283,202
Command started from Atlanta with head of cattle	1000
Took up as captured cattle I	0500-11500
Consumed on trip	9000
Balance on hand	2500
Horses captured	931
Mules captured	1850
Corn, pounds	4,500,000
Fodder, pounds	4,500,000
Miles of railroad destroyed	191
Our loss during the march in killed and wounded and	
missing was, Right Wing, Fifteenth and Seven-	
teenth Corps	666
Left Wing, Fourteenth and Twentieth Corps	439
Cavalry Division	233
Total	1338

Lieutenant-General U. S. Grant in a letter to Major-General W. T. Sherman said in part: (Confidential)

Headquarters of the Armies of the United States, December 18th, 1864.

My dear General:

I have just received and read, I need not tell you with how much gratification, your letter to General Halleck. I congratulate you and the brave officers and men under your command on the successful termination of your most brilliant campaign. I never had a doubt of the result. When apprehensions for your safety were expressed by the President, I assured him with the army you had and you in command of it, there was no danger, but that you would strike bottom on salt water some place.

U. S. GRANT, Lieutenant-General.

Many Southern people implored Sherman to take his army through South Carolina and make them feel the utmost severities of war. Charleston was now compared to a desolate wreck, hardly worth the time to starve it out, however much importance might be attached to it, politically and historically.

The city of Savannah and surrounding country was made a military post adapted for future military uses. The Chief Engineer, Captain Poe was ordered to dismantle and destroy all forts not to be retained for our use. Only two newspapers were allowed to be published and the editors and proprietors were held to the strictest accountability for any libelous

publication, mischief matter, premature news, or exaggerated statements, upon the acts of the constituted authorities.

The rebel officers and newspapers had represented the conduct of the men of the Union Army as simply infamous, that we respected neither age nor sex and perpetrated all manner of outrages on the inhabitants. They knew that these reports were exaggerated in the extreme but they assented to these false publications, to arouse the drooping energies of the people of the South. They had reported us harassed, defeated and fleeing to the coast. Thousands who had been deceived by these lies, that we had been whipped, now realized the truth and their faith in Jeff Davis was much shaken. The recent march through Georgia had a wonderful effect upon the people. They now felt the hard hand of war and they had no appetite for a repetition of the experience.

The bulk of the inhabitants of Savannah chose to remain. The wives of the rebel Generals Stuart J. W. Smith, and General A. P. Stuart as well as the brother-in-law of General Hardee and many others went to General Sherman for protection. During our stay, the ladies attended the guard mountings, parades and reviews and to hear the music of our bands.

On December 24th, the First Division marched through Savannah in review by General Sherman to a camp three miles east of the city. The men had marched a distance of three hundred and fifty miles from Atlanta, having traversed eighteen of the most populous and wealthy counties in Central Georgia. The city of Savannah is situated along the Savannah River on a plateau of sand about forty feet above the level of the sea. It had the appearance of an old town from the ancient style of architecture of its houses, but the place was beautiful because of a fine sea view, and because of the handsome groves and parks filled with shade trees, among which were the majestic willow leaf, live oak, covered with gray and funeral moss. Many of the residences had spacious yards filled with flowers and shrubbery of exquisite beauty. Near the public buildings was a fine monument erected to the memory of Count Pulaski who was killed in the assault upon the city by the Americans in 1779, at the time it was held by the English.

CHAPTER XXVII.

GENERAL ORDER NUMBER 3.

War Department, January 14th, 1865.

The following resolution of the Senate and House of Representatives is published to the Army.

PUBLIC RESOLUTION NUMBER 4.

Joint resolution tendering the thanks of the people and of Congress to Major-General William T. Sherman, and the officers and soldiers of his command, for their gallant conduct in their late brilliant movement through Georgia.

Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled; that the thanks of the people and of Congress of the United States are due and are hereby tendered to Major-General William T. Sherman, and through him to the officers and soldiers under his command, for their gallant good conduct in their late campaign from Chattanooga to Atlanta and the triumphal march through Georgia to Savannah, terminating in the capture and occupation of that city; and that the President cause a copy of this joint resolution to be engrossed and forwarded to Major-General Sherman.

Approved January 10th, 1865.

By order of the Secretary of War. W. A. NICHOLS, Adjutant-General.

The First Division remained in Savannah until January 3rd, 1865, living on one quarter rations. On the above named date, it was assembled for the Campaign of the Carolinas. The regiments marched over a smooth level road, macadamized with ocean shell, to Fort Thunderbolt and embarked on transports. Most of the troops of the First Brigade, including General Howard and staff, on Commodore Dalgreen's despatch boat "Harvest Moon." The Second Brigade on steamers "S. R. Spaulding, Canonicus and Fannie." Unbroken silence prevailed in the great array of troops; not a voice was heard as they massed in ranks on the bluff to look at the vessels. Only the notes of a solitary bugle came from their midst. The sight of the great ocean and the fighting ships of our navy had been a new sight to thousands of Sherman's Army who were born and reared west of the Alleghanies and the Mississippi River.

It took more than a week to convey all of the Seventeenth Army Corps from Fort Thunderbolt, near Savannah, down the Savannah River, past the forts of the harbor, around Hilton Head into the Atlantic Ocean and Port Royal Sound and to disembark them at Beaufort Island, South Carolina. Most of the First Division, however, arrived the next day at ten o'clock in the evening, many of the soldiers suffered from sea sickness and said they would rather march a thousand miles over the worst roads in the south than to spend another night on the ocean.

CHAPTER XXVIII.

Many Northern people were living in Beaufort at this time. When they saw Sherman's Army they remarked that his troops had seen long and hard service, their uniforms were so soiled and worn, and that the officers and privates were dressed so much alike they were unable to distinguish one from the other.

January 5th the Twentieth Corps had two divisions over the Savannah River above the City effecting a lodgement in South Carolina. The people of South Carolina and the rebel soldiers seemed to have an undue fear of our western men, and like children, they had invented graphic stories of our prowess in Georgia. It seemed that their wonderful energy displayed during the war was beginning to yield to the slow and more certain industry and discipline of our Northern troops. Taunting messages had come to us when in Georgia to the effect that when we should reach South Carolina, we would find a people who would fight us to the bitter end, daring us to come over. Our men could not be restrained as they had been in Georgia.

The heavy winter rains began in January, rendering the roads execrable. The rivers became swollen and filled their many channels, overflowing the vast rice fields and low lands. The flood swept away the pontoon bridges at Savannah and came near drowning some of the troops of John E. Smith's Division of the Fifteenth Corps, with several heavy trains of wagons that were en route from Savannah to Pocotaligo by the old causeway. The nights became bitter cold and the men suffered severely except when in a position to build fires.

There is a story told of one man who habitually got drunk on the picket line when liquor could be obtained. But he was a good soldier and was usually let off easy. One night, the officer of the guard stumbled against him. The officer told him to go back to his quarters and report to his company. The answer was "Who are you?" The officer disguising his voice said that his name was Paul. "Oh, Paul," said the man, "Say, did you ever get an answer to your letter to the Ephesians?"

Headquarters First Division Seventeenth Army Corps, Beaufort, South Carolina, January 9th, 1865.

SPECIAL ORDER NUMBER 179.

A General Court Martial is hereby appointed to convene at these head-quarters on the 10th day of January, 1865, at ten o'clock in the morning,

or as soon thereafter as is practicable, for the trial of such prisoners as may be brought before it.

DETAIL FOR THE COURT.

Lieutenant-Col. Joseph H. CarletonTi	hirty-second Wisconsin Vol. Inf.
Major Horace ParkFo	orty-third Ohio Vol. Inf.
Captain David GillispieTo	enth Illinois Vol. Inf.
Captain H. D. Farquharson	wenty-fifth Wisconsin Vol. Inf.
Captain Irvin EcklesTi	hirty-second Wisconsin Vol. Inf.
Captain Charles H. SmithT	wenty-seventh Ohio Vol. Inf.
First Lieutenant John F. JonesE	ighteenth Missouri Vol. Inf.
Second Lieutenant S. S. SnellbarkerFo	orty-third Ohio Vol. Inf.
Captain James FreemanT	hirty-second Wisconsin Vol. Inf.
Captain James Freeman, Thirty-secon	
will act as judge advocate of the court.	•

No other officers than those named can be assembled without manifest

injury to the service.

By order of Major-General J. A. Mower, Charles Christenson, Lt. A. D. C. and A. A. A. G.

CHAPTER XXIX.

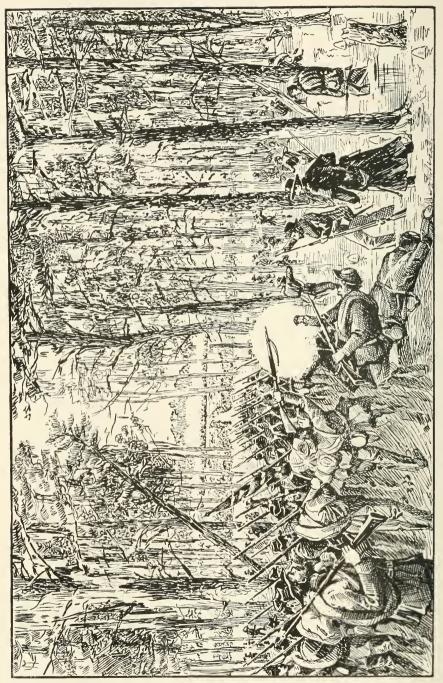
THE CAMPAIGN THROUGH THE CAROLINAS, WHIPPY SWAMP, POCOTALIGO, RIVERS BRIDGE, NORTH AND SOUTH EDISTO RIVER; CAPTURE OF COLUMBIA; CHARLESTON EVACUATED; CHERAW, FAYETTE-VILLE, BENTONVILLE, GOLDSBORO.

By the 10th of January, 1865, after eleven days waiting for supplies, in a low and marshy camp, near the fortifications at Beaufort, South Carolina, the First Division marched ten miles out to the Coosaw River. The road was straight and level through swampy country, covered with a thick growth of pine timber. After stacking arms, the soldiers, who were very thirsty, rushed to the river, for the tide was up and the water looked clear. They filled their cups in which they had put coffee and placed them over the fire to boil. After seating themselves upon the ground ready to enjoy their rations, they found that they had made their coffee of salt water.

On January 15th, the First Division crossed the river between the island and main land on a pontoon bridge and camped at Pocotaligo Station in a rice field on the Charleston and Savannah Railroad, forty miles distant from Charleston and twenty-five miles from Beaufort. Three lines of fortifications were captured by marching through swamps upon the enemy's flanks. These fortifications and the third line at the Pocotaligo defences were defended by Hampton's Legion, Wheeler's Cavalry and some other Confederate troops.

On January 16th the Twenty-seventh Ohio with a train of twenty-five wagons and six mule teams, went to higher ground, as far as Hayward Plantation for forage. A soldier and a colored man came into our lines, having been chased by the enemy whom they reported in our front. Skirmishers were deployed and a line of battle was formed. Two companies were posted behind Dr. Hayward's fine residence. The enemy gave way and retreated at our approach, which was on the double-quick, with a yell and a volley of musketry. The wagons were now filled with corn and fodder and the command returned to camp. Lieutenant-Colonel I. X. Gilruth was in command of the expedition and Captain Charles H. Smith was acting Major.

It was now winter and the wet season had set in. It rained for days. The roads and swamps were filled with water. All the country between Beaufort and Pocotaligo is alluvial soil, cut up by an infinite number of



BATTLE OF SALKEHATCHIE RIVER, S. C., FEB. 3d, 1865.
43d and 63d Ohio Charging the Battery and Brigade.
1st Division 17th A. C. Engaged.

salt water sloughs, and fresh water creeks, easily susceptible to defence. Near this alluvial soil came the sandy pine land which connected with firm ground extending inland.

On January 19th, the First Division began marching at six o'clock in the morning and filed off into the swamps and woods for the purpose of flanking the enemy and their earthworks and forts. After three miles of march through mud and water up to their knees, they arrived at the Salkehatchie River. The river was so swollen by the rains that it could not be crossed by wading. The men had to wade slowly back through the swamps to the camp on the Charleston and Savannah Railroad. General Beauregard assumed command of Hardee's troops at Charleston, including Wheeler's and Hampton's Cavalry, numbering 40,000 men with Pocotaligo as a line of defence. On January 25th, Colonel Milton Montgomery assumed command of the Second Brigade, First Division.

The Army was now well started for its grand move through the Carolinas and Virginia, to join General Grant at Richmond. Sherman's Army flushed with success was a most confident body of men and they felt their power. On January 27th, part of the Division marched to Cuthert's Landing on the Coosaw River and remained there five days, doing fatigue duty, unloading transports freighted with government stores and rations. The weather was cold and the ground was freezing. The return march was made during the night.

By the 1st of February the whole of the Army of the Tennessee was near Pocotaligo waiting for the left wing, which was delayed by the flood of the Salkehatchie River. Its great overflow of water presented a most formidable obstacle, but Mower's Division (First) of the Seventeenth Corps was kept active, seemingly with the intention of crossing over in the direction of Charleston and thus keep up the delusion that the city was our immediate objective.

The right wing moved up the Salkehatchie River. The Seventeenth Corps was on the right, and the First Division on the right of the Corps following the west bank of the river, to River's Bridge, where it appeared before the rebel position. The Fifteenth Corps moved to Beaufort Bridge, Kilpatrick's Cavalry by way of Barnwell, to bring them into communication with the Fifteenth Corps.

The enemy cut away all the bridges and at once abandoned the whole line of the Salkehatchie. General Howard tells the story that when the Seventeenth Corps was about five miles from Midway Station, he began deploying his leading division so as to be ready for battle. While sitting on his horse, the general saw a man coming down the road, riding as hard as he could, and as he approached, Howard recognized him as one of his own foragers mounted on a horse, with a rope bridle and a blanket for a

sadéle. As he rode nearer, he called out, "Hurry up, General! We have got the railroad!" General Howard said, "And so while we generals were proceeding deliberately to prepare for serious battle, a parcel of our foragers had actually captured the South Carolina Railroad, a line of vital importance."

The army moved forward and broke up the railroad to a point where it crossed the Cambahee River and then turned for Columbia.

On February 1st, the First Division advanced all day as skirmishers on the Broxton Bridge Road, the enemy retreating from one rail pile to another as fast as they could build them. On February 2nd, the Division marched ten miles and made a camp on an island in the swamp. The wagons could not keep closed up with the column during the march, so they came up late. The bridges had all been burned by the enemy. On February 3rd, the Union troops moved slowly all day with stops every mile or so to flank the enemy from rail pile to rail pile. The rebels finally fell back into their main works on the west bank of the Salkehatchie River. The men of the First Division, in line of battle, waded up to their waists in freezing cold water and mud, to within one hundred yards of the enemy's works. The loss in the First Division was one hundred and twenty-five killed and wounded.

At River's Bridge, the situation was such that the men had to double-quick across a wagon road, now knee deep with water, while the enemy's artillery raked the whole distance with shot and shell. Colonel Wager Swayne of the Forty-third Ohio was wounded at this place by a piece of shell. He was carried off the field on a stretcher a long distance back to the hospital at Pocotaligo, where his leg was amputated. Thus a brave and competent leader was lost to the service. The day after the fall of Colonel Swayne, the Forty-third Ohio received a baptism of fire in a charge upon a battery which commanded the bridge and causeway approaching it. Down this narrow causeway, the regiment rushed amid a storm of shot and shell compelling the rebels to withdraw the battery and uncover the crossing. The Twenty-seventh and Thirty-ninth Ohio Regiments were the first to find a way to cross the river and took possession of the opposite bank.

On February 4th, the First Division was engaged in tearing down buildings and cutting down large trees to make a road through the swamp to the right of the enemy's line, and also for the purpose of bridging the river. At five o'clock in the evening, the First and Second Brigades of the First Division, charged the enemy's works on the right flank, at River's Bridge, capturing the works with one hundred prisoners from the Thirty-second and Forty-third Georgia. The Union loss was one hundred killed and wounded. The water in the streams was so high, that it was necessary

to build fifteen bridges for the troops to cross, in a distance of less than one mile. On February 15th, the First Division moved into line and built works for defences, and camped near the river.

Our men had the idea that South Carolina was the cause of all our troubles. They knew that South Carolina had been the first to fire upon our flag at Fort Sumpter, and her people had been in great haste to precipitate the country into a civil war. A squad of soldiers having come into possession of a large map of the United States, they laid it out upon the ground, and with an ax, chopped out the state of South Carolina, this action being taken in view of the fact that South Carolina was the first state to secede from the Union, and the soldiers claiming that this part of the country was not worth fighting for. Indeed it was a miserable country. The soil was sandy and poor. The houses used for habitation were small and built of logs, rough split staves were used for shingles, wooden pegs for nails, there were no doors neither sash nor glass in the windows, and there were no plastered inside walls.



FIRST DIVISION 17th A. C. IN THE SOUTH CAROLINA SWAMPS. February, 1865.

On February 6th, a march was made on the Midway Road, eleven miles. On February 7th, commencing at noon, we marched twelve miles and camped at Little Salkehatchie River, near the town of Midway on the Charleston and Augusta Railroad and built a line of earthwork defences. On February 8th, we destroyed railroad. On the 9th, we marched ten miles to South Edisto River. After cutting a road through the swamp, in deep water and in the pitch darkness of night, we went into camp and remained until midnight in our wet clothing. The enemy burned the bridge, evacuated their fort on the north side of the river, and at four o'clock in the morning, the pontoons being finished, the First Division passed over, but the men had to wade through the overflowed bottoms on the other side, waist deep, fastening their cartridge boxes around their necks, to keep their powder dry.

Scarcely anything could be more trying to the men than their wading in the dark, through the deep, cold water, stumbling at every step with their clothing frozen stiff. Their zeal and skill in obtaining the passage of the river, the difficulties of the ground, the mud, the water, swamps, deep creeks and ditches, which they had overcome to get at the enemy, and their quiet and soldierly conduct afterward, was eminently praiseworthy.

Circular letter from Major-General Howard.

Near River's Bridge, South Carolina, February 5th, 1865. Sir: Allow me to congratulate you on the success achieved by your command in breaking the line of the Salkehatchie. The enemy chose a position of incomparable strength and met us at every crossing with defiant boldness. Your First Division under Major-General Mower, First Brigade under General Fuller, Second Brigade under Colonel Tillson, with almost incredible celerity cleared Whippy Swamp; with its deep water, through which the men waded above the knee, with its seven burned bridges and its roads filled with felled trees. They skirmished successfully with the enemy, made a reconnaissance to Broxton's Bridge, forcing the enemy to destroy it and to defend the causeway, then drove back the enemy's cavalry and reached River's Bridge so quickly as to arrest and effectually prevent their destruction. This same Division under the same indomitable leadership, in one day made two infantry roadways through the swamp, a mile and a half in extent and demonstrated strongly on the enemy's fortified front, completely turned his position and planted itself firmly on the eastern shore of the indescribably ugly Salkehatchie, and this wide and troublesome swamp. All this was done in the face of canister and shell in a sharp, obstinate musketry fire from behind works. The immediate fruits of the victory are the abandonment by the enemy of Broxton's and Buford's Bridges, the opening up of the country beyond and its supplies, placing hors-de-combat, some two hundred of the enemy, and the gain of moral effect over him produced by the wonderful vigor and boldness of our men in overcoming apparently unsurmountable obstacles. Every soldier who has fallen is a precious sacrifice that must give us pain, and the loss we suffer

in Colonel Swayne, Lieutenant-Colonel Kirby and their wounded comrades, we can ill afford. Permit me to thank the officers and men for their cheerful, gallant, enterprising, and successful work achieved at the very opening of the campaign.

O. O. Howard, Major-General.

Captured Confederate papers announced at this time that "Sherman's Army was lost, that his troops were starving and that all would soon be killed or captured."

On February 10th while foraging for supplies, raids were made upon the smoke houses on the plantations where large quantities of hams and bacon were found. On February 11th, reconnaissance was made and we camped near the North Edisto River at Holman's Bridge. On February 12th the pickets found the pine woods on fire. Trees fell all night long and the smoke was choking and blinding covering men's faces with soot. The river was crossed at Bennaker's Bridge and the town of Orangeburg was occupied at midnight. Strong earthworks had been built on the river banks by the enemy. As a matter of history it was over this very ground that Marion and his men marched and fought during the Revolution.

CAPTURE OF COLUMBIA, SOUTH CAROLINA,

The march was continued for forty miles until the 15th of February, when camp was made on the Congarce River near a stockade prison formerly occupied by Federal prisoners. These prisoners' only shelter for themselves during their confinement, had been in mud holes and hovels.

On the 16th of February, the 1st Division marched along a road parallel with the river to the junction of the Saluda and Broad Rivers, in full view of Columbia, the Capitol of South Carolina, situated on high ground opposite. During the day Stone's Brigade of the Fifteenth corps crossed the Broad River on rafts. On February 17th, at dark, the First Division crossed the two rivers on pontoons, the balance of the Army of the Tennessee following. The United States flag was raised over the old State House by General Belknap, over the very building where secession was first promulgated and where the old stars and stripes were first trailed in the dust, in 1860. The First Division marched through the streets of Columbia and camped two miles northwest of the city, from which place could be seen the great conflagration then in progress. Many buildings were destroved by the fire, most of them containing stores of cotton, tobacco, flour, coffee, and sugar, with carloads of Confederate paper money and six presses for making it. Ammunition and machinery for manufacturing munitions of war, and one hundred cannon came into possession of the Union troops. Much of this material of war had just arrived from Charleston, South Carolina, by rail. It was an exciting scene of chaotic grandeur. News was received of the Evacuation of Charleston, South Carolina, and of Wilmington, North Carolina, so that our army felt that it was reaping the fruits of this great march.

The right wing turned from Columbia, eastward toward Cheraw, the left wing arriving by way of Alston. The cavalry followed the railroad north as far as Chester, making a feint toward Charlotte to which point Beauregard was directing his rebel detachments.

The rains were heavy, the roads fearful. We had to corduroy every foot of the way with fence rail and split saplings. The Catawba River rose fast and carried away our pontoon bridges, leaving the Fourteenth Corps on the west bank, and there was some day's time lost in getting over. They were compelled to use the fifth chains of their wagons, for anchor chains.

MOVEMENT ON THE WINSBORO ROAD.

On February 18th, the troops destroyed the Charlotte and Columbia Railroad with one hundred and fifty cars, fourteen locomotives and the arsenal. The destruction of the railroad was continued until the 22nd as far as Winnsboro. The usual method employed for this work was first to strip the rails from the track, then pile the ties high, one upon the other, and place the rails so that they rested in the center upon the ties. Fire was then set to the whole and when the rails became hot, the end dropped down, after which the men twisted them around trees, or the Michigan Engineer Corps, would apply iron tongues at each end of the rail and put in three twists.

The Second Brigade served on provost guard in Columbia.

On the 22nd the Catawba River was crossed and camp was made at Popular Springs. On the 23rd, the men moved on the Peay's Ferry Road to the west bank of the Wateree River where a guard was detailed to take all horses from the possession of the "bummers" and foragers as they came to cross, and to slaughter all worthless animals. At dark, the First Division crossed over on a pontoon bridge, camping on the east side of the river.

On February 24th, a march was made on the Camden Road, through the village of Liberty Hill over a rocky and hilly country and across Beaver Creek, on the easterly side of which, the marching was over a more level country. The land composed of white sand covered with immense forests of pine, from which rosin and turpentine were being gathered. The creeks and streams were numerous, whole divisions of men crossing them in single file, over fallen trees. The largest streams, Lynch Creek and Black River, were bridged and crossed February 26th.

By February 27th and 28th the rations became so scarce that details of soldiers were sent out to forage and to run neighboring grist mills. The country was found to be too poor to furnish forage. General Sherman, riding along on this road, saw a negro standing near, looking at the passing troops, and asked him what road it was. "Him lead to Cheraw, massa." Sherman asked if it was a good road and how far it led. "A very good road and eight or ten miles." "Any guerillas?" "Oh no, massa, dey is gone two days ago; you could have played cards on der coat tails, dey was in sich a hurry!"

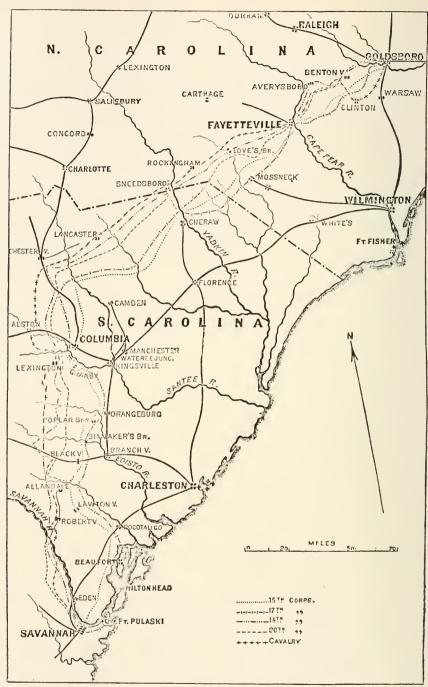
General Barry asked the negro what he was doing there. He answered, "Dey say, massa, Sherman will be along soon!" "Why that was General Sherman you were talking to." The negro almost in the attitude of prayer exclaimed, "De great God!" and ran up and trotted by the side of Sherman's horse for a mile or so, giving the General all the information he possessed.

THE CAPTURE OF CHERAW, SOUTH CAROLINA.

March 1st, the First Division reached a point within fifteen miles of Cheraw, South Carolina, and built rifle pits. The enemy was again concentrated in front, and the advance waited for the troops in the rear to close up. On March 3rd, the First Division with the Twenty-seventh and Thirty-ninth Ohio in advance, moved forward and across Juniper and Johnson's Creeks, and were soon deployed as skirmishers, advancing across the fields, climbing over, or tearing down the fences, passing through woods, thick underbrush and other obstructions, a distance of ten miles, finally capturing the enemy's earthworks from which they retreated, leaving their camp fires still burning.

Firing was continued on and through the town of Cheraw, the Twenty-seventh and Thirty-ninth Ohio being in advance, until the Great Pee Dee River was reached, a large, deep, navigable stream. The bridge over this river was found to be on fire, as was also the railroad depot. The enemy remained on the east bank of the river, contesting the passage of the First Division, until the great bridge was consumed and fell into the river. The captures consisted of the old United States Arsenal, thirty-six pieces of artillery, thirty-six tons of powder, a large quantity of fixed ammunition, three thousand muskets, provisions, locomotives and cars.

At Cheraw by the carelessness of a soldier, thirty-six hundred barrels of powder, which had been captured there were exploded. This explosion killed and maimed several of our men. One of the twenty-pound Blakely guns captured, was ornamented at the breach with a brass plate, on which was inscribed: "Presented to the Sovereign State of South Carolina by one of her citizens resident abroad, in Commemoration of the Twentieth



CAMPAICN OF THE CAROLINAS.

SHERMAN'S ARMY HEADED FOR RICHMOND.

of December, 1860:" This was the day that South Carolina seceded. These guns, some of them brass pieces, were at the Rock Island United States Arsenal in the year 1886. The Twenty-seventh Ohio was placed on guard over the captured artillery, over which they planted their flag for they were the first in possession of it.

On March 4th, a detachment of the Twenty-seventh Ohio Infantry under Captain Charles H. Smith was sent down along the bank of the Pee Dee River and built a line of earthworks in anticipation of a gun boat attack. Later in the day, the Thirty-ninth Ohio and Eighteenth Missouri crossed the river in boats and drove the enemy from the eastern bank. This enabled the pontoons to be laid for the army to cross. At five o'clock in the afternoon, all the First Brigade was in advance of the army, and drove the enemy from the east bank. They marched in line of battle, the Thirty-ninth as skirmishers, in advance, and firing a distance of two miles. The First Division camped after dark, forming a hollow square.

At ten o'clock at night, the enemy destroyed its ammunition train by blowing it up, causing a terrible explosion which illuminated the sky to the left and front of the Union lines. There was an alarm in camp immediately, bugles sounded the "Assembly," drums beat the "Long Roll" and the reserve forces were double-quicked forward, but all fear of an attack soon vanished when it was found that the enemy had retreated again.

March 6th the Division marched to Bennettsville. On the 7th, we marched on the Fayetteville Road to Beaver Dam Creek, over bad roads.



ARTILLERY IN THE SOFTH CAROLINA SWAMPS.

March, 1865.

On the 8th, we crossed the Little Pee Dee River, marched to Falls Cottage, building several miles of corduroy road with fence rails and camping for the first time in North Carolina. On the 9th, we marched in rain, all day, a distance of fifteen miles, through Laurel College Village and made a camp after nine o'clock at night in rain and darkness. On the 10th we marched fifteen miles before breakfast could be obtained and went into camp at midnight, near Rock Fish Creek. The Fourteenth and Fifteenth Corps followed direct roads. The Twentieth diverged to the left, our Cavalry covered our trains from Wheeler's and Hampton's cavalry.

THE CAPTURE OF FAYETTSVILLE.

On the 11th of March the First Division in advance, entered Fayetts-ville, situated on the Cape Fear River. The Confederate troops under Johnston, Hoke, Hardee, and McLaws, burned the cotton factories and also the bridge over the Cape Fear River, then retreated from the town leaving two one hundred-pound Parrot guns. The Union troops destroyed absolutely, the old United States Arsenal and a vast amount of machinery which formerly belonged to the old Harper's Ferry United States Arsenal. A battering ram was used to break down the walls.

On the 13th the river was crossed on pontoons. A United States armed tug and steamboat came up the river from Wilmington, bringing despatches and mail for the army. This was the first news received from the north since leaving Beaufort, a period of about fifty-five days. The first letter received in Cleveland from Sherman's Army since leaving Savannah, Georgia, was from Major Charles H. Smith, directed to Mr. H. M. Shunway. Only a glimpse of news could be had from the captured rebel papers, and they told how Sherman's Army had been destroyed on several occasions.

Only coffee, sugar and hard bread were issued by the commissary department for the soldiers on this march. Much of the subsistence was obtained from the country, a portion of which was intended for the Confederate Army. The troops waited in camp for orders, constantly on the alert until the 17th, when they crossed Black River and marched sixteen miles. On the 18th, camp was made at Goshen Church. On the 19th the men crossed Falling Creek, on Facing's Road and camped. On the 20th, a march of twenty-five miles was made starting at midnight. A Junction was made on the Averasboro Road with the right of the Fourteenth and Fifteenth Corps, which was then engaged in the Battle of Averasboro.

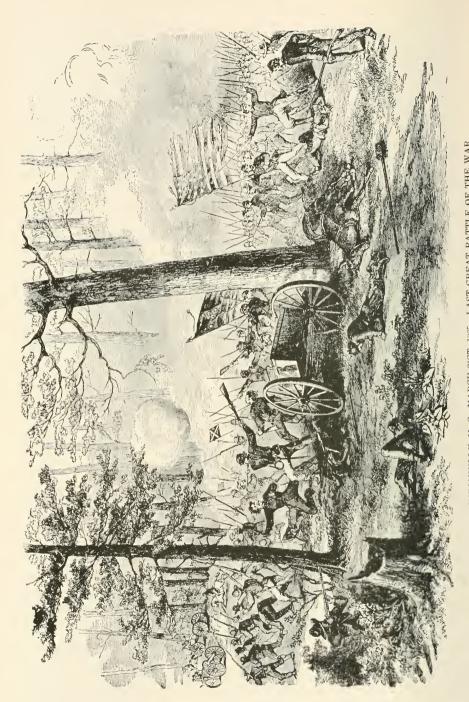
The next day the opposition to our progress by the enemy continued stubborn. Hardee had taken up a strong position near Averasboro and his line was caught in flank, by our troops and swept away. Two hundred and seventeen men of Rhett's Brigade were captured including Captain McBeth's Battery of three guns. One hundred and eight of the dead were buried. Five hundred and fifty-four officers and men were killed or wounded. Colonel Albert Rhett, former commander of Fort Sumpter, was captured. He was handsomely dressed in the most fashionable rebel uniform.

The left wing now turned east toward Goldsborough, the right wing to the right, its columns well drawn out, owing to bad roads. Our heads of columns were within five miles of Bentonville. Everyone thought that the danger was over when suddenly Slocum's left wing ran up against the whole of Johnston's Rebel Army. Their lines embraced the village of Bentonville. The country was very obscure and maps defective. Howard's right wing was turned at once toward Bentonville.

BATTLE OF BENTONVILLE, NORTH CAROLINA.

On March 21st, the First and Second Brigades of the First Division went into position on the right of the Fifteenth Corps, near Mill Creek and under command of General Joseph A. Mower, marched several miles to the right of the Union Army and around the left flank to the rear of the Confederate Army, passing through swamps, creeks, underbrush, forests, fields and difficult ground. At the foot of the hill, we captured a cason. At this point, we raised a yell and charged forward on a run, the Twenty-seventh and Thirty-ninth Ohio reached far to the rear of the Confederate Army, to the headquarters of the Confederate Army Commander, General Joseph E. Johnston. Over the door of an old log house, which he had occupied, was nailed the general headquarters sign. The General with his staff and Cavalry Escort stampeded, leaving their horses tied to fences. Captain W. H. H. Mintern of the Thirty-ninth Ohio, gallantly rushing forward, captured Johnston's sash, sword, belt, his horse saddled and bridled. and his private correspondence. Close by there was an old building used for a Confederate hospital in which were found wounded men of the Fourteenth Corps, captured the day before, with whom the brigade skirmishers conversed.

General Sherman on being informed that the two brigades had advanced too far and were out of line, ordered General Mower to retire them, to connect with the established line of the army. General Fuller gave this order reluctantly, and the right of the line retired after having repulsed Wade Hampton's Cavalry, which had attacked the front and right flank. The Twenty-seventh Ohio and Thirty-ninth Ohio Regiments dropped upon the ground, and continued firing until the enemy was out of sight. During the conflict, a Union soldier who had remained too long in advance of the line of battle, started back to regain his regiment, when a Confeder-



BATTLE OF BENTONVILLE, N. C., MARCH 21ST, 1865. LAST GREAT BATTLE OF THE WAR. First Div. 17th A. C. Storming the Confederate Works. Men of the Ohio Brigade in the Foreground.

ate Cavalry man dashed toward him in full view of the Union troops. He shouted "surrender" and instantly fired but missed. A puff of smoke, the crack of a Union rifle, the Cavalry man fell from his horse, and the Union soldier was saved. Sergeant E. S. Moreheed, Company K, of the Twenty-seventh Ohio, no doubt was the man who saved the Union soldier.

When the right of the brigade fell back, the three left companies B. K. and G. of the Twenty-seventh Ohio, under command of Major Charles H. Smith, remained upon the field and Sergeant J. A. Stukey, carrying the Regimental flag, immediately joined them. These three companies moved a few yards to the left and joined the Thirty-ninth Ohio under command of Lieutenant-Colonel Daniel Weber, which Regiment also remained in its former position at the front, until the enemy had entirely disappeared and all danger of attack was over. Soon after, Captain Simpson of the Twenty-seventh Ohio, brought the second order to retire to the main line, which was leisurely done. The Confederate Army retreated during the following night, pursued by the Union Army. This was the last battle in which the Twenty-seventh, Thirty-ninth, Forty-third and Sitxy-third Ohio Infantry was engaged. The loss in the First Division was two hundred and fifteen killed, wounded and missing. The part taken by General Fuller's command and its success in this action, was greater than was known at the time. Had Sherman fully realized what we had accomplished, he would have pushed forward and followed with his army.

General Sherman says: "On the 21st of March, it began to rain again and we remained quiet until about noon, when General Mower, ever rash, with two brigades of the First Division, broke through the rebel lines on his extreme left flank and was pushing straight for Bentonville, and the bridge across Mill Creek; I ordered him back to connect with his own corps and lest the enemy should concentrate on him, ordered the whole rebel line to be engaged with a strong skirmish fire. I think I made a mistake there and should have rapidly followed Mower, with the whole of the right wing, which would have brought on a general battle and it could not have resulted otherwise than successfully to us, by reason of our vastly superior numbers. But at the moment, for the reasons given, I prefered to make a junction with General Terry and Schofield before engaging Johnston's Army, the strength of which was utterly unknown." General Johnston makes the rebel loss:

In In	killed and woundedprisoners captured	 2343 1625

McMahon's Division about this time was sent to Johnston by Lee from his army at Richmond.

At Fayetteville, North Carolina, March 12, Sherman communicated with Honorable E. M. Stanton, Secretary of War, as follows: "I know that you will be pleased to hear that my army has reached this point, and

has opened communication with Wilmington. I have done all that I proposed and the fruits seem ample for the time employed. The surrender of Charleston, Georgetown and Wilmington are incidents, while the utter demolition of the railroad system of South Carolina, and the utter destruction of the enemy's arsenals at Columbia, Cheraw and Fayetteville are the principals of the movement. These points were regarded as inaccessible to us, and now no place in the Confederacy is safe against the army of the west. Let Lee hold on to Richmond, and we will destroy his country, and then of what use is Richmond? He must come out and right us on open ground and for that we must ever be ready. Let him stick behind his parapets, and he will perish. My army is as cheerful and united as ever, and as full of confidence in itself and leaders."

To General Grant, Sherman wrote, "Let's make sure of the Mississippi Valley. The Atlantic Slope and Pacific Shores will follow its destiny, and from the west we will make short work of Charlestown and Richmond."

March 22nd the First Division marched to Bentonville and saved a bridge across Mill Creek. On the 24th our march was continued across the Neuse River, passing through Goldsborough and camping east of the town. From Goldsborough a detachment of the Sixty-third Ohio was sent to New Berne with several hundred animals, captured by the First Division. On March 31st, the Sixty-third Ohio, Major Oscar L. Jackson Commanding, had a skirmish with the enemy. Thus was concluded the longest and most important march ever made by an organized army through the enemy's territory, in a civilized country. During the campaign just ended in the Carolinas, from January to April there occurred one hundred and fifty skirmishes.

The distance from Savannah to Goldsborough was four hundred and twenty-five miles. The route traversed embraced five large and navigable rivers, the Edisto, Broad, Catawba, Pee Dee and Cape Fear. The country generally was almost in a state of nature, with mud roads and swamps, nearly every mile of which had to be corduroved. The whole journey was accomplished in mid-winter, in fifty-five days. This movement compelled the evacuation of the city and harbor of Charleston, South Carolina and the army captured the important depots of supplies, Columbia, Cheraw and Favetteville, it broke the railroads and consumed food and forage for the whole march. No one can tell half the story, or ever have the proper understanding of that winter campaign, who did not participate in it. Many nights after passing through a day of fearful vicissitudes and labor, thousands of men laid down upon the ground, without protection from the storm and without food. Many marched into Goldsborough barefooted and in ragged uniforms. A large number of white refugees, mostly in carriages, accompanied the army trains from Columbia, South Carolina and a still greater number of slaves in whole families, many walking, others in old and odd vehicles, on inules and on horseback, bringing with them their

household utensils. No such sight was ever before witnessed by an army. At Goldsborough, Sherman's army was joined by General John M. Schofield's Twenty-third Corps, from Tennessee and General A. H. Terry's Tenth Corps from Virginia who had marched from New Berne, North Carolina. Among these troops were found fathers, brothers and other relatives of the western soldiers who had not met since the war began.

At Goldsborough, North Carolina, on the 25th of March, an order was issued for the use of the arrow as emblematic of this Corps (Seventeenth) for a badge, to take the place of one formerly used. As explained, "the arrow is symbolic of swiftness, of surety in striking and of destructive power." The arrow of the First Division was colored red, that of the Second Division white, of the Third Division blue, and of the Fourth Division vellow.

CHAPTER XXX.

ORGANIZATION OF THE FIRST DIVISION.

FIRST DIVISION: Major-General Joseph A. Mower, General W. Fuller in command from January 25th.

First Brigade, Colonel Charles Sheldon, in command

from January 25th.

Sixty-fourth Illinois, Major Joseph S. Reynolds.

Eighteenth Missouri, Lieutenant-Colonel William H.
Minter, Colonel Charles S. Sheldon, LieutenantColonel Charles H. Minter, Major William M.
Edgar.

Twenty-seventh Ohio, Major Isaac N. Gilruth.

Thirty-ninth Ohio, Captain John W. Orr, Lieutenant-

Colonel Daniel Weber.

Second Brigade: Brigadier-General John W. Sprague, Colonel Milton Montgomery, assumed command January 29, Brigadier-General John W. Sprague in command from March 28.

Thirty-fifth New Jersey, Colonel John J. Cladek.

Forty-third Ohio, Colonel Wager Swayne, wounded February 2nd, 1865, Major Horace Park.

Sixty-third Ohio, Major John W. Fouts, Captain Otis W. Pollock, Major Oscar L. Jackson.

Twenty-fifth Wisconsin, Lieutenant-Colonel Jeremiah

M. Rusk, Colonel Milton Montgomery.

Third Brigade: Colonel John Tillson, Colonel Charles H. DeGroat, in command March 26th, to April 10th, Lieutenant-Colonel James S. Wright, Colonel John Tillson.

Tenth Illinois, Lieutenant-Colonel McLain F. Wood,

Lieutenant-Colonel Divade Gillespie.

Twenty-fifth Indiana, Lieutenant-Colonel James S. Wright, Major William H. Grimshaw, Lieutenant-Colonel James S. Wright.

Thirty-second Wisconsin, Colonel Charles S. DeGroat, Lieutenant-Colonel James H. Carlton, Major William H. Burrows.

"Bentonville, N. C., March 22nd, 1865.

Sherman said:

"Yesterday, this army beat on its chosen ground the concentrated armies of our enemy, who has fled in disorder, leaving his dead, wounded and prisoners in our hands and burning his bridges on his retreat. General Schofield, from New Berne on the same day entered Goldsborough, General Terry from Wilmington secured Cox's Bridge and laid a pontoon across Neuse River, so that our campaign has resulted in a glorious success, after a march of the most extraordinary character, nearly five hundred miles,

over swamps and rivers, deemed impassable to others, at the most inclement season of the year, and drawing our chief supplies from a poor and wasted country. We reached our destination in good health and condition. I thank the army and assure it that our government and people honor them for this new display of the physical and moral qualities which reflect honor upon the whole nation. You shall have rest before embarking upon new and untried dangers.

Report of Major-General W. T. Sherman, U. S. A.

Goldsborough, N. C., April 4th, 1865.

In order to have a clear understanding of events of the late campaign, I must endeavor to group the events of the past three weeks, connected with the armies under my command.

I was enabled to leave an army in the west under Major-General Thomas, of sufficient strength to meet emergencies in that quarter. I conducted another army consisting of the Fourteenth, Fifteenth, Seventeenth, and Twentieth Corps and Kilpatrick's Division of Cavalry, to the Atlantic Slope, aiming to approach the grand theater of war in Virginia by the time the season would admit of military operations in that latitude.

The first lodgment on the coast was made at Savannah, strongly fortified and armed, and valuable to us as a good seaport with its navigable streams inland. Near a month was consumed there in refitting the army. General Howard, commanding the right wing, was ordered to embark at Thunderbolt, thence by the 15th of January, make a lodgment on the Charleston Railroad at or near Pocotaligo. This was accomplished punctually at little cost by the Seventeenth Corps, Major-General Blair, and a depot of supplies was established at the mouth of Pocotaligo Creek, with communication back to Hilton Head.

The left wing, General Slocum, and the Cavalry of Major-General Kilpatrick, were ordered at the same time to rendezvous near Robertsville and Coosawhatchie, South Carolina, with a depot of supplies at Sister's Ferry, on the Savannah River. The rains of January swelled the river, broke the pontoon bridge and overflowed the whole bottom, so that the causeway was four feet under water. Slocum was compelled to move higher up the river to Sister's Ferry for a passage over. There the river was overflowed and three miles wide and he did not succeed in getting his command across until the first week in February.

General Grant sent Grover's Division of the Nineteenth Corps to garrison Savannah, and the Twenty-third Corps from Tennessee to re-enforce Terry and Palmer on the coast of North Carolina to prepare the way for my coming. I instructed General Foster to follow my movements inland by occupying in succession the city of Charleston and such other points along the sea coast. I advised General Grant that I would undertake at one stride to make Goldsborough and open communication with the sea by the New Berne Railroad about the 15th of March.

On the 25th a demonstration was made against Cambahee Ferry and Railroad bridge across the Salkehatchie against the enemy who had adopted that river as his defensive line against our supposed objective, the city of Charleston. The heavy rains had swollen the river so that the water stood in the swamps for a breadth of more than a mile and at a depth of from one to twenty feet.

On the 29th the roads back of Savannah had become sufficiently free of the flood to put Slocum's wing in motion. Admiral Dalgreen furnished the gunboat Pontiac and covered the crossing. General Howard moved the Seventeenth Corps along the Salkehatchie as high up as River's Bridge, the Fifteenth Corps by Hickory Holl, Loper's Cross Roads and Buford's Bridge. The Seventeenth and Fifteenth Corps drew out on the 31st of January but the real march began on the 1st of February.

All the roads northward were held by Wheeler's Cavalry, who by details of negro laborers, felled the trees, burned bridges, and made obstructions to impede our march, but so well organized were our pioneer battalions, and so strong and intelligent our men that obstructions seemed only to quicken their progress. Felled trees were removed and bridges rebuilt by the heads of columns before the rear could close up.

On February 2nd the Seventeenth Corps was at River's Bridge, the Fifteenth at Loper's Cross Roads. Slocum was still struggling with the floods of the Savannah at Sister's Ferry with orders to hurry up and overtake the right wing on the South Carolina Road. The right wing was to push rapidly for the South Carolina Railroad at Midway.

The enemy was intrenched with heavy force at River's Bridge and Buford's Bridge. The Seventeenth Corps was ordered to carry River's Bridge, the Fifteenth Corps to carry Buford's Bridge. The former was carried skillfully and promptly by Mower's First Division, Seventeenth Corps on the 3rd of February, by crossing the swamp three miles wide, with water varying from knee to shoulder deep. The weather was bitter cold, but Generals Mower and Smith led their Divisions in person on foot, waded the swamps, made a lodgement below the bridge, and turned on the rebel brigade which guarded it, driving it in confusion and disorder toward Branchville. The wounded were sent to Pocotaligo.

The enemy retreated at once behind the Edisto, the whole army was pushed rapidly to the South Carolina Railroad at Midway, Bramburg and Graham Station. The Seventeenth Corps threatened Branchville and the enemy was forced to burn the railroad bridges and Walker's Bridge below across the Edisto. The railroad track was destroyed from the 7th to the 10th of February by the Seventeenth Corps from the Edisto up to Bramburg. Our Cavalry threatened Augusta, skirmishing heavily with Wheeler's Cavalry. By the 11th of February, the enemy's forces were divided at Branchville and Charleston on the one hand and Aiken and Augusta on the other.

The Seventeenth Corps crossed the south fork of the Edisto River at Binnaker's Bridge, and moved straight for Orangeburg and on the 12th, found the enemy intrenched in front of the Orangeburg Bridge, but swept him away by a dash and followed him, forcing him across the bridge which was partly burned. Mower's First Division of the Seventeenth Corps was

moved to a point two miles below where it crossed. By four o'clock in the afternoon, the whole Seventeenth Corps was in Orangeburg and began the work of destroying the railroad, continuing as far as Lewisville with orders to push the enemy to the Congaree River and force him to burn the bridges, which he did on the 14th. I turned all the columns straight on Columbia. The Seventeenth Corps followed the state road. The Fifteenth Corps crossed the North Edisto above the mouth of Caw Caw Swamp.

The enemy was found in strong position at Little Congaree Bridge across Congaree Creek, commanding the bridge with artillery. The ground in front was very bad, with a fresh deposit of mud from a recent overflow. The enemy's flank was turned by sending Stone's Brigade through a cypress swamp to the left and, following up the retreating enemy promptly, we got possession of the bridge and fort beyond.

February 16th, we reached the bank of the Congaree River, opposite Columbia, too late to save the fine bridge that spanned the river at this point. General Howard, Army of the Tennessee, Seventeenth Corps. First Division, First Brigade, crossed the Saluda near the factory and on the same night made a flying bridge across the Broad River about three miles above Columbia. A party of the Seventeenth Corps, crossed the Congaree in a skiff and entered from a point immediately west. Orders were to destroy all arsenals and public property not needed for our own use, as well as depots, railroads, and machinery, useful to the enemy, but to spare all dwellings, schools, colleges, asylums, and harmless private property. General Wade Hampton (Rebel) had ordered all cotton, public and private, should be moved into the streets and fired, not in manifestation of a silly Roman stoicism, but from folly and want of sense.

Railroads were destroyed with other property to the Wateree Bridge and in the direction of Winnsborough. Slocum turned to the Catawba River and crossed in a terrible rain. General Beauregard had retreated with all his cavalry from Columbia. Cheatham of Hood's old Army was trying to make a junction with him at Charlotte. The right wing had broken up the railroad and turned for Peay's Ferry, where it was crossed over the Catawba before the heavy rains set in the Seventeenth Corps moving straight on Cheraw via Young's Bridge.

Butler's Division of the enemy's Cavalry was met at Mount Elon. Much bad road was encountered at Lynch's Creek, which delayed the right wing as the left wing had been at the Catawba. On March 2nd, the Seventeenth Corps entered Cheraw, the enemy retreating across the Pee Dee, and burning the bridge at that point. At Cheraw we found much ammunition and many guns which had been brought from Charleston on the evacuation of that city. These were destroyed, also the railroad trestles and bridges down as far as Darlington, and part of the branch road from Cheraw to Florence.

The right wing crossed the Pee Dee at Cheraw, the weather unfavorable and the roads bad. The Seventeenth Corps reached Fayettsville with the Fourteenth Corps on the 11th of March, skirmishing with Wade Hampton's Cavalry, that covered Hardee's retreating army, which crossed the Cape Fear River, burning the bridges. On the 9th of March, Killpatrick was surprised and his camp captured, but he rallied and drove the enemy. At

Fayetteville, the old United States Arsenal and the vast amount of machinery, which had formerly belouged to the old Harper's Ferry Arsenal, was destroyed absolutely, every building was knocked down and burned, every piece of machinery was utterly broken up and some was cast into the river

Up to this period, I had succeeded in interposing my superior army between the scattered parts of the enemy. But the fragments that had left Columbia under Beauregard had been re-enforced by Cheatham's and Lee's Corps from the west and the garrison at Augusta. Hardee was across the Cape Fear River ahead of me and could complete the junction with the armies of Johnston and Hoke in North Carolina, and the whole under skillful and experienced Joe Johnston, superior to me in cavalry and formidable enough in artillery and infantry, to justify me in extreme caution.

My two best scouts reached Wilmington with the intelligence of our position. On March 10th the army tug "Davidson" reached Fayetteville from Wilmington, and the same day the gunboat Elous of the United States Navy also reached Fayetteville. General Howard of the Army of the Tennessee sent trains to the right toward Faison's Depot, to be ready to go to the aid of the left wing if attacked while in motion. The weather continued bad, the roads had become mere quagmire, and almost every foot had to be corduroyed to admit the passage of wheels.

The enemy was developed with artillery, infantry, and cavalry in an intrenched position where the road branches off toward Goldsborough through Bentonville. Hardee's force was estimated at twenty thousand and it was necessary to dislodge him that we might have the use of the Goldsborough Road as also to keep up the feint on Raleigh. The enemy was attacked on the Goldsborough Road, who retreated in a miserable, stormy right over the worst of roads. Hardee retreated on Smithfield.

I camped with Slocum's Column, twenty-seven miles from Goldsborough. The Army of the Tennessee was two miles south with pickets three miles forward. I found Howard's Army of the Tennessee well strung out owing to the very bad roads, and one regiment forward to the cross roads near Cox's Bridge, across the Neuse River. Staff Officers reporting that the left wing had developed near Bentonville, the whole of the Rebel Army, I ordered that they fight defensively until I could call up Blair's Seventeenth Corps, then near Mount Olive Station, and come up on Johnston's left rear from the direction of Cox's Bridge. Couriers from Schofield, reported him in possession of Kingston.

The First Division of the Seventeenth Corps made a night march to Falling Creek Church and by daylight was in rapid march on Bentonville. Slocum's left wing had the whole of the Confederate Army in their front and was attacked receiving six distinct assaults by the combined forces of Hoke, Hardee, and Cheatham, under command of General Joe Johnston himself, who moving rapidly by night from Smithfield, without unnecessary wheels, intended to overwhelm my left flank before it could be relieved by my co-operating columns.

On the 21st a steady rain prevailed, during which General Mower's First Division of the Seventeenth Corps, on the extreme right had worked well to the right around the enemy's flank, and had reached the enemy's flank and had nearly reached the bridge across Mill Creek, the only line of

retreat open to the enemy. Of course there was danger that the enemy would turn on him all his reserves and, it might be, let go his parapets to overwhelm Mower. Accordingly I ordered an attack from left to right by our skirmishers. Ouite a noisy battle ensued during which General Mower was enabled to regain his connection with his Corps by moving to his left rear. Still he had developed a weakness in the enemy's position, of which advantage might have been taken, but that night the enemy retreated to Smithfield, leaving his pickets to fall in our hands, with many dead, unburied, and wounded in his field hospitals. General Johnston had utterly failed in his attempt, and we remained in full possession of the field of battle.

I am satisfied that the enemy lost heavily.

We had completed our march on the 21st and had full possession of Goldsborough, the real objective, with its two railroads back to the seaports of Wilmington and Beaufort, North Carolina. Supplies had been brought forward to Kingston and our wagons had been sent forward to receive them. Howard with the Army of the Tennessee remained during the 22nd at Bentonville to bury the dead and remove the wounded and on the following day all the armies moved to the camps assigned them about Goldsborough. The Right Wing (Howard's Army of the Tennessee) reached Goldsborough on the 24th.

In general terms we have traversed the country from Savannah to Goldsborough with an average breadth of forty miles, consuming all the forage, cattle, hogs, sheep, poultry, cured meats, corn meal and so forth. The public enemy instead of drawing supplies from that region to feed his armies will be compelled to send provisions from other quarters to feed the inhabitants. Of course the abandonment to us by the enemy of the whole sea coast from Savannah to New Berne, North Carolina, with its forts, dock yards, gunboats, and so forth was a necessary incident to our occupation and destruction of the inland routes of travel and supply. But the real object of this march was to place this army in a position easy of supply whence it could take an appropriate part in the spring and summer campaign of 1865. This was accomplished on the 21st of March by the junction of the three armies (Sherman's, Terry's and Schofield's), and occupation of Goldsborough.

I beg to express in most emphatic manner my entire satisfaction with the tone and temper of the whole army. Nothing seems to dampen their energy, zeal or cheerfulness. It is impossible to conceive a march involving more labor and exposure, yet I cannot recall an instance of bad temper by the way, or hearing an expression of doubt as to our perfect success in the end. I believe that this cheerfulness and harmony of action reflects upon all concerned quite as much honor and fame as "Battles gained" or "Cities won," and I therefore commend all Generals, Staff Officers, and men, for these high qualities, in addition to the more soldierly ones of obedience to orders and the alacrity they have always manifested when danger summoned them "to the front."

On the 1st of April, our army lay at Goldsborough with detachments distributed so as to cover and secure our routes of communication and supply back to the sea at Wilmington and Morehead City. All were busy in

repairing the wear and tear of our then recent and hard march from Savannah, and in replenishing clothing and stores necessary for a further

progress.

In the meantime, Major-General George Stoneman, operating from East Tennessee, with a division of Cavalry, had reached the railroad about Greensboro, North Carolina, and had pushed to Salisbury, destroying bridges and all kinds of rebel supplies to the Catawba Bridge. This was fatal to the hostile armies of Lee and Johnston, who depended upon that road for their supplies, and for their ultimate line of retreat. Major-General Wilson, also in command of the Cavalry Corps organized by himself had started from Decatur and Florence, Alabama, and moved straight into the heart of Alabama, and struck one of the best blows of the war. His route, Tuscaloosa, Selma, Montgomery, Columbus, and Macon, was never before touched by our troops.

My purpose up to that time was to move more rapidly northward, feigning on Raleigh and striking for Burksville, thereby interposing between Johnston and Lee, but the auspicious events in Virginia had changed the whole military problem, and in the expressive language of Lieutenant-General Grant, "the Confederate Armies of Lee and Johnston" became the "strategic points." I estimated Johnston's Army at about thirty-five thousand. He was superior to me in cavalry.

On April 10th at daybreak, the heads of columns were in motion straight against the enemy, General Howard's Army of the Tennessee, making a circuit by the right and feigning up the Weldon Road to disconcert the enemy's cavalry. All the columns met, within six miles of Goldsborough, more or less cavalry, with the usual rail barricades, which were swept before us as chaff. Johnston retreated rapidly across the Neuse River.

The rains had set in, making the resort to corduroy absolutely necessary to pass even ambulances. The enemy burned the bridge at Smithfield, we crossed over and there heard of the surrender of Lee's Army at Appomattox Court House, Virginia, which was announced to the armies in orders and created universal joy. Without a moment's hesitation, we dropped our trains and marched rapidly in pursuit to and through Raleigh, reaching that place on the 13th in a heavy rain. The cavalry went to Durham Station, the Seventeenth Corps (First Division, First and Second Brigades) to Jones Station. Johnston's Army was retreating rapidly to Greensborough. By the 15th the rains were incessant and the roads almost impracticable. I received General Johnston's first letter, April 14th. agreed to meet him at a point intermediate between our pickets on the 17th. We were delayed to reconstruct the railroad in the rear. At noon on the day appointed, I met General Johnston and he gave me to understand that further war on the part of the Confederacy (Confederate troops) was folly, that their cause was lost, and that every life sacrificed after the surrender of Lee's Army was the "Highest possible crime." He admitted that the terms conceded to General Lee were magnanimous and all he could ask. I again met General Johnston on the 18th. He satisfied me then of his power to disband two rebel armies in Alabama, Mississippi, Louisiana, and Texas, also North Carolina, South Carolina, Florida and Georgia.

The news of President Lincoln's assassination reached me on the 17th and was announced to my command on the same day. On the 24th, I learned that the memorandum was disapproved. General Grant arrived, General Johnston was notified of the suspension of the truce. General Johnston surrendered on the 26th, the terms of capitulation being submitted to General Grant. Thus was surrendered the second great army of the so-called Confederacy, accomplished without further ruin and devastation to the country and without the loss of a single life to those gallant men who had followed me from the Mississippi to the Atlantic.

I have no doubt that fifty thousand armed men of the rebel army were disarmed and restored to civil pursuits by the capitulation made near Durham Station, North Carolina on the 26th of April. On May 9th I reached Manchester on the James River, opposite Richmond, and found that all the four Corps had arrived from Raleigh and were engaged in replenishing their wagons for the resumption of the march toward Alexandria, Virginia.

W. T. Sherman, Major-General, Commanding.

Report of Brigade-General J. W. Fuller, U. S. A., Concerning Operations, February 2nd, 3rd and 9th.

Headquarters in the Field, First Brigade, First Division, Seventeentii Corps.

February 4th, 1865.

At about two o'clock in the afternoon, February 2nd, three regiments of my command, then forming in the rear of my Division, reaching the swamps near River's Bridge (Salkahatchie River) from which point the enemy's artillery was firing at the troops in advance of me. Soon after I was ordered by the Major-General commanding the Division, to send one regiment into the swamp on the right, or easterly side of the road, and the other two on the westerly side, to support the line already formed. This order was executed, the Twenty-seventh Ohio forming the line on the right of the road, and the Thirty-ninth Ohio and Sixty-fourth Illinois on the left. The regiments remained in the swamp during the afternoon. At night the regiment on the right of the road was withdrawn and an hour or two afterward, I sent the Eighteenth Missouri to relieve the regiments on the left. This regiment (it had marched with the train all day) remained on duty all night, five companies deployed as skirmishers, and the remainder held as a reserve on the road. During the night some of the skirmishers constructed rifle pits on the road, near the enemy's batteries, with a view of rendering it hazardous for him to use his guns.

On the morning of the 3rd, I detailed the Twenty-seventh Ohio to procure and carry lumber into the swamp. Later they were supplied with axes and ordered to cut and bridge a road leading through the river. A squad of the regiment serving as skirmishers to cover the advance working parties, succeeded in crossing the main branch of the river about one or two o'clock and came upon a picket post of the enemy. Soon after this

was announced the skirmishers of the Third Brigade were crossed and a of the Twenty-seventh Ohio felled some large trees across the stream to facilitate the passage of our troops. About three o'clock in the afternoon, I was ordered to move with my Brigade into the road in the swamp and soon after to cross the river. Captain DeGress, who brought the order, said that after crossing, "You will act upon your own judgment." The crossing was slow and difficult owing to the deep water of the swamp and to the very few logs which were available in crossing the main river. As soon as I reached the opposite bank and learned the situation, I directed Colonel Tillson not to advance his command until the troops of my Brigade should be formed on his left, as I intended swinging forward the left of the line, in hopes of out-flanking and securing such of the rebels as were at or near their works. In order that no mistake might occur, I sent Colonel Tillson and Colonel Sheldon the following order: "When the line moves forward, Colonel Tillson will aim to keep his right, on or near the river. Colonel Sheldon will dress to the right, on Colonel Tillson, but be careful not to crowd to the right. Bayonets will be fixed, when the bugle sounds 'Attention.' If we find the rebels intrenched, we must rush forward and carry them by storm. As Colonel Sheldon has to swing his left forward, Colonel Tillson will move slowly at the start. The Eighteenth Missouri will move in reserve, behind the brigades."

Colonel Montgomery's brigade arriving, was directed to form on the left of the First Brigade, to form his left regiment, faced to the left and to march it by the right flank. I sounded the advance, moved my own brigade to the high and open ground near the enemy's position. As soon as the Second Brigade came up, we were advancing rapidly on the left and were executing a right wheel in fine style and driving the rebels before us, when the Major-General arrived and assumed command. Upon reaching the line of woods, which is nearly in the rear of the enemy's works, we were ordered to halt. Our skirmishers soon ascertained that the enemy had abandoned his position and fled. A few willing prisoners were picked up and about twenty dead and wounded rebels were found in a building which had served as an hospital. The wounded of this brigade were seven of the Thirty-ninth Ohio and one of the Eighteenth Missouri.

On February 19th, 1865, two regiments of this brigade, the Eighteenth Missouri and the Sixty-fourth Illinois, crossed the Edisto River on the night of the ninth inst., the other two remained on the south bank until the pontoon bridge was completed. The Twenty-seventh Ohio and the Thirty-ninth Ohio waded the swamp and suffered both from the bitter cold weather and the long time in which they were delayed in the water.

J. W. Fuller, Brigadier-General, Commanding.

Report of General John W. Fuller.

NEAR GOLDSBOROUGH, NORTH CAROLINA, MARCH 25, 1865.

I have the honor to report that during the action of the 21st inst., (Bentonville), my Brigade formed on the right of the line, five companies of the Eighteenth Missouri were ordered to cover the road upon which we

had marched. The remaining companies formed the right. The Twenty-seventh Ohio in the center and the Thirty-ninth Ohio on the left of my line, comprised an aggregate of about six hundred men, besides the regiment serving as skirmishers. The Sixty-fourth Illinois covered the front and right flank of the brigade. In advancing we encountered a swamp, impassible for horses. We crossed but were compelled to move more slowly. As we emerged into an open field, one of General Mower's staff brought an order to double-quick. This was immediately repeated and the whole line passed over the field at this step.

About this time the enemy used some artillery against us and as we reached the opposite woods, the Major-General ordered a halt. This order was repeated by my staff, also by one of General Mower's staff officers along a portion of the line and also by my bugler, but the men who had caught sight of an abandoned casson were cheering so as to render it impossible to hear the orders and they continued to rush forward until we reached the enemy's intrenched line, from which he ran at full speed. Here the Major-General rode up to the front of my brigade and ordered the line to advance, whereupon we passed over the enemy's intrenchments and occupied the crest of the hill beyond. Sharp firing was heard from our skirmishers in front, and also from my left. They reported eavalry moving to our right and soon after reported infantry moving in the same direction. I faced the Eighteenth Missouri to the right to better cover that flank. I moved the Thirty-ninth Ohio a few yards to the left but was again forced to the front. The enemy attacked. I directed the right of the line to swing back so as to present a strong front to the right flank. We rested at the works which had been thrown up by the enemy near the base of the ridge. Our right oblique fire was so sharp as to halt the enemy's line and cause him to retire. Our skirmishers re-occupied the hill and drove the enemy over the crest. Our line was advanced within two hundred vards of (right up to and around) General Joe Johston's headquarters, inducing the rebel commander and his staff to make a rapid move to the rear. We passed to the open field and intrenched in the rear of the Third Brigade.

Loss: Killed, 5; wounded, 40; missing, 19; total, 64.

John W. Fuller, Brigadier-General, Commanding.

Report of Major Daniel Weber, U. S. A., Concerning Operations February 2nd to 4th and March 21st.

March 25th, 1865.

I have the honor to report that on February 2nd, while the regiment was following the Twenty-seventh Ohio on the road to River's Bridge, I received an order to move in line through the swamp with the right of the regiment near the road within about fifty yards of the front line and there to halt. This order was executed with some difficulty in consequence of the almost impassible condition of the swamp, the water in places being more than knee deep and full of fallen timber and undergrowth. The regiment with the Twenty-seventh Ohio remained in position until ten

o'clock at night when it was relieved by the Sixty-fourth Illinois Infantry and moved to camp about one mile to the rear, where it remained until about three o'clock in the afternoon, February 4th, when this regiment in obedience to orders, moved with the Twenty-seventh Ohio forward toward the bridge, following the Eighteenth Missouri. After moving about half a mile, we filed to the left on a road through the swamp nearly to the Salkehatchie River, where the command had to again wade the swamp for some distance. Crossing the river on logs, under fire, we formed line under fire of the enemy's skirmishers on the left bank of the river and on the left of the Third Brigade, the Sixty-fourth Illinois forming on our left. Company K was deployed as skirmishers in front of the regiment. After remaining in this position a short time the line advanced through a swamp until it passed through the timber and arrived on open ground, where it was After being re-adjusted, it again advanced under a fire from the enemy's skirmishers across an open field and through a narrow belt of timber, where it was halted and a rail barricade was erected. Remaining there a short time, the line changed direction, facing north, forming on the right of the Sixty-fourth Illinois. During the night the regiment intrenched itself in this position. I must say that all officers and men conducted themselves in a manner alike creditable to themselves and their commands. The casualties are as follows: eight enlisted men wounded.

At Bentonville, on the 21st of March, 1865, the regiment moved with the First Division, taking a road in a north-easterly direction. We moved about two miles, formed line on the right of the Third Brigade, facing nearly west, moved forward in line through a swamp and dense thicket to elevated ground, where the enemy had been posted behind a barricade of rails and logs, from which he had been driven by the skirmish line. After reaching this point, the line moved at a double-quick in order to secure some pieces of artillery posted about three hundred yards to the front, which the enemy had been using, but he succeeded in getting them off. The line halted after reaching the hill and was readjusted (the men were anxious to go forward). Soon the enemy was seen to advance in line, but after a sharp fight was driven back in a few minutes. The regiments, then, after the right of the line had been ordered back, remained in position, with three companies of the Twenty-seventh Ohio Infantry, with their regimental flag (color bearer J. S. Stocky) under command of Captain Charles H. Smith, until a second order came from General Fuller, brought by Captain Simpson of the Twenty-seventh, to move by the flank to the rear and left about half a mile, where it took position on a hill and intrenched. The casualties are as follows: three killed, seventeen wounded and four missing. Number of officers engaged, eighteen and of men, three hundred. DANIEL WEBER.

Major of the Thirty-ninth Ohio Infantry, commanding.

Report of Colonel Milton Montgomery, of the Twenty-Fifth Wisconsin Infantry, Concerning Operations on January 29th, February 3rd and 9th.

> Headquarters of the Second Brigade, First Division, Seventeentii Army Corps. River's Bridge, South Carolina, February 20th, 1865.

I have the honor to report that on the 29th ultimo, I assumed command of this Brigade. January 30th, in compliance with orders, we marched at seven o'clock in the morning. The Brigade being in the rear, marched six miles. On the 31st, we lay in camp. On February 1st, we marched in the center of the Division. The enemy fell back and destroyed the bridges across Whippy Swamp. The Division moved across the stream on logs or planks and camped at Harrison's plantation. On the 2nd, we marched and halted near William's plantation. At eleven o'clock in the morning, we moved forward toward River's Bridge, met the outpost of the enemy and drove them in and followed them with rapidity. The skirmishers of the Twentyfifth Wisconsin moved by a road to the left. When about half way to the fort, they were shelled, killing the First Sergeant of Company I and the Chief Bugler of the regiment. The Thirty-fifth New Jersey was formed in the rear on the left of the road, the Forty-third and Sixty-third Ohio on the right. In the morning, the Forty-third crossed the road to the right of the skirmish line. Colonel Wager Swavne was wounded by a shell and his right leg was amputated above the knee. The losses were as follows: In the Twenty-fifth Wisconsin, three killed and four wounded; in the Forty-third Ohio, two wounded.

In February 3rd, the Sixty-third Ohio and the Twenty-fifth Wisconsin sent a detail of axmen to cut a road through the swamp and the Thirtyfifth New Jersey was detailed to carry boards to lay on the road. About two o'clock in the afternoon, a crossing had been effected. The Fortythird Ohio, Major Horace Park, commanding, moved forward. Two companies with fixed bayonets, one on either side of the road were sent forward. Finally the whole regiment moved forward up the road, under fire of the battery in front. Three companies of the Sixty-third Ohio were also sent by company, in the same manner, when an order was received to move the rest of the Sixty-third Ohio and the Twenty-fifth Wisconsin through the swamp by a new road. This was done. They then formed on the left of the First Brigade who had preceded the Second Brigade. An advance was then ordered, changing direction continually to the right, until word was received that the enemy had evacuated and the works were ours. Our loss this day was, in the Forty-third Ohio, six killed, eight wounded; in the Sixty-third Ohio, three killed, six wounded. The total loss in two days was nine killed and twenty-three wounded. The officers and men acted bravely, moving forward with great coolness and courage under a heavy fire of musket shot and shell. On the 9th, we moved from Bennaker's Bridge, and were shelled by the enemy, wounding Lieutenaut J. R. Casson. We forded the swamp with the water waist deep and then camped. A pontoon was laid at five o'clock in the afternoon. After crossing the pontoon, we waded through a swamp, then moved forward until notice was received that the enemy had evacuated. We went into camp at eleven o'clock at night.

M. Montgomery,
Colonel Commanding the Second Brigade.

Headquarters of the First Division Seventeenth Army Corps, near Goldsborough, North Carolina, April 1st, 1865.

Captain Cadle, Jr., Assistant Adjutant-General, Seventeenth Army Corps:

Dioces of artillery

In compliance with circular from Department Headquarters, I have the honor to transmit herewith inclosed, report of property captured, destroyed, and so forth.

> Very respectfully your obedient servant, Joseph A. Mower, Major-General U. S. Volunteers.

> > 25

Report of Ordinance and Ordinance Stores Captured by the First Division, Seventeenth Army Corps, During the Recent Campaign.

Pieces of artiflery	
Gun carriages, caissons, battery wagons and forges	
Artillery, ammunition, rounds	. 2,000
Small arms	. 3,628
Cannon and rifle powder, tons	. 23
Cartridges	. 16,000
SUBSISTENCE STORES	
Bacon, beef, corn meal, flour, sugar, pounds	.263,500
QUARTERMASTER'S STORES	
· ·	1.00
Horses and mules	. 180
FORAGE	
Corn and fodder, miscellaneous report, pounds	.252.000
Railroad destroyed, miles	
Bales of cotton	. 600
Average number of miles marched per day	. 12
Bridging built, feet	150,000
Corduroying, miles	18
Rivers crossed	
Mivels clossed	. 14

RE-ORGANIZATION OF THE ARMY, CHANGES OF COMMANDS. SURRENDER OF GENERAL JOHNSTON. END OF THE WAR OF THE REBELLION.

About April 1st, the forces commanded by General Sherman were divided into three separate parts and a few changes in commanders were made. The Right Wing: Army of the Tennessee, Major-General O. O. Howard, commanding: Fifteenth Army Corps, Major-General John A. Logan, commanding, with four Divisions and detachments: Seventeenth Army Corps, Major-General F. P. Blair, commanding, three Divisions and detachments.

The Center: Army of the Ohio, Major-General J. M. Schofield, commanding: Tenth Army Corps, Major-General A. H. Terry, commanding, three divisions and detachments: Twenty-third Army Corps, Major-General J. D. Cox, commanding, three divisions and detachments.

Left Wing: Army of Georgia, Major-General H. W. Slocum, commanding: Fourteenth Army Corps, Brevet-Major-General J. C. Davis, commanding, three divisions and detachments: Twentieth Army Corps, Major-General J. A. Mower, commanding, three divisions and detachments.

Subsequently, General Howard was summoned to Washington to take charge of the bureau of Refugees, Freedmen, and abandoned lands, and General Logan was given command of the Army of the Tennessee until it was disbanded.

Confidential orders from General Sherman to his commanders pointed out the next grand objective point to place his army, was north of the Roanoke River, with a base of supplies at Norfolk, Virginia, and in full communication with the Army of the Potomac, about Petersburg.

At this time, the First Division of the Seventeenth Corps, Brigadier-General M. F. Force, commanding, consisted of three brigades. First Brigade: Brigadier-General John W. Fuller, commanding the Eighteenth Missouri Infantry, the Twenty-seventh Ohio Infantry, Thirty-ninth Ohio Infantry, and the Sixty-fourth Illinois Infantry. Second Brigade: Brigadier-General John W. Sprague, commanding, the Twenty-fifth Wisconsin Infantry, the Thirty-fifth New Jersey Infantry, the Forty-third Ohio Infantry, and the Sixty-third Ohio Infantry. Third Brigade: Lieutenant-Colonel J. S. Wright, commanding the Tenth Illinois Infantry, the Twenty-fifth Indiana Infantry, and the Thirty-second Wisconsin Infantry. The Union army remained at Goldsborough only long enough to be furnished with new clothing and load their wagons and then passed on toward Raleigh.

The following resolutions were received by the army:

APRIL 6TH, 1865.

Whereas: The official announcement of the fall of Charleston, the "cradle of secession" has been received, therefore, be it resolved by the

Senate and the House of Representatives of the State of Louisiana, in general assembly convened, that we tender our most hearty thanks to the gallant officers and men of the army of the illustrious Sherman, who have under God, been the instruments of accomplishment of so glorious an achievement.

Simeon Belden,
Steaker of the House of Representatives.

J. Madison Wells,
Lieutenant Governor and President of the Senate.

On April 10th the First Division vacated its low, wet and crowded camp, northeast of Goldsborough and amidst heavy rains, marched northwesterly, a distance of twelve miles. The roads were bad and much of the time was spent in corduroying them, in order that the artillery and wagon trains could move. The troops at the same time, had to pass through fields and byways. The same conditions of weather and march continued the next day.

On the 12th, the Division marched eight miles, and while in motion, an officer appeared on horseback, riding at great speed, from the front, shouting the glad tidings of the surrender by General Lee of his whole army to General U. S. Grant. The troops were halted and General Sherman's special field order, confirming the news, was read to them. Then there was heard along the lines, vociferous cheering and other manifestations of delight.

On the 13th, the advance of our army entered Raleigh, the First Division arriving there on the following day, after a march of seventeen miles. The heads of columns were headed toward Ashborough with a contemplated movement on Greensborough, for the purpose of cutting off the enemy's only line of retreat by Salisbury and Charlotte.

On the 14th, the First Division marched out from its camp and while the regiments stood strung out on the road, in a drenching rain, waiting for orders, news came that at Durham Station, the enemy was found suing for peace instead of war. A flag of truce had come into our lines from General Johnston, asking for a "suspension of hostilities until the civil authorities could enter into the needful arrangements to terminate the existing war." General Sherman answered "that he was fully empowered to arrange any time for the suspension of further hostilities and explained to Johnston that President Lincoln's proclamation of amnesty on December 8th, 1863, still in force, enabled every Confederate soldier and officer below the rank of Colonel to obtain an absolute pardon, by simply laying down his arms and taking the common oath of allegiance, and that General Grant, in accepting the surrender of General Lee's Army, had extended the same principle to all the officers, General Lee included. Such a pardon,

he understood, would restore to them all their rights of citizenship, but he had no authority to make final terms, involving civil, or political questions. These must be submitted to the authorities at Washington."

On the 17th, General Sherman announced by a field order which was read to the army, the sad news of the assassination of President Lincoln. It brought great sorrow to the soldiers for Lincoln was particularly endeared to them. They stood in groups and talked seriously of the murder. The marked friendliness exhibited by the citizens of Raleigh, and the Union sentiments that prevailed, prevented the city from being destroyed —an event which had been greatly feared. In fact no act of violence was committed nor harm of any kind done, throughout the commonwealth of North Carolina. The First Division remained in camp until the 24th when all of the Seventeenth corps was reviewed by Generals Grant, Sherman, Meade, Howard and other officers. General Fuller and the other Division and Brigade Commanders took their places with the reviewing officers as their own commands passed, and each officer mounted was attended by a brilliant staff. Review of troops during actual warfare in the field is impressive, the marching columns, the blare of bugle, the roll of drums, the dip of the colors, the waving flags, the salutations of the officers is inspiring, vet are attended with great fatigue to the soldier.

On the 26th, General Johnston signed the terms submitted to him for surrender which included his own and the entire army of the south and southwest. General Grant approved the terms. The Union soldiers were unable to restrain their joy and the old North State rung with their loud huzzas for the war was at an end and the Union was preserved.

Their great work was accomplished. Their success was due to hard work and discipline. They had done all that men could do and it was their right to join in the universal joy that filled the hearts of the people of the land. Just one year previous to this time, Sherman's army had gathered from other fields and near the Tennessee River at Chattanooga were organized and consolidated, for this the greatest campaign of all wars, and now the army which had been commanded successively by Albert Sidney Johnston, Beauregard, Bragg, Joseph E. Johnston and Hood, re-enforced by Longstreet's divisions and which was considered one of the best drilled and most formidable armies on either side set on foot during the war, surrendered to Sherman's army and disappeared as an organized force.

HEADQUARTERS FIRST DIVISION, SEVENTEENTH ARMY CORPS. RALEIGH, NORTH CAROLINA, APRIL 19TH, 1865.

Special Order Number 77:

A General Court Martial is hereby appointed to convene at these headquarters on the twentieth day of April, 1865, at ten o'clock in the morning. or as soon thereafter as practicable, for the trial of such prisoners as may be brought before it.

DETAIL FOR THE COURT

Lieutenant-Colonel David Gillespie.....Tenth Illinois Infantry Vol.
Captain James Freeman.....Thirty-second Wisconsin Infantry Vol.
Captain C. H. Smith....Twenty-seventh Ohio Infantry Vol.
Captain E. B. Fairchild....Thirty-ninth Ohio Infantry Vol.
Captain A. R. Robinson....Thirty-ninth Ohio Infantry Vol.
Captain Albert L. Howe....Forty-third Ohio Infantry Vol.
Captain Samuel H. Pennington...Thirty-fifth New York Inf. Vol.
Captain William Hughes...Tenth Illinois Infantry Vol.
First Lieutenant James McCoy...Twenty-fifth Wisconsin Inf. Vol.
Captain John M. Shaw, Twenty-fifth Wisconsin Infantry Volunteers,

Judge-Advocate of this Division, will act as Judge-Advocate of the Court.
No other officers than those named can be assembled without manifest.

injury to the service.

By order of, Brigadier-General, M. F. Force, Samuel K. Adams, Captain A. A. A. G.

The number of prisoners surrendered and parolled at Greensborough, North Carolina, was Thirty-six Thousand Eight Hundred and Seventeen; and the number surrendered in Georgia and Florida was Fifty-two Thousand Four Hundred and Fifty-three. The aggregate surrendered under Johnston, was Eighty-nine Thousand Two Hundred and Seventy.* The same day of the final surrender the First Division returned to their camp near Raleigh from their position near Johnston's army.

General Schofield, Terry and Killpatrick were left with their commands on duty in the department of North Carolina and the right and left wings were ordered to march under their respective commanding generals, north to Richmond, Virginia, there to await General Sherman who took steamer from Wilmington and visited Port Royal, Charlestown and Fortress Monroe.

^{*}See Sherman.

CHAPTER XXXI

THE MARCH ACROSS VIRGINIA. GRAND REVIEW AT WASHINGTON. THE MUSTER OUT OF THE THIRTY-FIFTH NEW JERSEY, THE THIRTY-SECOND AND TWENTY-FIFTH WISCONSIN.

On April 29th, the Twenty-seventh, the Thirty-ninth, the Forty-third and the Sixty-third Ohio, the Sixty-fourth Illinois, the Eighteenth Missouri, the Thirty-fifth New Jersey, and the Twenty-fifth Wisconsin, the Tenth Illinois, the Twenty-fifth Indiana, and the Thirty-second Wisconsin, constituting the First Division, Seventeenth Army Corps, marched out of their camps at Raleigh, North Carolina, with Washington as their destination. At one o'clock the next morning, they arrived at the Neuse River and camped there, wet to the skin from the rain.

On May 1st, a march of sixteen miles was made. Many Confederate officers were at home, who with women, children and negroes, crowded to the windows and doors of the houses to see Sherman's Army pass by. After passing through Forrestville a camp was made at Tar River.

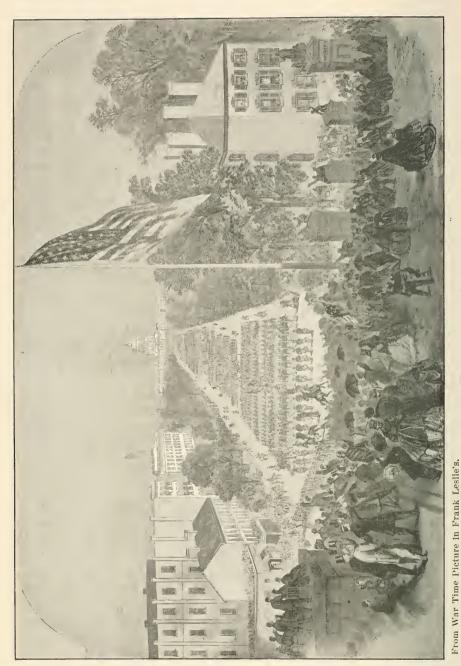
On May 2nd, a march of twenty miles was made along the Raleigh and Gaston Railroad. On May 3rd, a distance of twenty-two miles was covered. On May 4th, another camp was made five miles away. On May 5th, a march of forty-five miles was made. The troops commenced their march at one o'clock in the morning, crossed the Roanoke River on pontoon bridges, crossed Meherrin River at noon, and camped at four o'clock in the afternoon, near Chestnut Cross Roads, having traversed a distance of forty-five miles, in fifteen and one half hours.

On May 6th, they marched twenty-five miles and camped near Dinwiddie Court House. On May 7th, marched fourteen miles, crossed the Appomattox River, passed the earthworks built on the Boynton plank Road by the Army of the Potomac, and camped west of Petersburgh.

On May 8th, marched through the principal streets of Petersburgh, passed the defences built by General Butler's forces when they seized the Weldon Railroad, and camped near Swift Creek on the rebel General Earley's former camp ground. On May 19th, they made a march of eighteen miles on the Petersburgh and Richmond pike road, passed through Fort Stevens and near Fort Darling, and camped in sight of Richmond and Manchester near the James River.

May 12th, they crossed the James River at the cotton factories, marched through the principal streets of Richmond, passing near Castle Thunder and Libbey Prison, also going around the State House, in view of the equestrian statue of Washington. Camp was made near the Chickahominy River.

On May 13th they marched ten miles, camping at Hanover Court House, a building erected in 1735, in which Patrick Henry made his celebrated address against the British Crown. On May 14th, they crossed



at time ricture in Frank Leshe 8.

GRAND REVIEW OF SHERMAN'S ARMY.

Washington, D. C., May 24th, 1865.

the Pamunkey River. On May 15th, they marched eighteen miles, crossed the Mataponey and Ta Rivers and camped on the north side of the Ny River.

On May 16th they marched twenty-three miles, through Fredericks-burgh, crossed the Rappahannock River on pontoons and camped near Falmouth on ground formerly occupied by the Army of the Potomac. On May 17th, they marched a distance of eighteen miles, during which time the heat was excessive. Camp was made at Stafford Springs. On May 18th, the weather continued hot, a march of eighteen miles was made, the men waded across the Occoquan River, and crossed over part of Second Bull Run battle field.

On the 19th, a distance of sixteen miles was covered and a camp made three miles from Alexandria, Virginia. The same Court Martial of which the writer was a member, at Beaufort, South Carolina, convened at different places, on the route and again at Alexandria. The total distance marched from Raleigh, North Carolina was three hundred miles.

On May 18th, the War Department issued special order number 230, ordering a grand review by President Johnston and his cabinet, of all the armies, then near Washington. The review of General Mead's Army of the Potomac was to occur on Tuesday, May 23rd and Sherman's Army of the Tennessee, on Wednesday the 24th. The camps on the scuth side of the Potomac were not only inconvenient but the grounds assigned the troops, had been so long used for camps that they were foul and unfit. Camps were therefore provided and assigned for the troops on the north side. During the afternoon and night of the 23rd, a large part of the troops of the Fifteenth, Seventeenth, and Twentieth Corps crossed the Long Bridge and bivouacked about the streets of the Capitol. The Fourteenth Corps closed up to the bridge.

May 23rd, the Army of the Potomac which had been the bulwark of the national Capitol during the war marched in review. The morning of the 24th was extremely beautiful, the weather continued fine all day, and the ground was in good condition for our review. The First Division marched through Alexandria, Virginia, crossed the Long Bridge, over the Potomac River, and proceeded up to and around the Capitol Building. Punctually at nine o'clock, the signal gun was fired and Sherman's Army, whose first commander was General U. S. Grant and which had twice cut the Confederacy in twain, marched in magnificent columns, sixty-five thousand strong, along Pennsylvania Avenue, wheeled to the right at the Treasury Building, then to the left, then passed the reviewing stand, in front of the White House. There stood the President of the United States, Andrew Johnson, the Commanders of the Armies, Grant, Sherman, and other officers, members of the Cabinet and ministers from foreign

countries. The columns continued along Fourteenth Street and the First Division went into camp at Silver Springs.

The marching men were in perfect order and at quick step moved with military precision, with glistening muskets and with tattered and bullet-ridden flags, they passed in the order of the Fifteenth, Seventeenth, Four-teenth, and Twentieth Corps. Officers of the government and throngs of people watched these sixty-five thousand heroes, who had just completed a march of over two thousand miles in a hostile country. Not a soul in that vast throng left his place. From the upper window of a brick house, Mr. Seward, Secretary of State witnessed the review. He was still bandaged on account of the wounds he received from the assassin.

Buildings throughout the city were covered with flags. The great Capitol Building was draped from dome to base and all public buildings were covered with emblems of mourning. All flags and guidons of the regiments were draped in black, and on the arm of each officer and on the hilt of his sword was tied a piece of crape in memory of President Lincoln, that great, wise, patient, merciful man, renowned throughout the world. Great multitudes of people throughd the streets and housetops to see the pageant and with smiling faces and loud cheers waved their handkerchiefs, or threw bouquets to the marching soldiers and gave a royal welcome to these heroes.

Sherman, attended by General Howard and his staff took his place at the head of these veterans who had swept across that part of the continent from Kansas to the Mississippi, from Vicksburg to Meridan, to Chattanooga, to Atlanta, to Savannah, to Goldsborough, to Richmond, to Washington, four thousand miles. No other conqueror in history had made such a march.

It was the crowning moment of Sherman's life and that of his army. Invited to a place on the left of the President, he stood for seven hours looking upon the men who had contributed to his triumph, and to the perpetuity of the nation. General Sherman says: "When I reached the Treasury Building and looked back, the sight was simply magnificent. The column was compact and the glittering muskets looked like a solid mass of steel, which moved with the regularity of a pendulum. It was in my judgment, the most magnificent army in existence, sixty-five thousand men of splendid physique, in good drill, who had just completed a march through a hostile country and who now realized that they were being closely scrutinized by their countrymen and by foreigners. The steadiness and firmness of their tread, the careful dress of the guides, the uniform intervals, all eyes directed to the front, the tattered battle flags, their ragged uniforms, all attracted universal attention. Many good people up to this time looked upon our western army as a mob, but the world then saw and recognized that it was an army well organized, well disciplined and there was no wonder that it had swept through the south like a cyclone."

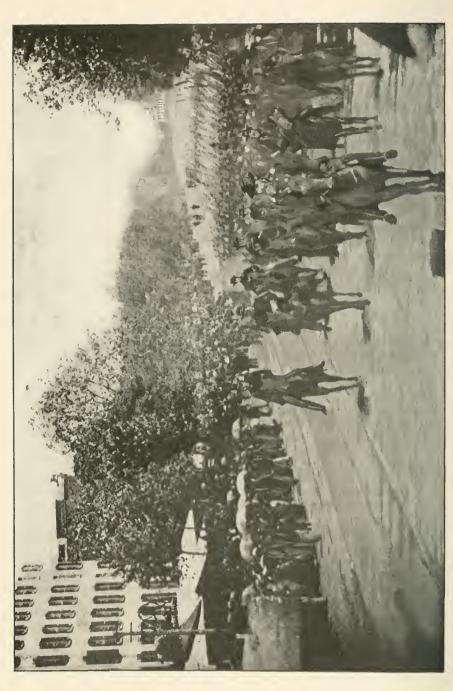
Sherman wrote at this time: "The march to the sea has been generally regarded as something extraordinary, something anomalous, whereas in fact, I simply moved from Atlanta to Savannah, as one step in the direction of Richmond, a movement that had to be met and defeated, or the war was necessarily at an end. Were I to express my measure of the relative importance of the march to the sea, and of that from Savannah northward, I should place the former at one, and the latter at ten or the maximum.

"Sixty-five thousand men obtained abundant food for about forty days and thirty-five thousand animals were fed for a like period, so as to reach Savannah in splendid flesh and condition with an aggregate loss of one thousand eight hundred and eighty-eight men. Each regiment may subscribe on its colors the word 'Savannah.'"

Sherman, it may be said, violated a well-established principle of war by taking the exterior lines and leaving to Lee and Johnston the interior ones. But Lee had learned to fear Grant, and he dreaded to run the risk of taking any considerable portion of his army to send to Johnston. Thus he let slip the only possible chance of saving the Confederate cause.

Sherman in speaking of Lee said: "His sphere of action was however, local. He never rose to the grand problem which involved a continent and future generations. His Virginia was to him the world. Though familiar with the geography of the interior of the great continent, he stood like a stone wall to defend Virginia against the north, and he did it like a valiant knight as he was. He stood at the front porch battling with the flames, while the kitchen and house were burning, sure in the end to consume the whole. Only twice, at Antietem and Gettysburg did he venture outside on the 'offensive-defensive.' In the first instance he knew personally his antagonist and that a large fraction of his force would be held in reserve, in the last, he assumed the bold 'offensive', was badly beaten by Meade and was forced to retreat back into Virginia. As an aggressive soldier Lee was not a success and in war that is a true and proper test. In defending Virginia and Richmond, he did all that a man could, but to him Virginia seemed Confederacy and he stayed there while the northern armies at the west were gaining the Mississippi, the Tennessee, the Cumberland, Georgia, South Carolina, North Carolina, vea, the Roanoke, after which his military acumen taught him that future tarrying in Richmond was absolute suicide."

General Sherman has written of the march to the sea: "Early in January, 1865, having refitted our army at Savannah, and waiting only long enough to fill our wagons, we began a march which for peril, labor, and results will compare with any made by an organized army. The floods of the Savannah, the swamps of the Cambahee, and the Edisto, the high hills and rocks of the Santee, the flat quagmires of the Pee Dee and Cape Fear Rivers, were all passed in midwinter with its floods and rains, in the face of an accumulating enemy and after the battles of Averasboro and Bentonville, we came out of the wilderness to meet comrades at Goldsborough, its renown is the common heritage of us all, its fame will go forward to future generations as the fame of the American soldiers. We join in the universal joy that fills our land because the war is over and our government stands vindicated before the world."



From Original Photo by Brady.

GRAND REVIEW OF SHERMAN'S ARMY AT CLOSE OF THE WAR. Sprague and Staff. W. V. I. Washington, D. C., May 24th, 1865.

HEADQUARTERS FIRST DIVISION, SEVENTEENTH ARMY CORPS.

NEAR WASHINGTON, D. C., MAY 28TH, 1865.

Special Order Number 111:

A General Court Martial is hereby ordered to convene at these headquarters on the 29th day of May, 1865, at ten o'clock in the morning of as soon thereafter as practicable for the trial of such cases as may be brought before it.

It will sit without regard to hours.

Detail for the Court:

Lieutenant-Colonel William A. Henry, Thirty-fifth New Jersey Infantry, Major A. L. Howe, Forty-third Ohio Infantry.

Captain Edward S. Donnelly, Eighteenth Missouri Infantry,

Captain Samuel H. Pennington, Thirty-fifth New Jersey Infantry,

Captain William Hughes, Tenth Illinois Infantry, Captain A. R. Robinson, Thirty-ninth Ohio Infantry.

Captain Charles H. Smith, Twenty-seventh Ohio Infantry,

Captain E. B. Fairchild, Thirty-ninth Ohio Infantry.

Captain William Hemstreet, Judge-Advocate of this Division, will act as Judge-Advocate of this Court. No other officers than those named can be assembled without manifest injury to the service.

By order of,

Brigadier-General M. F. Force, Sam. K. Adams, A. G.

On May 31st, the Thirty-fifth New Jersey Regiment was transferred from the First Division by order. On June 5th, the Twenty-fifth Wisconsin was dropped from the returns of the command, to be mustered out.

By general orders No. 9, of the War Department, dated Washington, D. C., May 29th, 1865, General John M. Sprague was assigned to duty in another field and his official relations with the Second Brigade ended.



SURVIVORS OF THE BRIGADE AT NATIONAL G. A. R. ENCAMPMENT, TOLEDO, 0., 1908. Gen. Fuller's Monument in Background.

CHAPTER XXXII.

ORDER TO GO TO LOUISVILLE, KENTUCKY—MUSTER OUT OF THE TWENTYSEVENTH, THIRTY-NINTH, FORTY-THIRD AND SIXTY-THIRD OHIO
REGIMENTS—RETURN OF THE SOLDIERS TO THEIR HOMES.

The First Division remained in Washington, in camp at Fourteenth Street and Piney Branch until June 5th, when after having been under orders since May 30th, it took passage in box cars at Washington via the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, for Louisville, Kentucky. Having arrived at Parkersburg, Virginia, boats were taken on the Ohio River to Buffington's Island, where the men re-embarked on larger transports. The people hung out their flags all along the route. The banks of the river were alive with multitudes who had gathered there to greet and to honor the victorious soldiers just returning from war. Many members of the Brigades passed in sight of their homes, relatives and friends.

Arriving at Louisville on the 10th, camp was made out on the Preston Road, in a beautiful grove where good water and dry ground was obtained.

During the last days of the war, England, France and Spain had joined in setting up an Austrian prince upon the throne in Mexico, in violation of treaties as regards an independent power. England and Spain soon withdrew from the armed intervention. General Grant sent General Sheridan, by order of May 17th, 1865, with a corps of troops to the Rio Grande to preserve order and secure peace in Texas and Louisiana and to have him where he might aid the Mexicans in expelling the enemies of that Republic. This led to the withdrawal of the French troops from Mexico. It was seen that the empire set up by Maximilian would soon collapse. Meanwhile a part of the Army of the Tennessee had been held at Louisville, Kentucky and at other points as auxiliaries, or an army of reserve, in case it was needed to re-enforce Sheridan. By general orders dated Nashville, Tennessee, June 20th, 1865, General George H. Thomas assumed command of the military Division of the Tennessee, embracing the Departments of Kentucky, Tennessee, Georgia, Alabama and Florida. Major-General J. M. Palmer was assigned to command the Department of Kentucky, with headquarters at Louisville.

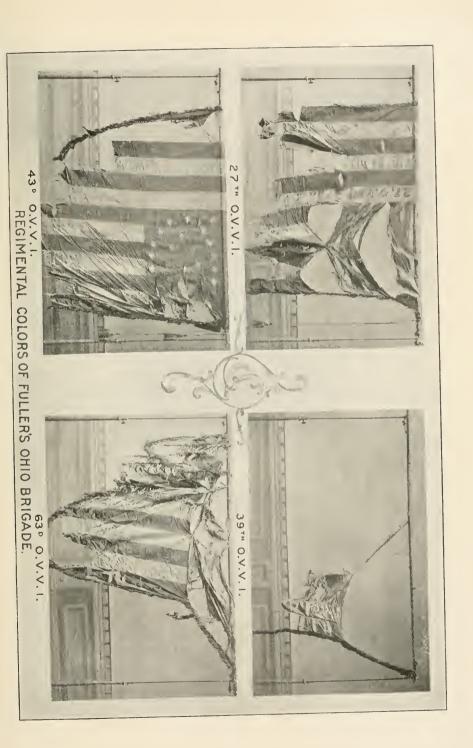
By orders from the War Department, in General Orders No. 24, dated at Louisville, Kentucky, June 28, 1865, the following named regiments of the First Division, Seventeenth Army Corps were ordered to be at once mustered ont of the service of the United States: Twenty-seventh Ohio Veteran Volunteer Infantry, Lieutenant-Colonel Isaac N. Gillruth; Thirty-ninth Ohio Veteran Volunteer Infantry, Colonel Daniel Weber; Forty-third Ohio Veteran Volunteer Infantry, Colonel Horace Park; Sixty-third Ohio Veteran Volunteer Infantry, Major O. L. Jackson; Sixty-fourth Illinois Veteran Volunteer Infantry, Lieutenant-Colonel Joseph S. Reynolds; Tenth Illinois Veteran Volunteer Infantry, Lieutenant-Colonel D. Gillespie; Eighteenth Missouri Veteran Volunteer Infantry, Colonel Charles S. Sheldon. The Twenty-seventh, Thirty-ninth, Forty-third and Sixty-third Ohio Regiments Veteran Volunteer Infantry, composing General John W. Fuller's original Ohio Brigade were mustered out of the military service of the United States, at Louisville, Kentucky, on July 11th, 9th, 13th and 8th respectively and were sent to Camp Dennison, Ohio, where they were paid and discharged on July 20th, 1865.

Parmalee, the Brigade Bugler, who had never blown retreat, upon the battle field, now sounded the last assembly and the men, now bronzed veterans, gathered in groups and with hands clasped, in the strongest ties of friendship, bade each other farewell.

The brigade had been in miltary service for four years, had participated in forty-two battles and over a hundred skirmishes, had fought and campaigned in ten states, Missouri, Arkansas, Kentucky, Tennessee, Alabama, Mississippi, Georgia, North Carolina, South Carolina and Virginia, and had traveled by railroad and steamboat, a distance of two thousand five hundred and twenty-three miles, and on foot, four thousand five hundred and eighty-one miles, a total of seven thousand, one hundred and four miles. The longest march on foot in one day was in Virginia, forty-five miles, and the next longest, forty-three from Greenfield to Springfield, Missouri.

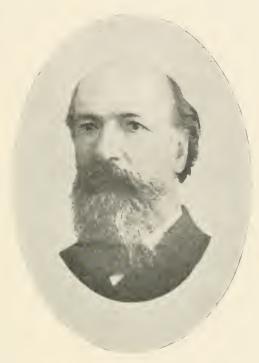
Every soldier of Fuller's Ohio Brigade esteemed it an honor to be identified with it, because of the splendid material of which it was composed. It fulfilled every duty, it performed hazardous service, it encountered hardships, it was equal to every emergency, and in winning great victories, secured the highest standard of military merit, which is success. It was part of that patriotic host that fought for the preservation and perpetuation of the American Union.

The recollections of soldier life do not fade with time. We willingly weave the cypress with the laurel that enshrines the memory of the men of the Old Brigade. Their valor in action ever conspicuous, will never be forgotten, their last fight has been fought and before many years the last survivor will join his comrades in that eternal camping ground with a command higher than any they served with here.





BIOGRAPHICAL SKETCHES.



JOHN W. FULLER. Brevet Major General. Commanding Ohio. Brigade.

OUR BRIGADE COMMANDER. BREVET MAJOR-GENERAL JOHN W. FULLER.

By Oscar Sheppard, 27th Ohio Veteran Volunteer Infantry.

The service and achievements, whether glorious or otherwise, and the consequent record and reputation of a regiment or an army, depend not alone upon the character and quality of the men in the ranks, but are largely dependent upon whether they have been trained and led by brave and skillful officers. Misbehavior in the presence of the enemy, by an army or by any of its component parts, is seldom due so much to a lack of soldierly qualities in the men composing it, as to the want of one or more

of those particular qualities and characteristics on the part of their commander, so essential to success as a military officer in time of war. As the commanding officer is justly held responsible by his government for any failure on the part of his command to meet every reasonable requirement in times of stress, so is the commander entitled to share, in equal measure, in the renown which comes from having performed fully, bravely, and well every duty as soldiers, so that the splendid record of the Ohio Brigade and the honorable place it occupies in the history of our country is due in large measure to the fact that it was the good fortune of that organization to have for its commander a most thorough and accomplished officer,— a commander in whose skill, judgment, and bravery every man and officer in the Brigade had the utmost confidence.

But the repute of a soldier who has performed his whole duty, and performed it well, is too often dealt with by a formal report in which it is stated that he has been "brave," "gallant," or has conducted himself to the "perfect satisfaction of his commanding officer." These cheap and formal words are quickly forgotten and nothing remains. If, however, this volume shall tell, not of the mere conclusion that General Fuller acted his part bravely and well, but of the deeds from which that inference is drawn, the story, however simple, may dwell in the minds of the readers and be told by them to their children. If it shall show his manner of commanding men,—how he dealt with his regiments in camp, on the march, and in the hour of battle, and how he comported himself in times of severest trial, his true nature, with its strength and with its frailties, will have been so far brought to light that I may dispense with striving to portray it, and content myself with speaking of some of the mere outward and visible characteristics which were apparent to those of us in the ranks, across that chasm which separates the private soldier from his regimental or brigade commander, and leave it to the reader to ascend by the knowledge of what he did, to the knowledge of what he was.

General John W. Fuller was born in July, 1827 almost in the shadow of the great University of Cambridge in England. His father, who was a Baptist minister, came with his family to the United States in 1833 and for several years thereafter was pastor of Baptist churches at Petersborough and in Oneida County, New York, and from there he removed to Oglethorpe, Georgia, where he died.

During all of this time the son, John W. Fuller, was attending school at Florence, New York. In 1840 he secured a position as clerk in a bookstore in Utica, where for twenty years he continued as clerk and partner in the business. While a resident of Utica he was twice elected Treasurer of the City. He was at the head of the local military organization, which for proficiency in drill and soldierly qualities was distinguished through-

cut western New York, where Lieutenant Fuller was recognized as a skillful and accomplished tactician.

In 1851 he married Miss Anna Rathburn, daughter of Dr. Josiah Rathburn, a prominent citizen of Utica, who, with woman's devotion, faithfully guarded and guided the home and her little children while the husband and father was serving his country on the battle-field.

The firm of John W. Fuller & Co., of Utica, deciding to establish, at Toledo, Ohio, a branch publishing house, Lieutenant Fuller removed to that city in the Fall of 1858 and established the business under the firm name of Anderson & Co., and in conjunction with the Utica house, built up an extensive business, in the management of which he was engaged at the beginning of the War of the Rebellion.

His intimate knowledge of military affairs being known to General Charles W. Hill, he was selected by that officer as his chief of staff and went with him to Virginia, where for many weeks he was constantly engaged in drilling and instructing the raw regiments that were pouring to the front, and putting them in shape and condition to meet the enemy. While thus engaged he attracted the attention of officers of the regular army, one of whom, Captain (afterward General) T. J. Cram, wrote to Adjutant-General C. P. Buckingham that there was then at Grafton a young man from Ohio named John W. Fuller who knew more about the drilling of men and about military matters generally than any one else he had met with in the service, and hoped that General Buckingham would recommend him to the Governor of Ohio as a most suitable man for Colonel of the next regiment organized in that State. This recommendation was made, and thus it came about that the 27th Ohio secured this gallant and accomplished soldier for its Colonel.

In July, 1861, after the departure for the front of Colonel Fyffe's 26th Ohio Regiment, there were in Camp Chase some twenty-five or more companies and parts of companies from every part of the State as yet unorganized into regiments. From this two thousand or more men Colonel Fuller selected one thousand and organized the 27th Regiment. By this arrangement many of those who came to the camp at the head of companies which they had enlisted and of which they had expected to be captains, accepted positions as lieutenants and even sergeants. Perhaps no regiment from Ohio was composed of men from so many different sections of the State and although the Colonel was a stranger to all the men and the men were largely strangers to each other, the skill and industry of the Colonel quickly shaped and welded these thousand men into a compact and homogeneous body and it so continued through out the war. From the day he took command, squad, platoon, company or battalion drill

was our daily portion while in camp and the strictest military discipline was at once enjoined and fully enforced. Always scrupulously neat and genteel in his personal appearance and conduct, he required the same, so far as neatness was possible, on the part of his men. As regimental and brigade commander he was always solicitous for its comfort and welfare. The best uniforms, equipment, and rations obtainable were secured, and he gave to the selection, arrangement, and policing of camps his personal attention. He always took and freely expressed great pride in the good appearance and conduct of his command and was often complimented for this by his superior officers. I recall many instances of this. When the regiment reached St. Louis in August, 1861, it was formed on Chouteau Avenue in front of the headquarters of General Fremont, who walked with Col. Fuller through the ranks, and then in the presence and hearing of us all, warmly complimented him on the fine appearance and perfect condition of his regiment.

Two years later, when the Ohio Brigade was on the point of leaving Memphis, Tenn., where for some time it had been the garrison of the city, doing patrol and police duty, the following address was presented to the officers and men of the Brigade by the citizens of that City residing in the vicinity of our camp,—a copy of which, clipped from a Memphis paper of October 2, 1863, is still in my possession.

Memphis, Tenn., Oct. 1, 1863.

"We, the undersigned citizens of Memphis, residing in the vicinity of your camp, beg leave to tender to you and your command our heartfelt gratitude for your uniform courtesy and manly bearing toward us during your sojourn here.

"During that time we have made the personal acquaintance of many of you, both officers and men, for whom we shall ever cherish a most kindly remembrance, and rest assured that wherever you may go, wherever Fate may lead you, you carry with you our kindest regards. You have always, in the language of one of your great generals, 'Evinced a determination to punish disorder and wrong and to encourage honesty, order, and fair dealing, and that kindly sentiment among brothers, and even enemies, which can alone restore peace to us as a people.'

"Officers and soldiers, you are an honor to your cause and the government you represent. Such men are bound to make friends wherever they go. * * * * No despoiler of defenseless households will be known where you and men like you have the care and keeping of the public weal. Again we thank you, and in so doing we feel confident that we reflect the sentiment and feeling of our fellow citizens.

"With our best wishes for your future welfare and the expression of the hope that you may all soon return to the joys and pleasures that await you in your happy homes, we are, dear sirs, yours as much as possible.

"CITIZENS."

This certificate of soldierly character and conduct, coming as it did from those who regarded us as enemies and invaders, cannot be estimated as "self praise" or as a compliment from those entitled to appropriate a share of it to themselves. Nor were we entitled to it, if at all, because of any innate goodness on the part of the men of the brigade, but because of the lessons in military discipline and self-restraint so diligently taught us by our beloved commander.

Although General Fuller was a strict disciplinarian and was persistent and unrelenting in the enforcement of military rules and regulations, he so impressed upon his men the absolute necessity of it, for their own good, for their health, their efficiency and their preparedness to acquit themselves honorably in the hour of battle, that line officers and men responded enthusiastically to his demands and strove diligently and willingly to bring themselves to that degree of precision in drill and evolution for which they were distinguished throughout the Army of the Tennessee, and to which is attributable the fact that his brigade was never routed, never disorganized. It never failed in a charge and never yielded a position it was ordered to hold. It was because of this perfection of drill and training that General Fuller was enabled, at Corinth, on October 4th, to not only hold the position assigned him against the desperate and repeated assaults of Hebert's entire division, while the rest of the line was broken and swept back into Corinth, but to finally hurl back the shattered regiments of the assaulting column, and furnish the occasion for General Rosecrans to ride up to the Ohio Brigade, when the battle was over, and exclaim, "I take off my hat in the presence of men as brave as those around me," and ascribe to the brigade the credit of having by its steadiness and final charge, turned the wavering tide of battle into a decisive victory and given to the defense of Battery Robinett a place in history as one of the most sanguinary struggles of the war.

It was because of its good behavior in many previous emergencies that a portion of Fuller's brigade—the 27th and 39th regiments—was selected to make the desperate but entirely successful assault on the fortified position of the enemy at Ruff's Mills on July 4th, 1864, after General Mc-Pherson had expressed the opinion that the chances of success were almost too remote to warrant the attempt.

It was this same training and discipline which enabled General Fuller to change front and reform his lines on the great battle field of Atlanta on July 22nd, under circumstances and conditions so appalling as to warrant General Grenville M. Dodge, who witnessed it, to declare years afterward that the conduct of Fuller's command on that day in changing position and reforming its lines in open fields and under a terrific cross-fire, at short range, from both front and flank, had no parallel in history. In

the minds of the survivors of that day, the calm, musical, reassuring voice of General Fuller as he directed this reformation and his precautionary "Steady boys, steady," still linger, with the vividness, almost, of yesterday.

Looking backward through the forty-three years that have intervened since the curtain was rolled down on the closing scenes of that awful tragedy—the Civil War, we see again, as we saw then, events and circumstances now recorded in the annals of that climateric period of our country's history. We live over again those eventful days, mouths, and years in which we made history faster than the pen of the historian could record it, and from these visions of the past, from every event and experience, every scene and circumstance with which we are most proud to have been identified, the face, the figure and voice of our Commander are inseparable. Daily,—almost hourly, from the Summer of 1861 to the close of the war, he was with and one of us. In camp, on the march, and in battle, under all circumstances, vicissitudes and dangers incident to the life of a soldier at the front, he was always courteous, cheerful, hopeful, resourceful, and enthusiastic in the performance of duty. His patriotic ardor and earnestness never wavering nor waning, and he so inspired those under him and about him with the same spirit, that the survivors of his brigade almost unanimously re-enlisted in the field.

These are some of the qualities and characteristics of the man whose guiding hand, shaped our course and conduct throughout those four most eventful years of our lives, as they impressed themselves upon a boyish mind and as seen through boyish eyes, but of one whose opportunities to observe them were almost daily.

The pride and satisfaction with which we look back over the services and achievements of the old Army of the Tennessee and contemplate the part we took therein, the manner in which we performed every duty assigned us, assumed every obligation imposed upon us, and met every emergency with which we were confronted, are, in a large measure, due to the skill and almost paternal care with which we were trained, and the courage and precision with which we were led by the man of whom I have briefly tried to tell.

At the close of the war, when the Confederate armies had all surrendered and the authority of our Government had been re-established over all our territory, General Fuller doffed his uniform and returned to his home in Toledo to take up again the quiet, peaceful life of a business man. As the head of the firm of Fuller, Childs & Company, engaged in the wholesale boot and shoe business, he was actively engaged until shortly before his death, which occurred on March 12th, 1891.

His body now lies in beautiful Woodlawn Cemetery, to which it was

escorted by the military organizations of Toledo and followed by ex-President Hayes and a vast concourse of citizens from north-western Ohio. At his grave, we mingle our tears with those of his widow and children and share with them in the love and esteem in which we hold sacred the memory of General John W. Fuller.

West Alexandria, Ohio, April 4, 1908.



MAJOR GEN. GRENVILLE M. DODGE. 16th A. C., 1904.

MAJOR-GENERAL GRENVILLE M. DODGE. COMMANDER OF THE LEFT WING SEVENTEENTH ARMY CORPS.

Revised by Major Charles H. Smith, Twenty-seventh Ohio Veteran Infantry Volunteers.

Major-General Grenville M. Dodge was an able and distinguished soldier. The government recognized his military ability, his constant honor, his fearless conduct and stainless reputation, and gave him high command. He was close in the councils of President Lincoln, Generals U. S. Grant, W. T. Sherman, J. B. McPherson and other great leaders during the war, and was an especial favorite with them on account of his knowledge and work in bridge making and railway construction, amid difficulties and dangers, which proved so valuable in bringing campaigns to a successful termination.

General Dodge was born in Danvers, Massachusetts, in the 12th of April, 1831. The family is of English ancestry who joined the Plymouth colony in 1629. At the age of fourteen, General Dodge entered the Academy at Durham, New Hampshire, and the following year, went to the Norwich University of Vermont, a military college, and graduated as a civil and military engineer with the class of 1850.

He first attained distinction in engineering part of the Illinois Central Railroad and in building the Rock Island Railroad. While thus engaged, he prophesied the building of, and to some extent outlined the route of the first transcontinental railroad, a work with which he was later so closely and prominently connected. Between the years 1853 and 1861, he explored the country west of the Missouri River and examined the Rocky Mountains from north to south, to find the best place to cross with a railroad. He formulated and explained in letters, the route which was afterward selected.

In 1854, General Dodge became a resident of Council Bluffs, Iowa, where he engaged in banking and other business. He organized the Council Bluffs Guards and was made its Captain. At the outbreak of hostilities, he tendered his command and his services to the state government. He was sent by Governor Kirkwood to Washington, D. C. to arrange for the equipment of the Iowa troops. He was successful in this and his worth being instantly recognized by the War Department, he was offered a commission as Captain in the Regular Army, but was immediately commissioned a Colonel by Governor Kirkwood. He organized the Fourth Iowa Infantry and also recruited the Dodge Battery and within two weeks led his command against the rebels in northern Missouri, where he put to flight the Guerillas and forced the rebel Colonel Pointdexter to retreat.

In the Southwest Campaign, he commanded the First Brigade. At the battle of Pea Ridge, his brigade saved Curtis' Army from disaster, although he was wounded and had three horses killed, while the fourth was wounded under him. He was under fire three days and remained at his post until the battle was brought to a close. He lost one fourth of his entire command. His services immediately won recognition in promotion to Brigadier-General, and when he had recovered from his wounds, he was assigned to duty at Columbus, Kentucky, in command of the Central Division of the Army of the Tennessee.

On the 15th of November, 1862, General Grant appointed General Dodge to command the Second Division of the Army of the Tennessee, and soon after the District of Corinth, a position which required him to discharge the duties of engineer, railroad manager, chief of the corps of observation, and so forth, and at the same time Grant's Army at Corinth and Rosecrans' Army at Chattanooga, relied upon him for information as

to the movements of the enemy. He built all railroads needed in his department and destroyed those that could be of use to the enemy.

It was here in Corinth on the 9th of January, 1863 that Fuller's Ohio Brigade became a part of General Dodge's Command. They had arrived in Corinth after the battle of Parkers Cross Roads and after the pursuit of Forrest's Forces, which included a continuous march of one hundred and ten miles. The men were worn out, many were barefooted and half starved, and notwithstanding the fact that the garrison at Corinth was on half rations, owing to the interruption of railroad supplies, General Dodge put Fuller's Ohio Brigade on full rations and furnished them with new clothing. Never were men more grateful and from that time on, gave their hearts and devotion to General Dodge, and their faith was rewarded in all the subsequent campaigns and brilliant battles by his constant care and vigilance and by the uninterrupted victories they gained over the enemy. Many times the soldiers saw General Dodge walking the lines of investment, giving orders, looking after every detail and encouraging the men by his words and example.

On August 19th, 1864, near the close of the Atlanta Campaign, General Dodge was so severely wounded, that he was obliged to relinquish his command of the left wing of the 16th Army Corps. On the restoration of his health, he was assigned in November, to the command of the Department of the Missouri, and he proceeded at once to restore order. He quelled a general Indian outbreak, and in Arkansas, General Jeff Thompson with eight thousand men surrendered to him.

For a year after the war, his command included all the Indian country west of the Missouri River and north of the Indian Territory, and he was in command of the Indian campaigns reaching from the Arkansas to the Yellowstone Rivers. He resigned July 30th, 1866 and was elected on the Republican ticket to represent his district in Congress, still continuing his work as Chief Engineer of the Union Pacific Railroad, in which he used his best energies. He continued building railroads until 1874 when he went abroad, and his advice was sought in building the great Russian Trans-continental line through Siberia.

General Dodge stands today among the great men of the nation by reason of the fact that his life has been one of signal usefulness to his fellowmen.



MAJOR GEN, DAVID S. STANLEY.

MAJOR-GENERAL DAVID S. STANLEY.

By Major Charles H. Smith.

David S. Stanley was born in Wayne County, Ohio, on the 1st of June, 1828. In 1848 he was appointed a cadet at West Point and in 1852 he graduated and was assigned as Second-Lieutenant to the Second Dragoons. The next year he was employed as assistant on the survey of the Pacific Railroad Route and in this service he remained for two years. In 1855, he was transferred to the First Cavalry of which Summer was Colonel, Joe Johnston, Lieutenant-Colonel and Sedgwick, Major. He was engaged in maintaining the peace in Kansas until the spring of 1857, accompanying Colonel Summer on an expedition against the Cheyenne Indians. He was engaged in a sharp fight on Solomon's Fork of the Kansas. In 1858 he was engaged in the Utah expedition and crossed the plains to the northern boundary of Texas. In March, 1858, he had a

successful fight with the Comanche Indians, for which he received complimentary orders from Lieutenant-General Scott.

He was stationed at Fort Smith, Arkansas, at the opening of the rebellion. He was appointed Captain in the Fourth United States Cavalry, in March, 1861. The troops at Fort Smith and neighboring posts being compelled to evacuate, they united in one column and marched through the buffalo country to Fort Leavenworth, Kansas. On the 8th of May, they captured and parolled a force of rebels sent in pursuit of them. He moved on an expedition to Springfield and joined General Lyon at Grand River.

Captain Stanley was appointed Brigadier-General of volunteers in November, 1861. He was ordered to St. Louis and during the winter of 1861-2, he moved with Pope's Army down the Mississippi and commanded the Second Division of that Army of which Fuller's Ohio Brigade was a part at New Madrid and Island Ten. He participated in the Fort Pillow expedition, and on the 22nd of April joined General Halleck's Army before Corinth. He was engaged in a skirmish at Monteray, in the battle of Farmington and in the repulse of the rebels before Corinth, May 28th. The rebels evacuated Corinth on the 29th, and General Stanley was engaged in the pursuit to Booneville. During the months of June, July, and August, he was in command of the troops on the Memphis and Charleston Railroad. In the battle of Iuka he commanded one of Rosecran's two Divisions and was especially commended in the official report. In the battle of Corinth, October 4th, his Division lost many valuable officers and men. It sustained the terrible attack of the enemy on batteries Williams and Robinett.

General Stanley joined the Army of the Tennessee under General Grant at Grand Junction, in October; but in November, he was relieved from duty there, and was ordered to report to General Rosecrans, commanding the Army of the Cumberland, who assigned him to the command of the Cavalry of that army. On the 21st of November he was made Major-General of volunteers. He commanded the cavalry at the battle of Stone River. In this engagement the duty of the cavalry was very arduous. From the 26th of December until the 4th of January, 1863, the saddles were only removed to groom the horses, and then they were immediately replaced. After the battle of Chickamauga, he was assigned to the command of the First Division, Fourth Army Corps. General Stanley was in the Atlanta campaign, under Sherman, from May 2nd to August 25th. He commanded the Fourth Corps by appointment of the President, from July, 1864, until the close of the war. He marched the Fourth Corps to Chattanooga and thence to Pulaski, confronting Hood's Army which was then threatening Nashville and middle Tennessee. At the battle of Franklin, General Stanley came upon the field just as a portion of the National line was captured by the rebels. His timely arrival diverted disaster; and placing himself at the head of a brigade, he led a charge, which re-established the line. The soldiers followed him with enthusiasm, calling out, "Come on, men; we can go wherever the General can." Just after retaking the line, and while passing toward the left, the General's horse was killed; and no sooner did the General regain his feet, than he was struck by a musket ball in the back of the neck. But he still remained on the field. This wound disabled him from further service until January 24th, 1865, when he was placed on duty in East Tennessee. In July, he moved with the Fourth Corps to Texas. The authorities at Washington rewarded General Stanley with a Major-Generalship in the United States Army.

General Stanley was cool and brave in battle. He enjoyed to the fullest extent the confidence of his superior officers and of the soldiers under his command. He was a thorough disciplinarian, and aided by such a careful instructor as General Fuller, the troops were drilled constantly during the months of June, July and August, 1862. Under their immediate supervision and training, the men were brought to the highest point of military perfection. It was their superb precision in military movements, their fighting and staying qualities during the battles of Iuka and Corinth, Mississippi, during the months of September and October, which led General Stanley to exclaim: "These troops can never be beaten in battle."

General Stanley died in Washington, D. C., March 13th, 1902.



COL, MENDEL CHURCHILL, 27th O. V. V. 1. Brevet Brig. Gen. U. S. V.

BREVET-BRIGADIER-GENERAL MENDAL CHURCHILL.

By Captain John A. Evans, Company E, Twenty-seventh Ohio Regiment Ohio Veteran Volunteer Infantry.

Brevet-Brigadier-General Mendal Churchill was born in Rome township, Lawrence County, Ohio, on July 23rd, 1829. His father Solomon Churchill was a native of Plymouth, Massachusetts, where his family had lived since 1643, when John Churchill came from England, to that colony. His mother Mary Pritchard, born near West Point in New York, was a daughter of a Connecticut Revolutionary soldier. Her husband died, leaving her with six small children on a farm in Lawrence County, Ohio. Mendal attended the country school, and for two terms, an academy at Burlington, the old county seat.

In his boyhood, he was employed in a country store. In 1850, he accepted a position at Keystone furnace, Ohio, and began a business that

after 1865, became his life work. In July 1861, he organized Company E of the Twenty-seventh Ohio Volunteers and was mustered into service as Captain, August 6th, 1861. He was promoted to Major, November 2nd, 1862, to Lieutenant-Colonel, March 19th, 1864, and to Colonel of the same regiment, June 27th, 1864. He was honorably discharged on the expiration of more than three years' service, September 15th, 1864. He participated with his regiment in the long and difficult campaigns and marches in General Fremont's army which drove the enemy from Missouri in 1861, and in the subsequent march from Sedalia to St. Louis, enduring the cold and the snows of winter. He rendered gallant service at the capture of the strongly fortified positions of New Madrid and Island Ten and at the siege of Corinth, the battle of Inka and Corinth. He commanded his regiment in person at Resaca, Dallas, Kenesaw Mountain, in the assault and capture of the enemies' works at Nick-o-Jack and at Atlanta.

Colonel Mendal Churchill was conspicuous for courage, efficiency and ability. For success and efficient conduct at the battle of Atlanta, he was brevetted Brigadier-General of Volunteers. It was his fortune to serve with the regiment in ten different states. He was wounded at the battle of Atlanta, July 22nd, 1864, and was carried off the field, but returned and resumed command of his regiment before the battle was over.

General Churchill was brave and courageous in battle, loyal and pure in character, of calm demeanor but yet of decided opinion, a man of perseverance. During his service, he commanded the respect not only of his brother officers but of the entire regiment.

In January, 1866, he removed to Zanesville, where he made his future home. He was President of the Ohio Iron Company and the Blandy Machine Company, was Vice President and director of the Bellaire, Zanesville and Cincinnati Railway, and a director of the Somerset and Straitsville Railway, of the Union Bank and of the Brown Manufacturing Company: He was chosen Presidential Elector in 1880 and delegate to the Republican National Convention in 1888. He served four years as one of the managers of the Ohio Penetentiary.

On November 28th, 1861, he was married to Mary C. Loughry, who died January 15th, 1886. General Churchill retired from business in 1891 and for some years travelled extensively. That year, he made a trip around the world, landing at Vancouver, British Columbia, and passed the winter of 1892 on the Pacific Coast.

In 1893-4 he visited the West Indies and in 1894-5, Hawaii. Soon afterward, he removed to Coronado Beach, California, where he resided in his beautiful home by the sea. Friends gathered around him, many of them distinguished Union and confederate soldiers, who, having full under-

standing of the principles involved in the war, intelligently fought their battles over again. On the afternoon of October 22nd, 1902, he fell unconscious and death almost immediately followed. Upon his casket lay his sword and sabre with flowers sent by companions of the Military Order, of the Loyal Legion of which he was a member. On the last day of October, he was buried in Woodlawn Cemetery, Zanesville, Ohio.

BREVET BRIGADIER GENERAL SAMUEL THOMAS.

Twenty-seventh Ohio Veteran Volunteer Infantry.

General Samuel Thomas, capitalist and war veteran, died of heart disease, at his home, in the city of New York, survived by two sons and a daughter, E. R. Thomas, H. E. Thomas and Mrs. Livingston Beekman.

General Thomas was born at South Point, Lawrence-co, Ohio, Sept. 27, 1840. His parents were of Virginia stock and among the early settlers between the Kanawha and Ohio rivers. Thomas waas educated at Marietta, O., and until 1861, was employed by the Keystone Iron Co. as a clerk. At the outbreak of the civil war he entered the union army and during his four years' service performed many conspicuous deeds, which resulted in rapid promotion from second lieutenancy in the 27th Ohio volunteers to brevet brigadier.

After the war he was assistant commissioner for Mississippi and later an adjutant general on the staff of General O. O. Howard, being mustered out of the service in 1867. He then devoted himself to coal and iron interests in the Hocking Valley, and was president of the East Tennessee, Virginia, Georgia and other railroads; later serving as president of the Louisville, New Albany & Chicago railroad, and of the Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic. He was identified with many other railroads in the country as director and with many industrial corporations. He was also prominent in New York club life. He died January 12th, 1903.



CHARLES H. SMITH, CO. A 5th OHIO INFANTRY.
In Uniform Cleveland Light Guard Zouave.
April 17th, 1861.

MAJOR CHARLES H. SMITH.

Twenty-seventh Ohio Veteran Volunteer Infantry.

Charles H. Smith is a native of Massachusetts, and was born in Taunton, November 23rd, 1837. His great grandparents, Samuel and Elizabeth Smith and his grandfather George Smith who married Ann Goodman, and who was for some years officiating clergyman at Chilvers Coton Chapel and his father Thomas Smith who married Ann Clark, and who was by profession a teacher of music, were natives of Warwickshire, England. In the maternal line, he also comes of English lineage. His grandfather John Clark and his wife Mary Wilson were natives of Warwickshire. Charles' parents came to the United States in 1830 and settled in Taunton, Massachusetts. Charles moved with his parents to Fall River, Massachusetts in 1845 and to Jamestown, New York in 1850. He settled in Cleveland, Ohio, in 1856 and engaged in the furniture business. His educa-

tion was obtained in public and private schools. He became a member of the local literary societies and a student at law, graduating from the Ohio State and Law College at the April term, 1871.

His first enlistment into the army was in Company A of the Seventh Ohio Infantry, composed of the Cleveland Light Guard Zouave Military Company and other volunteers, on April 17th, 1861 at the first call for troops by President Lincoln. He accompanied the regiment to Camp Taylor, Cleveland, Ohio, and to Camp Dennison, near Cincinnati, where he received thorough instruction in the school of a soldier.

On the re-organization of the Seventh Regiment all three months' men were given a furlough. The following is a copy:

"CAMP DENNISON, OHIO, JUNE 13TH, 1861.

"Private Charles H. Smith of Company A, Seventh Regiment, Second Brigade, Ohio Volunteers, in the three month's service, under the requisition, of the President of the United States, has honorable leave of absence, to go to his home and there remain until regularly mustered out of the service, or until he receives further orders.

"E. B. Tyler, Colonel commanding Seventh Regiment."

In July, 1861, he assisted in recruiting a company of men in Cleveland, Ohio, for three years service. The organization was ordered by Governor Dennison to Camp Chase, Columbus, Ohio, and assigned as Company G of the Twenty-seventh Ohio Regiment of Infantry. He was appointed Sergeant, July 27th, 1861; Orderly Sergeant, May 12th, 1862; commissioned Second Lieutenant, November 2nd, 1862. The last named promotion was for meritorious conduct at the battle of Corinth, Mississippi, October 4th, 1862, in leading a charge in which the Ninth Texas battle flag and Color Guard were captured. He was assigned to Company B by Major Mendal Churchill's special order number 196; commissioned First Lieutenant, May 9th, 1864, and assigned to Company A; promoted to Captain, November 3rd, 1864 and assigned to Company K; promoted to Major, May 3rd, 1865. He took part in all campaigns in which the regiment was engaged and was in command of its skirmish line in nearly every battle, and was never disabled by wounds during his four years and three months of continuous service.

By special order number 24, on April 25th, 1864, Brigadier-General J. C. Veatch, commanding the Fourth Division, Sixteenth Army Corps, he was appointed on a board of survey to determine and fix the amount and responsibility of loss of certain ordinance stores. By special order number 44, May 10th, 1864, General Veatch, commanding, he was ap-

pointed Assistant Commissary of Subsistence, and was relieved from that duty to receive promotion.

On September 6th, 1864, by special order of Samuel Ross, commanding the post at Marietta, Georgia, he was sent to Atlanta, to procure negroes to work on the fortifications and in the department.

He was appointed by Major-General J. A. Mower (special order number 53) November 9th, 1864, on a Board of Survey, for the purpose of examining upon the loss of certain camp and garrison equipage, for which J. C. Denise, Surgeon of the Twenty-seventh Ohio Veteran Volunteer Infantry was responsible. Again, by special order number 179, December 30th, 1864, he was appointed on a Board of Survey to report upon the condition of certain hospital blankets for which Acting Staff Surgeon J. M. Cook was responsible.

He was appointed by Major-General J. A. Mower's special order number 179, January 9th, 1865, a member of a General Court Martial for the trial of prisoners.

He was appointed by Brigadier-General M. F. Force (special order number 77) April 9th, 1865, a member of a General Court Martial, and again by special order number 11, on May 28th, 1865.

These Courts Martial were held at times when the troops were at rest and when the army resumed operations, each officer of the court rejoined his command.

Major Smith was mustered out with his regiment after the close of the war, on July 11th, at Louisville, Kentucky, and discharged at Camp Chase, Ohio, July 20th, 1865.

Major Smith's five brothers were sailors and soldiers—a remarkable instance in one family of patriotic devotion to their country. They were John C. Smith, served in the U. S. merchant marine—was lost on a vessel that toundered in the Atlantic ocean; Private Thomas Smith, Twenty-seventh Ohio Infantry; Captain George C. Smith, Eighty-first New York Infantry; Lieutenant Joseph C. Smith, One Hundred and Twelfth New York Infantry, wounded at Cold Harbor, Virginia, in June, 1864, and Sergeant Robert F. Smith, Forty-ninth New York, wounded in the Battle of the Wilderness, Virginia.

Major Smith was married in Cleveland, Ohio, November 26th, 1868, to Louisa M. Johnson, daughter of Colonel Luke Dewey Johnson and Lucinda Ely, his wife. Their children are Mrs. Mildred Lovisa Coulton, Ely Clark (deceased), Mrs. Nina Louise Dodd and Edith Roberta. Since the war, he has been engaged in business as a merchant and banker. He is a member of the Loyal Legion, the Society of the Army of the Tennessee, the Grand Army of the Republic, is life President of Fuller's Ohio Brigade and a thirty-second degree Mason.

CAPTAIN CHARLES WILLIAM GREENE.

Twenty-Seventh Ohio Veteran Vounteer Infantry.

Captain Charles William Greene, of the Twenty-seventh Ohio veteran Volunteer Infantry, died August 29th, '90.

Captain Greene was born a few miles above Ironton, in Lawrence Co., Ohio, March 20th, 1841 and spent his boyhood and early manhood in Southern Ohio. In July, 1861, he enlisted as a private in Co. E. 27th regiment Ohio Volunteer Infantry; was elected 2nd Lieutenant, when the company was mustered, promoted to 1st Lieutenant, March 27, 1862 and to Captain Nov. 2nd, 1862. He served with his regiment with credit in Missouri, Tennessee, Mississippi, Alabama and Georgia, was twice wounded, being struck with a fragment of a shell in the battle of Corinth, Miss., October 4th, 1862 and shot through the foot at Dallas, Ga., May 30th, 1864. The latter wound disabled him for further service, lamed him for life, and he was honorably discharged September 1st, 1864.

He was manager of Keystone Furnace in Jackson Co., Ohio, from 1866 to 1872 and came to Zanesville the latter year and was afterward connected with the management of this Company to the time of his death, though unable to participate actively for the past two years because of failing health.

He was married to Miss Isabel Blocksom in Zanesville, January 20th, 1876; she died January 27th, 1887, leaving two children who still survive.

Captain Greene united with the Presbyterian Church in early life and was a consistent Christian; a brave and capable soldier upon whose army record there was never stain or blemish and as a business man, citizen and neighbor he was universally esteemed and respected for his manhood, sterling worth, integrity and high character.



COL. JOHN GROSBECK. 39th O. V. V. I.

COLONEL JOHN GROESBECK.

By Captain Ethan O. Hurd, Comfany B, Thirty-ninth Ohio Regiment Veteran Volunteer Infantry.

Colonel John Groesbeck was the first Commander of the Thirty-ninth Ohio Volunteer Infantry.

His own prominence gave it standing at once and it was called "The Groesbeck Regiment."

A man of magnificent physique, a fine swordsman, his thorough gentlemanliness, dignity, geniality, keen sense of humor and bravery made him beloved by his men.

Under fire at New Madrid and at the Siege of Corinth he rode around on his grand bay horse with cannon balls and shells whistling by without ever making the slightest effort to shield himself from them by taking advantage of the ground, or showing the slightest consciousness of them. As senior officer of the four regiments, the Twenty-seventh, Thirty-ninth, Forty-third and Sixty-third, forming the Ohio Brigade, its command was from its formation thrust upon him, and had he remained in the service he would undoubtedly have been appointed a Brigadier-general.

He resigned in July, 1862, after one year of service, in order, as he told the writer, to make room for the promotion of his Major, E. F. Noyes to the Colonelcy of the regiment.

On his return to Cincinnati he was nominated for Congress on the Republican ticket, against the Honorable George H. Pendleton on the Democratic side.

Before the close of the war he was married to Miss Genevieve Wilson, but his life was saddened by her early death in 1865.

For many years he resided in New York City until his death there in 1879. His remains were brought to Cincinnati and interred by the side of his wife in our beautiful Spring Grove Cemetery.

He left an only child, a daughter, who married George Hoadly, Jr., son of ex-Governor Hoadly of Ohio.



COL. EDWARD F. NOYES, 39TH O. V. V. 1.

Brevet Brigadier General.

Governor of Ohio.

BREVET BRIGADIER GENERAL EDWARD F. NOYES.

Thirty-ninth Ohio Veteran Volunteer Infantry.

FROM "OHIO IN THE WAR," REVISED BY CAPTAIN W. H. H. MINTURN.

Edward Follensbee Noyes was born at Haverhill, Massachusetts, October 3, 1832. His parents died in his infancy and at the age of thirteen years, he was apprenticed as a printer boy. In this position he remained four and one-half years. He entered Dartmouth College in 1853, and graduated four years afterward. He immediately removed to Cincinnati and studied law, graduating in the Cincinnati Law School in 1858. He practiced law successfully until the breaking out of the rebellion. On July 8th, 1861, his law office was changed to recruiting headquarters, and in less than a month a full regiment was raised and ready for the field. Of

this regiment (the Thirty-ninth Ohio Infantry) he was commissioned Major to rank from July 27th, 1861. He continued with the command during all its marches in Missouri, and under General Pope during the advance upon and final capture of New Madrid and Island Ten. He took part in all the skirmishes and engagements of General Halleck's left wing in front of Corinth, and on the heights of Farmington. Upon the resignation of Colonel Groesbeck, he was commissioned Lieutenant-Colonel on July 8th, 1862, and in this rank took part under General Rosecrans in the battle of Iuka, September 19, 1862, and in the bloody engagements at Corinth October 3rd and 4th. On the 1st of October, 1862, he was commissioned Colonel, and in December following, he commanded the regiment in the battle of Parker's Cross Roads, where General Forrest and the rebel forces were defeated with great loss. From this time until the beginning of the Atlanta campaign he commanded his regiment in its various movements and its garrison duty at Corinth and Memphis, and in its bridgebuilding on the railroad in middle Tennessee.

While engaged in this latter duty at Prospect, Tennessee, Colonel Noves with quick perception of its necessity, threw the whole weight of his influence into the work of re-enlisting his regiment. He fully aroused the spirit of his excellent regiment, and as a result the Thirty-ninth Ohio gave to the country a much larger number of veterans than any other Ohio regiment. His zeal had its effect also on other officers in the command, and was doubtless instrumental in rendering the veteran movement so popular in General Dodge's district. In the Atlanta Campaign, he took part until July 4th, 1864, being at the engagement of Resaca, Dallas and Kenesaw Mountain. On the 4th of July, while in command of an assault on the enemy's works near Ruff's Mills, on Nick-o-jack Creek, he received a wound which resulted in the loss of a leg. This compelled him to relinquish for the first time his active connection with his command. After having partially recovered from two amputations, and while yet on crutches, he reported for duty to General Hooker, and was by him assigned to the command at Camp Dennison, where he remained until April 22nd, 1865, when he resigned to accept the position of attorney (city solicitor) for the city of Cincinnati. In October, 1866, he was elected Probate Judge of Hamilton County on the Republican ticket. That he had the love and respect of his men is evident from the fact already stated that he induced so many of them to re-enlist. He enjoyed the confidence of his superior officers, as is shown by the warm recommendations he received for promotion from Generals John Pope, W. S. Rosecrans, D. S. Stanley, G. M. Dodge, and W. T. Sherman. The latter says: "I was close by when Colonel Noyes was shot. We were pressing Johnston's Army back from Marietta when he made a stand at Smyrna camp ground, and I ordered his position to be

attacked, by the 27th and 39th Ohio Regiments. It was done successfully with some loss. Colonel Noyes fully merits his honorable title." Colonel Noyes was a strict disciplinarian, and it was said of him that he in some way managed to have a greater number of men "present for duty" than any other equal regiment in the command. Yet he was impartial and uniformly kind to all who were disposed to do their duty. While he insisted upon being implicitly obeyed by his subordinates, he was always ready to obey without questioning the commands of his superiors, and he had the satisfaction of knowing, when the war was over, that his regiment never turned their backs to the enemy in any battle or skirmish from first to last.

Having been recommended for promotion to the full rank of Brigadier-General before he was wounded, he received, after he was disabled for active service, a commission as Brevet Brigadier-General, to date from March 13, 1865.

General Noyes' career after leaving the Army was conspicuous and brilliant and his fellow citizens freely bestowed great honors upon him. Besides the offices above mentioned which he had held, he was, in 1871, made Governor of the State of Ohio and in 1877 was appointed to represent the United States as Minister Plenipotentiary and Envoy Extraordinary to the government of France. The same magnetism which had drawn men to him in his own country, now brought friends to his side in France. Marshall, McMahon, Lafayette, Rochambeau, Leon Say and Gambretta received him with cordiality and regarded him as a friend and a great soldier. On his return to Cincinnati after four years in Paris, he resumed the practice of law, until his neighbors, delighting again to do him honor, chose him to serve as Judge of the Supreme Court and it was while serving upon this bench, that the country was startled by the news of his sudden death which occurred September 4th, 1890.

COLONEL DANIEL WEBER.

Thirty-ninth Veteran Volunteer Infantry.

BORN, LANCASTER, PA, DECEMBER 13, 1833. DIED, CINCINNATI, O., OCTOBER 7, 1892.

Daniel Weber came to Ohio in early childhood, and lived in Cincinnati at the time of the breaking out of the War of the Rebellion. He enlisted as a private soldier in Co. D. of the 39th Ohio Infantry. He was made Orderly Sergeant of the company, and was elected Second Lieutenant before the regiment took the field. Exhibiting unusual capacity for military life, he was soon promoted to be Adjutant of the regiment. The date of his commission was March 25, 1862; and on the 2d of March, 1864, he was commissioned Captain of Co. I. On January 11, 1865, he was made Major. February 10, 1865, he was commissioned as Lieutenant-Colonel; and in May 1865, was commissioned and mustered as Colonel of the regiment. He served as Colonel until the regiment was finally mustered out of the service. He was justly considered one of the best soldiers in the old Army of the Tennessee. He had the entire confidence of his commanding officers, Sherman, Logan, Pope, Stanley, Dodge, and Fuller, under whom he served in Missouri, at New Madrid, at Island No. 10, Corinth, all the battles of the Atlanta Campaign, during Sherman's March to the Sea, and in the many engagements in which the Army of the Tennessee took part. In all of these he bore himself with distinguished gallantry and efficiency.

After the close of the rebellion he was appointed Deputy Surveyor of the Customs at the port of Cincinnati. He was Clerk of the Probate Court of Hamilton County while E. F. Noyes was Judge, and was afterward elected as Sheriff of Hamilton County. In all of these positions he acquitted himself to the entire satisfaction of the community. In later years he was actively engaged as a live stock commission dealer at the Cincinnati Stock Yards, in the firm of Weber, Loper & Co., which did a large and successful business. He was also appointed as Quartermaster-general of the State of Ohio, with the rank of Brigadier-General, upon the staff of Governor E. F. Noyes. He was one of the Police Commissioners of Cincinnati at the time of the railroad riots in 1887, and rendered most efficient service in the preservation of law and order.

As a soldier there was none in the army more patriotic, brave, and efficient. As a business man he had the respect and confidence of all his associates. His integrity was beyond the reach of temptation. As a friend

he was loyal and true, and there was no labor, risk or sacrifice which he was not ready to undertake for those whom he loved.

He had four children, all of whom died before him. A widow mourns his loss. His old comrades of the army, his business associates, and a wide circle of other friends, will sadly miss the presence of one who walked uprightly among his fellowmen, and who was honorable and lovable in all the relations of life.

W. H. H. MINTURN.

Thirty-Ninth Veteran Volunteer Infantry.

W. H. H. Minturn was Lorn at Nelsonville, Ohio, February 25th, 1840. He enlisted as a private in Company B, Twenty-second Ohio Volunteer Infantry, April 21st, 1861, under Lincoln's first call for three month's volunteers. After his promotion to second Sergeant, he was honorably mustered out on August 19th, but enlisted again in the Thirty-ninth Ohio Volunteer Infantry.

His knowledge of the drill and reports gained in three month's service made him very useful in the Thirty-ninth, and after a year's service in the ranks, he was promoted to Quarter-master-Sergeant, to Second Lieutenant, and to Captain. He re-enlisted with his company as a veteran, serving, in all, four years, two months and nineteen days.

He was never absent from the regiment when it was in an active campaign, and never missed a march nor a battle. Though twice captured by the enemy, on both occasions, he made his escape at the risk of his lite.

He joined Post number 2 at Zanesville, in 1866, and later, the Phil. Kearney Post at Nelsonville. He was a charter member of Columbus Golden Post and in 1883, on his removal to Cincinnati, he joined W. H. Lytle Post, of which he was Adjutant for three years. Upon moving to New Lexington, he joined John W. Fowler Post, and was elected Commander in which position he served two terms.

He organized the Perry County Battalion of the Grand Army, and was elected Colonel, two terms. He organized the Perry County Soldier's and Sailor's Association of which he was twice elected President. He served as an aid to Commander-in-chief Alger and accompanied him to Boston in 1890. He served Department Commander Conger as an assistant inspector on his staff.

Captain Minturn has the welfare of his comrades at heart and no man in Ohio has given more of his time, nor, according to his ability, more help to the old soldiers. He is lawyer of ability and none stands higher at this bar; he is a Christian gentlman, a man of intelligence and education and as an orator and public speaker, he has no superior in the country.



COLONEL JOSEPH L. KIRBY SMITH.

COLONEL JOSEPH L. KIRBY SMITH.

By James E. Graham, Company C., Forty-third Ohio Veteran Volunteer Infantry.

Joseph L. Kirby Smith was of New England origin. His grandfather Joseph L. Smith was a lawyer in Lichfield, Connecticut, served as a Major in the War of 1812, and was promoted to Colonel. Afterward he became United States Judge. His son, Ephraim K. Smith, the father of Joseph L. Kirby was a Captain in the United States Army and was killed at the battle of Molino-del-Ray, in Mexico. Another relative was the distinguished Edmond K. Smith of the Confederate Army.

Joseph L. Kirby Smith was born at Syracuse, New York, on the 25th of July, 1836. He entered the academy at West Point in 1853, and remained in the army from that time until the day of his death. In 1860, he accompanied the Utah expedition as Aid-de-camp to General Patterson.

He was commissioned as Colonel of the Forty-third Regiment of Ohio Infantry Volunteers, on the 28th day of September, 1861, and at once entered into the work of organizing and disciplining the men who were being recruited for the command. The first two or three companies went into barracks at Camp Chase near Columbus, but on the 5th day of November, 1861, they removed to what was afterwards known as Camp Andrews at Mount Vernon, Ohio. Here the organization was completed and no regiment ever received more thorough training in the arts of the soldier than this peerless commander gave the men he commanded.

On the night of the 21st day of February, 1862, J. L. Kirby Smith rode at the head of what was admitted to be one of the best, if not the best equipped and drilled regiments that ever left the State of Ohio. He was continually with his command until that fatal never-to-be-forgotten 4th day of October, 1862, when he led his command into the sanguinary contest He only lamented that we was kept so long without an opportunity to lead his men into a hotly contested battle. That he was loved and trusted by the men he commanded, was most eloquently shown when the word passed along the line that he was killed, by the diamond tear-drops that coursed down every cheek. Although he was only twenty-six years old when he died, and had been permitted to serve but eight months in the Volunteer Army, he had rendered such signal service by his prowess and valor at New Madrid, Island Ten, advance on Corinth and Iuka, and had shown such superior qualities as a superb soldier that he was looked upon by his superiors as one who was sure to reach the highest rank of a Commander.

He was a master of tactics, a prince of a disciplinarian, as brave as the bravest, with a heart as tender as a woman. The true soldier of the line found in him an unswerving friend, while the laggard had better have been in some other place.

The writer hereof was only a Private in the ranks, and the first time I saw Col. Smith was on the 5th day of November, when he rode at the head of the nucleus of his regiment, and he then so impressed me that he became my Beau-ideal of a soldier and has so remained until now. Col. Smith was a Christian without cant, a soldier without ostentation. The brightest gem in his life was his child-like devotion to his mother, which the writer had the pleasure of seeing exhibited on several occasions. Her word was as law unto him. There was a beauty in his daily life that won not only the esteem and admiration of those who came in contact with him. but their love. One who knew him well and intimately, has said of him, he was cheerful, religious, faithful, sincere, frank, brave, affectionate, and dutiful. Having been reared most of his life amidst the scenes of the military camp, and then in the military school, he fully appreciated both the propriety and necessity of obedience, that dominating attribute which must control every true soldier, this qualification he possessed, seldom equalled and never excelled, and one of the greatest efforts of his service as a Commander was to instill this characteristic into the mind and heart of every officer and soldier under his instruction, and woe be unto him who failed to obey. He had the reputation of having discharged every duty assigned to him by his superiors in command, in such a satisfactory and fearless manner as to attract the special attention of not only his commanders but of the enemy who had observed his gallantry in leading his command against them.

From those who were of sufficient rank to become intimate with him, we learn that he was a companionable, charming associate, far above the average conversationalist, and possessed of a vein of humor, rarely possessed.

He was never known to speak in derision of another, but always in commendation of their virtues, and with such a charm that pen cannot describe his manner at such times. But the bright future predicted for him by his friends was not to be realized, and on the 12th of October, 1862, this loyal citizen, typical American, matchless soldier, obedient, loving son, and devouted lover laid his life upon his country's altar.



COL. WAGER SWAYNE, 43d O. V. V. I. Major General U. S. V.

MAJOR-GENERAL WAGER SWAYNE.

By George M. Wise, Adjutant Forty-third Ohio Veteran Vol. Infantry.

Wager Swayne, the oldest son of Noah H. Swayne, associate Justice of the Supreme Court of the United States, was born in 1835 at Columbus, Ohio. Although a delicate boy he graduated at Yale, studied law and began his practice prior to the outbreak of the Civil War. In the autumn of 1861, when the magnitude of the approaching struggle became apparent, he offered his services to Governor Dennison and was commissioned Major of the 43rd Ohio. The people were depressed by the reverse at Bull Run and the dread of what was to come and recruiting was slow. He threw himself into the work with that energy and perseverance which was a trait of his character and by February, 1862 the 43rd was ready for the field with 1,100 men. The recruiting of the regiment was largely his work. His first battle was at New Madrid, Missouri, and while in action with his regiment, his horse was shot under him. He was soon appointed

Lieutenant-Colonel and on the 4th of October, 1862, succeeded to the command of the regiment at the beginning of the battle of Corinth, when Colonel Smith was mortally wounded. The opposing lines were but a few feet apart and the struggle was most desperate. It was a trying ordeal for a young officer fresh from civil life. For a moment the line wavered just a little, then in conjunction with the 63rd and 27th Ohio to the right, it dashed with re-doubled energy into the great rebel charging column and drove it back in utter rout. During these trying moments he was twice slightly wounded but remained on the battle field.

From that day he was always with his regiment and in command except for a brief period when he was Provost Marshal at Memphis, Tennessee, during the Vicksburg campaign and during a part of September and October, 1864, when he commanded the Brigade.

Whatever there was for a regimental commander in the Army of the Tennessee in the field to do, from 1862 to the spring of 1865, he did faithfully and well. In the closing days of 1863 he had the great satisfaction of seeing his regiment re-enlist for the balance of the war. He commanded the regiment in all its battles and skirmishes during Sherman's advance to Atlanta, when for one hundred days the sounds of battle never ceased; also in the march to the sea, then turning northward, in the great campaign of the Carolinas, until he fell terribly wounded by a rebel shell at the crossing of the Salkahatchie. His career in the field was ended and war-hard-ened veterans wept as he was carried past them to the rear.

He was commissioned Brigadier and soon after Major-General and as soon as he could get around on crutches he was sent to Montgomery, Alabama, as Commissioner of Freedmen, Refugees and Abandoned Lands. All through the troublesome reconstruction times, he filled wisely and well the difficult position he held.

As a commander, he was firm but very kind, a good disciplinarian, cool in battle and brave as a man can be. He possessed in an eminent degree that moral courage, all too rare, to do his duty, that which was right, anywhere and under all circumstances.

After the war, he resumed the practice of law in New York City where he died about 1903.

Bellaire, Ohio, January 29th, 1907.



CAPT. H. S. PROPHET. Co. I, 43d O. V. V. I.

COLONEL HINCHMAN S. PROPHET.

Forty-third Ohio Veteran Volunteer Infantry.

Colonel Hinchman S. Prophet is one of the notable men of the city of Lima. He has been closely identified with its development and interests for the past thirty-seven years, coming to the city, then a town of forty-five hundred people, in April, 1872.

During these years he has served the county, the city, the church, and the schools, in various ways, faithfully and well. Mr. Prophet is a lawyer by profession, and is the dean of the Allen County Bar, having been admitted February 2, 1860, in the supreme court of Ohio, 49 years ago.

On being admitted, he immediately commenced the practice of his profession as partner of the late Judge J. A. Beebe, under whom he had finished his course of study.

At the first call for troops he enlisted as a private in the Union Army, and was elected Second Lieutenant. As the quota of 75,000 was full and

the Governor would not accept the company, he immediately went to Columbus and enlisted in Co. C. 15 Regiment, O. V. I., which had been accepted by the Governor. He served three months in West Virginia. His regiment was engaged at Phillippi, Laurel Hill and Carrick's Ford. August 30th, 1861, he was mustered out at Upper Sandusky, where his company was enlisted. During the latter part of his service he was on General Charles W. Hill's non-commissioned staff.

On his return home he, with others, organized Company B., which at Battery Robinett at Corinth, Mississippi, where he fell mortally wounded, was attached to the 43rd Regiment O. V. I., and was elected Second Lieutenant. He was promoted to First Lieutenant and assigned to Company H., and on the 5th day of December, 1862, was commissioned Captain, and afterwards assigned to Company H.

After the death of Adjutant Heyl, who was killed at Corinth, Miss., he acted as Adjutant, and was tendered the appointment, but declined.

At the battle of Corinth, October 3 and 4, Colonel Smith placed him in command of Company I. in which engagement he was wounded, but did not leave the field, but commanded his company until the battle was over.

In the official report of the battle of Corinth, Commanding Colonel Swayne made honorable mention of Captain, Prophet commending him for "conspicuous gallantry and efficiency in battle." On account of ill health, Captain Prophet resigned late in the summer of 1863, returning to Mt. Gilead; but he was not contented. He organized and officered the second regiment, Ohio Militia, having been commissioned colonel by Governor David Todd, but the regiment was not called into active service.

The record of the military services of Colonel Prophet is similar to that of every other good officer and soldier of the 43rd Regiment, he having participated in the marches, skirmishes and battles with his fellow soldiers during his services in the army.

In the fall of 1869, Colonel Prophet was elected to the Ohio State Senate from the 17th and 28th districts. While he was a member of this body he never missed a roll call or a vote; served on several important committees, among them, common schools and school lands and municipal corporations. One notable speech in debate on "Tariff for Revenue Only."

He was a member of a special committee of five, appointed to visit the "Ohio Soldiers' and Sailors' Orphans' Home" at Xenia. On the return of this committee and acting on its favorable report and recommendation, the Home was bought for the state of Ohio. The friends of Colonel Prophet have reason to be proud of his record in state legislation.

For a third of a century he, and for nearly that length of time Prophet & Eastman, have been the attorneys for The Citizens Loan and Building

Company, of which Mr. Prophet is one of the incorporators: and for twenty-four years the firm has been the attorneys for The Lima Locomotive and Machine Company.

He served the county four years as prosecuting attorney, the city four years as city solicitor. He served the city four years as mayor, being elected the last time in 1898 by the largest majority ever received by any mayor of the city. He declined re-nomination at the close of the last term.

He has served the educational interests of the city of Lima as county examiner, as city examiner and as a member of the board of education for more than twenty years, being president of the board for ten years. It is due to his vigilance that Lima can boast of the finest educational square in the state of Ohio, the Lima High School and the Franklin Ward Building. Colonel Prophet is a member of the "Army of the Tennessee," of "Fuller's Ohio Brigade," "The Union Veterans Union;" served as judge advocate general to the Department of Ohio for three years; served as national judge advocate general on the staff of General Louis F. Ellis, national commander-in-chief for one year. Colonel Prophet has been a member of Mart Armstrong Post No. 202, Grand Army of the Republic for many years. In the year 1898, he was appointed aide on the staff of General J. Cory Winans, who was chief of staff to National Commander-in-Chief James A. Sexton, of Illinois. In life he is strictly for a fair deal and justice to all.

In May, 1870, Colonel Prophet, without solicitation, was made a member of the Phonetic Society, established in Bath, England by Sir Isaac Pitman, the author of Phonetic Shorthand. He was the first stenographer in the North-west. He was a member of the Ohio Association of Stenography, and of the International Association. In later years he has devoted his time exclusively to the practice of his profession of the law.

Mr. Prophet is a member of the Ohio and Allen County Bar Associations.



JOHN W. SPRAGUE, Brevet Major General U. S. V.

BREVET MAJOR-GENERAL JOHN WILSON SPRAGUE.

BIOGRAPHICAL SKETCH BY COLONEL OSCAR L. JACKSON,

Sixty-third Ohio Veteran Volunteer Infantry.

John Wilson Sprague was born at White Creek, Washington County, New York, April 4, 1817. His father, Otis Sprague, was an early settler of Worcester, Massachusetts, but removed in early life to Troy, New York. His mother was a daughter of Benjamin Peck. When a boy he attended the district school of his neighborhood and later at the age of thirteen years, entered the polytechnic institute at Troy, N. Y. He attended this school for some time, but did not graduate as he left it to engage in business. He was engaged for a number of years in the grocery business at Troy, N. Y.

In 1845 he removed to Erie County, Ohio, residing at different times in the villages of Milan, Sandusky and Fluron, in that County. He was there engaged in the shipping and commission trade, and served one term as County Treasurer.

Later on he organized and equipped a line of sail boats and steamers for lake traffic and was engaged in this business at the breaking out of the war in 1861. When the first call was made by the President for troops for three months' service he promptly offered his services and was chosen Captain of a company organized at his home village. This company reported at Camp Taylor near Cleveland, Ohio, but was not out of the state in the three months service. On the 19th day of May, 1861 it was assigned to the Seventh Ohio Infantry and ordered to Camp Dennison for reorganization for the three years' service. It there reorganized for three years, and he was retained as its Captain. On the 29th of June the Regiment started for West Virginia and went to near Somerville in that state.

On the 11th of August, 1861, Captain Sprague was given a leave of absence to go home. He went with a small party by way of Clarksville.

He started but had only proceeded a short distance from his own camp, when he was captured by rebel cavalry. He was taken as a prisoner first to Richmond, and afterward transferred to Charleston, South Carolina. On the 1st of January, 1862, he was sent to Columbia, on the 5th he was taken to Norfolk for exchange, and on the 10th he reached Washington City. Before rejoining his regiment, the 7th Ohio, which was still in West Virginia, he received word from his friend Governor Tod that he had commissioned him Colonel of the Sixty-third Ohio Infantry, a full regiment then in camp and ready for the field.

Col. Sprague joined the Sixty-third Ohio Infantry and on February 10th, 1862, moved with it to report to General Sherman at Paducah, Kentucky. On arriving at Paducah, he was immediately ordered to proceed, and report to General Pope at Commerce, Missouri. Under that officer, Colonel Sprague participated with the Regiment in the operation at New Madrid, Fort Thompson and Island Number Ten, and then joined the army at Pittsburg Landing. He took part in the operations usually called Siege of Corinth, including the actions at Farmington May 8th and 28th, 1862, and later capture of Corinth. He commanded the Regiment in the battles of Iuka 19th September and battles of Corinth 3rd and 4th October, 1862.

At Iuka the Regiment was only slightly engaged and had but few casualties, but at the battle of Corinth, it had very hard fighting the second day, on open ground without any protection and sustained very severe loss. It had that day almost one-half of its men in action, killed or wounded. Following this he took part in the general operations in northern Alabama

and Mississippi, extending sometimes into Tennessee, and from Memphis southward along the Mississippi river.

In the Fall of 1863, he moved with his regiment under General Sherman eastward toward Chattanooga. He did not go as far as Chattanooga as his regiment was part of the force detached to secure the railroad leading to Decatur, Alabama, under command of General Dodge. At Prospect, Tennessee, on January 1, 1864, the 63rd Ohio Infantry re-enlisted as veterans for three years more, having the largest percent of men present, to re-enlist, of any Ohio Regiment.

Shortly after, the Regiment returned from its veteran furlough, Col. Sprague commanded it in the operations of Gen. Dodge in crossing the Tennessee river, in small new made boats, at night, and making a successful night attack on Decatur, Alabama. Immediately after this General Dodge formed a new brigade composed of the Forty-third and Sixty-thir Ohio, the Twenty-fifth Wisconsin and the Thirty-fifth New Jersey, and assigned Colenel Sprague to the command of it. From this on Colonel Sprague was a brigade Commander.

May 1st, 1864, the brigade started from Decatur via Huntsville for Chattanooga, arriving on the fifth. It there joined the main part of the Army of the Tennessee to which it belonged, under the command of General McPherson, forming part of the Grand Army under General Sherman.

Colonel Sprague was actively engaged during the entire Atlanta Campaign. At Resaca, at Dallas, and at Decatur on 22nd July he was conspicuous for coolness and bravery.

At Decatur Col. Sprague was covering and guarding the trains of the entire army, consisting of over four thousand wagons containing almost all the available supplies for the army. He was attacked by superior numbers, and the contest continued for more than four hours, but by his own bravery and ability, no less than by the courage and prompt obedience of his men the enemy was finally repulsed, and only one wagon was lost. His brigade lost two hundred and ninety-two men killed and wounded, in this action. Colonel Sprague was appointed Brigadier-General on the 29th of July, 1864. He was one of the number especially recommended by General Sherman for promotion on account of gallant and meritorious services during the Atlanta Campaign.

General Sprague moved with Sherman on the March to the Sea and thence northward on the Campaign of the Carolinas. He commanded the brigade on its March from Raleigh through Richmond to Washington, and participated in the Grand Review.

At Washington he was relieved of his command in the Army, and was assigned to duty as Assistant Commissioner for the Bureau of Refugees,

Freedmen and Abandoned Lands, with headquarters at St. Louis, Missouri The district under his charge comprised the states of Missouri, and Kansa and subsequently the Indian Territory. In September 1865, Gener Sprague's headquarters were removed to Little Rock, Arkansas, where he remained until November 1865, when he resigned and returned home. In the meantime he was offered the position of Lieutenant-Colonel of the Forty-first United States Infantry which he declined to accept, and he was also brevetted Major-General of Volunteers to rank from the 13th of March, 1865.

After the war General Sprague devoted himself to railroad business. He was manager for several years of the Winona and Saint Paul Railway with office at Winona, Minnesota. In 1870 he was general manager of the western division of the Northern Pacific Railway. This position brought him to the Pacific Coast and he was active in establishing and building up the city of Tacoma, Washington. He was concerned and interested in many business enterprises in that locality. In 1883, he had the honor of driving the golden spike on the completion of his division of the railroad, and soon afterward resigned on account of impaired health.

General Sprague died at his home in Tacoma, Washington, on the 24th of December, 1893, in the 77th year of his age. He had been in feeble health for a number of years, and his death at the time it occurred was not unexpected to either himself or his family.

General Sprague, at his funeral, was honered by the people of Tacoma as their most distinguished soldier and citizen, Grand Army Posts, Military Companies and Civic Societies attended in bodies, whilst municipal and business corporations sent representatives. A camp of the Sons of Veterans that had been called in his honor "John W. Sprague Camp" attended in a body and citizens generally did all in their power to show their high regard for him, and their desire to do honor to his memory.

In religious affairs Gen. Sprague was a Presbyterian and had been a church member for many years.

He was married three times, his first wife a Miss Wright died before they had been married a year. She left to survive her a daughter, still living at his death, who is now Mrs. J. W. Wickham. His second wife was a daughter of Hon. G. W. Choate. She left to survive her four sons, whose names are Otis, Winnie W., Charles and C. W., all still living at his death. His third wife who survives him is a sister of his first wife.

General Sprague was a large man of fine personal appearance, tall, straight and well proportioned. He was a man of good address, genial, pleasant manners, and great business qualifications.

As a soldier and officer he was of much more than ordinary ability, fully able for the positions he held. Not reckless, but prompt, efficient, and brave beyond all question.

Not wholly without faults and mistakes he always showed the good soldierly qualities in the field, in face of the enemy, that endeared him to his comrades, who will ever hold his memory as a soldier in the high regard it deserves.



GEN. CHARLES E. BROWN.

GENERAL CHARLES ELWOOD BROWN.

By Colonel Oscar L. Jackson.

Charles Elwood Brown was born at Cincinnati, Ohio, July 4, 1834, of Quaker lineage, and of those who were among the early pioneers of New Jersey and Virginia. Left an orphan in early childhood, he was reared on the farm of his maternal grandfather in Highland County, Ohio. At the age of sixteen, he entered the preparatory Academy at Greenfield, and subsequently attended Miami University at Oxford, Ohio, where he gradu ated in 1854. In college he was a class mate, and room mate of Benjamir. Harrison, late President of the United States.

On July 4, 1857, he was married to Anna Elizabeth Hussey, daught of Dr. Zimri Hussey of Chillicothe, Ohio. Immediately after his marriage he moved to Louisiana, where while tutoring at Baton Rouge he studied law, was admitted to the bar, and subsequently commenced the practice of

law. In 1859, he returned to Ohio and took up the practice of law at Chillicothe.

On the call for three years' troops in 1861, he promptly offered his services on September 2, assisted in recruiting a Company which became Company B, 63rd Ohio and of which he was commissioned Captain, October 23, 1861.

Captain Brown took the field with his regiment, and was continuously with it in command of his Company in all the earlier part of its service. He took an active part in all the operations at New Madrid, Missouri, Capture of Fort Thompson and Island Number Ten, and Siege of Corinth, including actions at Farmington, May 8th and 28th. He commanded his company at the battle of Iuka, September 19, and Corinth, October 3rd and 4th, 1862. He is given very distinguished credit in the official report of the battle of Corinth for coolness and daring under a fire of musketry so severe that 48 percent of the regiment was killed and wounded, and he was the only officer of the left wing of the regiment not disabled.

Is also especially mentioned for the capture of a Captain and bugler of the enemy's artillery, driving off the battery and securing one of the caissons.

He was in the engagement at Parker's Cross Roads, Dec. 30, 31, 1862, and took part in 1863 in all operations of the regiment in northern Mississippi and Alabama, and vicinity of Memphis, Tenn. In latter part of 1862, and early part of 1863, he at different times was temporarily in command of his regiment as senior Captain. He was promoted to Lieutenant-Colonel of the regiment March 20, 1863, and as such commanded it at different times during the year next ensuing. Commencing at Decatur, Ala., March 10, 1864, Colonel Brown was the permanent commander of the regiment for a long time. This included operations around Decatur and the march from there to Chattanooga. He was present in command of the regiment, and took part with the Army of the Tennessee on the Atlanta campaign, including among others the following operations and battles, viz.: Snake Creek Gap, Resaca, crossing Oostanaula River, Dallas, Kenesaw, crossing Chattahooche River, advance on Atlanta and engagement at Decatur, Ga., on 22nd July. The regiment was very actively engaged and under severe fire at Decatur on the 22d July. The regiment was under his command the greater part of this battle, and during the action Colonel Brown received a very severe gunshot wound, which at once necessitated the amputation, of his left leg, close to the hip. His injuries were so severe that he was never again able for field service, and never rejoined the regiment. He remained in service till the end of the war, serving as Provost Marshall of Cleveland, Ohio District, from February 21, to July 8, 1865. He was commissioned as Colonel of the regiment but not mustered and was commissioned as Brigadier General of Volunteers to rank as such from March 13, 1865, for gallant and meritorious conduct on the Atlanta Campaign.

Brigadier-General J. W. Sprague, in a letter to Secretary of War Stanton, recommending that Colonel Brown be promoted to Brigadier-General, said this of him:

"He is a gentleman pure in morals, and high toned Christian principles, a lawyer by profession and an accomplished scholar. He was distinguished for gallantry at battle of Corinth, Oct. 4, 1862. He commanded his regiment the entire campaign against Atlanta until the battle of July 22, 1864, when he lost his left leg, while his regiment was engaged with more than four times its number."

"Col. Brown during his entire service in the army has been distinguished for industry and close attention to duty showing rare judgment and skill in commanding men."

General Brown resumed practice of law at close of War at Chillicothe. President Grant appointed him U. S. Pension Agent at Cincinnati and he removed to that city and served as Pension Agent to close of Grant's administration. He was elected to 49th Congress as a Republican, from the Second Ohio District being a part of Cincinnati and Hamilton County, and re-elected to the 50th Congress. He was afterward elected a State Senator from the First Ohio District to the 74th General Assembly.

Gen. Brown died May 22, 1904, at his home in College Hill, a suburb of Cincinnati. From his army wound and loss of his leg he was a great sufferer as long as he lived, and his death eventually resulted from it.

Gen. Brown was a man of fine personal appearance, an honorable gentleman of strict integrity who was deservedly held in high esteem, alike by comrades in the Army and fellow citizens at home. He left a widow and five children, Mrs. Fred W. Reed, and Mrs. Horace B. Henderson of Minneapolis, Minn., Mrs. Frederick P. Siddall of Los Angeles, Cal., Miss Mabel Brown and Charles P. Brown, attorney at law, Cincinnati, Ohio.

One son, Jacob Newton Brown, an attorney-at-law, died September 13, 1893, and Gen. Brown's widow died January 1, 1908.



COL. OSCAR L. JACKSON.

COLONEL OSCAR LAWRENCE JACKSON,

Oscar Lawrence Jackson was born in Lawrence County (then part of Beaver County), Pennsylvania, September 2, 1840. His ancestors were Scotch-Irish, and early settlers in the state. His great grandfather, Samuel Jackson, was born in the highlands of Scotland, resided for a few years in north of Ireland, emigrated to the United States, landing in South Carolina, and after residing there for a short time, removed north and settled about 1797, on a tract of land one mile south of the present city of New Castle, Pa. A large part of this land has ever since remained in the possession of the family and is now (1909) owned by his father. His great grandmother Jackson's maiden name was Janet Stewart, born in highlands of Scotland. She was a sister of John Carlyle Stewart, who laid out the town of New Castle, Pa., in 1798, and who built there a few years later, among other improvements, a forge, where the first bar iron was made, west of Pittsburg in western Pennsylvania. His grandfather, James Jackson was a soldier in the American Army in the War of 1812, and his

brother, Edwin W. Jackson was a Union soldier in the Civil War. He has also a brother, David P. Jackson, a sister, Mary Jackson, and half sisters, Anna Jackson and Jane Jackson.

His mother's maiden name was Nancy Mitchell, a native of Indiana County, Pa., and a descendant of Scotch-Irish emigrants from County Caven, Ireland, who settled in the Susquehanna Valley, Penna., where her father, Matthew Mitchell was born in 1795. Her mother's maiden name was Nancy Smith, a daughter of George Smith, also of Scotch-Irish descent.

Col. Jackson's father, Samuel S. Jackson was born August 19, 1815, and is now (April 1909) still living and a resident of Lawrence County, Pa.

Oscar Lawrence Jackson was reared on a farm, educated in the Common Schools, Tansy Hill Select School, and Darlington Academy, and when a boy clerked for a short time in a country store. He taught public school in Starr Township, Hocking County, Ohio, the year before the commencement of the War of the Rebellion. Teaching in two different districts, one term each. Starr Township is south-east of Logan, the county seat of Hocking County, and adjoins the counties of Athens and Vinton. During the Presidential Campaign of 1860 he attended political meetings, marched with the Wide-Awakes, and made some Republican addresses. In this way he acquired during the year, a larger acquaintance with people, than would usually be expected in so short a time, by a young country school teacher coming from another State into a community, an entire stranger. This finally resulted in his serving during the War in an Ohio Regiment, although a citizen of Pennsylvania.

On the 29th of August, 1861, being then a little less than twenty-one years old he received from the Governor of Ohio, an appointment with authority to recruit a company of Volunteers for the three years' service.

The schools in which he had been teaching the preceding year had more than the usual number of large boys as scholars, and they furnished him quite a large squad of recruits, of the very best material for good soldiers, to start the proposed Company. They were also useful later on in securing other recruits. By this time the first excitement of enlisting had passed, and it was slow, difficult work to enlist men for three years' service. On November 8, 1861, he had, however, so far progressed, that he was commissioned a recruiting Second Lieutenant, on recommendation of the County Military Committee. He extended his recruiting efforts into other counties, having an arrangement by which men were uniformed as soon as enlisted, and from time to time, forwarded to Camp at Chillicothe. After long, hard work, and overcoming many discouragements, as well as receiving much friendly help, he succeeded in completing his company.

On January 16, 1862, he was commissioned Captain of it. This origiual company was obtained about as follows: From Hocking and Athens Counties one-third from each. The other one-third from Ross, Vinton, Washington and Morgan Counties. In November, 1862, 22 men who had been enlisted for a new regiment to be called the 112th Ohio were assigned to the Company to fill up the losses it had sustained in the field. They were all or nearly all from Montgomery County. Other recruits came during the progress of the war principally from the Counties named. The Company had in all 166 members enrolled during the War. Eight of them were never with it in the field. A little over two-thirds of the whole membership were farmers by occupation. The other one-third represented railroad men, teachers, physicians, clerks, students and nearly all the usual trades, such as carpenters, blacksmiths, plasterers, coopers, millers and the like. These latter were from small villages—none from large cities. The whole Company were native born American citizens, except twelve, these twelve had come from Ireland, Scotland, England, Germany and France, when young, to become American citizens.

During the original recruiting, the Company was expected to be Company B of the 22nd Ohio Infantry Volunteers, but about the time it was full, in order to suit some changes, the authorities desired to take in Field Officers, the number of the Regiment was changed and it became Company H, 63rd Ohio Infantry Vols. It served as such throughout the War, reenlisting as a Veteran Company, January 1st, 1864. Captain Jackson was present and on duty with his company and regiment practically all the time during its entire service of nearly four years, except about three months when he was disabled by severe wounds received in battle.

He commanded his company the first and larger part of the time, and and until he came into command of the Regiment the latter part of its service, first as Senior Captain and later as a Field Officer.

He was present and took part, among other things in the following operations: In Missouri under General Pope from Commerce to New Madrid, Capture of Fort Thompson and Island Number Ten. Down Mississippi river to Fort Pillow and up Tennessee river to Pittsburgh Landing. The siege of Corinth including actions at Farmington, May 8, 9 and 28, 1862. The battles of Iuka and Corinth, escorting Straight expedition through rebel lines. At Memphis, Prospect and Decatur, Alabama, to Chattanooga and on the Atlantic Campaign. In actions at Resaca, Snake Creek Gap, Dallas, Kenesaw Mountain, Atlanta and Jonesboro. Operations against Hood's Army when it moved north in October, 1864. March to the Sea, Savannah, Pocataligo, Rivers' Bridge, Columbia, Goldsborough, Bentonville and Raleigh.

In General Rosecran's battle of Corinth, Miss., October 3 and 4, 1862, the 63rd Ohio gained very distinguished credit for its immediate support of Battery Robinet, and for continued hard fighting on open ground sustaining very great loss.

The Regiment is prominently mentionel in Greeley's History of the Rebellion Vol. 2, page 229.

"On the morning of the fourth, the enemy to cover preparations for their main charge advanced a skirmish line to within about 150 yards of Battery Robinet. It was well protected there by logs and fallen timber, and soon gave great trouble to the main line of our troops, then lying on the ground near Robinet.

"Five men from each Company present, of the 63rd Ohio were selected as skirmishers, Cap't Jackson put in command of them, with orders to advance and drive off the rebel skirmish line.

"It was pretty serious work, but they moved forward and succeeded in driving the enemy's skirmish line back considerable distance."

Near the close of this battle on October 4th, Capt. Jackson received two wounds. The more severe being a gun shot wound in the face, the bullet entering near the inner corner of the right eye, where it still remains imbedded in the frontal bone. He is mentioned in the official reports of the battle, now published in Vol. 17, page 191-2, Series I, Part 1, Reports, as

"A young officer of great promise, who is severely and it is feared mortally wounded, who held his Company in perfect order until two-thirds of his men were killed or wounded."

In latter part of May, 1863, when the rebels were seriously disturbing the navigation of the Mississippi river, Captain Jackson with Companies B and H of his regiment was sent from Memphis with a steamboat load of ammunition to Gen. Grant's Army at Vicksburg. He had five thousand cases of fixed ammunition, much of it percussion shells on the large new steamboat Luminary. His written orders were to not land on the way, under any circumstances. If the vessel became disabled to anchor in the river. To report at Helena, Arkansas, where a gunboat would be furnished to escort him past some extra dangerous places.

The trip was made successfully, and they saw a little of the siege at close range. Going down on 26th May at Island 65, above mouth of White river, a rebel Field Battery in plain view fired on a steamboat a little ahead of him. He had a piece of artillery on the bow of the Luminary, and a couple of shells from it started the battery and no harm was done. On the return up the river on 29th May, at Yellow Bend, where the channel is close to the shore—rebels fired into them with musketry. But he returned the fire. The officers of the vessel put on steam and soon ran past them.

He was, at different times in 1864 in command of his regiment as Senior Captain in important movements. This included the operations to develop the purposes of Hood's Rebel Army, and drive it off the railroad when it made the Campaign around Sherman's army at Atlanta, with the action driving the enemy out of Snake Creek Gap and following Hood's Army to the Alabama line. Also later on at Savannah, Georgia, and moving from there to Hilton Head and Pocotaligo, South Carolina.

He received promotions as follows: On January 28, 1865 commissioned Major of the Regiment and mustered afterward as soon as commission reached regiment. On June 6, 1865, commissioned Lieutenant-Colonel of the Regiment. On recommendation of his Brigade, Division and Corps Commanders, he was commissioned by the President, Colonel of U. S. Vols. by Brevet, to rank as such from 13th March, 1865 for gallant and meritorious services during the war.

Colonel Jackson commanded his regiment in the operations around Goldsborough and in the movements of Sherman's Army from that place to Raleigh, North Carolina. He also participated with it in all the operations immediately preceding the surrender of Johnson's rebel army. He was in the Corps Sherman was moving toward Johnson the day of the surrender. He saw the wild excitement of the steady old veterans of the Western Army, who yelled themselves hoarse and threw guns, cartridge boxes, canteens and knapsacks in the air, when they got the news of the surrender, on the march, and realized that the long war was over. This was the last hostile movement of Sherman's Army. During the operations near Raleigh, he was sent, some time before the surrender, with a very large army train back to Goldsborough for supplies. In this movement he was in command of his own regiment and other details reported to him as guard and escort, and had the entire charge and responsibility of the train. Considering the size of the escort and train, his command in this expedition was in importance and responsibility fully equal to that of a brigade. In going and returning he marched about 100 miles through the enemy's country. Once had a bridge burned in front of him, and it was much of the time difficult to find passable roads, and places where streams could be safely forded. But the war was then drawing to a close as the rebel soldiers could well see. The enemy had forces in the vicinity, but they did not show their old time disposition to fight, and many Confederate soldiers came in and surrendered to him. At night they had quite a large camp of their own, but along side of the Union soldiers. They did not require much guarding and were only watched enough to see that there was no treachery intended in their coming in and surrendering. A remarkable feature of the expedition, was the friendly feeling that appeared to spring

up between the Union and Confederate soldiers and how ready the Union men were to divide their rations with the Confederates.

After the surrender of Johnston's Army to General Sherman, Col. Jackson marched his regiment by way of Petersburg, Richmond, Fredericksburg and Bull Run to Washington, and commanded it in the Grand Review at Washington. He then conducted it to Louisville, Kentucky, where it remained in camp until July 8, 1865, when it moved to Camp Dennison, Ohio, where under his direction the survivors of four years of service in the field were mustered out and finally discharged July 17, 1865, paid off and sent to their homes. He took the tattered flag and regimental colors, which had been carried through four long years of war, and deposited them in the State Capitol at Columbus.

Col. Jackson had for a long time been the only Field Officer with the regiment. He was very much the youngest of the original ten captains when the regiment was organized, and he was the only one of them that served the whole term and came home with it.

General Charles E. Brown one of the original Captains, was then still in the service, but he lost a leg in battle 22nd July, 1864, on the Atlanta Campaign, when commanding the Regiment and was never able to be present with the regiment afterward.

After the War Col. Jackson studied law (having been registered as a student before he entered the army) was admitted to the bar, opened an office April 16, 1868 in New Castle, Pa., where he has since been in active practice to this time (April 1909).

He was elected and served a term as District Attorney from 1868 to 1871, and was County Solicitor from 1874 to 1880. He was appointed by the Governor of Pennsylvania in pursuance of an Act of the Legislature a member of a Commission to codify laws, and served on it in 1877 and 1878. In 1884 he was elected as a republican a member of Congress of the United States to represent the 24th Pennsylvania Congressional District which is composed of Beaver, Lawrence and Washington Counties. He was afterwards re-elected to Congress and served two full terms in succession. In Congress he was a member of the Committee on Public Lands, and favored a policy of disposing of government lands to actual settlers, and a strict construction of grants previously made for other purposes. He was especially interested in tariff legislation, and before the Ways and Means Committee and in the House proceedings, favored a protective tariff and opposed the Morrison and Mills bills.

He was one of the members selected to deliver a memorial address in Congress on the life and services of Gen. John A. Logan. His speeches in favor of a liberal appropriation for building a national library at Washington, also for the better government of Alaska and against President Cleveland's vetoes of pension bills, commanded attention and were republished in newspapers in different parts of the country.

His address in the 50th Congress in favor of restoring General Rose-crans to a commission in the Army, in order that he might be retired on it, as a means of support in his old age, was considered worthy of being published at some length in Appleton's "Annual Cyclopedia" 1889, vol. 14, page 234.

After leaving Congress, he resumed the practice of law. In church matters he is a United Presbyterian. He is a Grand Army man and has served several terms as Post Commander and held some department and National positions.

When the Society of the General D. S. Stanley Division, of the Army of the Mississippi was formed, he was elected its first President. He is a member of the Society of the Army of the Tennessee and has served as Vice President.

He has been President of the 63rd Ohio Volunteer Infantry Regimental Association for the past twenty years, and has attended every annual meeting of the association during that time.

The Sons of Veterans of his home city, New Castle, Pa., honored him by naming their Camp "The Oscar L. Jackson Camp."

He was elected in the 24th Pennsylvania District and served as a delegate to the Republican National Convention, that nominated McKinley and Roosevelt.

He has crossed the ocean several times, and traveled extensively in Great Britain and Europe.

He has never married.



CAPT, ANDREW R. ROBISON. 39th O. V. V. 1.

CAPTAIN A. R. ROBISON.

Thirty-ninth Ohio Veteran Volunteer Infantry Regiment.

Enlisted as Private, July 1861.

Promoted to Corporal, February 1862.

Promoted to Sergeant, September 1862.

Promoted to Second Lieutenant, July 1863.

Promoted to First Lieutenant, July 1864.

Promoted to Captain, January 1865.

He was mustered out with his regiment, never having missed a day's duty in his four years of service in the Army.



CAPT. CHAS. M. HARRISON. Co. H, 63d O. V. V. I.

CAPTAIN CHARLES M. HARRISON.

Company H, Sixty-third Ohio Veteran Volunteer Infantry.

Charles M. Harrison was born in Monroe County, Ohio, 25th January, 1835. His mother was also born in the same county, near the town of Woodsfield. Her maiden name was Esther Hale. She was of English descent, and her people had for several generations, been citizens and residents of this country.

His father, George T. Harrison was born in Virginia, and his people for several generations were citizens of Virginia. They were well to do, and people of property. George T. Harrison, his father, when a boy left his home, went to sea, and for some years led a seafaring life and saw much of the world. Having early acquired a dislike for the institution of slavery, when he quit the sea in 1831, he did not return to his Virginia home, and finally located in the free state of Ohio in Monroe County. He married there and made himself a home in which Charles was born. About 1843 the family removed to Athens County, Ohio, and located at what became

known as Canaanville, in that county, where they were living when the War of the Rebellion began.

He had two brothers, Owen and William Henry, and five sisters, viz: Kate, now Mrs. Bonar.

Sade, now Mrs. Parkhurst,

Ien, now Mrs. Howell.

Lou, now Mrs. Michael, and

Nellie, who was Mrs. Goodell, now deceased.

He was the eldest of the children and pretty early in life was thrown upon his own resources for a livelihood. A little later he felt it to be his duty to earn what he could by labor, to assist his widowed mother, in the support of herself, and the younger children of the family. For these reasons he had but a small opportunity to acquire an education in the schools. He had been reared on a farm, and that was his work and business up to the time he entered the army.

In the fall of 1861 he determined to enlist as a volunteer soldier, and with that purpose in view went to Chillicothe, Ohio, to a camp where several Companies partly filled were being recruited to form a regiment.

He spent the day in Camp and made the acquaintance of Oscar L. Jackson, who was then and there making an effort to recruit a Company for three years' service. Jackson then had about one-third of a Company enrolled and in Camp with him, and Harrison finally concluded to enlist with him. He went home on leave to recruit and from time to time brought back with him to camp other young men, his acquaintances and neighbors as recruits. In this way he very materially aided in filling up the Company which became Captain Jackson's Company H. of the Sixty-third Ohio Infantry Volunteers. With this Company Harrison served through the war almost four years. He was present for duty with it, and with the regiment substantially all the time of its service, as he was not much sick and but little absent.

He missed but few important movements or actions of the regiment. His only wound during the service, was a gun shot wound in the arm, received at Dallas on the Atlanta Campaign, when the enemy made the night attack on our front line. When asked immediately after he was wounded if he was bad hurt, he promptly answered, "No, the thing won't give a furlough." And he didn't go to the hospital.

He had the rare distinction of filling every position in the Company from that of private soldier to Captain. And it was the general judgment of his comrades of the Company, as well as his superior officers in the regiment that he filled every one of these positions well. He was appointed First Corporal at the organization of the Company, Sergeant November 1,

1862, and First Sergeant, June 20, 1863. Commissioned Second Lieutenant May 25, 1864; First Lieutenant, October 25, 1864, and Captain, March 27, 1865.

After the battle of Corinth, October 4th, 1862, in which the Company sustained very great loss in killed and wounded he commanded it for about six weeks as Corporal, being the senior officer present.

The muster rolls on file in the War Department for October 31, 1862, are signed by him as Corporal commanding Company, a very unusual thing to occur.

Captain Harrison as a soldier and officer was prompt to obey orders and was also a strict disciplinarian. He was cheerful and kind with his men, looking carefully after their interests and welfare. In times of danger and battle, he was resolute and brave beyond all question. Of course, not entirely without faults, but he was a good soldier in the strictest sense in which the best soldiers use the term.

After his regiment was mustered out of service at the close of the war he returned to his old home in Ohio, and remained for a short time.

He then went West, and travelled in different parts of the country, finally entering the employ of the government in Indian Agencies. He was for a good many years employed in responsible positions by the government on the Cheyenne and Crow reservations.

In 1898 Captain Harrison returned to his old home in Athens County, Ohio, and settled down to his original occupation of farming. He is now a practical farmer with a taste for good stock in which line he is rather a successful dealer.

In 1899, he married Miss Mary Smith, a lady of Scotch-Irish ancestry, and a resident of the Captain's own neighborhood. They have in their happy comfortable home two children. The eldest a daughter, Ellen May Harrison and the other a son, Robert Smith Harrison.

The Captain retains his military taste and very much enjoys reunions of the survivors of his old regiment.

CAPTAIN DANIEL T. THORNE.

Company K, Sixty-Third Ohio Veteran Volunteer Infantry.

Daniel T. Thorne, a citizen of Montgomery County, Ohio, in the Fall of 1862, being then about the age of 34 years undertook with others to recruit men at Dayton, Ohio, for a new regiment to be called the 112th Ohio. They were only partially successful, and in November of that year, they were transferred to the 63rd Ohio, and joined that regiment in the field in northern Mississippi. He was given a Captain Commission in the 63rd Ohio, in consideration of his recruiting services, was assigned to Company K, and served with it during the following campaigns.

He took part with his company and regiment in the operations in northern Mississippi and southwestern Tennessee in November and December, 1862, and in the fore part of 1863. He moved East with his command in the Fall of 1863 in the general movement of troops from the Mississippi river toward Chattanooga. He took part with the regiment in Gen. Dodge's operations from Elk river south, including the crossing of the Tennessee river and capture of Decatur, Ala.

In the Spring of 1864 he moved East to Chattanooga and joined in the Atlanta Campaign. He was present in command of his company and participated in the operations and actions at Snake Creek Gap, Resaca, Dallas, Kenesaw Mountain and crossing of the Chattahooche.

In the battle of Atlanta 22nd July, 1864, whilst in command of his Company and engaged in very severe action, he received a gunshot wound which entirely disabled him, and he was captured by the enemy.

He was kept a prisoner, his arm was amputated, and he was finally confined in prison at Savannah, Ga., where he died from the effects of his wound and the amputation October 5th, 1864.

He was a man of fine personal appearance, good habits, good character and in every respect a courteous gentleman.

He came to the army a civilian without any previous military training, but with a captain's commission, in a regiment that had then seen long and hard service in the field. He was placed in command of a Company, a large part of whose members were old soldiers and he had thus a very difficult position to fill. He at once devoted himself faithfully to acquiring a knowledge of his duties as an officer.

He was kind to his men, faithful in performance of duty, and as soon as the occasion offered he showed himself a brave and gallant soldier. Long before he was wounded and captured, he had acquired the confidence of his company, the respect of his fellow officers and was regarded as being one of the best officers of the regiment.

LIEUTENANT MATTHEW F. MADIGAN.

First Lieutenant Company H, Twenty-seventh Ohio Veteran Vol. Infantry.

REGISTER—Born October 25, 1835, at Ireland. Enlisted as private in Cleveland, O., July 27, 1861, in 27th O. V. I.; rendezvoused at Camp Chase, near Columbus, O., where we were mustered as Company G, 27th O. V. I., August 14, 1861; re-enlisted as a veteran in same regiment, at Prospect, Tenn., December 25, 1863; mustered out with regiment after the close of the war, at Louisville, Ky., July 11 1865; promoted Corporal and Sergeant September 1, 1863; Sergeant-Major, March 1, 1865; 1st Lieutenant, June 6, 1865, and assigned to Company 11, same regiment.

HISTORY OF SERVICE—Missouri August, 1861, March, 1862, participated in capture of New Madrid, Mo., and Island No. 10; siege and capture of Corinth, Miss., May, 1862; battle of Iuka, Miss., September, 1862; second battle of Corinth, October, 1862; in Col. Straight's raid, in April, 1863; while regiment was in Memphis was detailed in August, 1863, to go to Ohio to recruit for regiment; participated in the Atlanta Campaign in the summer of 1864, and previous to General McPherson's death was detailed at his headquarters as Sergeant of Headquarters and Provost Guard; when General Howard succeeded to the command of the Army of the Tennessee, remained at his headquarters during the "March to the Sea," capture of Savannah, and through the Carolinas; at Goldsborough, N. C., returned to regiment to Washington, D. C., and participated in the "Grand Review" at Louisville, Ky., served as member of general court martial convened by order of General Force, mustered out with regiment at Camp Dennison, O.



LIEUT. PETER ZINN. Co. F, 43d O. V. V. I.

LIEUTEXAXT PETER ZIXN

Company F, Forty-third Ohio Veteran Volunteer Infantry.

Peter Zinn was born in Mifflin Township, Franklin County, Ohio, May 29th, 1842. His father and mother came from Dutch families in Pennsylvania, whose ancestors emigrated from Holland some time in the Seventeenth century.

His parents were born in 1801; Henry Zinn, Sr., in York County, Pennsylvania, and Sarah Agler in Franklin County, Ohio. They were married July 1st, 1825. In 1826 his mother received her dower of one hundred acres in Mifflin Township, Franklin County, Ohio. They set to work building a log cabin and to hew out of the forest a farm for their future home. Here they lived and died, father in 1872 and mother in 1876.

Peter was born in the above log cabin, the youngest of four girls and four boys, who attained womanhood and manhood. He was raised on the farm, educated in a log cabin school house until 15 years of age, when he

learned the blacksmith trade with his brother. That occupation becoming monotonous, he went to Columbus in 1860 where he drove a twelve passenger bus, the forerunner of street cars on High Street from Mound Street to the Union Depot.

When the War of the Rebellion broke ont in April 1861, his great desire was to enlist in defense of the Stars and Stripes. His mother objected and persuaded him to wait until Fall. Fall came; President Lincoln had made his first call for 300,000 volunteers, and on October 4th, 1861, he enlisted in the 43rd Ohio Regiment for three years. He was assigned to Company "F" and served until December, 1863, when he re-enlisted for three years more as a veteran and remained with his Company and Regiment through thick and thin in all its engagements of which this history foretells, and he is proud to say he carried the musket until Lee and Johnston surrendered.

In Washington City, after the Grand Review, he was commissioned First Lieutenant, having served as non-commissioned officer from Corporal to Orderly Sergeant, and was discharged at Louisville, Kentucky, July 13th, 1865.

In 1866 he married Miss Ella D. Grinnell of Blendon, Franklin County, Ohio. In 1868 they emigrated to Kankakec, Illinois, where he farmed until 1876. Two sons were born to them; the youngest was laid to rest at eleven months. 1876 found them at Fowler, Indiana, in the hardware business until 1888. He then engaged as a commercial traveler and moved to Indianapolis, quitting the road eight years later.

In 1898 he tendered his services to the Governor (before Congress declared war) for service in Cuba. He raised eleven Companies for the 162nd Indiana Volunteers and was elected its Colonel. Spain concluded peace too soon for active army duties.

In April 1904 he and wife crossed the Continent to be with their son Robert Ellsworth in Scattle, Washington, on Puget Sound, the coming New York of the Pacific and Gateway to the Orient.

August 1908.

ADJUTANT HOWARD FORRER,

Sixty-Third Ohio Veteran Volunteer Infantry.

Howard Forrer was born in Dayton, Montgomery County, O., Nov. 11th, 1841. His father, Samuel Forrer, was a native of Pennsylvania. His mother, whose maiden name was Sarah Hastings Howard, was a native of Ohio. Howard was an only son. He has a sister, Mary Forrer Peirce, who is now (1909) the only surviving member of his immediate family. His home was always in his native town, and he never married. He was a graduate of the Dayton Central High School and was an assistant principal in one of the public schools of that city when he entered the army.

He first served as a soldier in a short term State organization called the Squirrel Hunters.

He assisted in recruiting at Dayton for the organization expected to be called the 112th Ohio. When these men were transferred and joined the 63rd Ohio in the field in November, 1862, he came with them, having been given a Commission as Adjutant. He served as adjutant of the 63rd Ohio from this on until his death and took part in practically all its operations during that time. He was killed in battle 22nd July, 1864, on the Atlantic Campaign. His body was for a time in the possession of the enemy, but the ground was later recovered and he was buried on the field, about 150 yards southwest of the Court House at Decatur, Ga.

He was a man of pure life and upright character, a courteous gentleman. As an officer he was prompt, efficient, capable and performed the difficult duties of adjutant so fairly and honestly that he won the esteem and friendship alike of officers and men of the whole regiment.

He was a brave soldier, and went down to his death, when conducting himself in the most gallant and meritorious manner.



FIRST LIEUT, FRANCIS A. GIBBONS. Co. H. 63d O. V. V. I.

FIRST LIEUTEXAXT FRANCIS A. GIBBOXS.

Company H, Sixty-third Ohio Veteran Volunteer Infantry.

Francis A. Gibbons was born in Coshocton County, Ohio, March 8, 1820. He was a son of John Gibbons an old settler in that county. His ancestors counting back to grandparents, represented, Scotch, Irish and Dutch. About 1842, he removed to Hocking County, Ohio, and located in Starr Township. He was reared on a farm, but in business for himself, gave his principal attention to stock breeding, buying and selling. He was for years before the war engaged in buying stock for both Cincinnati and eastern markets. He was among the last of the old time drovers, and was rated a rather successful one.

When a boy his schooling was very limited, but he improved himself when he grew older, was a great reader, and became a gifted public speaker on social and moral questions. He greatly enjoyed public debates, on such questions.

His first wife was Priscilla Moore. She bore him six children, William, Marie, Hannah, Samuel, Lotta and Lewis Dalton. To his wife he always gave the principal credit for his success in life.

He, with his second son, Samuel Gibbons enlisted as private soldiers in Captain Jackson's Company H, 63rd Ohio, in November 1861 without any suggestion or expectation of a commission but when the Company was full, it elected him First Lieutenant and he was so commissioned. He was a man of great soldierly taste and spirit. Prompt, cheerful, ready to obey orders, a good disciplinarian, and brave beyond all question. He served from the purest and most patriotic motives.

He took the field with the regiment and participated honorably in all its services whilst he was a member of it. This included New Madrid, Ft. Thompson, Island Number Ten, Siege of Corinth, the actions at Farmington and battle of Iuka. His health failed. He was too old to stand hard campaigning and on September 30, 1862, his resignation was accepted and he went home.

After the war he moved west and located in Missouri, where his wife died. After this he removed to near Baxter Springs, Kansas, following his old business of stockman. In 1870 he married a second wife, Miss Loda Hibbard of Athens County, Ohio.

He died December 9, 1895, aged 75 years, 9 months and 1 day. He was a prominent Mason, and in religious matters a Methodist.



SERGEANT JOSEPH II. LAPHAM, Co. B, 39th O. V. V. I.

SERGEANT JOSEPH HAMILTON LAPHAM,

Co. B, Thirty-ninth Ohio Veteran Volunteer Infantry.

Was born March 5, 1844, in Marietta, Ohio.

He earned his first money, 25 cents per week, by piling up wood at a planing mill, working after school hours and on Saturdays. He continued school to the end of the first year in high school, when at fourteen years of age, he took a position in a sawmill, wheeling sawdust in a wheelbarrow to the furnace of the mill, at the munificent salary of 40 cents per day. Three months after the beginning of the war, Mr. Lapham enlisted in a company formed in his home town and served four years in the Union Army as sergeant in Company B, Thirty-ninth Ohio Infantry. He saw much active service and carries with him today a Confederate bullet-hole in his left arm, received while charging the enemy at the battle of Benton-ville, N. C. He admits modestly that it was he and General Grant that put down the Great Rebellion.

Sergeant Lapham was in every battle in which the Thirty-ninth, was engaged, including the siege and capture of New Madrid, Island No. Ten, expedition to Fort Pillow, siege of Corinth, battle of luka, battle of Corinth, Parker's Cross Roads, capture of Decatur, Atlanta campaign,—Resaca, Dallas, Big Shanty, Kenesaw Mountain, Ruff's Mills, or Nick-A-Jack creek, battles around Atlanta, march through Georgia, siege of Savannah, march through the Carolinas,—Battles of Beaufort, Pocotaligo, Whippy Swamp, Rivers Bridge, North and South Edesto rivers, Orangeburg, Columbia, Fayetteville, Bentonville, Goldsborough, and Raleigh. March north through Virginia, Richmond, Fredericksburg to Washington, in which he participated with his regiment in the grand review.

Discharged at Camp Dennison, Chio, July 9th, 1865, after four years' continuous service.

When the war was over Mr. Lapham returned to Marietta, Ohio, where he became acquainted with a slender, black-eyed girl while attending the Baptist church. That girl has been his honored and cherished wife for many years. He moved to Cleveland, Ohio, and entered the employ of Pousfield & Poole, manufacturers of woodware, as foreman. He was afterward senior member of Lapham & Co., and later president and manager of Lapham-Dodge Co. Sixteen years ago he disposed of his business in Cleveland and with his family moved to Los Angeles, California, where he has resided since. He is now a director in the National Bank of Commerce and the Manhattan Savings Bank, president and manager of the California Fish Co., and president and treasurer of the Southern California Supply Co.

THOMAS J. SMITH.

A SAILOR AND A SOLDIER.

Company B, Twenty-seventh Ohio Veteran Volunteer Infantry.

In the year 1847, I was living in the seaport town of Fall River, Massachusetts. I was eighteen years of age. In those days a great many of the young men on the coast of New England went to sea, and the stories brought to my youthful ears of the wonders of the deep and the life on the ocean, filled me with a desire to become a sailor.

One evening in October, 1847, I was on the way home from my work, when I met my mother going to a near by store. She told me to hurry home and put the kettle on the stove to boil, but before her return, I left home and took passage on a steamer for New York City. None of my people knew that I was going to adopt so dangerous an occupation as that of a sailor, nor did they hear from me, until three years later. Then on meeting my parents, the first question I asked was, "Has the kettle boiled?"

I shipped in New York City, and sailed for New London, in the bark "Drummo" with Captain Steel, in October, 1847. All green seamen aboard ship were put on a diet of bread and water until they had learned to "box the compass and to make a double splice." The hardships on board of most of the sailing vessels at that time, and the brutality of some of the captains toward seamen made the life of a sailor comparable to that of a dog.

On our outward voyage, we sailed around Cape Horn, touched at Juan Fernandez Islands, at Honolulu, Sandwich Islands, a six months' sail. Then we cruised to the Society Islands, in the Yellow Sea, along the coast of China and Korea and in the Okhotsk Sea, coast of Siberia, for Artic or Wright whale. Then we returned to Honolulu, where I shipped with Captain Swane on the ship "Lagoda."

In these cruises we carried the American flag flying from our mast to parts of the world where it had never been seen before. Returning to Honolulu after a six months' cruise, we fitted up the ship and sailed homeward, passing through the straits of Magellan. We landed in New Bedford, Massachusetts in the spring of 1850.

I went to Rogersville, Tennessee in 1857 where in 1859, I married Miss Sarah Bradley, a daughter of a planter and postmaster. When the war broke out, I was carrying the mail, which exempted me from military service, but in 1863, I was conscripted by the Confederate Government. A few days afterward, I paid a negro to pilot me through the picket lines to Knoxville and went to Nashville. I called on Governor Patterson, who

gave me employment in the United States Government shops. After leaving my home, a troop of rebel cavalry entered my house, turned my wife and child out, destroyed my furniture and provisions, and took the carpets to put under their saddles. My wife then got a pass through the rebel lines and on her way to Chattanooga, was robbed by a straggling Union soldier. She reported her loss to the Provost Marshall and then to the member of Congress from that district. The latter knew that she was the wife of a Union man and the money which had been taken from her was restored.

I now determined to enlist and fight under the old flag that I had sailed under in the far off seas. I went to Wooster, Ohio, and enlisted in Company B, Twenty-seventh Ohio, in which regiment my brother Charles was then a Captain. I took part in the toilsome march through southern swamps with the First Division, Seventeenth Army Corps. At the surrender of Johnston's Army, it was my pleasure to see the rebel flag go down and the glorious old flag of our Union go up in triumph. In Washington at the time of the grand review, it was an inspiring thing to see our flag in full view, waving from all the public buildings, and draped around the mottoes of "Welcome," "All Hail, Western Heroes," "Island Ten, New Madrid," "Donaldson," "Shiloh," "Corinth," "Vicksburg," "Chattanooga," "Atlanta," "Savannah," "Raleigh," and proudly carried by the regiments of that triumphant army, that had never been defeated in battle, as they marched down Pennsylvania Avenue, amid the mad enthusiasm of the people.

After being mustered out with the regiment in July 1865, I returned to Rogersville.*

^{*}Thomas Smith died at Knoxville, Tennessee, April 14th, 1902, and is buried there in the United States National Cemetery.



DAVID MeMULLEN. Co. K, 27th O. V. V. I.

DAVID McMULLEN.

Company K, Twenty-seventh Ohio Veteran Volunteer Infantry.

Мт. Окав, Оню.

David McMullen, the author of this life history, was born in Warren County, Ohio in 1837 and at the age of ten moved to Brown. Having been brought up on a farm, he apprenticed himself, when he was eighteen years old, to the trade of a blacksmith, which trade was followed until August, 1861. At this time he volunteered for three years service in the Union Army, going direct to Western fields. There, with cartridge box and forty rounds, he took part with his regiment in all its engagements and long, weary, footsore marches, over the prairies and Ozark hills of Missouri. He took part in the capture of New Madrid and Island Ten on the Mississippi River, the Siege of Corinth, the battle of luka and the famous defeat of Price and Van Dorn at Corinth, Mississippi, October 4th, 1862.

The latter half of his service was given in the capacity of regimental blacksmith, in performing which service, he was required to shoe every variety of army steed, from the General's charger down to the kicking army mule in the wagon train, and much other work entirely foreign to what he had learned in the village shop.

His enlistment having terminated, he left the front near Atlanta, Georgia, and was mustered out, August 17th, 1864. The following spring Mr. McMullen went by way of New York and the Isthmus of Panama to California, thence by water and overland through Oregon, Washington Territory and Nevada, to the gold fields of Idaho. There he engaged four years in profitable mining, after which he retraced his steps back to Ohio, where in due time, he resumed his former calling at the forge and anvil.

This occupation he has followed to the present time, with a degree of success which enabled him to acquire a farm home with two hundred and ten acres of good land. Now at the age of three score and eleven, the sound of the anvil may still be heard, when work demands.

In 1871, Mr. McMullen married Cornelia Bangs, who became the devoted mother of their six daughters, Ellen, Minnie, Lisey, Harriet, Alice, and Hannah, all of whom are living. Their mother, his faithful companion in life's journey, died, August 9th, 1899.



PRIVATE CHAS. I. ADKINS. Co. K, 27th O. V. V. I. 1861.



PROF. CHAS. I. ADKINS. 1867.

AUTOBIOGRAPHY OF CHARLES I. ADKINS.

Private in Company K, Twenty-seventh Ohio Veteran Volunteer Infantry.

DAYTON, OHIO.

I was born in the year 1842 and reared through early boyhood, in a farm home, in Noble County, Indiana. At the age of fifteen, I went to New Orleans, making that city my home, until the outbreak of the Civil War, most of which time, I followed the river, in the capacity of a steamboat cabin boy. I have seen slaves sold in the New Orleans auction market, and I have seen fugitives rush down the stage plank and flee for liberty, others jump overboard and swim for the shore, while bullets from passengers' pistols could be seen skipping in the water about their heads. Those whose hiding places were discovered were brought out hand-cuffed and, pursuant to the fugitive slave law, duly returned to the authorities.

In the Autumn of 1860, I quit the river and sought employment in a Cincinnati hotel. It was probably this turn in my life that prevented my having worn the gray instead of the blue, which I donned at Camp Chase, Ohio, August 13th, 1861. My war record shows no act of special bravery

nor of cowardly conduct. When holding musket fire with the enemy in view, I felt somewhat anxious as to the pending outcome, but when the fight was on in all its fury, with that battle yell, fear fled, fright changed to fascination, and a reckless desire for its continuance. I took part with my regiment in all its campaigns, until optic disability necessitated my leaving the front, at Pulaski, Tennessee, January, 1864. I was discharged the following December. William H. Adkins, an older brother, who served in the Forty-fourth Indiana Volunteer Infantry, Company G, occupies an unknown grave, in the National Cemetery at Murfressboro, Tennessee.

After the war, I studied music for a time, then for about thirty years, followed the profession of teaching that art. I was married in 1870 and have a daughter and a son, Leota V. and William Lee, both having passed their majority. At the date of this publication, I am striving to assist Major Charles H. Smith in its distribution.



JUDGE THOMAS E. SCROGGY. 39th O. V. V. I.

THOMAS E. SCROGGY.

Company II, Thirty-ninth Ohio Veteran Volunteer Infantry.

XENIA, OHIO, April 27th, 1909.

MAJOR CHARLES H. SMITH, CLEVELAND, OHIO.

Dear Comrade —By reason of being absent a portion of the time, and matters requiring my attention here, I have neglected answering your communications in reference to the proposed army record of the Ohio Brigade. I beg to assure you that I am deeply interested in this matter, and pursuant to my telegram to you today, I forward photograph and my record, taken from page ninety-eight of the Congressional Directory of the 59th Congress, as follows:

"Thomas Edmund Scroggy, Republican of Xenia, was born at Harveysburg, Warren County, Ohio, March 18, 1843; attended the public

schools and worked on a farm at and near Harveysburg, at the age of fifteen began the carriage making trade, and was serving his apprenticeship when the Civil War began; he enlisted. July, 1861, at the age of eighteen, as a private in Company H, Thirty-ninth Ohio Infantry, and served in that capacity and as Corporal until July 4th, 1864, when he was shot through the right shoulder and lung in an assault on the Confederate works at Nick-o-jack Creek, Georgia. He had forty-two pieces of bone taken from his body and was confined to his bed for about six months, and was honorably discharged and mustered out at Camp Dennison, March, 1865; prior to being wounded he participated in every battle in which his regiment took part; in June, 1865, he engaged in the grocery business in Xenia, where he has ever since resided; January, 1866, he was married to Mary Steel Ledbetter, of Xenia; from this union one child. Earl, was born. but died at the age of ten months, July, 1873; was engaged with his fatherin-law in the millinery business from 1866 to 1871; while in the millinery business he read law in the office of Carey and Shearer, under the supervision of the latter; was elected Justice of the Peace in 1869, serving one term; was admitted to the bar, September 8, 1871, and began the practice of law; served three terms as clerk and three terms as solicitor of the city of Xenia; his wife died December, 1887, and in February, 1892, he was married to Mary Bloom, of Xenia; he is a thirty-second degree Mason, a member of the Grand Army of the Republic and Union Veteran Legion; all his brothers (five) were in the Union Army; one was killed in the battle of Lookout Mountain, one was wounded in battle, and one was a prisoner in Danville, Virginia. In 1898 he was Republican nominee for common pleas judge in the third subdivision of the second judicial district, and was elected; was again nominated for that office without opposition in 1903, and was elected for a term of five years, beginning February, 1904, A petition signed by business and professional men of Xenia requesting him to become a candidate for the nomination to Congress was presented, and he became a candidate for the nomination; a Republican Congressional delegate convention was called to meet in Wilmington, April 12, 1904; disagreements arose among the delegates resulting from the holding of two conventions, one nominating as its candidate Honorable Charles O. Hildebrant and the other Judge Thomas E. Scroggy; a contest was had before a board composed of the chiefs and clerks of State deputy supervisors of election of the district, and before the supreme court; both tribunals decided in favor of Judge Scroggy, and his name was directed to be placed on the official Republican ballot; he was elected to the Forty-ninth Congress by a plurality of two thousand three hundred and seventy-seven. He was tendered but declined a renomination."

After his return from California last fall, he was elected and is now serving as the Colonel of the Union Veteran Legion Encampment. He is now following his profession in the active practice of law at Xenia, Ohio.

Yours sincerely,

T. E. Scroggy.



SERGEANT FRED. F. ADAMS. Co. B. 43d Ohio.

SERGEANT FREDERICK F. ADAMS.

Company B, Forty-third Ohio Veteran Volunteer Infantry.

Frederick F. Adams was born October 5th, 1842, at Lexington, Ohio, the son of John F. and Jane Fitting Adams.

He enlisted in the army under Captain James Marshman at Mt. Gilead. Ohio, October 1st, 1861. He was appointed Sergeant and served in Company B, of the Forty-third Ohio Volunteer Infantry, until November 2nd, 1864, when he was honorably discharged at Columbus, Ohio. He participated in every engagement in which the regiment took a part, during his term of enlistment.

In the spring of 1865, Mr. Adams went to the Pacific slope, locating first in Walla Walla, Washington, where he engaged in the mercantile business until the spring of 1886. Then he removed to San Diego, California, where he remained until the fall of 1898. Since then he has made Seattle, Washington, his home.

On June 29th, 1870, Frederick F. Adams was married to Miss Mary V. Schnebly of Walla Walla, Washington, who died in San Diego, California on October 30th, 1887. Five children blessed this union, of which four are still living, namely, Frederica M., born May 6th, 1872, Philip H., born February 12th, 1876, Margaret E., born January 24th, 1878, Herbert H., born January 20th, 1880.

On November 21st, 1894, Mr. Adams married Miss Mary E. Willard, of Oakland, California. He has now retired from business after an active life spent on the frontier of the great west.

The accompanying protograph was taken at the age of sixty-five.



CORPŌRAL ISAAC JARVIS. Co. 11, 63d O. V. V. I.

CORPORAL ISAAC JARVIS.

Sixty-third Ohio Teteran Volunteer Infantry.

Isaac Jarvis was bern in Perry County, Ohio, October 16, 1843.

He enlisted in the army October 19, 1861, in Company H, 63rd Ohio Infantry Volunteers, and was killed in battle of Corinth, October 4, 1862.

He was a son of Phillip Jarvis. His grandfather, James Jarvis, an Englishman settled at an early day in Fayette County, Pa., and married there Elizabeth Plummer.

These people moved to Perry County, Ohio, about the year 1800; where afterwards his father married his mother whose maiden name was Mary Wolf. She was of German descent, and her people came to Perry County about 1800. In 1853 Isaac Jarvis moved with his parents to Hocking County, Ohio and settled in Starr Township where he was living when he entered the army.

The winter before the war began Isaac Jarvis and his younger brother, Simon, attended the public school in Starr Township, taught by Oscar L. Jackson, and were both among the first in 1861 to enlist with Jackson when he began recruiting his Company. They also had an older brother, Joel A. Jarvis, who enlisted in the same Company and served until discharged for disability. Simon Jarvis served to the end of the war and was the First Sergeant of the Company the latter part of its service. They were a patriotic family, and another brother, Phillip Jarvis was a soldier in the 34th Iowa Infantry, and a fifth brother, Josiah Jarvis served in Company G, 151st Ohio.

Isaac Jarvis was reared on a farm. He was a quiet, well behaved boy at home, and in school; and a first-class reliable soldier in the army. He was appointed Corporal when his Company was organized and he was present and took part in every movement and action of his regiment from Commerce, Missouri to Corinth, Miss. This included New Madrid, Fort Thompson, Island Number Ten, Siege of Corinth and Farmington. He received a gun shot wound in the leg at battle of Iuka, not severe, and he did not go to the hospital. At Corinth he received two gun shot wounds, one below the eye, the other in the neck. Either would have been mortal. He was killed instantly, and buried on the field near where he fell. After the war the government removed his remains to the National Cemetery. His grave is known and numbered 3846.



SERGEANT ROBERT TERRY. Co. H, 63d O. V. V. I.

SERGEANT ROBERT TERRY.

Company H, Sixty-third Ohio Veteran Volunteer Infantry.

Robert Terry was born April 1842. He was the son of Robert Terry, Sr., and Julia Terry, his wife, citizens of Starr Township, Hocking County, Ohio.

His people were of New England stock, but had for a long time been citizens of Ohio. His father was born in New York, and his mother in Connecticut. He enlisted when about twenty years of age, November 4, 1861 in Company H, 63rd Ohio Infantry Volunteers and was killed in battle of Corinth, October 4, 1862. He was reared on a farm. A year before the war began, he and his brother Seth, had attended public school in their home township taught by Oscar L. Jackson, and when Jackson was recruiting his Company both enlisted with him. When the Company was organized he was appointed Sergeant, and made a very capable, reliable officer.

He was of a quiet, modest disposition, and of undoubted bravery, a good soldier in every respect. He was acting First Lieutenant of his company the day he was killed. He received three gun shot wounds at the same time, one above left eye, one in breast, and one in side. He lived a few hours, and after he fell, spoke words of encouragement to his comrades. He was buried on the field but since the war his remains were removed and are now in National Cemetery at Corinth, Miss., Grave No. 3821.

His brother, Seth, served in 63rd Ohio to the end of the war. Another brother was also a soldier in another regiment. He had two sisters, Laura Terry, and Julia A. Terry.



DAVID AULD.
Of the Auld & Conger Co. 1903.

DAVID AULD.

43rd Ohio Veteran Volunteer Infantry.

David Auld, second son of John and Mary Bradford Auld was born in Washington County, Penna, in 1844. His father, born in Green County, Penna, was the second son of Archibald Auld and Rebecca Carroll Auld, both of Scotch ancestry. They came to Cumberland County, Penna, when children three and six years old, and later moved to Green County, Penna. They raised four sons and seven daughters to maturity.

His mother was the second daughter of Eli and Mary McNay Bradford, of English ancestry. Eli Bradford came from Adams County, Penna. to Armstrong County, Penna., and settled at Kitanning, and later came to Waynesburg, Green County, Penna. He raised five sons and five daughters to maturity. His mother was born in Green County, Penna. and died in Butler County, Ohio, in 1850, leaving four sons and one daughter. The

sons were Archibald Bradford, David, Demas and Levi Auld. The latter, while in the 174th O. V. I., received injuries from which he died. The first three enlisted in Company G, 20th Ohio Infantry, (three months) on May 7th, 1861, at Mt. Gilead, Ohio, and served in West Virginia under Generals McClelland and Rosecrans.

David and Demas, as drummer and fifer, (being too small for the ranks) were mustered out at Columbus, Ohio, August 27th, 1861, on expiration of term of service, and on September 14th, 1861, enlisted in Company B, 43rd Ohio Infantry for three years. David and Demas served in this command until the close of the war and were mustered out on July 13th, 1865, having also been mustered out and re-enlisted as veterans December 25th, 1863, having taken part in every operation in which this command was engaged. Archibald Bradford Auld was killed in battle at Corinth, Miss., October 4th, 1862.

David, after the close of the war, lived at Columbus, Ohio, until 1870, when he and James W. Conger, went to Steubenville, Ohio, and carried on the business of general building and slate roofing until 1873. They came to Cleveland, Ohio, and entered the business of wholesale roofing slate. In 1885 they added the quarrying of slate to their wholesale business and have continued in these lines until the present time successfully. His father died in 1876. His family consists of his wife, Nellie J. Sayle, their daughter Louise A. Lowry and husband Chas. A. Lowry, who have three children; Charlotte A., three and one-half, Virginia A., two, and David A., one year old, all in good health, prosperous and happy.



JAMES W. CONGER. Co. B, 43d O. V. V. I., 1864.



JAMES W. CONGER. Of The Auld & Conger Co. 1903.

JAMES CONGER.

Forty-third Ohio V. V. 1.

James W. Conger, (enlisted as James), only son of William Henry Harrison Conger and Martha Auld, his wife; was born in Washington county, Penna., August 6th, 1845. His mother died when he was 15 months old and his father when he was six years old. In 1852, he came to Morrow County, Ohio, and lived with his grandparents, Archibald Auld and Rebecca Carroll, his wife, both of whom were born in County Antrim, Ireland, of Scotch parents. His grandparents on his father's side were English, whose ancestors emigrated from Northumberland County to America in 1664, and located in Morristown, N. J. Later they moved to Washington County. Penna., and in 1794 entered land there which is still in the family. He lived on a farm until the breaking out of the war and enlisted in Company B, 43rd Ohio, at Mt. Gilead, September 14th, 1861, and served in this com-

pany until December 25th, 1863, when he was discharged on account of having re-enlisted as a veteran in the same company for three years more or during the war. Was mustered out of the service July 13th, 1865, having served three years and ten months lacking one day. In 1864, was offered a commission as Second Lieutenant in an Alabama colored regiment, but declined with the statement, "He would prefer to serve as a private with the boys with whom he was enlisted." Was appointed Quartermaster Sergeant of the 43rd Ohio, May 22nd, 1865, and a short time before the close of the war was offered a commission in the 43rd Ohio, but owing to an unjust law of Congress, requiring soldiers who accepted a commission to forfeit any veteran bounty still unpaid, declined to accept the appointment.

On his return from the army, located in Columbus, Ohio, and soon after became identified with the building and contracting business with David Auld. In fact, as boy partners in 1862, they had the "Battle of Corinth" lithographed from a sketch made by Mr. Auld, and sold this to the members of the Brigade. In 1870, they moved to Steubenville, Ohio, where they had contracts for large public buildings, and in the meantime added slate roofing to their business. In 1873, closed out their general contracting business and moved to Cleveland, engaging extensively in the jobbing of roofing slate, with their retail business. In 1885 became interested in the mining of roofing slate in Pennsylvania and Vermont, and are today one of the largest producers in the United States.

His family consists of his wife, Anna M. Higgins, their daughter, May Greenwood Braddock, and husband, L. J. Braddock, residing in New York; Frank H., associated with him in business, and Howard F., living in New York. By permission of the fourth Auditor of the United States Treasury, he has had a transcript made from the books of the War Department, giving in detail his financial transaction with the Government during his entire term of service, a fac simile of which see on next page. He is a member of the G. A. R., having joined the order in 1867, in Columbus, Ohio, a Knight Templar and 32nd degree Mason, a member of the Shrine, and member of the Cleveland Chamber of Commerce, and was the Republican Presidential Elector from the 21st Ohio District in 1900.

TRANSCRIPT OF PAYMENTS

To James Congerlate. private Co. B. 43 Chis Vols.	
6 2140	
En. Oct. 186 at Camp Chase Dry hay g & Edse A. M. I.	s shown by first Muster and Pay
L. P. to	kou. * after May 14,
PAYMENTER FILE NO. BOX VOCCHER. PERIOD OF PAYMENT, AND REMARKS.	1500.
The Dowll 365 3 05 7/1 Enlistment to Dec 3/41 3 - 6/13	39.00
Harton 63 127 Mary apr 1862 2-013	2600
Martin 63 127 Mar + apr 1862 2-a's	22 00
Hayellon 2452 05 39 May 7 June 1862 2-213	2600
Campon Bear Creek, Muss	26.00
Fariah 549 12 137 Sept + act 1862 2 20213	26.00
allitio 346 B 143 May 12 to Feb 163 4mg 13.	5200
Aheling 366 B 143 Nove 12 to Feb 163 400 13. Olahing due solder Clo settled to Dec 2/63. Botwar, Term	806 60 06
Hendraks 878 " 153 Mar to June 1863 4 m 233	5.4.50
Nother 1186 " 46 July 4 aug 1863 2-213	26.00
Storms 570 45-184 Sept + Oct 1863. 2-213.	26 00.
Storms 5.75 % 184 Sept + Oct 1863. 200 213	7/ 00
Congdon 1247 247 9. Nor + Die 2 744 22/62 Clothing du solder	10000
Clothing due soldier	139.61
Congdon 1267 377 10 advance pay	1300
Bremum.	200
Prosket Tem.	7500
Brewer 914 " 25 25 Feb 1 to aug 91/64 2-0 1/4	10000
Mar Cast Point, Sa.	20300
Brewer 914 " 55 Sept /64 to apr 30/65. 5 m 8 14.	128 00
Clothing due soldier	30 11
Clo. last selled to Die 31/63" Camp near Releigh, A.C	
Thompson 1579 " 183 May 1 to July 17 /65 20 17 had 2 das travel autoustines	2 46
2 das travel & subsistance Chothing due Soldier Bal Veteran Bounty chie	19000
Stop Dif between In 5 17 Pote for 21 das.	25059 + 20 14639
Port from Jam for to Phay 22/42. I. h. Ggt. from May 22/45 to Mr. O. Lourarlle Ky.	5 -3 1.
Int from Jane 1/2 to May 22/4. I.h. Egt. from May 22/6 to M.O. Lourantle Ky.	\$1.205.17



GEO. W. WOLF. Co. I, 27th O. V. V. I.



JOHN BEEMAN. Co. G, 27th O. V. V. I.



JOHN SMEDLEY, Co. I, 27th O. V. V. I. Wounded July 22, 1864, in hand and hand at Atlanta, Ga.

REMINISCENCES OF SOLDIER LIFE.

REUNION OF FULLER'S OHIO BRIGADE.

October 3rd and 4th, 1878.

OFFICERS.

President.

General John W. Fuller.

Lice Presidents.

Major James Morgan, Twenty-seventh Ohio Veteran Infantry Regiment. Captain W. H. H. Minturn, Thirty-ninth Ohio Veteran Infantry Regiment, General Wager Swayne, Forty-third Ohio Veteran Infantry Regiment. Colonel Charles E. Brown, Sixty-third Ohio Veteran Infantry Regiment.

Secretary.

J. W. Thompson, Forty-third Ohio Veteran Infantry Regiment.

Treasurer.

A. J. White, Thirty-ninth Ohio Veteran Infantry Regiment.

Committee on Publication.

Major Charles H. Smith, Twenty-seventh Ohio Veteran Infantry Regiment, Chaplain R. L. Crittenden, Forty-third Ohio Veteran Infantry Regiment, Colonel Charles E. Brown, Sixty-third Ohio Veteran Infantry Regiment, Lieutenant D. W. Chase.

The Governor of Ohio, R. M. Bishop, tendered the use of the Portrait room in the Capitol Building for headquarters, to which all members were invited to register their names and obtain badges. An informal meeting was held in the afternoon of the 3rd at which old friendships were renewed and army associations revived.

The meeting was held in Representatives Hall of the Capitol Building which was appropriately decorated for the occasion. The Elite of the City of Columbus gathered there with the old veteraus to extend to them their cordial and hearty welcome. General Charles C. Walcutt presided. The exercises of the evening were opened by reveille under the direction of Captain Horn, U. S. A., after which Chaplain R. L. Chittenden offered a prayer. The Amphious Chorus of Columbus sang "Marching through Georgia" and the Garrison Band furnished the instrumental music, which

with the hearty welcome of the citizens of Columbus through General John Beaty, was thoroughly enjoyed and heartily appreciated by the veterans. The interest of the evening, however, concentrated in the address to the Brigade by General John W. Fuller its former commander. His appearance was the occasion of a most hearty outbreak of enthusiasm and his address was often interrupted by bursts of applause, when he renewed the transactions of those memorable days in the history of the Brigade, in which they played so prominent a part in the repulse of the rebel army, in their desperate onslaught, at Corinth, Mississippi. They seemed to live over again the terrible scenes of the battle fields around Battery Robinet, where so many of their number offered up their lives on the altar of their country.

At the close of General Fuller's address, General Wager Swayne was introduced, known and endeared to the entire brigade as a brave and noble soldier and for his devotion to the cause, his kindness to the soldier and his firmness and decision in the hour of danger. His address reviewed briefly the objects that were to be accomplished by the war and the results since developed. Chaplain Eton, Twenty-seventh Ohio, followed General Swayne with a fine address, and he was followed by short and informal addresses from various members, General M. Churchill, Captain W. H. H. Minturn, and Captain R. R. Shaw, of the Sixty-third.

Letters of regret were read from Major-General Rosecrans, Major-General D. S. Stanley, Major-General G. M. Dodge, Brigadier-General John W. Sprague, Major-General John A. Logan, and others.

ADDRESS BY GENERAL JOHN W. FULLER.

To His Ohio Brigade, at Columbus, Ohio, October 3rd, 1878.

When friends who have long been steadfast are scattered by life's vicissitudes, and meet and greet in after years, one theme is uppermost in every heart—the story of the days when they stood side by side together; the days in which they learned to trust each other and when the trials and triumphs of each were common to them all. And thus it is, my comrades, when once the joyous word with which we greet each other has been spoken, it seems so very natural to wander back in fancy to those incidents and scenes forever fresh in all our memories, forever woven with the days when we all stood as one.

It is an old story to you all, and yet I could say nothing you would hear more willingly tonight. So, drawing as I must from memory, I purpose to sketch briefly an outline of the services of the old Brigade to which

you all belonged, while I had the honor to command.

It was about the 1st of July, 1862, when the resignation of Col. Groesbeck left me senior officer of the brigade. And here let me say, that proud as I am of having been your commander, I know there were others equally able to take the place, and to whose ability and ever-ready co-operation we are greatly indebted for what was done. I have sometimes thought that few brigades in any army could show so many able officers: Smith, who fell so young, and Sprague and Swayne and Noyes; all not merely competent, but all distinguished. And there were others who needed only opportunity to make their mark. Did you ever think how many of our officers were detailed for important trusts elsewhere? General Pope began by taking Col. Noves for service on his staff; then Surgeon Thrall was taken from his regiment that he might serve as Medical Director of the army. Col. Swayne must needs serve as Provost Marshall for Western Tennessee. Lieut. Vogelson was made Chief Commissary for a corps, with rank to correspond; and when was wanted one to plan and care for an emancipated race General Grant selected one of our chaplains for that task. We lost a faithful officer but the black man gained a friend whose labor and success in his behalf soon made the name of Eaton known throughout the land. There were many, too, who graduated in our camp and took higher rank elsewhere. Lathrop, who fell in battle near Athens, Ala., and Thomas our generous host today, both captains in our line, left us to lead new regiments.

When the Rebels gave up Corinth, our army occupied the ridges to the south and near the town; and it was the good fortune of this brigade

to find a pleasant camp on Clear Creek.

It was good fortune too, for us, that the commander of our division had once commanded the Brigade. For Stanley recollected your good behavior at New Madrid; and, on the other hand, you all remembered Stanley as a skillful officer, and you believed he was brave as Marshall Ney. It was here that most of you met the distinguished soldier whom his friends

delighted to call Old Rosy, and who was then assigned to command the Army of the Mississippi. You have not forgotten his genial face nor the

tireless energy with which he looked into every detail.

In September, 1862, rumors were current that the enemy was approaching and soon we learned that our garrison at luka, some 20 miles to the east, had been compelled to abandon its position and fall back toward Corinth. A strong reconnaissance showed that the rebel General Price was in Iuka, whereupon Gen. Grant ordered a simultaneous attack by Rosecrans, who was to approach from the south, and by Ord from the west. The day before the attack Gen. Stanley had been misled Ly his guide. We had marched far out of our way, and late at night found ourselves some miles in rear of the leading division. It was the fault of the stupid guide, whom Rosecrans himself had sent to show the road, so Stanley said; but Rosecrans was so indignant at the mistake, that when he rode into our bivouae at midnight, and came to the spot where several officers were eating supper, he spoke his mind with greater freedom than was pleasant for his subordinates to hear.

When Rosecrans learned that Stanley's division was so far behind he forwarded that dispatch which caused Gen. Grant to postpone the time for Ord's attack. Gen. Grant took it for granted, when this dispatch was read, that Stanley could not get up in time, and that Rosecrans would not attack until the succeeding morning. Hence his orders to Gen. Ord to wait. If Gen. Grant had known then, as well as afterwards, how long your legs were when there was a fight ahead, he would never have changed the original plan; for at 3 o'clock next morning you were under way and before

noon had overtaken the rear of the leading division.

Iuka was a stubborn fight but the brunt of the battle fell on Hamilton's division; and it was only when dusk was falling that Rosecrans ordered you to the front. You moved forward with a cheer drowning for a moment the roll of musketry; then on the crest, face to face with the enemy, you opened that deadly fire which ever thereafter marked this brigade when in the forefront of battle. But darkness fell quite suddenly and Rosecrans, wondering why he heard nothing of Ord, sent orders for us to halt and wait for daylight. Yet before dawn some skirmishers (of the 39th) reported that the 11th Ohio Battery, which had been lost that afternoon, could not be carried off since it was completely covered by our line of fire, and we had only to advance and take it back; and so it proved; for when at dawn the brigade moved forward, the battery was found, and Neil (whose name is in this city of Columbus), with others of his contrades, was gladdened with the sight of all the guns.

But the rebel Gen. Price knew exactly where Ord was, and foreseeing that his troops, as well as Rosecraus' would fight tomorrow, he quietly withdrew under cover of the night and marched away. In Iuka early the next morning, Rosecrans and Ord shook hands, Rosy complaining that Ord had failed to play the part assigned him in the plan of battle, and Ord

showing his orders of postponement.

Ord's command marched back to Corinth, then to Bolivar, while Rose-crans followed the rebels in their circuit to the south and west, keeping between them and his base at Corinth, and watching for that move which would follow the union of the corps of Price with the army of Van Dorn.

which was reported near to Ripley. It was not a long suspense, for a few days showed the enemy's intention, either to take and occupy Corinth, or, leaving Corinth on their right, to assail General Ord at Bolivar, Tenn. We waited until Oct. 2nd before it was certain that Corinth was their objective point. Then began the concentration of Rosecrans' troops to meet the attack.

On the morning of Oct. 3rd, just sixteen years ago today, the enemy attacked the division of Gen. Davies at the outer line of works, the line constructed by the rebels when Sidney Johnston and Beauregard held possession of the town. Davies had been ordered there to retard the enemy's advance until Rosy should be ready to let VanDorn come in. VanDorn's superior strength enabled him to drive Davies from this line, but Davies' men fought stubbornly, and fell back over that two or three miles so slowly that it was near night when they approached the outskirts of the town, and when re-enforcements enabled Davies to stop the enemy's advance. After dark the Ohio Brigade marched to relieve one of the brigades of Davies' division, and was ordered to occupy the high ground near Battery Robinett. Near the crest was formed the line of battle. Directly on the right of the earth-work covering the battery and stretching across the Chewalla road, stood the men of the 63rd; next came the 27th; and farther still to the right was the 39th regiment. On the left of the battery, facing the left, and nearly at right angles to the main line, rested the 43rd.

Let us go back through the intervening years and in fancy place ourselves on the spot so occupied, and look again over that field which has since been famous. Before you, for 300 yards, lie in confusion the few trees which have been felled to form a partial abattis. Beyond this stands the forest, and through both leads, without obstruction, the road to Che-To the right of the 39th the line of battle is broken for 300 yards, by an impassable swamp, beyond which we see the rising ground occupied by several brigades of our infantry, and on the extreme right, perhaps a mile away, the earthwork called Fort Richardson. Turning to look over your left shoulder you see a part of the division of General McKean, and the redoubt called Battery Phillips, which form the left of Rosecrans' line of battle. If you come to a right about, you see directly in the rear the cut through the hill where lies the Memphis railroad, and just over this, on still higher ground, stands Fort Williams, with a 20-pounder Parrot looking out of each embrasure. Your own batteries Co. F, of 2nd U. S., and Co. C., of 1st Michigan Artillery, are ready for action on the high ground abreast of Fort Williams; all apparently so near, that but for their elevated position you might look down the cannon's throats. Here you waited during the long hours of the night of October 3rd, and here you fought on the morning of the 4th.

The removal of Davies' skirmish line, which by some mistake was not made known to us, permitted the enemy to advance so closely that, although hidden by darkness, you could hear him planting his guns in the edge of the forest not more than 300 yards in your front; and during the night the commander of that battery (I think from New Orleans) reconnoitering the ground between his guns and your lines, was quietly captured, mounted though he was, by Captain (since General) Brown, of the 63rd Ohio.

It was a night of suspense and anxiety to all. We knew that Gen. Hackelman had been killed, and we had seen Gen. Oglesby carried to the rear, with a wound we supposed was mortal. Hundreds more, wounded during the day's fight, had been borne to the hospitals, and the men of Davies' division, who had fought against great odds all day and had been slowly driven back, seemed well nigh disheartened. You knew you had to meet an enemy not only strong and resolute, but who was also flushed with what he thought was a victory. Hence you listened with anxiety to those sounds of preparation so plainly heard from the hill, where, lying down without sleep, you waited for the assault. It seems strange, in view of the rapid and thorough mode of entrenching afterwards acquired, that no attempt was made to fortify, especially since we now know how much superior the enemy was in numbers. But we had not then learned the use of spades.

With the earliest dawn of day, the rebel battery in front opens fire. What a magnificent display! No rockets ever scattered fire like the bursting of those shells. Not long, however, for as soon as there is light enough to aim, the 20-pounder Parrots in Fort Williams suddenly belch forth, and make the place occupied by the rebel battery so hot that it is hurriedly withdrawn. Yet not all, for one gun has been abandoned, and some venturesome boys of the 63rd Ohio, with others of the 2nd U. S. Infantry, run forward, and pull it into our lines by hand. Then came fierce fighting between the skirmishers. The enemy had the cover of the woods, while our men crept from log to log in the endeavor to gain the better cover of Reinforcements to our skirmishers enabled them, after two hours fighting, to drive the rebels back and gave the shelter sought. But not far off the conformation of the ground was peculiarly fortunate for the enemy. He could lie on the crest of a series of ridges and sweep everything in his front, scarcely exposing a man to view. Behind these ridges he was massing his men for assault.

About 10 or 11 o'clock our attention is diverted from the fierce skirmish in our immediate front by the advance of Gen. Price's divisions which are moving out of the woods to our right front, and marching upon the troops and fort which form the right of Rosecrans' line of battle. A splendid sight is that, as one rebel brigade after another moves in fine style over the ground which our position overlooks so plainly. The attack is fierce, and we soon are shocked to see our line give way and retire into the very town. We notice, too, some of our batteries drawn out of position and rapidly pulled to the rear. The guns of Fort Williams and of our own batteries directly in our rear, are all turned to the right, and an enfilading fire sweeps through the rebel hosts with an effect very plainly visible; but, though disordered somewhat, they move on; fresh troops pour out of the woods, and we see the rebels rushing over the works on our right, and ponring into Corinth itself. A rolling fire is heard in the streets, and soon after the rebels begin to retire. They stand awhile at the works they had captured, but our boys are coming to the front again from the town. At this juncture, some regiments of Hamilton's division, not previously engaged, are thrown forward on the extreme right, where, as finely aligned as if on parade, they are pouring a stream of lead into the rebel ranks. A little later we say to each other most joyously, "Our boys are driving them back again."

But a fiercer fire than ever opens on our own skirmish line and a constant hum of bullets tells us that our time is coming now; and it proves to be the rebel center moving for the main attack upon the place we occupy. Looking through the trees before us we plainly see the rebel banners and their attacking column advancing. The 43rd changes front forward on its right company, and the 11th Missouri is brought forward and held in reserve, just behind the 63rd Ohio. Our skirmishers are driven back pellmell upon the line of battle; the artillery with us in Robinett and the artillerists which play over our heads from the rear are firing rapidly, and some of your officers are running along the line ordering you to "Get down and lie low until they are close upon us." In another minute the head of the rebel column coming along the Chewalla road, is seen near by, heading straight for the 63rd and Battery Robinett. Now you rise to your feet and pour into the enemy that steady fire which fills the road with his dead, and seems to cause a halt; for though the rear of his column moves steadily on, the head of it comes no nearer, but appears to melt away. But the enemy is firing too. Along the whole length of the 63rd and portions of the 27th and 43rd, officers and men are falling fast.

Some scenes here witnessed, though almost as brief as if revealed by a flash of lightning, are stamped indelibly upon our memories. Just where the 63rd joins the 27th, three men go down together. One, in the front rank, is lifting his arms high in the air and slowly sinking down. The man behind, and covering the first, sinks as if a thunderbolt had struck him; while another turns around, and with a look of agony upon his face, and trying to walk to the rear, moves but a step and falls. Capt. McFadden of the 63rd shouts out his first command in battle, and is dead. Lieut. Webb, of the 27th, endeavors to repeat the order to "fire low," and while his mouth is open wide, a bullet enters. He throws up his hands and falling on his face, is still forever. But the men not hit heed nothing; they fire incessantly, and their faces, black with powder, make noticeable their flashing eyes and their set teeth, so that they look like demons.

A minute later, the column in the Chewalla road has disappeared, but a strong force a little farther to the west is approaching the left of Robinett, and is making sad havoc in the ranks of the 43rd. This regiment has hardly finished its maneuvers of changing front, obstructed as is the field with logs and brush, and exposed moreover to a flauk fire from the Chewalla road. A glance in their direction reveals a startling picture. Col. Kirby Smith, commander of the regiment, is down, rider and horse together. Some men now raise him up, his face falls over toward us, and we see his cheek is red with blood. Lieut. Heyl, the Adjutant, trying to keep his saddle, clutches his horse's mane but gradually loses his grip, and before a comrade with outstretched arms can reach him, he is on the ground. A dozen more along the line drop in that instant, and the enemy's fire from front to flank is so severe that for a moment a rout is feared; but only for a moment, for Swayne here takes command of the regiment and is steadying the line, and Gen. Stanley, who rode over to the right when he thought that all the fighting was to be done there, gallops back in the nick of time to help. His coming at that critical moment seemed like the arrival of reinforcements. And now this regiment takes sudden vengeance for its Colonel's fall; for they drive back, with great slaughter, the force which approaches to the left of Robinett, and shoot every rebel who shows his head above the parapet or tries to climb through the embrasures of the battery, when the final effort is made very soon after, to carry that work by storm.

While the 43rd is thus engaged, Col. Rogers, commanding the Texan Brigade, rides out from the woods and with his troops moves along the Chewalla road heading for the battery and the 63rd. Another moment his horse is shot, and he is coming along the road on foot. His leading color sergeant falls, when Rogers, picking up the colors, continues to advance with flag in hand. A cloud of rebel skirmishers on either side of the road are firing heavily on the 63rd and left wing of the 27th, until 48 per cent of the men of the former regiment are killed or wounded, and the line is so much thinned that Col. Sprague and I, standing behind, can look right through it and distinctly see the advancing rebels now close at hand.

I shall always recollect how well Sprague looked at that eventful moment. Tall, and commanding in appearance, with sword in one hand and pistol in the other, he stood as a painter likes to portray an officer in battle. I shall remember too, looking at the face of the rebel Col. Rogers, when not distant more than 30 yards, and noting the peculiar expression it bore. He looked neither at the right nor left, neither at his own men nor at mine; but with eyes partly closed, like one in a hail storm, was marching slowly and steadily upon us; and there flashed through my mind this question, "Is he stupid with drink, or is he simply resolved to calmly meet a fate which he foresees?" Before there was time to answer to myself this question, the rebel column in the road seemed to gain some tremendous impetus from the rear, for it suddenly rushed on like a great wave, threatening to sweep into the gap which had been shot through the 63rd and to carry the redoubt by storm. The supreme moment had now come; and I turned to give the signal to the 11th Missouri in reserve and close behind. The leader of this regiment, perhaps ten minutes earlier, had received his orders; they had been sung out over the heads of his men so that every soldier in the ranks knew what was wanted and there was no need to repeat them now. "Forward!" shouted the Major as the regiment sprang up, and I had to run to the right to let them pass. With a short, quick step, and alignment perfect, they filled up the gap which the enemy's fire had made, charging the rebel column on the head. The 27th, under Spaulding, which had lost heavily, yet still was full of fight, joined by a plucky remnant of the 63rd, rushed forward at the same moment, charging the column obliquely on its left flank, when in an instant the whole scene changed. Rogers, with many of his men, lay dead before us, and those who were not prisoners, were flying back to the woods. One moment, the rebels seemed to be swarming over us in thousands, our own lines looked thin and weak, we seemed threatened with destruction; the next, most of the living of the foremost rebels were our prisoners, a few hundred, apparently, were running to the forest, while our boys seemed to have swelled into many thousands.

In the melee, this banner of the enemy (pointing to a captured flag displayed in rear of speaker) was captured by a private of the 27th Ohio,

Orrin B. Gould, of Co. G, who, I am glad to see, is here tonight. But there was one red flag, I think the banner briefly borne by Rogers, which escaped us by a miracle. Some bold Texan had picked it up almost from beneath our feet, and throwing the staff across his shoulders, ran in zigzag manner for the woods. He dodged behind a log a moment here, then behind a stump there; he was fired at by twenty men or more, and once, whether hit or not, tumbled headlong when striding a fallen tree. Yet he escaped with the banner after all; and as he passed over the ridge out of our sight, some of the boys who had missed him gave him the cheer that was due a hero.

An incident may here be mentioned of the 43rd. When the rebels made their final effort to break through our lines, Lieut. Robinett of the battery, severely wounded in the head, fell senseless under one of his guns. At this, most of his men ran to the rear. A moment later some of the men of Co. A, of the 43rd, entered the battery and aided the few brave fellows who had stood their ground to man the guns. The enemy was now retreating and in the excitement a little drummer passed directly before the battery and jumped upon a log to see the rebels run. A piece had just been sighted, and "ready, fire" followed before the little fellow was discovered. When the smoke cleared up we saw that both his legs were torn away. Somehow there seemed a sting in the recollection thaat men of his own regiment had fired the shot. And now came Col. Noves of the 39th, who was so far to the right that his men could only get an oblique fire, asking permission to bring his regiment to the Chewalla road where they could take a hand when the next assault should come. Two minutes later the regiment was across the road, but the battle was over.

That thrill of ecstasy which victory brings was here intensified by an act of the commanding general. Rosecrans had lost his temper when the troops attacked by Price had temporarily given way, and had hardly time to become appeased by their subsequent good conduct. Still nursing his wrath, and having seen VanDorn had met with a different reception at the hands of this Brigade, he was disposed to extol the men who fought near Robinett at the expense of those who had fallen back. So, riding to the crest we occupied and pointing to the right, he said, "I have just come from a part of the field where some of our troops retreated like old women; but now I know, not only from what I heard and what I saw from a distance, but also from these piles of dead along your front, that I am in the presence of brave men. So brave, that I take off my hat in your presence and thank you, in our country's name, for your great valor." No soldier who had heard those words will be likely to forget them, nor the appearance of Rosecrans as he addressed us, hat in hand.

During the afternoon the brigade was ordered to reconnoiter to the front. We felt our way for two miles or more, till we reached the rebel hospital. Here we rescued Col. Mower, of the 11th Missouri, who, early in the day, mistaking the enemy's troops for ours, had been wounded and taken prisoner.

After the battle came McPherson, with a brigade of infantry from Jackson, Tenn. He had been compelled to make a wide detour and came to us through Farmington. His troops were fresh and he was accorded the advance, when the next morning we moved forward in pursuit of the

retreating rebels. We heard artillery at the Hatchie, where Ord had met and stopped them, but were not close enough to prevent VanDorn's escape across the river to the south. That night, when several officers were at McPherson's tent, a courier brought dispatches and some mail, and there McPherson received his commission as a Major-General. McPherson seemed surprised at this and said "he had not earned his first star yet." When we had advanced as far as Ripley, the army was ordered back to Corinth, Gen. Grant deeming it not prudent to push farther. Here, quietly in camp for several days, we had time to measure and to mourn our heavy losses.

When Gen, Grant's army moved southward for the rear of Vicksburg, the Brigade, now joined to Hamilton's division, moved on the left. Through Holly Springs we marched, and on to Oxford. Here, late one evening, the infantry was ordered to take the cars forthwith for Jackson in our rear. Next day three trains, each bearing a regiment, reached Jackson, Tenn. The other had been halted at Bethel on the way. Forrest, the great Confederate raider, had crossed the Tennessee and destroyed our rail connection with the North, and we had come to aid in driving him away. After some marches and counter-marches we found ourselves near the enemy. Col. Dunham, of Indiana, was sent ahead to intercept his march at Parker's Cross Roads, and we were to follow the next morning. At four o'clock we started and marched till daylight when a halt was made for breakfast. That over, we moved on, and soon the sound of cannon in our front advised us that Forrest was attacking Dunham's brigade. And then began a struggle in which legs told. Within an hour and a half you marched seven miles without a halt with ranks well closed; and when a hill was reached whence Forrest's men and guns were seen, you formed in line of battle on the double quick, and went down for them with such good will that every rebel gun unlimbered and in action was yours in five minutes, and Forrest's forces were galloping away. Not all, however, for many had dismounted in the fight, and their horses left in the rear were ours, and their riders must surrender. You captured here six guns, four hundred horses and three hundred and sixty officers and men of this bold raider's command. Among the officers was Major Strange, of Forrest's staff, who demanded exemption from arrest. He was under a flag of truce, he said, and claimed to be paroling some of Col. Dunham's men, who had surrendered. We knew nothing of any surrender, nor any flag, and of course we held him prisoner. And it is due to Col. Dunham here to say, that he denied all thoughts of capitulation. This action happened on the last day of 1862. A more momentous battle, then raging at Stone River, so absorbed the public mind, that your defeat of Forrest was hardly noticed. Yet Forrest was not beaten every day.

A long and weary march behind the rebel cavalry came next. There was no hope that infantry could overtake Forrest's well mounted force, but orders must be obeyed. We had no train, and nothing in our haversacks; so we waded through the knee-deep mud, scaled with thin ice, camping each night near to some mill, where we ground corn enough to last a day. The sequel proved that this march cost more lives than we had lost in fighting Forrest.

From the Tennessee River, where the retreating rebels crossed, we marched to Corinth. Here the garrison was living on half rations. But when Gen. Dodge learned how you had suffered, saw how you needed food and rest, full rations were issued you and tents and clothing, till we had cause to thank our stars that our lines had fallen in such pleasant places, and we had Dodge for our commander.

When Grant directed everything at Memphis to come to him at Vicksburg, the Ohio brigade was ordered to march and garrison the former city. This was your single "soft spot" of the war. Excepting this, your lot was always at the front; but here for some months you lounged in camp, guarded the gardens, flirted with the ladies, and seldom missed a "good square meal."

When Sherman, coming up from Vicksburg with the 15th corps, started across for Chattanooga, Gen. Dodge was ordered to fall in and march with his command. Dodge asked that we might join and move with his division. The order directing this was grateful. We were tired of the dullness of camp in Memphis and gladly turned our faces again toward Corinth. Stopping at Corinth but a day we moved onward to Iuka, and reported there to Sherman. When Sherman started eastward, we awaited Dodge, then crossed the Tennessee with him and marched as his advance, camping some miles ahead of the division, and exchanging signals every night with rockets.

We had marched on through Pulaski, when a courier from Gen. Sherman brought orders for us to halt and put the Nashville road in order. Next morning the brigade moved south to Prospect, where the railroad crosses the Elk River, and encamped for the winter. There you re-enlisted as veterans and from Prospect went to spend the holidays with the dear ones at home.

Returning again to Prospect, you soon moved further south, and early in the spring you crossed the Tennessee and took possession of Decatur, Alabama. This movement, made at night, was novel to us and full of interest. Some seventy boats, secretly moored in a little stream flowing into the river some miles above, were quietly filled with men; the first taking as many as it would carry, who in line of battle should stand on the extreme right of the Brigade; the next, those who would stand next, and so on; the last bearing those whose place was on the left. Three regiments filled the boats. The oars were muffled and skilled oarsmen from the ranks were chosen, who, as soon as we had landed, were to re-cross the river and bring more troops. We floated with the current, each boat following its leader in close order so quietly that even the ducks, covering the river for miles, not once took the alarm. When we reached the point where a friendly picket advised us we were nearly abreast the town, every boat, at the command "by the left flank" headed for the southern shore, the oarsmen pulling their best strokes. A few shots were fired by the rebel outposts as we landed, but so well was the arrangement carried out, that the regiments were up the bank and in line of battle within two minutes.

Day was just breaking, a dense fog shut everything from sight. Col. Sprague was directed to sweep round to form the left and approach the town from the southwesterly direction. Col. Swayne followed, so as to approach from the east, his right resting on the river. The 9th Illinois

had been sent to cross below the town, and was to cover the westerly side from the Courtland road to the river below; and thus we hoped to stop all avenues by which the Johnnies could escape. But, like many other plans dependent for success upon the exact co-operation of two columns, moving independently, this failed. Sprague had been cautioned not to let his left extend beyond the Courtland road, for fear that in the dense fog he might be firing on the 9th Illinois, or be fired upon by them. But the Illinois regiment was delayed in crossing and thus a gap was left through which the enemy escaped. Sprague killed a lieutenant on the wing, as it were, when they were running, and it was said wounded some others, but neither Swayne nor Churchill got a single shot. But now we found the boats inadequate to span the river, and a dozen more must be constructed to complete the bridge which would connect us with our base. As we had not a gun nor horse across as vet, we were somewhat nervous, and lost no time until the bridge was finished the next day. We also strongly fortified our position, after which we occasionally marched out a couple of miles or so to skirmish with the enemy.

Before starting on the Atlanta campaign, the forces were reorganized, and you found yourselves in different brigades. So here the Ohio Brigade passed out of sight. Yet in their new positions these regiments had other struggles and other triumphs. At Resaca, the 43rd, under Swayne, was specially distinguished, and again before Atlanta. At Dallas, the 27th had opportunity to show its old time valor. At Nickajack, this regiment, under Churchill, and the 39th now led by Noyes, charged the rebels in their works and drove everything before them. It was a costly charge, for with many other gallant souls, Noyes was shot down. He only lost a leg, but it was a total loss to us, since he never rejoined his regiment. At Decatur, the 63rd fought valiantly against great odds, till Swayne could bring the trains to a place of safety, and won fresh laurels for themselves and also for their old commander Sprague.

Before Atlanta, on the 22nd of July, the 27th and 39th rendered their greatest service of the war. A great opportunity was here made most of Upon the valor of the 16th corps rested the safety of all our trains, and perhaps that of a part of the Army of the Tennessee. It is safe to say no regiments of the corps had more responsibility in the great battle than did these two; none certainly proved truer to their trust. Twice they charged the enemy who essayed to take possession of the open field where they were fighting, and twice they drove him back ingloriously to the woods.

After Atlanta we all marched down to the sea. When coming homeward through the Carolinas, the 43rd lost the services of its commander, Swayne, as brave—and what means far more—as faithful an officer as any in our ranks. When that cannon shot destroyed his leg and we sent him in an ambulance to the rear, we hardly dared hope that we should meet again. Soon after this event we were made joyous by the surrender of Joe Johnston's army, the last obstacle which stood between us and those homes and loved ones we were longing to rejoin.

I have been reminded, especially when attempting to describe the battle whose auniversary we have chosen for this gathering, of an old adage which says that "no two soldiers ever saw a battle with the same eyes."

If some soldier in the ranks or some officer in the line of file-closers, listening tonight, has heard of incidents he did not notice; or, what is quite probable, if his own eyes took in some thrilling scene which to him seems as important as anything I have mentioned, and he is wondering why it is omitted, it will only be another proof of the truth of that old proverb. I have thought it better on an occasion like this, standing before so many witnesses whose opportunities to observe were as good as mine, to give, faithfully as I could, simply those pictures which live in my own memory. What was observed by others, I leave for them to tell.

It is difficult in such a sketch as this to call by name even those who were prominent. Yet Churchill, commander of the 27th, in the great battle of Atlanta; Lynch, next in rank, shot through and through, yet still most mercifully spared; Brown, heading the 63rd until shot down on that same day; McDowell and Weber, gallant leaders of the 39th; and Parks of the 43rd, always conspicuous in a fight; these seem to suggest themselves.

But who shall call the roll of the brave boys who fought these battles? -the names of those who died, or of those who lived to see the end? Men of the ranks, you did the work, and yours it is to fully share the honor of every victory won. In all the skirmishes and combats, in all the battles which now belong to history, you who bore the musket, share equally with those who carried the sword a measure of such honor as is due. But there was one act in the great drama of the war which was played by you alone. One picture stands before us whenever we turn back, which is grander than all else; a scene in which no officer appears—a movement of the rank and file. It is no direct assault upon the enemy, yet it does more to rob him of all hope than any battle of the war. 'Tis when the expiration of the soldier's term of service is drawing nigh, and no sign appearing that the war will end, our Government, with fresh alarm asks "What shall be done when the old soldiers are discharged?" It is when our President, trusting the men who first responded to his call, looks in their ranks once more, and calls upon these private soldiers, who for thirty weary months have toiled and fought, to enter the lists again; this time for all the war.

For awhile these ranks are silent. They are thinking of those Northern homes they long so much to see; of those dearest ones of earth, so

near to them while dreaming, so far off when awaking.

The North, with bated breath, listens for the response. The South, with fatal blindness, is gathering her last strength to give the fatal stab to the nation's heart. The monarchies across the sea are watching with a scornful smile for the downfall of the young Republic.

And still the ranks are silent.

From the cotton fields and rice swamps of the gulf, the black man lifts his dusky brow, and wonders if the freedom he has dreamed about will really come. In the hospitals behind our lines, and in the distant prisons of the South, are comrades whispering, as they ask each other, "Will our life blood ebb away in vain?"

But now the silence breaks. The measured tread of an army keeping step is heard; and that wondrous scene unfolds which the whole world beholds—the marshalling of the veteran hosts. The soldiers of the ranks stand forth. In the grim school of war have they been taught how much

this step may cost; in the same school have realized how much there is at stake. And now, with purpose fixed, these warriors shout forth their grand response: "Muster us again. For all the war muster us in," till the mighty chorus is echoing gloriously from every hill top of the North, and rumbling ominously in the remotest valley of the South. From this patriotic hour was the doom of the rebellion sealed.

A RAID TO THE ALTAMAHA RIVER.

By Major Charles H. Smith.

On the raid from King's Bridge, Georgia, to the Altamaha River, there were found a large number of files of old newspapers at the County Court House, in Hinesville, Liberty County. One of them was the supplement to the Georgia "Gazette," published September 1st, 1796, which the writer has in his possession. It is printed on a sheet of paper, thirteen and one-fourth inches long, by eight inches wide and the type has the old-fashioned "s". It furnishes curious reading in these days and shows the customs of the times in dealing with the slaves. One side of the paper contains ten Sheriff sales of real estate, negroes, cattle, hogs, sheep, and horses. The negroes on sale number from one to one hundred and thirty-five at each sale. On the other side of the paper are thirteen advertisements offering rewards for the capture of runaway slaves. The following is a sample of the kind of advertisement published:

FIFTY DOLLARS REWARD.

Run away from the subscriber, at Ebenezer, the 6th October last, the Negro Man and Wench hereafter described:

Ned, a country born fellow, near or quite 38 years of age, about 5 feet 3 or 4 inches high, speaks very plain English, has a very gross voice, is a yellowish complexion, and is remarkable for having 6 toes on each foot, and 5 fingers on each hand, has lost several of his fore teeth both above and below, and has very thick lips.

Jenny, his wife, a country born wench, about the same age and height of the fellow, of a black complexion, has a small scar on her left cheek, as well as can be recollected, speaks very plain English, has a small waist and is well made, is very sensible and artful; she has a mother and other relations in the fork of Broad River, near Petersburg, Elbert County, where it is probable they will secrete themselves.

Samuel Wall.

Savannah, January 18, 1796.

A FIRST SERGEANT'S DUTIES.

By Orderly Sergeant Charles H. Smith,

Twenty-seventh Ohio Veteran Volunteer Infantry.

An orderly Sergeant is required to do many things in active service and here are some of them: To call the roll of the company two to five times or more each day, inspect cartridge boxes and cap boxes at retreat, see that the lights are out at "taps," see that the men keep themselves and their clothes clean, go with them to sick call each day, get their medicines and see that they take it, draw rations, see that every man gets his share, see that the rations last for the time for which they were drawn, see that they are all cooked, that none are wasted or destroyed, see that mess pans and kettles are kept clean, see that none are lost, to know where every man in the company is, report them present or accounted for, see that each man has a place to sleep, settle all disputes, make detail for guard and picket duty and for fatigue duty, draw and issue clothing, copy orders, make out provisions returns, monthly and morning reports, and while doing all these things, to keep good humored. He is between two fires; first, he is cursed by his superiors; second, he is recursed by his subordinates if anything in their respective judgments goes wrong.

SIXTY-THIRD OHIO INFANTRY.

ORGANIZATION-COMMANDERS-MUSTER OUT.

By Colonel Oscar L. Jackson,

Sixty-Third Ohio Veteran Volunteer Infantry.

The Sixty-third Ohio was recruited and organized from counties in the southeastern part of the state under the first call in 1861 for 300,000 men to serve for three years to suppress the slaveholders' rebellion. William E. Gilmore, who had served as Colonel of the Twenty-second Ohio in the previous three months' service, obtained authority to recruit a regiment for this three years' service, of which he was to be Colonel, to be also known as the Twenty-second Ohio.

A camp was located at Chillicothe, Ohio, called Camp Worthington, and the work of recruiting for the regiment began in the month of August, 1861. Capt. William Craig, of the U. S. Regular Army obtained authority to recruit a regiment, of which he was to be Colonel, for the three years'

service, to be called the Sixty-third Ohio. He located a Camp at Marietta, Ohio, called Camp Tupper, and engaged men about first of October, 1861, to recruit for several companies of his proposed regiment.

In the latter part of December, 1861, Col. Gilmore at Chillicothe had about enough men enlisted to organize seven companies, and Capt. Craig at Marietta had about enough to organize four companies. Work at recruiting was still going on, but neither of these organizations was completed by recruiting, for the following reasons:

Early in January, 1862, Governor Tod ordered six full companies of the men at Chillicothe recruited for Twenty-second Ohio to be transferred to Marietta, to join the four companies there. This made a full regiment

at Marietta, and which he called the Sixty-third.

The surplus men at Chillicothe over and above the six companies, were transferred to Mt. Vernon to join a regiment being recruited there called the Forty-third. Governor Tod appointed as Colonel of the Sixty-third thus formed, John W. Sprague, who had not assisted in recruiting any part of it, and who was an entire stranger to every member of it.

Col. Gilmore of the Twenty-second was appointed Lieutenant Colonel, and Capt. Craig, of the Regular Army, who had recruited the four companies at Marietta dropped out entirely. The companies of the new regiment were given letters according to the respective rank of their Captains, the senior commencing with A. The six companies recruited at Chillicothe were designated A, B, E, H, I and K and the four companies recruited at Marietta were designated C, D, F, and G.

The companies were assigned places in line in the regiment according to the letter given each and the rank of its Captain, as provided in Army Regulations. This order is as follows, commencing on the right, viz., A, F, D, I, C, H, E, K, G and B. The companies of the Sixty-third maintained this order in line during their four years' service—no change being made by reason of subsequent changes in rank of Captains as was done in some regiments.

The original Captains of the Regiment, and the localities from which they principally recruited their respective companies are as follows, viz.:

Company A, Captain Nathan Picket.

Recruited mostly from northern part of Athens county. Some from adjoining counties.

Company B, Captain Charles E. Brown. Recruited in Ross county.

Company C, Captain Christopher E. Smith. Recruited in Meigs county.

Company D, Captain John W. Fouts. Recruited in Washington, Morgan and Noble counties.

Company E, Captain Thomas McCord. Recruited in Ross and Pike counties.

Company F, Captain Charles H. Titus. Recruited in Washington, Meigs and Noble counties. Company G, Captain Rodney K. Shaw. Recruited in Washington, Athens and Morgan Counties.

Company H, Captain Oscar L. Jackson.

Recruited, about one-third each from Hocking and Athens counties, and the other one-third from Ross, Vinton, Washington and Morgan counties. Headquarters at recruiting, Starr township (near Logan) Hocking county.

Company I, Captain James Taggart.

Recruited principally in Ross county, some from adjoining counties.

Company K, Captain Charles W. McGinnis.

Recruited principally in Ross County. Some adjoining counties.

Over three-fourths of these men, had been reared on farms, and were farmers at enlistment. The other one-fourth represented nearly all kinds of useful skilled trades and callings common in the country. Some were railroaders, machinists, miners, students, clerks, salesmen, teachers and professional men. These latter classes came mostly from small villages, and many of them had been reared on farms. There were practically no men from cities. They were nearly all native born citizens of the United States. The foreign born did not exceed fifty or sixty, and they mostly came to this country when young, with the expectation of becoming permanent citizens.

The regiment from time to time, during its service received small numbers of recruits, mostly relatives or friends of men already serving in it. During 1862 several civilians were commissioned in the regiment but did not remain long with it.

On Novmber 5, 1862, about two hundred and fifty men that had been recruited in a camp at Dayton, Ohio, for a new regiment to be called the 112th Ohio Infantry, joined the 63rd Ohio, then in the field between Grand Junction and Holly Springs. Nine of this number brought with them Commissions of different grades to fill vacancies then in the regiment. These recruits of the 112th were mostly from Montgomery county. They were about the same class of men as those from which the regiment had at first been organized.

On January 1st, 1864, the Sixty-third Ohio, then in camp at Prospect, Tennessee, on the Elk river re-enlisted as veterans for three years more. The regiment had the largest per cent of men present to re-enlist of any Ohio regiment in the service. Every eligible member of Company

H present re-enlisted.

Whilst at home on veteran furlough from 15th of January to 15th of February, 1864, a large number of recruits were obtained, and the regiment was again pretty well filled up. These recruits were mostly relatives or neighbors of the old members of the regiment.

In the spring of 1865, one hundred and ninety-six Ohio drafted men and substitutes, were assigned to the regiment by order of the War department and ordered forwarded to it. The regiment being then on the march with Sherman in North Carolina; these assigned men, in order to reach it, were ordered to New York harbor, and detained there for some reason.

They never reached the regiment, and were mustered out at New York, May 15, 1865. They were never taken up on the rolls of the regiment, but a separate roll of them is published in Vol. 5, Roster of Ohio Soldiers.

LOSSES.

The aggregate numbers of officers and enlisted men entered upon the muster rolls of the Sixty-third Ohio during its whole term of service is about sixteen hundred. (This does not include drafted men mustered out at New York.) Of the men in the original organization, a few were lost in different ways before the regiment left the state of Ohio. In the field up to September 1, 1862, considerably more men were lost by death and discharged on account of sickness and disability arising from exposure and severe campaigning, than were lost from casualties in battle. By that date the men had become seasoned and inured to the hardships of army life, and the survivors then, were the strongest and most vigorous of the whole regiment. After that date the fighting was more severe and the losses of these men, in the aggregate from killed in battle and discharged on account of wounds received there, about equalled the losses from all other disabilities. The new recruits had to go through a similar experience in seasoning and hardening, and with the same results.

The two great severe losses of the regiment in battle, were at Corinth October 4th, 1862, and on the Atlanta Campaign of 1864. Men were killed, wounded or missing at a good many other times and places, but it was in small numbers at any one time, and sometimes but a single man was killed, captured or wounded. It lost in its whole service but few as prisoners. It marched and camped in every state in rebellion except Texas and Florida, and it left its dead buried in nearly all, if not all, of these states in which it marched.

ATLANTIC CAMPAIGN.

The reports show, that the regiment lost on the Atlanta Campaign one hundred and fifty-eight men. These were nearly all killed or wounded, for it lost very few as prisoners. This number is undoubtedly considerably less than the reality, for in many cases, men with slight wounds, and some with quite serious injuries, would not go to the hospitals and were not included in the reports of wounded. At one time on this campaign, the regiment was so constantly close up to the enemy, that it had for nine consecutive days, men wounded on every day, by musketry. From May 15th to September 2, 1864, it was rarely out of hearing of musketry and artillery firing. This was a strain and tax on the vitality of the strongest men that few civilians can comprehend. A partly written letter of a rebel soldier to his wife, was found at one time on this campaign in an abandoned camp by a Sixty-third man, in which the Rebel then called it "The battle of May and June." Later on he might well have called it the hundred days' battle for such it was.

CORINTH.

In the battle of Corinth. October 3rd and 4th, 1862, the Sixty-third Ohio had but nine companies present. Company D, Capt. John W. Fouts, was absent on detached duty. On the morning of the third in camp on Tuscumbee river, six miles from Corinth, it reported present 275 men. Of

these, some were then on special duty, and details of others for camp guards, and other duties were afterward made, from those reported present, and only 250 men and officers were considered in line of battle when the regiment became actively engaged. On the first day it was marched back and forth in different directions with the division, as from time to time ordered, and kept close to the scene of action, so as to be near where it might be most needed, but did not become actively engaged.

It was the fortune of the regiment on the second day to occupy a position on open ground that caused it to sustain very heavy loss in killed and wounded from the assaults of the enemy. How these losses were sustained, and what was the particular part taken by the Sixty-third Ohio in the fighting around Battery Robinet in the battle of October 4th is well described in Horace Greeley's History of the American Conflict, Vol. 2, page 229. It says in part:

"The left of the Sixty-third Ohio rested on Battery Robinet. Col. Fuller commanding the Brigade, perfectly collected while the enemy was steadily approaching, required his men to lie flat when not engaged, and to

wait till the enemy approached close, and then fire coolly.'

"It was at the moment the Texan, Rogers, was flaunting his flag on our parapet that the Sixty-third was ordered to fire. There were only 250 of the Sixty-third in the conflict, but their volley was fearful. It is said fifty rebels fell at once. Six volleys were fired and the rebels were gone. The Sixty-third again lay down. Directly the supporting brigade of the rebels advanced. The Sixty-third was ordered to make a half left wheel to sweep the front of the redoubt, and the movement was handsomely executed. Suddenly the enemy appeared. The Sixty-third fired five or six volleys and the rebels rushed upon them.

A terrific hand to hand combat ensued. It lasted hardly a minute but the carnage was dreadful. Bayonets were used, muskets clubbed and men were felled with brawny fists. Our noble fellows were victors but at sickening cost. Of the 250 of the splendid Sixty-third, 125 lay there on

the field wounded, dead, or dying."

Among the incidents that occurred in that severe contest was this one. Eli J. Casey acting First Sergeant, Company H, whose place in line, was next to the flag and colors of the regiment, carried on the left of Company C, was killed instantly by a gun shot wound in the head. He fell against the regimental colors, and stained them with his blood. These colors were carried to the end of the war, and then all tattered and torn deposited with the flags of other regiments in the State House at Columbus, and to this day (1909) this stain is plainly to be seen on them.

Major General David S. Stanley some years after the war in a published article on military subjects cited the fighting of the Sixty-third Ohio at Corinth as showing the difference between our armies and those of Europe, where the general rule is that a regiment that has sustained a loss of ten per cent in casualties in battle, must be then considered as wholly out of the fight.

In Fox's History of regimental losses in the Civil War compiled by

him from official records, the Sixty-third is prominently mentioned.

In list of high percentages killed in a single battle, it is reported as losing 14 per cent killed of those engaged at Corinth,

In list of prominent battles, with statement of regiments sustaining greatest loss in each, it is reported as losing in battle of Corinth 129 killed and wounded and three missing, being a loss of 48 per cent of all present. Page 432.

In a general list of the dead of a large number of regiments that saw hard service, he reports the Sixty-third Ohio as losing during its whole term, 93 killed and mortally wounded in battle, and 264 dead from disease, prisons and all other causes, making its dead in the service in all 357.

This is about 22½ per cent of all the men enrolled, and if allowance is made for the men who never actually served in the field, the per cent of deaths of those who did serve would be still larger.

MUSTER OUT.

Whilst on the campaign following Hood's Rebel army in its movement west and north of Atlanta, when on Little River near Gaylesville, in pursuance of instructions from Army Headquarters, by order of Oscar L. Jackson, Senior Captain Commanding, the regiment, all the enlisted men who had not re-enlisted as veterans, and whose term of service was about to expire were on 22nd of October, 1864, sent to Chattanooga for muster out. About the same time Chaplain Benjamin St. James Fry, who had served continuously with the regiment from its organization, was given a discharge, and he was mustered out by reason of expiration of his three years' term of service.

Shortly after this, several commissioned officers who did not desire to remuster for the veteran service, were given discharges and mustered out at end of their three years' service or a little later.

FINAL DISCHARGE.

After the Grand Review at Washington the Sixty-third Ohio moved by Baltimore & Ohio railroad to Parkersburgh and thence by steamboat to Louisville, Ky. There it remained in camp for over a month.

By order of General John A. Logan commanding Department and Army of the Tennessee rolls were prepared, and at Louisville, Ky., on July 8, 1865, the formal Muster Out of the regiment was made.

This muster out embraced 22 Commissioned officers and 537 enlisted men. It did not include the drafted men sent to New York. After this the regiment moved by steamboat to Cincinnati, Ohio, and went to Camp Dennison. On 17th and 18th of July, 1865, the Sixty-third Ohio received at Camp Dennison, Ohio, its final payment, and the officers and men were given their final discharges, and sent to their respective homes.

COMMANDERS OF THE 63RD OHIO.

The first two years of its service the Sixty-third was commanded almost the entire time by Brevet-Major General John W. Sprague, the original Colonel. He was with it almost continually during that time, was never wounded and but little sick. He was made Brigadier General 30th of July, 1864, and Brevet-Major General to rank from 13th of March, 1865.

Brevet-Brigadier General Charles E. Brown, original Captain of Company B, became Lieutenant Colonel. He was in command of the regiment different times in 1863, first as Senior Captain and afterward when pro-

moted. He was continuously in command in the Atlanta Campaign of 1864 from 10th day of March at Decatur, Ala., up to the time he lost his leg, in battle of 22nd July in front of Atlanta. He was never able to rejoin the regiment again. He was commissioned Colonel of the regiment but not mustered, and was commissioned Brigadier General by Brevet to rank from 13th March, 1865, for gallant and meritorious services.

Major John W. Fouts, original Captain of Company D became Major and he was in command of the regiment as Major the larger part of the time from 22nd July, 1864, when Col. Brown was wounded, until he, Fouts, was mustered out and left the service. The regiment during that time took part in all the operations, marches and movements of that part of the Army to which it belonged. It was a time of active service almost continuously.

Major Fouts was never wounded in the Army—he was but little sick and was almost continuously able for duty. He did not remuster for veteran service at expiration of three years.

There were some instances during the four years where Junior Captains commanded the regiment for a short time, when superior officers were temporarily absent or engaged on other duty, but this did not often occur.

Brevet-Colonel Oscar L. Jackson, original Captain of Company H, commanded the regiment the latter part of its service. He had commanded it temporarily as Senior Captain a number of times from February 1864, on. These embraced, among others, the Campaign in October, 1864, when Hood's Rebel Army moved west of Atlanta and crossed the Chattahoochee River, including the reconnaissance of the division to develop Hood's force, action at Snake Creek Gap, and operations as far as Gaylesville. He commanded as Senior Captain from Savannah, Georgia, to Beaufort and Pocotaligo, South Carolina. From early in 1863 he was the Senior Captain of the regiment, and was from time to time, by orders from Brigade Headquarters assigned to duty as a Field Officer.

He was promoted to Major 28 January, 1865, afterward Commissioned Lieutenant Colonel of the regiment, but not mustered. Was commissioned Colonel of U. S. Volunteers by Brevet to rank from 13th March, 1865. He commanded the regiment in all its operations around Goldsborough and Raleigh, North Carolina, expedition from Raleigh to Goldsborough and return for supplies, operations connected with surrender of Johnson's Rebel Army, and the March to Richmond and Washington. He commanded the regiment at the Grand View at Washington, May 24, 1865, conducted it to Louisville, Ky., prepared it for muster out, moved it to Camp Dennison, Ohio, and had charge of its final payment, and the final discharge of the officers and men, and sending them to their homes.

BATTLE OF COLLIERSVILLE, TENNESSEE.

EXTRACTS FROM AN ADDRESS BY CAPTAIN ETHAN O. HURD,

Thirty-ninth Ohio Veteran Volunteer Infantry,

At a meeting of the Military Order of the Loyal Legion, Commandry of Ohio, at Cincinnati, March 7th, 1900.

At the time of the engagement at Colliersville, I was in command of a detachment of the Thirty-ninth Ohio Regiment of Fuller's Ohio Brigade, consisting of my own Company B and also Company F, both raised in Marietta, in July, 1861. These were the first three years' troops to enlist from Washington county. We were encamped in a beautiful grove a short distance east of the Memphis & Charleston Railroad depot in Memphis. Every morning we sent out a guard of twenty men and one officer and a gunboat car immediately behind the locomotive, who accompanied the train to Grand Junction, where they met the return train from Corinth, Mississippi, and exchanged with the guard who had escorted it thus far, getting back to Memphis in the evening. All baggage going out was searched by an official of the Treasury Department. On the departure of trains, two soldiers stood with bayonets crossed, at the gate leading to the train. Every one who wished to enter had to show a pass, which I had to inspect, and at a nod to the men, they would raise their bayonets and allow the bearer to enter. Part of the duty of my companies was to patrol the streets and act as provost guard. We had the usual trouble with the illicit sale of liquors to soldiers. At one place, we confiscated several barrels of whisky, and emptied it into the gutter.

Vicksburg had fallen July 4th, fifty-six thousand Confederate soldiers had surrendered. The navigation of the Mississippi was secured. Grant had been called to command the Army of the Cumberland and Sherman was on his way to unite with him. On October 14th, 1863, I had just gone to camp, to dinner, when General J. D. Webster, a superintendent of military railroads whom we were serving under, and by the way one of the most agreeable officers, sent word that he wanted me at the depot immediately with every available man, not then on duty, armed, and with forty rounds of ammunition apiece. In a very short time, we reported to the general. He told us that General Sherman, who had left on Sunday, the 11th with his staff, horses, baggage, and eight companies of the Thirteenth Regular Infantry on one of the heaviest trains that had gone out of Memphis, has been attacked at Collierville by a superior force with artillery. He had telegraphed to send platform cars, on which to load the artillery, for which he stood particularly in need, and if we had not that kind of cars, to construct them by cutting the tops off the box cars. We were required to accompany this train as a guard with orders to return at the earliest opportunity. We jumped aboard the cars and at White Station, about nine miles out, caught up with the rear of Corse's Division and at Germantown with the head of the column. Here we took aboard the Ninety-third

Illinois, and three pieces of Captain Cheney's Illinois Battery. Orders were given by General Corse to proceed cautiously, as the enemy was known to be between us and Collierville, then only nine miles distant. After going a few miles, skirmishers were thrown out ahead of the train, whom we followed slowly. We picked up two negroes who reported that General Sherman was taken prisoner; next three citizens, who said the enemy had possession of the place, and were hunting for Sherman and had probably found him.

Two miles west of Colliersville, we came upon the first obstruction. A large culvert had been burned. The forces disembarked and after distributing extra ammunition to each man, we advanced. We arrived at the place, and found that the rebels had left. At Colliersville I was ordered to report in person to General Sherman and receive his commands relative to my two companies. He said that we knew more about railroads than his own men, and must first repair the damage to the roads behind us. He requested me with Captain Yorke of his staff, to go first to see what damage was done and report. The way was long and it was growing dark, but we thought we could venture it alone. We found three of the culverts burned and returning reported the facts. Colonel Anthony commanding the post, furnished the detail and with my two companies, we repaired the culverts and by seven o'clock in the morning, had the road again in running order to Colliersville. General Sherman told us that we had done so well, that he now wished us to go to LaFavette with the construction train and repair the road to that point, after which we might return to Memphis. We mended the telegraph wires where they had been cut, and replaced the rails which the enemy had taken, and at LaFavette, found the road and telegraph in good working order, so that General Sherman could proceed on his way to Corinth.

The attack at Collierville commenced on the train, just as it had passed the station. The telegraph operator had run out with his gun in one hand and mentioned with the other to the engineer to stop the train. General Sherman was in his car, dozing. He got out of the end of the car, when Colonel Anthony rode up and informed him that his pickets had just been driven in by a large force from the southeast, estimated to number twentyfive hundred, while ours was about six hundred. General Sherman ordered the conductor to have the train backed up to the station. This was no easy task, the train being unusually long and heavy, and the grade backward, up hill, but after a little time, it was accomplished. The enemy continued firing. General Sherman ordered the men to get off the cars and to form on the knoll near the railroad cut. It was a mystery how the men got off the cars and formed a line of battle so quickly. They fought for some time without the fort or earthwork and then retreated inside, where the Sixtysixth Indiana which garrisoned the post already were. Soon a Confederate officer was observed riding toward us with a white flag. Colonel Anthony and Colonel Dayton were sent to meet him and keep him in conversation. They soon returned and said that it was the Adjutant of General Chalmer's who demanded the surrender of the place. Sherman instructed his officers to return and give a negative answer, but to delay him, as much as possible, so as to give time for preparation. As soon as the rebel bearer of the flag turned his horse to ride back, the attack was renewed and continued for

some three hours. After three o'clock Lieutenant James, a gallant fellow, who was an ordinance officer on Sherman's staff, armed the orderlies and clerks with muskets which he had found at the depot. He marched them into the magazines, issued cartridges, and marched back to the depot, to assist in the defence, and then made a charge upon the enemy and drove them like sheep. They finally disappeared, but Lieutenant James was brought back upon a stretcher badly wounded in the breast. Our men were cool and practiced shots.

Edward F. Butler a telegraph operator, entirely unsolicited, had fought brayely at the breastworks until disabled by a shot in his arm. The colored servants belonging to the two regiments, picked up guus and fought like devils. A brakeman cowering in the fort refused to go and fight. Another brakeman, took refuge under a bridge and remained there until the rebels left. The enemy closed down on us several times and got possession of our trains. With their artillery they knocked to pieces our locomotive and several cars and set fire to them, but we got possession again and extinguished the flames. Colonel Audenreid, Aid-de-camp, lost his valise of nice shirts, which was used to kindle the fire. The enemy succeeded in getting five of our horses, among them General Sherman's favorite mare Dolly. They were obliged to jump them from out of the cars in front of the fort, all the while under a hot musketry fire. Not long afterward, Sherman's men brought in a fine southern horse which he took for his owuse, which the owner came to claim. Sherman gave him an order General Chalmers, who commanded the attacking forces. Chalmers met Sherman after the war and told him that the man had hunted him up in southern Alabama and presented the order.

The final drawing off of the enemy was attributed largely to the rapid approach of Corse's Division, having marched the whole distance from Memphis, twenty-six miles on the double quick. Among the enemy's killed, was one genuine type of the butternut, dressed in a suit of that color, with sallow complexion and long beard. One was an old man with his cartridge box on, who was a resident of the neighborhood, and who had received protection from our government only a few days before and had been in the place selling articles to the soldiers. Our loss was fifteen killed and thirty wounded, that of the enemy, about the same. If the enemy had caught General Sherman at Colliersville, many a page of brilliant history would never have been written. His fate for several hours depended upon the outcome of the fight.

COLONEL HORACE PARK'S ADDRESS.

Headquarters, 43rd O. V. V. I.

Louisville, Ky., July 13th, 1865.

To the Officers and Soldiers of the 43rd Ohio Veteran Volunteer Infantry:

Comrades: The cause which we have been maintaining in the field for nearly four years has been successfully vindicated, consequently our duties as soldiers have ceased, and we must now separate.

In view of the pleasant and happy relations that have existed between us for so long a time, your commander desires to extend to you a parting word.

To recount all your deeds of gallantry and heroism from your first campaign in Missouri, to the surrender of the then only formidable army o

the rebellion at Raleigh, N. C., is not my intention.

It is enough to say and know that when the tocsin of war was sounded, when the giant arm of treason was raised to strike the fatal blow at the foundation of civil liberty and human enfranchisement, you flew to arms with alacrity and will, and sacrificed all the ease, comfort and happiness of

home to assist in saving your country from ruin and disgrace.

You have faithfully followed her banner and her fortunes through all the changing scenes of a long, bloody and obstinate conflict, and when the dark clouds of adversity hung thick and deep, and threatened you and the cause for which you were fighting, you never faltered, but, by a second enlistment, showed your invincible determination not to quit the service until victory crowned your efforts, and peace with Union, reigned throughout the land.

By your indomitable courage and endurance, both on the march and on the hard fought field, when many of your brave comrades poured out their blood and delivered up their souls, you have frequently won the praise of those high in command, and cast the brightest lustre upon your

record and upon the State vou represented.

Those, and other considerations and occurrences, have endeared you to all your commanders, and will ever be reverted to with the profoundest

feelings of pleasure.

Nor can our deceased comrades be forgotten. We will ever cherish the memory of our companions in arms who went forth with us, but who succumbed to the power of disease, or who fell bravely fighting for their country. Would that they might have returned with us to their homes, and shared in the final triumph of the Union cause.

And now that we have assisted in the consummation of the grandest and most glorious victory the annals of history will ever record, now that we have assisted in supplanting the ensign of treason and unfurling the "Star and Stripes" all over the land, now that the government no longer requires our services, and we are so soon to return to our homes and friends to resume the peaceful avocations of life, allow me, with all the warmth and sincerity of a true friend and fellow soldier, to urge you, one and all, to keep untarnished, the bright record you have made in the army. Do not, by word or deed in civil life, dim the bright lustre that attaches to your military career. Your duties as citizens are manifold, and it now becomes your paramount duty to act well your part.

Our country affords such a variety of soil and climate, such a diversity of trades and professions, that all can find honorable employment. Show by your honesty, your industry, and your integrity that you can be good

citizens as you have been good soldiers, and all will be well.

Hoping that "He who rules alike the destinies of men and nations," may grant each and every one of you a long, pleasant and happy life, I bid you adieu.

HORACE PARK, Col. Commanding.

A SCOUT.

By J. H. Rhodes,

Lieutenant-Colonel Forty-third Ohio Veteran Volunteer Infantry.

Early in March, 1863, the Forty-third and Sixty-third Regiments were ordered from Bolivar, Tennessee, to Corinth, Mississippi, but were stopped at Bethel. From there I was sent with my company (K) of the Fortythird, up the railroad, some six miles to do guard duty and to serve as an outpost. There were quite a number of Union people about us and it was not long before the guerillas got to troubling the neighborhood and us too. I sent men out and collected fifteen or twenty horses and mules on which were mounted as many men, and we started one night with a Mr. Aldrich, a citizen, as guide. About midnight, we halted in a section, where lived a couple of prominent rebels, as our guide told us. Here we obtained supper for ourselves and feed for our horses and mules. I divided our forces into two squads, Lieutenant Lybarger went with one, and I with the other. An old man, his wife and two grown up daughters, constituted the family, where my squad stopped. We never found any able-bodied men at home among the rebels. I made known our desires to the old man about supper. I insisted that we were there to protect them and all loyal people from the rebels, and that they could not do less than feed us.

With men and horses all fed, we joined our forces and continued our pursuit until just at daylight we came up to and surrounded a house where were supposed to be some of the fellows we were after. But they had made their escape. We had proceeded but a short distance further when the advance guard under Lybarger suddenly came upon two mounted men dressed in citizens clothes. They were attempting to cross the road into the woods, and on my coming up, with the main force, they informed me

that they live in old "Kaintuck" and were just on their way to visit an old uncle down in "Alabam," and begged to be permitted to continue their journey. I informed them they must go with us and placing them on two of our horses, less fleet than theirs and under guard, Lybarger and I mounted theirs. We returned and delivered our captures to the proper authorities at Brigade headquarters. Three days later, I was requested to meet the train going north. Two men appeared in the door at the rear end of an old passenger coach whom I recognized as the men we had captured. They were handcuffed to each other and under guard. After greeting me they said they wanted to thank me for my courteous treatment of them, while in my custody and to inform me that they were on their way north to Johnson's Island, from which I concluded that they had been found to be rebel officers.

Later, Lybarger and myself were promoted, he to Quartermaster and I to Lieutenant-Colonel and both were entitled to be mounted. Applying to the Quartermaster Department, we drew these same captured horses and we rode them through to the end.

BRAVE ACTS UNREWARDED. TWO MEMBERS OF THE OHIO BRIGADE WHO DESERVED MEDALS OF HONOR.

By Captain W. H. H. Minturn of the Thirty-ninth Ohio Veteran

Volunteer Infantry Regiment.

What I here state, I refer for corroboration to the certificates of Major-General G. M. Dodge, Major-General David S. Stanley and Brigadier-General Mendall Churchill, three gallant leaders in the war of the rebellion, and also to the certificates of Captain M. F. Madigan, and Sergeant George Small of Company G of the Twenty-seventh Ohio Infantry, on file in the war department. I wish to mention the heroism displayed by two brilliant young officers.

During the battle of Corinth, October 4th, 1862, when the Confederates in four columns were pressing hard upon the Ohio Brigade, a Confederate Regiment bore down upon the Twenty-seventh Ohio. A Confederate color bearer went down with his colors. The Union soldier who siezed the flag was shot by a Confederate officer who then shouted to his men to save the colors. It was then that the brave and daring Sergeant (now Major) Charles H. Smith, of Company G of the Twenty-seventh Ohio, rushed forward in advance of his company, and with his musket, compelled the surrender of the Confederate officer as he was in the act of shooting the wounded Union soldier the second time. I know the gallantry of Major Smith saved the life of the Union soldier. He brought the officer to the

rear, a prisoner, and saved from recapture the flag which today hangs in the relic room of Ohio's Capitol. No medal was granted for this gallant act.

Captain Frank Gilmore of Company A of the Sixty-third Ohio, when the dreadful fire of the oncoming Confederates had torn and separated the Sixty-third Ohio into fragments, gathered all the remaining soldiers near him, joined them into the Twenty-seventh Ohio, between the regiment and the Eleventh Missouri. When General Stanley ordered an advance, he led them into the bloody fray, thus displaying bravery unsurpassed on any field. No medal of honor was granted for this gallant act, but the thrill of ecstasy which victory brings, filled the heart of every surviving soldier and was intensified by the act of General Rosecrans who immediately rode up and said, "I thank the Ohio Brigade in our country's name for its great valor."

THE PASSAGE OF THE SALKAHATCHIE RIVER AND THE EDISTO RIVERS.

By Captain George M. Wise, Forty-third Ohio Veteran Vol. Infantry.

On February 1st, the First Division marched through Whippy Swamp and on the 2nd were in position before Rivers Bridge, at a point where the road turns at right angles to the west, across the lowlands on the southwest side of the river. There were eleven bridges or more, besides one over the main channel of the river. The rebels had removed the planks from the bridges, making them impassible. On the opposite side, a rebel brigade of Hampton's Cavalry in General Hardee's Command held the high ground with one of their batteries in position, and infilading the road. The Forty-third Ohio crossed to the right of the causeway and its defences. Here, just as the regiment was starting under the personal direction of General Mower, Colonel Swayne had his leg blown off by a piece of shell. The regiment crossed the road on the run, and waded out toward the main stream of the river, everywhere from two to four feet deep, where we remained several hours and into the night, waiting for orders, under fire of the enemy. When we crossed over, we were thoroughly chilled and angry.

The next day six companies of the Forty-third Ohio charged down the causeway to drive the enemy from the other side of the river, the other four companies carrying boards and planks succeeded in planking half the bridges. The enemy reserved their fire during this foolhardy performance and as soon as the Forty-third Ohio appeared on the causeway, they opened with artillery and musketry fire upon us. The regiment at once deployed to the right and left of the causeway and moved up as close as possible to the enemy and engaged him.

The Sixty-third Ohio followed the Forty-third Ohio and had the same kind of reception, while protecting themselves behind trees and firing rapidly at the enemy in the works. In the meantime, the First Brigade of the First

Division of which the Twenty-seventh and Thirty-ninth Ohio were a part, found means to cross the river above us and charged the enemy's flank, who then hurriedly retreated. We had nineteen killed and wounded.

On the 12th, the First Division advanced to the South Edisto River, a stream that runs for miles through lowlands. At this time, it was overflowing its banks. Across the stream was a country more open. Up to this point, a small force could easily oppose us. Now we could brush aside without halting our columns any force the enemy had in our front.

The weather turned cold and the ground froze hard. Pontoons were laid, and at dark, the Forty-third and Sixty-third Ohio in advance, the men with their cartridge boxes hung around their necks, marched off the pontoon into the icy water waist deep, and for hours struggled onward among the briars, vines and cypress knees, finally coming out into an open field in the rear and to the left of the rebel position, with their clothes frozen. In a moment the lines were formed and with wild screams, like those of desperate men freezing to death, they went straight for the rebel camp fires, and the supper which the enemy had left in their retreat. This was by far the severest experience in rain and swamp during over four years' service. Terrible as these hardships were, I did not know its historic importance until after the war, nor how throughly alarmed the rebel government was when it was revealed to them that Sherman's Army had crossed the Salkehatchie and Edisto Rivers.

At this juncture, General Joseph E. Johnston was called to command the rebel force. My information came from General J. D. Cox, afterward Governor of Ohio, who told me that Johnston had stated to him that from this time, he had no hope of stopping Sherman's onward march or for the further existence of the Confederacy itself. Still the Confederate Government felt sure that a hostile army could not move through the Carolinas, in the winter season, and believed that Sherman was aiming at Charleston or Augusta. Johnston, however, felt sure that Sherman was playing a far larger game, that he meant to move through the heart of the country, destroying its war resources utterly, and join General Grant, for a final campaign against Lee.

Johnston was so impressed with the importance of this movement that he twice telegraphed Hardee to hold the line of the South Edisto at all hazards and to make great sacrifice if necessary, in order to hold Sherman back. Hardee answered that only the heads of Sherman's columns were up and that he had not enough pontoons to span the river which was out

of its banks and had covered the land.

Before the campaign commenced, the Forty-third and Sixty-third Ohio had been constituted the Provost Brigade, Army of the Tennessee, under command of Colonel Horace Park, to take charge of and constitute the military government of captured cities. The onerous duty was performed at Columbia and Cheraw, South Carolina, and at Louisville, Kentucky. At Columbia, we succeeded Stone's Brigade of the Fifteenth Corps, in charge of the city, increased by the addition of the Twenty-fifth Wisconsin and Thirty-fifth New Jersey Regiments. We cleared the streets of stragglers and pillagers and remained till the army had gone. The provost brigade worked faithfully to stop the fire and helped frightened women and children to places of safety, with their effects which they were trying to save.

INCIDENTS OF THE LAST DAYS OF THE WAR.

By Erastus S. Moorehead, Sergeant of Company K, Twenty-seventh Ohio Regiment, Veteran Volunteers, Infantry.

I served four years as a soldier in the Twenty-seventh Ohio Regiment during the war for the preservation of the Union. The last campaign made by our First Division, Seventeenth Army Corps, was through southern Georgia and the eastern portions of the Carolinas, during the months of January, February and March, 1865.

The army had left its base of supplies. We were constantly under arms, fighting against an enterprising and determined enemy, who constantly hovered at our front. During this period, the conditions were such that there was no opportunity or possibility of securing a change of clothing. It was the season of much rain; the water from the rivers had overflowed that low, swampy country, and often after having our clothing soaked by the rain, or from wading in the water, we laid down to sleep at night, upon the damp ground. The weather continued rainy and foggy and the days dark and dismal, during our movements as far north as Cheraw, South Carolina, and beyond. Army rations of hard bread and bacon were gone, and corn meal and beef was issued to us.

Our Regiment built a strong line of works nearly every day, for experience had taught us to be always ready for emergencies. In our forward movement, we drove the enemy across the Pee Dee River and saw their wagon trains in full view, winding around the hills in retreat. We were about to rest from these days of fatigue, when I was ordered with a detail of thirty-five men, to report to the Captain of the Third Michigan Artillery and take charge of two twenty-pound cannon. Not one of this detail had ever fired a cannon. We soon got the guns in position, but alas! on that same day at eight o'clock in the afternoon, our hopes for better days and for easier service were blasted. We even lost the opportunity for blowing up the Confederacy with these twenty pounders, for we were ordered to join our regiment. Only a veteran can appreciate the difficulties encountered, while tramping through camps and columns of soldiers on the march, during a dark night, to find one's command.

At the battle of Bentonville, March 21st, 1865, several incidents of interest occurred. While marching forward in line of battle, during an ominous silence, birds darted, swift-winged, through the air, rabbits and other wild animals ran toward us, a frightened deer bounded at full speed over the heads of the line of men. This was an evidence and a warning of the approach of the enemy, and our men lay down. Our skirmishers were soon driven in. One of them was overtaken, in front of my company and as he was surrendering. I raised up on my knee, took deliberate aim, and fired. Our man escaped and came in. The rebel cavalry man fell. We had just received cautionary orders from Captain Charles H. Smith, not to fire until the enemy came nearer, then to surprise them with a volley, and charge, but he gave me much credit for saving our man.

The enemy's cavalry finally got in our rear and during the firing, my knapsack was struck by a minnie ball, with such force that it penetrated eighteen folds of my army blanket, went through my letter paper, lodged close to my spinal column, and nearly knocked me down, causing me to think for the moment that I was hurt. When General Sherman's order came, for the Division to fall back, to connect with a new line of battle, General Fuller was loath to give it and sent Captain Smith along the line with other officers to see that every man kept his place and fell back in good order. To delay the movement as much as possible, Captain Smith moved Companies B. G. and K. to the left and was joined by Sergeant Stucky, with the Twenty-seventh Regimental flag, then with the Thirty-ninth Ohio, under Colonel Weber, stood firing, presenting a bold front until the enemy had ceased firing and had disappeared.

In many respects, these were the most thrillingly eventful days of our entire service, full of hardships, and vicissitudes which tried the endurance of men to the utmost. I often wonder how these men who suffered almost the pains of death, can be living forty-four years after these experiences. We, who survived these perils, should thank God for our preservation.

THE TWENTY-SEVENTH VETERAN VOLUNTEER INFANTRY AND ITS MEN.

By Philip R. Harpel, Company G.

The Twenty-seventh Ohio Infantry and the Thirty-ninth Ohio Infantry, universally known as the twin regiments, occupied important positions and were successful in over one hundred battles and skirmishes during four years of service in the Civil War.

Their marches during several long campaigns averaged over twenty, frequently thirty-five, and once in the state of Missouri, from Greenfield, to Springeld and again from its camp near the Roanoke River, Virginia, a distance of forty-five miles in one day. The total march on foot, in ten southern states, was fifty-five hundred miles, a record not surpassed by any infantry. Their accomplishments and high standing were due largely to the discipline and thorough preparation of their men.

The Twenty-seventh Regiment at its organization received the benefit of the practical military knowledge of a number of its members, who had

just returned from a three months' service.

Its first Colonel (afterward General) John W. Fuller, was prominent in military affairs in his young manhood and when he took command, he was fresh from the West Virginia campaign. He was a man of honor and a fervent patriot and in his judgment, clear and concise. Few commanders possessed a deeper knowledge of the details of the army. He showed the highest type of the American Volunteer, the soldier and the leader. On

no occasion did he fail or blunder. He left his stamp on the entire brigade and gave it a name and a fame. His soldiers were devoted to him and at all times rallied instantly at his call. They followed him in the midst of the conflict at Atlanta, when so bravely he carried the Twenty-seventh regiment flag to the front in the last charge which drove the enemy to final defeat.

Our next commander Z. S. Spaulding, was also in the previous three months' service with the "crack" Seventh New York Infantry. He was a

thorough disciplinarian and a man of undoubted courage.

Colonel Churchill gave to the regiment his administrative ability derived from his long experience as a manager of business affairs. He commanded with intelligence and firmness, he was always careful, never hasty nor harsh, but with sound judgment, making a most excellent officer.

Rev. John Eaton, Jr., Chaplain of the Regiment was a man of unusual ability and kindness of heart and was at all times most earnestly devoted to the interest and welfare of the men. He entered the service August 16, 1861. He was given charge of the abandoned cotton lands and the freedmen of Northern Mississippi by the United States Government, November 1862. He was appointed Colonel of the Sixty-third United States colored troops October 10th, 1863 and was breveted Brigadier-General March 13th, 1865. He settled in Tennessee after the war and became editor of the Memphis Post, a Republican Journal, and rose to be a leader of his party. He was elected Superintendent of Public Education in 1866.

The surgeons of the Twenty-seventh were exceptionally distinguished and rendered important professional service. Surgeon W. R. Thrall had the great honor of serving as a staff officer in the Russian Army during

the Crimean War under Emperor Alexander Second.

The Captains of Companies were generally men capable and worthy of the positions. Captain James Morgan commanded during the March to the Sea and Major J. N. Gilrath through the Carolinas, Major Charles H. Smith having temporary command of the regiment. This officer brought to the Twenty-seventh Ohio the experience of his previous three months' drill and training as a Zouave in the Seventh Ohio Regiment. By his experience, intrepid courage, keen judgment and foresight in the discharge of every duty that fell to him as a soldier, he won many laurels for the regiment. He brought to it that strong enthusiasm which has been the characteristic of his life. In the confusion of battle, at a vital moment, he did not wait for orders but from the heart of this true American soldier came the quick command. This was shown when he was Orderly Sergeant of Company G, at the battle of Corinth, Mississippi. Every officer in his company had been shot down. He assumed command and boldly led his men into the midst of the Ninth Texas Regiment Color Guard and into the very jaws of death. In the desperate encounter that followed, under circumstances of daring, danger and exposure, such as rarely and perhaps has never fallen to the lot of any single company of men, there fell around the captured flag eleven men of Company G, the enemy's dead and wounded mingled with them.

Again on the field of Atlanta, Georgia, as a Lieutenant, he led Company A's skirmish line across the field under a heavy fire of musketry and engaged and held the enemy at the edge of a thick woods. He saw the enemy's position; they were massing in lines to charge. He knew the necessity of immediate action, without which they would overwhelm the Ohio Brigade, that the Brigade must strike before the enemy completed his heavy formation. Quickly the skirmishers regained the regiment and then like a hero he ran along the line of troops shouting the charge. Instantly the men sprang to their feet, there was a click of muskets, and with the greatest gallantry and wild shouts they moved forward to the charge and drove the enemy from the field.

General Churchill commenting on his action said, "The charge was not made a moment too soon, and no doubt, it was that which saved us from

defeat, securing to the Union cause a glory that can never fade."

The Twenty-seventh Ohio was commended for its bravery in action on several occasions. At Corinth by General Rosecrans, who said, in the presence of the Brigade: "I saw the Twenty-seventh Ohio chasing the enemy with the bayonet." And to the Brigade he said: "I raise my hat in the presence of men as brave as those who surrounded me, the prisoners you have captured and the dead and wounded at my feet are evidences of your bravery." The gallant conduct of the Twenty-seventh Ohio elicited from him special honorable mention in his official report to General Grant.

General Dodge says of the Twenty-seventh Ohio at Kenesaw Mountain: "See how well those brave fellows hold that dangerous position." General McPherson said of them at Nick-o-jack, "None but the best troops

could have succeeded in that assault."

The Regiment had on its rolls 1,459 men. One man in every twenty-five was killed in battle. One man out of every thirteen died in the hospital from wounds or disease. The total mortality was one out of every eight and three-fourths of the enlisted number. It furnished three Generals, three Colonels, seven Lieutenant-Colonels, seven Majors, three Surgeons, four Assistant Surgeons, one Chaplain, forty-two Captains, fifty-eight First Lieutenants, thirty-seven Second-Lieutenants. Of the thirty-seven officers who left Ohio at its organization, only two remained on the rolls at muster out of the Regiment in July, 1865.

SERGEANT J. J. GRUBER.

Company G, Forty-third Ohio Veteran Volunteer Infantry, relating an incident at Rivers Bridge, South Carolina, February 9th, 1865.

Just after the capture of Savannah, Georgia, the Ohio Brigade entered on the campaign through the Carolinas. At Rivers Bridge over the Salke-hatchie Swamps, South Carolina, General Wade Hampton's forces of Confederates were fortified. To dislodge them, Companies A. G. and D. of the Forty-third Ohio were ordered to fix bayonets and charge down the roadway in platoons of four, while four companies, preceding, should carry planks to bridge the river.

The charging column was successful in gaining the bank of the river, but the planks for the crossing, never came up. The enemy's cannon in our front scattered the men who were carrying the planks. The loss of our

men was very heavy in killed and wounded.

In gaining the banks of the river, a continual fire was kept up by us at the works which had been thrown up and at the field battery of the Confederates. While this assault was going on, our men made a successful crossing about one mile below. While I was on the firing line, my canteen was full of water, corked tight, and swinging in front of me. A minnie ball struck the canteen in about the center of it, and knocked me down. I soon got to my feet and after a careful survey, found myself unharmed. My canteen however was badly damaged, as the force of the ball burst it wide open at the seam. The ball, which I have in my possession today, dropped to my feet.

This was the closest call I ever experienced as a soldier during my

three years and nine months active service.

THE IRON NERVE OF A SOLDIER.

By H. C. Evans, Company C, Twenty-seventh Ohio Veteran Volunteer Infantry Regiment.

In the charge at Ruff's Mills, Georgia, in which the Twenty-seventh Ohio participated, I was wounded and while lying under a tent fly, awaiting attention from the surgeons, I saw under the same fly an improvised Surgeon's table and on this table was a man who had been shot through the leg. He was a member of Company B of the same Regiment. The wounded soldier who was a German, refused to take an anasthetic and the doctors and soldiers who were attending him were compelled to continually push his body back on the table, as he attempted to rise, evidently to see what the surgeons were doing. After the operation was completed and the stump was tied up, the wounded man, who, as it happened, had been formerly a cooper, sat up on the table, threw his legs over the side and jumped off, alighting on his one good leg. Swinging the other, he exclaimed, "Py Golly, I can make parrels yet."

This happening impressed itself vividly on my mind, but I did not see him again until thirty-four years after the war at which time I was driving down Naghten Street in the city of Columbus, when I saw a peg legged soldier plodding along the sidewalk going in the same direction. I drove to the curb and and took the old soldier in to give him a lift. Tapping the wooden peg leg as the soldier sat on the seat beside me I asked, "Where did you lose your good leg?" "At Ruff's Mills, Georgia, July 4th, 1864," was the answer. I looked him in the face a moment and recognized the wounded soldier. It was George Evercourt that I had seen jump off the table under the fly tent, not deploring the loss of his leg, but exulting that he was still able to make barrels and I said to him, "Well, I saw the surgeon cut it off." George Evercourt of Company B died March 20th, 1908.

A TRIP WITH PRISONERS.

By Charles I. Adkins, Company K, Twenty-seventh Ohio Veteran Volunteer Infantry.

During the summer of 1863, while Fuller's Ohio Brigade was camped near Memphis, Tennessee, Captain William Feeney received orders to report with his company (K) of the Twenty-seventh Ohio, at the river front, there to take charge of and guard a boat load of Confederate prisoners, who were being transported from the lower Mississippi to a northern prison. There were several hundred among whom were about twelve or fifteen commissioned officers.

This being the unhealthy season of the year, much sickness prevailed among the prisoners, and a score or more died before reaching their destination. Surgeon James Sprague of the Twenty-seventh Ohio, had charge of the sick, and the writer of this article was detailed to assist the doctor in the performance of his professional duties. The boat upon which the prisoners were being conveyed, was a large "side wheeler," and the men both sick and well were scattered, fore and aft, on all of the three decks. Some were in the hull of the vessel and a more despondent and unsympathetic gathering of men would have been difficult to find. If sick call had been made in the usual manner, namely, by the sound of drum or bugle: "Come get your quinine, come get your quinine!" I doubt if any would have responded, therefore, the sick were sought out in the following manner:

Doctor: "Well, young man, what is your name?"

"Tom Price."

"What seems to be the matter with you?"

"I don' gis know, but got diaru an ager anyhow."

"How long have you been having diarrhea and ague?"

"I don' ges know, but ever sin' sometime 'fore ye all took Vigsburg."

After looking at the patient's tongue and feeling his pulse, the doctor would say in his kindly way, "Now, young man, you take the medicine that I send you and I think that in a few days you will feel all right." And the

man would say, "Thank you, Doctor, much urbleege."

Another case was that of John Jones an Arkansas Volunteer, who told the doctor that he had been troubled with "disinter and Yaller janders" ever since General Price made "der Yanks srender at Lexington" (September 19th, 1861) and so on in about the same manner through a long list of sick that was visited daily during the several days' trip, each day finding the patient if alive, no better and the medicine untouched. When the doctor would ask why the medicine had not been taken, the reply in most cases was, "I had no wata, and no one would get me un. I don' ker nohow, I'd zleve die as live, ye all gwine ter put us in dem air northun prisons, whare weuns all starve to death anyhow."

The despondency and indifference manifested by these army comrades was not wholly without cause. While it may be true that available

comforts for sick men were somewhat wanting. I am sorry to say that a disposition, by those in authority to make use of comforts for the sick that were at hand, was probably still more wanting. There were about fifty or sixty double bunk state rooms with soft mattresses, all of which were empty save those that were occupied by about seventeen commissioned officers. There was enough good wholesome food gathered from the cabin tables after each meal and thrown overboard to have supplied all the sick with palatable diet, all of which could have been had for the asking. But the reader may ask, why did not the writer ask? The writer did ask and received in proportion to his authority.

While it was true that these officers were prisoners of war and had no official power, yet there is an unwritten law in the will of all persons who are high in rank or position, the power of which carries an influence that ofttimes dominates the actions of those who are higher in authority but lower in rank, and that too without the latter making any sacrifice in

either their legal or moral duty.

In order to insure the geater safety from the attack of guerilla bands that might be prowling the river banks, it was ordered while making the north bound trip that the boat tie up during the darkest part of the night. It was during these nocturnal stops that we embraced the opportunity of interring the deceased in unmarked graves along the shores of the great "Father of Waters."

On reaching St. Louis, ambulances were soon on the wharf with attendants and paraphernalia to care for the sick and to convey them to hospitals in the city. As the weak and feeble men were carefully borne ashore on comfortable hand bars, I found that a greater tie of sympathy existed between "Johnny" and "Yank" than I had hitherto realized. As I assisted a seventeen year old boy to his place in the ambulance, I gave him a one dollar hand shake in evidence of my sympathy, with words to suit the act.

After continuing our journey about twenty-five miles farther up the river, we landed and disembarked all well Confederates, rank and file, turning the same over to the custody of the warden of the military prison at Alton, Illinois. After this we returned to St. Louis where our company was assigned to quarters in the Schofield barracks, and where we remained for several days, waiting our return transportation.

During our stay in St. Louis, I sought the opportunity of visiting the hospital, to which our sick had been taken and in so doing I was much gratified in finding that they had fallen in kind hands, and comfortable quarters. That visit left a pleasant and lasting impression on my mind. I well remember as I slowly walked down the long aisle of one ward, looking to the right and left in search of faces that I might recognize, a boy's voice called out, "Hello Doctah, wha yer gwine?" Almost simultaneously with the first, a half dozen other voices greeted me in like manner. While the voices seemed quite familiar, the faces of the patients, were apparently strange. They had undergone the regular hospital transformation since I had last seen them at the steamboat landing, for they were washed, shaved and dressed in clean clothing, all of which makes a marked difference in the appearance of a soldier who is fresh from the front. They seemed to be surrounded with almost every need of a sick person, besides their comfortable cots, stood small tables on which were many of the delicious fruits

of the season and other delicacies. Several ladies were sitting by their bedsides, reading and writing letters for the patients. Others came in with well-filled baskets passing through the wards, placing a peach here, a pear there, a bunch of grapes yonder, and so on, replenishing the tables wherever it was needed.

As I write this story I recall that we may have met some of these men on battle fields before or perhaps after this date, but now we are friends in need, humanity had asserted itself, the golden rule was being exemplified, a commendable act, for a still higher and nobler civilization was keenly apparent. "War is not all hell after all." Thank God!

Our absence from our regiment was about two weeks and the return

trip to the "Gem City of the South" was by river steamer.

CAPTURING THE FLAG.

ORRIN B. GOULD'S STORY OF THE FLAG CAPTURED AT CORINTH, MISSISSIPPI, OCTOBER 4TH, 1862.

After the war Private Orrin B. Gould told to members of his com-

pany the following story:-

After the battle had opened in our front by the charge of the Confederates upon the lines of our brigade at Robinett, and our fire had subdued them so that some were hiding and firing from behind the logs and stumps, and others creeping up in our front, they began to rally again and we saw their flag advance. Our Captain and Second Lieutenant were slightly wounded and had gone to the rear. First Lieutenant Webb had been shot dead. The command of the company devolved upon Orderly Sergeant Smith whom I heard shout, "Forward! men, let's capture that flag." We all rushed forward together, Thomas, Madigan, Small, Radway, Burnet, Statten, Harpel, Fullerton, Jenkins, Willson, Brunner, Snider and others. It is supposed that Corporal Cheek shot the Color-bearer who fell, his face upon the colors, struck with a shot in the head. He raised himself upon his elbow, and looked up in my face. He was bleeding on the flag. The colors were spread out and I picked them up quickly with my right hand, holding my musket in my left hand. Part of the rebels broke and The officer who shot me yelled to his men to save the colors and levelled his pistol to shoot again, when I saw Sergeant Smith run at him with his musket, capture him and conduct him to the rear. I carried the flag to Major Spaulding on the flagstaff and he tore it off and handed it to General Fuller. Many of our men were shot in the encounter. Some of the prisoners were brought in at the same time.

The bullet in my body went in at the right breast, struck the breast bone, glanced up and went through the right lobe of the lung, and lodged near the spine and right shoulder blade. The doctors after probing for it, said they never could reach and extract it and they thought I could not live. In the operation, they cut out two ribs. The bullet must have been fired from a large Navy revolver, judging from the size of the wound.

(Gould was made a Captain. He died with the bullet in his body at

Cleveland, Ohio, September, 1892.)



DAVID AULD.

Drummer Co. G. 20th Ohio, 1861; Drummer Co. B, 43d Ohio, 1861 to 1865.

WHAT A DRUMMER BOY SAW DURING A STRENUOUS DAY AT CORINTH, MISS., OCTOBER 4th, 1862.

By David Auld, Co. B, 43rd O. V. V. I.

The drummer boy was one of the essentials in the general make-up of the army and his duties were many and arduous. It was not only the sounding of reveille, taps and the numerous other calls, but also the sounding of the long roll often at the midnight hour, awakening the slumbering troops to do battle with the enemy. When in camp the drummer boys were used as orderlies for the commanding officers; when in an engagement they were always found on the battlefield looking after and caring for the wounded and assisting in carrying them from the field of battle, which many times placed them in the most hazardous positions.

As one of these, my duties called me to all parts of the field in and about Battery Robinet, the highest point of ground on the entire battlefield being located about six hundred yards northwest of the railroad depot, from which the Mobile & Ohio R. R. ran north and south, and the Memphis & Charleston R. R. ran northwest, the Chewalla Wagon road just passing Robinett being the central point of attack by the senemy, (see map). I will

confine my narrative to what occurred on that part of the line of battle held that day by the 43rd Ohio Infantry, (the extreme left regiment en-

gaged).

At 10:00 A. M. the regiment lay in line of battle, the right resting directly in the rear of the right embankment of Battery Robinett, and about twenty yards from the ditch. The regiment faced directly west, the left resting near the M. & C. R. R. cut and almost in line with the west face of Battery Williams. Just before daylight the Confederates opened a destructive fire on our position from three batteries (fourteen guns) which they planted during the night within 200 or 300 yards, and directly on the regimental right flank, enfilading our line with shrapnell and canister until silenced by Batteries Robinett, Williams and others about daylight. From this time until about 11:00 A. M. a very searching flank fire was poured into our line by sharpshooters concealed in brush, fallen timber and trees at the edge of the woods. Soon after 10:00 A. M. great columns of Confederates poured from the woods north of our position with arms at right shoulder, their tattered banners unfurled, and spread out in vast lines of battle over the plain north of the town of Corinth, sweeping all before them into the town, but were cut to pieces and driven out later. No battle scene in modern times, not even Pickett's charge at Gettysburg, could surpass the picture that unfolded to our vision. Looking almost directly to the rear of our regimental line we could see every man engaged in both armies at that time.

While watching these battle lines so grand to look upon, but so terrible to think of when you remember the frightful waste of human lives they caused, the call came; "Bring the stretchers, a man hurt." Myself and Demas took the stretchers to look for the man, he was pointed out to us and proved to be Bradford (our older brother) who had been struck by a shell in the left shoulder while lying on the ground in line waiting for the first assault just opening. By his side lay James W. Conger, whose clothing was stained by his blood. We were little more than children and the shock to us can be better imagined than described. Demas and myself lifted him to the stretcher just as Col. Kirby Smith and Adjutant Heyl were shot from their horses a few steps away. We carried him to the shallow ditch by the railroad a few rods to the rear, where the temporary field hospital was located, as it offered a slight protection to the wounded from the deadly hail of bullets that fell about them coming from all directions except the rear We then placed him in an ambulance still alive and con-We bid him goodbye and never saw him again. He only lived a short time and occupies an unknown grave.

The 30 pound parrott guns and others in and near Battery Williams were sending great numbers of shells screaming closely over our heads into the flanks of the charging columns. At about 11:00 A. M. above the sounds of the more distant battle, there came nearer and nearer sounds from the northwest that reminded us of the big rain drops that used to fall on the roofs of our boyhood homes preceding the storm. It was the opening sounds of our battle. Our time had come. Our single line of farmer boys and school boys were to be tried in the fire of battle as never before and given the most severe manhood test of their lives against "massed American Infantry at close quarters." There can be no test more severe. My thoughts

were, "Can they stand it?" "Will they stand it?" The Confederate columns were pouring from the woods in such vast numbers from the northwest that the whole space between the railroads and the woods seemed filled with them. Col. Kirby Smith mounted his horse, drew his sword, and in the same loud clear voice we had so often heard, commanded, "Attention Battalion. Fix Bayonetts. Change front forward on first company. By company, right half wheel." The command was never finished. A ball passed through his head and his voice was stilled forever. Colonel Swayne assumed command, his head bleeding from a wound by a sharpshooter, and was again wounded in the leg. About this time Adjutant Heyl was killed from his horse, Major Herick was wounded slightly in the leg, also Sergeant Major McCaffery. The officers were doing their utmost to prevent firing until the change of front was complete. The line swinging to the right on the run was quickly brought close to the flanks of the Confederates columns converging toward the Chewalla Road which now ran nearly paralell to our line. The men were falling in great numbers along the whole line of our regiment but had in obedience to orders not yet opened fire. My thoughts were, "Why don't they fire?" "Will they never fire?" "Another minute will be too late." "They will all be down." The same thoughts must have passed through the brains of those farmer boys in the ranks (who almost to a man were experts with a rifle.) For the whole line brought their guns to their shoulders and without command fired into the flank of the massed columns almost within reach of their bayonetts near the Battery, producing a scene of desolation seldom equaled on a battle field. Heaps of dead and wounded lay on the ground, in the ditch of Robinett and across our whole front. The Confederate columns, much disordered before from their rushing charge over fallen timber and brush, now lost all formation and suffering terrible losses, crowded forward in great masses toward and up the embankment of Robinett, with the desperate resolve of breaking over that work and through our shattered lines. The enemy although broken in formation was still desperately dangerous and aggressive. The front ranks of the whole mass continued their deadly fire nearly all at the range of only a few yards.

The men composing a large part of these attacking columns were rough riders from Texas, and the southwest, enlisted as cavalry but serving as infantry (never having been mounted) armed with breech loading Sharps rifles, (taken from the United States arsenals in Texas), the most deadly military arm known at that time. These Texans, noted for bravery and marksmanship, fully sustained their reputation. Their front ranks only could fire while the great crowded mass back of them could only rush forward, many to stop the shower of bullets that missed or passed through those in the front line. This condition greatly increased their losses.

As many as could line up on top of the earthwork of Robinett poured a deadly fire into that work, killing or wounding Lieut. Robinett and half of his artillery men, and driving the balance out to the rear. The changing front of the 43rd having brought Companies A and part of G into Battery Robinett, the duty of defending it quickly fell to them, which duty they nobly performed, losing more than half of their numbers in the few minutes following. The rear of the Confederate columns were still crowding forward (not knowing the fate of their comrades at the front) who having

been stopped by our battle line at Robinett, each moment growing more helpless from losses and crowding, and their remnants were quickly driven in utter rout from the field and back to the woods. When the retreat commenced it quickly developed into rout. They mostly took the line of the least resistance to the rear which was the Chewalla Road and the cleared ground adjacent to it. This brought them directly across the front of the regimental line, where they received a heavy flank fire at close range from the whole line, doing great execution, but these remnants still dangerous lost no time in reforming and were joined by a still larger force and immediately these great outnumbering columns moved upon our depleted lines for the second assault, more desperate if possible than the first. This time lead by that gallant Texan, Col. Wm. P. Rogers. After the first assault had failed, the 43rd was withdrawn by Col. Swayne to nearly the original position (facing west between Batteries Williams and Robinett) to allow the artillery on the high ground to our left rear to rake the open ground in front of Robinett. It was this withdrawal that caused the apparent disorder in the center of the regiment and not the fire of the enemy, as that was not severe at this time, but the heavy artillery fire prevented many of the men hearing the command to halt. No damage was done as all were in line when the command was given to change front again. At this time the 39th Ohio was moved up across the rear of the 43rd, 63rd and Battery Robinett, as a reserve in case of disaster to the front line. At this moment our Brigade and Division commanders were in grave doubt whether after their terrible punishment the front line could withstand the second storm just coming. There was a feeling of great relief passed along our line when they saw that splendid Regiment (the 39th Ohio, with resolution marked on every face, each grasping his Whitney rifle with long sword bayonets) form in our rear. And had there been disaster to the front line there can be little doubt what would have happened to the enemy when they met this second line. As soon as the Confederate columns were fairly under way for the second assault, the 43rd was again ordered to change front, which movement was again made on double quick in time to receive the enemy in a much better position than the Regiment occupied during the first assault. The ground over which these changes of front were made was extremely rough, old camp sinks, fallen timber, stumps, brush, etc. The Regiment showed great steadiness under these conditions.

The second assault was almost a repetition of the first, except that the enemy was in greater numbers and their losses much heavier, as our boys were less nervous and more determined after their first success. The right companies in Robinett closed up to the earthwork crossing bayonets with the enemy over the parapet in one of the most desperate and deadly conflicts of modern times, while those to the left of the work poured their deadly fire into the flanks of the enemy with greater rapidity and accuracy, throwing them into confusion, causing a repetition of the over-crowding and terrible slaughter on a larger scale. The second assault made no more headway than the first, after reaching the Battery and line of regiments. The men on both sides were melting away fast. This dreadful carnage could not long endure. Several Confederate color bearers had fallen from the parapet of Robinett when Col. Rogers, (leading the assault) seized the colors of the 2nd Texas, and rushed to the top of the earthwork, shouting



Top Line—Alex Roberts, Ed Stein, Hugh Mosher (Yankee Doodle), Frank Logsdon, Stewart Roberts. Bottom Line—Johny McClay, Demas L. Auld, Lew Schram, David Auld, Wm. Meck, Wm. Stull. DRUM CORPS 43d O. V. V. I., 1890, 25 YEARS AFTER THE WAR.

to his men to follow and was instantly shot dead by a soldier of Company A, 43rd.* Seeing their leader fall amid heaps of their dead and wounded, the men could no longer stand the storm of lead being poured into their crowded and disordered ranks, broke and fled in complete rout. At this time a number of men from Company A manned the idle guns of Robinett directed by Sergeant William Lilly and poured canister into the retreating enemy as long as they were in sight.

The battle was over and the victory won, except the shouting which was long and loud, especially when at this moment the Commander-in-Chief-General Rosencraus, rode along our shattered ranks and with uncovered head thanked us in the name of our country, a sight that can never be effaced from the memory of any who saw it. When the firing ceased there were many willing hands to assist us drummer boys in finishing the most trying day's work of our lives, removing the wounded and dead. In a few minutes the last of our wounded were in the hands of the surgeons for first aid, then we gathered up the ghastly dead and placed them in long rows for burial. And in all the regiments that fought that day, our rows of dead were the longest, 25 killed and 98 wounded (5 mortal), total 123, including the Colonel, Lieutenant-Colonel, Major, Adjutant and Sergeant-Major, (the whole field staff) and many line officers, one-third of all engaged, and nearly all in a few minutes.

As soon as my duties would permit after the firing ceased, I with a boy's curiosity, went to the front of Battery Robinett and of all the sights my eyes ever looked upon, this was the most ghastly and depressing, great heaps of men piled in every conceivable shape, the deep wide ditch being heaped with this frightful waste of war, many smooth faced boys, almost children, that touched my heart, and many hardened faces that did not, many badly wounded were held fast in the mass by the weight of the dead. I with other willing hands helped carefully to untangle this mass of misery. I have seen many bloody battle fields, but none have ever caused the tunult in my brain that this one did, and on no other have I ever seen in so limited a space the great numbers that were strewn and piled at Robinett and its vicinity. The dead and mangled from nearly twenty regiments were

mingled here.

The official reports of our regimental losses are very incorrect. This can be accounted for in part by the death of the Colonel and Adjutant and severe wound to the Sergeant-Major, whose duty it is to collect such information and make reports. Col. Swayne's report says our loss was 16 killed and

^{*}But one bullet struck Colonel Rogers, and that in the right breast. The writer cut the gold stars from his collar a few minutes later, supposing him to be a Major-General until informed differently by one of his men. His body lay a few feet from the ditch where it was placed by his men when shot. Many of those present supposed that the officer lying in the road by the dead horse about forty feet from the ditch was Colonel Rogers, but this is not correct. This officer was Colonel of an Arkansas Regiment and must have been killed by canister from Robinett, as more than a dozen balls had struck him in the breast. He was of slight build, dressed in dark blue clothes. Rogers was a large fleshy man dressed in grey with high patent leather boots.

75 wounded. The Rebellion Record, Vol. 17 and Fox say 20 killed and 76 wounded. The Ohio Roster roll of honor gives the names of nineteen men killed, but says Bradford Auld, Company B, (my brother) and John G. Denner, Company K, died of disease. (They were both killed by shells near Robinett.) The roster roll of honor does not mention Wm. Kilgour and Private England of Company A, Almond Kelley, Company G, or Mathew Stull, Company K. All were killed. The writer helped handle all these men after they were shot.

The Ohio roster roll of honor gives the names of five mortally wounded as follows: Col. J. L. Kirby Smith, James D. Hanna, Company K; David Lightner; and William A. White, Company C; Joseph Sunderland, Company B. The latter is reported in roster as having died of wounds some months after the battle, but it is generally understood that he died at field

hospital at Corinth immediately after the battle.

INCIDENTS ON THE MISSISSIPPI RIVER.

By J. W. Conger of the 43rd O. V. V. I.

After the Ohio Brigade crossed the Mississippi River below New Madrid, April 7th, 1862, we were pressing the Rebels so hard near Tiptonville, that they abandoned their camp equipage, left their camp kettles on the fire, and did not have time to relieve their picket guards. The 43rd Ohio were halted near the Rebel camp, when General Stanley rode in front of the Regiment, and called for a detail to go down in the rebel camp. Captain Marshman, of Co. B, called for volunteers, and with a boy's spirit of adventure, I volunteered with a number of others from the Regiment. On the way we came across a Rebel Captain who had been the officer of the day, who was so disgusted at not being relieved from guard duty on their retreat, that he had drowned his sorrows from the contents of a demijohn of peach brandy at his side, and was leaning up against a log. Our boys were very anxious to sample the brandy, but were afraid that it might have been poisoned, and as a test one of them poured some out in his tin cup and offered it to the captain, who drank it. This gave us courage, and one of them poured out his cup heaping full. The captain seeing this, exclaimed, "Boys, don't act the —— hog." At this time General Stanley came up, saw the red sash, and accosted him as follows: "Are you an officer, sir?" to which the captain replied, "I'm a prisoner, by --!" We then proceeded to the rebel camp, and I came across a rebel soldier still doing his duty, pacing up and down in front of an ordinance tent. He had a loaded musket in his hands, so while engaging him in conversation, I gradually approached him until I finally wrenched the gun out of his hands. I found it to be an Enfield rifle of the same caliber as my own. I threw my gun away, and carried the captured one as long as I served in the ranks, then turned it in to the Government, which I have greatly regretted, as I would like to have it now as a relic.

While Pope's army was on transports above Fort Pillow, the gun boats were throwing shells over a point of timber at the Fort, but apparently without doing any damage. The entire country was completely submerged, and no land was in sight. It was evident that the Fort could not be reduced by the fire from the gun boats. A detail was made consisting of Co. B, 43rd, under command of Lieut, H. S. Prophet, 43rd Ohio, a company from the 27th Ohio, and a company of Regulars, who were placed on board a transport of very light draught, and the entire expedition, under command of Major Z. S. Spaulding, of the 27th Ohio, was sent for the purpose of reconnoitering to ascertain if a stream could be found emptying into the Mississippi River, which our transport could ascend where dry land could be found and the Army landed with a view of capturing Fort Pillow from the rear. Many of the men were sick from the effects of drinking Mississippi River water, which was mixed with mud from the Ohio River. Major Spalding ordered the Regulars to vacate the cabin which they were occupying, as he wanted to use it as a hospital for the sick men, but the Lieutenant who was in command was under the influence of liquor, and swore that no d- volunteer officer could give him orders, and called on his men to barricade the doors of the cabin. The Major then ordered the long roll beaten, the volunteer soldiers fell in line upon the hurricane deck, lined up each side of the skylight, and the major told the officers that the regulars had virtually mutinied. He instructed them to have their men load and cap their guns, and that upon his orders they would smash in the glass and fire on the Regulars. He then went down into the cabin with two or three orderlies, and again ordered the Lieutenant in command of the regulars to vacate the cabin, but instead of doing so he drew a revolve: on Spalding, who in a moment had the Lieutenant on his back and by the throat and called on his men to securely tie the Lieutenant and put him in a stateroom under guard. After this occurrence, an orderly sergeant took command of the regulars, and they vacated the cabin. Without exception this was one of the most strenuous times for a short period during my term of service, as I feared we would be obliged to fire on our own men. The expedition proved a failure, as no dry land was in sight, and we returned to our respective commands.

In 1893, our firm purchased land in Cleveland, now occupied by us in our business, and when we received our deed, we found that this same Z. S. Spalding, who commanded the above expedition had signed the deed, he being one of the Spalding heirs, and that the property had been his home-

stead during his boyhood days.

Near Farmington, Miss., May, 1862, I was doing picket duty. The Rebels had been firing on our picket guards to such an extent that it became very annoying and kept the Army under arms most of the time. General Tyler rode up to the reserve guard headquarters and said that the rebel pickets were lodged in some abandoned log huts in our front, and that he wanted ten volunteers who could knock a squirrel's eye out at 200 yards. He also told us that it was a dangerous undertaking and that we must use care and protect ourselves all that we possibly could. While I was not altogether clear that I could fill the bill as to marksmanship, but having used a rifle from the time I was 10 or 12 years old, I had a pretty good opinion of my markmanship. Ira Churchill and I volunteered from Company B, to-

gether with a number of others from our Regiment. The General then conducted us a few hundred yards to the front and in the rear of a large house, pointed out to us where the enemy were located and directed us, one at a time, to make a rush for the heavy timbers to the right and somewhat nearer to where the enemy were located. It was an open space and gave them a good opportunity to fire on us as we ran for the timber, and we could see where the balls struck in the red Mississippi clay, but fortunately all of us reached cover without any one being hit, and we kept up an Indian method of fighting, each of us using forty rounds or more of ammunition. The rebel officer of the day, unconscious of the changed conditions, rode out in plain view, and was seen to fall from his horse, the result of our fire. We saw them carry away several of the killed or wounded. During the afternoon there was a flag of truce sent out and arrangements made whereby this annoving picket fire was discontinued for the time being. In the meantime two Confederates, with whom we had been exchanging shots came out from behind a large tree, and holding up a bottle, invited us to take a drink with them, and for the first time in my experience wanted to know if we would not exchange coffee for tobacco, which was a very common occurrence later on. We then returned to guard headquarters. Afterwards Churchill was transferred to a battery and his gun was captured in front of Atlanta. He got permission to go out in front to ascertain if the gun had not been abandoned by the rebels, but in doing so was either captured or killed, as he was never heard from afterwards.

Captain Marshman commended us for our services, and also wrote a very complimentary letter home, which was published in the Mt. Gilead

Sentinel.

ADDRESS TO THE ARMY OF THE TEXNESSEE, OF WHICH FULLER'S OHIO BRIGADE WAS A PART.

October, 1902, By Major-General Grenville M. Dodge.

Comrades of Army of the Tennessee:

On the 28th day of August, 1861, General U. S. Grant was assigned to duty in command of the District of Southwest Missouri, with headquarters at Cairo, Ill., and here commenced the organization and growth of the Army of the Tennessee. It remained under his personal command, or as a unit of his great army, from the beginning until the end of the war, except for two short intervals, one after the great battle of Donelson, and the other after the greater battle of Shiloh, both of which he won, and gave the first great light and hope to our country, and it is hard now, after reading all the records, to understand the reasons for his being relieved. It appears to have been done through a misunderstanding, and with no intention of doing injustice to General Grant.

Following General Grant as commander came General Sherman, a member of the army almost as long as General Grant. General Sherman was in direct command, or the army served under him as a unit of his greater army, from the time he assumed command until the end of the war.

After General Sherman came General McPherson, that ideal soldier, who commanded the army until he fell in the great battle of Atlanta on 22nd of July. Upon his death, General Logan took command of the army, as the senior officer present, and at the end of the battle of July 22nd, he could say that he had met and defeated Hood's whole army in the greatest

battle of that campaign.

Following General Logan came General O. O. Howard, the only General taken from another army to command it in all the history of the Army of the Tennessee, or even any of its corps. The next day after assuming command, General Howard led the army into the great battle of the 28th of July, which the Confederates said was not a battle, but a simple killing and slaughtering of their forces. He remained in command until the end of the rebellion, and at the end of the war generously gave way to General Logan, so that one of its original members might command it at the great review in Washington,—an act that could only come from such a just and thoughtful soldier as Howard.

I speak of our army's commanders first, as an army takes its habits and character from its head, and probably no other army in the world was so fortunate as to have always at its head great soldiers and great commanders, recognized as such the world over—two of them the peers of any

commander that ever stood up in a great conflict.

The Army of the Tennessee covered more ground in its campaigns than all the other armies combined, and all its campaigns were marked by some great struggle, battle or movement that challenged the admiration of the world. First came Fort Donelson, next Corinth, Vicksburg, and fol-

lowing that Chattanooga, where it fought on both flanks in that great battle, one division taking the point of Lookout Mountain above the clouds. At the battle of Nashville, December 15th and 16th, 1864, General A. J. Smith with the right wing of the Sixteenth Corps and troops from Missouri, turned the left wing of Hood's Army. Then came the Atlanta campaign; following that the stragetical march to the sea, and, finally, that bold movement from Savannah to Goldsboro, which is considered by the best critics as one of the boldest and best planned campaigns of history, one in which every chance was taken, and every opportunity given the enemy to concen-

trate upon an inferior force.

The record of this army is probably the most satisfactory of any that ever existed, as it was harmonious in all its parts, and had no jealousies, each of its units to the best of its ability helping the others. Again, it was modest; it struck blow after blow, and let the world sing its praises. All its campaigns were great successes, and it never lost a battle. All its army, corps, division and brigade commanders were exceptionally able men. and were seldom relieved except to assume more important commands. Its experiences were more varied than any other army, for in its campaigns, battles and marches, reaching from the Missouri River to the Atlantic, at Washington, over a territory two thousand miles long and five hundred miles wide, it opened the Mississippi, it forced its way to the sea, it was reviewed by the Government of the nation at Washington, and it disbanded and the men went to their homes without causing an unpleasant comment or a painful thought in all this broad land.

General McPherson was the first to fall in the great battle of Atlanta. He fell just after watching the attack in the rear of the 16th army corps, which held the key to the situation. The last words he spoke were in praise of the fighting of that corps. General Sherman in reporting his death, spoke of him as follows:

"General McPherson fell in battle, booted and spurred, as the gallant and heroic gentleman should wish. Not his the loss, but the country's, and the army will mourn his death and cherish his memory as that of one who, though comparatively young, had risen by his merit and ability to the command of one of the best armies which the nation had called into existence to yindicate her honor and integrity."

General McPherson was so dear to our old army that the great victory at the battle of Atlanta was never spoken of by our army except to express our great grief at the loss of our commander. His faith in what he could accomplish with our army was unbounded. He spoke of us on

July 4th, 1863, as follows:

"With tireless energy, with sleepless vigilance, by night and by day, with battery and with rifle-pits, with trench and mine, you made your sure approaches, until overcome by fatigue and driven to despair in the attempt to oppose your irresistible progress, the whole garrison of over 30,000 men, with all their arms and munition of war, have, on this, the anniversary of our National Independence, surrendered to the invincible troops of the Army of the Tennessee. The achievements of this hour will give a new meaning to this memorable day, and Vicksburg will brighten the glow of the patriot's heart which kindles at the mention of Bunker Hill and Yorktown. This is indeed an auspicious day for you. The God of battle

is with you. The dawn of a conquered peace is breaking upon you. The plaudits of an admiring world will hail you wherever you go, and it will be an enobling heritage, surpassing all riches, to have been of the Army of the Tennessee on the Fourth of July, 1863."

General John A. Rawlins, who represented the organization and spirit of our great army, and who shared its fortunes from beginning to end as

chief of its first and greatest commander, died 1873.

General Rawlins, in giving a history of the Army of the Tennessee,

paid this tribute to it:

"In no army did the soldier enjoy greater liberty, consistent with military discipline, than in the Army of the Tennessee, and in none were his

rights and his life more carefully guarded.

The subordination of the Army of the Tennessee to the policies and acts of the Government affecting the institution of slavery in the prosecution of the war, is worthy of the highest commendation. It had no policy of its own to propose, but went forth, as expressed by the Legislative Branch of the Government, to do battle in no spirit of oppression, or for any purpose of conquest or subjugation, or purpose of overthrowing or interfering with the rights or established institutions of the States in rebellion; but to defend and maintain the supremacy of the constitution, and to preserve the Union with all the dignity, equality and rights of the several States unimpaired.

The Army of the Tennessee did great deeds in all the departments of the States' service, and individually and combined illustrated in a peculiar manner the qualities of noble American character which gained success in the field, preserved its fruits by subsequent statesmanship, and by exalted

virtue crowned victory with the attributes of peace and justice."

General John A. Logan, that brilliant, magnetic soldier. Of him, Presi-

dent McKinley spoke as follows:

"Logan's career was unique. His distinction does not rest upon his military achievments alone. His services in the legislature of his own state, in the national House of Representatives, and in the Senate of the United States would have given him an equally conspicuous place in the annals of the country. He was great in the forum and in the field."

"He came out of the war with the highest military honors of the volunteer soldier. Brilliant in battle and strong in military council, his was also the true American spirit, for when the war was ended he was quick and eager to return to the pursuits of civil life."

General Logan's love and devotion to us only ended with his life, and

at one of our reunions characterized our work thus:

"The Army of the Tennessee was not limited in its scope; the theater of its operations and the extent of its marches, comprehending within their bounds an area greater than Greece and Macedonia in their palmiest days, and greater than most of the leading kingdoms of Europe at the present day, reaching from the Missouri River on the north nearly to the Gulf of Mexico on the South, and from the Red River of Louisiana to the Atlantic Ocean."

The friendship and loyalty of Sherman to Grant was the first great cause of the success of both, and for the harmony that existed in the Army of the Tennessee. Sherman fell under the command of Grant at Paducah

in the spring of 1862, holding a small command. He was the ideal soldier, as he dropped from a department and Army commander to that of a post, and later a division, without a murmur. Sherman's first words to Grant,

on February 15, 1862, were these:

"I should like to hear from you, and will do everything in my power to harry forward to you reinforcements and supplies, and if I could be of service myself, would gladly come without making any question of rank with you or General Smith, whose commissions are of the same date."

On the same date he wrote again:

"Command me in any way. I feel anxious about you, as I know the great facilities they (the enemy) have of concentration, by means of the river and railroads, but have faith in you."

After the war, at a banquet given him in St. Louis, in 1866, at which, as commander of that Department, I was present, General Sherman gave

this resumé of his campaigns.

"You cannot attain great success in war without great risks. I admit we violated many of the old established rules of war by cutting loose from our base and exposing sixty thousand lives. I had faith in the army I commanded; that faith was well founded. But there was the old story exemplified. We had the elephant, and again we had to put our wits together and we concluded to kill the elephant. We did not like to do it. I contended at first when we took Vicksburg, that we had gained a point which the Southern Confederacy, as belligerents—so recognized by ourselves and the world—were bound to regard. That when we took Vicksburg by all the rules of civilized warfare they should have surrendered and allowed us to restore Federal power in the land. But they did not. I claim also that when we took Atlanta, they were bound by every rule of civilized warfare to surrender their cause. It was then hopeless, and it was clear to us as daylight that they were bound to surrender and return to civil life. But they continued the war, and then I had a right under the rules of civilized warfare to commence a system that would make them feel the power of the Government, and cause them to succumb to our national authority. So we destroyed Atlanta, and all that could be used against us there will have to be rebuilt. The question then arose in my mind how to apply the power thus entrusted by my Government so as to produce the result—the end of the war, which was all we desired; for war is only justifiable among civilized nations to produce peace. There is no other legitimate rule—except to produce peace. This is the object of war, and it is so universally acknowledged. Therefore, I had to go through Georgia, and let them see what war meant. I had the right to destroy their communications, which I did. I made them feel the consequences of war, so they will never again invite an invading army. Savannah fell, as a matter of course. Once in our power, the question then arose, 'what next?' All asked, 'what next?' I asked advice again and again, but I got mighty little, I can tell you except from Grant, who is always generous and fair. No advice-no word at Savannah, save from Mr. Lincoln, who asked 'what next?' I told him I would tell him after a little while.

"Then came the last movement, which I do contend involved more labor and risk than anything which I have done, or ever expect to do again. I could take Charleston without going there. First, by segregating it from

the rest of the country so it could not live. Man must have something to live upon. He must go where there is something to eat, therefore I concluded to break up the railroads, so the people had to get out of Charleston or perish. Then the next thing was to place the army in Columbia, which I tell you is more of a place in the South than you are aware of. Years ago I thought Columbia would be the scene of the great and final struggle of the war. I thought our Western army would go Eastward and our Eastern army Southward to Columbia, and that we would fight it out there. The people there regard it as a place of security. They sent their treasure there. But if you place an army where the enemy say you cannot, you gain an object. All military readers will understand the principle; and, therefore, when I placed my army in Columbia, I fought a battle, I reaped the fruits of a victory—bloodless, but still it produced military results. The next question was to place my army still further where I could be in communication with the old Army of the Potomac—where we could destroy the life of the Confederate armies, for it seemed at one time as though they were determined to fight to the 'last ditch.'

"So we went to Goldsborough and then I hastened to see Mr. Lincoln and Grant for the last time. We talked the matter over and agreed perfectly. Grant was moving then. I had been fifty odd marching days on light rations. My men were shoeless and without pants, and needed clothing and rest. I hurried back to Goldsborough, dispatched everything with as great rapidity as I could, and on the very day I appointed, I started in pursuit of Johnston, let him be where he might. Now understand, that in this vast campaign we had no objective point on the map; all we had to do was to pursue the Confederate armies wherever they might go and destroy them whenever we could catch them. The great difficulty was to bring them to bay. You can chase and chase a hare until the end of time, but unless you bring him to bay you cannot catch him. Grant was enabled to bring Lee to bay by means of Sheridan's cavalry. I did not have sufficient cavalry; if I had I might have brought Johnston to bay; but with my then force I could not, because my cavalry was inferior to his in numbers. Therefore, when Lee surrendered, Johnston saw as clearly as I had seen months before, that his cause was gone. I had been thinking of it for months; therefore, when he met me and announced the fact that he was 'gone up,' I was prepared to receive it. It was just like a familiar song. It seemed to the North a new thing. We had expected it, and when they gave up, there was an end of it, as we supposed. How did they give up, was the question; gave up—that was all. No use in fighting any longer. On what terms did they give up? I have described sufficiently clear in my official report all the conversation that took place, and all I will say is that the North seemed to be taken unawares, although every paper in the land and every county court orator had preached about peace for the last four years; yet when it came they did not recognize it. All I claim is that I was prepared for it from the start. The moment Johnston spoke to me, I saw peace at once, and I was honest enough to say so. But all that is now past and I am satisfied in my heart that we have peace."

General U. S. Grant. To this modest, charitable and just soldier and statesman the world has given its tribute. From those whom we fought and defeated have come the most gallant words of praise, and touching in

sympathy. President Lincoln, above all others, recognized his power and ability when he handed him his commission and gave him command of all the armies, and assured him that he should not in any way interfere with him. Armed with all the powers of the President, with carte blanche to use them as he saw fit. Grant made his answer at Appomattox, bringing peace to our nation and gratitude to the conquered. General Grant was a man of few words, and when called upon to speak of the Army of the Tennessee, paid it this tribute:

"As an army, the Army of the Tennessee never sustained a single defeat during four years of war. Every fortification which it assailed surrendered. Every force arrayed against it was either defeated, captured or destroyed. No officer was ever assigned to the command of that army who had afterwards to be relieved from it, or to be reduced to an-

other command. Such is not accident."

President and comrade William McKinley, at one of our gatherings,

paid this tribute to you:

"It is recorded that in eighteen months' service the Army of the Tennessee captured eighty thousand men with flags and arms, including six hundred guns. A greater force than was engaged on either side in the terrible battle of Chickamauga. From the fields of triumph in the Mississippi Valley it turned its footsteps towards the eastern seaboard, brought relief to the forces at Chattanooga and Nashville, pursued that peerless campaign to Atlanta and the seaboard, under the leadership of the glorious Sherman, and planted the banners of final victory on the parapets of Fort Mc-Allister."

It is said that the old Army of the Tennessee never lost a battle and never surrendered a flag. Its corps badges—'forty rounds' of the Fifteenth Corps; the fleeting arrow of the Seventeenth Corps; the disc, from which four bullets have been cut, of the Sixteenth Corps—are all significant of the awful business of cruel war, all of them suggestive of the missiles of death.

It gave the Federal army Grant, Sherman, Sheridan: McPherson, Fuller, Swayne, Howard, Blair, Logan, Hazen, John E. Smith, C. F. Smith, Halleck, Stanley, Rosecrans, Rawlins, Prentiss, Wallace, Sprague, Porter, Force, Leggett, Noyes Hickenlooper and C. C. Walcutt.

MISCELLANEOUS.

September 1st, 1864—The camp of the Twenty-seventh Ohio Infantry was on the same ground at Marietta, Georgia, which was afterward dedicated by the United States Government to the use of a National Cemetery. There are thirty-five acres in the enclosure, all well covered with grass, interspersed with trees. The grounds are undulating and naturally beautiful, and no expense nor pains have been spared to keep them attractive. There is the usual massive, imposing granite arch over the gateway and just within is the keeper's lodge. In this cemetery, ten thousand two hundred and forty-eight of the nation's defenders lie buried. About seven thousand of these are known. Each grave has a headstone upon which is the name and the regiment to which each soldier belonged. Among them are the graves of five officers and forty-three enlisted men of the Twenty-seventh, twenty-seven of the Thirty-ninth, eighteen of the Forty-third, and twenty-eight of the Sixty-third, Ohio Regiments.

Our dead. Their battle fields and their graves: The prairies of Missouri; the banks of the Mississippi; the cotton fields of Tennessee; the mountains of Georgia; the swamps of the Carolinas.

Some fill graves in the beautiful cemeteries of the nation, others in their northern homes, and some alas! fill unknown graves.

"Soldier rest! thy warfare o'er,
Sleep the sleep that knows not breaking,
Dream of battlefields no more,
Days of danger, nights of waking."

CASUALTIES.

The casualties in the entire military force of the Union Army during the war of the rebellion, as shown by the official muster rolls and monthly returns:

Killed in action or died of wounds while in service:

Commissioned Officers	
Total	96,089
rom disease or accident:	
Officers	
Enlisted men	182,329

Entire loss in the march to the sea, 1888.

Died fr

LESSONS OF THE WAR.

RECRUITING REGIMENTS.

During the war, when an old regiment became reduced in numbers by reason of death or discharge, it became customary in all the states (Wisconsin excepted) to raise new regiments with experienced men, from Colonels to Captains. This was a grave mistake. The old regiments should have been filled up by recruits at the bottom and the vacancies among the officers filled with the best and the experienced non-commissioned officers of the old regiment, instead of allowing the old battalions to dwindle away into skeleton organizations. It was estimated that five hundred new men added to an old and experienced regiment were more valuable than a thousand men formed into a new regiment. It was found that soldiers accustomed to the open air, who lived on the plainest food, seemed to have less pain from wounds and were attended with less danger to life than were ordinary soldiers in the barracks. Wounds that in 1861 would have sent a man to the hospital for months, were regarded in 1865 as mere scratches. To new soldiers, blood has often a sickening effect, but war soon accustoms them to the sight of it.

COMMANDERS OF THE ARMY OF THE TENNESSEE.

1. General U.S. Grant,

2. General W. T. Sherman,

3. General J. B. McPherson,4. General John A. Logan,

5. General O. O. Howard.

General George H. Thomas commanded two divisions in the right wing of the Army of the Tennessee at the siege of Corinth, Mississippi.

General W. S. Rosecrans commanded two divisions of the Army of the Tennessee and two of the Army of the Mississippi, at Iuka and Corinth.

General G. M. Dodge commanded the left wing of the Sixteenth Corps in that army.

General E. O. C. Ord commanded the right wing of the Sixteenth Corps in that army.

General Philip Sheridan served in the Army of the Tennessee at the

siege of Corinth.

The commanders of Divisions under whom the Brigade served were Schuyler, Hamilton, Stanley, Ross and J. E. Smith, Fuller Veatch, Mower and Force.

FACTS WORTH KNOWING.

The War of the Revolution lasted seven years, from 1775 to 1782. It cost \$135,193,703. The War with Great Britain lasted three years, from 1812 to 1815, and cost \$107,159,003. The Mexican War, lasted two years, from 1846 to 1848, and cost \$66,000,000. The Civil War lasted four years, from 1861 to 1865, and cost \$6,500,000,000.

ORGANIZATION.

UNDER THE ARMY ORGANIZATION IN 1861:

- A Company of soldiers consisted of one hundred men.
- A Regiment of Infantry consisted of ten Companies.
- A Regiment of Cavalry consisted of twelve Companies.
- A Battery of Artillery consisted of six guns and one hundred and fifty men.
 - A Brigade consisted of two or more Regiments.
 - A Division consisted of two or more Brigades.
 - An Army Corps consisted of two or more Divisions.
 - An Army consisted of two or more Corps.

COMMISSIONED OFFICERS: Lieutenant-General, Major-General, Brigadier-General, Colonel, Lieutenant-Colonel, Major, Captain, First Lieutenant, Second Lieutenant.

Non-commissioned Officers: Sergeant, Corporal.

THE ROSTER OF OHIO SOLDIERS.

The Roster of Ohio Soldiers published by authority of the State of Ohio contains many errors of various sorts, some of them are in misspelled names, age of the soldier, date of discharge, date and place of death, manner of death, whether wounded or killed, promotions and so forth, some of which reflect upon the name of many of the soldiers of the Brigade. These mistakes occurred through carelessness on the part of the compiler and his assistants in the Adjutant-General's office. At a reunion of Fuller's Ohio Brigade held in Columbus in 1878, a resolution was adopted to which Generals Fuller and Swayne concurred, requesting the Adjutant-General to send out an addenda explaining and correcting said errors evidence of which was furnished by members of the Brigade then living and have it pasted on the Roster, which had been distributed, but for some unexplained reason nothing was done in the matter of correction.*

*Have corrected for the Roster of this book as many of the errors that were apparent or that were brought to my notice.

HISTORIAN.



OFFICIAL LIST OF BATTLES.

The official list of battles in which Fuller's Ohio Brigade bore an honorable part has not been published by the War Department, but the following list has been compiled after a careful research during the preparation of this work. Only the Twenty-seventh and Thirty-ninth Ohio regiments of the Brigade took part in the fir t four named.

Lexi	igton, Mis	souri				Sept. 19, 1861.
Sprin	gfield, Miss	souri .				Nov. 1, 1861.
Black	water, Mis	souri				Dec. 18, 1861.
Little	Blue Rive	er, Miss	souri			Dec. 21, 1861.
New	Madrid, M	issouri				Mar. 3 to April 7, 1862.
Tipto	nville, Ten	nessee				April 8, 1862.
Island	l Ten .					April 8, 1862.
Fort	Pillow, Ten	nessee				April 13, 1862.
Mont	erey, Tenn	essee				April 29, 1862.
Farm	ington, Mi	ssissipp	i .			Мау 3 то 30, 1862.
Corin	th, Mississi	ppi, sieg	ge .			Мау 5 то 28, 1862.
Iuka,	Mississipp	i .				Sept. 19 and 20, 1862.
Corin	th, Mississi	ppi, bat	tle .			Oct. 3 and 4, 1862.
Parke	er's Cross I	Roads, I	Eenne	ssee		Dec. 31, 1862.
Tusci	unbia, Ala	bama				APRIL 24, 1863.
Town	Creek, Ala	abama				April 28, 1863.
Memj	phis, Tenn.	, Nonco	nnah	Cre	ek	June 29, 1863.
Decat	ur, Alaban	na .				Mar. 8, 1864.
Snake	e Creek G	ap .				May 9, 1864.
Resac	a, Georgia					Мау 9 то 16, 1864.
()ost€	naula Rive	er Bridg	ge .			May 13, 1864.
Dalla	s, Georgia					May 25 to June 4, 1864.
Kene	saw Mount	ain, Ge	orgia			June 9 to 30, 1864.
	saw Mount					
(general as:	sault)				June 27, 1864.

Kenesaw Mountain, Georgia,	
(capture)	July 3, 1864.
Nick-o-jack Creek, Georgia	July 3 to 5, 1864.
Ruff's Mills, Georgia	July 4, 1864.
Chattahootchie River, Georgia	July 5 and 10, 1864.
Peach Tree Creek	July 19, 1864.
Decatur, Georgia	July 19 то 22, 1864.
Atlanta, Ga. (Hood's first sortie)	July 22, 1864.
Atlanta, Ga. (Ezra Chapel or second	
sortie)	July 28, 1864.
Jonesboro, West Point, Lovejoy	Аца. 26 то Sept. 8, 1864.
Station	Ост. 3 то Nov. 1, 1864.
Altoona, Georgia. (to relief)	Oct. 4, 1864.
Savannah, Georgia. (seige of)	Dec. 10 то 21, 1864.
Altamah River Raid	Dec. 16, 1864.
Beaufort, South Carolina	JAN. 4, 1865.
Whippy Swamp, South Carolina	Jan. 14 to Feb. 9, 1865.
Pocotaligo, South Carolina	Jan. 15, 1865.
Sackehatchie Rivers Bridge, S. C.	Feb. 3 то 9, 1865.
South Edisto River, S. C	Feb. 9, 1865.
North Edisto River, S. C	
Columbia, South Carolina	
Cheraw, North Carolina	
Fayetteville, North Carolina	Mar. 11, 1865.
Averysborough, North Carolina	Mar. 19, 1865.
Bentonville, North Carolina	
Raleigh, North Carolina	April 13, 1865.
Durham Station, North Carolina	April 26, 1865.

27TH REGIMENT OHIO VOLUNTEER INFANTRY.

FIELD AND STAFF.

Mustered in Aug. 18, 1861, at Camp Chase, O., by Howard Stansbury, Captain Topographical Engineers, U.S. A. Mustered out July 11, 1865, at Louisville, Ky., by Wm. H. Carr, Captain 10th Illinois Infantry.

Names.	Rank.	Age.	Date of Entering the Service.	Period of Service.	Remarks.
John W. Fuller Mendal Churchill	Colonel		Aug. 1, 1861 Aug. 6, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Promoted to Brig. General May 22, 1864. Promoted to Major from Captain Co. E.Nov. 2, 1862; Lieut, Colonel March 19, 1864; Colonel June 27, 1864; wounded July 22, 1864; dis- charged Sept. 15, 1864.
Henry G. Kennett, Z. Swift Spaulding	Lt. Col	27.	July 25, 1861 July 25, 1861	3 yrs 3 yrs,	charged Sept. 15, 1864. Promoted to Cofonel 79th O. V. 1, Nov. 2, 1862. Promoted from Major Nov. 2, 1862; resigned Feb. 19, 1864.
Edwin Nichols	do	35	July · 19, 1861	3 yrs.	Promoted to Major from Captain Co. C March 19, 1864; Lieut. Colonel June 27, 1864; dis
lsaac N. Gilruth	do	22	July 1, 1861	3 yrs.	charged Sept. 22, 1864. Promoted to Major from Captain Co. F Jan. 28 1865; Lieut. Colonel May 29, 1865; Colone May 31, 1865, but not mustered; mustered
James P. Simpson,	Major	23	July 14, 1861	3 yrs.	out with regiment July 11, 1865. Promoted from Captain Co. C May 29, 1865; to Lieut. Colonel May 31, 1865, but not mus- tered; mustered out with regiment July 11,
Charles H. Smith William R. Thrall Jacob C. Denise		23 31 32	July 27, 1861 Aug 1, 1861 Aug. 19, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	1865; wounded July 22, 1864, Atlanta. Mustered out with regiment July 11, 1865. Resigned March 12, 1863. Promoted from Asst. Surgeon March 12, 1863; mustered out Nov. 14, 1864, on expiration of
Isaac Young	do	35	May 11, 1863	3 yrs.	Promoted from Asst. Surgeon Nov. 1, 1864;
James Sprague	Adju'nt	23 28 28 24	July 24, 1862 April 10, 1865 July 27, 1861 Dec. 13, 1861 July 18, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	mustered out with regiment July 11, 1865. Resigned April 30, 1864. Mustered out with regiment July 11, 1865. Resigned Sept. 30, 1861. Promoted to Captain Co. C March 19, 1864. Appointed from 1st Lieutenant Co. F March 13, 1864; promoted to Captain Sept. 26, 1864,
Frank B. Hazelton	do	18	July 31, 1861	3 yrs.	but not mustered; discharged Sept. 30, 1864. Appointed from 1st Lieutenant Co. C. Oct. 6.
Robert C. Biggadike	do	21	July 11, 1861	3 yrs.	1864: resigned June 3, 1865: wounded, Big Shanty, June 17 1864. Appointed from 1st Lieutenant Co. H June 3, 1865; mustered out with regiment July 11,
William M. Vogleson	R. Q. M		July 24, 1861	3 yrs.	1865. Promoted to Captain and Commissary of Sub-
David H. Moore	do	21	July 20, 1861	3 yrs.	sistence Nov. 30, 1862. Promoted to Q. M. Sergeant from 1st Sergeant Co. E May 1, 1862; 2d Lieutenant Co. II May 17, 1862; 1st Lieutenant and Regt. Quarter- master Nov. 2, 1862; mustered out Dec: 22, 1861, on expiration of term of service.
John A. Evans	do	18	July 20, 1861	3 yrs.	Transferred to Quartermaster's Department from Sergeant Co. F. May 1, 1864; promoted to 1st Lieutenant and Regt. Quartermaster June 23, 1865; Captain Co. C May 31, 1865.
Newton H. Ervin	do	21	Aug 13, 1861	3 yrs.	June 23, 1865; Captain Co. C. May 31, 1865. Promoted to Com. Sergeant from Sergeant (Co. H Aug. 4, 1864; 1st Lieutenant Co. D Jan. 28, 1865; appointed Regt. Quartermaster June 20, 1865; mustered out with regiment July 11, 1865.
John Eaton, Jr	Chapl'n		Aug. 15, 1861	3 yrs.	Promoted to Colonel 63d U. S. Colored Troops Oct. 10, 1863.
Jacob C. Cohen .	Ser. Maj.	20	July 11, 1861	3 yrs.	Promoted from Corporal Co. B Aug 16, 1861; to 2d Lieutenant Co. B March 26, 1862.
Ellwood B. Temple	.do	21	July 11, 1861	3 yrs.	Promoted from Sergeant Co. B June 1, 1862; to 2d Lieutenant Co. H. Máy 9, 1864; wounded July 22, 1864.
James Skeltou	do	24	July 19, 1861	3 yrs.	Promoted from 1st Sergeant Co. F — No record of muster-out found; wounded and sent to hospital.
Mathew F. Madigan	.do	26	July 27, 1861	3 yrs.	Promoted from Sergeant Co. G March 30, 1865, to 1st Lieutenant Co. H June 6, 1865
Oscar Sheppard	do	19	July 18, 1861	3 yrs.	Promoted from Corporal Co C June 11, 1865, mustered out with regiment July 11, 1865

Names.	Rank	Age.	Date Entering Service	g the	Period of Service.	Remarks.
Charles F. Moore	Q. M. S	00	Aug. 13	, 1861	3 yrs.	Promoted from private Co. K Aug. 18, 1861; to 2d Lieutenant Co. C March 27, 1862.
John Toms	do	21	Aug. 1	, 1861	3 yrs.	Promoted from Sergeant Co. B Aug. 1, 1862. Discharged by order for promotion.
Gilbert M. Jacobs	do	20	July 27	, 1861	3 yrs.	Promoted from Sergeant Co. C March 30, 1865; mustered out with regiment July 11, 1865.
Lewis II. Mayer Witliam E. Ells	Com. Ser.	21	Aug. 18 July 18	, 1861 . 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Reduced to ranks to Co. B Sept. 26, 1861. Promoted from private Co. C Oct. 1, 1861; to
R. H. Worth			July 27	.		2d Lieutenant Co. A June 16, 1862. Promoted from Corporal Co. G. May 1, 1862; to
Komer T. Engle	do	25	July 17	, 1861	3 yrs.	2d Lieutenant Co. A June 27, 1864. Promoted from Corporal Co. A March 28, 1865; mustered out July 11, 1865, by order of War Department.
William Stribblin	Hos. St'd.		Aug. 24	, 1861	3 yrs.	Promoted from private Co. E Sept. 1, 1861; to 2d Lieutenant 61st O. V. I. Oct. 9, 1862.
Thomas Ryan	do	,.	July 11	, 1861 -	3 yrs.	Promoted from private ('o. B Oet. 1, 1863; mustered out with regiment July 11, 1865.
George L. McAdams	Prin. Mus	26	Aug. 13	, 1861	3 yrs.	Promoted from private Co. K Aug. 18, 1861. No record of muster out found.
William D. Evans	do	32 ·	July 27	, 1861	3 yrs.	
Henry C. Parmalee	do	22	July 27	, 1861	3 yrs.	Department.

REGIMENTAL BAND.

Mustered out by general order from War Department Aug. 18, 1862.

Mustered out by g	,cheru, order		Department rug. 16, 1602.
Leroy H. Zimufferman Musician 26	Aug. 13, 18	31 3 yrs.	Transferred as private from Co. K Aug. 18, 1861. No record of muster-out found.
William A. Frambzdo 24	Aug. 13, 18	31 3 yrs.	Transferred as private from Co. K Aug. 18,
George Ullerydo 18	Aug: 13, 18	3 yrs.	1861. No record of muster-out found. Transferred as private from Co. K Aug. 18,
	,		1801. No record of muster-out found.
Stephen S. Walker 18	Aug. 13, 18	3 yrs.	Transferred as private from Co. K Aug. 18, 1861. No record of muster-out found.
Oliver E. Walkerdo 23	Aug13, 18	3 yrs.	
William Browerdo 20	Aug. 13, 18	31 3 yrs.	Transferred as private from Co. K Aug. 18,
Leopold Gardner	Aug. 13, 18	3 yrs.	1861. No record of muster-out found. Transferred as private from Co. K Aug. 18, 1861. No record of muster-out found.
Speneer C. McMillendo 22	Aug. 13, 18	3 yrs.	Transferred as private from Co. K Aug. 13,
John Q. A. Parkdodo	Sept. 4, 18	3 yrs.	1861. No record of muster-out found. Transferred as private from Co. K Sept. 5,
			1861. No record of muster-out found.
Randolph Smith 18	Aug. 13, 18	3 yrs.	Transferred as private from Co. K Aug. 18,
Samuel F. Petersondo	Sept. 4, 18	3 yrs.	1861. No record of muster-out found. Transferred as private from Co. K Sept. 5, 1861.
		"	No record of muster-out found.
Moses Hetchdo	Oct. 8, 18	3 yrs.	Transferred as private from Co. II Oct. 9, 1861 No record of muster-out found,
George Pettingerdo	Sept. 4, 18	3 yrs.	Transferred as private from Co. K Sept. 5, 1861
			No record of muster-out found.
Charles E. Kellmando	Aug. 13, 18	3 yrs.	Transferred as private from Co. H Oet. 9, 1861. No record of muster-out found.
George Zimmermando	Oct. 8, 18	3 yrs.	Transferred as private from Co. H Oet. 9, 1861.
William R. Behymerdo	Cant 4 10		No record of muster out found.
·		3 yrs.	Transferred as private from Co. K Sept. 5, 1861. No record of muster-out found.
Alonzo Chattertondo	Sept. 4, 18	3 yrs.	Transferred as private from Co. K Sept. 5, 1861.
David E. Fisherdo	Sept. 4, 18	3 yrs.	No record of muster-out found.
		o y 15.	Transferred as private from Co. K Sept. 5, 1861. No record of muster-out found.
Herman N. Hugginsdo	Sept. 4, 18	3 yrs.	Transferred as private from Co. K Sept. 5, 1861.
Addison A. Kennedydo	Sept. 4, 18	3 yrs.	No record of muster-out found. Transferred as private from Co. K Sept. 5, 1861.
			No record of muster-out found.
Walter F. Lewisdo	Sept. 4, 18	1 3 yrs.	Transferred as private from Co. K Sept. 5, 1861.
Oliver P. McAdams 24	Aug. 13, 18	3 yrs.	No record of muster-out found. Transferred as private from Co. K Aug. 18,
Daniel Orebaugh do	Sept. 4, 18	3 yrs.	1861. No record of muster-out found. Transferred as private from Co. K Sept. 5, 1861.
		'	No record of muster-out found.
Hiram S. Reynoldsdo			Transferred as private from Co. K Sept. 17,
Solomon Somerierdo	Sept. 4, 186	1 3 yrs.	1861. No record of muster-out found. Transferred as private from Co. K Sept. 5, 1861.
	,	1	No record of muster-out found.
		1	

COMPANY A.

Mustered in July 24, 1861, at Camp Chaşe, O., by Howard Stansbury, Captain Topographical Engineer., U.S. A. Mustered out July 11, 1861, at Louisville, Ky., by Wm. H. Carr, Captain 10th Illinois Infantry.

Names.	Rank.	Age.	Date of Entering the Service.	Period of Service.	Remarks.
Nelson L. Lutz	Captain.	23 21	July 18, 1861 July 7, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Resigned March 4, 1863. Promoted to 1st Lieutenant from 2d Lieutenant Co. B Dec. 7, 1861; Captain March 5, 1863; killed May 27, 1864, in action near Dal-
James H. Boggis	do	28	Dec. 13, 1861	3 yrs.	las, Ga. Transferred from Co. C May 30, 1864; to Co. II
Zeph C. Bryan	do	25	July 17, 1861	3 yrs.	Dec. 12, 1861; from 1st Lieutenant Co. B June 27, 1864; died Aug. ,27, 1864, at his home in Ohio, of wounds received July 22, 1864, in
Charles C. Chadwick	do	18	July 18, 1861	3 yrs.	battle of Atlanta, Ga. Promoted from 1st Lieutenant Co. B May 11, 1865; mustered out with company July 11, 1865.
James H. Hedges Henry W. Diebolt	1st Lieut.	34 20	July 18, 1861 June 27, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Promoted to Captain Co. B Dec. 7, 1861. Promoted from 2d Lieutenant Co. F Jan. 1, 1863; died May 28, 1864, in lospital at Dallas, Ga., of wounds received May 27, 1864, in ac
John M. Weaver	do	25	July 17, 1861	3 yrs.	tion near Dallas, Ga. Promoted to 2d Lieutenant Co. E from Ser- geant Aug. 14, 1862; 1st Lieutenant April 13, 1864; discharged Nov. 9, 1864, on Sur- geon's certificate on disability.
Charles H. Smith	do	23	July 27, 1861	3 yrs.	Promoted from 2d Lieutenant Co. B May 9, 1864; to Captain Co. K Nov. 3, 1864.
Francis M. Washburn	do	22	July 20, 1861	3 yrs.	Promoted from Sergeant Co. E Jan. 28, 1865; to Captain May 31, 1865, but not mustered; discharged June 20, 1865.
Daniel Blaze	2d Lieut.	30	July 18, 1861 Nov. 25, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Resigned Oct. 15, 1861. Resigned July 16, 1862.
William E. Ells		21	July 18, 1861	3 yrs.	Promoted from Com. Sergeant June 18, 1862; to 1st Ligutenant Co. F April 13, 1864.
Frank B. Hazelton	do	18	July 31, 1861	3 yrs.	Promoted from Sergeant May 9, 1864; to 1st Lieutenant Co. C July 25, 1864.
R. H. Worth	do	19	July, 27, 1861	3 yrs.	Promoted from Com. Sergeant June 27, 1864; to 1st Lieutenant Co. C Sept. 26, 1861.
Lewis E. Teter	1st Sergt.	25	July 17, 1861	3 yrs.	Transferred to 20th Missouri Volunteers Oct. 31, 1861.
Byron Eby	do	22	Aug. 1, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed from Corporal Sept. 10, 1862; mustered out Aug. 17, 1864, at Chattanooga, Tenn., on expiration of term of service.
Daniel W. Jones	do	22	July 17, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed from private —; promoted to 1st Lieutenant Co. I Jan. 28, 1865; veteran.
David II. Fnuk		37	Aug. 1, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Sergeant from private Jan 1, 1864; 1st Sergeant March 27, 1865; mustered out with company July 11, 1865; veteran.
Andrew Marshall		25	Aug. 1, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed from private Jan. 1, 1864; mustered
John A. Thomas		21	July 17, 1861	3 yrs.	out with company July 11, 1865; veteran. Appointed Corporal Jan. 1, 1864; Sergeant Sept. 1, 1864; mustered out with company July 11, 1865; veteran.
William H. McLain		24	July 17, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal Jan. 1, 1864; Sergeant Sept. 1, 1864; mustered out with company July 11, 1865; veteran.
James Dean Benjamin F. Manck		18 25	July 17, 1861 July 17, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal Jan. 1, 1864; Sergeant April 1, 1865; mustered out with company July II, 1865; veteran. Appointed from Corporal Oct. 20, 1861; died
		25			July 22, 1864, in hospital at Rome, Ga.; veteran.
Van Buren White Jacob D. Binkley Wesley R. Adams	do	22	July 17, 1861 July 17, 1861 Aug. 1, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Discharged Oct. 16, 1861. Died July 14, 1862, at St. Louis, Mo. Appointed from private — ; discharged Sept. 16, 1862, to accept promotion as Captain 89th O. V. I.
Homer T. Engle	Corporal	23	July 17, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal Oct. 25, 1862; promoted to Com. Sergeant March 28, 1865; veteran.
Henry Buck	do	39	July 17, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged May 12, 1862, on Surgeon's certifi- cate of disability.
Philip M. Engle Harvey B. Moore	do	22	July 17, 1861 Aug. 1, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Died Feb. 11, 1862, St. Louis Mo. Appointed Corporal —; wounded Oct. 4, 1862, in battle of Corinth, Miss.; transferred to Veteran Reserve Corps Aug. 21, 1863.
Peter L. Price	,do do do	24 20 20	July 17, 1861 July 17, 1861 July 17, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	to Veteran Reserve Corps Aug. 21, 1805. Died Aug. 29, 1862, at St. Louis, Mo. Discharged Dec. 23, 1861. Appointed Corporal Oct. 21, 1861; mustered out Aug. 17, 1864, at Chattanooga, Tenn., on expiration of term of service.

Names.	Rauk	Age.	Date of Entering the Service.	Period of Service.	Remarks
Daniel W. Foster	Corporal	27	July 17, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal May 23, 1863; mustered out Aug. 17, 1864, at Chattanooga, Tenn., on
Henry II, Wells	.do	24	July 17, 1861	3 yrs.	expiration of term of service. Appointed Corporal Oct. 25, 1862, mustered out Aug. 17, 1864, at Chaltanooga, Tenn., on
Lyman E. Scovil	də	21	July 17, 1861	3 yrs.	expiration of term of service. Appointed Corporal June 1, 1865; mustered
Thomas Wells	do	18	July 17, 1861	3 yrs.	out with company July 11, 1865; veteran. Appointed Corporal June 1, 1861; mustered
Samuel R. Weaver	do	24	Aug. 16, 1862	3 yrs.	out with company July 11, 1865; veteran Appointed Corporal Sept. 1, 1861; mustered
Nathauiel Graham		20	Aug. 1, 1861	3 yrs.	out with company July 11, 1865; veteran. Appointed Corporal Sept. 1, 1861; mustered
Reuben Murray	do	18	July 17, 1861	3 yrs.	out with company July 11, 1865; veteran. Appointed Corporal Sept. 1, 1864; mustered
William Longenbaugh	do	22	Aug. 25, 1862	3 yrs.	ont with company July 11, 1865; veterau. Appointed Corporal April 1, 1865; mustered
Isaac Nogle.	do	-2_	July 17, 1861	3 yrs.	out with company July 11, 1865; veteran. Appointed Corporal April 1, 1865; mustered
John Jones	do	80	July 17, 1861	3 yrs.	out with company July 11, 1865; veteran. Appointed Corporal June 1, 1865; mustered
P. Beecher Binkley Angburn, Henry	Musician Private	19 31	July 17, 1861 July 17, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	out with company July 11, 1865; veteran. Died June 7, 1862. Mustered out Aug. 17, 1864, at Chattanooga,
Atkins, George	do	26	Aug. 31, 1862	3 yrs.	Tenn., on expiration of term of service. Mustered out with company July 11, 1865:
Bartlett, Dumas Brown, George Barnhart, Aaron Bowsher, Robert E	do	34 22 20 22 31	July 17, 1861 July 17, 1861 July 17, 1861 July 17, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	veteran. Discharged Dec. 31, 1861. Died Dec. 3, 1861, at St. Louis, Mo. Died May 13, 1862, at St. Louis, Mo. Mustered out Aug. 17, 1864, at Chattanooga,
Botkiu, George Binkley, William J			July 17, 1861 July 17, 1861	3 yrs.	Tenu., on expiration of term of service. Mustered out Aug. 17, 1864, at Chattanooga,
Berry, John			July 17, 1861	3 yrs.	Tenn., on expiration of term of service. Mustered out with company July 11, 1865,
Brokaw, Francis N			July 17, 1861	3 yrs.	veteran. Mustered out with company July 11, 1865,
	do	18	July 17, 1861	3 yrs.	veteran. Mustered out with company July 11, 1865;
·	[do	20	Feb 15, 1864	3 yrs.	veteran. On detached duty at General Howard's Head-
					quarters — ; mustered out July 11, 1865, by order of War Department.
Cleaver, William R	do	35	Aug. 31, 1862	3 yrs.	Discharged Feb. 15, 1864, on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Culp, Lewis II Cottman, Henry Cloud, James	do	18	July 17, 1861 July 17, 1861 Aug. 15, 1862	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Discharged Dec. 23, 1861. Discharged Oct. 15, 1861. Mustered out with company July 11, 1865,
Clark, Charles D	do	18	July 17, 1861	3 yrs.	weteran. Mustered out with company July 11, 1865,
Cole, Stephen	do	24	Aug. 16, 1862	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 11, 1865,
Davis, Benjamin F	do	27	July 17, 1861	3 yrs.	veteran. Killed July 22, 1864, in battle of Atlanta, Ga.,
Dyer, Thomas Dodrell, Audrew Earheart, Peter	do do	22 29	July 17, 1861 Aug. 27, 1862 July 17, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	veteran. Discharged Oct. 15, 1861. Died Jan. 16, 1863, at Memphis, Tenn Transferred to Veteran Reserve Corps Aug. 21,
Edward, Charles Erwin, Obediah			Feb. 11, 1861 Aug. 27, 1862	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	1863. Mustered out with company July 11, 1865. Mustered out with company July 11, 1865.
Farner, Solomon	do	19	July 17, 1861	3 yrs.	weteran. Mustered out with company July 11, 1865,
Fling, James	do	20	Aug. 31, 1862	3 yrs.	weteran. Mustered out with company July 11, 1865,
Flack, George			Aug. 27, 1862 July 17, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	veteran. Discharged May 31, 1865, at Washington, D. C. Died Aug. 6, 1864, in Rebel Prison at Ander-
Fling, George,	do	19	July 17, 1861	3 yrs.	Miss.; transferred to 1st U S Cavalry
Friend, Andrew Gillis, S. M Gordon, Moses Graham, James	do do do	27 35 24	July 17, 1861 July 17, 1861 July 17, 1861 July 17, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	
Gleason, Charles W	1		Aug. 19, 1862	3 yrs.	
Handlin, John O	.do	44	July 17, 1861	3 yrs.	
Harmount, Robert E	do	18	July 17, 1861	3 yrs.	Wustered out with company July 11, 1865,
Hathaway, George	do	21	Aug. 18, 1862	3 yrs.	
					veteran.

Names.	Rank.	Age.	Date of Entering the Service.	Period of Service.	Remarks.
Hickle, Cyrus	Private	20	Aug. 15, 1862	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 11, 1855;
Hochstitter, Cornelius	do	21	Feb. 15, 186t	Э yrs.	on detached duty at General Howard's Head-
Hayes, Albert C Hiatt, John Hathaway, William	do do	21 22 23	July 17, 1861 July 17, 1861 Aug. 18, 1862	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	quarters —; inustered out July 11, 1865, by order of War Department, Died Dec. 21, 1861, at St. Louis, Mo. Disebarged Dec. 2, 1861, Died May 28, 1864, in hospital at Dallas, Ga., of wounds received May 27, 1864, in action near
Harper, Benjamin	do	32	July 17, 1861	3 yrs.	Dallas, Ga.; veteran, Mustered out Aug. 17, 1864, at Chattanooga, Tenn., on expiration of term of service
Hathaway, Edwin B Huntley, Harrison Huntley, Henry	do do	24 36 34	Aug. 18, 1862 Aug. 27, 1862 Aug. 27, 1862	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Discharged May 31, 1865, at Washington, D. C. Discharged May 31, 1865, at Washington, D. C. Discharged Feb. 15, 1864, on Surgeon's certifi-
Hinton, George	do	22	July 17, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out Aug. 17, 1864, at Chattanooga,
Hughes, Jackson Jefferson, Thomas	do	23 19	July 17, 1861 July 17, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Tenn., on expiration of term of service. Reduced from Sergeant—. Mustered out Aug. 17, 1864, at Chattanooga,
Jones, Jesse F		19	July 17, 1861	3 yrs.	Tenn., on expiration of term of service. Mustered out with company July 11, 1865;
Joseph, Henry		32	Sept. 12, 1862	3 yrs.	weteran. Mustered out with company July 11, 1865;
Jones, Jesse M	do	21	July 17, 1861	3 yrs.	weteran. Wounded Oct. 4, 1862, in battle of Corinth,
Keeton, Clifton	do	26	Ang. 24, 1862	3 yrs.	Miss.; discharged Jan. 10, 1863. Mustered out with company July 11, 1865; veteran.
Knox, Samuel	do	26	Sept. 15, 1862	3 yrs.	Wounded March 22, 1865, in action and sent to hospital; mustered out May 30, 1865, at Camp Dennison, O., by order of War De-
Liston, George G	do	20	Aug. 11, 1862	3 yrs.	partment. Mustered out with company July 11, 1865;
Long, Eli	do	21	Aug. 28, 1862	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 11, 1865; veteran.
Long, James		33	Aug. 28, 1862	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 11, 1865; veteran.
Lechler, John McKee, Thomas Mack, Michael Miller, Anthony McDorman, William Manring, Abraham	do	18 39 44 20	Aug. 23, 1862 Aug. 31, 1862 July 17, 1861 July 17, 1861 July 17, 1861 Aug. 27, 1862	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Discharged Nov. 19, 1862. Discharged Dec. 23, 1861. Discharged Sept. 1, 1862. Discharged Dec. 23, 1861. Transferred to Veteran Reserve Corps Aug.
McGath, Joseph	do	22	Aug. 1, 1861	3 yrs.	On detached duty in Freedman's Bureau —;
McNally, Anthony	do	30	July 17, 1861	3 yrs.	mustered out July 11, 1865, by order of War Department; veteran. Mustered out with company July 11, 1865; veteran.
Morris, John		29	July 17, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 11, 1865; veteran.
McLane, Charles		19	Jan. 25, 1864	3 yrs.	Discharged May 30, 1865, at Albany, N. Y., by order of War Department.
Moore, George W		45	Aug. 31, 1862	3 yrs.	veteran.
McLane, Philip Nance, Daniel C		35 25	Aug. 27, 1862 July 27, 1862	3 yrs.	Died Aug. 18, 1864, in Rebel Prison at Andersonville, Ga., while a prisoner of war. ** Mustered out with company July 11, 1865;
Nance, Thomas J		20	July 27, 1862	3 yrs.	veteran. Mustered out with company July 11, 1865;
Nance, John M		22	Aug. 1, 1862		veteran. Sick Feb. 12, 1864. in hospital at Camp Dennison. O.; mustered out July 11, 1865, by order of War Department; veteran.
Norman, Nelson F Oman, William	do	21 21	July 17, 1861 Aug. 1, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Discharged Dec. 23, 1861. Wounded June 17, 1864, in action near Kenesaw Mountain, Ga., and sent to Division Hospital; mustered out July 11, 1865, by order of War Department; veteran.
Oiler, Frederick	}	26	Aug. 27, 1862	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 11, 1865; veteran.
Oiler, Jacob	1	31	Aug. 27, 1862 Aug. 27, 1862	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 11, 1865 veteran. Mustered out with company July 11, 1865;
	1		Feb. 27, 1864	3 yrs.	veteran. Mustered out with company July 11, 1865.
Oiler, Andrew J Oiler, James Olds, Joseph O'Connell, William	do	36 20 19	Mch. 7, 1864 July 17, 1861 July 17, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 11, 1865. On muster-in roll, but no further record found. Reduced from Corporal —; mustered out Aug. 17, 1864, at Chattanooga, Tenn., on ex-
Pontious, Amos Plummer, Milton		22 24	Aug. 1, 1861 July 17, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	piration of term of service. Mustered out with company July 11, 1865; veteran. Discharged Oct. 1, 1862.

	-				
Rank.	Age.	Ente	ring the	Period of Service.	Remarks.
Private	20	July	17, 1861	3 yrs.	
do do	18 19 23	July	17, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Tenn., on expiration of term of service. Discharged Dec. 23, 1861. Discharged Sept. 30, 1863. Transferred to Co. F, 15th Regt. Veteran Reserve Corps, —; discharged Sept. 25, 1865; veteran.
do do	32 18 26	Aug.	28, 1862	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Discharged Oct. 14, 1862. Transferred to Veteran Reserve Corps ————————————————————————————————————
do	22	July	17, 1861	3 yrs.	by order of War Department; veteran. Mustered out with company July 11, 1805; veteran.
do	31	July	17, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 11, 1865. veteran.
do	39	Aug.	11, 1862	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 11, 1865; yeteran.
do	27	Aug.	1, 1862	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 11, 1865; veteran.
do	20 25			3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 11, 1865. Mustered out Aug. 17, 1864, at Chattanooga,
do	23	July	17, 1861	3 yrs.	Tenn., on expiration of term of service. Mustered out Aug. 17, 1864, at Chattanooga,
do do do do	20 25 18 18	July July July July	17, 1861 17, 1861 17, 1861 17, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Tenn., ou expiration of term of service. Discharged May 12, 1862. Di-charged Jan. 27, 1862. Died Sept. 4, 1861. Discharged Dec. 23, 1861. Died Aug. 30, 1862, at Corinth, Miss.
do.,	21			3 yrs.	On detached duty at General Howard's Head- quarters; mustered out July 11, 1865 by order of War Department.
do	18	Aug.	1, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out Aug. 17, 1864, at Chattanooga, Tenu., on expiration of term of service.
do	42	July	17, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 11, 1865;
do	18	July	17, 1861	3 yrs.	On muster-in roll, but no further record found.
do	26	July	17. 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 11, 1865; veteran.
do	18	July	17, 1861 ⁻	3 yrs.	Captured July 22, 1864, at battle of Atlanta, Ga.; veteran. No further record found.
do	20	Aug.	1, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 11, 1865; veteran.
do	20	Sept.	11, 1862	3 yrs.	Wounded May 27, 1864, in action near Dallas, Ga., and sent to hospital at Dallas, Ga.; mustered out July 11, 1865, by order of War
do	18	July	17, 1861	3 yrs.	Department; veteran. Mustered out Aug. 17, 1864, at Chattanooga,
do,.	23	Dec.	17, 1863	3 yrs.	Tenn., on expiration of term of service, Died March 22, 1865, of wounds received March
do	24	July	17, 1861	3 yrs.	21, 1865, in battle of Bentonville. N. C. On muster-in roll, but no further record
do	28 44 22	July	17, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	found. Died Aug. 29, 1861. Died Dee. 3, 1861, at St. Louis, Mo. On muster-in roll, but no further record
do	21		·	3 yrs.	found. Transferred to Signal Corps —.
	Privatedo	Private 20do 18do 19do 23do 18do 26do 26do 31do 39do 27do 23do 23do 23do 23do 23do 23do 23do 23do 25do 25do 25do 26do 18do 22do 18do 22do 18do 22do 18do 22do 18do 22do 18do 26do 18do 26do 18do 20do 18do 20do 18do 20do 18do 20do 18do 20do 24do 23	Rank	Private. 20 July 17, 1861do. 18 July 17, 1861do. 23 July 17, 1861do. 32 July 17, 1861do. 32 July 17, 1861do. 32 July 17, 1861do. 26 Aug 15, 1862do. 27 Aug. 11, 1862do. 39 Aug. 11, 1862do. 20 Feb. 15, 1864do. 23 July 17, 1861do. 24 July 17, 1861do. 25 July 17, 1861do. 26 July 17, 1861do. 27 Aug. 1, 1862do. 28 July 17, 1861do. 29 Feb. 15, 1864do. 21 July 17, 1861do. 22 July 17, 1861do. 25 July 17, 1861do. 26 July 17, 1861do. 27 Aug. 1, 1861do. 28 July 17, 1861do. 29 Sept. 11, 1862do. 18 July 17, 1861do. 20 Sept. 11, 1862do. 18 July 17, 1861do. 20 Sept. 11, 1862do. 21 Feb. 15, 1864do. 18 July 17, 1861do. 28 July 17, 1861do. 29 Sept. 11, 1862do. 21 Feb. 17, 1863do. 22 July 17, 1861do. 23 Dec. 17, 1863do. 24 July 17, 1861do. 25 July 17, 1861do. 26 July 17, 1861do. 27 July 17, 1861do. 28 July 17, 1861	Rank. Set of Service. Entering the Service. Serv

COMPANY B.

Mustered in Aug. 8, 1861, at Camp Chase, O., by Howard Stansbury, Captain Topographical Engineers, U. S. A. Mustered out July 11, 1865, at Louisville, Ky., by Wm. H. Carr, Captain 10th Illinois Infantry.

Jacob S. Menken Captain. James H. Hedges Captain.	27 34	Aug. 7, 1861 July 18, 1861	3 yrs. Discharged Nov. 9, 1861. 3 yrs. Promoted from 1st Lieutenant Co. A Dec. 1861; resigned June 16, 1862.
James Morgando	26	Aug. 7, 1861	3 yrs. Promoted from 1st Lieutenant June 16, 1862 to Major Nov. 3, 1864, but not mustered mustered ont Dec. 31, 1864, on expiration of term of service.
Edward A. Webbdo	22	July 27, 1861	3 yrs. Promoted from 1st Lieutenant Co. E Jan. 28 1865; mustered out with company July 11 1865.
Charles C. Chadwick 1st Lieut.	18	July is, 1861	3 yrs. Promoted to 2d Lieutenant from 1st Sergean Co. C Aug. 29, 1864, but not mustered; 1s Lieutenant Nov. 3, 1864; Captain Co. A Ma. 11, 1865.

Names.	Rank.	Age.	Date of Entering the Service.	Period of Service.	Remarks.
Zeph C. Bryan	1st Lieut.	25	July 17, 1861	3 угь.	Promoted to 2d Lieutenant from private Go. A Dec. 12, 1861; 1st Lieutenant May 17, 1862;
Orlin J. Baldwin	do	19	Aug. 13, 1861	3 yrs.	Captain Co. A June 27, 1864. Promoted from 1st Sergeant Co. II May 31, 1865; mustered out with company July 11, 1865.
Theodore Sawyer Jacob C. Cohen	2d Lieut.	21 20	July 7, 1861 July 11, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Promoted to 1st Lieutenant Co. A Dec. 7, 1861. Promoted to Sergt. Major from Corporal Aug. 18, 1861; 2d Lieutenant March 26, 1862; dis-
Charles H. Smith	do	23	July 27, 1861	3 yrs.	charged July 21, 1863. Promoted from 1st Sergeant Co. G Nov. 2, 1862; to 1st Lieutenant Co. A May 9, 1864.
Rescon R. Kirby Harry Tape	1st Sergt.	30 19	July 11, 1861 July 11, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Appointed from Sergeant —; discharged May 2, 1863, for wounds received Oct. 4, 1862.
Thomas Morgan	do	25	July 11, 1861	3 yrs.	in battle of Corinth, Miss. Appointed from Sergeant—; mustered out Aug. 17, 1864, at Chattanooga, Tenn., on ex-
James H. Jones	do	18	July 11, 1861	3 yrş.	piration of term of service. Mustered as private; appointed Sergeant —; Ist Sergeant March 1, 1865; mustered out with company July 11, 1865; veteran.
Robert C. Biggadike		21	July 11, 1861	3 yrs.	Aug. 17, 1864; Act. Sergt. Major July 3, 1864; promoted to 1st Licutenant Co. II Jan. 28, 1865; yeterau.
John Toms	do do	21 38	July 11, 1861 July 11, 1861 July 11, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Promoted to Q. M. Sergeant Aug. 1, 1862. Promoted to Sergt. Major June 1, 1862. Appointed from Corporal —; discharged Jan. 26, 1861, on Surgeon's certificate of dis- ability.
John Redding	do	18	July 41, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered as private; appointed Sergeant—on detached duty April 30, 1864, at Division Headquarters; mustered out June 22, 1865,
Adolph Myers ,	do	23	Aug. 2, 1861	3 yrs.	at Camp Chase, O.; veteran. Mustered as private; appointed Sergeant — ; discharged Dec. 8, 1863, to accept appointment as Paymaster's Clerk.
Robert Gardner	do.	40	July 11, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed from Corporal Nov. 1, 1863: mustered out with company July 11, 1866; veteran.
Ferdinand Frayle	do	20	July 11, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed from Corporal —; killed July 22. 1864, in battle of Atlanta, Ga, Burried, Mar
Richard Gavanaugh	ldo	24	July 11, 1861	3 yrs.	rietta. Ga. Appointed from Corporal May 1, 1884; mustered out with company July 11, 1865; veteran.
Noah C. Groves		40	July 20, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed from Corporal Aug. 17, 1864: mustered out with company July 11, 1865; veteran.
Benjamiń F. Long William E. Moore Edwin P. Toms	do.,	21 22 21	July 11, 1861 July 11, 1861 July 11, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal ——. Died Feb. 13, 1863, at Cincinnati, O. Appointed Corporal ——: discharged Dec. 21, 1863, to accept promotion in Colored Troops;
John Kerdolff	.,do		July 11, 4861	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal —; mustered out Aug. 17, 1864, at Chattanooga, Tenn., on expiration of term of service.
E. W. Hipple	do		July 11, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal —: mustered out Aug, 17, 1864, at Chattanooga, Tenu., on expiration of term of service
George Evereourt	do	23	July 11, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal Jan. 1, 1861; Wollinded July 4, 1864, in battle of Ruff's Mills. Ga.: absent, siek ——, in hospital; mustered out July 11, 1865, by order of War Department; veteral
Alexander Garner		19	July 30, 1861	1	Appointed Corporal May 1, 1861; mustered out with company July 11, 1865; veteran.
William Hayes		18	July 31, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal May 1, 1861; mustered out with company July 11, 1865; veteran. Appointed Corporal July 1, 1864; mustered out with company July 11, 1865; veteran.
Charles Chiffer	Musician do Private	16 16	July 11, 1861 Feb. 8, 1864 July 11, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 11, 1865. Mustered out Aug. 17, 1864, at Chattanooga, Tenn., on expiration of term of service.
Adams, John	do	27	July 11, 1861 July 11, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged Dec. 22, 1861, by order of War De-
Ayers, Oliver	do	28	Oet. 8, 1862	9 mos	partment. Mustered out Sept. 10, 1863, on expiration of term of service.
Bamer, George	do	25	July 11, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out Aug. 17, 1864, at Chattanooga,
Brown, William II Barnett, Henry		41 20	July 11, 1861 July 11, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Veteran; killed at Atlanta, Ga., July 22, 1864. Discharged Oct. 14, 1861, at Kansas City, Mo., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Bozet, George Barrington, James	do do	20 38	July 11, 1861 July 31, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 11, 1865; veteran.

Names.	Rank.	Age.	Date of Entering the Service.	Period of Service.	Remarks.
Bryant, John Bergman, J. B	Private	22 21	July 11, 1861 July 11, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Mustered out Aug. 17, 1864, at Chattanooga. Tenn., on expiration of term of service.
Berlile, William Burk, Patrick Curran, Andrew	do	18 28 24	Jan. 25, 1864 July 20, 1861 July 11, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 11, 1865, Killed Oct. 4, 1862, in-battle of Corinth, Miss, Captured —, at Little Blue, Mo.; discharged Dec. 22, 1861, at Sedalia, Mo.
Cunningham, James	do	38	July 30, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged Oct. 10, 1862, on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Colburn, Frederick Carroll, Eugene,	do	19 40	July 11, 1861 July 30, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	On muster in rolf, but no further record found. Transferred to Veteran Reserve Corps March 13, 1865; discharged May 22, 1865, at Nash-
Cole. William F	do	44	Aug. 1, 1861	3 yrs.	ville, Tenn.; veteran. Discharged Sept. 1, 1862, on Surgeon's certifi-
Cole, William E	do	22	July 11, 1861	3 yrs.	cate of disability. Died —, of wounds received Oct. 4, 1862, in battle of Corinth, Miss.
Dunn, Hugh Dobbins, William H Eagen, James Fox, Patrick	00	25 20 24 23	July 30, 1861 July 11, 1861 July 11, 1861 July 11, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Died Feb. 3, 1862, at Sedalia, Mo. Discharged March 8, 1863, at Corinth, Miss., on
Fell John		31	Oet. 8, 1862		Surgeon's certificate of disability. Mustered out Sept. 10, 1863, on expiration of
Graff, Frederick	1	18	July 11, 1861		term of service. Killed July 22, 1864, in battle of Atlanta, Ga.;
Gibson, Edward	do	26	July 18, 1861	3 yrs.	weteran. Mustered out Aug. 17, 1864, at Chattanooga,
Goldsmith, Nathaniel	do	18	July 11, 1861	3 yrs.	Tenn., on expiration of term of service. Mustered out Aug. 17, 1864, at Chattanooga, Taun on expiration of term of corples
Gantz, William	do	21	July 11, 1861	3 yrs.	Teun., on expiration of term of service. Discharged March 8, 1863, at Corinth, Miss., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Gove, William F	do	19	July 11, 1801	3 yrs.	Absent, sick Nov. 4, 1863; mustered out July 11, 1865, by order of War Department.
Green, George	.,do	21 38	July 11, 1861 July 31, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 11, 1865;
Hanson Jacob	ł	19	July 11, 1861		Captured —, at Little Blue, Mo.; discharged Dec. 22, 1861, at Sedalia, Mo.
Harris, William II Hepshire, Albert	do	27	July 11, 1861 July 11, 1861	3 yrs, 3 yrs.	Died Sept. 16, 1862, at Jackson, Tenn. Mustered out with company July 11, 1865
Hutson, Richard Hartman, Henry Jeders, William A	do	22 19	July 11, 1861 Feb. 13, 1864 July 11, 1861	3 yrs.	veteran. No further record found. Mustered out with company July 11, 1865. Reduced from Corporal ——; mustered out Aug. 17, 1864, at Chattanooga, Tenn., on ex-
Krause, Adolph	do	21	July 11, 1861	3 yrs.	Aug. 17, 1864, at Chattanooga, Tenn., on ex-
King, William	do	21	July 11, 1861	3 yrs.	piration of term of service. Died Oct. 4, 1802, of wounds received Oct. 4, 1862, in battle of Corinth. Miss.
Knofflock, Michael,	do	39	Oct. 8, 1862	9 mos	Mustered out Sept. 10, 1863, on expiration of term of service.
Lilley, William D	į	31	July 30, 1861		Mustered out Aug. 17, 1864, at Chattanooga, Tenn., on expiration of term of service.
Lawson, William F,	{	21	Aug. 8, 1861	1	Mustered out with company July 11. 1865. veteran; wounded at Kenesaw Mt., Ga.
Little, David J		33	July 30, 1861		Captured —, at Little Blue, Mo.; discharged Dec. 22, 1861, at Sedalin, Mo.
Luce. John		18	July 11, 1861 July 11, 1861		Mustered out with company July 11, 1865; veteran. Discharged March 27, 1863, at Keokuk, Ia., on
MeCalmot, John	}	25	July 11, 1861	3 yrs.	Surgeon's certificate of disability.
McMillen, John	.,do	30	July 11, 1861	3 vrs.	Discharged March 14, 1862, at St. Louis, Mo., on Surgeon's certificate of disability
McConahan, Andrew Murphy, John	1	35	July 25, 1861 July 11, 1861	3 yrs.	Surgeon's certificate of disability. Mustered out Aug. 17, 1864, int. Chattanage.
	f	20		3 yrs	Tenn, on expiration of term of service. Mustered out with company July 11, 1865.
Martz, Edward Meising, Joseph	}	18	Aug. 17, 1863 July 11, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged, at Keokuk, Ia., on Surgeon'S certificate of disability.
Mann, Titus L			Feb. 3, 1864	3 yrs.	Surgeon's certificate of disability Discharged Sept. 13, 1861, at Mexico, Mo., on Surgeon's certificate of disability. Mustered out Aug. 17, 1864, at Chattanooga, Tenn, on expiration of term of service. Mustered out with company July 11, 1865. Discharged —, at Keokuk, Ia., on Surgeon's certificate of disability. Absent, sick Jan. 14, 1865, in hospital at Beau- fort, S. C.; mustered out Aug. S. 1865, at U. S. General Hospital at Philadelphia, Pa. Discharged Dec. 8, 1863, to accept appointment as Paymaster's Clerk. Mustered out Sept. 10, 1863, on expiration of term of service. Discharged Jan. 9, 1863, on Surgeon's certifi- cate of disability.
Mayer, Louis H			July 11, 1861	8 yrs.	Discharged Dec. 8, 1863, to accept appointment as Paymaster's Clerk.
Myers, Daniel	1	20	Dec. 10, 1863	9 mos	Mustered out Sept. 10, 1863, on expiration of term of service.
Miller, John	Ì		July 11, 1861 July 11, 1861	3 yrs.	cate of disability.
Noice, Joseph Newbert, William	do	18	July 11, 1861 July 11, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out Aug. 17, 1864, at Chattanooga, Tenn., on expiration of term of service.

					-	
Names.	Rank.	ASe.	Date of Entering the Service.	e	Period of Service.	Remarks.
O'Brian, Dennis O'Tool, John		26 18	July 25, 186 July 11, 186	1	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Mustered out Aug. 17, 1851, at Chattanooga,
Oakleaf, Louis		19	Dec. 10, 186	2		Tenn., on expiration of term of service. Mustered out Sept. 10, 1863, on expiration of
Pointers, Peter	do	20	July 31, 186	1	3 yrs.	term of service. Mustered out July 11, 1865, by order of War
Riugold, Thomas	do	20	Aug. 2, 186	1	3 yrs.	Department; veteran. Died —, of wounds received Oct. 4, 1862, in
Roth, Louis	00	31	July 31, 186	1	3 yrs.	battle of Corinth, Miss. Discharged May 16, 1862, at St. Louis, Mo., on
Ridgeway, James 11	do	18	July 11, 186	1	3 yrs.	Surgeon's certificate of disability. Discharged Jan. 28, 1862, on Surgeon's certifi-
Ray, Robert H	do	27	Dec. 10, 186	2	3 mos.	
Remment, Harmon II	do	22	July 11, 186	1	3 yrs.	term of service. Mustered out July 11, 1865, by order of War
Ryan, Thomas	do		July 11, 186	1	3 yrs.	Department; veteran. Transferred from Co. E —; promoted to Hospital Steward Oct. 1, 1863.
Steiwider, John H	do	21	July 11, 186	1	8 yrs	Mustered out with company July 11, 1865; veteran.
Senmert. Augustus., Sokup, Joseph	do	22 18	July 11, 186 Aug. 8, 186		3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Mustered out Aug. 17, 1861, at Chaltanooga,
Surles, Andrew F	do	43	July 11, 186	1	3 yrs.	Tenn., on expiration of term of service. Mustered out Aug. 17, 1864, at Chattanooga,
Stidger, H. B	do	24	Dec 10, 186	2	9- mos	Tenn, on expiration of term of service. Mustered out Sept. 10, 1863, on expiration of
Sibbert, Robert	do	35	Dec. 10, 186	2	9 mos	term of service. Mustered out Sept. 10, 1863, on expiration of term of service.
Sage, Frederickstewart, Wilcox	do	23 18	July 11, 186 July 11, 186 Feb. 23, 186		3 yrs.	On muster-in roll, but no further record found.
Smith, Thomas J Troy, Maurice	do	35	July 11, 186	1	1 yr. 3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 11, 1865.
Tahze, Frederick		23	July 28, 186	- 1	3 yrs	Mustered out with company July 11, 1865; veteran.
Warren, William A		31	July 11, 186		3 yrs.	Discharged June 10, 1862, at St. Louis, Mo., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Weleh, Albert		26	July 11, 186		3 yrs.	Mustered out July 11, 1865, by order of War Department; veteran.
Weed, John	do do do	27	July 11, 186 July 11, 186 Dec. 10, 186	1	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 9 mos	Mustered out Sept. 10, 1863, on expiration of
Walter, Henry		37	June 16, 186	3	3 yrs.	term of service. Absent, sick July 2, 1864, in hospital; mustered out July 11, 1865, by order of War De-
Zemmert, Arnold	do	21	July 11, 186	1	3 yrs.	partment. Mustered out Aug. 17, 1864, at Chattanooga,
Zenehner, Ernest	do	43	July 11, 186	1	3 yrs.	Tenn., on expiration of term of service. Discharged June 19, 1862, at St. Louis, Mo., on
Zeigler, Jacob	do	41	Dec. 10, 186	2	9 mos.	Surgeon's certificate of disability.

COMPANY C.

Mustered in July 22, 1861, at Camp Chase, O., by Howard Stansbury, Captain Topographical Engineers, U. S. A. Mustered out July 11, 1865, at Louisville, Ky., by Wm. H. Carr, Captain 10th Illinois Infantry.

Edwin Nichols	Captain.		July	19, 1861	3 yrs.	Promoted to Major March 19, 1864.
James II. Boggis	[do,,	28	Dec.	13, 1861	3 yrs.	Promoted from 1st Lieutenant and Adjutant March 19, 1864; transferred to Co. A May 30, 1864.
James P. Simpson	do	23	July	14, 1861	3 yrs.	Promoted to 1st Lieutenant from 2d Lieutenant Co. H. May 28, 1862; Captain May 9, 1864; Major May 29, 1868.
John A. Evans	do	18	June	20, 1861	3 yrs.	Promoted from 1st Lieutenant and Regt. Quartermaster May 31, 1865; mustered out with company July 11, 1865.
George B. Upham	1st Lieut.	2:2	July	19, 1861	3 vrs.	Died Feb. 6, 1862, at Sedalia. Mo.
Frank B. Hazeltine				31, 1861		Promoted from 2d Lieutenant Co. A July 25.
			1	,] - ,	1864; appointed Adjutant Oct. 6, 1864
R. H. Worth	do	19	July	27, 1861	3 yrs.	Promoted from 2d Lieutenant Co. A Sept. 26, 1864; to Captain Co. F Jan. 28, 1865.
John A. Graham	do	21	Aug.	3, 1861	3 yrs.	Promoted from 1st Sergeant Co. G Jan. 28, 1865; mustered out with company July 11, 1865.
Albert R. Austin	2d Lieut.	22	July	19, 1861	3 yrs.	Resigned April 26, 1862.
Charles F. Moore			Aug.	13, 1861	3 yrs.	Promoted from Q. M. Sergeant March 27, 1862; resigned March 19, 1863.
John II. Cooper	do	21	July	18, 1861	3 yrs.	Wounded May 28, 1862, in battle of Corinth, Miss.; promoted from 1st Sergeant March 19, 1863; to 1st Lieutenant (o. D May 9, 1864.

Names.	Rank.	Age.	Enter	te of ing the rvice.	Period of Service.	Remarks.
Thomas M. Willis	2d Lieut.	27	Aug.	13, 1861	3 yrs.	Promoted to 2d Lieutenant from 1st Sergeant Co. K June 27, 1861; 1st Lieutenant Co. K
Charles C, Chadwick	1st Sergt.	18	July	18, 1861	3 yrs.	Sept. 26, 1864. Appointed from Sergeant July 1, 1863; wounded Oct. 4, 1862, in battle of Corinth, Miss.; promoted to 2d Lieutenant Co. B Aug. 29,
William H. Hamilton	do	20	July	18, 186t	3 yrs.	1864; veteran. Appointed Sergeant from Corporal March 1, 1863; 1st Sergeant —; promoted to 1st Lieu-
Edward Jones	do	26	July	18, 1861	3 yrs.	tenaut Co. É May 11, 1865; veteran. Appointed Corporal Jan. 1, 1864; Sergeant March 1, 1864; 1st Sergeant June 1, 1865; mustered out with company July 11, 1865;
John W. Ormsby	Sergeant	24	July	18, 1861	3 yrs	veteran. Appointed from Corporal Jan. 1, 1864; mustered out with company July 11, 1865; veteran.
Daniel G. Thrall	do.,	21	July	18, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal Jan. 1, 1864; Sergeant June 1, 1865; mustered out with company July 11, 1865; veteran.
William McVicker	do	30	July	18, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal Jan. 1, 1864; Sergeant June 1, 1865; mustered out with company July 11, 1865; veteran.
William J. Armstrong	do	25	July	27, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered as private; appointed Sergeant July 1, 1862; discharged June 6, 1865, at Camp Chase, O., for wounds received July 22, 1861, in battle of Atlanta, Ga.
George W. Blxler Jonathan Rees Peter W. Sayers	do	30 24 21	July	18, 1861 18, 1861 18, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Discharged Feb. 27, 1863. Promoted to 2d Lieutenant Co. E Feb. 6, 1862. Appointed Corporal Jan. 1, 1861; mustered out with company July 11, 1865; veteran.
Joseph B. Sceurman	do	25	July	18, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal Sept. 1, 1864 mustered
William Bowman	do	27	July	18, 1861	3 yrs.	out with company July 11, 1865; veteran. Appointed Corporal Sept. 1, 1864; mustered
Milton Davis	do	21	July	18, 1861	3 yrs.	out with company July 11, 1865; veteran. Appointed Corporal June 1, 1865; mustered
Malander B. Steadman.	do	21	July	18, 1861	3 yrs.	out with company July 11, 1865; veteran. Appointed Corporal June 1, 1865; mustered
Thomas Powers	do	27	Aug.	6, 1861	3 yrs.	ont with company July 11, 1865; veteran. Appointed Corporal June 1, 1865; mustered
Isaac Zellers	do	24 20		18, 1861 18, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	out with company July 11, 1865; veteran. On muster-in roll, but no further record found. Appointed Carporal—; killed July 4, 1864;
Oscar Sheppard	do	.20	July	18, 1861	3 yrs.	in battle of Ruffs Mills; veteran, Appointed Corporal July 4, 1864; promoted to Sergt. Major June 11, 1865; veteran; wounded
Dennis V. Spere	đò	24	July	18, 1861	3 yrs.	July 22, 1864. Discharged Oct. 16, 1861, at Kansas City, Mo.,
Franklin P. Ewing	do	19	July	18, 1861	3 yrs.	on Surgeon's certificate of disability. Captured Nov. 3, 1861, at Little Blue, Mo.; dis-
Charles Dalrymple	do	31	July	18, 1861	3 yrs.	Promoted to — Lieutenant 22d Missouri Infantry Oct. 21, 1862.
David L. Safford	do	26	July	18, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out Aug. 17, 1864, at Chatlanooga,
Samuel Maieger	do	24	July	18, 1861	3 yrs.	Tenn., on expiration of term of service. Appointed Corporal —; musured out Aug. 17, 1801, at Chattanooga, Tenn., on expira-
James Staples		25	July	18, 1861	3 yrs.	tion of term of service. Appointed Corporal —; mustered out Aug. 17, 1864, at Camp Dennison, O., on expiration of term of service.
Jacob Hague		24 22		18, 1861 18, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Died Dec. 18, 1861, at Sedalia, Mo. Mustered out with company July 11, 1865; veteran.
Anderson, Jacob		23	July	18, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 11, 1865; veteran.
Alexander, Charles		22	July	18, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 11, 1865;
Abbott, George	do	18 22	July Aug.	18, 1861 1, 1863	3 yrs. 9 mos.	Drafted; mustered out May 12, 1864, on expiration of term of service.
Athey, Sanford Besse, Alden		37 27	Jan. July	28, 1864 18, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 11, 1865. Mustered out with company July 11, 1865; veteran.
Brown, James M		30	July	18, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out Aug. 17, 1864, at Chattanoogs. Term., on expiration of term of service.
Barr, Philip		32	July	18, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out Aug. 17, 1864, at Chattanooge Tenn., on expiration of term of service.
Blume, Valentine	do	39	Aug.	141863 .	9 mos.	Draited; inustered out June 4, 1864, on expi-
Bremlink, Peter Conine, Jacob Conine, Alfred	do do	25 20 25	July Feb. July	18, 1861 8, 1864 18, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	ration of term of service. Sent to hospital Feb. 14, 1862, at St. Louis. Mo. Mustered out with company July 11, 1865. Mustered out Aug. 17, 1864, at Chattanoog. Tenn., on expiration of term of service. Mustered out Aug. 17, 1864, at Chattanooga. Tour on expiration of term of service.
Chippy, John		26		18, 1861	3 yrs.	Tenn., on expiration of term of service. Mustered out Aug. 17, 1864, at Chattenoova.
Conine, Harmon		19	Feb.	9, 1864	3 yrs.	Tenn., on expiration of term of service. Killed, July 22, 1861, in battle of Atlanta, Ga.

Names.	Rank.	Age.	Date of Entering the Service.	Period of Service.	Remarks.
Crane, Timothy	Private	25	July 18, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out Aug. 17, 1864, at Chattanooga,
Chase, Jacob		43	July 18, 1861	2 ****	Tenn., on expiration of term of service.
Conine, Samuel II		24	July 18, 1861	3 yrs.	on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
		22		9 2270	Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Coone, James D			July 18, 1861	3 yrs.	Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Chidister, Henry		10	July 18, 1861	3 yrs.	on Surgeon's certificate of disability. Discharged Nov. 12, 1862, at St. Louis, Mo., on Surgeon's certificate of disability. Discharged July 9, 1862, at Columbus, O., on Surgeon's certificate of disability. Discharged June 90, 1862, at Columbus, O., on Surgeon's certificate of disability. Discharged June 30, 1862, at Columbus, O., on Surgeon's certificate of disability. Captured Nov. 3, 1861, at Little Blue, Mo.; discharged—
Davis, Evans		19	July 18, 1861		charged —.
Dodson, Joseph		21	July 18, 1861 July 18, 1861	3 yrs.	Killed July 23, 1864. in action near Atlanta. Ga.; veteran. Burried. at Marrietta, Ga.
Douahue, Dennis	do	20	July 18, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 11, 1865:
Drumm, William.,	do	32	July 18, 1861	3 yrs.	veteran. Mústered out with company July 11, 1865; veteran.
Emmick, John B	do	22	July 27, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 11, 1865; veteran.
Evans, Henry C	do	19	Jan. 24, 1864	3 yrs.	
Evans, Columbus D Erskine, Jacob	do	18 25	Jan. 24, 1864 Feb. 11, 1864 Feb. 11, 1864 July 18, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 11, 1865, Mustered out with company July 11, 1865.
Erskide, AdamElls. William EEwing, Samuel	do	22 21	Feb. 11, 1864	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 11, 1865.
Ewing, Samuel	do	18	July 18, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged June 30, 1863, at St. Louis, Mo., to
Frye, Thomas C		21	July 18, 1861	3 yrs.	wounded at Ruffs Mills. Mustered out with company July 11, 1865. Promoted to Com. Sergeant Oct. 1, 1861. Discharged June 30, 1863, at St. Louis; Mo., to exlist in Mississippi Marine Brigade. Discharged Jan. 19, 1863, at Jackson, Tenn., on Surgeon's certificate of disability. Fell from steamboat, drowned in Miss. River
Fenopty, John	do	30 27	July 18, 1861 Aug. 15, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Fell from steamboat, drowned in Miss. River Died Nov. 28, 1863, in hospital at Nashville. Tennessee.
Fluke, Leroy P	do	21	Aug. 6, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out Aug. 17, 1864, at Chattanocya, Tenn., on expiration of term of service.
Fox, Myron N	do	37	July 9, 1863	9 mos.	Drafted; mustered out April 15, 1864, on expiration of term of service.
Green, Robert P Griffith, Joshua W	do	18 22	July `18, 1861 July 18, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Discharged Feb. 5, 1863, at Mound City, Ill., on
Gordon, Jesse B	do	18	July 18, 1861	3 yrs.	Surgeou's certificate of disability. Discharged Jan. 15, 1863, at Benton Barracks, Mo. to evilst in Mississippi Marine Brigade.
Grasser, John L	do	20 27	July 18, 1861 July 18, 1861	3 yrs.	Mo., to enlist in Mississippi Marine Brigade. Discharged —, by writ of habeas corpus. Discharged Jan. 5, 1863, at St. Louis, Mo., to
Gardner, Wilson Henderlick, Solomon	do	18 20	Feb. 9, 1864 July 18, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	enlist in Mississippi Marine Brigade. Mustered out with company July 11, 1865. Mustered out with company July 11, 1865;
Hill, Benjamin J	do	23	July 18, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged Oct. 4, 1861, on Surgeon's certifi-
Heislop, Norton	do	38	July 18, 1861	3 yrs.	eate of disability. Discharged March 18, 1863, at Evansville, Ind.,
Holland, John W	do	22	Feb. 9, 1864	3 vrs.	on Surgeon's certificate of disability. Killed July 22. 1864. in battle of Atlanta, Ga. Burried, Marrietta, Ga.
Hines, William	ob	20	July 27, 1861	3 yrs	Died —, of wounds received July 20, 1864.
Holt, Alfred	do	27	July 18, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out Aug. 17, 1864, at Chattanooga. Tenn., on expiration of term of service.
Heath, Thomas C	do	35	July 18, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out Aug. 17, 1864, at Chattanooga, Tenn., on expiration of term of service.
Hays, Luther	do	21	July 18, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out Aug. 17, 1864, at Chattanooga, Tenn., on expiration of term of service.
Holeton, Richard	do	30	July 9, 1863	.9 mos.	Drafted: mustered out April 15, 1864, on ex-
Ingman, James G	do	29	July 18, 1861	3 yrs.	piration of term of service. Mustered out Aug. 17, 1864, at Chattanooga,
Jones, Danlel	do	21	July 18, 1861	3 yrs.	Tenn., on expiration of term of service. Discharged Jan. 1, 1863, at Benton Barracks, Mo., to enlist in Mississippi Marine Brigade. Died Oct. 22, 1861, in Kansas City, Mo. Died March 4, 1863, at Commerce, Mo.
Jenkins, Eugene	do	21 25	July 18, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Died Oct. 22, 1861, in Kansas City, Mo. Died March 4, 1863, at Commerce, Mo.
King, Lewis Krider, Thomas J	do	30	July 18, 1861 July 9, 1863	9 mos.	Drafted; mustered out April 15, 1864, on expiration of term of service.
Kemper, Jeremiah M		28	July 18, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out Aug. 17, 1864, at Characteristics
Lee, Thomas C	do	18	July 18, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged Feb. 1, 1862, at Sedulia, Mo., on Surgeon's certificate of disability. Captured Nov. 3, 1861, at Little Blue Mo.;
Laughrey, Edward	do	22	July 18, 1861	3 yrs.	Captured Nov. 3, 1861, at Little Blue Mo.; discharged—.
Loughman, John C	do	24	July 18, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged April 10, 1862, at St. Louis, Mo., on
Lott, John	do	31	July 18, 1861	3 yrs.	Milstered out with company out, 12, 1201,
Love. Henry	do	33 21	Jan. 22, 1864 July 18, 1861	3 yrs.	weteran. Mustered out with company July 11, 1865. Discharged Jan. —, 1862, at St. Louis, Mo., on Surgeon's certificate of disability. Surgeon's Certificate of disability.
Manner, Robert G	do	35	July 18, 1861	3 yrs.	Translattied to veteran reserve corps and
Daniel. P	1		July 18, 1861	3 yrs.	21 1863 Burried, Marrietta, Ga.

Names.	Rank.	A GC C.	Date of Entering the Service.	Period of Service.	Remarks.
McNulty, Hugh T	Private.	27	July 18, 1861	3 yrs.	Wounded March 21, 1865, in battle of Bent- field, N. C., and sent to hospital 1st Division, 17th Army Corps: mustered out July 2, 1865, at Count heopies O.; veteral,
McGuire, William J	do	20	Aug. 6, 1861	3 yrs.	at Camp Dennison, Q.; veteran. Mustered out with company July 11, 1865; veteran.
Miller, Johu	do	46	July 18, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 11, 1865; veteran.
Miller, Vincent B	do	26	July 18, 1801	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 11, 1865;
Miller, William F	do	2:2	Aug. 6, 1861	3 yrs.	Captured March 29, 1865, near Goldsboro, N. C.: mustered out June 22, 1865, at Camp Chase, O.; veteran.
Mitchell, James R	do	30	July 18, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 11, 1865; veteran.
MeNully, Samuel	do	21	Aug. 1, 1863	9 mos.	Drafted; mustered out May 12, 1864, on expira- tion of term of service.
Mundiviller, George	do	25	July 9, 1863	9 mos.	Drafted: mustered out April 15, 1861, on expiration of term of service.
Miner, Dániel	do	. 24	July 18, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged Jan. —, 1862, at St. Louis, Mo., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Murphy, Samuel	-	39	July 18, 1861	3 yrs.	Sent to hospital May 4, 1862, at Farmington. Miss.; mustered out —, on expiration of term of service.
Nelson, John	do	45	July 18, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged Feb. 8, 1862, at Sedalia, Mo., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Neff, Fred T	do	. 27	July 18, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out Aug. 17, 1864, at Chattanooga, Tenn., on expiration of term of service.
Owens, Thomas J	do	31	July 18, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 11, 1865; veteran.
O'Connor, John	do	33	July 18, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 11, 1865; veteran.
Parr, Stephen Rhodes, Henry Rees, Richard Spellman, Thomas	do do do	38 18 18 18	July 18, 1861 July 18, 1861 Feb. 6, 1864 July 18, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Sent to hospital Feb. 8, 1862, at St. Louis, Mo. Mustered out with company July 11, 1865. Discharged May 8, 1862, at St. Louis, Mo., on
Sawyer, James B			July 18, 1861	3 yrs.	Surgeon's certificate of disability. Reduced from Sergeant Jan. 1, 1863; discharged —, to enlist in Mississippi Marine
Sawyer, John H	do	26	July 18, 1861	3 yrs.	Brigade. Mustered out with company July 11, 1865;
Shaffer, Jackson Shirs, David	do	23 30	Feb. 8, 1864 Feb. 6, 1864	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	veteran. Mustered out with company July 11 1865. Died in field hospital, June, 1864.
Stewart, Thomas C	do	28	July 9, 1863	9 mos.	
Snyder, Henry	do	24	Aug. 1, 1863	9 mos.	
Thorp, Franklin D	do	18	July 18, 1861	3 yrs.	piration of term of service. Discharged July —, 1862, at Corinth, Miss., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Teagarden, Alexander D.	do	40	July 18, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 11 1865;
Whorton, Henry H	do	22	July 1\$, 1865	3 yrs.	Captured, March 20, at Bentonville mustered out June 22, 1860, at Canth Chase. O, by order of War Department, veteran
Wells, Thomas V. B	do	28	Aug. 20, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 11. 1863;
Williams, Richard	do	20	Feb. 7, 1864	3 yrs.	veteran. On detached duty at Headquarters Army Department of the Tennesce Dec. 16, 1861; mustered out July 11, 1265, by order of War
Winneai, Jacob	do	20	Sept. 30, 1864	1 yr.	On detached duty at Headquarters 1st Brigade, 1st Division, 17th Army Corps; mustered out June 25, 1865, at Louisville, Ky., by order
Williams, John	do	18	July 18, 1861	3 yrs.	of War Department. Discharged —, at St. Louis, Mo., to enlist in Mississippi Marine Brigade. Discharged Louis, at Comp. Department.
White, Samuel J	do	21	July 18, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged Jan. 27, 1865, at Camp Dennison, O., on Surgeon's certificate of disability; veteran.
Weyriarch, Thomas J	do	33	July 18,1861	3 yrs.	Killed July 22, 1861, in battle of Atlanta, Ga.; veteran. Burried, at Marrietta, Ga.

COMPANY D.

Mustered in Aug. 3, 1861, at Camp Chase, O., by Howard Stansbury, Captain Topographical Engineers, U. S. A. Mustered out July 11, 1865, at Louisville, Ky., by Wm. H. Carr, Captain 10th Illinois Infantry.

Names.	Rank,	Age.	Date of Entering the Service.	Period of Service.	Remarks.
Milton Wells John W. M. Brock	Captain.	32 40	Aug. 2, 1861 Aug. 2, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Resigned March 26, 1862. Promoted from 1st Lieutenant March 26, 1862: resigned Sept. 30, 1864; wounded July 22.
John H. Cooper	do	24	July 18, 1861	3 yrs.	Promoted to 1st Lieutenant from 2d Lieuten ant Co. C May 9, 1864; Captain Nov. 3, 1864;
Edward Gibson	1st Lieut.	24	July 14, 1861	3 yrs.	mustered out with company July 11, 1865. Promoted from 2d Lieutenant Co. G March 31,
Newton H. Ervin	do	21	Aug. 13, 1861	3 yrs.	1862; resigned March 14, 1864. Promote 1 from Com. Sergeant Jan. 28, 1865; appointed Regt. Quartermaster June 20, 1865.
Matthew Brown Thomas A. Walker	2d Lieut.	40 25	July 2, 1861 Aug. 13, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Resigned June 21, 1862. Promoted from Sergeant Co. H July 16, 1862: to Captain 63d U. S. Colored Troops Nov. 15.
George W. Young	1st Sergt.	22	July 20, 1861	3 yrs.	Promoted to 2d Lieutenant Co. G March 31, 1862.
Thomas O. Hughes	do	20	July 20, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed from Corporal —; promoted to 1st Lieutenant in — Regiment, U. S. Colored Troops, Aug. 24, 1864
Stephen Allison	do	23	July 20, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed from Corporal —: promoted to
James N. Park	do	22	July 20, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal Jan. 1, 1864; Sergeant Sept. 1, 1864; 1st Sergeant April 1, 1865; mustered out with company July 11, 1865; veteran.
Daniel C. Petty	Sergeant	23	July 20, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed from Corporal Jan. 1, 1864: mus- tered out July 11, 1865, by order of War De-
Shadrach M. Bottenfield.	do	27	July 20, 1861	3 yrs.	partment; veteran. Appointed Corporal Jan. 1, 1864; Sergeant Sept. 1, 1864; mustered out with company July 11, 1865; veteran.
Reuben L. Caldwell	do	25	Aug. 19, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal Sept. 1, 1864; Sergeant April 1, 1865; mustered out with company July 11, 1866; veteran.
John Brooks	do	23	July 20, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed from Corporal —; mustered out Aug. 18, 1864, at Chattanooga, Tenn., on expiration of term of service.
James F. Horton		22	July 20, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out Aug. 18, 1864, at Chattanooga, Tenn., on expiration of term of service.
John Marsh John W. Akers	do Corporal	18 18	July 20, 1861 July 20, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs	Discharged Jan. 1, 1862. at Quincy. III. Appointed Corporal Sept. 1, 1864: prisoner of war—: mustered out at Camp Chase, O., June 22, 1865, by order of War Department; veteran.
Henry Chambers		21	July 20, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal April 1, 1865; mustcred out with company July 11, 1865; veteran.
John Bingman Géorge C. Horton Hiram J. Danford	do do	22 20 21	July 20, 1861 July 20, 1861 July 20, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Died Dec. 17, 1861, at Sedalia, Mo.— Appointed Corporal —; mustered out Aug. 18, 1864, at Chattanooga, Teun., on expira- tion of term of service.
John G. Steel	do	20	July 20, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal —; mustered out Aug. 18, 1864, at Chattanooga, Tenn., on expiration of term of service.
Andrew J, Sutton	do,.	33	Aug. 14, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal —; mustered out Aug. 18, 1864, at Chattannoga, Tenn on expiration of term of service.
William T. Williams	do	23	July 20, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal -—: discharged June 18, 1865, at Camp Dennison, O., for wounds received July 22, 1864, in battle of Atlanta, Ga: veteran
William Sloan	do	21	July 20, 1861	3 yrs	Appointed Corporal —; killed July 4, 1864,
Thomas T. Forshey	do	22	July 20, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal —; died March 12, 1865, at Fayetteville, N. C., of wounds received March 3, 1865, in battle of Cheraw, S. C.;
Wilson S. Martin		26	July 20, 1861		Appointed Corporal —; discharged —, to accept promotion in 116th O. V. I.
Edward Starkey Nathaniel M. Capell Cornelius Cline	Wagoner. Musician do	33 20 33	July 20, 1861 July 20, 1861 July 20, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Discharged Oct. 18, 1862. Discharged July 17, 1862. Mustered out Aug. 18, 1864, at Chattanooga,
Ahrendts, Henry			July 20, 1861	3 yrs.	1 Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Airley, Thomas	do	25	July 20, 1861	3 yrs.	Surgeon's certificate of disability. Prisoner of war —; inustered out at Camp Chase, O., June 22, 1865, by order of War De- partment; veteran.
				1	

Names.	Rank.	Age.	Enteri	e of ng the vice.	Period of Service.	Remarks
Amos, Mahlon C	Private	23	July	20, 1861	3 yrs.	Killed July 22, 1864, in battle of Atlanta, Ga.;
Black, Joseph Bethard, James Beckwith, James F	do	41 19	July	24, 1865 20, 1861	1 yr. 3 yrs.	weteran. Mustered out with company July 11, 1865.
Bare, Robert Brown, George			July	20, 1861 20, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged Nov. 5, 1862, at Jackson, Tenn., on surgeon's certificate of disability,
Bush, Edwin	.00	30	July	20, 1861 20, 1 5 61 22, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 11, 1865;
Cline, Roseberry	, do	20	July	20, 1861	3 yrs.	veteran. Discharged March 16, 1862, at Quincy, Ill., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Cooper, George Cheatham, Michael	do	41		20, 1861 20, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Discharged March 26, 1862, at St. Louis, Mo., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Childers, Lewis	do do	20 26 24	July	20, 1861 20, 1861 20, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	On muster-in roll, but no further record found. Mustered out with company July 11, 1865;
Denbow, George Derth, Michael	do	27 18		13, 1864 20, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	veteran. Mustered out with company July 11, 1865. Mustered out July 11, 1865, by order of War
Dines, David	do	18	July	20, 1861	U yrs.	Department: veteran. Wounded July 22, 1864, in battle of Atlanta, Ga.: leg amputated; mustered out July 11. 1865, by order of War Department.
Dunn, John Forshey, Elisha	do	26 25		20, 1861 20, 1861	3 yrs, 3 yrs,	Discharged May 29, 1862, at St. Louis, Mo., on
Fetter, John D	do		Aug.	20, 1861	3 yrs.	Surgeon's certificate of disability. Discharged Jan. 19, 1862, at Sedalia, Mo., on
	do		July :	20, 1861	3 yrs.	Surgeon's certificate of disability. Discharged Feb. 21, 1862, at St. Louis, Mo., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Franklin, John Gordon, Silas J	do	26 31		20, 1861 20, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Discharged Feb. 21, 1862, at St. Louis, Mo., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Grundier, John Gilmore, John Gilmore, Jonathan Harper, William L	ർo ർo	20 20 19	Feb.	20, 1861 13, 1864	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 11, 1865. Mustered out with company July 11, 1805.
Harper, William L	do	23		13, 1864 20, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Prisoner of war — ; paroled — ; discharged Dec. 22, 1861, at Sedalia, Mo.
Hall, William		40	July :	20, 1861	3 yrs.	Prisoner of war: paroled; discharged Dec. 22, 1861, at Sedalia, Mo.
Hultz, Henry		28	Aug.	20, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out July 11, 1865, by order of War Department; veteran.
Иирр, William W	do	21	Feb.	15, 1864	3 yrs.	Died Sept. 21, 1864, in hospital near Atlanta. Ga., of wounds received July 4, 1864, in hattle of Ruff's Mills, Ga.
Heiddleson, Joseph				20, 1861	3 yrs.	Died Aug. 7, 1861, in hospital near Atlanta, Ga., of wounds received July 22, 1864, in battle of Atlanta, Ga.; veteran.
Hicks, Ira Henry, Charles Johnson, John D	do	25 19 20	July :	20, 1861 20, 1861 20, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 11, 1865;
Jones, Henderson		30	Aug.	22, 1862	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 11, 1865; veteran.
Judkins, William Joy, David C Kenney, Joseph	do do	18 20 39	July :	20, 1861 20, 1861 20, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Discharged Jan. 9, 1862, at St. Louis, Mo., on
Kelley, Benjamin F	do	23	July :	20, 1861	3 yrs.	Surgeon's certificate of disability. Mustered out with company July 11, 1865;
Kiger, George W		21	Oct	9, 1861	3 yrs.	veteran. Mustered out with company July 11, 1865; veteran.
Knox, George Light, James S	do	35 22		28, 1864 9, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 11, 1865. Mustered out with company July 11, 1865;
	do	20	July :	20, 1861	3 yrs.	Killed July 22, 1864, in battle of Atlanta, Ga.;
Lockard, Andrew J Mathers, William Martin, William	do do	22 21 18	Aug.	15, 1864 19, 1861 20, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	veteran. Killed March 3, 1865, in battle of Cheraw, S. C. Killed July 22, 1864, in battle of Atlanta, Ga. Mustered out with company July 11, 1865;
Marshall, Joseph H	do.,	24	Aug.	14, 1861	3 yrs.	veteran. Mustered out with company July 11, 1865;
McElfresh, William McFarland, James	do	23 20	Feb.	13, 1864 20, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Veteran. Mustered out with company July 11, 1865. Prisoner of war ; paroled —; mustered out June 17, 1865, at Camp Chase, O., by order of War Department; veteran. Discharred Aug. 25, 1862, at Iuka, Miss., on Surgeon's certificate of disability. Discharged Feb. 21, 1862, at St. Louis, Mo., on Surgeon's certificate of disability. Discharged Aug. 4, 1861, at Camp Chase, O., by order of War Department.
McMullen, Isaac	do	40	July	20, 1861	3 yrs.	order of War Department; veteran. Discharred Aug. 25, 1862, at Iuka, Miss., on
Merritt, David	do	40	July	20, 1861	3 yrs.	Surgeon's certificate of disability. Discharged Feb. 21, 1862, at St. Louis, Mo., on
Meeks, George:	do	22	July	20, 1861	3 yrs.	Surgeon's certificate of disability, Discharged Aug. 4, 1861, at Camp Chase, O., by order of War Department.
12						1

Names.	Rank.	Age.	Date of Entering the Service,	Period of Service.	Remarks.
McDowell, John C McFadden, James McKitrick, John W	Privatedo	30 24 18	July 20, 1861 July 20, 1861 July 20, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Died March 30, 1863, at Pittsburg, Pa.: veteran Killed Oct. 4, 1862, in battle of Corinth, Miss. Discharged Jan. 16, 1863, at St. Louis, Mo., on
Marsh, Samuel W	do	19	July 20, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged Jan. 16, 1863, at St. Louis, Mo., on Surgeon's certificate of disability. Discharged Jan. 29, 1865, at Keokuk, Ia., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Mills, Joseph C	do	22	July 20, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged Jan. 9, 1862, at St. Louis, Mo., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Mahon, Patrick Mosgrove, Oliver Neptune, Washington	do do	40 25 22	July 20, 1861 July 20, 1861 July 20, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Died July 15, 1862, in hospital at Cincinnati, O. Prisoner of war — : paroled — : discharged Dec. 22, 1861, at Sedaiia, Mo., by order of War
Neptune, William H	do	19	July 20, 1861	3 yrs.	Department. Mustered out Aug. 18, 1864, at Chattanooga,
Norman, Milton	do	33	Feb. 10, 1864	3 yrs.	Tenn., on expiration of term of service. Mustered out July 11, 1865, by order of War
Owen, Vincent B	do	19	July 20, 1861	3 yrs.	Department. Mustered out Aug. 18, 1864, at Chattanooga,
Posts, Israel	do		Aug. 19, 1861	3 yrs.	Tenn., on expiration of term of service. Discharged March 26, 1863, at Jackson, Tenn., for wounds received Oct. 3, 1862, in battle of Corinth, Miss.
Pooler, George Plaut, Charles	do		Aug. 10, 1861 Aug. 19, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Died — at St. Louis, Mo. Captured Oct. 3, 1862, at Corinth, Miss. No further record found. Mustered out with company July 11, 1865;
Paton, Francis	do	38	Oct. 9, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 11, 1865; veteran.
Riley, George W			July 20, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 11, 1865; veteran.
Raines, Josiah Rolloson, Newton	do	30	Aug. 8, 1864 Aug. 19, 1861	3 yrs.	Transferred to Veteran Reserve Corps Dec. 1,
Rolloson, Dewitt C	do		Aug. 20, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged Feb. 21, 1862, at St. Louis, Mo., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Smiley, Edwin M	do	21	Ang. 19, 1861	3 yrs.	Surgeon's certificate of disability. Died July 7, 1864, in hospital near Atlanta, Ga., of wounds received July 4, 1864, in battle of Ruft's Mills, Ga., veteran.
Salsberry, Moses D	do.,	50	July 20, 1861	3 yrs.	Died June 24, 1864, in hospital at Nashville, Tennessee.
Sears, Cornelius	do	19	July 20, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out Aug. 18, 1864, at Chattanooga, Tenn., on expiration of term of service.
Sutton, Henry	do	29	Aug. 14, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged July 8, 1864, at Camp Dennison, O., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Sutton, George W	do	20	July 20, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 11, 1865; veteran.
Sloan, William E	do	18	July 20, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 11, 1865; veteran.
Stoffal, Philip	do	1 19	Feb. 15, 1864 Feb. 13, 1864 June 20, 1861 Aug. 20, 1861 Aug. 20, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 11, 1865. Mustered out with company July 11, 1865. Died Jan. 3, 1862, at St. Louis, Mo. Killed Oct. 4, 1862, in battle of Corinth, Miss. Discharged Nov. 19, 1861, at Sedalia, Mo., on
Sears, Richard W. Shane, James. Sands. James. Snider, John. Turner, Sannel. Tripp, James S.	do do do	36 24 27 21 18	Aug. 20, 1861 July 20, 1861 July 20, 1861 July 20, 1861 Feb. 13, 1864 July 20, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Surgeon's certificate of disability. Died Aug. 1, 1862, at Camp Clear Creek, Miss. Died April 17, 1864, at Decatur, Ala. Mustered out with company July 11, 1865;
Turner, John R	do do	18 25 24	Feb. 13, 1864 July 20, 1861 July 20, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	veteran. Mustered out with company July 11, 1865. Killed July 22, 1864, in battle of Atlanta, Ga veteran.
	do	22	July 20, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged —, for wounds received July 4, 1864, in battle of Ruff's Mills, Ga.; veteran.
Whitten, James F Watson, James H Weaver, William	do do	21 19 10	July 20, 1861 July 20, 1861 July 20, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Died —, at St. Louis, Mo. Captured Sept. 13, 1862, at Iuka, Miss. No further record found.
Warner, John Yockey, Philip	do do,	26	July 20, 1861 July 20, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Died April 23, 1865, in hospital at Chattanooga, Tenn., of wounds received July 22, 1864, in battle of Atlanta, Ga.; veteran.

COMPANY E.

Mustered in Aug. 7, 1861, at Camp Chase, O., by Howard Stansbury, Captain Topographical Engineers, U. S. A. Mustered out July 11, 1865, at Louisville, Ky., by Wm. 11. Carr, Captain 10th Illinois Infantry.

Names.	Rank.	Age.	Enter	te of ing the vice.	Period of Service.	Remarks.
Mendal Churchill Charles W. Green	Captain. do	32 21	Aug. July	6, 1861 6, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Promoted to Major Nov. 2, 1882. Promoted to 1st Lieutenant from 2d Lieuten- ant March 27, 1862; Captain Nov. 2, 1862; discharged Scpt. 1, 1864, for wounds received
William D. Phillips	do	29	July	20, 1861	3 yrs.	— near Dullas, Ga. Promoted to 2d Lieutenant from 1st Sergeant May 9, 1804; 1st Lieutenaut Co. K July 25, 1804; Captain Co. E Nov. 3, 1804; mustered out with company July 11, 1865. Promoted to Captain Co. II March 31, 1862.
Samuel Thomas Edward A. Webb	1st Lieut. do	21 22	Aug. July	6, 1861 27, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Promoted to Captain Co. II March 31, 1862. Promoted to 2d Lieutenant from Sergeant Co. G June 27, 1864; 1st Lieutenant Sept. 26 1864; Captain Co. B Jan. 28, 1865. Promoted from 1st Sergeant Co. D Jan. 28,
Stephen Allison	do	23	July	20, 1861	3 yrs.	Promoted from 1st Sergeant Co. D Jan. 28,
William H. Hamilton	do	20	July	18, 1861	3 yrs.	1865; to Captain Co. II May 11, 1865. Promoted from 1st Sergeant Co. C May 11, 1865; mustered out with company July 11, 1865; veteran.
Jonathan Rees	2d Lieut.	24	July	18, 1861	3 yrs.	Promoted from Sergeant Co. C Feb. 6, 1862; to 1st Lieutenant Co. F June 16, 1862.
John M. Weaver	do	25	July	17, 1861	3 yrs.	Promoted from Sergeant Co. A Aug. 14, 1862; to 1st Lieutenant Co. A April 13, 1864.
David H. Moore Francis M. Washburn	1st Sergt. ,do	21 22	July July	20, 1861 20, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Promoted to Q. M. Sergeant May 1, 1862. Appointed from Corporal Dec. 25, 1863; promoted to 1st Lieutenant Co. A Jan. 28, 1865;
Madison Geer	do	23	Aug.	4, 1861	3 yrs.	veteran. Mustered as private; appointed 1st Sergeant —; mustered out with company July 11, 1865; veteran.
N. H. Stubbs	Sergeant	19	Aug.	5, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered as private: appointed Sergeant ————————————————————————————————————
	do	21	Aug.	1, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered as private; appointed Sergeant—mustered out with company July 11, 1865 veteran.
Samuel Fulsom		31		20, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged Feb. 23, 1863, at Columbus, O., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Jenkin S. Jones	do	21	July	20, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged Oct. 17, 1862, at Jackson, Tenn., on
Edward J. Walburn	do	19	July	20, 1861	3 yrs.	Surgeon's certificate of disability. Discharged March 29, 1862, at St. Louis, Mo. on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Amos Kirkendall		22	July		3 yrs.	Mustered as private; appointed Sergeaut — wounded —, in action near Savannah Ga.; discharged June 5, 1865; veteran. Mustered out Ang. 17, 1864, at Chattanooga
Joseph L. Durant		23	July	,	3 yrs.	Tenn., on expiration of term of service.
John A. Evans.	do	18	July		3 yrs.	Appointed from Corporal—; mustered ou Aug. 17, 1864, at Chattanooga, Tenn., on expiration of term of service. Appointed from Corporal—; transferred to
John A, Evans.co		10	July	20, 1001	3 315.	Quartermaster's Department May 1, 1864
Thomas E. Davis	Corporal	28	Oet.	1, 1861	3 yrs.	veteran. Appointed Corporal ——; mustered out with company July 11, 1865; veteran.
John Jones	do	19	July	25, 1862	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal —: mustered out with
Isaac Hill	do	22	July	20, 1861	3 yrs.	company July 11, 1865; veteran. Appointed Corporal —; mustered out with company July 11, 1865; veteran.
Jacob Wooley	do	19	Aug.	6, 1861	3 yrs.	A proginted Couponal a man torol out with
Martin Gillispie	do	19	Aug.	27, 1862	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal —; mustered out with company July 11, 1865; veteran. Appointed Corporal —; mustered out with company July 11, 1865; veteran. Appointed Corporal —; mustered out with company July 11, 1865; veteran. Appointed Corporal —; mustered out with company July 11, 1865; veteran.
John McCune	do	20	July	20, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal —; mustered out with
Samuel Johnson	do	27	July	27, 1862	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal —; mustered out with
Michael Dugan	do	. 32	July	20, 1861	3 yrs.	
Stephen Huntley	do	18	July	20, 1861	3 yrs.	hospital at Nashville Tenn of wounds re
Richard Jones	do	. 20	July	20, 1861	3 yrs.	17, 1864, at Chattanooga, Tenn., on expira
James P. Johnston	do	. 28	Aug.	4, 1861	B yrs.	17, 1864, at Chattanooga, Tenn., on expira
Samuel Jones	do	. 19	July	20, 1861	3 yrs.	tion of term of service. Died Dec. 23, 1861, in hospital at St. Louis, Mc

Names.	Rank.	Age.	Enter	te of ing the vice.	Period of Service.	Remark's.
George W. Miller	Corporal	21	July	20, 1864	3 yrs.	Died Oct. 6, 1862, in hospital at Corinth, Miss., of wounds received Oct. 4, 1862, in battle of
William C. Lewis	do	24	July	20, 1861	3 yrs.	Corinth, Miss. Left sick in hospital at Kansas City, Mo., Oct.
John E. Davis	do	21	Aug.	1, 1861	3 yrs.	16, 1861. Appointed Corporal — : discharged Aug. 11, 1863. at Memphis, Tenn., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
John D. Brown,	Musician	21	July	20, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out Aug. 17, 1864, at Chattanooga, Tenn., on expiration of term of service.
Anderson, John C	Private	22	July	20, 1861	.3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 11, 1865; veteran.
Adams, Henry		27		20, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out Aug. 17, 1864, at Chattanooga, Tenn., on expiration of term of service.
Armstrong, Lillburn C Baker, Emanuel D	do	20 22	Sept. July	11, 1862 20, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 11, 1865;
Burden, Edward	do	18	July	20,.1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 11, 1865; veteran.
Burden, James Burns, Francis	do	25 26	Feb. Oct.	8, 1864 1, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 11, 1865. Killed March 3, 1865, in battle of Cheraw, S. C.; yeteran.
Cahoon, William	do	23	July	20, 1861	3 yers.	Mustered out Aug. 17, 1864, at Chattanooga, Tenn., on expiration of term of service.
Cecil, Adon	do	20	July	20, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out Aug. 17, 1864, at Chattanooga, Tenn., on expiration of term of service.
Carter, James	do	30	July	20, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged Dec. 1, 1862, at St. Louis, Mo., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Davis, David J	do	19	Aug.	1, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 11, 1865; veteran.
Davis, William Davis, Thomas Dunn, George	do	44 18 22	Feb. Jan. July	13, 1864 29, 1864 20, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 11, 1865. Mustered out with company July 11, 1865. Mustered out Aug. 17, 1864, at Chattanooga,
Davis, Thomas D	do	21	Aug.	1, 1861	3 yrs.	Tenn. on expiration of term of service. Mustered out Aug. 17, 1864, at Chattanooga,
Davis, Evan	do	21	Aug.	5, 1862	3 yrs.	Tenn., on expiration of term of service. Absent, sick Feb. 10, 1864, in Ohio; mustered out July 11, 1865, order of War Department.
Elderkin, Adam B Elderkin, Perry D	do		Oct. Oct.	1, 1861 1, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Discharged Nov. 20, 1863, at St. Louis, Mo. Discharged Jan. 16, 1862, at Sedalia, Mo., ou Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Edmondson, John: Evans, John E Elsis, Sebastian	do do	23 23 18	Aug. July July	27, 1862 24, 1861 20, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Died Feb. 26, 1862, in hospital at St. Louis, Mo. Mustered out with company July 11, 1865;
Evans, Evan S	do	20	July	20, 1861	3 yrs.	veteran. Mustered out Aug. 17, 1864, at Chattanooga, Tenn., ou expiration of term of service.
Ewing, James K	do	20	July	20, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out, 1864, at Chattanooga, Tenn.,
Evans, John S	do		Oct.	31, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out Aug. 17, 1864, at Alton, Ill., by order of War Department.
Fry, Samuel	do	35	July	20, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out Aug. 17, 1864, at Chattanooga, Tenn., on expiration of term of service.
Fullerton, John	do	28	July	20, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out Aug. 17, 1864, at Chattanooga, Tenn., on expiration of term of service.
Freeley, Augustine		23	Aug.	1, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged Dec 19 1862 at Cincinnati, O., on
Franklin, James C	do	19	Sept.	1, 1861	3 yrs.	Surgeon's certificate of disability. Transferred to Veterau Reserve Corps—, mustered out June 10, 1865, at Washington, D. C.; veteran.
Grassman, Samuel	do	41	July	20, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged May 12, 1862, near Corinth, Miss., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Gorrell, Samuel	do	33	July	20, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged Aug. 1, 1863, at Memphis, Tenn., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Grindley, Henry Gee, John, Jr	do	1	July	19, 1864 20, 1861	3 yrs.	Died Sept. 27, 1864, in hospital at Marietta, Ga. Mustered out Aug. 17, 1864, at Chattanooga, Tenn., on expiration of term of service.
Graden, George	do	24	July	20, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out Aug. 17, 1864, at Chattanooga, Tenn., on expiration of term of service.
Gillispie, James	do	42	July	28, 1862	3 yrs.	Discharged April 11, 1865, by order of War Department.
Hale, Denjamin	1		1	20, 1861	3 yrs.	Died June 3, 1862, in hospital at Farmington Mississippi.
IIill. Jesse	1			20, 1861	3 yrs.	Mississippi.
Hill, BartlettHill, GreenIfale, Perry	do	21 22 20	July Aug. Aug.	20, 1861 2, 1862 31, 1862	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Weteran. No further record found: Mustered out with company July 11, 1865;
Hale, James, Jr	1		Aug.	27, 1862	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 11, 1865; veteran.
Hale, George W	do	25	July	20, 1361	3 yrs.	
Hedger, Amos	do	19	Feb.	3, 1864	3 yrs.	

manager of the state of the sta						
Names.	Rank.	Age.	Date of Entering t Service.	he	Period of Service.	Remarks
Hickman, Martin	Private.	23	Aug. 4, 18	861	3 yrs.	Wounded May 31, 1864, in battle near Dallas, Ga., and sent to hospital: mustered out July 22, 1865, at New York City, by order of War
Huntley, Peter, Sr	do	55	Aug. 27, 18	862	3 yrs.	Department; veteran. Mustered out with company July 11, 1865;
Jenkins, Archibald	do	19	July 20, 18	SG1	3 yrs.	weteran. Mustered out with company July 11, 1865; veteran.
Jenkins, Isaac	do	19	Aug. 5, 18	862	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July II, 1865; veteran.
Jones, Ira	do	20	Feb. 1, 1	862	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 11, 1865; veteran.
Jones, John D		18	Sept. 15, 18	862	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 11, 1865; veteran.
Jones, William. Jones, Jehu Jenes, Daniel Jones, Samuel S	do do do	18 18 18 19	Feb. 5, 18 Feb. 5, 18 Feb. 4, 18 July 20, 18	564 864	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 11, 1865, Mustered out with company July 11, 1865, Died July 19, 1864, at Rome, Ga. Mustered out Aug. 17, 1864, at Chattanooga, Tenn., on expiration of term of service.
Jones, Thomas A	do	25	July 29, 18	861	3 yrs.	Mustered out Aug. 17, 1864, at Chattanooga, Tenn., on expiration of term of service.
Jones, David L	do	25	July 20, 18	861	3 yrs.	Promoted to 1st Lieutenant 9th Louisiana Vol- unteer Infantry July 22, 1864.
Karr, John	do	22	July 20, 18	861	S yrs.	Mustered out Aug. 17, 1864, at Chattanooga, Tenn., on expiration of term of service.
Kelley, James II	do	31	Sept. 11, 18	SG2	3 yrs.	Mustered out May 31, 1865, by order of War Department.
Kellev, John H Keeton, John	do	24	Ang. 30, 18 Jan. 29, 18	862 864	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Mustered out —, 1865, at Camp Dennison, O. Died June 14, 1864, in hospital at Nashville, Tennessee.
Lloyd, Ebenezer Lloyd, Evan J Lambert, Samuel	do	23 20 18	July 20, 18 July 20, 18 July 20, 18	861 861 861	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Discharged Sept. 14, 1863, at Camp Chase, O. Discharged Aug. 25, 1862, at fuka, Miss. Mustered out with company July 11, 1865; veteran.
Lloyd, Thomas H Lemons, John	l.	19 30	Feb. 13, 18 Aug. 1, 18	864 861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 11, 1865. Mustered out Aug. 17, 1864, on expiration of term of service.
McDaniel, John E McDonald, Edward McGinnis, Henry	do do	21 19 24	Aug. 4, 18 Aug. —, 18 July 20, 18	361	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Discharged March 5, 1863, at Keokuk, Iowa.
Mitchell, Amiziah	do	21	July 20, 18	361	3 yrs.	Mustered out Aug. 17, 1864, at Chattanooga,
Montgomery, Hugh	do	18	July 20, 18	861	3 yrs.	Mustered out Aug. 17, 1864, at Chattanooga, Tenn., on expiration of term of service, Mustered out Aug. 17, 1864, at Chattanooga, Tenn on expiration of term of service. Mustered out Aug. 17, 1864, at Chattanooga, Tenn on expiration of term of service. Mustered out Aug. 17, 1864, at Chattanooga, Tenn on expiration of term of service.
Musgrove, Levi S Monk, Robert	do	19 20	Nov. 20, 18 July 20, 18		3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 11, 1865. Mustered out with company July 11, 1865; veteran.
Miller, Harvey V	do		Oct. 1, 18	361	3 yrs.	Died June 15, 1862, in hospital at St. Louis. Missouri.
Morgan, John S	do	20	July 20, 18	3G1	3 yrs.	Died March 13, 1863, in hospital at Corinth, Mississippi.
Musgrove, Jacob R		20	July 20, 18	3G1	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal —; reduced June 1, 1865, at his own request; mustered out with company July 11, 1865; veteran.
Murphy, Samuel McLafferty, James		30 22	July 20, 18 July 20, 18		3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Died Oct. 9, 1862, in hospital at St. Louis, Mo. Mustered out Aug. 17, 1864, on expiration of term of service.
Nutt, Thomas H		20	Aug. 3, 18	361	3 yrs.	Prisoner of war —; discharged Dec. 27, 1861, at St. Louis, Mo.
Oiler, Samuel Potts, William E Pennington, Moses	do	21 25 24	July 20, 18 Oct. 1, 18 July 20, 18	861	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Dled May 15, 1863, in hospital at Memphis,
Pedon, Benjamin C	იი	33	July 20, 18	8G1	3 yrs.	Tennessee. Mustered out Aug. 17, 1864, at Chattanooga.
Pedon, Abraham S	do	27	July 20, 18	861	3 yrs.	Tenn., on expiration of term of service. Mustered out Aug. 17, 1864, at Chattanooga,
Pedon, Joseph	do	27	Aug. 80, 18	862	3 yrs.	Tenn., on expiration of term of service. Mustered out with company July 11, 1865;
Pool, Thaddeus	do	10	July 20, 18	BGI	3 yrs.	veteran. Mustered out with company July 11, 1865;
Potts, Nathan T	do	27	Aug. 27, 18	862	3 yrs.	veteran. Mustered out with company July 11, 1865;
Reed, Thomas J. G	1	1	July 20, 18	861	3 yrs.	Discharged Oct. 1, 1861, at St. Louis, Mo., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Rigdon, Loamma Ruddy, John	1		July 26, 18 July 20, 18	861 861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	No further record found. Transferred to Veteran Reserve Corps Aug. 21, 1863,
Ryan, Thomas	1		July 11, 18 July 20, 18	361 361	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Transferred to Co. B Oct. 1, 1861. Mustered out with company July 11, 1865; veteran.
Seurlock, Hugh A		l	July 20, 18	- 1	3 yrs.	Mustered out Ang. 17, 1864, at Chattanooga, Tenn., on expiration of term of service
Seay, Benjamin	do	44	July 20, 18	861	3 yrs.	Discharged Nov. 22, 1862, at St. Louis, Mo., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.

Names.	Rank.	Age.	Date of Entering the Service.	Period of Service.	Remarks.
Stribbling, William Scott, John	Private	18	Aug. 24, 1861 July 20, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Promoted to Hospital Steward Sept. 1, 1861. Mustered out with company July 11, 1865;
Spencer, George	do	20	July 20, 1861	3 yrs	veteran. Mustered out with company July 11, 1865;
Sims, James. Thomas, Henry Topping, William	do	18 18 26	Feb. 5, 1864 Jan. 25, 1864 July 20, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 11, 1865.
Thomas, David		20	July 20, 1861	3 yrs.	Tenn., on expiration of term of service. Died Nov. 20, 1861, in hospital at Kansas City,
Tolley. Samuel D Vandeuson, Downing	do	34 39	Aug. 4, 1861 July 20, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	
Wishard, James	do	37	Aug. 10, 1862	3 yrs.	Tenn., on expiration of term of service. Mustered out May 31, 1865, by order of War Department.
Walburn, Elisha M Whitt, George			July 20, 1861 Aug. 6, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Died Jan. 13, 1862, in hospital at St. Louis, Mo. Prisoner of war March 28, 1865; discharged June 22, 1865, at Camp Chase, O., by order of
Williams, William J	do	19	July 20, 1861	3 yrs.	War Department; veteran. Mustered out with company July 11, 1865; veteran.
Williams, Joseph J Williams, John E.	do.,	20 18	Feb. 4, 1864 Feb. 4, 1864	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 11, 1865. Wounded July 4, 1864, in battle of Ruff's Mills, Ga.; in hospital —; mustered out July 11.
Washburn, Neal	do	21		3 yrs.	1865, by order of War Department.

COMPANY F.

Mustered in Aug. 2, 1861, at Camp Chase, O., by Howard Stansbury, Captain Topographical Engineers, U. S. A. Mustered out July 11, 1865, at Louisville, Ky., by Wm. H. Carr, Captain 10th Illinois Infantry.

William Wirt Culbertson Cap Isaac N. Gilruth		Aug. 1, 18 July 1, 18		Promoted to 1st Lieutenant Co. K from 2d Lieutenant Feb. 6, 1862; Captain Co. F
R. H. Worth	lo 21	July 27, 18	861 3 yrs.	April 13, 1861; Major Jan. 28, 1865. Promoted from 1st Lieutenant Co. C Jan. 28, 1865; resigned June 16, 1865.
William H. Winters 1st I Jonathan Recs		Aug. 1, 18 July 18, 18		Promoted to Captain Co. I June 16, 1862. Promoted from 2d Lieutenant Co. E June 16, 1862; appointed Adjutant March 31, 1864.
William E. Ells	lo 20	July 18, 18	3 yrs.	
Jonas S. Stukey	10 19	July 26, 18	361 3 yrs.	
Henry W. Diebolt 2d I		June 27, 18	361 3 yrs.	Promoted from 1st Sergeant Co. G Feb. 6, 1862; to 1st Lieutenant Co. A Jan. 1, 1863.
M. D. L. Faverty	lo 24	Aug. 2, 18	61 3 yrs.	
James Skelton 1st 3	Sergt. 24	July 19, 18	861 3 yrs.	
William W. Clark	lo 21	July 19, 18	861 3 yrs.	Mustered as private; appointed 1st Sergeant; killed July 22, 1864, in battle of Atlanta, Ga.; veteran.
John F. Woodruff	lo	Sept. 11, 18	862 3 yrs.	
James H. Fitzer	lo 20	July 19, 18	861 3 yrs.	
Perry Vandervort Serg	geant 18	July 19, 18	361 3 yrs.	
David Sperry	lo 20	July 19, 18	861 3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal March 1, 1864; Sergeant Sept. 1, 1861; mustered out with company July 11, 1865; veteran.
Eli Perry	10 20	July 19, 18	861 3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal March 1, 1864; Sergeant June 1, 1865; mustered out with company July 11, 1865; veteran.
Stephen E. Niceswanger	lo., 35	Aug. 31, R	362 3 yrs.	
Coleman Henthorn	lo 27	July 19, 18	861 3 yrs.	
Junius Andrew	10 20	July 19, 18	561 3 yrs.	Appointed from —; mustered out Aug. 18, 1864, at Chattanooga, Teun. on expiration of term of service.

Na nes	Rank.	Age.	Enteri	e of ing the vice.	Period of Service.	Remarks.
John Stre p Archibald illand	Sergeantdo		Aug.	2, 1861 2, 1861	S yrs.	On muster-in roll, but no further record found. Mustered as private: appointed Sergeent —; died July 28, 1864, in Rebel Prison at Ander-
Thomas Myers	do	21	July	19, 1861	3 yrs.	sonville, Ga. Mustered as private; appointed Sergeant —; died April 25, 1865, at Newbern, of wounds received April 19, 1865, in action at Benton- ville; veteran.
Finley C. McGrew	do	27	July	19, 1861	3 yrs.	Promoted to 2d Lieutenant Co. X June 25, 1862.
James Boynton	do	21	July	19, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged Oct. 1, 1863, by order of War Department.
Isaac R. Lacroix Jonathan A. Hunt,	do Corporal	21 23		19, 1861 19, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Died Aug. 21, 1862, in hospital at Iuka, Miss. Appointed Corporal Jan. 1, 1864; mustered out with company July 11, 1865; yeteran.
Hamilton Harparee	do	23	July	19, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal Jan. 1, 1864; mustered out with company July 11, 1865; veteran.
William II. Glandon	do	24	July	19, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal Sept. 1, 1864; mustered out with company July 11, 1865; veteran.
Francis M. French		18	July	19, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal June 1, 1865; mustered out with company July 11, 1865, veteran.
William H. Fitzer	do	19	Feb.	18, 1864	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal June 1, 1865; mustered out with company July 11, 1865.
James L. Adams	do	18	Feb.	19, 1864	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal June 1, 1865; mustered out with company July 11, 1865.
John Hanthorn	do	27	July	19, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out Aug. 18, 1864, at Chattanooga Tenn., on expiration of term of service.
Amos Webb	do	31	July	19, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal ——; mustered out Aug. 18, 1861, at Chattanooga, Tenn., on expiration of term of service.
James Sullivau		40	July	19, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged Oct. 15, 1862, at Jackson, Tenn., or Surgeon's certificate of disability.
John Murphy		21		19, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal —; discharged Jan. 27, 1864, at Camp Dennison, O., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Emory Eakins	do	18 33	July	19, 1861 19, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Discharged Dec. 23, 1861, at St. Louis, Mo. Discharged Sept. 9, 1862, at Camp Dennison O., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Henry N. Davidson William R. Harparee	do	26 23		19, 1861 19, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal —; killed July 22, 1864
John Hamilton	Musician	31	July	19, 1861	S yrs.	
Thomas J. Backus Allen, Caleb	Wagoner. Private	44 26	July July	19, 1861 19, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	veteran. Discharged Dec. 23, 1861, at St. Louis, Mo. Mustered out with company July 11, 1865 veteran.
Andrew, Dennis F Akers, Thomas				20, 1864 19, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 11, 1865.
Adams, John W Andrews, John II Blankenship, William F.	do do	37	Feb. Feb. July	24, 1864 21, 1864 19, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	No further record found. Killed July 22, 1864, in battle of Atlanta, Ga.
Bass, Joseph. Bolen, Henry. Blankenship, Beverly Blankenship, Madison Bolt. Thomas D. Barrett, James.	do do do	33 30 21	Feb. July July July July	5, 1864 19, 1861 19, 1861 19, 1861 19, 1861 30, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Died Nov. 19, 1861, at Sedalia, Mo. Died Jan. 1, 1862, at St. Louis, Mo.
Bass, John	do		Sept.	11, 1862 19, 1861	3 yrs.	
Belcher, John	do	20	July	19, 1861	3 yrs.	
Bowen, John	do	24	July	19, 1861	3 yrs.	
Boggs, Elanthan H	1	1	Sept.	11, 1862	3 yrs.	
Blake, Peter W	do	23	Sept.	13, 1862	3 yrs.	
Brandy, William Brooks, James M	do	27 18	Aug. Feb.	19, 1862 27, 1864	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	
Bowls, John	do		Aug.	28, 1862	3 yrs.	1865. Discharged Oct. 29, 1864, at Atlanta, Ga.
Bolt, David J	60		Aug.	2, 1861	3 yrs.	veteran.
Boyles, Thomas J				19, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out Aug. 18, 1864, at Chattanooga
Blair John	do	25		19, 1861	3 yrs.	Tenn., on expiration of term of service.
Baker, Nieholas	do	28		19, 1861	S yrs.	Tenn., on expiration of term of service.
Barnett, Andrew H	do	25		19, 1861	3 yrs.	Tenu., on expiration of term of service.

Names.	Rank.	Age.	Date of Entering the Service.	Period of Service.	Remarks.
Brandaw, George Banner, Christopher	Private	19 21	Feb. 24, 1864 July 19, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 11, 1865. Mustered out Aug. 18, 1864, at Chattanooga,
Clark, Killian		21	July 19, 1861	3 yrs.	Tenn., on expiration of term of service. Mustered out Aug. 18, 1861, at Chattanooga
Collins, John II	do	24	July 19, 1861	3 yrs.	Tenn., on expiration of term of service. Mustered out Aug. 18, 1864, at Chattanooga,
Cartwright, Cyrus	do	18	July 19, 1861	3 yrs.	Tenn., on expiration of term of service. Mustered out Jan. 16, 1865, on expiration of
Currington, Hiram B	do	19	July 19, 1861	3 yrs.	term of service. Mustered out with company July 11, 1865; veteran.
Cremans, John G	do	19	July 19, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 11, 1865; veteran.
Cox. Crocket		20	July 19, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged Nov. 10, 1862, at Evansville, Ind., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Connell, William Chaney, Thomas	do	45 18	July 19, 1861 July 19, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Discharged Dec. 23, 1861, at St. Louis, Mo. Discharged Sept. 11, 1861, at Camp Fremont, Mo., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Collier, James Currington, James	do	24 28	July 19, 1861 July 19, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Veteran. Killed July 22, 1864, in battle of Atlanta. Ga,:
Clark, Jacob G	do	18	July 19, 1861	3 yrs.	veteran. Killed June 24, 1861, in action at Kenesaw Mountain, Ga.; veteran.
Delaney, Patrick		26	July 19, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out Aug 18, 1864, at Chattanooga, Tenn., on expiration of term of service.
Delaney, William Dunn, Enos	do	41 25	Aug. 27, 1862 July 19, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Discharged Jan. 10, 1863, at Evansville, Ind., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Davis, W. E French, Joseph.	do	25 21	July 19, 1861 July 19, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out Aug. 18, 1861, at Chattanooga,
Fitzer, John	do do	18 18 23	Feb. 5, 1861 Mch. 4, 1864 July 19, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Tenn., on expiration of term of service. Mustered out with company July 11, 1865. Mistered out with company July 11, 1865. Discharged Oct. 7, 1861, at Kansas City, Mo., on
Gililand, Jacob	do	21	Гев. 18, 1864	3 yrs.	Surgeon's certificate of disability. Wounded Aug. 6, 1864, in battle near Atlanta, Ga.; in hospital —, at Gallipolis, O.; mus- tered out July 11, 1865, by order of War De-
Grant, Uriah	do, do, do, do, do,	33 25 22 22 23 33 23	Feb. 27, 1864 Sept. 1, 1862 Aug. 27, 1862 July 19, 1861 Feb. 27, 1864 Feb. 10, 1864 July 19, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 11, 1865. Mustered out with company July 11, 1865. Sent to hospital at Kingston, Ga., May 22, 1864. Died March 12, 1862, in hospital at Louisville,
Henson, Alfred Hunter, Samuel H	do	18 22	July 19, 1861 July 19, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Kentucky. Discharged Dec. 5, 1862, at St. Louis, Mo., on
Henchman, John W Hammonds, Robert Hush, Henry	do do	20 18	July 19, 1861 July 19, 1861 Feb. 21, 1864	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Surgeon's certificate of disability. Died Oct. 14, 1861, at Fort Leavenworth, Kan, Died Nov. 18, 1862, at Jackson, Tenn, Discharged May 3, 1865, at Troy. N.Y., by order
Hoppis, Andrew	do	21	July 10, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged —, on expiration of term of ser-
Imes, Hiram G	do do	20 19 21	Feb. 17, 1864 Feb. 17, 1864 Aug. 2, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 11, 1865. Mustered out with company July 11, 1865. Dropped from the company rolls April 6, 1864.
Kirby, Thomas J	do	:'s	Sept. 11, 1862	3 yrs.	Cause not given. Mustered out with company July 11, 1865;
Linegar, Charles M	do		Oct. 8, 1862	3 yrs.	Fransferred to Veteran Reserve Corps Aug. 18, 1861: displayed Sont 7, 1865
Lambert, John			Sept. 11, 1862	3 yrs.	1861; discharged Sept. 7, 1865. Mustered out with company July 11, 1865; veteran.
Lewis, Samuel	do		July 19, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged March 4, 1863, at Keokuk, la., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Markin, John W			July 19, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 11, 1865; veteran.
Maloy, Patrick			July 19, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 11, 1865; veteran.
McDonald, Franklin			Sept. 11, 1862	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 11, 1885;
McLaughlin, Robert			July 19, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged Sept. 10, 1861, at St. Louis, Mo., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Massey, William C Miller, Henry	1	1	July 19, 1861 July 19, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Discharged Sept. 10, 1861, at St. Louis, Mo., on Surgeon's certificate of disability. Died Dec. 29, 1862, at St. Louis, Mo. Discharged Nov. 24, 1861, at Sedalia, Mo., or Surgeon's certificate of disability.
McKinney, James K McGill, Reese	do		Aug. 29, 1862 Aug. 28, 1862	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Died Jan. 17, 1865, of wounds received Jan. 14.
Martin, Richard			Aug. 27, 1862	3 yrs.	1865, in action at Hilton Head, S. C.; veteran. Died Aug. 11, 1861, in hospital 1st Division, 17th
McMulliu, John	1	4	July 19, 1861	3 yrs.	Army Corps. Mustered out Ang. 18 1864, at Chattanooga, Tenn., on expiration of term of service.

Names.	Rank.	Age.	Date Enterit Serv	ng the	Period of Service.	Remarks
Moseman, Hartley McMullin, William	Private	25 22	Aug. 2 July 1	5, 1862 9, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 11, 1865 Mustered out Aug. 18, 1864, at Chattanooga, Tenn., on expiration of term of service.
McFann, Demetrius H	do	23	Aug, 2	25, 1862	3 yrs.	Promoted to 2d Lieutenant April 28, 1864, but assignment not found; 1st Lieutenaut Co G June 27, 1864
Nurse, Mareellus, Noble, William Pierce, Vinton	do		Aug. 1 Sept. 1 July 1	1, 1862	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Died Nov. 5, 1862, at Grand Junction, Tenn. Mustered out Aug. 18, 1864, at Chattomooga. Tenn., on expiration of term of service.
Platt, Alonzo	do	19	July 1	19, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out Jan. 16, 1865, on expiration of term of service.
Price, John	do	20	July 1	19, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 11, 1865; veteran.
Price, Smith	do	24	July 1	19, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 11, 1865; veteran.
Perry, James	do	19	Feb.	3, 1864	3 yrs.	Sick July 7, 1865, in hospital at Louisville, Ky: mustered out July 11, 1865, by order of War Department.
Phelps, Abraham Rodgers, William R		19 35		27, 1864 28, 1862	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 11, 1865. Mustered out with company July 11, 1865; yeteran.
Reamy, Alvey Raveneraft, William H	do	23	Feb.	5, 1864 5, 1864	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 11, 1865. Died March 9 1864, in hospital at Pulaski, Tennessee.
Richendollar, James	do	18	July 1	19, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out Aug. 18, 1864. at Chattanooga, Tenn., on expiration of term of service.
Riggs, Washington J	do	25	July 1	19, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out Aug. 18, 1864, at Chattannoga, Tenn., on expiration of term of service.
Redding, Joseph	do	37	July 1	19, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged July 1, 1862, at Corinth, Miss., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Riggs, Harrison,	do	19	July 1	19, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged April 8, 1863, for wounds received
Razor, Harmon	do		July 1	H9, 1861	3 yrs.	Oct. 4, 1862, in battle of Corinth, Miss. Discharged —, by order of War Department;
Riley, John	do		July 1	19, 1861	3 yrs.	veteran. Died March 1, 1865, at Columbus, O.; buried in
Sites, David E	do	20	July 1	19, 1861	3 yrs.	Green Lawn Cemetery, grave No. 267. Mustered out with company July 11, 1865;
Sperry, William E	do	18	July 1	19, 1861	3 yrs.	veteran. Mustered out with company July 11, 1865;
Smith, JosephShrob, John	do	24 28	Aug. 2		3 yrs. 3 yrs.	weteran. Mustered out with company July 11, 1265. Mustered out Aug. 18, 1864, at Chattanooga,
Smith, Morgan	do	18	July 1	19, 1861	3 yrs.	Tenn., on expiration of term of service. Mustered out Aug. 18, 1864, at Chattanooga,
Snediger, William Scott, Robert	do	44 22	July 1		3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Tenn., on expiration of term of service. Discharged Dec. 23, 1861, at St. Louis, Mo. Discharged Feb. 21, 1862, at St. Louis, Mo., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Scott, AbramTurvey, John	do	18 32	July 1		3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 11, 1865; veteran.
Thompson, George W	do	21	Sept. 1	11, 1862	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 11, 1855 veteran.
Vires, James	do		July 1 July 1		3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Discharged Dec. 23, 1861, at St. Louis, Mo. Discharged Feb. 27, 1862, at St. Louis, Mo., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Ward, Peter	do	27	July 1	19, 1861	3 yrs.	Killed March 13, 1862, in action at New Mad- rid, Mo.
Williams, Philip H	do	25	July 1	19, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 11, 1865:
Worthington, James S	do	22	Aug. 2	28, 1862	3 yrs.	Veteran. Mustered out with company July 11, 1865; veteran.

COMPANY G.

Mustered in Aug. 14, 1861, at Camp Chase, O., by Howard Stansbury, Captain Topographical Engineers, U. S. A Mustered out July 11, 1865, at Louisville, Ky., by Wm. H. Carr, Captain 10th Illinois Infantry.

Frank Lynch	Captain.	24	Aug.	14, 1861		Promoted to Lieut. Colonel March 3, 1864. but not mustered: mustered out May 20, 1865.
Henry A. Webb George W. Young	1st Lieut.	33 22	Aug. July	14, 1861 20, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	wounded July 22, 1864. Killed Oct. 4, 1862, in battle of Corinth, Miss. Promoted to 2d Lieutenant from 1st Sergeant Co. D March 31, 1862; 1st Licutenant Oct. 4,
Demetrius II. McFann	do	23	Aug.	28, 1862	3 yrs.	1862; Major 7th Regt. U.S. Colored Troops Dec. 8, 1863; wounded at Corinth, Oct. 4, 1862. Promoted to 1st Lleutenant from private Co.
James Dixon		20	Aug.	,	3 yrs.	F June 27, 1864 Captain Co. 1 Nov. 2, 1864. Promoted from 1st Sergeant Co. 1 June 6, 1865; mustered out with company July 11 1866
Edward Gibson	2d Lieut.	24	July	14, 1861	3 yrs.	Promoted to 1st Lieutenant Co. D March 31, 1862.

		1		ان ق	
Names.	Rank.	Age.	Date of Entering the Service.	Period of Service.	Remarks,
				231	
Charles Staten	1st Sergt.	20	Aug. 3, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal Jan. 1, 1864; Sergeant Dee 10, 1864; 1st Sergeant May 27, 1865; mustered out with company July 11, 1865; veteran.
Edward A. Webb	do	22	July 27, 1861	3. yrs.	wounded at Corinth, Miss., Oct. 4, 1862.
John A. Graham	do	21	Aug. 3, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed from Corporal —; promoted to 2d Lieutenant Co. E June 27, 1864; veteran. Appointed from Sergeant —; promoted to
Charles H. Smith	do	23	July 27, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed from Sergeant —; promoted to 1st Lieutenant Co. C Jan. 28, 1865; veteran. Appointed from Sergeant —; promoted to
Henry W. Diebolt		20	July 27, 1861	3 yrs,	Appointed from Sergeant —; promoted to 2d Lieutenant Co. B Nov. 2, 1862. Appointed from Sergeant —; promoted to 2d
Chester F. Griffith		17	July 27, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed from Sergeant —: promoted to 2d Lieutenant Co. F Feb. 6, 1862. Appointed Corporal Jan. 1, 1864; Sergean Aug. 1, 1864; mustered out with company July 11, 1865; veteran; wounded Oct. 4, 1862; Covinth Mice
					Aug. 1, 1864; mustered out with communy July 11, 1865; veteran; wounded Oct. 4, 1862;
John Brennis	do	18	July 27, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal Jan. 1, 1864: Sergeant June 1, 1865; mustered out with company
John Laton	do	19	Aug. 3, 1861	3 yrs.	July 11, 1865; veteran; wounded at Corinth, Miss., Oct. 4, 1862. Appointed Corporal Jan. 1, 1864; Sergeant July 1, 1865; mustered out with company July 11 1865; veteran.
William B. Atwell	do	18	July 27, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed from Corporal to Sergeant' killed July 4, 1864; in battle of Nickajack Creek, Ga.; veteran.
Nathan F. Madigan	do	25	July 27, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered as private; appointed Sergeaut — promoted to Sergt. Major March 50, 1865
Gilbert M. Jacobs	do.,	18	July 27, 1861	3 yrs.	weteran; died 1905, Mustered as private, appointed Sergeant promoted to Q. M. Sergeant March 50, 1865;
George Small	do	24	July 27, 1861	3 yrs.	veteran. Appointed from Corporal —; transferred to Veteran Reserve Corps Jan. 10,1863, at Camp Dennison, O.; wounded at Corinth, Miss.
James M. Dunlap	Corporal	30	July 28, 1862	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal —; mustered out with
James Colley	do	19	Aug. 3, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal—; mustered out with company July 11, 1865; veteran. Appointed Corporal July 1, 1865; mustered
Asa Radway	do	18	July 27, 1861	3 yrs.	out with company July 11, 1865; veteran. Appointed Corporal July 1, 1865; mustered out with company July 11, 1865; veteran;
Michael Sneider	do	19	July 27, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Cornoral July 1, 1865 mustered
Thomas J. Plummer	do	26	July 28, 1861	3 yrs.	out with company July 11, 1865; veteran. Appointed Corporal—; killed June 27, 1864,
John R. Cheek	do	21	Aug. 19, 1861	3 yrs.	at Kenesaw Mt., Ga. veteran; Appointed Corporal: died Aug 28, 1864 in hospital at Marietta Ga., of gunshot wound: veteran.
Chas. Staten		21 27	Aug. 19, 1881 Aug. 30, 1862	3 yrs. 3 yrs	Appointed Corporal discharged June 17 1865, at Washington, D. C., by order of Wat Department.
H. R. Worth	Musician do	19 15, 17 32 15	July 27, 1861 Feb. 15, 1864 Feb. 15, 1864 July 27, 1861 July 27, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Promoted to Com. Sergeant May 1, 1862. Mustered out with company July 11, 1865. Mustered out with company July 11, 1865. Promoted to Principal Musician May 1, 1862. Discharged Aug. 2, 1862, at Clear Creek, Miss.
Francis Gottka	1		July 27, 1861	3 yrs.	on Surgeon's certificate of disability. Mustered out Aug. 18, 1861, at Chautineoga.
Anderson, William B		1	July 27, 1861	3 yrs.	Teun., on expiration of term of service. Discharged Aug. 25, 1862, at Clear Creek, Miss.
Bayman, Charles		1	Aug. 3, 1861	3 yrs.	on Surgeon's certificate of disability. Mustered out with company July 11, 1865.
	do	1	Aug. 3, 1861	3 yrs.	veteran. Mustered out with company July 11, 1865:
Beeman, John H		22	July 27, 1861	3 yrs.	veteran. Siek —, in hospital at Buffalo, N. Y., mus- tered out July 11, 1865, by order of War De-
Brennies. George W	do	20 28	Jan. 27, 1861 Aug. 3, 1861	3 yrs.	partment; veteran; wounded July 22, 1864. Mustered out with company July 11, 1865. Mustered out Aug 18, 1861, at Chettanooga
Bowen, Henry	do	18	Aug. 3, 1861	3 yrs.	Team, on expiration of term of service. Discharged Ang 25, 1862, at Clear Crock, Mission Supremple and for the deliability.
Brown, John	.do .do	20 18	July 27, 1861 July 27, 1861	3 yrs 3 yrs.	on Surgeon's certificate or disability. Discharged — for wounds received Oct.
Call, Jeremiah .	.do	21	Aug 3, 1861	3 yrs.	1862, in battle of Cerinth, Miss Mustered out Aug. 18, 1864, at Chartanes a
Cable, Sylvanus .		25	Aug 3, 1861	3 yrs	Tenn., on expiration of term of service Mustered out Aug. 18, 1863, at Chartageoga
Call, Robert		18	Aug 3, 1861	3 yrs	Captured Nov 5, 1861, at Little Blue., Mo., dis-
Canter. Leonard Cartwright, Joseph	.do	28 31	Aug. 3, 1861 Aug. 3, 1861	3 yrs	Teun., on expiration of term of service. Teun., on expiration of term of service. Captured Nov. 5, 1861, at Little Blue., Mo., discharged Dec. 23, 1861, at Sedalia, Mo. Captured Nov. 5, 1861, at Little Plus., Mo., discharged Dec. 23, 1861, at Little Plus., Mo., discharged Dec. 23, 1861, at Sedalia, Mo.
Cook, James Dunkle Lawson	do	25 27	Aug. 3, 1861 Aug. 3, 1861	3 yrs.	Captured Nov. 5, 1861, at Little Blue, Mo., dis- charged Dec. 22, 1861, at Sedalia, Mo., by order of War Department.

Names.	Rank	A20.	Date of Entering the service	Period of Service.	Remarks.
	==				The state of the s
Oillon, John			Aug. 27, 1861		Discharged June 10, 1862, at Fort Leavenworth, Kan., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Davis Miltor		19	July 27, 1861		Discharged Jan 16, 1862, at Mound City, Ill. on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Donahoe, Charles		:36	Aug. 3, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 11, 1865; veteran.
Dawson, James B			July 27, 1861		Killed Feb. 27, 1865, in action near Cheraw. S. C.: yeteran.
Evans, Henry J			Aug. 3, 1861	3 yrs.	'Mustered out with company July 11, 1865; veteran.
Edwards, William Enochs, Elisha	do	19 29	July 27, 1861 Aug. 3, 1861	3 yrs.	(Transferred to Veteran Reserve Corps Aug. 21,
Fox John	aa	18	Aug 1, 1861	3 yrs.	Sick — in hospital at Cincinnati, O., mus- tered out July 14, 1865, by order of War De-
Fisher Charles V Enllertou, James H	do	38 27	Dec. 10, 1862 Aug. 3, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs	partment: veteran. Mustered out with company July 11 1865 Mustered out Aug 18, 1864, at Chattanooga.
Faulkner, JohnFox, Christian		21	Aug. 3, 1861 Aug. 3, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Tenn., on expiration of term of service. Discharged Jan. 16, 1862, at St. Louis, Mo. Discharged April 21, 1862, at St. Louis, Mo., on
Gould. Orin B		30	July 27, 1861	3 yrs.	Surgeon's certificate of disability. Discharged April 19, 1864, at Columbus, O., for wounds received Oct. 4, 1862, in battle of
Grover, Isaiah	do	30 18	Aug. 3, 1861 July 27, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Corinth, Miss. Died March 11, 1862, at New Madrid, Mo. Discharged March 2, 1863, at Keokuk, la., to culist in Mississippi Marine Brigade.
Hamner John C	do	21	Aug. 3, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July H, 1865; veteran.
Harpel Philip R	do	19	July 27, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 11, 1865; veteran wounded at Corinth, Miss.
Herbst, Henry	do	30 24	Aug. 19. 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 11, 1865;
Hill, William RHall, Taylor D	do	18	July 28, 1862 July 27, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 11, 1865; Died April 9, 1863, at Berlin X Roads, O. Discharged Dec. 23, 1861, at Sedalia, Mo., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Hefflin, Thomas	do	18	Aug. 19, 1861	3 yrs.	Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Hine, Jame's M. Johnson, Joseph Jaynes, William.	do	30 37 19	July 27, 1861 Feb. 5, 1864 Aug. 3, 1861	3 yrs,	
Johnson, Nieholas Johnson, Otto Johnson, Thomas	do do	27 28 15	Aug. 3, 1862 Feb. 12, 1864 July 27, 1861	3 yrs.	Died Aug. 23, 1864, at Marietta, Ga.; veterau. Mustered out Aug. 18, 1864, at Chattanooga.
Jeukins, William J	,do	22	Aug. 3, 1861	3 yrs.	Tenn., on expiration of term of service: Mustered out Aug. 18, 1864, at Chattabooga
Javnes, Andrew J Joseph, George W	do	21	Aug. 3, 1861 July 27, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Tenu., on expiration of term of service Died June 13, 1862, at Corinth. Miss. Discharged Aug. 11 1862, at Columbus, O., on
Littlejohn, William	1		Aug. 13, 1862	3 yrs.	Discharged Aug. 11 4862, at Columbus, O., on Surgeon's certificate of disability. Discharged April 8, 1865, at U. S. General Hos-
Lane, Jacob	do	18	July 27, 1861	3 yrs.	
Ladley, James E,	1		July 27, 1861	3 yrs.	Surgeon's certificate of disability. Captured Nov. 5, 1861, at Little Blue, Mo.; dis-
Laut. Jacob	do	18 18	July 27, 1861 Aug. 3, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 11, 1865:
Mercer, John W McDaniels, Joseph McFarran, Andrew J	do	18 19	July 27, 1861 Feb. 3, 1864	S Vrs.	veterau. Mustered out with company July 11, 1865.
		1	July 28, 1861		Creek, Ga.
Willer, Sebastian		1	July 27, 1861		Teun., on expiration of term of service.
Mohn. Robert M		İ	Dec. 9, 1862		O., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Myers, Elbridge		1	July 27, 1861	1	L charged Dec 22 1861
McPherson, Jeremiah T			July 27, 1861		1862, in battle of Corinth, Miss.
MeKnight, William			Aug. 3, 1861		charged Dec. 23, 1861.
Mayland, William		1	July 27, 1861		Tenni, on expiration of term of service.
Neville, Patrick Ovens, Henry Polls, Abraham W	do	19 20	July 27, 1861 Aug. 3, 1861 Aug. 3, 1861	3 yrs. 13 yrs. 13 yrs.	Died Feb. 28, 1863, at Corinth, Miss.
Pool, Aaron	do	45	Aug. 3, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged June 9, 1862, at St. Louis, Mo., on
Parson. Henry Parker William	do	21	July 27, 1861 June 27, 1861	3 yrs.	Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Permely Henry C			July 27, 1861		Discharged Oct. 5. 1861, at Kansas City, Mo., on Surgeon's certificate of disability. Promoted to Principal Musician Nov. 1, 1862.
	11		1	, 10,	Tomored to Timerpar Musician Nov. 1, 1802.

Na mes	Rank.	, A 300.	Enter	ite of ring the rvice.	Period of Service.	Remarks.
Palmer, Benjamin F Patten, George W.		25 32	July Aug.	27, 1861 3, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Discharged Oct. 22, 1862, at Corinth, Miss., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Perry, Samuel Perry, Lafayette	do	21 18	Aug. Aug.	3, 1861 3, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Died Oct. 12, 1861, at Fort Leavenworth, Kan. Captured Nov. 5, 1861, at Little Blue, Mo.: dis- charged Dec. 23, 1861.
Rathburn, George W Raybor, Uriah		20 25		27, 1861 3, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Discharged July 29, 1862, at Columbus, O. Discharged Jan. 23, 1862, at Sedalia, Mo., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Robb, James M	do		Aug.	19, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged June 19, 1863, at St. Louis, Mo., to enlist in Mississippi Marine Brigade.
Summers, Heury M	do	22	Aug.	11, 1862	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 11, 1865; veteran.
Sells, Herman Sheppard, John Shuff, John Shuck, John L	do	21 21 18 18	Dec. Feb. Aug. July	5, 1862 8, 1864 3, 1861 27, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 11, 1864 Died June 15, 1864, at Nashville, Tenn. Discharged May 25, 1865, at U. S. Hospital.
Shaffer, David	đo	-30	July	27, 1861 .	3 yrs.	at Cumberland, Md., on Surgeon's certifi- cate of disability; veteran. Mustered out Aug. 18, 1861, at Chattanooga, Tenn. on expiration of term of service.
Sfeward, James M	do	24	Aug.	3, 1861	3 yrs.	wounded at Corinth, Miss. Mustered out Aug. 18, 1864, at Chattanooga, Tenn., on expiration of term of service.
Sweet, Joseph F	do	28	Aug.	3, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out Aug. 18, 1864, at Chattanooga, Tenn., on expiration of term of service.
Scott, John W		18	July	27, 1861	3 yrs.	Captured Nov. 5, 1861, at Little Blue Mo.; discharged Dec. 23, 1861.
Smith, Kilbourn	do	27	Aug.	3, 1861	3 yrs.	Captured Nov. 5, 1861, at Little Blue, Mo.; discharged Dec. 23, 1861.
Stanley, John A	do		Aug.	27, 1862	3 yrs.	Died Feb. 18, 1863, on cars between Columbus, O., and Jackson, O.
Thomas, James R		1	July	27, 1861	3 yrs.	Transferred to Veteran Reserve Corps Jan. 7, 1865; veteran; wounded at Corinth. Miss.
Turner, Samuel Varigan, John	do	20 30	Aug.	3, 1861 28, 1862	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Killed Oct. 4, 1862, in battle of Corinth, Miss. Mistered out with company July 11, 1865;
Wilson Alexander	do	41	Aug.	3, 1861	B yrs.	Wustered out with company July 11, 1865;
Wilson, Henry	do	26	Aug.	3, 1861	3 yrs.	veteran: wounded at Corinth. Miss. Died Feb. 17, 1863, at Jackson, Tenn., of wounds received Oct. 4, 1862, in buttle of
Wringley, ames	∴doî	19	'Aug.	3, 1861	3 yrs.	Corinth, Miss. Captured Nov. 5, 1861, at Little Blue, Mo.; dis- charged Dec. 23, 1861.

COMPANY H.

Mustered in Aug. 14, 1861, at Camp Chase, O., by Howard Stansbury, Captain Topographical Engineers, U. S. A. Mustered out July 11, 1865, at Louisville, Ky., by Wm. H. Carr, Captain 10th Illinois Infantry.

William Sayers	Cantain.	36	Ang.	14, 1861	3 yrs.	Resigned March 30, 1862.
Samuel Thomas		21		6, 1861	3 yrs.	Promoted from 1st Lieutenant Co. E March 31.
					3 3 2 2 7	1862; to Lieut. Colonel 64th U. S. Colored
						Troops Oct. 9, 1863.
James II. Boggis	ao	28	Dec.	13, 1861	3 yrs	Transferred from Co. A July 2, 1864; mustered
32					•	out Dec. 19, 1864, on expiration of term of
						service.
'Stephen Allison.:	do.`	23	July	20, 1861	3 yrs.	Promoted from 1st Lieutenant Co. E May 11,
	1					1865; mustered out with company July 11,
******						1865.
William E Johnston		25		14, 1861	3 yrs.	
Luther M. Meily	ao	19	July	10, 1861	3 yrs.	
	1					1862; to Captain Aug. 11, 1864, but not mus
						tered; mustered out Nov. 9, 1864, on expiration of term of service.
Robert A. Biggadike	do	21	Tailar	11, 1861	27 77 90	Promoted from Sergeant ('o. B Jan. 28, 1865
Robert A. Diggadike		-1	July	11, 1001	3 yrs.	appointed Adjutant June 3, 1865.
Nathan F. Madigan	do	25	Inly	27, 1861	3 vrs	Promoted from Sergt. Major June 6, 1865; mus
		-	4 (11)	21, 1001	0 3.0.	tered out with company July 11, 1865,
James P. Simpson	2d Lieut.	23	July	14, 1861	3 yrs.	Promoted to 1st Lieutenant Co. C May 26, 1862.
David H. Moore	db	21	July	20, 1861	3 yrs.	Promoted from Q. M. Sergeant May 17, 1862; to
			•		*	1st Lieutenant and Regt. Quartermaster Nov.
						2, 1862.
George S. Spaulding				4, 1862	3 yrs.	Resigned April 1, 1864.
Ellwood B. Temple	do	21	July	11, 1861	3 yrs.	Promoted from Sergt. Major May 9, 1864; to 1st
						Lieutenant July 13, 1864, but not mustered;
Onlin I Polderin	7 t C m . t	10	A	10 1001		mustered out Oct. 14, 1864.
Orlin J. Baldwin	ist sergt.	19	Aug.	13, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered as private; appointed 1st Sergeant
						: promoted to 1st Lieutenant Co. B May 31, 1865; veteran.
John W. Fauble	oh	26	. A 110	13 1861	3 tre	Appointed from Corporal —; mustered out
o man or a condition of the control of the condition of t		-0	rug.	10, 1001	0 , 13.	with company July 11, 1865; veteran.
						with company out, 11, 1005, veterall.

Names.	Rank.	Age.	Date of Entering the Service.	Period of Service,	Remarks.
Vernon K. Kelly	1st Sergt.	25	Aug. 13, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered as private; appointed 1st Sergeant —; mustered out Aug. 13, 1864, on expira-
Henry W. Higgins	Sergeant	27	Aug. 30, 1862	3 yrs.	tion of term of service. Mustered as private; appointed Sergeant—: sick Jan. 13, 1865, in hospital at Beaufort, S. C., mustered out July 11, 1865, by order
Isaac Chance	do	19	Aug. 13, 1861	3 yrs.	of War Department; veteran. Mnstered as private; appointed Sergeant —; mustered out with company July 11, 1865; veteran.
Francis Dooley	do	19	Aug. 13, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed from Corporal: mustered out
Benjamin Beeson		22	Aug. 13, 1861	3 yrs.	ment Brigade Head-quarters; promoted to 1st Lieutenant Co. A, 106th U. S. Colored Troops —; veteran.
Newton H. Ervin	do	21	Aug. 13, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed from Corporal —; promoted to Com. Sergeant Aug. 4, 1864; veteran.
Cyrus Johnsou Thomas A. Walker	do	26 25	Aug. 13, 1861 Aug. 13, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Mustered as private: appointed Sergeant—; promoted to 2d Lieutenant Co. D July 16, 1862.
Thomas M. Elliott	do	28	Aug. 13, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered as private; appointed Sergeant—; promoted to Captain 9th Louisiana Volunteer Infantry Jan. 14, 1864.
Sorency B. Guthrie	Corporal	21	Aug. 13, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 11, 1865; veteran.
Henry H. Drury	do	25	Aug. 25, 1862	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal: mustered out with
Benjamin J. Davidson	do	23	Aug. 25, 1862	3 yrs.	company July 11, 1865; veteran. Appointed Corporal—; mustered out with
Alfred Seurlock	do	34	Aug. 19, 1862	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal—; mustered out with company July 11, 1865; veteran. Appointed Corporal—; mustered out July 11, 1865, by order of War Department; veteran.
William H. Pricer	do	21	Aug. 13, 1861	3 yrs.	Wounded Oct. 4, 1862, in battle of Corinth, Miss.; appointed Corporal —; mustered out with company July 11, 1865; veteran. Appointed Corporal are: mustered out with
Oliver Woodmansee	do	27	Aug. 31, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal —; mustered out with company July 11, 1865; veteran.
Thomas L. Davidson	do	22	Aug. 25, 1862	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal—; discharged June 26, 1865, at Camp Dennison, O., on Surgeon's certificate of disability; veteran.
James A. Tulleys	do	20	Aug., 13, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out Aug. 13, 1864, on expiration of term of service.
William S. Seal	do	19	Aug. 13, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal; mustered out Aug.
Lewis S. Rowe	do	23	Aug. 13, 1861	3 yrs.	13, 1864, on expiration of term of service. Appointed Corporal — ; mustered out Aug.
William W. Adams	do		Aug. 13, 1861	3 yrs.	13, 1864, on expiration of term of service. Appointed Corporal —; mustered out Aug.
Thomas Beeson	do do	21	Aug. 13, 1861 Aug. 13, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	13, 1864, on expiration of term of service. Died Dec. 26, 1861, in hospital at St. Louis, Mo. Appointed Corporal —; captured Nov. 14, 1861, at Little Blue, Mo.; discharged Dec. 22, 1861.
Abraham Conler Hugh Ralston	do Musician	i9	Aug. 13, 1861 Aug. 13, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal —. Mustered out July 11, 1865, by order of War Department; veteran.
John Q A. Buck	do	34	Aug. 13, 1861	3 yrs.	Promoted to 1st Lieutenant 9th Louisiana In-
Aldridge, Stephen	Private	26	Aug. 27, 1862	3 yrs.	fantry Oct. 31, 1863. Mustered out July 11, 1865, by order of War
Antrim, John W	do	25	Jan. 23, 1864	3 yrs.	Department: veteran. On detached duty —, in Pioneer Corps, 1st Division, 17th Army Corps; mustered out July 11, 1865, by order of War Department.
Adams, Peter Adams, Charles W	do	18 21	Aug. 22, 1863 Aug. 13, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Captured Nov. 14, 1861, at Little Blue, Mo.;
Adams, James	1	18	Aug. 13, 1861	3 yrs.	discharged Dec. 22, 1861. Wounded March 13, 1862, in battle of New Madrid, Mo.; sent to hospital —, at St.
Bentley, William G	do	27	Aug. 13, 1861	3 yrs.	Louis, Mo.; leg amputated: discharged Jan. 8, 1861, at Camp Det.nison, O. Mustered out July 11, 1865, by order of War
Binegar, Alfred	ob	26	Aug. 13, 1861	3 yrs.	Department; veteran. Wounded July 4, 1864, in action at Ruff's Mills, Ga.: mustered out with company July 11, 1865, veteran.
Beam, George W	do	21	July 28, 1862	3 yrs.	1865; veteran. Mustered out with company July 11, 1865;
Bishop, Andrew J	ob	23	Aug. 4, 1862	3 yrs.	veteran. Discharged June 2, 1865, at Willet's Point, N. Y., on Surgeon's certificate of disability;
Borden, Wilson	do	19	Aug. 13, 1861	3 yrs.	Captured Nov. 14, 1861, at Little Blue, Mo.;
Challender, Joseph	do	20	Aug. 13 1861	3 yıs.	discharged Dec. 22, 1861. Mustered out with company July 11, 1865;
Chance, Thomas C	do	21	Aug. 18, 1868	3 yrs.	veteran. Mustered out with company July 11, 1865.

Names.	Rank	Age.	Date of Entering the Service.	Period.of Service.	Remarks.
Cox, Joseph	Private	18	Aug. 13, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 11, 1865;
Cowman, Joshua V	do	20	Aug. 13, 1861	3 yrs.	weteran. Mustered out with company July 11, 1865;
Clise, John H	do	18	Aug. 13, 1861	3 yrs.	veteran. Mustered out with company July 11, 1865;
Corn, Jeremiah	do	22	Aug27, 1862	3 yrs.	veteran. Discharged June 17, 1865, at Cincinnati, O., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Challender, Charles A	do	18	Aug. 13, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged Feb. 12, 1865, at Camp Dennison, O., by order of War Department; veteran.
Challender, John	do	44	Aug. 13, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out Aug. 13, 1864, on expiration of term of service.
Cramer, William	do	19	Aug. 13, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out Aug. 13, 1864, on expiration of term of service.
Conway, John W Clark, John		20	Aug. 13, 1861	3 yrs.	Transferred to 82d O. V. I. April 27, 1865. Died April 7, 1862, at St. Louis, Mo., of wounds received March 13, 1862, in battle of New Madrid, Mo.
Cameson, Newton Cool, James C	do	18 22	Aug. 13, 1861 Aug. 13, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Discharged Nov. 6, 1862. Discharged Nov. 7, 1861, at St. Louis, Mo., on
Challender, Abner		18	Aug. 13, 1861	3 yrs.	Surgeon's certificate of disability. Discharged Jan. 9, 1862, at St. Louis, Mo., on
Cahill, John	do	18	Aug. 13, 1861	3 yrs.	Surgeon's certificate of disability. Captured Nov. 14, 1861, at Little Blue, Mo.;
Cook, Philip	1	47	Aug. 13, 1861	3 yrs.	Captured Nov. 14, 1861, at Little Blue, Mo.; discharged Dec. 22, 1861. Discharged Nov. 14, 1861, at Kansas City, Mo.,
Corn, Joshua Davis, David D		20 25	Aug. 27, 1862 Aug. 29, 1862	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	on Surgeon's certificate of disability. Died Nov. 26, 1862, in hospital at Cincinnati, O. Mustered out with company July 11, 1865; veteran.
Driskill, John H Evans, Eugene F	do	22 18	Jan. 23, 1864 Feb. 2, 1864	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 11, 1865. Died Nov. 29, 1864, in hospital at Nashville,
Estelle, James L. P		24	Aug. 13, 1861	3 yrs.	Tennessee. Wounded March 13, 1862, in battle of New Madrid. Mo.; sent to hospital — at St. Louis, Mo.; leg amputated; discharged Aug.
England, William	do	23	Aug. 13, 1861	3 yrs.	23, 1862. Wounded Oct. 4, 1862, in battle of Corinth, Miss.; mustered out Aug. 13, 1864, on expira-
Eaton, William A. A	do	26	Aug. 13, 1861	3 yrs.	tion of term of service. Captured Nov. 14, 1861, at Little Blue, Mo.;
Eiskin, Adam	do	20	Aug. 13, 1861	3 yrs.	Captured Nov. 14, 1861, at Little Blue, Mo.; discharged Dec. 22, 1861. Captured Nov. 14, 1861, at Little Blue, Mo.; discharged Dec. 22, 1861. Discharged Dec. 22, 1861.
Eshleman, James Fern, Edward	do	18 34	Aug. 13, 1861 Aug. 29, 1864	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Died Nov. 7, 1861, at Windsor, Ill. Mustered out July 11, 1855, by order of War Department.
Ford, David	do	26	Aug. 13, 1861	3 yrs.	Captured Nov. 14, 1861, at Little Blue, Mo., dis- eharged Dec. 22, 1861.
Gleason, George	do do	19 18 20	Jan. 22, 1864 July 28, 1862 Aug. 13, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 11, 1865. Died Oct. 3, 1864, at Marietta, Ga.; veteran. Discharged June 1, 1865, at Willet's Point, N. Y., on Surgeon's certificate of disability;
Gassett, George W	do	18	Aug. 13, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged Dec. 1, 1861, at St. Louis, Mo., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Gilfilan, Alexander	do	28	Aug. 13, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged Jan. 20, 1863, at Jackson, Tenn., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Higgins, Joseph	do	22	Aug. 30, 1862	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company June 11, 1865;
Hubbard, Levan		23	Aug. 13, 1861	3 yrs.	Sick, at Camp Dennison, O; discharged June 23, 1865, by order of War Department; veteran.
Harmon, George W		18	Aug. 13, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 11, 1865; veteran.
Huntley, Peter, Jr		20	Aug. 18, 1862	3 yrs.	Discharged June 17, 1865, at Cincinnati, O., on Surgeon's certificate of disability; veteran.
Hecht, Moses	do	26	Oct. 8, 1861 Aug. 13, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Transferred to Regimental Band Oct. 9, 1861. Captured Nov. 14, 1861, at Little Blue, Mo.; discharged Dec. 22, 1861.
Hughey, Charles Johnson, James H	1	24 20	Aug. 13, 1861 July 28, 1862	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Died Feb. 21, 1862, in hospital at St. Louis, Mo. Died June 21, 1864, in hospital at Nashville, Tenn.; veteran.
Jackman, Wesley T	L	23	Aug. 13 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out Aug. 13, 1864, on expiration of term of service.
Johnston, Benjamin K	í	22	Aug. 25, 1862	3 yrs.	Promoted to 1st Lieutenant 9th Louisiana Volunteer Infantry Dec 5, 1863.
King, James	1	26	Aug. 27, 1862	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 11, 1865; veteran.
Karr, Stewart		30	Aug. 27, 1862	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 11, 1865; veteran.
Kirchenschlager, John		19	Aug. 13, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out July 11, 1865, by order of War Department; veteran.
Karr, William Keeton, David	do	30 29	April 27, 1862 Aug. 31, 1862	3 yrs.	Died —, in hospital; veteran. Died March 18, 1863, in hospital at Memphis, Tennessee.

Names.	Rank.	Ago.	Date of Entering the Service.	Period of Service.	Remarks
Keeler, Hiram H Kellman, Charles E Kretzer, Henry C	do		Aug. 13, 1861 Aug. 13, 1861 Aug. 13, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Transferred to Regimental Band Oct. 9, 1861. Discharged July 31, 1862, on Surgeon's certifi-
Leverton, John	do	20	Aug. 13, 1861	3 yrs.	cate of disability. Mustered out with company July 11, 1865;
Lackey, Michael O	do	27	Aug. 29, 1862	3 yrs.	weteran. Mustered out with company July 11, 1865;
Lewis, Perry	do	25	Aug. 27, 1862	3 yrs.	veteran. Mustered out with company July 11, 1865;
Lewis, William	do	29	Aug. 27, 1862	3 yrs.	veteran. Absent —. on furlough; mustered out July 11, 1865, by order of War Department; vet-
Littlejohn, William	do	25	Aug. 13, 1862	3 yrs.	eran. Mustered out July 11, 1865, by order of War
Lynch, Joseph	do	23	Aug. 13, 1861	3 yrs.	Department; veteran. Mustered out Aug. 13, 1864, on expiration of
Lemar, Frederick M	do	20	Aug. 13, 1861	3 yrs.	term of service. Mustered out June 6, 1865, by order of War
Leverton, George W	do	19	Aug. 13, 1861	3 yrs.	Department; veteran. Captured Nov. 14, 1861, at Little Blue, Mo.; dis-
Ladd, Jeremiah Long, Jacob	do	18 19	Aug. 13, 1861 Aug. 31, 1862	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	charged Dec. 22, 1861. Died Jan. 16, 1863, in hospital at Jackson,
Metealf, George		23	Aug. 27, 1862	3 yrs.	Tennessee. Mustered out with company July 11, 1865;
Morgans, David S Metcalf, James	do	19 38	Feb. 2, 1864 Aug. 27, 1862	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	veteran. No further record found. Must-red out with company July 11, 1865;
Morris, David E	do	21	Aug. 27, 1862	3 yrs.	veteran. Mustered out with company July 11, 1865;
Moore, Francis M	do	22	Aug. 13, 1863	3 yrs.	veteran. Mustered out with company July 11, 1865;
Meredith, Thomas E	do	22	Aug. 13, 1861	3 yrs.	veteran. Wounded March 3, 1865, in battle of Cheraw, S. C.; mustered out with company July 11,
McCann, John	do	17	Aug. 13, 1861	3 yrs.	1865; veteran. Mustered out with company July 11, 1865,
Morgan, William S McClain, Barney	do,	20 23	Jan. 31, 1864 July 30, 1862	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 11, 1865. Sick Nov. 4, 1863, in hospital at Paducah, Ky.; mustered out June 10, 1865, by order of War
MeWilkams, David Moore, John M Marsh, Newton	do	28 19 21	Feb. 4, 1864 Feb. 13, 1864 Aug. 13, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Department. Killed July 22, 1864, in action near Atlanta, Ga. Died April 7, 1864, at Decatur, Ala. Mustered out with company July 11; 1865;
McWilliams, Michael G.		23	Aug. 13, 1861	3 yrs.	veteran. Mustered out Aug. 13, 1864, on expiration of
McClellan, Lewis	do	23	Aug. 13, 1861	3 yrs.	term of service. Captured Nov. 14, 1861, at Little Blue, Mo.: dis-
Milner, Wesley	do		Aug. 13, 1861	3 yrs.	charged Dec. 22, 1861. Captured Nov. 14, 1861, at Little Blue, Mo; dis-
Norton, Gaylord	do	21	Aug. 19, 1862	3 yrs.	charged Dec. 22, 1861. Promoted to 1st Lieutenant 9th Louisiana
Oiler, George	do	27	Aug. 21, 1862	3 yrs.	Volunteer Infantry Jan. 22, 1864. Sick May 1, 1864, in hospital, at Decatur, Ala.; mustered out July 11, 1865, by order of War
Osborn, Enoch Pricer, James II	do	22 19	Aug. 13, 1861 Aug. 13, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Department. Died Oct. 26, 1862, in hospital at Corinth, Miss. Captured Nov. 14, 1861, at Little Blue, Mo.; dis-
Perkins, William L	do	43	Aug. 15, 1862	3 yrs.	charged Dec. 22, 1861. Transferred to Veteran Reserve Corps Aug.
Russell, Francis W	do	37	Aug. 9, 1862	3 yrs.	30, 1863. Mustered out with company July 11, 1865;
Rice, Ezekiel	do	29	Aug. 13, 1862	3 yrs.	weteran. Mustered out with company July 11, 1865;
Rowe, John M	do	27	Feb. 11, 1864	3 yrs.	Weteran. Wounded March 21, 1865, in battle of Benton- ville, N. C., and sent to hospital; mus- tered out July 11, 1865, by order of War De-
Rice, Jehiel C Seurlock, Isaac	ob	20 21	Jan. 21, 1864 Aug. 15, 1862	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	partment. Mustered out with company July 11, 1865. Sick —, in U. S. A. Hospital at New York; mustered out July 11, 1865, by order of War
Scurlock, James M	do	34	Aug. 28, 1862	3 yrs.	Department; veteran. Mustered out with company July 11, 1865;
Seurlock, Almond	do	31	Aug. 19, 1862	3 yrs.	weteran. Mustered out with company July 11, 1865;
Sharp, Henry M	do	23	Aug. 29, 1862	3 yrs.	veteran. Mustered out with company July 11, 1865;
Sprouse, Henry	do	21	Aug. 27, 1862	3 yrs.	veteran. Mustered out with company July 11, 1865;
Sprouse, Stewart	do	21	Aug. 27, 1862	3 yrs.	weteran. Mustered out with company July 11, 1865;
Smithson, George E	do	20	Aug. 13, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 11, 1865, veteran.
		-			

Names.	Rank.	Age.	Date of Entering the Service.	Period of Service.	Remarks.
Starr, Daniel A Stroble, Charles		19 19	Feb. 2, 1864, Aug. 13, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 11, 1865. Mustered out Aug. 13, 1864, on expiration of term of service.
Sparger, Alonzo O Summers, Thomas	do	18 30	Aug. 13, 1861 Aug. 13, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Discharged March 28, 1865; veteran. Died Sept. 27, 1862, in hospital at Jackson, Tennessee.
Spurlock, Jesse	do	21	Aug. 13, 1861	3 yrs.	
Sellers, William H	do	18	Aug. 13, 1861	3 yrs.	Died June 11, 1862, in hospital at Farmington, Mississippi.
Stewart, Fletcher J	do	22	Aug. 13, 1861	3 yrs.	Died June 7, 1862, at his home while on fur- lough.
Smith, George J	do	45	Aug. 13, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged May 3, 1862, at St. Louis, Mo., on -Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Scurlock, Andrew J Tennehill, Orrin	do	28 28	Aug. 27, 1862 Aug. 27, 1862	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Died Oct. 25, 1863, at Adams' Hospital, Memphis, Tenn.
Thurman, George M	do		Aug. 13, 1861	3 yrs.	Captured Nov. 14, 1861, at Little Blue, Mo.; discharged Dec. 22, 1861.
Tracy, Jacob	do	18	Aug. 13, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged Dec. 1, 1861, at St. Louis, Mo., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Tennehill, Samuel F	do	33	Aug. 19, 1862	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 11, 1865; veteran.
Thompson, Hugh	do	26	Aug. 19, 1862	3 yrs.	Died July 22, 1864, in hospital, at Allatoona, Ga., of wounds received July 22, 1864, in action near Atlanta, Ga.; veteran.
Thornburg, A. W	do	23	Aug. 13, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out Aug. 13, 1864, on expiration of term of service.
Winingar, James M	do	20	Aug. 13, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out Aug. 13, 1864, on expiration of term of service.
Worthington, John A Wiseman, William H West, Richard C	do	33 41	Aug. 13, 1861 Aug. 19, 1862 Aug. 13, 1862	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Died June 27, 1864, in hospital at Allatoona, Ga. Died Feb. 1, 1865, at Pocataligo, S. C.; veteran. Transferred to Veteran Reserve Corps Aug.
Wise, George W	do	26 25	Aug. 13, 1861	3 yrs.	20, 1863. Died Jan. 9, 1862, at Sedalia, Mo. Discharged Jan. 20, 1863, at Jackson, Tenn.,
Worley, Perry	1		Aug. 13, 1861	3 yrs.	on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Walker, John C	, ,	22	Aug. 13, 1861		Promoted to 2d Lieutenant 9th Louisiana Vol- unteer Infantry Nov. 1, 1863.
Zimmerman, George	do		Oet. 8, 1861	3 yrs.	Transferred to Regimental Band Oct. 9, 1861.

COMPANY I.

Mustered in Aug. 17, 1861, at Camp Chase, O., by Howard Stansbury, Captain Topographical Engineers, U. S. A. Mustered out July 11, 1865, at Louisville, Ky., by Wm. H. Carr, Captain 10th Illinois Infantry.

Norman Tucker William H. Winters	Captaindo	30 18		10, 1861 1, 1861		yrs.	Resigned June 16, 1862. Promoted from 1st Lieutenant Co. F June 16, 1862; resigned Oct. 23, 1862.
Elisha G. Hamilton	do	24	Aug.	10, 1861	3	yrs.	
Demetrius H. McFann	do	23	Aug.	28, 1862	3	yts.	Promoted from 1st Lieutenant Co. G Nov. 2, . 1864; resigned June 3, 1865.
Daniel W. Jones	do	22	July	17, 1861		-	Promoted to 1st Lieutenant from 1st Sergeant Co. A Jan. 28, 1865; Captain June 16, 1865; mustered out with company July 11, 1865.
William L. Watt	1st Lieut.	25	Aug.	31, 1861	3	yrs.	Promoted to 2d Lieutenant from 1st Sergeant June 2I, 1862; 1st Lieutenant Oct. 23, 1862; Captain Sept. 26, 1864, but not mustered; mustered out Nov. 14, 1864, on expiration of term of service.
Samuel N. Weeks	do	19	Aug.	26, 1861	3	yrs.	Promoted from 1st Sergeant Co. K May 31, 1865; mustered out with company July 11, 1865.
Luther M. Meily James F. Day	2d Lieut.	19 26		10, 1861 13, 1861		yrs.	Promoted to 1st Lieutenant Co. G June 16, 1862. Promoted from 1st Sergeant Co. K Oct. 23, 1862; 1st Lieutenant Co. K April 13, 1864.
John Swem	1st Sergt.	20	Aug.	2, 1861	3	yrs.	Appointed Corporal Jan. 1, 1864 Sergeant Oct. 4, 1864; 1st Sergeant June 12, 1865; mustered out with company July 11, 1865; veteran.
Frank B. Hazleton	do	18	July	31, 1861	3	yrs.	Mustered as private; appointed 1st Sergeant Aug. 1, 1862; promoted to 2d Lieutenant Co. A May 9, 1864; veteran.
Jonas S. Stukey	do	19	July	26, 1861	3	yrs.	Appointed Corporal Jan. 1, 1863; 1st Sergeant —; promoted to 1st Lieutenant Co. F Jan. 28, 1865; veteran.
James Dixon	do	20	Aug.	5, 1861	3	yrs.	Mustered as private; appointed 1st Sergeant —; promoted to 1st Lieutenant Co. G June 6, 1865; veteran.

Names.	Rank.	Age.	Enter	te of ing the vice.	Period of Service.	Remarks.
Thomas R. Donahue	1st Sergt.	27	July	31, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Sergeant from Corporal Aug. 1, 1862; 1st Sergeant —; mustered out Aug. 17, 1861, at Chattanooga, Tenn., on expira-
James T. Black	Sergeant	20	Aug.	5, 1861	3 yrs.	tion of term of service. Mustered as private; appointed Sergeant Ang. 1, 1864; mustered out with company July
Daniel W. Swem	do	18	July	31, 1861	3 yrs.	11, 1865; veteran. Appointed Corporal Sept. 1, 1864; Sergeant ; mustered out with company July 11, 1865; veteran.
William P. Sims	do	19	Aug.	5, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal Sept. 1, 1864; Sergeant June 12, 1865; mustered out with company July 11, 1865; veteran.
Joseph Edmunds	do,	13	Aug.	5, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal Oct. 10, 1864; Sergeant June 12, 1865; mustered out with company
John II. Nye	do	22	Aug.	5, 1861	3 yrs.	July 11, 1865; veteran. Appointed Corporal Aug. 1, 1862; Sergeant Jan. 1, 1863; mustered out Aug. 17, 1864, at Chattanooga, Tenn., on expiration of term
Taylor D. Thayer	do	28	July	27, 1861	3 yrs.	of service. Appointed from Corporal —; mustered out Aug. 17, 1864, at Chattanooga, Tenn., on expiration of term of service.
Samuel MillerAlfred Stead	do	40 21	July July	22, 1861 29, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	piration of term of service. Kitled Sept. 19, 1862, at battle of Iuka, Miss. Discharged Nov. 12, 1862, at St. Louis, Mo., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
William A. Sarver	Corporal	18	Aug.	30, 1862	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal Sept. 1, 1864; mustered out with company July 11, 1865; veteran.
William E. Ireland	do	21	Jan.	27, 1864	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal —; mustered out with company July 11, 1865.
John C. McKee	do	20	Aug.	4, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal June 1, 1865; mustered
Thomas E. Thomas	do	21	Aug.	4, 1861	3 yrs.	out with company July 11, 1865; veteran. Appointed Corporal June 1, 1865; mustered
Andrew J. Young	do	18	'Aug.	4, 1861	3 yrs.	ont with company July 11, 1865; veteran. Appointed Corporal June 1, 1865; mustered
lsrael Mirrin Israel Herron	do	36 36	July July	29, 1861 29, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	out with company July 11, 1865; veteran. On muster-in roll, but no further record found. Appointed Corporal —; mustered out Aug. 17, 1864, at Chattanooga, Tenn., or expira
Robert R. Turner	do	25	July	31, 1861	3 yrs.	tion of term of service. Mustered out Aug. 17, 1864, at Chattanooga
John MeGenegal	do	22	July	22, 1361	3 yrs.	Tenn., on expiration of term of service. Appointed Corporal Jan. 1, 1863; mustered out Aug. 17, 1864, at Chattanoga, Tenn., on ex-
Lucas McComb	Musician	41	July	£0, 1861	3 yrs.	piration of term of service. Discharged Sept. 3, 1862, at Columbus, O., or
Allman, Wilson	Private	19	Aug.	1, 1862	3 yrs.	Surgeon's certificate of disability. Mustered out with company July 11, 1865;
Allman, William Alford, George P	do	18 18	Me'ı. July	19, 1864 89, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	weteran. Mustered out with company July 11, 1865. Mustered out Aug. 17, 1884, at Cnattanooga Tenn., on expiration of term of service.
Amilage, J. W	do	25	Aug.	3, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged Oct. 21, 1862. at Corinth, Miss., or Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Allen, Moses T	do	18	Aug.	1, 1861	3 yrs.	Captured Nov. 5, 1861, at Little Blue, Mo.; dis
Baekus, Charles	do	31	Ang.	27, 1862	3 yrs.	charged Dec. 23, 1861. Mustered out with company July 11, 1865
Barton, Creighton	do	32	Aug.	27, 1862	3 yrs.	veteran, Sick June 25, 1865, in hospital at Columbus, O. mustered out July 11, 1865, by order of Wa: Department; veteran.
Brentlinger, Levi Brocieus, Levi Black, John W	do do	18 30 19	Jan. Jan. Jan.	27, 1864 27, 1864 27, 1864	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 11, 1865. Mustered out with company July 11, 1865. Siek Nov. 8, 1864, in hospital at Columbus, O. mustered out July 11, 1865, by order of War
Berlincourt, Leopold	do	22	July	29, 1861	3 yrs.	Department. Died July 22, 1864, in hospital of wounds re
Barnes, Joshua	do	27	July	22, 1861	3 yrs.	ceived —, in action; veteran. Mustered out Aug. 17, 1864, at Chattanooga
Barnes, Wil'ard G	do	20	July	23, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustored out Aug 17 1864 at Chattanooga
Barnes, James	ōō	24	July	23. 1861	3 yrs.	Tenn., on expiration of term of service. Mustered out Aug. 17, 1864, at Chattanooga,
Bassett, Samuel	1		Fc.	12, 1864	3 yrs.	Tenn., on expiration of term of service. Mustered out Aug. 17, 1864, at Chattanooga, Tenn., on expiration of term of service. Discharged May 27, 1865, by order of War De-
Barnthouse, Oliver Barnthouse, Relly Barton, Wilson	do	20	Aug. Aug. Sept.	9, 1861 7, 1841 8, 1862	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	partment. Died Sept. 19, 1863, in hospital at Memphis,
Beason, Joseph II			July	2, 1801	3 yrs.	Tennessee. Appointed Sergeant from private Oct. 1, 1861;
						reduced to ranks Aug. 1, 1862; captured Sept. 14, 1862, at Little Blue, Mo.; paroled and discharged Dec. 30, 1862.
Brown, Henry	(lo,		YOV	5, 1861	3 yrs.	Died June 17, 1863, iu hospital at Farmington, Mississippi.

Names	Rank.	Age.	Date of Entering the Service.	Period of Service.	Remarks:
Cupp, Michael	Private	19	Aug. 3, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 11, 1865;
Church, Edson Comar, Samuel A		18 20	Feb. 12, 1864 Aug. 5, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 11, 1865. Mustered out with company July 11, 1865;
Casner, Andrew Chamberlain, S Crispen, Augustus	do	20 19 20	Aug. 11, 1861 July 23, 1861 Aug. 2, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	veteran. Discharged Feb. 10, 1863, at St. Louis, Mo.
Ditto, John W	1		Aug, 1861	3 yrs.	Wounded Oct. 4, 1862, in battle or Corinth, Miss.; discharged—at Columbus, O. Reduced from Corporal Aug. 1, 1862; dis- charged May 20, 1865 on Surgeon's certificate
Durker, George W Diar, George	do	22	Aug. 5, 1861 Aug. 5, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	of disability: veteran. On muster-in roll, but no further record found. Discharged Oct. 12, 1862, at Kansas City, Mo.,
Fields, William		1	Aug. 5, 1861	3 yrs.	on Surgeon's certificate of disability. Mustered out with company July 11, 1865;
Fields, Harvey	do		Oet. 28, 1861	3 yrs.	veteran. Died Aug. 1, 1864, of wounds received July 22.
Fritz, George W	do	20	July 27, 1861	3 yrs.	1864, in action near Atlanta, Ga.: veteran. Died July 24, 1864, of wounds received July 22,
Franklin, James, Jr	do	28	Aug. 5, 1861	3 yrs.	1864, in action near Atlanta, Ga.; veteran, Discharged Nov. 12, 1862, at St. Louis, Mo., on
Green, Charles W Griner, Henry	do	18 23	Meh. 16, 1864 Aug. 15, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Surgeon's certificate of disability. Mustered out Aug. 17, 1864, at Chattanooga,
Geyer, Joseph Harden, Lewis		27 21	Aug. 15, 1861 Aug. 5, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Tenn., on expiration of term of service, Killed Oct, 19, 1863, near Memphis, Tenn., Mustered out Aug. 17, 1864, at Chattanooga, Tenn., on expiration of term of service
Heath, Francis M		18	Aug. 5, 1861	3 yrs.	Tenn., on expiration of term of service Discharged Oct. 15, 1861, at St. Louis. Mo., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Hess, John	do	18	July 26, 1861	3 yrs.	Transferred to Veteran Reserve Corps Aug. 23,
Hersh, John W	do		Oct. 30, 1861	3 yrs.	1863. Discharged April 1, 1862, at St. Louis, Mo., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Jenkins, David	do	18	July 30, 1861	3 yrs.	Captured Nov. 5, 1861, at Little Blue, Mo.; discharged Dec. 23, 1861, at Sedalia, Mo.
Jewell, Omar	do	19	July 30, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal : reduced Aug. 1, 1862 •
King, George	do	19	Sept. 23, 1862	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 11, 1865;
Kendall, James L Keiser, Philip	do	24 23	Feb. 2, 1864 Aug. 5, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	veteran. Mustered out with company July 11, 1865. Died June 27, 1864, at Allatoona Hospital, Ga.;
Koots, John T	do.,	.18	July 29, 1861	3 yrs.	veteran. Discharged Feb. 21, 1862, at St. Louis, Mo., on
Longsworth, William Limbard, Richard	do	18 24	Feb. 4, 1864 July 19, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Surgeon's certificate of disability. Mustered out with company July 11, 1865. Mustered out Aug. 17, 1864, at Chattanooga,
Limbard, James	do	18	July 29, 1861	3 yrs.	Tenn., on expiration of term of service. Discharged Oct. —, 1862, at Camp Chase, O., on
Morris, Hiram	do	28	Sept. 2, 1862	3 yrs.	Surgeon's certificate of disability. In general field hospital March 19, 1865: mustered out July 11, 1865, by order of War De-
Mills, George W	do	24	July 25, 1861	3 yrs.	partment; veteran. Mustered out Aug. 17, 1864, at Chattanooga,
Miller, William L	do	27	Aug. 4, 1861	3 yrs.	Tenn., on expiration of term of services Mustered out Aug. 17, 1864, at Chattanooga, Tenn., on expiration of term of service.
McGrana, Hugh	do	22	Aug. 5, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out Aug. 17, 1864, at Chattanoga, Tenn., on expiration of term of service.
Miller, Martin V	do	22	Aug. 28, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out Aug. 17, 1864, at Chattanooga, Tenn., on expiration of term of service.
Mix, Levi		19	July 31, 1861	3 yrs.	In hospital —, at Memphis, Tenn.; died —, while on furlough at home.
Miller, J. G		37	Aug. 1, 1861	3 yrs.	Captured Nov. 5, 1861 at Little Blue, Mo.; discharged Dec. 23, 1861 at Sedalia, Mo.
Mellinger, Benjamin Means, William C	do	23 23	Aug. 5, 1861 Aug. 5, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	No further record found. Discharged Oct. 6, 1862, at Cincinnati, O., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Murphy, Edwin	do	19 19	Aug. 10, 1861 Aug. 1, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Mustered as Sergeant —; reduced to ranks Oct. 14, 1861; discharged Dec. 30, 1862, at St.
McCorkhill, George	đo	44	Sept. 4, 1862	3 yrs.	Louis, Mo. Discharged March 26, 1863, at Corinth, Miss., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
McMannis, John	do	31	Aug. 5, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged July 21, 1862, at St. Louis, Mo., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
North, Christian	1	21	June 20, 1863	3 yrs.	Died July 24, 1864, of wounds received July 22, 1864, near Atlanta, Ga.
North, Ira Osborn, Charles E	do	23 27	Feb. 4, 1864 July 30, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 11, 1865. Sinstered out with company July 11, 1865;
Osborn, John J	do	21	Ang. 3, 1861	3 yrs.	weteran. Mustered out Aug. 17, 1861, at Chattanooga, Tean., on expiration of term of service.
Olmstead, James M	do	28	Aug. 2, 1861.	3 yrs.	Discharged.Oct. 4, 1862, at St. Louis, Mo., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.

Names.	Rank.	Age.	Date of Entering the Service.	Period of Service.	Remarks,
Purdy, David E Purdy, Vinton	Private	18 26	Aug. 4, 1862 Aug. 27, 1862	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 11, 1865;
Roush, Jacob	do		Oct. 30, 1861	3 yrs.	weteran. Mustered out Dec. 27, 1864, at Savannah, Ga.,
Roberts, William	do	19	July 30, 1861	3 yrs.	on expiration of term of service. Discharged Jan. 26, 1862, at Sedalia, Mo., on
Robeson, J. F		22	Aug. 5, 1861	3 yrs.	Surgeon's certificate of disability. Discharged Feb. 21, 1862, at St. Louis, Mo., on
Rutherford, David		33	July 25, 1862	3 yrs.	Surgeon's certificate of disability. Discharged March 26, 1863, at Corinth, Miss.,
				-	on Surgeon's certificate of disability. Mustered out with company July 11, 1865;
Sowers, Daniel		20	Aug. 2, 1861	3 yrs.	veteran.
Shell, Marlin R		18	July 31, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 11, 1865; veteran.
Stanler, Henry	do	36 18	Feb 8, 1864 Jan. 27, 1864	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 11, 1865. Mustered out with company July 11, 1865.
Stukey, William E	00	24	July 24, 1861		Killed Aug. 14, 1864, in action near Dalton, Ga.
Stratton, John	do	18	Aug. 5, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out Aug. 17, 1864, at Chattanooga,
Smedley, John		10	Aug. 0, 1001	0 y15.	Tenn., on expiration of term of service.
Shambarger, Jacob	do	24	Aug. 3, 1861	3 yrs.	Captured Nov. 5, 1861, at Little Blue, Mo.; dis-
Sherwine, Rufus	do	20	Aug. 5, 1861	3 yrs.	charged Dec. 23, 1861, at Sedalia, Mo. Captured Nov. 5, 1861, at Little Blue, Mo.; discharged Dec. 23, 1861.
Scarfoss, George	do	42	Aug. 1, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged —, at Columbus, O., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Thompson, Jeremiah	do	49	Aug. 6, 1861	3 yrs.	Died July 7, 1862, at Clear Creek, Miss.
Tompkins, Henry (do	18	July 28, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out Aug. 17, 1864, at Chattanooga,
Tompains, Henry		10	July 20, 1001	0 312.	Tenn., on expiration of term of service.
Turner William E	do	21	Aug. 5, 1861	3 yrs.	Died July 8, 1864, at Nashville, Tenn., of wounds received —, at Kenesaw Mount-
Tuttle, Charles II	do	27	July 27, 1861	3 yrs.	ain, Ga. Mustered out with company July 11, 1865;
Tolbert, Charles	do	38	Aug. 19, 1862	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 11, 1865;
Wallace, Andrew J	do	20	Aug. 6, 1861	3 yrs.	weteran. Mustered out with company July 11, 1865;
Wall, George	do	20	Feb. 8, 1864	3 yrs.	Nustered out with company July 11, 1865.
Walkins, David G	do	26	July 22, 1861	S yrs.	Discharged March 3, 1862, at St. Louis, Mo., on
Ware, Smiley Woodward, C. F	do	20	Oet. 16, 1862	3 yrs.	Surgeon's certificate of disability. Mustered out with company July 11, 1865.
Woodward, C. F	do	19	Aug. 5, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged March 3, 1862, at St. Louis, Mo., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Watt, Allen	do	22	Aug. 1, 1861	8 yrs.	Captured Nov. 5, 1861, at Little Blue, Mo.; dis-
Woodward, J. L. G	do	21	Aug. 5, 1861	3 yrs.	charged Dec. 23, 1861. Discharged March 3, 1862, at St. Louis, Mo., on
Wright Lorenzo M	do	20	Inlar 00 1001	2	Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Wright, Lorenzo M	0D	20	July 29, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered as Sergeant ——; reduced to ranks July 1, 1863; mustered out Aug. 17, 1864, at Chattanooga, Tenn., on expiration of term of service.

COMPANY K.

Mustered in Aug. 18, 1861, at Camp Chase, O., by Howard Stansbury, Captain Topographical Engineers, U. S. A. Mustered out July 11, 1865, at Louisville, Ky., by Wm. H. Carr, Captain 10th Illinois Infantry.

William Feeney	Captain.	33	Aug.	16, 1861	3	yrs.	Mustered out Aug. 20, 1864, on expiration of
Charles H. Smith	do	23	July	27, 1861	3	yrs.	term of service. Promoted from 1st Lieutenant Co. A Nov. 3, 1864; to Major May 31, 1865; mustered out with company July 11, 1865.
George McDonough	1st Lieut.	42		16, 1861	3		Resigned March 27, 1862.
Isaac N. Gilruth	do	22	July	1, 1861	3	yrs.	Promoted from 2d Lieutenant Co. F Feb. 6,
James F. Day	do	26	July	13, 1861	3	yrs.	1862; to Captain Co. F April 13, 1864. Promoted to 2d Lieutenant Co. 1 from 1st Ser- geant Oct. 23, 1862; 1st Lieutenant Co. K April 13, 1864; killed June 16, 1864, in action.
William D. Phillips			July	20, 1861	3	yrs.	at Big Shanty, Ga. Promoted from 2d Lieutenant Co. E July 25,
Thomas M. Willis				13, 1861	3	yrs.	1864; to Captain Co. E Nov. 3, 1864 Appointed 1st Sergeant from Sergeant Jau. 1, 1863; promoted to 2d Lieutenant Co. C June 27, 1864; 1st Lieutenant Co. K Sept. 26, 1864; resigned April 3, 1865.
John F. Woodruff	do		Sept.	11, 1862	3	yrs.	Promoted from 1st Sergeant Co. F Jan. 28, 1865;
John V. Srofe Finley C. McGrew	2d Lieut.	26 27		16, 1861 19, 1861		yrs. yrs.	mustered out with company July 11, 1865. Resigned June 26, 1862. Promoted from Sergeant Co. F June 25, 1862; resigned July 15, 1863.

		1		1	
Names.	Rank.	Age.	Date of Entering the Service.	Period of Service.	Remarks.
Erastus S. Moorehead	1st Sergt.	20	Aug. 26, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered as private; appointed Sergeant Sept. 1, 1864; 1st Sergeant June 17, 1865; mustered out with company July 11, 1865; vet-
Samuel N. Weeks	do	19	Aug. 26, 1861	3 yrs.	eran. Mustered as private; appointed 1st Sergeant Sept. 1, 1864; promoted to 1st Lieutenant Co. I May 31, 1865; veteran.
William R. Moorehead.	Sergeant	33	Aug. 13, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 11, 1865; veteran.
Thomas G. Smith	do	21	'Aug. 13, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed from Corporal Jan. 1, 1864; mustered out July 11, 1865, by order of War De-
Pleasant M. Hutton	do	23	Aug. 13, 1861	3 yrs.	partment; veteran. Appointed from Corporal June 1, 1864; mustered out with company July 11, 1865; vet
Thomas R. Sweet	do	23	Aug. 13, 1861	3 yrs.	eran. Appointed from Corporal—; mustered out Aug. 17, 1864, at Chattanooga, Tenu., on expiration of term of service.
Thomas F. Gravls		23	Aug. 13, 1861	3 yrs.	-
Enoch'A. White Hillery J. Walker	do	24 32	Aug. 13, 1861 Aug. 13, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Discharged —, at Benton Barracks, Mo. Appointed from Corporal —; promoted to
			,		Captain in 3d Alabama Volunteers Jan. 24, 1864.
Francis W. Stymets	Corporal	25	Aug. 26, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal June 1, 1864; sick April 1, 1865, in hospital at Camp Dennison, O.; mustered out July 11, 1865, by order of War Department; veteran.
John Evans	do	24	Aug. 27, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal June 1, 1864; mustered out with company July 11, 1865; veterán;
Absalom N. Day	do	18	Aug. 26, 1861	3 yrs.	Lwounded at Bentonville. Appointed Corporal Sept. 1, 1864; mustered
Benjamin F. Sweet	do	22	Aug. 13, 1861	3 yrs.	out with company July 11, 1865; veteran. Appointed Corporal Sept. 1, 1864; mustered
Joseph Phillips	do	22	Aug. 26, 1861	3 yrs.	out with company July 11, 1865; veteran. Appointed Corporal Nov. 1, 1864; mustered
Adam Schuyler	1		Aug. 20, 1861	3 yrs.	out with compony July 11, 1865; veteran. Appointed Corporal ——; died March 5, 1864, in hospital at Prospect, Tenn.
Joseph E. H. Day	1	1	Aug. 13, 1861	3 yrs.	in hospital at Prospect, Tenn. Appointed Corporal —; mustered out Aug.
John D. Hawthorn			Aug. 13, 1861	3 yrs.	17, 1864, at Chattanooga, Tenu., on expiration of term of service; wounded at Atlanta. Appointed Corporal —; mustered out Aug.
James Van Buskirk	do	21	Aug. 13, 1861.	3 yrs.	17, 1864, at Chattanooga, Tenn., on expiration of term of service. Appointed Corporal—; mustered out Aug. 17, 1864, at Chattanooga, Tenn., on expira-
August Calder	do	27	Sept. 4, 1861	3 yrs.	tion of term of service.
George W. Hawthorn	do	28	Aug. 26, 1861	3 yrs.	tion of term of scrvice. Appointed Corporal —; mustered out Sept. 3, 1864, at Chattanooga, Tenn., on expira-
George W. McAdams	do	24	Sept. 4, 1861	3 yrs.	3, 1864, at Chattanooga, Tenn., on expira-
Cornelius Bulware	do	25	Aug. 13, 1861	3 yrs.	while en route to regiment from hospital at Kansas City, Mo.; paroled and discharged
James Watt	do.,	. 54	Aug. 13, 1861	3 yrs.	Dec. 22, 1861. Disenarged June 30, 1862, at Camp Clear Creek, Miss., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
William T. Brown John A. Jenkins	do	. 21	Aug. 13, 1861 Aug. 13, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Died Nov. 27, 1861, in hospital at St. Louis, Mo.
Salathiel Wheeler Atkins, Charles	Musician Private.	18	Oct. 15, 1862 Aug. 13, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 11, 1865. Mustered out Aug. 17, 1864, at Chattanooga, Tenn., on expiration of term of service.
Armstrong, William A.	do	. 20	Aug. 13, 1861	3 yrs.	
Aldridge, James S Billing, Hugh	do	. 38 32	Aug. 25, 1862 Aug. 4, 1862	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	7 1 44 tour
Billing, George W	do	19	Feb. 5, 1861	3 yrs.	Killed July 22, 1864, in action near Atlanta,
Billing, Andrew J	do	. 18	Feb. 5, 1864	3 yrs.	Georgia. Died Sept. 11, 1864, in hospital at Marietta, Ga., of wounds received July 22, 1861, in action near Atlanta, Ga.
Bolser, Hiram	do	. 28	Aug. 13, 1861	3 yrs.	
Brannan, Turner	do	. 30	Feb. 2, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged Feb. 24, 1865, at Camp Dennison,
Bricker, Burt N	do	. 18	Aug. 12, 1861	3 yrs.	O., on Surgeon's certificate of disability. Discharged Feb. 14, 1868, at St. Louis, Mo., on
	do	1	Sept. 12, 1861	3 yrs.	Surgeon's certificate of disability. Discharged Dec. 22, 1361. Discharged Feb. 14, 1863, at St. Louis, Mo., on

Names.	Rank.	Age.	Date of Entering the Service.	Period of Service.	Remarks.
Behymer, William R Brower, William Clark, William R	do	20 23	Sept. 4, 1861 Aug. 13, 1861 Sept. 30, 1862	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Transferred to Regimental Band Sept. 5, 1861. Transferred to Regimental Band Aug. 18, 1861. Mustered out with company July 11, 1865;
Conover, William E	do	19	Aug 13, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 11, 1865;
Carter, John B	do	35	Aug. 29, 1862	3 yrs.	Died Sept. 9, 1864, in hospital at Marietta, Ga.;
Curlis, Nathaniel	do	19	Aug. 13, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out Aug. 17, 1864, at Chattanooga, Tenn., on expiration of term of service.
Cowin, John	do	23	Sept. 4, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out Sept. 3. 1864, at Chattanooga, Tenn., on expiration of term of service.
Counor, William P	do	30	Aug. 29, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out Sept. 3, 1864, at Chattanooga, Tenn., on expiration of term of service.
Campbell, Eli	do	28 20	Aug. 13, 1861 Aug. 13, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Mustered out Aug. 17, 1864, at Chattanooga, Tenn., on expiration of term of service.
Christie, Robert W Connor, George S	do		Aug. 26, 1861 Aug. 26, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Discharged Dec. 22, 1861. Discharged Dec. 16, 1861, at hospital, St. Louis, Missouri.
Chatterton, Alfonzo Cunningham, Reuben	do	45	Sept. 4, 1861 Aug. 29, 1862	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Transferred to Regimental Band Sept. 5, 1861. Discharged March 15, 1863, at general hospital, Jackson, Tenu.
Dennis, Charles H	do	19	Aug. 13, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 11, 1865; veteran.
Dennis, John Q Dickerson, Reuben	do	18 19	Aug. 13, 1861 Jan. 25, 1864	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Discharged Feb. 9, 1862, at St. Louis, Mo. Died Feb. 15, 1865, in general hospital, Nashville, Tenn.
Dennis, Ocellus	do	19	Aug. 13, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out Aug. 17, 1864, at Chattanooga, Tenn., on expiration of term of service.
Dickerson, John	do	18	Jan. 25, 1864	3 yrs.	Discharged April 12, 1865, by order of War Department.
Drake, James H	do		Sept. 4, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged Nov. 25, 1862, at general hospital, St. Louis, Mo.
Ellwood, James H	do	18	Aug. 13, 1861	3 yrs.	Sick Nov. 12, 1864, in hospital at Chattanooga.
Edgington, Nathan	do	42	Aug. 27, 1862	3 yrs.	Tenn.; mustered out July 11, 1865, by order of War Department; veteran. Siek Jan. 19, 1865, in hospital at Beaufort, S. C.; mustered out July 11, 1865, by order of War
Everhart, John H	do	25	Aug. 13, 1861	3 yrs.	Department; veteran. Discharged Feb. 2, 1862, at general hospital,
Evans, Harrison	do	45	Aug. 27, 1862	3 yrs.	St. Lovis, Mo. Transferred to Veteran Reserve Corps Aug. 21,
Fisher, David E Frambers, William A Geer, Armenius	do	24 44	Sept. 4, 1861 Aug. 13, 1861 Aug. 27, 1862	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	1863, by order of War Department. Transferred to Regimental Band Sept. 5, 1861. Transferred to Regimental Band Aug. 18, 1861. Mustered out with company July 11, 1865;
Geer, Jacob		17	Aug. 27, 1862	3 yrs.	veteran. Mustered out with company July 11, 1865;
Geer, Henry		19	Aug. 27, 1862	3 yrs.	veteran. Mustered out with company July 11, 1865;
Garduer, Leopold		27	Aug. 16, 1861	3 yrs.	veteran. Transferred to Regimental Band Aug. 18, 1861; oischarged Aug. —, 1862: re-enlisted as private Feb. 14, 1864; mustered out with
Geer, David	do	26	Aug. 27, 1862	3 yrs.	Company July 11, 1865.
Geer, Hiram	do	26	Aug. 27, 1862	3 yrs.	ville, Ind.; veteran. Died Aug. 10, 1864, in hospital at Rome, Ga.,
Gains, William S	do	26	Aug. 13, 1861	3 yrs.	veteran. Discharged July 16, 1864, to accept promotion
Hawthorn, George P	do	20	Aug. 13, 1861	3 yrs.	in 95th O. V. I.; veteran. Mustered out with company July 11, 1865;
Havelin, Samuel F	do	31	Aug. 26, 1861	3 yrs.	weteran. Mustered out with company July 11, 1865;
Hadley, James P	do	24	Aug. 26, 1861	3 yrs.	weteran. Mustered out with company July 11, 1865;
Holt, David		26	Sept. 27, 1862	3 yrs.	Mustered out July 11, 1865, by order of War
Hawthorn Henry	do	30 19	Feb. 12, 1864	3 yrs,	Department; veteran. Mustered out with company July 11, 1865.
Holt, Andrew J	do	25 19	Feb. 12, 1864 Feb. 24, 1864 Feb. 15, 1864	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 11, 1865. Mustered out June —, 1865.
Hawthorn Henry Hartman, James W Holt, Andrew J Ifutchinson, Euoch A Hackworth, Robert H Hawkins, James Hurst Keenau	do	18 20	Feb. 13, 1864 Feb. 5, 1864 Feb. 12, 1864	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 11, 1865. Mustered out with company July 11, 1865.
Hurst, Keenau	do	23	Aug. 13, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out June —, 1865. Mustered out June —, 1865. Mustered out with company July 11, 1865. Mustered out with company July 11, 1865. Mustered out with company July 11, 1865. Mustered out Aug. 17, 1864, at Chattanoga, Tenn., on expiration of term of service. Discharged May 18, 1865, by order of War Department.
Holmes, John	do	45	Sept. 22, 1862	3 yrs.	Discharged May 18, 1865, by order of War De-
Harbaugh, Moses Huggins, Herman N Iretan, William F	do do	28 19	Aug. 13, 1861 Sept. 4, 1861 Aug. 13, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	partment. Discharged Dec. 22, 1861. Transferred to Regimental Band Sept. 5, 1861. Mustered out with company July 11, 1865;
Joseph, John A	1	1	Feb. 14, 1864	3 yrs.	veteran.
					22, 1864, in action near Atlanta, Ga.

Names.	Rank.	Age.	Date of Entering the Service.	Period of Service,	Remarks.
				Pe S	
Jacobs, Wesley M	Private .	20	Aug. 28, 1862	3 yrs.	Discharged Feb. 15, 1864, at general hospital
Kain, Daniel Kennedy, Addison A Lytle, Orian D.,	do	48	Aug. 13, 1861 Sept. 4, 1861 Aug. 26, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Camp Dennison, O. Discharged Aug. 25, 1862, at Iuka, Miss. Transferred to Regimental Band Sept. 5, 1861.
Landen, William F		1	Aug. 23, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out Sept. 3, 1864, at Chattanooga, Tenn., on expiration of term of service. Discharged Dec. 3, 1862, at Jefferson Barracks,
		1	Sept. 4, 1861	3 yrs.	Missouri. Transferred to Regimental Band Sept. 5, 1861
Lewis, Walter F Moore, Benjamin D	do	18	Aug. 13, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 11, 1865 veteran.
Moorehead, Thomas W	do	18	Feb. 12. 1864	3 vrs.	Mustered out with company July 11, 1865. wounded at Atlanta. Ga.
Moorehead, Calvin M	do	30	Sept. 4, 1861,	3 yrs.	Mustered out Sept. 3, 1864, at Chattanoogs, Tenn., on expiration of term of service.
McMullen, David			Aug., 13, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out Aug. 17, 1864, at Chattanooga, Tenn., on expiration of term of service,
Moore, Charles F, McAdams, Oliver P McAdams, George L McMillen, Spencer D Newton, Edwin T Orr, Calvin	do do do do	22 24 26 22 19 22	Aug. 13, 1861 Aug. 13, 1861 Aug. 13, 1861 Aug. 13, 1861 Aug. 22, 1862 Aug. 13, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Promoted to Q. M. Sergeant Aug. 18, 1861. Transferred to Regimental Band Aug. 18, 1861. Promoted to Principal Musician Aug. 18, 1861. Transferred to Regimental Band Aug. 18, 1861. Discharged —, by order of War Department. Mustered out Aug. 17, 1861, at Chattanooga,
Ogden, Daniel O	do	24	Aug. 13, 1861	3 yrs.	Died June 3, 1862, in hospital at Farmington, Mississippi.
Orebaugh, Alfred Pohl, Francis	do	18	Sept. 4, 1861 Aug. 16, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Transferred to Regimental Band Sept. 5, 1861. Mustered out with company July 11, 1865;
Predmore, William G	do	20	Aug. 26, 1861	3 yrs.	veteran. Captured June 28, 1864, near Big Shanty, Ga.; died Jan. 21, 1865, in Rebel Prison at Flor-
Peterson, Daniel K	do	18	Aug. 13, 1861	3 yrs.	ence, S. C. Mustered out Aug. 17, 1864, at Chattanooga, Tenn., on expiration of term of service.
Porter, David Predmore, John	do	40 18	Aug. 16, 1861 Aug. 16, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Discharged Dec. 22, 1861. Died Sept. 17, 1862, in camp near Corinth, Mississippi.
Park, John Q. A	do		Sept. 4, 1861 Sept. 4, 1861 Sept. 4, 1861 Oct. 8, 1862 Aug. 13, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Transferred to Regimental Band Sept. 5, 1861. Transferred to Regimental Band Sept. 5, 1861. Transferred to Regimental Band Sept. 5, 1861. Mustered out with company July 11, 1863. Mustered out Aug. 17, 1864, at Chattanooga,
Ross, Thomas W	do do do	37 44 33	Aug. 13, 1861 Sept. 4, 1861 Sept: 4, 1861 Feb. 15, 1864 Aug. 20, 1862	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Tenn., on expiration of term of service. No further record found. Transferred to Regimental Band Sept. 17, 1861. Discharged Dec. 22, 1861. Mustered out with company July 11, 1865. Mustered out with company July 11, 1865;
Storer, Levi	đo	35	Aug. 22, 1862	3 yrs.	weteran. Mustered out with company July 11, 1865;
Sweet, James A Simonton, James S	do	19 26	Feb. 15, 1864 Aug. 29, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	veteran. Mustered out with company July 11, 1865. Mustered out Sept. 3, 1864, at Chattanooga, Tenn., on expiration of term of service.
Smith, Artemus	do,	20	Aug. 13, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out Aug. 17, 1864, at Chattanooga, Tenn., on expiration of term of service.
Slack, Harrison Somerier, Solomon Stephens, George W Snell, William R Smith, Randolph Smith, Francis M	do	26 26 20 18 20	Aug. 30, 1862 Sept. 4, 1861 Aug. 13, 1861 Aug. 13, 1861 Aug. 13, 1861 Aug. 13, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Discharged —, by order of War Department. Transferred to Regimental Band Sept. 5, 1861. Discharged —, at Memphis, Tenn. Discharged —, by order of War Department. Transferred to Regimental Band Aug. 18, 1861. Died Dec. 29, 1861. in camp near Sedalia, Mo.
Smith, Francis M Smith, Erastus C	1	24	Aug. 13, 1861 Aug. 13, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged Dec. 17, 1862, at Benton Barracks, Mo., for wounds received Oct. 4, 1862, in battle of Corinth, Miss. Discharged Dec. 17, 1862, at Benton Barracks,
Smith, Charles		21	Aug. 13, 1861	3 yrs.	Mo., for wounds received Oct. 4, 1862, in battle of Corinth, Miss. Discharged Sept. —, 1861, at general hospital,
Stockwell, John	,	21	Aug. 23, 1862	3 yrs.	St. I ouis, Mo. Died Sept. 4, 1863, in regimental hospital at
Thomas, John W		24	Aug. 13, 1861	3 yrs.	Memphis, Tenn. Mustered out with company July 11, 1865;
Turner, Perry		28	Aug. 23, 1862	3 yrs.	veteran. Mustered out with company July 11, 1865;
Tolbert, William E		19	Aug. 28, 1862	3 yrs.	veteran. Killed July 22, 1864, in action near Atlanta,
Ullery, George B Vandeventer, John E	do!	18 21	Aug. 13, 1861 Aug. 13, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Ga.; veterau. Transferred to Regimental Band Aug. 18, 1861. Discharged Sept. —, 1861, at general hospital,
Walker, Leander A	do	22	Aug. 13, 1861	3 yrs.	St. Louis, Mo. Mustered out with company July 11, 1865;
Walker, Osear P	do	20	Aug. 13, 1861	3 yrs.	weteran. Mustered out July 11, 1865, by order of War
Walker, John	do	18 22	Feb. 15, 1864 Aug. 13, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Department; veteran. Mustered out with company July 11, 1865. Killed Oct. 4–1862, in battle of Corinth, Miss.

Names.	Rank.	Age.	Date of Entering the Scrvice.	Pèriod of Service.	Remarks.
Wast John	Deixoto	23	Ana 00 1000	2 *****	Mustered out with company July 11, 1865:
West, John	Private	ن ند	Aug. 29, 1862	3 yrs.	veteran.
Welch, Anthony	do	43	Aug. 27, 1862	3 yrs.	
Woods, George W	do	23	Aug. 28, 1862	3 yrs.	
			,		veteran.
Willis, Jacob L	do	30	Aug. 26, 1861	3 yrs.	Killed July 22, 1864, in action near Atlanta,
Walker, Hillery N	do	18	Aug. 13, 1861	3 yrs.	Ga.; veteran. Discharged Feb. 5, 1863, at Benton Barracks, Missouri.
West, Augustus C	do	23	Aug. 13, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out Aug. 17, 1864, at Chattanocga,
	,				Tenn., on expiration of term of service.
West, Thomas O	do	41	Aug. 13, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged Sept. —, 1861, at general hospital, St. Louis. Mo.
Walley Ctarley C	do	18	Aug. 13, 1861	3 vrs.	Transferred to Regimental Band Aug. 18, 1861.
Walker, Stephen S Walker, Oliver E	do	23	Aug. 13, 1861	3 yrs.	Transferred to Regimental Band Aug. 18, 1861.
Walker, William H	do	18	Aug. 13, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged March 23, 1863, at St. Louis, Mo.
Watt, Isaac N			Aug. 13, 1861	3 yrs.	Died May 31, 1862, in camp near Farmington, Mississippi.
Waits, Jefferson	do		Aug. 26, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged Aug. 25, 1862, at Iuka, Miss.
Young, Francis M			Aug. 13, 1861	3 yrs.	Died Oct. 9, 1862, of wounds received Oct. 4,
					1862, in battle of Corinth, Miss.
Zimmerman, Leroy	do	26	Aug. 13, 1861	3 yrs.	Transferred to Regimental Band Aug. 18, 1861.
	1	1		l	

39th REGIMENT OHIO VOLUNTEER INFANTRY.

FIELD AND STAFF

Mustered in Aug. 16, 1861, at Camp Dennison, O., by L. W. Walker, 1st Lieutenant 3d Infantry, U. S. A. Mustered out July 9, 1865, at Louisville, Ky., by William H. Carr, Captain 10th Illinois Infantry and A. C. M. 1st Division, 17th Army Corps.

Names	Rank.	Age.	Date of Entering the Service.	Period of Service.	Remarks.
John Groesbeck	Colonel	41	July 8, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed July 24, 1861; discharged July 8,
Alfred W. Gilbert.	do	45	July 8, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Lieut. Colonel July 27, 1861; promoted to Colonel July 8, 1862; resigned Oct.
Edward F. Noyes	do	28	July 8, 1861	3 yrs.	1, 1862. Appointed Major July 27, 1861; promoted to Lieut. Colonel July 8, 1862; Colonel Oct. 1, 1862; Brevet Brig. General March 13, 1865; resigned April 22, 1865.
Daniel Weber	də	27	July 20, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Adjutant from 1st Lieutenant Co. D —; promoted to Captain Co. I March 2, 1864; Major Jan. 11, 1865; Lieut. Colonel Feb. 10, 1865; Cojonel May 18, 1865; mustered
Henry T. McDowell	Lt. Col.	22	July 12, 1861	3 yrs.	out with regiment July 9, 1865. Promoted to Major from Captain Co. A July 8, 1862; Lieut. Colonel Oct. 1, 1862; mustered out Jan. 28, 1865, on expiration of term of
Henry A. Babbitt.	.do	24	Aug. 1, 1861	3 vrs.	service. Promoted to 2d Licutenant Co. G from Sergt. Major June 10, 1862; 1st Licutenant Co. I April 8, 1863; appointed Adjutant April 13, 1864; promoted to Captain Co. A Jan. 11, 1865; Major May 18, 1865; Licut. Colonel June 6, 1865; mustered out with regiment July 9, 1865.
William H. Lathrop	Major	28	July 18, 1861	3 yrs.	Promoted from Captain Co. G Oct. 1, 1862; to Colonel 3d Alabama U. S. Colored Troops
John S. Jenkins	do	48	July 13, 1861	3 yrs.	April 21, 1864. Promoted from Captain Co. E April 25, 1864; mustered out Nov. 10, 1864, on expiration of
George T Rice	do	36	July 22, 1861	3 yrs.	term of service. Appointed Regt. Quartermaster from 1st Lieutenant Co. I Oct: 25, 1864; promoted to Captain Co. C Jan. 11, 1865; Major June 6, 1865; mustered out with regiment July 9,
Oliver W. Nixon .	Surgeon	35	July 8, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Aug. 24, 1861; resigned May 31,
Thomas W MeArthur	. do	38	July 8, 1861	3 yrs.	1862. Appointed Asst. Surgeon Aug. 20, 1861; promoted to Surgeon May 31, 1861; resigned Sept. 3, 1862.
John Follette.	.do.,		Aug. 15, 1862	3 yrs.	Promoted from Asst. Surgeon Sept. 3, 1802;
Christian Forster .	As. Sur.		May 31, 1862	3 yrs.	mustered out with regiment July 9, 1865. Promoted to Surgeon 58th O. V. I. Nov. 16,
Lionel J. Smith.	, do		Sept 5, 1862	3 yrs.	1862. Promoted to Surgeon 33d O. V. I. Nov. 13, 1864.
Pierre S. Starr William J. Andrews Benjamin W. Chidlaw Frank Z. Rossitor Charles F Sedam	do do Chaplain . do Adjutant	27	Dec. 13, 1862 Meh. 8, 1865 Aug. 20, 1861 Jan. 6, 1864 July 31, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Mustered out with regiment July 9, 1865. Mustered out with regiment July 9, 1865. Resigned July 18, 1862. Resigned July 18, 1864. Appointed from 1st Lieutenant Co. H July 31,
Robert S. Pomeroy	do	18	July 18, 1861	S yrs	1861; discharged Feb. 28, 1862. Promoted to Sergt. Major from Sergeant Co. G June I, 1864; 2d Lieutenant Co. A July 13, 1864; 1st Lieutenant and Adjutant Jan. 11, 1865; mustered out with regiment July 9,
Harlan A Edwards	R. Q. M.	31	July 31, 1861	3 yrs.	1865: veteran. Promoted to 1st Lieutenant and Regt. Quartermaster from 2d Lieutenant Co. H July 31,
John Wherstone	do	18	July 30, 1861	3 yrs.	 1861; resigned June 18, 1862. Promoted to Com, Sergeant from Corporal Co. D. June 1, 1864; 1st Lieutenant and Regt. Quartermaster Jan, 11, 1865; mustered out with regiment July 9, 1865; veteran.

Names.	Rank.	Age.	Date of Entering the Service.	Period of Service.	Remarks.
Wyatt Hamriek	R. Q. M.			3 yrs.	Appointed Act. Regt Quartermaster from 2d Lieutenant Co. H July 22, 1862; trans- ferred to Co. H Oct. 25, 1864
Elijah B. Fairchild	Ser. Maj.	21	Aug. 21, 1862	3 yrs.	Promoted from private Co. B Dec. 1, 1862; to 2d Lieutenant Co. A Feb. 9, 1864; veteran.
James A. Drake	do	20	July 31, 1861	3 yrs.	Promoted from Sergeant Co. H July 25, 1864; to 1st Lieutenant Co. B Jan. 11, 1865; veteran.
Lucius M. Hubbard	do	19	Aug. 16, 1861	3 yrs.	
Francis M. Wright	do	18	July 4, 1861	3 yrs.	Promoted from Sergeant Co. I April 1, 1865; to 2d Lieutenant Co. C June 6, 1865; veteran.
Andrew J. White	do	16	July 25, 1861	3 yrs.	Promoted from Corporal Co. D June 28, 1865, as Jackson A. White; mustered out with regiment July 9, 1865; veteran.
Samuel A. Hall	Q. M. S.	31	July 13, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged Dec. 31, 1861, on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
John R. Connell	do	25	July 4, 1861	3 yrs.	Promoted from Corporal Co. I —; to 1st Lieutenant Co. K July 7, 1862.
Wm. H. Minton	do	21	Aug. 1, 1861	3 yrs.	Promoted from private Co. C. Nov. 1, 1862, to 2d Lieutenant Co. G. May 9, 1864; veteran.
John Manser	do	18	July 20, 1861	3 yrs.	Promoted from Sergeant Co. D Jan. 29, 1865; mustered out with regiment July 9, 1865; veteran.
DeClifford Kearns	Com. Ser.	25	July 1861	3 yrs.	Promted from Sergeant Co. H Jan. 1, 1862; reduced to ranks Co. H Dec. 1, 1862.
John W. Sidwell	do	25	July 1, 1861	3 yrs.	Promoted from Corporal Co. I Dec. 1, 1862; reduced to ranks Co. I Feb. 26, 1864.
Wm. H. Pittenger	do	29	July 4, 1861	3 yrs.	Promoted from Sergeant Co. I June 1, 1864; to 2d Lieutenant Co. D July 13, 1864; veteran.
Frank Hight	do	25	July 13, 1861	3 yrs.	Promoted from Sergeant Co. E Feb. 26, 1864; to 2d Lieutenant Co. I May 9, 1864; veteran.
Homer Montgomery	do	20	July 16, 1861	3 yrs.	Promoted from Sergeant Co. A Aug. 2, 1864; to 1st Lieutenant Co. G Jan. 11, 1865; veteran,
Allen Easter	do	25	July 4, 1861	3 yrs.	Promoted from Sergeant Co. I Jan. 29, 1865; to 2d Lieutenant Co. I May 18, 1865; veteran.
Alfred Carl	do	26	July 16, 1861	3 yrs.	Promoted from Sergeant Co. D June 3, 1865; mustered out with regiment July 9, 1865; veteran.
Luther Hathaway	Hos. St'd	43	July 22, 1861	3 yrs.	Promoted from private Co. B July 31, 1861; reduced to ranks Co. B Dec. 10, 1862.
Richard A. Taylor	do	21	July 18, 1861	3 yrs.	Promoted from private Co. G Dec. 10, 1862; to 2d Lieutenant Co. C Feb. 14, 1865; veteran.
James Chambers	do	18	July 19, 1861	3 yrs.	Promoted from private Co. K April 28, 1865; mustered out with regiment July 9, 1865; veteran.
John M. Pantenny	Prin. Mus	20	Meh. 8, 1864	3 yrs.	Promoted to Principal Musician from —; mustered out with regiment July 9, 1865.
George L. Payne	Dm. Maj.	23	July 22, 1861	3 yrs.	Promoted from private Co. B Oct. 1, 1861; reduced to Musician Co. G Nov. 21, 1862.

REGIMENTAL BAND.

Samuel T. HallLdr. B'r	d 33	July 25, 1861	3 yrs.	Transferred from Co. C. July 22, 1862; mustered out Aug. 18, 1862, by order of War
Henry Baker Musicia	n 23	July 18, 1861	3 yrs.	Department.
Josiah Rambodo	. 26	July 29, 1861	3 yrs.	Department. Transferred from Co. C July 22, 1862; mustered out Aug. 1, 1862, at Corinth, Miss., by
Joseph F. Smithdo		July 31, 1861	3 yrs.	order of War Department.
Henry Elsingdo		Aug. 4, 1861	3 yrs.	tered out Aug. 18, 1862, by order of War
Jacob Launsettledo	. 22	July 18, 1861	3 yrs.	Department. Transferred from Co. F July 22, 1862: mustered out Aug. 18, 1862, by order of War
Edward T. Macydo	19	July 31, 1861	3 yrs.	tered out Aug. 18, 1862, by order of War
Henry L. Cookdo	21	July 18, 1861	3 yrs.	Department, Transferred from Co. G July 22, 1862; mus- tered out Aug. 18, 1862, by order of War
Charles P. Delldo	16	July 22, 1861	3 yrs.	tered out Aug. 1, 1862, at Corinth, Miss., by
	1			order of War Department.

Names.	Rank.	Age.	Date of Entering the Service.	Period of Service.	Remarks.
George Fox	Musician		July 31, 1861	3 yrs.	Transferred from Co. H July 22, 1862; mustered out Aug. 18, 1862, by order of War Department.
William Graff	do	23	July 15, 1861	3 yrs.	Transferred from Co. G July 22, 1862; mustered out Aug. 18, 1862, by order of War Department.
Samuel M. Harris				3 yrs.	
John A. Hall	do		July 31, 1861	3 yrs.	Transferred from Co. E July 22, 1862; mustered out Aug. 18, 1862, by order of War Department.

COMPANY A.

Mustered in Aug. 3, 1861, at Camp Dennison, O., by L. W. Walker, 1st Lieutenant 3d Infantry, U. S. A. Mustered out July 9, 1865, at Louisville, Ky., by William H. Carr, Captain 10th Illinois Infantry and A. C. M. 1st Division, 17th Army Corps.

				, see Fee
Henry T. McDowell Captain	23	July 12, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed July 31, 1861; promoted to Major
John D. Whitedo	22	July 18, 1861	3 yrs.	Promoted from 1st Lieutenant Co. C Nov. 26, 1862; resigned April 29, 1864.
John R. Connelldo	25	July 4, 1861	3 yrs.	Promoted from 1st Lieutenant Co. K May 9, 1864; mustered out Oct. 28, 1865, on expira-
Henry A. Babbittdo	24	Aug. 1, 1861	3 yrs.	tion of term of service. Promoted from 1st Lieutenant and Adjutant Jan. 11, 1865; to Major May 18, 1865.
Osear A. Carrdo	21	July 18, 1861	3 yrs.	Promoted from 1st Lieutenant Co. H May 18, 1865; mustered out with company July 9, 1865.
John C. Musser 1st Lieut.	28	July 13, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed July 31, 1861; promoted to Captain Co. B Feb. 8, 1862.
Bennett Davisdo	22	June 19, 1861	3 yrs.	Promoted to 2d Lieutenant from 1st Sergeant Co. K April 26, 1862; 1st Lieutenant Oct. 1,
Silas O. Losseedodo	27	July 12, 1861	3 yrs.	1862; resigned April 1, 1864. Promoted to 2d Lieutenant from Sergeant Oct. 1, 1862; 1st Lieutenant May 9, 1864; mustered out Oct. 28, 1864, on expiration of term of service.
William H. Pittengerdo	29	July 4, 1861	3 yrs.	Promoted from 2d Lieutenant Co. D Jan. 11, 1865; to Captain Co. I May 18, 1865; veteran.
Peter Thompsondo	27	July 4, 1861	3 yrs.	Promoted to 2d Lieutenaut from Sergeant Co. I Feb. 14, 1865; 1st Lieutenaut May 18, 1865; mustered out with company July 9, 1865; veteran.
Louis Sontag 2d Lieut.	39	July 12, 1861	3 yrs.	Promoted to 2d Lieutenant from 1st Sergeant July 31, 1861; 1st Lieutenant Feb. 8, 1862, but not mustered; resigned Feb. 22, 1862.
Wm. H. Newmandodo	22	July 12, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed 1st Sergeant from Sergeant —; promoted to 2d Lieutenant —; 1st Lieutenant Co. C Feb. 28, 1862.
Elijah B. Fairchilddo	21	Aug. 21, 1862	3 yrs.	Promoted from Sergt. Major Feb. 9, 1864;
Addison H. Bowserdo	22	July 16, 1861	3 yrs.	to 1st Lieutenant Co. H July 13, 1864; veteran. Appointed Corporal Dec. 27, 1863; Sergeant Feb. 25, 1864; promoted to 2d Lieutenant May 18, 1865; mustered out with company July 9, 1865; veteran.
Robert S. Pomeroydo	18	July 18, 1861	3 yrs.	Promoted from Sergt. Major July 13, 1864;
Barney Schultzdo	35	July 20, 1861	3 yrs.	to 1st Lieutenant and Adjutant Jan. 11, 1865. Promoted from Sergeant Co. F Jan. 11, 1865; to 1st Lieutenant Co. F Feb. 10, 1865.
Henry L. Colegrove 1st Sergt.	26	July 16, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Sergeant from Corporal March 1, 1863; 1st Sergeant Aug. 2, 1864; promoted to 2d Lieutenant Co. B Feb. 14, 1865; veteran.
Jonathan Mead	22	July 16, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal Dec, 27, 1863; Sergeant July 8, 1864; 1st Sergeant May 28, 1865; ab- sent on furlough; mustered out July 9, 1865,
James R. Brewer Sergeaut	23	July 16, 1861	3 yrs.	by order of War Deyartment; veteran. Appointed Corporal Dec. 27, 1863; Sergeant Aug. 10, 1864; mustered out with company
Abram McNamerdodo	26	July 16, 1861	3 yrs.	July 9, 1865; veteran. Appointed Corporal Dec. 27, 1863; Sergeant March 7, 1865; mustered out with company
John Walkerdo	19	July 16, 1861	3 yrs.	July 9, 1865; veteran. Appointed Corporal Dec. 27, 1863; Sergeant April 1, 1865; mustered out with company July 9, 1865; veteran.
		1		1

Names.	Rank.	Age.	Date of Entering the Service.	Period of Service.	Remarks.
Jonathan Rockwell	Sergeant	19	July 16, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal Dec. 27, 1863; wounded July 22, 1864, in battle of Atlanta, Ga.; ap- pointed Sergeant Jane 1, 1865; absent on furlough; mustered out July 9, 1865, by
Thomas J. Crull	do	24	July 16, 1861	3 yrs.	order of War Department; veteran, Appointed from Corporal Dec. 27, 1863; reduced to ranks Feb. 24, 1864, and transferred to Co. F.
Homer Moutgomery	ob	20	July 16, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed from Corporal March 1, 1863; pro-
Daniel Mead	dó	27	July 16, 1861	3 yrs.	moted to Com. Sergeaut Aug. 2, 1864; veteran. Appointed Corportal Dec. 27, 1863; Sergeaut Feb. 26, 1864; died Aug. 22, 1864, of wounds received Aug. 15, 1864, in action near At-
Henry Clark		26	July 16, 1861	3 yrs.	hanta, Ga.: veteran. Appointed Corporal Dec. 27, 1863; absent on furlough: mustered out July 9, 1865, by order of War Department; veteran.
Henry F. Hughes		22	July 16, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal Dec. 27, 1863; mustered out with company July 9, 1865; veteran. Appointed Corporal Dec. 27, 1863; mustered
James McKendrick		29	July 16, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal Dec. 27, 1863; mustered out with company July 9, 1865; veteran.
William H. Williams	1	20	July 12, 1851	3 yrs.	out with company July 9, 1865; veteran. Appointed Corporal July 8, 1864; mustered out with company July 9, 1865; veteran.
Francis M. Dawson	,do,	18	July 16, 1861	3 yrs.	out with company July 9, 1865; veteran. Appointed Corporal Aug. 9, 1864; mustered out with company July 9, 1865; veteran.
James W. McGraw	do	23	July 16, 1861	3 yrs.	out with company July 9, 1865; veteran. Appointed Corporal Dec. 27, 1863; Sergeant Feb. 26, 1864; reduced to ranks July 8, 1864; appointed Corporal March 7, 1865; mustered out with company July 9, 1865; veteran
Andrew Purtee	d>	21	July 16, 1861	3 yrs.	out with company July 9, 1865; veteran. Appointed Corporal April 1, 1865; mustered out with company July 9, 1865; yeteran.
Carr McCall	do	18	Jan. 18, 1864	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal June 1, 1865; mustered out with comyany July 9, 1865.
John L. Lewis	do	22	July 16, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged Jan. 4, 1862, by order of War Department.
William Urqnhart Allen, William H	Private	21 26	Aug. 16, 1861 Aug. 25, 1862	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Died May 5, 1863, at Corinth, Miss. Mustered out with company July 9, 1865; veteran.
Applegate, Andrew	1	18	July 16, 1861	3 yrs.	Absent on furlough; no further record found; veteran.
Allen, Robert	do do	21 18 21 25	Aug. 25, 1862 Feb. 20, 1862 Dec. 28, 1864 April 6, 1865	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 1 yr. 1 yr.	Died July 31, 1863, at Memphis, Tenn. Transferred to Co. D Feb. 24, 1864; veteran. Substitute. Substitute; mustered out with company July
Andrews, Charles L	l .		April 6, 1865	1 yr.	9, 1865. Substitute: mustered out with company July
Beasley, Jacob			July 16, 1861	3 yrs.	9, 1845. Transferred to Co. F May 29, 1864; from Co. F Nov. 1, 1864; discharged July 9, 1865, by order of War Department; veteran.
Beck, George	do	27	July 16, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 9, 1865;
Benton, Leroy B	do	40	Aug. 23, 1862	3 yrs.	veteran. Mustered out July 9, 1865, at Columbus, 0., by order of War Department.
Bostwick, Henry H Bennett, Daniel Bowers, Jaeob. Brooker, John Burdett, Hezekiah	do do	$\frac{18}{20}$	July 16, 1861 Jan. 18, 1864 Feb. 4, 1864 July 16, 1861 Sept. 23, 1864	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs. 1 yr.	Veteran. Mustered out with company July 9, 1865. Mustered out with company July 9, 1865. Veteran. Drafted: mustered out June 4, 1865, by order of
Baum, Christopher			Jan. 16, 1865	1 yr.	War Department. Substitute; mustered out with company July
Bush, William Chestuut, Samuel	do	23 23	Jan. 26, 1864 July 16, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	9, 1865. Died July 22, 1864, in hospital at Rome, Ga. Absent on furlough; no turther record found;
Clifford, John G	do	. 25	July 16, 1861	3 yrs.	
Cowine, Henry	do	. 18	July 16, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 9, 1865; vet-
Comer. John	do	. 21	Jan. 24, 1864 July 16, 1861 July 16, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	eran. Mustered out with company July 9, 1865. Transferred to Co. 1 Feb. 24, 1864. Transferred to Co. 1 Feb. 24, 1864.
Colgrove, Ira Clink, Frederick			Aug. 23, 1862 Sept. 26, 1864	3 yrs.	 Died Aug. 12, 1864, in hospital, of wounds received July 20, 1864, in battle of Peach Tree Creek, Gu.: veteran. Drafted; mustered out June 4, 1865, by order
Creles, Daniel			Sept. 24, 1864	1 yr.	of War Department. Drafted; mustered out June 4, 1865, by order
			Jan. 26, 1864	3 yrs.	of War Department.
Dawson, William Dawson, Ison Dixon, William Dodge, George L Dresler, William	dododo	. 29 . 19 . 22 . 24	July 16, 1861 July 16, 1861 July 16, 1861 July 16, 1861 Aug. 16, 1862	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Died Jan. 11, 1862, at Palmyra, Mo. Died April 27, 1862, at Cincinnati, O, Transferred to Co. F Feb. 24, 1864. Wounded July 22, 1864, in battle of Atlanta, Ga: discharged May 16, 1865, on Surgeon's certificate of disability; veterun.

Names.	Rank.	Age.	Date of Entering the Service.	Period of Service.	Remarks.
Dawson, Giles K	Private	26	Jan. 26, 1864	3 yrs.	Discharged March 4, 1865, on Surgeon's certifi-
Davis, John W	do	21	Jan. 5, 1865	1 yr.	cate of disability. Substitute: mustered out with company July
Downing, Alexander	do	18	Jan. 9, 1865	l yr.	9, 1865. Substitute; mustered out with company July
Dowdle, Charles	do	31	July 16, 1861	3 yrs.	9, 1865. Discharged April 23, 1862, by order of War De-
Ernst, William Eaton, William Fisher, Oliver W Fox, Arthur	do	18 19 20 21	July 16, 1861 July 16, 1861 Aug. 28, 1862 July 16, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	partment. Died June 7, 1862, at St. Louis, Mo. Veterab. Mustered out with company July 9, 1865; vet-
Fuller, Rimby Ferrill, John Findies, Frederick	do	18 15 25	July 16, 1861 July 16, 1861 July 16, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	eran. Died Feb. 15, 1864, at Memphis, Tenn. Died Aug. 26, 1864, in hospital at Marietta, Ga.;
Foley, John	do.,	24	June 16, 1861	3 yrs.	veteran. Discharged April 11, 1862, by order of War De-
Goody, Martin	do	21	July 16, 1861	3 yrs.	partment. Veteran.
Goody, Martin		23 23	July 16, 1861 July 16, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Veteran. Mustered as private; appointed Sergeant Dec. 27, 1863; reduced to ranks Feb. 24, 1864, and transferred to Co. F.
Glover, Samuel C		19	July 12, 1861	3 yrs.	Reduced to ranks from Sergeant Feb. 24, 1864, and transferred to Co. D.
Gregory, Seth		18 23	Aug. 24, 1864 July 16, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Absent on furlough; no further record found; veteran.
Henning, Frank		IS	July 16, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 9, 1865; veteran.
Hilt, John A	do	22	July 16, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 9, 1865; veteran.
Hopkins, George	. do	21	July 16, 1861	3 yrs.	Died June 3, 1862, at Farmington, Miss., of wounds received May 28, 1862, in action near Corinth, Miss.
Hurley, Nelson B Henderson, Archibald	do	23 28	July 16, 1861 Aug. 6, 1862	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Died Nov. 18, 1862, at Grand Junction, Tenn. Wounded Oct. 4, 1862, in battle of Corinth, Miss.: transferred to Co. G Jan. 21, 1863.
Hohs, John A. Hermes, Barnbart. Harrison, George. Humpbreys, Absalom.	do.,	37 34 34 28	July 16, 1861 July 16, 1861 Jan. 4, 1865 Sept. 26, 1864	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs. 1 yr.	Transferred to Co. I Feb. 24, 1864. Transferred to Co. I Feb. 24, 1864. Substitute. Drafted; mustered out June 4, 1865, by order
Hawk, William	do	37	Dec. 16, 1864	1 yr.	of War Department. Drafted: absent, sick; discharged June 29, 1865, at Washington, D. C., by order of War Department.
Hartman, Isaiah	do	18	Jan. 10, 1865	2 yrs.	Substitute; mustered out with company July 9, 1865.
Hurst, Charles H	do	43	Dec. 16, 1864	1 yr.	Drafted; mustered ont with company July 9, 1865.
Holberg, Barney	do	21	July 16, 1861	3 yrs.	Killed July 22, 1864, in battle of Atlanta, Ga.; veteran.
Ingram, Robert L	do	32	Nov. 19, 1864	1 yr.	Drafted; died May 25, 1865, at Portsmouth, Rhode Island.
Jones, George W	do	19	July 16, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 9, 1865; vet- eran,
Johnson, Jesse	do,.	42 18	Aug. 30, 1862 July 16, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Killed June 23, 1864, in action near Kenesaw Mountain, Ga.: veteran.
Kelly, Joseph		36	Sept. 18, 1862	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 9, 1865; veteran.
Kapphahn, Ferdinand		28	July 16,-1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out Aug. 26, 1864, on expiration of term of service.
Keller, Martin V Lozier, John	do	28 20	Dec. 30, 1864 July 16, 1861	1 yr. 3 yrs.	Substitute. Mustered out with company July 9, 1865; veteran.
Lindsey, Levi Lozier, Albert Lozier, George Lightner, Jeremiah Ludens, Henry Linsey, James M.,,	do do do	42 18 18 23 27 19	Feb. 16, 1864 Nov. 6, 1863 Jan. 4, 1864 July 16, 1861 July 16, 1861 July 16, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 9, 1865. Mustered out with company July 9, 1865. Mustered out with company July 9, 1865. Died April 20, 1862, at Mound City, III. Transferred to Co. 1 Feb. 24, 1864. Killed May 14, 1864, in battle of Dallas, Ga.;
McDowell, John	do	23	July 16, 1861	3 yrs.	vaterau. Mustered out with company July 9, 1865; vet-
Mooney, John	do,	23	Aug. 15, 1862	3 yrs.	Mustered out July 9, 1865, by order of War
McCurdy, John N Moore, Silas Montgomery, Ellis	do	20 42 31	Feb. 4, 1864 Jan. 26, 1864 July 16, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Department; veteran. Mustered out with company July 9, 1865. Mustered out with company July 9, 1865. Discharged April 11, 1862, by order of War
Mason, Aaron	,do	24	July 16, 1861	3 yrs.	Department. Discharged April 11, 1862, by order of War
Music, Joseph	do	40	July 16, 1861	3 yrs.	Department. Discharged Sept. 5, 1862, by order of War Department.

Names.	Rank.	Age.	Date of Eutering the Service.	Period of Service.	Remarks.
Mead, Isaac F	Private	19	July 16, 1861	3 yrs.	Wounded July 22, 1864, in battle of Atlanta, Ga.; transfarred to 154th Co., 2d Battalion Veteran Reserve Corps, March 17, 1865.
McKenzie, Daniel Montgomery, Charles	do	22 22	Aug. 16, 1861 July 16, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Died Jan. 25, 1865, at Chattanooga, Tenn.;
Montgomery, George W.	do	26	Aug. 14, 1862	3 yrs.	veteran. Died May 31, 1865, at Washington, D. C.;
McNclly, Thomas Maxham, Herbert O	do	18 24	Jan. 30, 1864 Meh. 22, 1865	3 yrs. 1 yr.	veteran. Died March 31, 1864, at Athens, O. Drafted; absent, sick; discharged July 5, 1865, by order of War Department.
Marshall, Elias J Neary, William	do	$\frac{.18}{20}$	Jan. 28, 1864 July 16, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Killed July 22, 1864, in battle of Atlanta, Ga. Mustered out July 18, 1865, by order of War Department; veteran.
Nigh, Jacob G		23	July 16, 1861	3 yrs.	Reduced from Corporal —; discharged Nov. 15, 1862, by order of War Department.
Nye, Daniel		20	July 16, 1861	3 yrs.	Killed July 4, 1864, in action near Nickajack Creek, Ga.; veteran.
O'Harrow, Michael Perry, James W		18 18	Feb. 26, 1864 July 16, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 9, 1865. Discharged July 20, 1865, at Columbus, O., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Phile, Joseph		42	Aug. 27, 1862	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 9, 1865; vet- eran.
Pitman, Alexander H	}	25	July 16, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 9, 1865; veteran.
Purtce, John		18	Jan. 21, 1864	3 yrs.	Died Sept. 26, 1864, at Marietta, Ga., of wounds received July 22, 1864, in battle of Atlanta, Ga.
Parry, George Penwell, William T	do	34 24	Jan. 26, 1865 Nov. 26, 1864	3 yrs. 1 yr.	Substitute. Drafted; captured March 3, 1865, at Houring College, N. C.; reported at Camp Chase as paroled prisoner; discharged June 30, 1865, by order of War Department.
Quirk, John	do	34	July 16, 1861	3 yrs.	Reduced from Corporal —; wounded July 4, 1864, in action near Nickajack Creek, Ga.; discharged Jan. 27, 1865, on Surgeon's certifi-
Rockwell, James	do	23	July 16, 1861	3 yrs.	cate of disability; veteran. Mustered out with company July 9, 1865; vet-
Rockwell, Michael	do	21	July 16, 1861	3 yrs.	eran. Mustered out with company July 9, 1865, vet- eran.
Rockwell, William	do	20	Aug. 23, 1864	3 yrs.	Discharged June 4, 1865, by order of War Department.
Squires, John Saunders, Lorenzo D	do	18 33	Aug. 16, 1861 Aug. 7, 1862	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Transferred to Marine Brigade Jan. 3, 1863. Mustered out with company July 9, 1865; veteran.
Scott, Louis J	do	22	July 16, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 9, 1865; veteran.
Slattery, Calvin	do	22	July 16, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 9, 1865; veteran.
Snively, David		19	Sept. 16, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out June 24, 1865, at Camp Dennison,
Spradling, Samuel		30	July 16, 1861	3 yrs.	O., by order of War Department. Mustered out with company July 9, 1865; veteran.
Scott, Winfield Scott, Oliver P Shafer, Christian Squires, Wilson G	do do do	19 22 34 20	Jan. 12, 1864 Jan. 26, 1864 July 16, 1861 Aug. 12, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 9, 1885, Mustered out with company July 9, 1865. Died Aug. 7, 1863, at Cairo, Ill. Transferred from Co. D ——; died Jan. 27, 1864, at Harrisonville, O.; veteran.
Simpkins, George Shuter, George	do	22 20	July 16, 1861 Aug. 16, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Discharged April 11, 1862, by order of War Department.
Sikes, Hiram	do	20	July 16, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged Sept. 1, 1862, by order of War Department.
Stapleton, Ezekiel	do		Sept. 16, 1862	3 yrs.	Transferred to Veteran Reserve Corps Co. D
Seiford, Charles Schoonover, John	do	21	July 16, 1861 Aug. 16, 1861 July 16, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Died Jan. 11, 1862, at Commerce, Mo. Transferred to Co. F Feb. 24, 1864; veteral. Reduced from Corporal,—; transferred to
Stapleton, James R. Scott, Charles Sweet, Samuel Taylor, William L. Titus, Greene B. Vankirk, Robert. Walden, Charles H.	l do	22 22 18 22 28 28 28 18	July 16, 1861 July 16, 1861 Jan. 18, 1864 July 16, 1861 Jan. 26, 1864 July 16, 1861 July 16, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Co. 1 Feb. 24, 1894. Transferred to Co. I Feb. 24, 1864. Transferred to Co. F May 29, 1864. Mustered out with company July 9, 1865. Transferred to Co. F Feb. 24, 1864. Mustered out with company July 9, 1865. Mustered out with company July 9, 1865; vet-
Waldren, Aaron L		21	July 16, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 9, 1865; vet-
Ward, Samuel	Į.	20	July 16, 1861	3 yrs.	eran. Mustered out with company July 9, 1865; vet-
Wollam, Thomas	do	28	July 16, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out July 18, 1865, by order of War De-
Weeks, Elmore	do	22	July 16, 1861	3 yrs.	partment; veteran. Discharged Jan. 4, 1862, by order of War Department.

Names.	Rank.	Age.	Date of Entering the Service.	Period of Service.	Remarks.
Whaley, Samuel. Walsinger, David. Walker, David. Walker, Thomas Welch, Albert. Wheeler, Frank Weeks, James W.	do do do do do	34 23 18 18	Feb. 4, 1864	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Transferred to Co. D. Feb. 24, 1864, Mustered out with company July 9, 1865, Mustered out with company July 9, 1865.

COMPANY B.

Mustered in Aug. 8, 1861, at Camp Dennison. O., by L. W. Walker, 1st Lieutenant 3d Infantry. U. S. A. Mustered out July 9, 1865, at Louisville, Ky., by William H. Carr, Captain 10th Illinois Infantry and A. C. M. 1st Division, 17th Army Corps.

John C. Felt	Captain	31	July 22, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed July 31, 1861; resigned April 12, 1862.
John C. Mussor	do	28	July 12, 1861	3 yrs.	Promoted from 1st Lieutenant Co. B Feb. 8, 1862; resigned July 3, 1862.
Ethan O. Hurd	do	21	July 20, 1861	3 yrs.	Promoted from 1st Lieutenant Co. F July 3, 1862; resigned March 5, 1864.
John W. Orr	do	27	Aug. 16, 1861	3 yrs.	Promoted from 1st Lieutenant Co. G May 9,
Oliver P. Brown	do	24	July 30, 1861	3 yrs.	1864; resigned April 22, 1865. Promoted to 2d Lieutenant from private Co. D May 9, 1864; 184 Lieutenant Co. K Jan. 11, 1865; Captain May 18, 1865; mustered out
William H. Edgerton	1st Lieut.	21	July 22, 1861	3 yrs.	with company July 9, 1865; veteran. Appointed July 31, 1861; resigned June 25,
William C. Buck	do	33	July 22, 1861	3 yrs.	Promoted to 2d Lieutenant from Sergeant March 19, 1862; 1st Lieutenant June 25, 1862;
Henry L. Colegrove	do	26	July 16, 1861	3 yrs.	transferred to Co. C July 39, 1863. Promoted to 2d Lieutenant from Sergeant Co. A Feb. 14, 1865; 1st Lieutenant June 6, 1865; mustered out with company July 9, 1865; vet-
Frank Fortman	do	22	July 20, 1861	3 yrs.	ransferred from Co. D —; resigned Sept. 16, 1864.
James A. Drake	do	22	July 31, 1861	3 yrs.	Promoted from Seigt. Major Jan. 11, 1865; to Captain Co. C June 6, 1865; veteran.
H. W. Shepherd	2d Lieut	32	July 22, 1861	3 yrs.	Promoted from 1st Sergeant Co. B July 31, 1861; to 1st Lieutenant Co. H Feb. 8, 1862.
George T. Rice	do	36	July 22, 1861	3 yrs.	Promoted from Sergeant June 25, 1862; to 1st Lieutenant Co. 1 May 9, 1864.
Oscar A. Carr	do	21	July 18, 1861	3 yrs.	Promoted from 1st Sergeant Co. C May 9, 1864; to 1st Lieutenant Co. H Jan. 11, 1865; vet- eran.
Alex, H. McTaggart	do	20	June 19, 1861	3 yrs.	Promoted from Sergeant Co. K Jan. 11, 1865; to 1st Lieutenant Co. D Feb. 10, 1865.
Ely W. Steen	lst Sergt.	28	July 22, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed from Sergeaut Dec. 27, 1893; wounded July 22, 1864, in battle of Atlanta, Ga.; promoted to 1st Lieutenant Co. C Jan. 11, 1865; veteran.
Charles L. Russell,	do	23	July 22, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed from Sergeant May 25, 1865: mustered out with company July 9, 1865; vet-
Buel Congdon	do	28	July 22, 1861	3 yrs.	eran. Mustered as private; appointed 1st Sergeant ; promoted to 2d Lieutenant Co. G May
William Theis	Sergeant	20	July 22, 1861	3 yrs.	18, 1865; veteran. Appointed from Corporal Sept. 1, 1882; discharged Dec. 15, 1862, at Oxford, Miss., on
William A. Snodgrass	do	20	July 22, 1861	3 yrs.	Surgeon's certificate of disability. Mustered as private; appointed Sergeant Dec. 27, 1863; promoted t Lieutemant Co. E Feb. 14, 1865; veteran.
William R. Miller	do	22	July 22, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed from Corporal Mac h 1, 1864; mustered out July 18, 1865, by order of War Dement; veteral.
Joseph II. Lapham	do	19	July 22, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal Dec. 27, 1863; Sergeant Sept 20, 1864; mustered out with company July 9, 1865; veteran.
John Stewart	do	25	July 22, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal —, 1861; wounded July 4, 1864, in action near Mekajack Creek, Ga.; appointed Sergeant April 27, 1865; mustered our with company July 9, 1865; veteran.
George R. Geer	do	19	Aug. 3, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal March 1, 1804; Sergeant June 1, 1805; mustered out July 18, 1865, by order of War Department; veteran.

Names.	Rank.	Age.	Date of Entering the Service.	Period of Service.	Remarks.
Daniel L. Plant	Corporal	38	July 22, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal Feb. 15, 1862; mustered out Aug. 20, 1864, on expiration of term of ser- vice.
Albert Oliver	do	18	July 22, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal July 7, 1864; mustered out with company July 9, 1865; veteran.
Jacob Gilcher	do	20	Aug. 16, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal May 25, 1865; mustered out with company July 9, 1865; veteran.
Peter Geer	do	18	Aug. 3, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 9, 1865; veteran.
Reuel P. McFarlaud	do	38	Aug. 9, 1862	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal Oct. 6, 1863; killed June 26, 1864,in action near Kennesaw Mountain, Ga.; veteran.
David H. Lewis	do	21	Aug. 31, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal July 22, 1864; mustered ou
Samuel Giffins	do	23	Aug. 7, 1861	3 yrs.	with company July 9, 1865; veteran. Appointed Corporal July 22, 1864; wounded Aug. 6, 1864, in action near Atlanta, Ga.; mustered out with company July 9, 1865; vet-
David D. Langley	cb	24	Aug. 15, 1861	3 yrs.	eran. Appointed Corporal April 2, 1864; mustered out July 9, 1865, by order of War Department; veteran.
George H. Cadman	do	39	Aug. 9, 1862	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal June 18, 1863; died Sept. 17, 1864, in hospital at Marietta, Ga., of wounds received Aug. 14, 1864, in action near
Benjamin Smith	do,	18	Aug. 4, 1862	3 yrs.	Atlanta, Ga.; veteran. Appointed Coporal June 26, 1865; mustered out
Jethro Davis	do	30	Nov. 26, 1863	3 yrs.	with company July 9, 1865; veteran. Appointed Corporal March 15,1865, mustered out
Charles Ohle Orlando Woodward Lewis J. Finch	Musician do Wagoner	17 18 20	Feb. 3, 1864 Jan. 19, 1864 July 22, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	with company July 9, 1865. Mustered out with company July 9, 1865. Mustered out with company July 9, 1865, Mustered out with company July 9, 1865; vet-
Abbot, Farnum		19	Aug. 22, 1861	3 yrs.	eran. Mustered out with company July 9, 1865; vet-
Atkinson, John	do	18	July 22, 1861	3 yrs.	eran. Mustered out with company July 9, 1865; vet-
Ackerson, Ephraim	do	30	Aug. 4, 1861	3 yrs.	eran. Mustered out with company July 9, 1865; vet-
Ackerson, Abram	do	18	Aug. 7, 1861	3 yrs.	eran. Mustered out with company July 9, 1865; vet-
Adams, William H Abenscheon, Jacob	do	21 18	July 22, 1861 July 22, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	eran. Discharged Feb. 8, 1862. Wounded July 4, 1864. in action near Nickajaek Creek, Ga.: mustered out June 24, 1865. at Camp Dennison Hospital by order of War
Adams, Isaac N	dododododo	26 18 21 32	Aug. 30, 1862 Jan. 19, 1864 Jan. 16, 1864 Dec. 28, 1864 Dec. 16, 1864	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs. 1 yr.	Department: veteran. Died May 15, 1863, at Memphis, Tenn. Mustered out with company July 9, 1865. Mustered out with company July 9, 1865. Substitute. Drafted; mustered out June 25, 1865, at Wash-
Bast, HenryBruce, Wallace	do	38 18	July 22, 1861 July 31, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	ington, D. C., by order of War Department. Transferred to Co. F Aug. 3, 1861. Mustered out with company July 9, 1865; vet- eran.
Bell, Wilson	do	27	Aug. 14, 1862	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 9, 1865; veteran,
Barrows, Charles C	do	25	Aug. 9, 1862	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 9, 1865; vet-
Burns, Israel Bradley, William	do	27 18	Jan. 18, 1864 Feb. 9, 1864	3 yrs. 1 yr.	Mustered out with company July 9, 1865. Substitute; captured March 21, 1865, in battle of Bentonville, N. C.; mustered out June 10, 1865, at Camp Chase, O., by order of War
Brown, Abel	do	32	Sept. 29, 1864	1 yr.	Department. Drafted; eaptured Feb. 20, 1865, near Sinch
Brown, Stephen	do	30	Dec. 30, 1864	1 yr.	Creek, S. C.; discharged June 15, 1865. Drafted: mustered out with company July 9,
Brown, Martin Congdon, James W	do	24 27	Sept. 18, 1868 Jan. 19, 1864	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Mustered out June 13, 1865, at Camp Dennison, O., by order of War Department.
Ćonnor, Thomas J	do	18	July 22, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Sergeant from Corporal Aug. 25. 1862; mustered out Aug. 20, 1864, on expiration of term of service.
Coleman, Henry			July 22, 1861	3 yrs.	ranks ; mustered out Aug. 20, 1864, on
Carpenter, William	do	. 18	July 22, 1861	3 yrs.	expiration of term of service. Mustered out Aug. 20, 1864, on expiration of term of service.
Coon, George	do	. 22	July 22, 1861	3 yrs.	term of service. Mustered out with company July 9, 1865; veteran.
Cook, William H	do	. 19	Aug. 13, 1862	3 yrs.	Wounded July 23, 1864, in action near Atlanta, Ga.; mustered out July 9, 1865, by order of War Department; veteran.

Names.	Rank.	Age.	Date of Entering the Service.	Period of Service.	Remarks.
Cook, James M	Private	18	Aug. 16, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 9, 1865;
Cain, Samuel T	do	18	Aug. 4, 1862	3 yrs.	veteran; Mustered out with company July 9, 1865;
Chase, John W		18	Aug. 27, 1862	3 yrs.	veteran. Mustered out with company July 9, 1865;
Caroll, Samson	do	19	July 22, 1861	3 yrs.	veteran. Discharged Dec. 4, 1861, on Surgeon's certificate
Congdon, James W	10	34	July 22, 1861	3 yrs.	of disability. Appointed Sergeant from Corporal —; discharged Oct. 13, 1862, on Surgeon's certili-
Calhoon, James	do	18	July 22, 1861	3 yrs.	cate of disability. Discharged Sept. 5, 1862, on Surgeon's certifi-
Chapman, George W	do	21	July 22, 1861	3 yrs.	cate of disability. Discharged Sept. 5, 1862, on Surgeon's certifi-
Coontz, John	do		Aug. 14, 1862	3 yrs.	cate of disability. Captured Dec. 22, 1862, at Holly Springs, Miss.,
Chambers, Samuel T Clasey, Wine R	do	27 42	Jan. 18, 1864 Meh. 23, 1865	3 yrs. 1 yr.	and paroled. Mustered out with company July 9, 1865. Drafted; mustered out with company July 9, 1865.
Cockings, James L	do.,	26	Mch. 23, 1865	1 yr.	Drafted; mustered out with company July 9, 1865.
Conley, James Callen, John Dutton, Leander K	do	20 24 25	Dec. 28, 1864 Dec. 28, 1864 July 22, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Substitute. Substitute. Reduced from Corporal ——: discharged Feb.
Douglass, Edward J			July 22, 1861	3 yrs.	4 1869 on Surgeon's partitionto of dischility
				3 yrs.	Transferred to Co. D. 15th Regiment Veteran Reserve Corps, Aug. 24, 1863. Transferred to Co. F May 29, 1864.
Dyer, Thomas. Dye, Elijah. Davis, John W.		19 28	July 22, 1861 July 22, 1861 Mch. 23, 1863	3 yrs. 1 yrs	Drafted: mustered out with company July 9, 1865.
Ewing, Oliver P Ellis, Charles Forest, Andrew R	do do	23 18 20	Dec. 29, 1864 July 13, 1861 July 22, 1861	1 yr. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Substitute, Transferred from Co. E Sept. 3, 1861. Mustered out Aug. 20, 1864, on expiration of
Fletcher, John V		19	July 22, 1861	3 yrs.	term of service. Mustered out with company July 9, 1865; vet-
Farnsworth, John	do	19	July 22, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 9, 1865; vet-
Forman, Lewis			Sept. 29, 1864	1 yr.	eran. Drafted; on detached service in 1st Division Bospital March 22, 1865; no further record
Fairchild, Élijah B Geer, Jonathan	do	2ł 20	Aug. 21, 1862 July 22, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	found. Promoted to Sergt. Major Dec. 1, 1862. Mustered out Aug. 20, 1864, on expiration of
Grass, William			July 22, 1861	3 yrs.	term of service. Wounded Aug. 7, 1864, in action near Atlanta, Ga.: mustered out with company July 9, 1865; veteran.
Geer, Tearodes		į	Aug. 11, 1862	3 yrs.	Captured July 22, 1864, in battle of Atlanta, Ga.; discharged April 28, 1865, by order of War Department, veteral
Gilpin, Benjamin F	do	18	July 22, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged March 24, 1862, at St. Louis, Mo., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Goding, Franklin	do	19	July 22, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged May 5, 1862, at Corinth, Miss., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Garrison, Rodney S		1	July 22, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged Sept. 5. 1862 on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Gartland, William P Geer, John II	do	26 19	Jan. 1, 1862 Aug. 3, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Veteran. Captured Dec. 22, 1862, at Holly Springs, Miss., and paroled.
Hayes, Lewis			July 22, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out Aug. 20, 1864, on expiration of term of service.
Hunt, John	do ,	. 39	Sept. 23, 1864	1 yr.	Drafted: discharged June 13, 1865, by order of War Department.
Hughes, David D	1		July 22, 1861	3 yrs.	eran.
Huntsman, David D	do	. 20	July 22, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged Jan. 20, 1863, on Surgeon's certifi- eate of disability.
Halfett, Charles		1	July 22, 1861	3 yrs.	Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Hollister, Charles			July 22, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged Sept. 5, 1862, on Surgeon's certifi-
Higgs, John			Aug. 6, 1862	3 yrs.	on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Hawkins, Granville Hutchiuson, James Hathaway, Luther	do do	. 25 . 22 . 43	July 22, 1861 July 22, 1861 July 22, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Died Jan. 22, 1862, at Quincy, III. Promoted to Hospital Steward July 31, 1861; reduced to ranks Dec. 10, 1862; died April 1.
Hollis, Charles Hobby, William A	do	. 18	Jan. 1, 1865 July 22, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Reduced from Corporal —: transferred to Co. A. 15th Regiment Veteran Reserve Corps,
Johns, Henry	do	. 23	Şept. 23, 1864	1 yr.	Aug. 24, 1863 Drafted: mustered out June. 13, 1865, by order of War Department.

Names.	Rank.	Age.	Date of Entering the Service.	Period of Service.	Remarks.			
Jobes, Carby	Private	38	Meh. 31, 1865	l yr.	Drafted; mustered out with company July 9, 1865.			
Johnson, Charles P. Johnston, James P. Kennedy, William Kemp, William J. Kennedy, Elisha King, George W.	do do . do	28 20 18 19 18 23	Jan. 16, 1864 Sept. 18, 1863 July 22, 1861 July 22, 1861 Jan. 18, 1864 Jan. 18, 1864	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	See Co. B., 77th O. V. I. Died July 9, 1862, at Clear Creek, Miss Mustered out with company July 9, 1865. Wounded March 21, 1865, in battle of Benton- ville, N. C., and seut to hospital; discharged			
Langley, George W	.do	21	July 22, 1861	3 yrs.	May 19, 1865, by order of War Department. Discharged April 23, 1862, on Surgeon's certifi- cate of disability.			
Lanc's, Alfred W	do	19	July 22, 1861	3 yrs.	Died May 21, 1864, in hospital at Cumberland Tenn.; veteran.			
Lohser, Frederick McGovan, Michael Moyer, William	do do	20 18 21	July 22, 1861 July 22, 1861 Aug. 3, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Transferred to Co. F Aug. 22, 1861. On muster-in roll, but no further record found. Mustered out Aug. 20, 1864, on expiration of term of service.			
Middleswart, Geo. W	do	23	July 22, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out Aug. 20, 1864, on expiration of term of service.			
Middleswart, Austin A	do	22	July 22, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal Feb. 18, 1862; reduced to ranks—; mustered out Aug. 20, 1864, on expiration of term of service.			
Morgaridge, Ransford	do	21	Aug. 13, 1862	3 yrs.	Mustered out June 13, 1865, at Camp Dennison, O., by order of War Department; veteran.			
Morse, William S	do	19	July 22, 1861	3 yrs.	Wounded Aug. 10, 1864, in action near Atlanta, Ga.; mustered out with company July 9, 1865; veteran.			
McMannus, Michael	do	33	July 22, 1361	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 9, 1865; veteran.			
McLaughlin, Neal		33	Aug. 39, 1862	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 9, 1865; vet-			
Moreland, John F		42	Aug. 2, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 9, 1865; vet-			
Milis, Isaiah	do,	21	Aug. 2, 1862	3 yrs.	Wounded March 21, 1865, in battle of Benton- ville, N. C., and sent to hospital; discharged July 20, 1865, by order of War Department; veteran.			
Moore, Alfred F	do	22	July 22, 1861	3 yrs.	Reduced from Corporal —; discharged July 25, 1862, at Camp Dennison, O., on Surgeon's			
Moore, George	do	18	July 22, 1861	3 yrs.	certificate of disability. Killed July 20, 1864, in battle of Peach Tree Creek, Ga.; veteran.			
Mentor, Morton		31	Dec. 6, 1864	l yr.	Creek, Ga.: veteran. Drafted; died March 2, 1865, in Division Hos- pital, Fayetteville, N. C. Transferred to Co. K. April 1, 1863.			
McDaniel, Gail		24 22	Aug. 30, 1862 July 22, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Missouri,			
Noland, John	do do	22 22 21	Dec. 26, 1864 July 22 1861 Jan. 15, 1864	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Substitute. Transferred to Co. F May 29, 1864. Promoted to 2d Lieutenant, 135th U. S. Colored Troops.			
Pearce, Ebenezer Pfaff, Daniel Painter, Thomas	do	27 22 23	July 22, 1861 July 22, 1861 July 22, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Transferred to Co. F May 29, 1864. Transferred to Co. F May 29, 1864. Mustered out with company July 9, 1865;			
Padden, Michael	do	23	July 22, 1861	3 yrs.	Wustered out July 18, 1865, by order of War Department; veteran.			
Pfeiffer, John Parker, Adarian		27 43	Jan. 20, 1864 Aug. 29, 1862	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 9, 1865. Died Aug. 26, 1864, at Marietta, Ga., of wounds received July 22, 1864, in battle of Atlanta,			
Payne, George Richards, Edward H	do	23 21	July 22, 1861 July 22, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Ga.; veteran. Promoted to Drum Major, Oct. 1, 1861. Mustered out Aug. 29, 1864, on expiration of			
Riley, John	do	21	Jan. 21, 1864	3 yrs.	term of service. Wounded July 4, 1864, in action near Nickajack Creek, Ga.; discharged Oct. 2, 1864, at Cin- ciunati, O., on Surgeon's certificate of dis-			
Rairdon, Thomas	do., .	21	July 22, 1861	3 yrs.	Absent on furlough, June 25, 1865; no further			
Reynolds, Daniel S	do	42	July 22, 1861	3 yrs.	record found; veteran. Appointed Corporal Jan. 28, 1862; re-enlisted as veteran Dec. 27, 1863; mustered out with			
Reynolds, Charles W	do .	18	July 22, 1851	3 yrs.	ranks; mustered out with company July			
Rash, Charles	do	20	July 22, 1851	3 yrs.				
Ranger, Francis W	do	18	July 22, 1861	3 yrs.	Wounded July 4, 1864, in action near Nicka- jack Creek, Ga.; mustered out with company			
Richards, Thomas	do	36	Aug. 25, 1862	3 yrs.	July 9, 1865; veteran.			
		1						

Names.	Rank.	Age.	Date of Entering the Service.	Period of Service.	Remarks.
Sugden, Edmond J	Private	19	July 22, 1861	3 yrs:	Mustered out Aug. 20, 1864, on expiration of
Steed, Zebedee	do	38	Feb. 3, 1864	3 yrs.	term of service. Mustered out June 13, 1865, at Camp Dennison,
Smith, Gardner	do	31	Aug. 13, 1864	3 yrs.	O, by order of War Department. Mustered out June 3, 1865, at Washington, D.
Shoff, William	do	32	Sept. 23, 1864	1 yr.	C., by order of War Department, Drafted; mustered out June 3, 1865, at Wash-
Steel, Philatus	do	22	Sept. 23, 1864	1 yr.	ington, D. C., by order of War Department, Drafted, mustered out June 3, 1865, at Washing-
Sage, John, Seevers, Richard D	do	38 39	July 25, 1861 July 22, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	ton, D. C., by order of War Department, Discharged Sept. 5, 1862, on Surgeon's certifi-
Seevers, William J	do.	19	July 22, 1861	3 yrs.	cate of disability. Discharged Oct. 1, 1862, at Juka, Miss., on
Shaw, Nathaniel II	do	40	July 22, 1861	3 yrs.	Surgeon's certificate of disability. Discharged Oct. 1, 1862, on Surgeon's certificate
Skidmore, Chapin J	do	21	July 22, 1861	3 yrs.	of disability. Discharged Sept. 5, 1862, at Iuka, Miss., on
Smith. Moses	do	44	July 22, 1861.	3 yrs.	Surgeon's certificate of disability. Discharged April 15, 1862, on Surgeon's certifi-
Smith, S. H. W	do	22	July 22, 1861	3 yrs.	cate of disability. Reduced from Corporal ——; transferred to Co.
Suyder, John B. Solar, George. Snodgrass, Franklin C. Sinelair, William. Strecker, Matthew	lo do	21 19 18 34 23	Aug. 31, 1862 July 22, 1861 July 22, 1861 July 22, 1861 July 22, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	F May 29, 1864. Transferred to Co, F May 29, 1864. Died March 13, 1862, at Commerce, Mo. Died May 28, 1862, at Farmington, Miss. Died July 9, 1862, at Clear Creek, Miss. Mustered out with company July 9, 1865; vet-
Schlobaugh, Conrad	do.	18	Aug. 22, 1862	3 yrs.	Absent, sick in hospital at Washington, D. C.; mustered out July 9, 1865, by order of War
Snyder, Peter B	do	43	Sept. 12, 1862	3 yrs.	Department. Mustered out with company July 9, 1865; vet-
Smith, William G	do	44	Aug. 12, 1862	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 9, 1865; vet-
Seevers, William J Startwood, Benjamin F	do . do	21 18	Feb. 9, 1864 Jan. 6, 1865	3 yrs. Lyr.	eran. Mustered out with company July 9, 1865. Substitute; mustered out with company July 9, 1865.
Sigman, Ephraim I	do	31	Nov. 19, 1864	1 yr.	Drafted; mustered out with company July 9, 1865.
Stump, Lawrence	об	28	Jan. 19, 1864	3 yrs.	Died March 28, 1865, at Goldsboro, N. C., of wounds received March 21, 1865, in battle of Bentonville, N. C.
Snodgrass, John (' Smith, Emanuel J Sneidbaus, John F Frechel, Walter	do do do	22 26 24 25	Jan. 11, 1865 July 22, 1861 July 22, 1861 July 22, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Substitute. Transferred to Co. F Aug. 22, 1861. Transferred to Co. F Aug. 22, 1861. Mustered out Aug. 20, 1864, on expiration of
Thurman, John	do	19 44 36	July 22, 1861 July 22, 1861 Meh. 25, 1865	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 1 yr.	term of service. Died April 17, 1862, at New Madrid, Mo. Drafted; mustered out with company, July 9,
Winchester, Albert Wendelken, Henry	do	18 19	Aug. 16, 1°62 July 22, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	1865. Transferred to Co. F May 29, 1864. Appointed Corporal June 18, 1862; reduced to ranks —: mustered out Aug. 20, 1864, on a contraction of terroid corporation of the contraction of
Wells, Sheffield B Yardly, Benj, F	do	19 18	July 22, 1861 July 22, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	expiration of term of service. Died April 17, 1862, at Newport, O. Died Aug. —, 1864, of wounds received July 22, 1864, in battle of Atlanta, Ga.; veteran.
Davis, Robert	Cook do	20 22	Sept. 30, 1863 Sept. 30, 1863	S yrs.	Colored under-cook: discharged March 5, 1866, by order of War Department.

COMPANY C.

Mustered in Aug. 13, 1861, at Camp Dennison, O., by L. W. Walker, 1st Lieutenant 3d Infantry, U. S. A. Mustered out July 9, 1865, at Louisville, Ky., by William H. Carr, Captain 10th Illinois Infantry and A. C. M. 1st Division, 17th Army Corps.

George W. Baker	Captain 3	3 July	1, 1861	S yrs.	Appointed July 31, 1861; promoted to Captain
William II. Newman	do 2	2 July	12, 1861	3 yrs.	and Commissary of Subsistence Nov. 26, 1862. Promoted to 1st Lieutenant from 2d Lieutenant Co. A Feb. 28, 1862; Captain Oct. 1.
George T. Rice	do 3	July	22. 1861	3 yrs.	1862; resigned Aug. 20, 1864. Promoted from 1st Lieutenant and Regt. Quar-
James A. Drake	do 2	July	31, 1861	3 vrs.	termaster Jan. 11, 1865; to Major June 6, 1865. Promoted from 1st Lieutenant Co. B June 6, 1865; mustered out with company July 9,
					1865.

	1			of .	
Names.	Rank.	Age.	Date of Entering the Service.	Period of Service.	Remarks.
John F. Welch John D. White	lst Lieut.	25 22	July 3, 1861 July 18, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Appointed July 21, 1861; resigned June 16, 1862. Appointed 1st Sergeant from Sergeant ; promoted to 2d Lieutenant March 19, 1862; 1st Lieutenant June 18, 1892; Captain Co. A
Uriah D. Hunter	do	21	July 18, 1861	3 yrs.	Nov. 25, 1862 Promoted to 2d Lieutenant from Sergeant June
William R. Robe	do	26	July 4, 1861	3 yrs.	 18. 1862; Ist Lieutenant Nov. 26, 1862; resigned June 28, 1863. Promoted from 2d Lieutenant Co. I May 9,
William C. Buck		33	July 22, 1861	3 yrs.	1764; resigned Sept. 17, 1864. Transferred from Co. B July 30, 1863; promoted to Captain Co. F May 9, 1864.
Ely W. Steen			July 22, 1861	3 yrs.	Promoted from 1st Sergeant Co. B Jan. 11, 1565; mustered out with company, July 9,
Thomas D. Minton	2d Lieut.	26	July 4, 1861	3 yrs.	Promoted from 1st Sergeant July 31, 1861; re-
William H. McCurdy	do	21	Aug. 16, 1861	3 yrs.	signed March 26, 1862. Mustered as private—; appointed Sergeant —; promoted to 2d Lient ant Nov. 26, 1862; 1st Lieutenant Co. K May 9, 1864. Promoted from 1st Sergeant Co. E May 9, 1864; to 1st Lieutenaut Co. K Jan. 11, 1865; veteran. Promoted from Hospital Steward Feb. 14, 1865;
James Walker	do	28	July 12, 1861	3 yrs.	Promoted from 1st Sergeant Co. E May 9, 1864; to 1st Lieutenaut Co. K Jan 1, 1865; veteran
Richard A. Tarlor	do	21	July 18, 1861	3 yrs.	Promoted from Hospital Steward Feb. 14, 1865; to 1st Lieutenat Co. D June 6, 1865; veteran.
Francis M. Wright	do .	18	July 4, 1861	3 yrs.	Promoted from Sergt. Major June 6, 1865; mustered out with company July 9, 1865; veteran.
John J. Guthoerl	1st Sergt.	25	July 10, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered as private—; appointed lst Sergeant—; died July 29, 1864, of wounds received July 22, 1864, in battle of Atlanta, Ga.; veteran.
Osear A. Carr	do	21	July 18, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed from Sergeant—; promoted to 2d Lieutenant Co. B May 9, 1864; veteran.
Lucius II, Hubbard	. do	19	Aug. 16, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered as private —; appointed from Sergeant June 29, 1564; promoted to Sergt. Major Jan. 29, 1565; veteran.
Charles H. Colar	. do	18	Aug. 14, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal Feb. 25, 1863; Sergeant May 39, 364; 1st Sergeant Jan. 29, 1865; mustered out with company July 9, 1865;
Lewis G. Crane	Fergeant	20	July 14, 1861	3 yrs.	veteran. Appointed from Corporal Feb. 25, 1864; wound- ed July 22, 1864, in battle of Atlanta, Ga.; sent to hospital and leg amputated; mustered out July 9, 1865, by order of War Depart-
Charles Blair	do	18	July 24, 1861	3 yrs.	ment; veteran. Appointed from Corporal July 31, 1861; discharged Aug. 8, 1861, at Cinciunati, O., by
William W. Knight	do	21	July 22, 1861	3 yrs.	civil authority. Mustered as private; appointed Sergeant—; died June 21, 1864, of wounds received June 16, 1864, in action near Kenesaw Mountain,
Abram Rodgers	do	19	Aug. 16, 1861	3 yrs.	Ga.; veteran. Mustered as private —; appointed Sergeant July 4, 1864; mustered out with company July 9, 1865; veteran.
Burrell Songer	. do	21	Aug. 31, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal Feb. 25, 1864; Sergeant Feb. 1, 1865; mustered out with company July 9, 1865; veteran.
John W. Hoosor	do	25	Aug. 25, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal Feb. 26, 1864; Sergeant April 3, 1865; mustered out with company
William Lindsay	do	19	Aug. 15, 1861	3 yrs.	July 9, 1865; veteran. Transferred from Co. D April 8, 1864; appointed Corporal —; Sergeant July 27, 1864; killed March 21, 1865, in battle of Bentonville, N. C.; veteran.
Joseph D. Butt	Cerporal	28	July 29, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged Oct. 15, 1861, at Kansas City, Mo.,
John Cox	do	19	July 24, 1861	3 yrs.	by order of War Department. Appointed Corporal July 27, 1864; mustered
Creighton Wilson	do	31	Aug. 16, 1862	3 yrs.	out with company July 9, 1865; veteran. Appointed Corporal April 3, 1865; mustered out
Perciva! Jones	do	18	July 20, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal Feb. 1, 1865; mustered out
William Lewis			Aug. 20, 1862	3 yrs.	with company July 9, 1865; veteran. Appointed Corporal Feb. 1, 1865; mustered out with company July 9, 1865; veteran. Wounded July 22, 1864, in battle of Atlanta, Ga; discharged June 27, 1865, at Camp Dennison, O; veteran.
David McCune			July 22, 1861	3 yrs.	
Wilbur Shook			Aug. 14, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal Feb. 1, 1865; mustered out
William Walls	do	28	Aug. 16, 1862	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal July 4, 1864; mustered out
Milton O. Smith	do	21		3 yrs.	Appointed C rporal —; killed July 4, 1864
George J. Bennett	Musician	18	Feb. 10, 1864	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal July 4, 1864; mustered out with company July 9, 1865; veteran. Appointed Corporal Feb. 1, 1865; mustered out with company July 9, 1865; veteran. Appointed Corporal July 4, 1864; mustered out with company July 9, 865; veteran. Appointed Corporal —; killed July 4, 1864 in action n-ar Nickajack Creek, Ga; veteran. Died Sept. 11, 1884, in Field Hospital 3d Division, 29th Army Corps, at Atlanta, Ga.

Names.	Rauk.	Age.	Date of Entering the Service.	Period of Service.	Remarks.
Dell Parker	Musician do	16 33	July 4, 1861 July 25, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Transferred to Regimental Band —. Appointed Musician —; transferred to Regi-
Josiah Rambo	do Private	26 18	July 29, 1861 Feb. 10, 1864	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	mental Band July 22, 1862. Transferred to Regimental Band July 22, 1862. Died May 6, 1865, in Hospital at Newbern,
Applegate, Richard	do	21	Jan. 11, 1865	1 yr.	North Carolina. Substitute; mustered out with company July
Anderson, Cyrus B	do	26	April 4, 1865	1 yr.	9, 1865. Substitute; mustered out with company July
Allen, William	do	18	Aug. 16, 1861	3 yrs.	9, 1865. Wounded July 22, 1864, in battle of Atlanta, Ga.: mustered out with company July 9,
Buchanan, John	do	31	July 14, 1861	3 yrs.	1865; veteran. Mustered out with company July 9, 1865; veteran.
Brink, Edward	do dodo	18 18 29 18	July 10, 1861 July 12, 1861 Aug. 29, 1862 July 5, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Died June 28, 1864, in Rebel Prison at Ander-
Butt, David W		20	July 3, 1861	3 yrs.	sonville, Ga.; veteran. Discharged Oct. 15, 1861, at Kansas City, Mo.,
Bartlett, Henry C	1	19	July 25, 1861	3 yrs.	by order of War Department. Discharged Oct. 15, 1861, at Kansas City, Mo
Bagley, Charles C Burgoon, Isaac Boyd, John Buckley, Thomas Bland, Silas	do do do	19 20 20	Aug. 16, 1862 Aug. 14, 1861 Dec. 23, 1864 Jan. 14, 1865 July 24, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 1 yr. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	by order of War Department. Died July 4, 1863, at Memphis, Tenn. Transferred to gun-boat service Feb. 26, 1863. Substitute. Substitute. Mustered out Aug. 12, 1864, at Cincinnati, O.,
Bagley, Andrew		23	July 14, 1861	3 yrs.	on expiration of term of service. Discharged to re-enlist in 3d Michigan Bat-
Ball, Charles	1	24	Jan. 11, 1865	3 yrs.	tery Dec. 27, 1863. Substitute; discharged June 27, 1865, at Camp
Bolander, John	do	18 31	Feb. 10, 1864 Meh. 23, 1865	3 yrs. 1 yr.	Chase, O. Mustered out with company July 9, 1865. Drafted.
	1	19	July 11, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 9, 1865; veteran.
Boles, John		18	Aug. 16, 1862	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 9, 1865; veteran.
Bruster, John		26	Jan. 10, 1865 July 24, 1861	3 yrs.	Killed March 21, 1865, in battle of Bentonville, North Carolina.
Campbell, James Conner, Benjamin M	1	19	July 15, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged April 5, 1862, at New Madrid, Mo., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Carpenter, Samuel		41	July 14, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged Jan. 7, 1862, at St. Louis, Mo., by
Comner, Patrick D	do	42	July 12, 1861	3 yrs.	order of War Department. Discharged Jan. 17, 1862, at St. Louis, Mo., by order of War Department.
Clark, Benjamin F Charlton, Matthew	1 .	21 21	July 24, 1861 Aug. 5, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Discharged Nov. 17, 1862, at Corinth, Miss., by order of War Department. Died Oot, 24, 1863, at Memphis, Tenn.
Curry, Napoleon Crane, Frank H	do	18	Aug. 27, 1862 July 12, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out Aug. 12, 1804, at Uncinnati, O., on expiration of term of service.
Coates, John P	1	20	July 24, 1864	3 yrs.	Mustered out Aug. 12, 1864, at Cincinnati, O., on expiration of term of service.
Campbell, John	1	24	July 24, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out June 24, 1865, at Camp Dennison, O., by order of War Department; veteran.
Case, Samucl	do	18 32 24	Feb. 10, 1864 Jan. 13, 1865	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 9, 1865. Substitute. Mustered out with company July 9, 1865; veteran.
Courtney, Charles	do	19	July 15, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 9, 1865;
Crippen, Henry L	do	19	July 23, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal Feb. 26, 1864; reduced March 7, 1865; mustered out with company July 9, 1865; veteran. Killed July 30, 1864, in battle near Atlanta,
Cullison, Frederick	do	20	July 17, 1861	3 yrs.	Killed July 30, 1864, in battle near Atlauta, Ga.; veteran.
Dillon, John C Dial, Edward Deffenbaugh, Lorin P	do do	28 22 20	Aug. 5, 1861 July 18, 1861 July 24, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	D. L. J. C. Grannel and Bright Day
Downey, Martin			Aug. 12, 1861	8 yrs.	on agricultion of term of service
Delzell, William	do	20	July 12, 1861	3 yrs.	Reduced from Corporal —; nustered out Aug. 12, 1864, at Cincinnati, 0., on expiration of term of service. Mustered out with company July 9, 1865, not
Davis, John Duffy, Leander	do	20 25	Feb. 10, 1864 Aug. 7, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 9, 1809, vet-
Evans, William Freeland, James	do	38	Dec. 30, 1864 Sept. 1, 1862	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Substitute.

Names.	Rank.	Age.	Date of Entering the Service.	Period of Service.	Remarks.
Fitch, Ransford	Private	43	July 15, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged Feb. 20, 1862, at St. Louis. Mo., by order of War Department.
Fulton, Robert S	do	32	July 24, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out Aug. 12, 1864, at Cincinnati, O., on expiration of term of service.
Ferrill, Julius Fisher, John Foster, Robert	do do	18 20 23	Fcb. 10, 1864 Jan. 16, 1865 Aug. 16, 1862	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 9, 1865. Substitute. Mustered out with company July 9, 1865; vet-
Goodwin, David A		18	July 18, 1861	3 yrs.	eran. Discharged Jan. 4, 1862, at Palmyra, Mo., by
Guerry, Legrand Graham, Silas	do	23 20	Jan. 4, 1865 Aug. 12, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	order of War Department. Substitute. Mustered out Aug. 12, 1864, at Cincinnati, 0., on expiration of term of service.
Green, James	do	24 24	Dec. 27, 1864 July 10, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Substitute. Mustered out with company July 9, 1865; vet-
Harper, James M Harper, George E Hines, Charles A	do do	18 18 24	Aug. 16, 1861 Aug. 14, 1861 July 12, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	eran. Reduced from Corporal —: mustered out Aug. 12, 1864, at Cincinnati, O., on expiration
Henson, George	do	22	Aug. 12, 1861	3 yrs.	of term of service. Mustered out Aug. 12, 1864, at Cincinnati, O.,
Henson, Henry T	do	20	Aug. 2, 1861	3 yrs.	on expiration of term of service. Mustered out Aug. 12, 1864, at Chattanooga, Tenn., as Henry J. Henson; also borne on the rolls as Thomas Henson. Died Dec. 10, 1861, at St. Louis, Mo. Died March 10, 1863 at Corinth, Miss.
Hook, David	do do	23 25	July 24, 1861 Aug. 25, 1862 July 14, 1861.	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	15, 1864, at Camp Dennison, O., by order of
Hunter, William	do	23	July 13, 1861	3 yrs.	War Department. Mustered out Aug. 12, 1864, at Cincinnati, O.,
Hunter, Hezekiah	cb	21	July 13, 1861	3 yrs.	on expiration of term of service. Mustered out with company July 9, 1865; veteran.
Hill, George E	do	18	July 16, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 9, 1865; veteran.
Holland, Nathan J Hooser, William	do	19 18	Aug. 14, 1861 Aug. 12, 1862	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Died Oct. 10, 1864, at Marietta. Ga.; veteran Mustered out with company July 9, 1865; veteran.
Howell, George	do	18	Meh. 21, 1865	1 yr.	Drafted; mustered out with company July 9, 1865.
Hale, Seldon	do	42	Meh. 21, 1865	1 yr.	Drafted; mustered out with company July 9, 1865.
Jones, Eber	do	18	July 20, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 9, 1865; vet- eran.
Johnson, Jonas	do	24	Aug. 16, 1862	3 yrs.	Wounded July 22, 1864. n battle of Atlanta, Ga.; mustered out with company July 9, 1865; veteran.
Johnson, Hiram		19	Aug. 30, 1862	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 9, 1865; veteran.
Jordan, Oliver Kearns, Joshua D Kontner, William A	do do	33 24 29	Dec. 24, 1864 July 24, 1861 July 20, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Substitute. Mustered out with company July 9, 1865; vet-
Kontner, Isaac D	do	20	July 8, 1861	3 yrs.	Reduced to ranks from Sergeant —; mustered
Kent, Thomas	do	18	Aug. 16, 1861	3 yrs.	out with company July 9, 1865; veteran. Appointed Corporal —, 1864; reduced to ranks June 30, 1865; mustered out with company July 9, 1865; yeteran.
Karnes, Andrew J		33	Meh. 6, 1865	1 yr.	Substitute: discharged July 18, 1865, at Columbus, O.
Lane, Squire		29	Aug. 25, 1862	3 yrs.	Died January 20, 1864, at Portland, Scioto county, O.: veteran.
Lindsey, John W		39	July 24, 1861.	3 yrs.	Discharged Feb. 20, 1862, at St. Louis, Mo., by order of War Department.
Lewis, George L Levi, Ambrose	de,	18 35	Feb. 1, 1864 Aug. 20, 1862	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 9, 1865. Mustered out with company July 9, 1865; veteran.
Langan, Thos. (Charles). Lee, William. Lewis, James.	do do	29 33 40	Jan. 14, 1865 Meh. 25, 1865 April 17, 1865	1 yr. 1 yr. 1 yr.	Substitute. Drafted. Substitute; mustered out with company July
Lough, Philip	do	38	April 10, 1865	1 yr.	9, 1865. Substitute; inustered out with company July
McCollum, Andrew J	do	19	July 21, 1861	3 yrs.	9, 1865, Mustered out Aug. 12, 1864, at Cincinnati, O.,
Malone, Thomas	do	20	July 18, 1861	3 yrs.	on expiration of term of service. Mustered out Aug. 12, 1864, at Cincinnati, O.,
McChesney, Samuel M	do	20	Aug. 12, 1861	3 yrs.	on expiration of term of service. Mustared out Aug. 12, 1864, at Cincinnati, O., on expiration of term of service.
McCollum, Amos McFall, James L	do	19 31	July 19, 1861 July 24, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Died Dec. 7, 1861, at St. Louis, Mo. Discharged June 12, 1862, at Corinth, Miss. hv
McCurdy, John N	də.,,,	18	Aug. 7, 1862	3 yrs.	order of War Department. Discharged Aug. 13, 1863, at Memphis, Tenn., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.

Names.	Rank.	Age,	Date of Entering the Service.	Period of Service.	Remarks.
Martin, Thomas B	Private	36	July 24, 1861	3 yrs.	Transferred to Veteran Reserve Corps Aug.
Mintun, William H	do	21	Aug. 1, 1861	3 yrs.	24, 1863. Promoted to Q. M. Sergeant Nov. 1, 1862; vet-
McClelland, James	do	41	July 24, 1861	3 yrs.	eran Transferred to Veteran Reserve Corps Aug. 24,
Meran, John	do do	26 18 19	Jan. 24, 1865 Feb. 10, 1864 Aug. 28, 1862	l yr. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	1863, as James McClellan Substitute. Mustered out with company July 9, 1865. Mustered out with company July 9, 1865; vet-
Mehan, Arehibald		33	Ang. 12, 1861	3 yrs.	eran. Mustered out with company July 9, 1865; yet-
Morrison, James M	lo	19	Aug. 28, 1861	3 yrs.	eran. Mustered out with company July 9, 1865; vet-
Miller, John	do do	26 21 34	Meh. 25, 1865 Meh. 25, 1865 Dec. 14, 1864	1 yr. 1 yr. 3 yrs.	eran. Drafted. Drafted. Substitute: discharged June 24, 1865, at David's
Neff, Isaac		29	Aug. 12, 1861	3 yrs.	Island, New York Harbor, Mustered out Aug. 12, 1864, at Cincinnati, O.,
Nichols, Lewis Paston, William B		18 19	July 20, 1861 July 25, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	on expiration of term of service. Died Jan. 29, 1862, at St. Louis, Mo. Mustered out Aug. 12, 1864, on expiration of
Price, Edward Roe, William M	do	42	Aug. 16, 1862 July 18, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	term of service. Died Nov. 2, 1862, at Corinth, Miss. Discharged April 15, 1862, at Cairo, 111., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Randolph, Justin T	.,фо	29	July 18, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged Jan. 8, 1862, at St Louis Mo., on Surgeon's certificate of disability, as Justin
Rockwell, Jonathan	do	26	Aug. 12, 1862	3 yrs.	S. Randolph. Mustered out June 4, 1865, by order of War
Russel, Richard	do	41	July 15, 1861	3 yrs.	Department. Discharged Feb. 20, 1862, at St. Louis, Mo., on
Roberts, Phineas Ricketts, Thomas	do	18 21	July 15, 1861 Sept. 8, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Surgeon's certificate of disability. Veteran. Mustered out with company July 9, 18'5; veteran.
Riley, William. Stubbs, Jacob. Stafford, George W. Seef, Eli B.	do	25 25 21 25	Jan. 13, 1865 July 20, 1861 July 5, 1861 July 20, 1861	1 yr. 3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Substitute. Transferred from Co. G Oct. 31, 1861. Wounded July 4, 1864, in action near Nickanick Creek Co. unstered out with company
Smith, Morgan L Six, Lewis Smithland, Andrew	do	26 18 19	Aug. 7, 1861 July 18, 1861 Aug. 16, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	July 9, 1865; veteran, Died June 12, 1862, at Booneville, Mo. Died Nov. 17, 1892, at Lagrange, Tenn, Died March 24, 1864, in Regimental Hospital, Atheus, Ala.; veteran.
Smith, James Six, Elijah C	do	23 20	Jan. 7, 1865 July 24, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Substitute. Mustered out with company July 9, 1865; veteran.
Snyder, Jonathan	do	27	Aug. 16, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged May 26, 1865, at Columbus, O. by
Stewart, Theodore	do	16	July 23, 1861	3 yrs.	order of War Department; veteran. Mustered in as Hiram T. Stewart; mustered out with company July 9, 1865; veteran.
Stroud, Moses	do	20	Aug. 14, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 9, 1865; veteran.
Smalley, George A	do	27	Aug. 16, 1862	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 9, 1865; vet-
Stephens, John	do	27	Sept. 1, 1862	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 9, 1865; vet- eran.
Sperry, Elisha	do,	18	Feb. 10, 1864	3 yıs.	Mustered out July 9, 1865, by order of War Department.
Six, Benjamir Six, Abram	' do	25	Feb. 15, 1864 Feb. 10, 1864	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 9, 1865. Discharged June 13, 1865, at Camp Dennison, O., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Sick, John	do	25 25 20	Jan. 11, 1865 Jan. 18, 1865 July 19, 1861	1 yr. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Substitute, Substitute; died April 25, 1865, on the march. Mustered out with company July 9, 1865; vet-
Thomas, John	do	23	Jan. 13, 1865	3 yrs.	Substitute; captured Feb. 27, 1865; diseharged at Columbus, O., June 22, 1865.
Tice, Jacob H	do	34	Meh. 25, 1805	l yr.	Drafted: mustered out with company July 9,
Tice, George W	do	38	Meh, 25, 1865	l yr.	Draft d; mustered out with company July 9, 1865.
Woods, Albert Wolfe, Harrison H Webb, Dustin Woodard, David	1(IO	18 18 25	Feb. 10, 1864 July 20, 1861 Aug. 27, 1862 July 15, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 9, 1805 Mustered out Aug. 12, 1864, at Cincinnati, O.,
White, Dilworth Wolfe, William D			July 20, 1861 July 18, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	on expiration of term of service. Died March 15, 1862, at Commerce, Mo. Discharged Jan 17, 1862, at St Louis Mo. by
White, Austin	do	23	July 16, 1861	3 yrs.	order of War Department. Discharged Dec. 15, 1861, at St. Louis, Mo., by order of War Department. Discharged Jan. 27, 1863, at Memphis, Tenn.
Webb, Alvin	I .		Aug. 22, 1862	3 yrs.	Discharged Jan. 27, 1863, at Memphis, Tenn. by order of War Department.

Names.	Rank.	Age.	Date of Entering the Service.	Period of Service.	Remarks.
Winters, William Wielboot, Joseph Webb, Joseph Wells, Samuel Wells, Christopher Widger, Ananias Zackman, Lewis	dodododo	18 18 25 39 23	Meh. 25, 1865 Meh. 25, 1865 April 5, 1865	2 yrs.	Discharged May 4, 1863, at Corinth, Miss., by order of War Department. Substitute. Substitute. Drafted; mustered out with company July 9, 1865. Substitute; mustered out with company July 9, 1865. Trafted; mustered out with company July 9, 1865. Drafted; mustered out with company July 9, 1865.

COMPANY D.

Mustered in Aug. 3, 1861, at Camp Dennison, O., by L. W. Walker, 1st Lieutenant 31 Infantry, U. S. A. Mustered out July 9, 1865, at Louisville, Ky., by William H. Carr, Captain 10th Illinois Infantry and A. C. M. Ist Division, 17th Army Corps.

		_			
C. A. Morgan	Captain	38	July 8, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed July 31, 1861; promoted to Major 1st III. V. C. Sept. 1, 1861.
Willard P. Stoms	do	22	July, 20, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed 1st Lieutenaut July 31, 1861; promoted to Captain April 12, 1862; resigned
John B. Ryan	do	26	July 8, 1861	3 yrs.	June 10, 1862. Promoted to 2d Lieutenant from Sergeant March 26, 1862; 1st Lieutenant April 12, 1862;
Horace G. Stoms	do	IS	July 20, 1861	3 yrs.	Captain June 10, 1862; resigned Jan 18, 1863. Promoted to 2d Lieutenant from Sergeant April 12, 1862; 1st Lieutenant June 10, 1862;
Andrew R. Robinson	do	22	July 22, 1861	3 yrs.	Captain Dec. 19, 1862; resigned Sept. 19, 1864. Mustered as private: appointed Sergeant Dec. 27, 1863; promoted to 2d Lieutenant June 24, 1863; 1st Lieutenant July 13, 1864; Captain Jan. II, 1865; mustered out with company
Daniel Weber	lst Lieut.	27	July 20, 1861	3 yrs.	July 9, 1865; veteran. Promoted to 2d Lieutenant from 1st Sergeant July 31, 1861; 1st Lieutenant March 26, 1862; appointed Adjutant —.
Jacob Broadwell		27	July 13, 1861	3 yrs.	Promoted to 1st Lieutenant from 2d Lieutenant Co. E Dec. 19, 1862: Captain Co. E May 25, 1864.
Frank Fortman	do	22	July 20, 1861	З угз.	Promoted from 2d Lieutenant Co. F, June 20, 1863; transferred to Co. B —.
Alex. H. McTaggart	do	20	June 19, 1861	3 yrs.	Promoted from 2d Lieutenant Co. B Feb. 10, 1865; resigned June 22, 1865.
Richard A. Taylor	do	21	July 18, 1861	3 yrs.	Promoted from 2d Lieutenant Co. C June 6, 1865: mustered out with company July 9, 1865.
William II, Chapman	2d Lieut.	23	July 13, 1861	3 yrs.	Promoted from Sergeant Co. E July 8, 1862; resigned June 24, 1863.
William H. Pittenger	ю	29	July 4, 1861	3 yrs.	Promoted from Com. Sergeant July 13, 1864; to 1st Lieutenant Co. A Jan. 11, 1865; veteran.
James L. McCain	do	29	June 19, 1861	3 yrs.	
Wilber F. Mears			July 20, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal Feb. 23, 1863; 1st Sergeant April 22, 1864; killed July 22, 1864, in battle of Atlanta, Ga.; veteran,
Thomas G. Mears			July 20, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal Dec. 27, 1863; 1st Sergeant —; promoted to 2d Lieutenant Co. K Feb. 14, 1865; yeteran,
John A. Langsdon	do	21	July 25, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal Dec. 27, 1863; Sergeant July 23, 1864: 1st Sergeant April 1, 1865; mustered out July 9, 1865, by order of War Department; veteran.
Francis Fearn	Sergeant	18	July 20, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal April 27, 1864; wounded in action —: appointed Sergeant Sept 1, 1864; mustered out with company July 9, 1865; veteran.
Joseph Pancoast	do	19	July 20, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed from Corporal March 7, 1865; mustered out with company July 9, 1865; veteran.
Andrew Widman			July 31, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal March 7, 1865; Sergeaut June 3, 1865; mustered out with company July 9, 1865; veteran.
Henry J. Peck	do	18	July 15, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal July 23, 1864; Sergeant April 1, 1865; mustered out with company July 9, 1865; veteran.

Names.	Rank.	Age.	Date of Entering the Service.	Period of Service.	. Remarks.
Alfred Carle	Sergeant	26	July 16, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal April 27, 1864; Sergeant March 7, 1865; promoted to Com. Sergeant
John Manser	do	18	July 20, 1861	3 yrs.	June 3, 1865; veteran. Appointed Corporal April 27, 1864; Sergeant June 7, 1864; promoted to Q. M. Sergeant Jan. 27, 1865; veteran.
Ellis G. Vincent	do Corporal	29 25 18	July 16, 1861 July 3, 1861 July 30, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Discharged Oct. 18, 1861 at Kansas City, Mo. Discharged Oct. 16, 1861, at Kansas City, Mo. Appointed Corporal — promoted to Company
Palmer Holland			July 20, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal—; discharged Dec. 9,
Jackson A. White	do	16	July 25, 1861	3 yrs.	1861. Appointed Corporal July 23, 1864; promoted to
Peter Craig	do	20	Sept. 2, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal July 23, 1864; promoted to Sergt. Major June 28, 1865; veteran. Appointed Corporal June 3, 1865; mustered out with company July 9, 1865; veteran. Appointed Corporal Sept. 30, 1861; transferred to Signal Corps June 9, 1864; veteran. Mustered out with company July 9, 1865; vet
Nathan W. Clayton	do	22	July 25, 1861	3 yrs.	out with company July 9, 1865; veteran. Appointed Corporal Sept. 30, 1861; transferred
Charles S. Richards	do	21	July 20, 1861	3 yrs.	to Signal Corps June 9, 1864; veteran, Mustered out with company July 9, 1865; vet-
Charles Emery	do	19	July 25, 1861	3 yrs.	eran
David F. Silver		20	July 31, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal June 7, 1864; discharged June 24, 1865, at Camp Dennison, O., on Surgeon's certificate of disability; veteran. Appointed Corporal June 1, 1863, mustered out Aug. 12, 1864, at Cincinnati, O., on expiration
Joseph A. Bowman	do	30	July 30, 1861	3 yrs.	of term of service. Appointed Corporal Sept. 25, 1862; mustered out Aug. 2, 1864, at Camp Dennison, O., ou
Oliver G. Coffin		18	July 20, 1861	3 yrs.	expiration of term of service. Appointed Corporal —; discharged Dec. 28, 1861.
Robert Lynch	do		Aug. 15, 1862,	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal Aug. 7, 1864; mustered out with company July 9, 1865; veteran.
Robert H. Bollman		22	July 20, 1861	3 yrs.	Appuinted Corneral Wareh 1 1865: musteral
Frank R. Bowman	do	22	July 22, 1861	3 yrs.	out with company July 9, 1865; veteran. Appointed Corporal April 1, 1865; mustered out with company July 9, 1865; veteran. Appointed Corporal June 3, 1865; mustered out
Thomas A. Hays	do	18	July 20, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal June 3, 1865; mustered out with company July 9, 1865; veteran.
Albert T. Vanzant	do	18	Sept. 2, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal March 7, 1865; prisoner of war; paroled April 30, 1865; discharged June 10, 1865, at Camp Chase, 0.; veteran.
William Vail	do	13	Sept. 2, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal April 1. Péa: mustered
Ellis N. Moore	do	18	Sept. 4, 1861	3 yrs.	out with company July 9, 1865: veteran. Appointed Corporal July 20, 1862; discharged Sept. 30, 1862, by order of War Department.
Andrews, John W	Private	20	July 16, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 9, 1865; vet-
Andrews, James M		18	Feb. 20, 1862	3 yrs.	Transferred from Co. A Feb. 24, 1864; discharged Oct. 29, 1864, at Gaylesville, Ala., on Surgeon's certificate of disability; veteran.
Anderson, James			•	3 yrs.	Substitute; mustered out with company July 9, 1865.
Brown, William H			July 31, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged Aug. 5, 1862, on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Bonds, Robert		18	Sept. 22, 1864	l yr.	Substitute; discharged June 4, 1865, at Washington, D. C., by order of War Department.
Benson, George Bartlett, Josiah	do do	19 23	July 16, 1861 July 31, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 9, 1865; veteran.
Brooks, John Bennett, James		30	July 16, 1861 Sept. 30, 1862	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Died Sept. 29, 1862, at Macon City, Mo. Mustered out with company July 9, 1865; vet- eran.
Brown, Oliver P		24	July 30, 1861	3 yrs.	Promoted to 2d Lieutenant Co. B. May 9, 1864; veteran.
Bateman, Edward Bryant, John M Bunnell, Charles Bunnell, William Baker, James	do	19 30 22 25 18	Jan. 18, 1864 Jan. 18, 1864 Jan. 18, 1864 Jan. 18, 1864 July 25, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 9, 1865. Mustered out Aug. 12, 1864, at Cincinnati, O.,
Berget, David		20	July 13, 1861	3 yrs.	on expiration of term of service. Transferred from Co. E March 3, 1864; mustered out Aug. 12, 1864, at Cincinnati, O.,
Bageant, Thomas Bruner, Frank	do	24 18	Mch. 21, 1865 Dec. 20, 1864	1 yr. 2 yrs.	on expiration of term of service. Drafted. Substitute: mustered out with company July
Close, George	do	22	July 31, 1861	3 yrs.	9, 1865. Discharged April 23, 1862, at Pittsburg Land-
Clements, Frank	do	18	July 31, 1861	3 yrs.	ing, Tenn. Mustered out Nov. 4, 1864, on expiration of
Carle, David	do	20	July 16, 1861	3 yrs.	term of service. Paroled prisoner at Camp Chase, O., April 20,
Cornwell, William	do	20	Aug. 25, 1862	3 yrs.	1865; discharged June 10, 1865; veteran. Mustered out with company July 9, 1865; veteran.

		-		of e.	
Names.	Rank.	Age.	Date of Entering the Service.	Period of Service.	Remarks.
Cooly, Algomah.	Private	25	July 30, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out Aug. 12, 1864, at Cinciunati, O., on expiration of term of service.
Carter, John	,,do		July 13, 1861	3 yrs.	
Collins, George W	do	21	July 13, 1861	3 yrs.	tered out Aug. 12, 1864, at Cincinnati, O., on expiration of term of service. Transferred from Co. E. Feb. 21, 1862; dis- charged Sept. 6, 1862, by order of War
Cauley, James Coughton, Burns	do.,	18 33	Jan. 24, 1865 April 4, 1865	1 yr. 1 yr.	Department. Substitute. Drafted; mustered out with company July 9, 1865.
Combs, Alfred (' Cutler, Mortimer F	do	26 23	April 6, 1865 April 6, 1865	1 yr.	Substitute. Substitute; mustered out with company July
Cooper, Spencer	1	22	July 5, 1861	3 yrs.	9, 1865. Appointed Corporal Dec. 27, 1863; reduced to ranks March 1, 1865; transferred to U. S.
Delarue, Octave	do		Sept. 30, 1862	3 yrs.	Navy Aug. 13, 1864; veteran. Transferred to 70th Co., 2d Battalion Veteran Reserve Corps, Dec. 12, 1863.
DeSilver, Anton E Douthitt, William C	do	20 30	Jan. 19, 1864 April 4, 1865	3 yrs. 1 yr.	Drafted; mustered out with company July 9, 1865.
Early, William		22	July 13, 1861	3 yrs.	Transferred from Co. E Feb. 25, 1864; mustered out Aug. 12, 1864, at Cincinnati, O., on
Fitch, John	do	23	July 20, 1861 Aug 1864	3 yrs. 1 yr.	expiration of term of service. Died Nov. 29, 1861, at Macon City, Mo. Mustered out June 4, 1865, at Washington, D. C., by order of War Department.
Fowler, Francis M			Dec. 31, 1864	1 yr.	Substitute; discharged May 16, 1865, at Me- Dowell General Hospital, near Fort Schuy-
Fauver, Joseph Forbes, John T	do	39 31	Feb. 4, 1864 April 5, 1865	3 yrs. 1 yr.	ler, on Surgeon's certificate of disability. Mustered out with company July 9, 1865. Drafted; mustered out with company July 9.
Gregg, John H	1	20	July 31, 1861	3 yrs.	1865. Discharged April 23, 1862, at Pittsburg Landing, Tenn.
Greske, William	do		Sept. 26, 1862	3 yrs.	Transferred from Co. F April 7, 1865; mustered
Guckert, Henry	do	18	July 20, 1861	3 yrs.	out with company July 9, 1865; veteran. Transferred from Co. F April 7, 1865; mus-
German, John	do	26	July 31, 1861	3 yrs.	tered out with company July 9, 1865; veteran. Mustered out Aug. 12, 1864, at Cincinnati, O.,
Gardner, Antona	do	20	July 20, 1861	3 yrs.,	on expiration of term of service. Mustered out Aug. 12, 1864, at Cincinnati, O.,
Gosting, Flavius G	do	19	July 13, 1861	3 yrs.	on expiration of term of service. Transferred from Co. E Feb. 25, 1864; mustered out Aug. 12, 1864, at Cincinnati, O., on ex-
Gantier, Charles			July 13, 1861	3 yrs.	piration of term of service. Transferred from Co. E March 3, 1864; mustered out Aug. 12, 1864, at Cincinnati, O., on expiration of term of service.
Griep, Ludwig	do	45 23	July 20, 1861 Sept. 20, 1862	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Transferred to Co. F —. Died July 12, 1864, at Marietta, Ga,; veteran.
Griep, Ludwig Gaddis, Maxwell P Gordner, George Glover, Samuel C	do	29 19	Jan. 2, 1865 July 16, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Substitute. Transferred from Co. A Feb. 24, 1864; discharged April 19, 1864, to accept promotion
Goodman, Joseph A	do		April 4, 1865	1 yr.	as 1st Lieutenant 73d Regiment O. V. I. Drafted; mustered out with company July 9,
Hildreth, John C	do	18	Sept. 2, 1861	3 yrs.	Died Nov. 17, 1861, on the way to St. Louis,
Herrin, John C	do	19	July 13, 1861	3 yrs.	Missouri. Transferred from Co. E —; discharged Jan.
Hine, Thomas	do	23	July 20, 1861	3 yrs.	31, 1862, at Syracuse, Mo. Mustered out with company July 9, 1865; vet-
Hobson, William	do	24	July 20, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 9, 1865; vet-
Hunter, James B	do	19	July 25, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out Aug. 12, 1864, at Cincinnati, O.,
Hart, Abram	do	21	July 13, 1861	3 yrs.	on expiration of term of service. Transterred from Co. E Feb. 25, 1864; mustered out Aug. 12, 1864, at Cincinnati, O., on
Haller, William			July 20, 1861	3 yrs.	expiration of term of service. Transferred from Co. G —; appointed Sergentt Nov. 15, 1862; reduced to ranks Aug. 9, 1864; mustered out Aug. 12, 1864, at Cin-
Heintzleman, Jacob Howell, Thomas J	do	25 18	April 5, 1865 July 28, 1862	1 yr. 3 yrs.	cinnati, O., on expiration of term of service. Drafted: mustered out July 9, 1865. Killed July 22, 1864, in battle of Atlanta, Ga.;
Hocsman, Frederick			July 31, 1861	3 yrs.	weteran, Mustered as private; appointed 1st Sergeant
Jewell, J. W Kecler, Jasper	do	24 20	July 20, 1861 July 31, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	1865; promoted to Captain 106th Regiment U. S. Colored Troops —: veteran. Discharged Jan. 9, 1862, at Syracuse, Mo. Discharged —, at St. Louis, Mo., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.

Names.	Rank.	Age.	Date of Entering the Service.	Period of Service.	Remarks.
Kennedy, Alfred G	Private	22	Sept. 5, 1862	3 yrs.	Wounded Aug. 8, 1864, in action near Atlanta, Ga.: discharged May 18, 1865, at Cincinnati,
Kirk, Mark	do	28	April 4, 1865	l yr.	O., on Surgeon's certificate of disability; veteran. Drafted; mustered out with company July
Knight, Charles R		18	April 5, 1865	1 yr.	9, 1865. Substitute: mustered out with company July
Langdon, John	do	17	July 25, 1861	3 yrs.	9, 1865. Discharged Aug. 10, 1861, at Camp Dennison,
Lindsey, James W		18	Sept. 30, 1862	3 yrs.	O., by civil authority. Discharged June 24, 1863, at Camp Dennison,
Lane, Jacob	do	28	July 15, 1861	3 yrs.	O., by order of War Department. Transferred to 60th Co., 2d Battalion Veteran
Lindsey, William Leach, John S	do do	19 18	Aug. 15, 1862 July 20, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Reserve Corps, Oct. 31, 1864; veteran. Transferred to Co. C April 8, 1864; veteran. Appointed Corporal Dec. 6, 1861; reduced to ranks Feb. 22, 1863; mustered out Aug. 42, 1861, at Cincinnati, O., on expiration of term
Lingo, Josiah S	do	18	July 13, 1861	3 yrs.	of service, Transferred from Co. E Feb. 25, 1864; mustered out Aug. 12, 1864, at Cineinnati, O., ou
Lausdale, Richard W	do		Sept. 25, 1862	3 yrs.	Expiration of term of service. Died June 25, 1864, at Big Shanty, Ga.; vet-
Leffingwell, Frederick	do	20	Meir. 21, 1865	l yr.	Drafted: mustered out with company July 9, 1865.
Lewis, Philander			April 5, 1865	l yr.	Drafted; mustered out with company July 9, 1865.
May, William	do	$\frac{22}{21}$	July 8, 1861 July 25, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Died Nov. 17, 1861, at Sedalia, Mo. Accidentally killed March 31, 1862, by bursting of a shell at New Madrid, Mo.
Marsh, Levi E	do	20	July 31, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged Sept. 8, 1861, at St. Louis, Mo., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Metzger, Jacob P	do.,,.	17	Aug. 18, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged Feb. 12, 1862, at Cincinnati, O., by civil authority.
Masterson, John W Miller, Benjamin F	do	18 26	July 30, 1861 July 30, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Discharged June 19, 1862, at Farmington, Miss. Reduced from Corporal —; discharged Dec. 31, 1862, at General Hospital, Jefferson Bar-
McCollough, Edwin	do	18	July 26, 1861	3 yrs.	racks, Mo. Reduced from Corporal Dec. 30, 1861, at his own request; discharged Aug. 15, 1862, at Cincinnati, O., on Surgeon's certificate of disa-
McAfee, John A	do	18	June 2, 1865	l yr.	Substitute; discharged June 17, 1865, at Wash-
Miller, Alva F	do	17 19	Jan. 5, 1865 July 25, 1861	1 yr. 3 yrs.	ington, D. C. Substitute; transferred to Co. F April 8, 1865. Wounded July 4, 1864, in action near Atlanta, Ga.; discharged — at Camp Dennison, O.,
Moore, Joseph B	do	18	Sept. 30, 1862	3 yrs.	on Surgeon's certificate of disability. Wounded June —, 1864, in action near Kenesaw Mountain, Ga.; mustered out with company July 9, 1865; veteran.
Menk, Joseph H Myers, James R	do	24 25	July 20, 1861 Aug. 7, 1862	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Paroled prisoner at Camp Chase, O., April 18,
Mortimer, William		21	July 20, 1861	3 yrs.	Transferred from Co. 1: Feb. 25, 1864; nustered out Aug. 12, 1864, at Cincinnati, O.,
Missieh, John	do	27	Sept. 27, 1862	3 yrs.	on expiration of term of service. Transferred to Company D. 15th Regiment
Moore, Edward L Mann, David	do	21 26	Sept. 30, 1862 Jan. 30, 1864	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Veteran Reserve Corps, Aug. 24, 1863. Discharged May 29, 1865, at Washington, D. C. Wounded June —, 1864, in action near Kene- saw Mountain, Ga.; died May 20, 1865, at
Mayhoren, Benjamin	do	18	Jan. 7, 1865	l yr.	Cincinnati, O. Mustered out May 26, 1865, at Camp Dennison,
McDonald, Patrick	do	32	Dec. 16, 1864	l yr.	O., by order of War Department. Drafted; mustered out with company July 9.
Mossburg, William		26	April 4, 1865	l yr.	1865. Drafted: mustered out with company July 9.
Marsh, Joseph	do	19 22 34	July 30, 1861 Aug. 16, 1861 July 15, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	1865. Killed Oct. 4, 1862, in buttle of Corinth, Miss. Transferred to Co. A——. Mustered out Ang. 12, 1864, at Cincinnati, O.,
Newport, Frank F			April 5, 1865	l yr.	Mustered out Aug. 12, 1864, at Cincinnati, O., on expiration of term of service. Drafted: mustered out with company July 2.
Nichols, James			Dec. 28, 1864	l yr.	1865. Substitute; captured; discharged June 24,
O'Rourke, James O'Neal, James F O'Brien, James			Dec. 26, 1864 July 31, 1861	l yr. 3 yrs.	1865, at Camp Chase, O. Substitute: transferred to Co. F April 8, 1865. Veteran.
O'Brien, Patrick		22	Jan. 2, 1865 July 26, 1861	3 yrs.	Substitute; mu-tered out with company July 9, 1865. Mustered out with company July 9, 1865;
Penrod, Daniel	do	30	Aug 11, 1862 Aug 11, 1862	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	veteran. Mustered out with company July, 9, 1865.

Names.	Rank.	Age.	Date of Entering the Service.	Period of Service.	Remarks.
Plumley, William	Private	30	April 6, 1865	1 yr.	Drafted; died June 13, 1865, at Portsmouth Grove, R. I.
Packer, David	[ob,,	18 31 32	Sept. 30, 1862 April 6, 1865 April 6, 1865	3 yrs. 1 yr. 1 yr.	Veteran. Substitute; Substitute; mustered out with company July 9, 1865.
Porter, Thomas J	do do do	29 39 22	April 5, 1865 July 20, 1861 Jan 12, 1865 Aug. 28, 1862	1 yr. 3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Drafted. On muster-in rolls; no further record found. Tran-ferred to Co. F April 8, 1865. Mustered out with company July 9, 1865; vet-
Ryan, George W		22	July 26, 1861	3 yrs.	cran. Appointed Corporal July 18, 1862; Sergeant July 20, 1862; reduced to ranks Nov.11, 1862; mus- tered out Aug. 12, 1864, at Cincinnati, O., on
Rice, Joseph W	do	19	July 20, 1861	3 yrs.	expiration of term of service. Transferred from Co. E Feb 25, 1864; mustered out Aug. 12, 1864, at Cinciunati, O., on expiration of term of service
Rodgers, John Smith, Benjamin Simpson, John	do do	29 22 45	Aug. 11, 1862 July 20, 1861 Aug. 16, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Transferred to Co. G Jan. 21, 1863 Died Feb. 3, 1862, at St. Louis, Mo. Discharged March 9, 1862, by order of War De- partment.
Simpson, Florence L	do	22	July 31, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged May 16, 1862, at St. Louis, Mo., by order of War Department.
Squires, Wilson G Snyder, William	do	21	Aug. 16, 1861 Aug. 23, 1862	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Transferred to Co. A —. Discharged May 24, 1865, at Camp Dennison, O.,
Seegars, Daniel	1		July 30, 1862	3 yrs.	on Surgeon's certificate of disability. Mustered out with company July 9, 1865; vet-
Schlofner, Martin		+	Aug. 16, 1861	3 yrs.	Transferred from Co. F April 7, 1865; mustered
Stathem, David T			Sept 12, 1861	3 yrs.	out with company July 9, 1865; veteran. Mustered as private; appointed Sergeant July 10, 1862; mustered out Sept. 9, 1864, at East Point, Ga., on expiration of term of service.
Spinner, Jacob Shaffer, Daniel	do	3I 22	July 20, 1861 April 5, 1865	3 yrs. 1 yr.	Transferred to Co. F Aug. 2. 1861. Substitute; absent on furlough, at muster- out of company.
Smith, James		1	April 5, 1865	1 yr.	Substitute; mustered out with company July 9, 1865.
Smith, James Sticker, Joseph	do	20 18	July 20, 1861 Jan. 11, 1865	3 yrs. 1 yr.	Substitute; mustered out with company July
Seeman, Edward	do		Oct. 11, 1862	3 yrs.	9, 1865. Discharged July 26, 1865, at General Hospital, Newark, N. J.
Snyder, Richard	do	26	July 21, 1861	3 yrs.	Transferred from Co. E Feb. 25, 1864; died Aug. 18, 1864, at Marietta, Ga., of wounds received July 22, 1864, in battle of Atlanta, Georgia.
Smith, George Schram, Jacob	do	29 30	April 4, 1865 April 4, 1865	1 yr. 1 yr.	Drafted. Drafted; mustered out with company July 9, 1865.
Temple, Allen	-		July 13, 1861	3 yrs.	Transferred from Co. E Feb. 25, 1864; mustered out Aug. 12, 1864, at Cincinnati, O., on expiration of term of service.
Tate, James L	1	1	July 26, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 9, 1865; veteran.
Tipton, John	1		Sept. 15, 1862	3 yrs.	Discharged Aug. 1, 1863, at Memphis, Tenn., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Treasure, James W		1	Sept. 10, 1862	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 9, 1865; veteran.
Thompson, Jacob			July 13, 1861	3 yrs.	Transferred from Co. E Feb. 25, 1864; mustered out Aug. 12, 1864, at Cincinnati, O., on expiration of term of service.
Turrell, HomerTaylor, IsaacTinks, JohnVanway, Joseph O	do do	. 20 . 35 . 38 . 44	July 30, 1861 July 12, 1861 July 20, 1861 April 4, 1865	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs. 1 yr.	Died Oct. 17, 1864, at Atlanta, Ga.: veteran. Died Dec. 28, 1862, at St. Lonis, Mo. Drafted; mustered out with company July 9,
Walker, David			July 16, 1861	3 yrs.	tered out Aug 12, 1864, at Cincinnati, O., on
Wright, Charleton	do	. 19	Sept. 29, 1862	3 yrss	expiration of term of service. Discharged Aug. 8, 1864, at Washington, D. C.,
Wachstetter, Andrew .	do	. 19	July 1, 1861	3 yrs.	
Watson, Robert M. C			July 31, 1861	3 yrs.	
Wise, Henry A	do	. 22	July 20, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged Oct. 16, 1861, at Kansas City, Mo.
Theodor	ėdo	. 18	Aug. 16, 1861	3 yrs.	
Willby, John J Wink lplack, William.	ob eb	. 22	July 31, 1861 Jan. 3, 1865	3 yrs.	
Theodor	e	. 18	Aug. 16, 1861 July 31, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged March 25, 1862, at New Mad Missouri. Transferred to Marine Corps —. Paroled prisoner at Camp Chase, O., April

	Names.	Rank.	Age.	Date of Entering the Service.	Period of Service.	Remark».
					1	Substitute; mustered out with company July 9, 1865.
Wil	liams, John	do		Feb. 19, 1864	3 yrs.	Transferred to Co. K, 17th Veteran Reserve
Waa	wick, Oscar	do	21	July 28, 1861	3 yrs.	Corps, Aug. 31, 1804.

COMPANY E.

Mustered in Aug. 13, 1861, at Camp Dennison, O., by L. W. Walker, 1st Lieutenant 3d Infantry, U. S. A. Mustered out July 9, 1865, at Louisville, Ky., by William H. Carr, Captain 10th Illinois Infantry and A. C. M. 1st Division, 17th Army Corps.

John S. Jenkins Captain	48	July 13, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed July 31, 1861; promoted to Major April 25, 1864.
Jacob Broadwelldo	27	July 13, 1861	3 yrs.	Promoted to 2d Lieutenant from Sergeant May 23, 1862; 1st Lieutenant Co. D Dec. 19, 1862;
William H. Anshutzdo,	23	July 18, 1861	3 yrs.	Captain May 25, 1864; resigned Aug 8, 1864. Promoted to 2d Lieutenant from 1st Sergeant Co. G May 9, 1864; 1st Lieutenant Jan, 11, 1865; Captain Feb. 10, 1865; mustered out
John J. Hookerlst Lieut. Jeremiah Halldo	37 36	July 13, 1861 July 13, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	with company July 9, 1865; veteran. Appointed July 31, 1861; resigned Nov. 18, 1862. Appointed Sergeant from Corporal July 31, 1861; promoted to 1st Lieutenant Dec. 31,
William R. Babbdo	36	July 31, 1861	3 yrs.	1862; transferred to Co. F—, Transferred from Co. H June 27, 1864; resigned
Granville II. Ellisdo	21	Sept. 1, 1861	3 yrs.	Sept. 22, 1864. Promoted to 2d Lieutenant from 1st Sergeant Co. H Jan. 11, 1865; 1st Lieutenant Feb. 10,
William A. Snodgrass 2d Lieut.		July 22, 1861	3 yrs.	Promoted from Sergeant Co. B Feb. 14, 1865; to 1st Lieutenant Co. H May 18, 1865; veteran.
John Davisdo	37	July 13, 1861	3 yrs.	Promoted from 1st Sergeant July 31, 1861; resigned May 23, 1862.
William II. Williamsdo		July 20, 1861	3 yrs.	Transferred from Co. F. Aug. 1, 1861; appointed Sergeant from private —; promoted to 2d Lieutenant Dec. 31, 1862; 1st Lieutenant Co. F. May 9, 1864.
Mathius Kuhndo	22	July 18, 1861	3 yrs.	Promoted from Sergeant Co. G May 18, 1865; mustered out with company July 9, 1865; veteran.
James Walker 1st Sergt.	28	July 12, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered as private; appointed Sergeant June 1, 1862; 1st Sergeant Feb. 26, 1864; promoted to 2d Lieutenaut Co. C May 9, 1864; veteran.
Oscar Hotalingde	25	July 31, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered as private; appointed Sergeant Feb. 26, 1864; 1st Sergeant Oct. 24, 1864; mustered
Samuel L. Mooney Sergeant	19	July 13, 1861	3 yrs.	out with company July 9, 1865; veteran. Appointed Corporal Feb. 26, 1864; Sergeant May 30, 1864; mustered out with company
Andrew B. Malottdo	32	July 13, 1861	3 yrs.	July 9, 1865; veteran. Mustered as private; appointed Sergeant Aug. 1, 1864; mustered out with company July 9,
Martin V. B. Clarkdo	19	July 13, 1861	3 yrs.	1865; veteran. Appointed Corporal Feb. 26, 1864; Sergeant June 10, 1865; mustered out with company July 9, 1865; veteran.
William D. Chapman do John Pollock	23 40	July 13, 1861 July 13, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Promoted to 2d Lieutenant Co. D July 8, 1862. Mustered as private: appointed Sergeant —; discharged Jan. 3, 1863, by order of War Department.
Frank Hight do	25	July 13, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered as private; appointed Sergeant July 31, 1861; promoted to Come Sergeant Feb. 26,
Hewson Williams do	19	July 13, 1861	3 yrs.	1864: veteran. Mustered as private: appointed Sergeant Feb. 24, 1864: 1st Sergeant May 29, 1864: reduced to Sergeant Oct. 24, 1864; promoted to 2d Lieutenant Co. H May 18, 1865; veteran.
Samuel A. Hall	30	July 13, 1861	3 yrs.	discharged April 6, 1862, on Surgeon's certifi-
David Hailgardner	19	July 13, 1861	3 yrs.	eate of disability. Mustered us private; appointed Sergeant Feb. 16.1864; died July 30, 1864, of wounds received July 30, 1864, in action near Atlanta, Ga.; veteran.
William J. Carson	29	Aug. 12, 1862	3 yrs.	Appointed Corperal Feb. 26, 1864; Sergeant Sept. 1, 1864; mustered out with company July 9, 1865; veteran.
William Hall Corporal	28	July 13, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal Feb. 26, 1864; mustered out with company July 9, 1865; veteran.

				-	
Names.	Rank.	Age.	Date of Entering the Service.	Period of Service.	Remarks
William D. Harwood	Cornoral	22	July 13, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal; mustered out with
Jeremiah P. McGill		23	July 13, 1861	3 yrs.	company July 9, 1865; veteran. Appointed Corporal June 1, 1865; mustered out with company July 9, 1865; veteran. Mustered in as Geo. W. McKune; appointed
Geo. W. McKay		27	July 21, 1861	3 yrs.	out with company July 9, 1865; veteran. Mustered in as Geo. W. McKane; appointed
(100, W. McKay			0 41,7 21,7 1202		Corporal —: discharged Nov. 6, 1902, at incinnati, O., on Surgeon's certificate of
Joseph M. Strickling	do	18	July 13, 1861	3 yrs.	disability. Appointed Corporal June 24, 1865; mustered
William H. Ferrill		18	July 13, 1861	3 yrs.	out with company July 9, 1865; veteran. Appointed Corporal June 24, 1865; mustered
George N. McKane		27	July 13, 1861	3 yrs.	out with company July 9, 1865; veteran. Appointed Corporal Oct. 10, 1861; discharged Nov. 6, 1862, at Camp Dennison. O., on Sur-
					Nov. 6, 1862, at Camp Dennison. O., on Sur- geon's certificate of disability. Transferred to Captain Moore's Missouri Cav
Thomas J. Meeker		30	July 13, 1861	3 yrs.	alry Oct. 15, 1861.
Frank Redman		18	July 13, 1861	3 yrs.	Killed July 22, 1864, in battle of Atlanta, Ga.:
Joseph McGuire	do]	19	Aug. 25, 1862	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal May 29, 1864; killed Marel 21, 1865, in battle of Bentonville, N. C.; vet
Benjamin Fouch	do	21	July 13, 1861	3 yrs.	eran. Appointed Corporal —; killed May 29, 1864 in battle of Dallas, Ga.; veteran.
William Bogler		37	Aug. 12, 1862	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal Sept. 1, 1864; discharged June 24, 1865, by order of War Department
		24	Aug. 24, 1862	3 yrs.	veteran. Appainted Corporal Feb. 26, 1864; mustered
Robert Carothers		24	Jan. 27, 1864	3 yrs.	out with company July 9, 1865; veteran. Appointed Corporal July 23, 1864; mustered
George Hammond		25	Aug. 12, 1862	3 yrs.	out May 29, 1865, at Camp Dennison, O. Appointed Corporal June 26, 1865; mustered
Peter Gardner		23	July 13, 1861	3 yrs.	out with company July 9, 1865; veteran. Appointed Wagoner —; mustered out with
James Morgan	-			3 yrs.	company July 9, 1865; veteran. Discharged Sept. 6, 1862, at Iuka, Miss., by
Edwin R. Rose		14	Aug. 7, 1861 July 13, 1861	3 yrs.	order of War Department. Transferred to Regimental Band July 22, 1362
John A. Hall	do Private	22 22	Aug. 7, 1862 Sept. 8, 1862	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Mustered out June 4, 1864, at Washington, D. C., by order of War Department.
Armstrong, William	do	19	July 13, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out Aug. 12, 1864, at Chattanooga Team., on expiration of term of service.
Anderson, Joseph A Anderson, John	do	19 17	Jan: 6, 1864 Dec. 17, 1864	3 yrs. 1 yr.	Drafted; mustered out with company July?
Berry, William W	l .		July 13, 1861	3 yrs.	1865. Discharged Aug. 24, 1862, at Iuka, Miss., or
Baker, Charles	do	22	July 13, 1861	3 yrs.	Surgeon's certificate of disability. Discharged Sept. 9, 1862, at Camp Dennison, O on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Berget, David Brown, Alexis	do	20 18	July 13, 1861 July 13, 1861	3 yrs.	Transferred to Co. D March 3, 1864. Mustered out Ang. 12, 1864, at Chattanoogs
Black, Edward		i	July 20, 1861	3 yrs.	Tenn., on expiration of term of service. Transferred from Co. F Ang. 1, 1861; mustere out Aug. 12, 1864, at Chattanooga, Tenn., o
Baliff, William	do	37	Sept. 23, 1864	3 yrs.	expiration of term of service.
				3 yrs.	Mustered out June 4, 1865, at Washington D. C., by order of War Department, Mustered out with company July 9, 1865.
Bazier, Melvin C	do	21 23	Feb. 11, 1864 July 13, 1861 July 13, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Died Oct. 17, 1861, at Quincy, Ill.
Boyles, John W Bazier, Melvin C Brown, Oliver Boyles, Thomas H Beck, John	do	17 22	July 13, 1861 Meh. 14, 1864 Dec. 31, 1864	l yr. l yr.	Mustered out with company July 9, 1865, Substitute: mustered out June 27, 1865, a Camp Chase, O., by order of War Depart
Banner, Augustus	do	29	Dec. 9, 1864	1 yr.	ment. Drafted; mustered out with company July!
Bonlevare, William	do	. 24	Dec. 3, 1864	3 yrs.	Substitute; mustered out with company Jul
Beisser, Michael	do	. 27	Mch. 28, 1865	l yr.	9, 1865, Drafted; mustered out with company Jul
Beisser, Joseph	do	. 29	Meh. 23, 1865	1 yr.	Drafted: mustered out with company Jul
Beisser, Jacob	do	. 23	Meh. 23, 1865	l yr.	9, 1865. Drafted; mustered out with company Jul
Bermon I, George	do	. 21	July 13, 1861	3 yrs.	ranks June 24, 1865; mustored out with com
Cross, Eugene			July 13, 1861	3 yrs.	pany July 9, 1865; veteran. Discharged June 23, 1862, on Surgeon's certif
Collins, George W Carter, John Crain, George W	do	. 21 . 18 . 20	July 13, 1861 July 13, 1861 July 13, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	e ate of disability. Transferred to Co. D Feb. 21, 1862. Transferred to Co. D March 3, 1864. Mustered out Aug. 12, 1864; at Chattanoogs Tenn, on expiration of term of service. Mustered out Lung 0, 1865 of Comp. Dennisor
Orani, deorge w		()	outy 10, 1001	3 yrs.	Tenn on expiration of term of sarvice
Costillo, John	do	. 25	Jan. 5, 1864	3 yrs.	Mustered out June 9, 1865, at Camp Dennison

Names.	Rank.	Age.	Date of Entering the Service.	Period of Service.	Remarks.
Corbin, John H Carson, Scott H	Privatedo	31 21	Aug. 1, 1862 Aug. 12, 1862	3 yrs, 3 yrs.	Veteran. Mustered out with company July 9, 1865
Carpenter, William H		28	July 13, 1861	3 yrs.	veteran. Appointed Corporal Feb. 26, 1864; reduced to ranks June 24, 1865; mustered out with com-
Clark, John	do do	25 18 23	Sept. 13, 1862 Sept. 30, 1862 July 13, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	pany July 9, 1865; veteran. Discharged Sept. 1, 1861, on Surgeon's certifi-
Coler, William L		19	July 13, 1861	3 yrs.	cate of disability. Discharged Dec. 1, 1861, on Surgeon's certifi-
Chambers, Uriah B	do	27	July 13, 1861	3 yrs.	cate of disability. Reduced from Corporal ——; discharged April
Courtney, James	do	23	Aug. 24, 1862	3 yrs.	23, 1862, by order of War Department. Killed July 22, 1864, in battle of Atlanta, Ga.:
Crippen, Frank		26	Nov. 16, 1864	l yr.	veteran. Substitute; discharged June 25, 1865, by orde
Conner, John Collins, Frank		26 18	Dec. 28, 1864 Dec. 31, 1864	I yr.	of War Department. Substitute. Substitute; mustered out with company July
Deitz, Frank	do	23	July 13, 1861	3 yrs.	9, 1865. Mustered out with company July 9, 1865; vet
Dowden, Thomas	do	21 18	July 30, 1861 July 13, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	eran. Veteran. Died Dec. 6. 1863, at Prospect, Tenn.
Drake, George Denike, Joseph	do	34 19 18	Mch. 23, 1865 Jan. 27, 1864 Jan. 26, 1864	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Drafted: mustered out with company July 9, 1865. Killed July 22, 1864, in battle of Atlanta, Ga Died March 31, 1864, in hospital at Athens
Douglass, David Early, William Elders, George	do	19 22 24	July 13, 1861 July 13, 1861 July 31, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Alabama. On muster-in roll, but no further record found Transferred to Co. D Feb. 25, 1864. Transferred from Co. H Dec. 27, 1863; to Co. I
Ellis, Charles Fryberger, William		18 22	July 13, 1861 July 13, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	April 8, 1865; veteran. Transferred to Co. B Sept. 3, 1861. Mustered out Aug. 12, 1864, at Chattanooga Tenn., on expiration of term of service.
Fagin, Aaron Fogg, William Faulkner, Robert H Eleig, Martiu	dododo	18 18 19 43	Jan. 26, 1864 Feb. 6, 1864 Jan. 29, 1864 July 13, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 9, 1865. Mustered out with company July 9, 1865. Mustered out with company July 9, 1865. Discharged Dec. 1, 1861, on Surgeon's certifi
Ford, William		28	Jan. 5, 1865	l yr.	cate of disability. Substitute: absent, sick in hospital Feb. 3 1865; mustered out July 9, 1865, by order of
Fagin, Samuel T	do	19	July 13, 1861	3 yrs.	War Department. Reduced from Corporal —: mustered ou Aug. 12, 1864, at Chattanooga, Tenn., on ex
Gosling, Flavius Gantier, Charles Given, William J	do	19 22 20	July 13, 1861 July 13, 1861 Aug. 5, 1862	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	piration of term of service. Transferred to Co. D Feb. 25, 1864. Transferred to Co. D March 3, 1864. Mustered out June 4, 1865, at Camp Dennison O., by order of War Department.
Graham, James		21	Dec. 31, 1864	3 yrs.	Substitute; mustered out May 29, 1865, a Camp Dennison, O., by order of War De partment.
Gance, William		19	Aug. 12, 1862	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 9, 1865; vet eran.
Gorman, John		18	July 13, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged June 25, 1862, on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Gier, Henry		42	Sept. 27, 1864	1 yr.	Absent, sick in hospital March 21, 1865; mustered out May 27, 1865, by order of War Department.
Gasper, John	do	43	Dec. 29.1864	l yr.	Transferred to Co. E. 11th Veteran Reserve Corps, April 17, 4865
Given, Orlando M	do	24	July 13, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out Aug. 12, 1864, at Chattanooga Tenn., on expiration of term of service.
Hooker, John C	do	37	Meh. 1, 1862	3 yrs.	Discharged June 23, 1862, on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Hooker, James J Heart. Abram Hill, Thomas B	do do	15 21 24	July 13, 1861 July 13, 1861 July 13, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Discharged —, on writ of habeas corpus. Transferred to Co. D Feb, 25, 1844. Mustered out Aug. 12, 1864, at Chattauooga Tenn.; on expiration of term of service.
Herrin, Daniel		24	July 13, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 9, 1865; vet
Hitcheus, Aaron		24	Aug. 12, 1862	3 yrs.	eran. Mustered out with company July 9, 1865; vet
Harper, Stephen	do	18		3 yrs.	ernn. Muster e d out with company July 9, 1865; vet
Hooker, George W Holeomb, John D	do	21 33	Mch. 1, 1862 July 13, 1861	3 yrs.	eran. Died Oct 15, 1862, at Corinth, Miss. Reduced from Sergeant —-: discharged Apri
Hannaford, Joseph		18	Jan. 26, 1864	3 yrs.	23, 1892, by order of War Department. Died Aug. 24, 1864, in hospital at Marietta Ga., of wounds received July 4, 1861, ir battle near Nickajack Creek, Ga

				of .	
Names.	Rank.	Age.	Date of Entering the Service.	Period of Service.	Remarks.
Hahn, James	Private	25	July 13, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal—; Sergeant—; transferred to Co. I April 8, 1865; veteran.
Herrin, John C	do do	22 20 26	Feb. 4, 1864 July 13, 1861 July 20, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Transferred to Co. D —, Transferred from Co. F Ang. 1, 1861; dis- charged Jan. 2, 1862, on Surgeon's certificate
Ives, Harrison P Jones, John S		28 19	Nov. 29, 1864 July 13, 1861	1 yr. 3 yrs.	of disability. Drafted; died April 20, 1865, at Newbern, N. C. Mustered out Aug. 12, 1864, at Chattanooga, Tenn., on expiration of term of service.
Johnson, William H. 1st.	do	18	July 13, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 9, 1865; veteran.
Johnson, William II. 2d.	do	21	July 13, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged Nov. 25, 1861, on Surgeon's certifi- eate of disability.
Johnson, William J Johnson, Franklin Jones, William B Jones, George	do	17 18 33 18	Jan. 26, 1864 Jan. 20, 1864 Dec. 27, 1864 Dec. 31, 1864	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs. 1 yr.	Mustered out with company July 9, 1865. Mustered out with company July 9, 1865. Substitute. Substitute; mustered out July 9, 1865, by order of War Department.
Kyle, William H	do	20	July 13, 1861	3 yrs.	of War Department. Mustered out Aug. 12, 1864, at Chattanooga, Tenn, on expiration of term of service
Keesburg, James	ф.,	34	Sept. 23, 1864	1 yr.	Drafted; mustered out June 12, 1865, at Wash-
Kelley, Andrew J Krantz, William E Lane, William P		36 25 28	Mch. 28, 1865 Aug. 27, 1862 Meh 1, 1862	1 yr. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Drafted; mustered out June 12, 1865, at Washington, D. C., by order of War Department. Mustered out with company July 9, 1865. Died Dec. 27, 1862, at Waterford, Miss. Discharged Sept. 16, 1862, by order of War Department.
Lingo, Josiah S Lane, Frank B	do	18 22	July 13, 1861 July 13, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Transferred to Co. D Feb 25, 1864. Mustered out Aug. 12, 1864, at Chattanooga,
Lowe, John S		22	July 13, 1861	3 yrs.	Tenn., on expiration of term of service Reduced from Corporal—: mustered out Sept. 12, 1864, at East Point, Ga, on expira-
Lane, James C	do	20	Meh. 1, 1862	3 yrs.	tion of term of service. Mustered out March 27, 1865, at Goldsboro, N.
Linn, Nathan		20	July 20, 1861	3 yrs.	C., on expiration of term of service. Died Jan. 19, 1862, at Palmyra, Mo., of wounds received by accidental discharge of his gun while on guard at Palmyra, Mo.
Lindsay, Francis M Littler, Stephen		21 20	Jan. 28, 1861 Feb. 1, 1864	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Mustered out June 25, 1865, by order of War
Lingo, Joseph B	do	24	Aug. 1, 1861	3 yrs.	Department. Discharged April 24, 1862, on Surgeon's certifi-
Mortimer, William McColm, David Manning, Francis M	do do	21 22 19	July 20, 1861 July 13, 1861 July 13, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	cate of disability. Transferred to Co. D Feb. 25, 1864. Transferred to Co. F May 29, 1864. Reduced from Corporal——; transferred to Co.
Morton, John B Miller, William L	do	21 19	July 13, 1861 July 13, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	F May 29, 1864. Transferred to Co. K May 29, 1864. Mustered out Aug. 12, 1864, at Chattanooga, Tenn., on expiration of term of service.
Morton, James W	do	24	Aug. 6, 1862	3 yrs.	Mustered out June 4, 1865, at Washington, D. C., by order of War Department.
McDonald, Donald	do	20	Aug. 7, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 9, 1865; veteran.
McDonald, Roland		18	Aug. 7, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 9, 1865; veteran.
Miller, David M		35	Aug. 10, 1862	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 9, 1865; veteran.
Morton, Joseph A. G			Feb. 1, 1864	3 yrs.	Sick in hospital at Beaufort, S. C.: mustered out. July 9, 1865, by order of War Department.
Mitchell, Alvin			July 20, 1861	3 yrs.	Transferred to Co. D, 15th Regiment Veteran Reserve Corps, Aug. 24, 1863, as Alvin Michael.
Niles, Charles Palmer, James	do	18 25	Feb. 12, 1864 July 20, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 9, 1865. Mustered out with company July 9, 1865; veteran.
Purdy, Nathan	do	43	July 20, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged April 23, 1862, by order of War De-
Painter, James]		Sept. 15, 1862	3 yrs.	Wounded July 22, 1864, in battle of Atlanta, Ga; died Aug. 6, 1864, in hospital at Mari- etta, Ga.; veteran.
Parker, Lewis		1	Jan. 27, 1864 July 20, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 9, 1865. Died Aug. 8, 1862, at Camp Clear Creek. near Corinth, Miss.
Rice, Joseph W Reece, John A	do	19 20	July 20, 1861 July 13, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Transferred to Co. D Feb. 25, 1864. Transferred to Co. D May 29, 1864, but not on company rolls; mustered out Aug. 26, 1864,
Roberts, Henry	d o,,	22	July 13, 1861	3 yrs.	on expiration of term of service Mustered out Aug. 12, 1864, at Chattanooga,
Reicheldefer, Enos	do	34	Sept. 27, 1864	1 yr.	Tenn., on expiration of term of service. Drafted; mustered out June 4, 1881, at Washington D. C. by order of War Drag truent.
Rittenhouse, Joseph	do,	39	July 20, 1861	3 yrs.	ington, D. C., by order of War Department. Mustered out with company July 9, 1865; vet- eran.

Names.	Rank.	Age.	Date of Entering the Service.	Period of Service.	Remarks.
Rouscher, John	Private	18	July 13, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 9, 1865; vet-
Ryan, Dennis	do	23 18	Aug 8, 1861 Jan. 13, 1865	3 yrs. 1 yr.	Veteran. Substitute; mustered out with company July
Rhodes, Ira	do	34	Meh. 28, 1865	1 yr.	9, 1865. Drafted; mustered out with company July 9, 1865.
Raper, Holly Richardson, Charles	do	25 29	Feb. 12, 1864 July 28, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Discharged Aug. 16, 1862, on Surgeon's certifi-
Still, John C	do	26	July 13, 1861	3 yrs.	eate of disability. Discharged Sept. 6, 1862, by order of War De-
Sheets, William	đo	42	July 13, 1861	3 yrs.	partment. Discharged Sept. 6, 1862, at Iuka, Miss., by
Stofford, George W	do	30	July 13, 1861	3 yrs.	order of War Department. Discharged Jan. 6, 1863, at St. Louis, Mo., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Snyder, Richard Smith, George W	do	26 25	July 21, 1861 Aug 13, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Transferred to Co. D Feb. 25, 1864. Transferred from Co. F Aug. —, 1861: mustered out Aug. 12, 1864, at Chattanooga. Tenn., on expiration of term of service.
Sweeny, James L Settle, John A	do	18 18	July 13, 1961 July 13, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Transferred to Co. K May 29, 1864. Mustered out Aug. 12, 1864, at Chattanooga, Tenn., on expiration of term of service.
Sweeny, John Stetter, John C	do	36 24	July 13, 1861 Oct. 18, 1864	3 yrs. 1 yr.	Died Sept. 27, 1862, at Corinth, Miss. Drafted: discharged Aug. 8, 1865, at David's Island, New York Harbor, on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Schooley, D. Frank	do	29	Dec. 19, 1864	1 yr.	Substitute: mustered out with company July 9, 1865.
Stewart, William J Sharkey, Arthur Shearer, Henry Skidmore, James	do do do	41 35 18 21	Feb. 12, 1864 Sept. 5, 1862 Feb. 3, 1864 Jan. 30, 1864	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Died Dec. 1, 1864, in hospital at Rome, Ga Veteran. Mustered out with company July 9, 1865.
Steele, John R	do	20 30 18	Jan. 19, 1864 Jan. 28, 1864 Aug. 12, 1862	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 9, 1865. Mustered out with company July 9, 1865. Mustered out June 4, 1865, at Washington, District of Columbia.
Thompson, Jacob Temple, Allen Watts, John	do do	23 19 18	July 13, 1861 July 13, 1861 Sept. 29, 1864	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 1 yr.	Transferred to Co. D Feb. 25, 1864. Fransferred to Co. D Feb. 25, 1864. Mustered out June 4, 1865, at Washington, D. C., by order of War Department.
Weaver, Joseph D Westman, Henry	do do	19 18	July 13, 1861 July 13, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Transferred to Co. F May 29, 1864. Transferred from Co. F Sept. —, 1861; mustered out with company July 9, 1865; veteran.
Ward, Reuben	do	24	Aug. 12, 1862	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 9, 1865; veteran.
Williams, Stephen	do		July 13, 1861	3 yrs.	Transferred from Co. F Aug. 1, 1861: no further record found: see Hewson Williams, Sergeant.
Ward, Nehemiah	do	30	Aug. 12, 1862	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 9, 1865; vet. eran.
Wynings, John	do	21	July 20, 1861	3 yrs.	Died Nov. 23, 1861, at Macon City, Mo of gun- shot wounds.
Wright, Amos	do	18	July 20, 1861	3 yrs.	Transferred from Co F Aug 1, 1861; died
Ward, John	do	21	July 13, 1861	3 yrs.	March 26, 1862, at New Madrid, Mo. Discharged April 23, 1862, by order of War War Department.
Weaver, John D	lo.,	19	July 20, 1861	3 yrs.	Transferred from Co. F Aug. 1, 1861; transferred to Co. F May 29, 1864, as Joseph D.
Woodward, Patrick	do.,	19	July 20, 1861	3 yıs.	Transferred from Co. F Aug. 1, 1861; discharged June 2, 1862, on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Witman, Henry	do	24 21	July 13, 1861 Nov. 16, 1864 Meh. 25, 1865	3 yrs. 1 yr. 1 yr.	Transferred from Co. F Aug. 1, 1861. Drafted. Drafted; inustered out with company July 9, 1865.
Calomes, Mark		40 20 22	Nov. 21, 1863 Nov. 21, 1863 Nov. 21, 1863	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Colored under-cook, Colored under-cook; Colored under-cook; mustered out with com- pany July 9, 1865.

COMPANY F.

Mustered in Aug. 13, 1861, at Camp Dennison, O., by L. W. Walker, 1st Lieutenant 3d Infantry, U. S. A Mustered out July 9, 1865, at Louisville, Ky., by William H. Carr, Captain 10th Illinois Infantry and A. C. M. Ist Division, 17th Army Corps.

Names.	Rank.	Age.	Date of Entering the Service.	Period of Service.	Remarks.
Jacob Koenig	Captain	44	July 20, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed July 31, 1861; resigned Oct. 17, 1862; recommissioned Jan. 12, 1863; died Aug. 21.
William C. Buck	do	33	July 22, 1861	3 yrs.	1863, at Memphis, Tenn. Promoted from 1st Lieutenant Co. C May 9, 1864; discharged May 15, 1865, by order of War Department.
William H. Williams	1st Lieut.	26	July 20, 1861	3 yrs.	Promoted from 2d Lieutenant Co. E May 9, 1864; resigned Aug. 6, 1864.
Jeremiah Hall	do	36	July 31, 1861	3 yrs.	
Ethan O. Hurd	do	21	July 20, 1861	3 yrs.	Co. H Sept. 16, 1864. Appointed July 31, 1861: promoted to Captain Co. B July 3, 1862. Appointed 1st Sergeant from Sergeant—;
August Kropp	do	28	July 20, 1861	3 yrs.	promoted to 1st Lieutenant July 3, 1862; re-
Barney Schultz	do	35	July 20, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Sergeant troin Corporal Dec. 27, 1863; 1st Sergeant July 4, 1864; promoted to 2d Lieutenant Co. A Jan. 11, 1865; 1st Lieutenant Feb. 10, 1865; mustered out with
Charles Miller	2d Lieut.	26	July 20, 1861	3 yrs.	company July 9, 1865; veteran. Promoted from 1st Sergeant July 31, 1861; resigned June 16, 1862, at Camp Clear Creek, Mississippi.
Frank Fortman	do	22	July 20, 1861	3 yrs.	Promoted from Sergeant Co. D June 18, 1862; to 1st Lieutenant Co. D June 20, 1863.
J. Daniel Otterbein	do	21	July 20, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered as private; appointed Sergeant July 4, 1862; promoted to 2d Lieutenant May 18, 1865; mustered out with company July 9,
William Benz	do	23	Sept. 2, 1861	3 yrs.	1865; veteran. Appointed Sergeant from private Dec. 27, 1863; promoted to 2d Lieutenant June 20, 1863; mustered out Dec. 26, 1864, on expiration of
John Fold	lst Sergt.	21	July 20, 1861	3 yrs.	term of service. Appointed Corporal Feb. 27, 1864; Sergeant Feb. 1, 1865; Ist Sergeant June 1, 1865; mustered out with company July 9, 1865;
Adam Grasser	Sergeant	18	July 29, 1861	3 yrs.	veteran. Appointed Corporal Nov. 1, 1864; Sergeant Feb. 1, 1865; inustered out with company
George Wehrs	do	21	July 20, 1861	3 yrs.	July 9, 1865; veteran. Appointed Corporal Feb. 1, 1865; Sergeant June 1, 1865; mustered out with company July 9, 1865; veteran.
August Simon	do	22	July 20, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal June 1, 1865; Sergeant June 16, 1865; mustered out with company July 9, 1865; veteran.
John Schilling		25	July 20, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered as private: appointed Sergeant —; mustered out Ang. 12, 1864, on expiration of term of service.
Parker D'Orville George Heinneman	do do	27 22	July 20, 1861 July 18, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Mustered as private: appointed Sergeant Mustered as private: transferred from Co. G Aug. 2, 1861; appointed Sergeant July 30, 1863; mustered out Aug. 26, 1864, at Chatta- nooga, Tenn., on expiration of term of ser- vice.
Henry Louis		34	Sept. 2, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal Dec. 27, 1863; Sergeant March 1, 1865; mustered out with company
Matthias Isele		28	July 20, 1861	3 yrs.	July 9, 1865; veteran. Appointed Corporal April 3, 1865; mustered out with company July 9, 1865; veteran. Appointed Corporal June 1, 1865; mustered out
John Storch			July 20, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal June 1, 1865; mustered out
Michael Worline			April 5, 1865	l yr.	with company July 9, 1865; veteran. Substitute; appointed Corporal April 5, 1865;
Frank H. Kiefer		i	July 20, 1861	3 yrs.	mustered out with company July 9, 1865. Appointed Corporal April 1, 1863: mustered out Aug. 12, 1864, on expiration of term of service.
Joseph Daub			July 20, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal —; died March 22, 1865, of wounds received March 21, 1865, in battle
Henry Wittmer		24	Sept. 2, 1861	3 yrs.	of Bentonville, N. C.; veteran. Appointed Corporal Oct. 10, 1861; killed June
Henry Reinhart		24	Sept. 2, 1861	3 yrs.	2, 1863, by the guard at Memphis, Tenn. Appointed Corporal Dec. 27, 1863; mustered out with company July 9, 1865; veteran.
Jacob Rudig	do	18	Jan. 19. 1864	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal April 8, 1865; mustered out with company July 9, 1865.

Names.	Rank.	Age.	Date of Entering the Service.	Period of Service.	Remarks.
Frederick Menworth	Corporal		Mch. 26, 1864	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal April 8, 1865; mustered
John Snider	do	24	Dec. 31, 1864	1 yr.	out with company July 9, 1865, Substitute; appointed Corporal June 1, 1865;
George W. Wilcox	do,	20	April 5, 1865	l yr.	mustered out with company July 9, 1865. Substitute; appointed Corporal June 16, 1865;
Jacob Koenig	Musician	18	July 20, 1861	3 yrs.	mustered out with company July 9, 1865. Mustered out Aug. 12, 1864, on expiration of
Philip Schneider	Teamster	30	July 20, 1861	3 yrs.	term of service. Discharged Sept. 12, 1862, at Juka, Miss., on
Angst, John	Private	40	July 20, 1861	3 yrs.	Surgeon's certificate of disability. Discharged Jan. 17, 1862, on Surgeon's certifi-
Appel, Valentine	do	21	July 20, 1861	3 yrs.	cate of disability. Mustered out Aug. 12, 1864, on expiration of term of service.
Appel, Samuel	do		Aug. 22, 1862	3 yrs.	Discharged June 4, 1865, by order of War Department.
Appelius, Frederick	do	34	July 20, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out Aug. 12, 1864, on expiration of term of service.
Ahlers, John T	do	35	Aug. 29, 1864	1 yr.	Substitute: discharged June 4, 1865, by order of War Department.
Alexander, Thomas Black, Edward Bacher, Henry	do do	26 19 23	Meh. 29, 1865 July 20, 1861 July 18, 1861	1 yr. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Drafted; died July 12. 1865, at Louisville, Ky. Transferred to Co. E Aug. 1, 1861. Transferred from Co. G Aug. 2, 1861, as Henry
					Baker: transferred to Regimental Band July 22, 1862.
Baschnagel, Fidel Bodner, Frederick Brown, Peter	do	28	July 20, 1861 Aug. 16, 1862 July 18, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Died Sept. 20, 1863, at Jackson, Tenn. Transferred from Co. G Aug. 2, 1861: killed
Brekman, Frank	do	26	Sept. 24, 1864	1 yr.	July 22, 1864, in battle of Atlanta, Ga. Drafted: discharged June 4, 1865, by order of
Baschnagel, Joseph	do	29	July 20, 1861	3 yrs.	War Department. Mustered out Aug. 12, 1864, on expiration of
Bickeil, Ambrose	do	25	July 18, 1861	3 yrs.	term of service. Transferred from Co. G Aug. 2, 1861; mustered out Aug. 26, 1864, at Chattanooga, Tenn., on
Borshan, Christiau,	do	23	July 20, 1861	3 yrs.	expiration of term of service. Mustered out Aug. 12, 1864, on expiration of term of service.
Bollier, Samuel Buchanan, Marion		23 44	Jan. 9, 1865 Nov. 19, 1864	3 yrs. 1 yr.	Substitute. Drafted: mustered out with company July 9,
Bast, Henry	do	38	July 22, 1861	3 yrs.	1865. Transferred from Co. B Aug. 3, 1861; discharged Jan. 17, 1862, on Surgeon's certificate of dis-
Beasly, Jacob	,do	20	July 16, 1861	3 yrs.	ability. Transferred from Co. A May 29, 1864; to Co. A
Crult, Thomas J	do	24	July 16, 1861	3 yrs.	Nov. 1, 1864. Transferred from Co. A Feb. 24, 1864; mustered out Aug. 12, 1864, on expiration of term of
Cox, Joseph	do		Mch. 29, 1865	l yr.	service. Drafted; mustered out with company July 9,
Clinesmith, William H	do	18	April 15, 1865	l yr.	1865. Substitute: mustered out with company July 9, 1865.
Crooper, Henry C	do	18	July 18, 1861	3 yrs.	Transferred from Co. G Aug. 2, 1861: no further record found.
Deauman, Joseph Daniels, Christian	do	38 40	July 20, 1861 July 20, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Died Nov. 8. 1862, at Marietta, 0. Discharged Oct. 11, 1862, at Cincinnati, 0., on
Deschamp, Joseph		42	July 20, 1861	3 yrs.	Surgeon's certificate of disability. Discharged Feb. 19, 1862, at Syracuse, Mo., on
Dyer, Thomas		25	July 22, 1861	3 yrs.	Surgeon's certificate of disability. Transferred from Co. B. May 29, 1864; mustered out Aug. 12, 1864, on expiration of term of
Dodge, George L	do	22	July 16, 1861	3 yrs.	service. Transferred from Co. A Feb. 24, 1864; mustered out Aug. 12, 1864, on expiration of term of
Decker, John	do	21	July 20, 1861	3 yrs.	service, Mustered out Aug. 12, 1864, on expiration of
Dohm, Lewis	do	23	July 25, 1861	3 yrs.	term of service. Mustered out Aug. 12, 1864, on expiration of
Denig, Jacob	do	44	Mch. 25, 1865	1 yr.	term of service. Drafted: mustered out with company July 9,
Drayler, John	do	23	Mch. 25, 1865	1 yr.	1865. Drafted; mustered out with company July 9.
Eberle, Frederick	do	18	July 18, 1861	3 yrs.	1865. Transferred from Co. G. Aug. 2, 1861: mustered out Aug. 26, 1864, at Chattanooga, Tenn., on
Easton, Lenau	do	27	Meh. 25, 1865	1 yr.	expiration of term of service. Drafted; discharged July 3, 1865, at Louisville, Kentucky
Eepple, Valentine	do	18	July 18, 1861	3 yrs.	Kentucky, Transferred from Co. G Aug. 2, 1861; Eepple, Valentine, no further record found.
Fraverse, Tobias	do	18	Dec. 31, 1864	1 yr.	Substitute: mustered out with company July 9, 1865.
Foster, Franklin	do	21	Sept. 27, 1864	1 yr.	Drafted: discharged June 4, 1865, by order of War Department.

Names.	Rank.	Age.	Date of Entering the Service.	Period of Service.	Remarks.
Ford, John A	Private	30	Meh. 28, 1865	l yr.	Drafted: mustered out with company July 9, 1865.
Forker, John	do	37	Mch. 29, 1865	1 yr.	Drafted: mustered out with company July 9, 1865.
Fay, John	do	27 42	Aug. 16, 1861 July 20, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Transferred to Co. G — Transferred to 70th Co., 2d Battalion Veteran Reserve Corps, Dec. 12, 1863.
Griep, Louis	do	44	July 20, 1861	3 yrs.	Transferred from Co. D as Ludwig Griep —, discharged Sept. 9, 1862, at Cincinnati O., on
Greske, William Guckert, Henry Gillmore, Marcus	do	18 23	Sept. 26, 1862 July 20, 1861 July 4, 1864	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 1 yr.	Surgeon's certificate of disability. Transferred to Co. D April 7, 1865; veteran Transferred to Co. D April 7, 1865; veteran. Substitute; discharged June 4, 1865, by order of War Department.
Grosselos, Jacob	do	19	July 20, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged June 18, 1865, on Surgeon's certifi- care of disability; veteran.
Geist, Frederick	do .	23	July 16, 1861	3 yrs.	Transferred from Co. A Feb. 24, 1864; mustered out Aug. 12, 1834, on expiration of term of service.
(labelman, Henry	do	41	July 18, 1861	3 yrs.	Transferred from Co. G Aug. 2, 1861; mustered out with company July 9, 1865; Veteran.
Gaston, Oliver	do	27	Meh. 29, 1865	l yr.	Drafted: discharged July 10, 1865, at Comp Dennison, O.
Hirschman, John Hesse, Jacob	do	28 18	July 20, 1861 July 20, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	
Hangs, William	do		July 20, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged Aug. 10, 1862, at Camp Clear Creek, Miss., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Hiles, Adam	,do,	18	Sept. 29, 1864	1 yr.	Substitute: discharged June 4, 1865, by order of War Department.
Hines, Frederick	do	33	Sept. 23, 1864	1 yr.	Substitute: discharged June 4, 1865, by order of War Department.
Hehman, Henry	,do,	36	Sept. 17, 1862	3 yrs.	Discharged Dec. 27, 1864, at Camp Dennison, O.,
Heyer, Louis	do	34	July 20, 1861	3 yrs.	on Surgeon's certificate of disability. Mustered out Aug. 12, 1864, on expiration of of term of service.
Holland, Henry		22	July 20, 1861	3 yrs.	Reduced from Sergeant —; mustered out Aug. 12, 1864, on expiration of term of service.
Hotz, John	do	33	July 20, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out Aug. 12, 1864, on expiration of term of service.
Hawkins, Granville	do	25	July 22, 1861	3 yrs.	Transferred from Co. B May 29, 1864; mustered out Aug. 12, 1864, on expiration of term of service.
Heiberger, Roman	do	38	July 20, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 9, 1865;
Hules, George	do	37	Jan. 6, 1865	l yr.	Substitute: mustered out with company July
Henry, Jacob	do	18	July 18, 1861	3 yrs.	9, 1865. Transferred from Co. G Aug. 2, 1861, as private; appointed Corporal Dec. 15, 1862; reduced to ranks —: mustered out Aug. 26, 1864,
Huber, John	,do	18	July 3, 1864	3 yrs.	on expiration of term of service. Substitute: mustered out with company July 9, 1865.
Hattler, Michael	do	30	July 29, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out June 10, 1865, at Camp Chase, 0.; veteran.
Hubbard, Peter Hoodshon, Robert	do	24 25	Nov. 15, 1864 Dec. 29, 1864	1 yr. 3 yrs.	Drafted. Substitute; discharged July 5, 1865, at Columbus, O.
Ivory, Thomas	do	28 30	July 20, 1861 Dec. 23, 1864	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Transferred to Co. E Aug. 1, 1861. Died May 20, 1865, in hospital at Fairfax Court
Jahley, Jaeob	do		April 5, 1865	1 yr.	House, Va. Substitute: mustered out with company July
Jackson, John J	do	39	Meh. 21, 1865	1 yr.	9, 1865. Drafted: mustered out with company July 9, 1865.
Kroenig, Franklin	do	23	July 20, 1861	3 yrs.	Drowned June 7, 1862, in the Ohio river, near
Kraus, Casper	do.,	42	July 20, 1861	3 yrs.	Charlestown, Ind. Reduced from Corporal —; discharged Feb. 19, 1862, at Syracuse, Mo., on Surgeon's cer-
Kunkley, Christian	do	20	Sept. 24, 1864	l yr.	tificate of disability. Drafted: discharged June 4, 1865, by order of
Kern, Jacob	do	39	Aug. 16, 1861	3 yrs.	War Department. Mustered out Aug. 12, 1864, on expiration of
Kuntz, John	do	20	July 18, 1861	3 yrs.	term of service. Transferred from Co. G. Aug. 2, 1861, as John Rantz; mustered out Aug. 12, 1864, on expi-
Kimmel, Abraham	do.,.,		Meh. 21, 1865	1 yr.	ration of term of service. Drafted: mustered out with company July 9,
Krauss, Frederick Kingsbury, John W	do	41 23	Jan. 11, 1865 Mch. 21, 1865	2 yrs. 1 yr.	1865. Substitute. Prafted: mustered out with company July 9,
Launsettle, Jacob	do	22	July 18, 1865	3 yrs.	1865. Transferred from Co. G Aug. 2, 1861; to Regimental Band July 22, 1862.
Launsettle, Jacob	do	22	July 18, 1865	3 yrs.	*Transferred from Co. G Aug. 2, 1861; to Re

				, E .;	
Names.	Rank.	Age.	Entering the Service.	Period of Service.	Remarks.
Lohser, Frederick	Private	20	July 22, 1861	3 yrs.	Transferred from Co. B Aug. 22, 1861; dis- charged Sept 12, 1862, on Surgeon's certifi- cate of disability.
Lionhardt, Henry		22	July 18, 1861	3 yrs.	Transferred from Co. G Aug. 2, 1861; died Dec. 1, 1861, at St. Louis, Mo.
Linderstruth, Charles Liebrand, Godfrey	do	26 20	July 20, 1861 July 20, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Corporal Discharged March 8, 1863, at Corinth, Miss. on
Lehman, Daniel	do	27	Sept. 22, 1864	lyr.	Surgeon's certificate of disability. Drafted; discharged June 4, 1865, by order of
Laner, John	do	20	July 20, 1861	3 yrs.	War Department. Mustered out Aug. 12, 1864, on expiration of
Lemgo, Henry	do	21	July 18, 1861	3 yrs.	term of service. Transferred from Co. G Aug 9, 1861; mustered out Aug. 26, 1864, on expiration of term of
Latimer, William B Loeblin, John		34 27	Sept. 28, 1861 Dec. 8, 1864	1 yr. 1 yr.	service. Drafted. Substitute; mustered out with company July 9, 1865.
Ludwig, Louis	do	29 30	April 5, 1865 Aug. 16, 1861	1 yr. 3 yrs.	Substitute. Found dead Dec. 5, 1861, at Sedalia, Mo.
Manning, Francis M	do	19	July 13, 1861	3 yrs.	Transferred from Co. E May 29, 1864; mustered out Aug. 12, 1864, on expiration of term of service.
Miller, Joseph	do	30	July 20, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out Aug. 12, 1864, on expiration of term of service.
Maervus, Charles		20	July 20, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out Aug. 12, 1864, on expiration of
Meister, Christian	də	19,	July 18, 1861	3 yrs.	Transferred to Co. G. Aug. 2, 1861; mustered out Aug. 26, 1864, at Chattanooga, Tenn., on
McColm, David R	do	22	July 13, 1861	3 yrs.	expiration of term of service. Transferred to Co. E May 29, 1864; mustered out Aug. 12, 1864, ou expiration of
Meinschatt, Auton		26	July 20, 1861	3 yrs.	Killed July 22, 1864, in battle of Atlanta, Ga.; veteran.
Marveth, Peter Miller, Alva F	do		Aug. 14, 1861 Jan. 5, 1865	3 yrs.	Veteran. Substitute; transferred from Co. D April 8,1865;
Manor, Alex. P	do	18	Dec. 30, 1854	1 yr.	mustered out with company July 9, 1865. Substitute; discharged June 10, 1865, at Camp Chase, O.
Mason, Joseph	do	25	Jan. 6, 1865	3 yrs.	Substitute; discharged June 10, 1865, at Camp Chase, O.
Marlott, James B		24	Mch. 29, 1865	1 yr.	Drafted; mustered out with company July 9, 1865.
Nerske, Henry Noe, Lewis	do	38 22	Sept. 6, 1862 July 22, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Died March 10, 1863, at Corinth, Miss, Transferred from Co. B May 29, 1864; mustered out Aug. 42, 1864, on expiration of term of
Orr, John W Ordeman, Charles	do	27 44	Aug. 16, 1861 Sept. 26, 1862	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Promoted to 2d Lieutenant Co. G Feb. 28, 1862. Mustered out June 4, 1865, by order of War
O'Rourke, James	do	22	Dec. 26, 1864	l yr.	Department. Substitute; transferred from Co. D April 8, 1865; mustered out with company July 9,
Pfaff, Louis	do	21	July 18, 1861	3 yrs.	Transferred from Co. G. Aug. 2, 1861; mustered out Aug. 26, 1864, at Chattanooga, Tenn., on
Pfaff, Daniel	do	22	July 22, 1861	3 yrs.	expiration of term of service. Transferred from Co. B May 29, 1864; mustered out Aug. 12, 1864, on expiration of term of
Pierce, Ebenezer	do,	27	July 22, 1861	3 yrs.	Service. Transferred from Co. B May 29, 1864; mustered out Aug. 12, 1864, on expiration of term of service.
Pancher, John	do	23 41	Jan. 22, 1864 Mch. 21, 1865	3 yrs. 1 yr.	Drafted; mustered out with company July 9,
Philly, Samuel		22	Meh. 21, 1865	l yr.	1865. Drafted; mustered out with company July 9,
Rosen, John	do		Sept. 12, 1862	3 yrs.	Discharged Jan. 27, 1863, at St. Louis, Mo., on
Rossen, Edward	do		Oct. 8, 1861	3 yrs.	Surgeon's certificate of disability. Mustered out Oct. 16, 1864, at Columbus, Q., as
Reece, John A	do	20	July 13, 1861	3 yrs.	Edward Rosen. Transferred from Co. E May 29, 1864; mustered out Aug. 12, 1864, on expiration of term of
Rudig, Adam Rifey, Michael	do	43 22	Jan. 19, 1864 Jan. 12, 1865	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	service. Dicd March 25, 1865, at Goldsboro, N. C. Substitute; transferred from Co. D April 8, 1865; mustered out with company July 9, 1865.
Rhodes, Zachariah	do	29	Meh. 25, 1865	1 yr.	Drafted; mustered out with company July 9,
Spinner, Jacob	do	31	July 20, 1861	3 yrs.	Transferred from Co D Aug. 2, 1861; discharged Aug. 19, 1862, at Cincinnati, O., on Surgeon's certificate of disability. Transferred to Co. D, 15th Regiment Veteran Reserve Corps, Aug. 24, 1883.
Schmidt, Matthias	do	44	July 20, 1861	3 yrs.	Transferred to Co. D, 15th Regiment Veteran Reserve Corps, Aug. 24, 1863.

Names.	Kank.	Age.	Date of Entering the Service.	Period of Service.	Remarks.
		0"	4 19 1001	9 *1947	Transferred to Co. E Aug. 1, 1861.
Smith, George W Scherenem, Theobald	Private	25 28	Aug. 13, 1861 July 20, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Died Oct. 27, 1861, at Quiney, Ill.
Stone, Thomas	do	26	July 20, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	
Sainger, Herman Schuler, Theodore	cb	44	Nov. 13, 1862 July 20, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged Jan. 17, 1862, at Syracuse, Mo., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Schaw, Louis		18	July 18, 1861	3 yrs.	Surgeon's certificate of disability. Transferred from Co. G Aug. 2, 1861; discharged Jan. 26, 1862, at Syraeuse, Mo., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Schneidherst, John	do	24	July 22, 1861	3 yrs.	Transferred from Co. B Aug. 22, 1861; discharged Feb. 19, 1862, at Syracuse, Mo., on
Stilson, Wm. L	do	39	Meh. 21, 1865	1 yr.	Surgeon's certificate of disability. Drafted; discharged June 17, 1865, on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Smith, Samuel H	do	22	July 22, 1861	3 yrs.	Transferred from Co. B May 29, 1864; mustered out Aug. 12, 1864, on expiration of
Schmidt, Emanuel J	do	26	July 22, 1861	3 yrs.	term of service. Transferred from Co. B Aug. 22, 1861; appointed Corporal Aug. 1, 1862; reduced to ranks —; mustered out Aug. 12, 1864, on
Scott, Cherlie	do	22	July 16, 1861	3 yrs.	expiration of term of service. Transferred from Co. A May 29, 1864; mustered out Aug. 12, 1864, on expiration of term of service.
Shelly, John		21	July 18, 1861	3 yrs.	Transferred from Co. G Aug. 2, 1861; mustered out Aug. 26, 1864. at Chattanooga, Tenn., on expiration of term of service.
Schlosser, Martin Slavens, Anthony	də	21 35	Aug. 16, 1861 Jan. 7, 1865	3 yrs. 1 yr.	Transferred to Co. D April 7, 1865; veteran. Substitute.
Schulthenry, Henry	do	40	July 20, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 9, 1865; vet-
Schaub, Jacob	do	21	July 20, 1861	3 yrs.	eran. Reduced from Corporal —; transferred to Co. E. 15th Regiment Veteran Reserve
Schoonover, John	do	21	Aug. 16, 1861	3 yrs.	Corps, Dec. 20, 1864; veteran. Transferred from Co. A Feb. 24, 1864; discharged June 15, 1865, at Camp Dennison, O, on Surgeon's certificate of disability;
Snyder, John B	do	21	Aug. 31, 1862	3 yrs.	veteran. Transferred from Co. B May 29, 1864; discharged July 9, 1865, by order of War Department of the control of the contro
Stockwell, Charles E		27	April 6, 1865	1 yr.	Substitute; mustered out with company July 9, 1865.
Stakey, Charles	do	18	April 4, 1865	1 yr.	Substitute; mustered out with company July 9, 1865.
Schriekle, Edward	do	26	Nov. 25, 1864	1 yr.	Drafted; mustered out with company July 9,
Schowers, Jeremiah	do	26	April 5, 1865	1 yr.	1865. Substitute; mustered out with company July
Smith, John W		37	April 4, 1865	l yr.	9. 1865. Drafted; mustered out with company July 9,
		1			1865.
Schmidt, John	1	1	lan. 7, 1865	l yr.	Substitute; mustered out with company July 9, 1865.
Stemer, Lawrence	do	24	April 6, 1865	1 yr.	Substitute: mustered out with company July 9, 1865.
Sanger, Wm. A	do	23	April 1, 1865	1 yr.	Substitute; mustered out with company July 9, 1865.
Storm, Jacob Teabold, Valentine	do	26 41	July 20, 1861 July 20, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	On muster-in rolls: no further record found. Discharged Jan. 7, 1863, at St. Louis Mo., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Taylor, William L			July 16, 1861	3 yrs.	Surgeon's certificate of disability. Transferred from Co. A Feb. 24, 1864; mustered out Aug. 12, 1864, on expiration of term of
Thieme, Leprecht	do	24	July 20, 1861	3 yrs.	service Mustered out Aug. 12, 1864, on expiration of term of service.
Traxler, John P	do	24	Sept. 29, 1864	1 yr.	Drafted.
Turman, Arthur Thiele, Edward		23	July 4, 1864 Jan. 1, 1865	l yr.	Substitute. Substitute.
Vogel, Frank	do	38	July 20, 1861	3 yıs.	Mustered out Aug. 12, 1864, on expiration of term of service.
Vickers, George Waterbauld, John	do do	29 23	Dec. 12, 1861 July 18, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Veteran. Transferred from Co. G Aug. 2, 1861; no further-record found.
Wright, Amos	do,	18	July 20, 1861 July 13, 1861 July 13, 1861 July 20, 1861 July 20, 1861 July 29, 1861 July 18, 1861	3 yrs.	Transferred to Co. E Aug. 1, 1861.
Witman, Henry Williams, Stephen Weaver, John Williams, W. H. Woodard, Patrick Wilking, John	do		July 13, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Transferred to Co. E Aug. 1, 1861. Transferred to Co. E Aug. 1, 1861.
Weaver, John	. :do	19 26	July 20, 1861	3 yrs.	Transferred to Co. E Aug. 1, 1861.
Woodard, Patrick	do	19	July 20, 1861	3 yrs.	Transferred to Co. E Aug. 1, 1861.
Wilking, John	do	23	July 18, 1861	3 yrs.	Transferred to Co. E Aug. 1, 1861. Transferred from Co. G Aug. 2, 1861; mustered out Aug. 12, 1864, on expiration of term of
Weaver, Joseph 1)	,do	19	July 13, 1861	3 yıs.	service. Transferred from Co. E May 29, 1864; mustered out Aug. 12, 1864. on expiration of term of service.

.Age.	Date of Entering the Service.	Period of Service.	Remarks.
			Transferred from Co. B May 29, 1864; mustered out June 20, 1865, by order of War Depart- ment.
	July 5, 1864	1 vr.	Substitute.
37	Mch. 21, 1865	1 yr.	Drafted; mustered out with company July 9, 1865.
36	Meh. 29, 1865	1 yr.	Drafted; mustered out with company July 9, 1865.
	Sept. 27, 1862	3 yrs.	Died Nov. 12, 1864, at Chattanooga, Tenn.
24	Sept. 2, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered as private; appointed Sergeant Oct. 1, 1861; reduced to ranks —; mustered out with company July 9, 1865; veteran.
19	July 18, 1861	3 yrs.	
18	July 20, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 9, 1865. Transferred to Co. E Sept, 1861.
	37 36 24 19 18	Entering the Service. Ee 18 Aug. 16, 1862 July 5, 1864 37 Meh. 21, 1865 36 Meh. 29, 1865 24 Sept. 27, 1862 24 Sept. 2, 1861 19 July 18, 1861 Oct. 20, 1862 July 20, 1861	te 18 Aug. 16, 1862 3 yrs. July 5, 1864 1 yr. Mch. 21, 1865 1 yr. 36 Mch. 29, 1865 1 yr. Sept. 27, 1862 3 yrs. 24 Sept. 2, 1861 3 yrs. 19 July 18, 1861 3 yrs. Oct. 20, 1862 3 yrs. 18 July 20, 1861 3 yrs.

COMPANY G.

Mustered in Aug. 2, 1861, at Camp Dennison, O., by L. W. Walker, 1st Lieutenant 3d Infantry, U. S. A. Mustered out July 9, 1865, at Louisville, Ky., by William H. Carr, Captain 10th Illinois Infantry and A. C. M. 1st Division, 17th Army Corps.

Charles W. Pomeroy	Captain	39	July	18, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed July 31, 1861; died Oct. 1, 1861, at
Wm. H. Lathrop	do	28	July	18, 1861	3 yrs.	Chillicothe, Mo. Appointed 1st Lieutenant July 31, 1861; promoted to Captain Dec. 28, 1861; Major Oct.
Wm. H. Williams	eb	30	July	12, 1861	3 yrs.	1, 1862. Promoted to 2d Lieutenant from 1st Sergeant July 31, 1861; 1st Lieutenant Dec. 28, 1861;
Wm. H. H. Mintun	ob	21	Aug.	1, 1861	3 yrs.	Captain July 8, 1862; resigned Sept. 18, 1864. Promoted to 2d Lieutenant from Q. M. Ser- geant May 9, 1864; Captain Jan. 11, 1865; mustered out with company July 9, 1865;
John W. Orr ls	t Lieut.	29	July	20, 1861	3 yrs.	Promoted to 24 Lieutenant from private Co. F Feb. 28, 1862; 1st Lieutenant July 8, 1862; Captain Co. B May 9, 1864.
Henry Fenger	do	23	Aug.	11, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal —: Sergeant May 3, 1862; 1st Sergeant —; promoted to 2d Lieutenaut April 8, 1863; 1st Lieutenaut May 9, 1864; resigned Sept. 17, 1864.
Homer Montgomery	do	20	July	16, 1861	3 yrs.	Promoted from Com. Sergeant Jan 11, 1865;
Urich Hoffner 2	d Lieut	24	July	18, 1861	3 yrs.	mustered out with company July 9, 1865. Promoted from Sergeant Dec. 28, 1861; re-
Henry A. Babbitt	do	24	Aug.	1, 1861	3 yrs.	signed May 3, 1862. Promoted from Sergt, Major June 10, 1862; wounded Oct. 4, 1862, in battle of Corinth, Miss: promoted to 1st Lieutenant Co. I April 8, 1863.
Buel Congdon	do	28	July	22, 1861	3 yrs.	Promoted from 1st Sergeant Co. B May 18, 1865: mustered out with company July 9, 1865.
William H. Anschutz 1s	t Sergt.	23	July	18, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed from Sergeant Dec. 27, 1863; promoted to 2d Lieutenant Co. E May 9, 1864; veteran.
Joseph B. Anschutz	do	18	Aug.	12, 1862	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal —: Sergeant Nov. 1, 1864: 1st Sergeant June 1, 1865; mustered out with company July 9, 1865; veteran.
Robert S. Pomeroy S	Sergeant	18	July	1, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged Dec. 31, 1861, at St. Louis, Mo., on Surgeor's certificate of disability:re-enlisted Aug. 30, 1862, as private; appointed Sergeant June 2, 1863; promoted to Sergt. Major June 1, 1864; veteran.
Richard M. Ross			July	1, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered as private: appointed Sergeant —; discharged March 2, 1862, on Surgeon's cer- tificate of disability.
Matthias Kuhn			July	18, 1861	3 yrs.	
Lawrence Winters	do	18	July	18, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed from private —: mustered out with company July 9, 1865; veteran.
John W. McCarthy	do	32	Feb.	24, 1862	3 yrs.	Mustered as private: appointed Sergeant May 4, 1862; discharged Sept. 10, 1862, on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
John W. Johnson	do	35	Aug.	2, 1861	3 yrs.	Promoted to 2d Lieutenant Co. K March 15, 1862.

Names.	Rank.	Age.	Date of Entering the Service.	Period of Service,	Remarks.
Harvey Conkle	Sergeant	25		3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal —; Sergeant June 1, 1865; mustered out with company July 9,
Ebenezer M. Hazard	, do ,	18	Aug. 4, 1862	3 yrs.	1865: veteran: Appointed Corporal ——; Sergeant June 1, 1865; mustered out with company July 9,
Archibald Henderson	do	28	Aug. 6, 1862	3 yrs.	1895; veteran. Transferred from Co. A Jan. 21, 1863; appointed Sergeant from private —; wounded July 4, 1864, in action near Nicknjack Creek, Ga., and discharged May 16, 1865, at Cincinnati, O., on Surgeon's certificate of disability;
John C. Bellmann	Corporal	20	July 10, 1861	3 yrs.	veteran Appointed Corporal —; mustered out with
William G. Vaughan		18	July 18, 1861	3 yrs.	company July 9, 1865; veteran, Appointed Corporal —; absent on furlough;
Alex. D. Vaughn		22	July 18, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal — ansent of furiougly, no further record found; veteran. Appointed Corporal June 25, 1862; mustered out with company July 9, 1865; veteran. Appointed Corporal June 16, 1865; mustered out with company July 9, 1865; veteran. Appointed Corporal — ; discharged Sept. 4, 1862, at luka, Miss., on Surgeon's certificate of dischiffer.
Joseph Weber		18	July 29, 1861	3 yrs.	out with company July 9, 1865; vetoran. Appointed Corporal June 16, 1865; mustered
John B. Lukens		25	July 15, 1861	3 yrs.	out with company July 9, 1865; veteran. Appointed Corporal —; discharged Sept. 4,
John D. Eukeus	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	-			1862, at Inka, Miss., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
John Koeh	do	20	Aug. 10, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 9, 1865; veteran.
Henry A. Matson		44	July 20, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal ——; discharged July 19, 1862.at Camp Clear Creek, Miss., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
William Seal	do	21	July 18, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal ——; mustered out Aug.
Alfred A. Thomas	do	20	Aug. 16, 1861	3 yrs.	26, 1864, on expiration of term of service. Mustered out Aug. 26, 1864, on expiration of term of service.
Thomas Williams	ob	20	July 18, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal —; mustered out Aug. 26,4864, on expiration of term of service.
Henry Widdel	do	21	Aug. 11, 1861	3 yrs.	Wounded June 28, 1864, in action near Kenesaw Mountain, Ga.; died Aug. 3, 1864, at Rome, Ga.; veteran.
Robert P. Hazard	do	23	Aug. 9, 1862	3 yrs.	Appointed Cornoral June 24, 1865; mustered
William Harman	·lo	26	Aug. 11, 1862	3 yrs.	out with company July 9, 1865; yeteran. Appointed Corporal Sept. 1, 1864; mustered out with company July 9, 1865; yeteran.
Milton B. Williams	do	18	Aug. 12, 1862	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 9, 1865; vet-
Thomas E. Dean	Musician	20	July 18, 1861	3 yrs.	eran. Appointed Musician —; mustered out with company July 9, 1865; veteran.
George L. Payne	do	23	Jan. 22, 1861	3 yrs.	Reduced from Drum Major Nov. 21, 1862; discharged June 20, 1863, at Jackson, Tenn., by order of War Department.
Albro, John G	Private	35	Aug. 1, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 9, 1865; vet-
Alston, David	do	19	July 23, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal June 25, 1862; reduced to ranks——; mustered out with company July 9, 1865; veteran.
Allen, Loudon S	do	24	July 21, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out Aug. 26, 1864, on expiration of
Arnet, Stephen	do	23	July 18, 1861	3 yrs.	term of service. Wounded Aug. 13, 1864, in action near Atlanta, Ga.: died Oct. 19, 1864, in hospital at Rome, Gu; yeteran.
Beebe, William R	do	20	July 18, 1861	3 yrs.	Reduced from Corporal —; discharged July 12, 1862, at Camp Clear Creek, Miss., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Bickeil, An.brose Brokamp, John II	1		July 18, 1861 July 18, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Transferred to Co. F Aug. 2, 1861.
Baker, Henry Brown, Charles	do	23 35	July 18, 1861 July 18, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Transferred to Co. F Aug. 2, 1861.
Byron, John	do		July 24, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out Aug. 26, 1864, on expiration of
Butler, John A	do	19	July 18, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out Aug. 26, 1864, on expiration of term of service.
Bruner, Frank			July 18, 1861	3 yrs.	Promoted to 1st Lieutenant U. S. Colored
Bolton, Thomas	do		Dec. 28, 1864	1 yr.	Troops — . Substitute; discharged June 5, 1865, at Fort
Bennett, Simon	do	25	April 5, 1865	1 yr.	Schnyler. Drafted; mustered out with company July 9,
Brown, Peter Copas, Henry C	do	20	July 18, 1861 July 18, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 9, 1865; vet-
Crooper, Henry	do	. 25	July 18, 1861	3 yrs.	
Cook, Henry L Cook, John	do	21 18	July 18, 1861 Aug. 16, 1861	3 yrs.	Co. F Aug. 2, 1861. Transferred to Regimental Band July 22, 1862. On muster-in rolls, but no further record found.

Numes.	Rank.	Age.	Date of Entering the Services	Period of Service.	Remařks.
Cunningham, James	Private	23	July 18, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out Aug. 26, 1864, on expiration of
Casey, Thomas L. C Carico, Alexander	do	20 31	July 18, 1861 Feb. 9, 1864	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	teum of service. Died Jan. 17, 1862, at Syracuse, Mo. Transferred from Co. Il May 29, 1864; to Co. Il —
Coleman, John Clark, Charles W Coleman, John Cheney, Joseph	do	23 34 34	July 48, 1861 Dec. 30, 1864 July 16, 1861 Dec. 29, 1864	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Substitute; mustered out with company July 9 1865.
Cunningham, Peter Courtney, Peter Dunham, William	do do	31	Dec. 30, 1864 April 4, 1865 Aug. 9, 1862	3 yrs.	Substitute. Drafted. Mustered out with company July 9, 1865; vet-
Dillon, Robert	1	26	July 31, 1861	3 yrs.	eran. Transferred from Co. Il May 30, 1864; mustered out Aug. 26, 1864, at Chattanooga,
Davis, Carlos A	do		Sept. 10, 1864	3 yrs,	Teun., on expiration of term of service. Mustered out June 4, 1865, by order of War
Delancy, Thomas Deitsch, Joseph Donelly, Peter Davis, Walter L	do do do		Feb. 2, 1864 Feb. 2, 1864 Dec. 29, 1864 Sept. 10, 1864	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 1 yr. 3 yrs.	Department. Mustered out with company July 9, 1865. Mustered out with company July 9, 1865. Substitute. Mustered out June 4, 1865, by order of War
Eveleth, Isaac N		20	July 1, 1861	3 yrs.	Department. Accidentally wounded Oct. 4, 1862, in battle of Corinth, Miss., discharged Feb. 13, 1863, at St. Louis, Mo., on Surgeon's certificate of
Elders, William	do,	21	July 31, 1861	3 yrs.	disability. Transferred from Co. H May 50, 1864; must rered out Aug. 26, 1864, on expiration of torn of carrier.
Elsing, Henry	do	22	Aug, 4, 1861	3 yrs.	term of service. Transferred to Regimental Band July 22, 1862.
Edwards, Lemuel D Ellery, Eben	do	25	Aug. 10, 1861 Aug. 15, 1862	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Discharged March 30, 1863, at Madison, Ind., on Surgeou's certificate of disability.
Early, William T Edutonds, Lemuel D Every, Frederick	do do	22 20 18	April 4, 1865 July 10, 1861 July 18, 1861	1 yr. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Drafted. Transferred to Co. F Aug. 2, 1861, as Frederick
Fay, John	do	27	Aug. 16, 1861	3 yrs.	Eberle. Transferred from Co. F —; discharged Sept. 10, 1862, on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Firdon, Edward, S	do	18	July 18, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 9, 1865; veteran.
Fey, Matthias	do	19	July 18, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal June 25, 1862; reduced to ranks—; mustered out with company July
Foster, Solomon N	do	28	July 18, 1861	3 yrs.	9, 1865; veteran. Mustered out Aug. 26, 1864, on expiration of term of service.
Frazee, Noah	do	30	July 18, 1861	3 yrs.	term of service. Discharged Jan. 17, 1862, at Syracuse, Mo., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Graff, WilliamGoudy, Paul	do	23 26	July 15, 1861 July 18, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Transferred to Regimental Band July 22, 1862. Appointed Sergeant from Corporal —; reduced to ranks —; discharged June 9, 1862, in Field Camp, on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Grover, Peter	do	19	July 18, 1861	3 утз.	Mustered out with company July 9, 1865; veteran.
Gableman, Heirry Goddard, George	do do	41 35	July 18, 1861 April 4, 1865	3 yrs. 1 yr.	Transferred to Co. F Aug. 2, 1861. Drafted; mustered out with company July 9, 1865.
Greathouse, McDonell Graham, William Haller, William	do	24 25 41	April 4, 1865 Dec. 30, 1864 July 18, 1861	3 yr. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Drafted. Reduced from Corporal ——; transferred to Co.
Helfrich, John		1	Aug. 16, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 9, 1865; veteran,
Holland, Joseph			July 18, 1861		Discharged Feb. 28, 1863, at Jackson, Tenn., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Heinneman, George Hopper, Abram B	do	22 18	July 18, 1861 July 18, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Transferred to Co. F Aug. 2, 1861.
Hopper, Aaron L	do	. 20	July 18, 1861	3 yrs.	
Henry, Jacob Idoux, John	do	18 40	July 18, 1861 July 18, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	tificate of disability. Transferred to Co. F Aug. 2, 1861. Appointed Corporal June 25, 1862; reduced to ranks —; mustered out with company
Jones, James W	do	. 18	July 18, 1861	3 yrs.	July 9, 1865; veteran. Mustered out Aug. 26, 1864, on expiration of
Karbor, Francis M	do	. 20	July 18, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered as private; appointed 1st Sergeant—; reduced to ranks June 1, 1865; mustered out with company July 9, 1865; veteran.

		6.	Date of	Period of Service.	Pomarks
Names.	Rank.	Age	Entering the Service.	Perio	Remarks.
Kelley, David D	Private	20	Aug. 13, 1861	3 yrs.	Wounded July 4, 1864, in action near Nicka- jack Creek, Ga.; discharged May 2, 1865; veteran.
Knox, Elisha W	do	26	Aug. 25, 1862	3 yrs,	Transferred from Co. H May 30, 1864; mustered out June 4, 1865, by order of War De-
Kavanaugh, Edward J	do	20	July 18, 1861	3 yrs.	partment. A ecidentally wounded ——; discharged March 2, 1862, at St. Louis, Mo., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Kuntz, Michael	do	22	Meh. 23, 1865	1 yr.	Drafted; died June 1, 1865, in Washington City Hospital.
Kehnan, John	do	28	Jan. 12, 1865	3 yrs.	Substitute; mustered out with company July 9, 1865.
Klinger, William	do	42	April 4, 1865	1 yr.	Drafted; mustered out with company July 9, 1865.
Kleinheim, Rheinhardt	do	40	July 18, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged Dec. 5, 1862, at Benton Barracks, Mo., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Lindley, Newton J. B	de	22	Aug. 9, 1862	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 9, 1865; veteran.
Lloyd, Thomas P	do	34	July 18, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged June 28, 1862, at Camp Clear Creek, Miss, on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Love, James M	,do,	19	July 18, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out Aug. 26, 1864, on expiration of term of service.
Loevy, Moses D	do	18	July 21, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out Ang. 26, 1864, on expiration of term of service.
La Fetror, George	do	21	Sept. 8, 1861	3 yrs.	Transferred from Co. H May 30, 1864: mustered out Aug. 26, 1864, on expiration of term of service.
Loevy, Samuel D	do	18	Aug. 9, 1862	3 yrs.	Mustered out Aug. 28, 1865, at Cincinnati, O., on expiration of term of service.
Lenaham, Michiel Leinhard, Henry	do	23 22	Dec. 22, 1864 July 18, 1861	2 yrs, 3 yrs.	Substitute. Transferred to Co. F Aug. 2, 1861, as Henry
Lemge, Henry	do	21	July 18, 1861	3 yrs.	Leonhart. Transferred to Co. F Ang. 2, 1861, as Henry
Lancel, Jacob	do	22	July 18, 1861	3 yrs.	Transferred to Co. F Aug. 2, 1861, as Jacob Launsettle,
Maringer, Nicholas	de	23	July 18, 1861	3 yrs.	Reduced from Corporal —; mustered out with company July 9, 1865; veteran.
Mayhugh, Charles R	do	18	July 18, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 9, 1865;
Menster, Christian	do	19	July 18, 1861	3 yrs.	Veteran. Transferred to Co. F Aug. 2, 1861, as Christian
Myers, William	do	26	Aug. 19, 1862	3 yrs.	Meister. Mustered out with c mpany July 9, 1865;
Mottier, John E	do.,,,	25	Aug. 4, 1862	3 yrs.	Mustered out July 9, 1805, by order of War
McKee, Sydnor	do,	21	July 31, 1861	3 yrs.	Department; veteran. Transferred from Co. H May 30, 1864: mustered out Aug. 26, 1864, on expiration of term
Morgan, Alonzo	do		Aug. 24, 1861	3 yrs.	of service. Wounded May 28, 1862, in action near Corinth,
McGuire, Patrick McLaughlin, Bernard	do	35 22	July 18, 1861 July 18, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Miss: died same day. Died Oct. 29, 1863, at Memphis, Tenn. Wounded July 22, 1864, in battle of Atlanta, Ga; died in Field Hospital same day.
McPeck, Lemuel	do.,	25	April 4, 1865	1 yr.	Drufted: died May 24, 1865, in General Hospital, Philadelphia, Pa.
McDonald, John Osborn, John	do	21 25	Dec. 29, 1864 July 31, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Transferred from Co. H May 30, 1864; mustered out Aug. 26, 1864, on expiration of term of
Owens, Richard O'Connor, Thomas A	do	21 23	July 18, 1861 Aug. 31, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	service. Appointed Corporal June 25, 1862; reduced to
Prindeville, James			July 18, 1861	3 yrs.	ranks —. Appointed Corporal——; reduced to ranks June 24, 1865: mustered out with company July 9.
Parmelec, Williamr			July 18, 1861	3 yrs.	1865; veteran.
Palmer, James			July 18, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged Jan. 17, 1862, at Syracuse, Mo., by order of War Department.
Pomeroy, Robert S	40,	18	July 18, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged Dec. 31, 1861, on Surgeon's certifi- eate of disability; re-enlisted Aug. 30, 1862; appointed Sergeant and transferred to Co. A
Powell, Daniel Pierson, Samuel			April 4, 1865 Sept. 17, 1862	1 yr. 3 yrs.	Dec. 27, 1863. Drafted. Transferred from Co. II May 39, 1864; mustered out June 28, 1865, at Columbus, O., by order
Parker, Robert L (Albert)	do	24	April 5, 1865	l yr.	of War Department. Drafted: mustered out with company July 9,
Pratt, James	do	22	April 4, 1865	1 yr.	1865. Drafted; mustered out with company July 9,
Pratt, Philip	do	44	April 4, 1865	1 yr.	1865. Drafted; mustered out with company July 9.
Pfaff, Lewis	do	21	July 18, 1861	3 yrs.	1865. Transferred to Co. F Aug. 2, 1861.

Names.	Rank.	Age.	Date of Entering the Service.	Period of Service,	Remarks.
Rogers, John	Privatě	20	Aug. 11, 1862	3 yrs,	Transferred from Co. D Jan, 21, 1863; mns-
Rahskopp, Frank		18	Aug. 18, 1861	3 yrs.	tered out with company July 9, 1865; veteran. Discharged Aug. 9, 1862 at Camp Clear Creek,
Robo, Joseph M			July 10, 1861		Miss., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
•		10		3 yrs.	Mustered out Aug. 26, 1864, on expiration of term of service.
Rentz, Michael		18	July 18, 1861	3 yrs.	Died July 29, 1864, in Field Hospital of wounds received July 22, 1864, in battle of Atlanta, Georgia.
Rhyner, Joseph Rantz, John	do	19 20	July 18, 1861 July 18, 1861	3 yrs. 3	Died Dec. 29, 1861, at St. Louis, Mo. Transferred to Co. F Aug. 2, 1861, as John
Seal, Isaac S	do	18	July 18, 1861	3 yrs.	Kuntz. Appointed Corporal ——; reduced to ranks June
Snyder, William	do	18	July 18, 1861	3 yrs.	16, 1865; veteran. Mustered out with company July 9, 1865; vet-
Sertain, Henry	do	42	Aug. 25, 1862	3 yrs.	Transferred from Co. H May 30, 1864; mustered
Stang, Casper	do	22	July 18, 1861	3 yrs.	out with company July 9, 1865; veteran. Discharged June 16, 1865, at Madison, Ind.;
Shean, Nicholas	1 .	32	July 18, 1861	3 yrs.	veteran. Mustered out with company July 9, 1865; vet-
Summerfield, George W.		23	July 18, 1861	3 yrs.	eran.
			0 413 10, 1031	0 315.	Mustered as private; appointed lst Sergeant—; reduced to ranks Oct. 1, 1864; absent on furlough—; no further record found; veteran
Smith, Emil	I.	21	July 18, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 9, 1865; vet-
Smith, James A	do	18	July 18, 1861	3 yrs.	Reduced from Corporal —; discharged Jan. 12, 1862, at Mound City, Ill., on Surgeon's
Schwab, Michael	do	35	July 18, 1861	3 yrs.	certificate of disability. Transferred to Co. D. 15th Regiment Veteran
Stanford, George W	do	21	July 5, 1861	3 yrs.	Reserve Corps, Aug. 24, 1863. Eeduced from Sergeant —; transferred to
Schmulti, William	do	28	July 18, 1861	3 yrs.	Co. C Oct. 31, 1861, as George W. Stafford. Mustered out Aug. 26, 1864, on expiration of
Stevens, Lemuel	do	23	July 18, 1861	3 yrs.	term of service. Discharged April 23, 1862, at St. Louis, Mo., on
Sypher, David	do	38	July 18, 1861	3 yrs.	Surgeon's certificate of disability. Reduced from Sergeant —; discharged April 23, 1862, at St. Louis, Mo., on Surgeon's certificate of Sichellity.
Shaw, Louis	do	18 21 41	July 18, 1861 July 18, 1861 April 4, 1865	3 yrs.	Transferred to Co. F Aug. 2, 1861. Transferred to Co. F Aug. 2, 1861. Drafted; died June 18, 1865, in hospital at
	Ì		_	I yr.	Louisville, Ky.
Sullivan, Thomas Skinner, George W	do	19 25 27	Jan. 14, 1865 April 4, 1865	3 yrs. 1 yr.	Substitute. Drafted.
Sweeny, Michael Sharp, John Schafer, William F	do	18	Jan. 15, 1865 July 18, 1861	3 yrs.	Veteran.
Steel, James A	00	17 20	Feb. 8, 1864 Jan. 3, 1865	3 yrs. 2 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 9, 1865. Substitute.
Taylor, Richard A Thomas, Loyal A	do	21 24	July 18, 1861 July 31, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Promoted to Hospital Steward Dec. 10, 1862. Transferred from Co. H. May 30, 1864; mustered out Aug. 26, 1864, on expiration of term
Trumble, John	do	24	Jan. 14, 1865	3 yrs.	of service. Substitute; mustered out with company July
Vaughan, John F		25	July 24, 1861	3 yrs.	9, 1865. Mustered as private; appointed Sergeant Nov. 15, 1862; 1st Sergeant Dec. 27, 1863; reduced to ranks Nov. 1, 1864; mustered out with company July 9, 1865; veteran.
Vaughan, Martin V. B. Vanhorn, William,	do	25 20	Aug. 9, 1862 July 18, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	company July 9, 1865; veteran. Died Oct. 16, 1863, at Memphis, Tenn. Wounded March 3, 1862, in battle of New Madril, Mo.; died Dec. 16, 1863, at Prospect, Tennessee.
Vanwohies, Samuel	do,	25	Mch. 29, 1865	1 yr.	Drafted; mustered out with company July 9,
Vanhorn, David	do	22	Aug. 6, 1862	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 9, 1865; vet-
Vanhorn, James Valentine, Eepple	do	18 18	Jan. 21, 1864 July 18, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	eran. Mustered out with company July 9, 1865. Transferred to Co. F Aug. 21, 1861, as Valentine London
Waterbauld, John D Wilking, John Welking, Philip Wright, Isaac N	do	23 23 19 16	July 18, 1861 July 18, 1861 July 18, 1861 Feb. 9, 1864	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	tine Lepple. Transferred to Co. F Aug. 2, 1861. Transferred to Co. F Aug. 2, 1861. Transferred to Co. F Aug. 2, 1861. Transferred from Co. H May 30, 1864; mustered out June 10, 1865, at Camp Dennison, O. by order of War Department.
Yancy, Wm. H. H	do	23	July 18, 1861	3 yrs.	O, by order of War Department. Mustered out with company July 9, 1865; veteran.
Yancy, Joseph	do	19	Ang. 10, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged March 30, 1863, at St. Louis, Mo., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Zink, Marzell	do	30	Aug. 6, 1862	3 yrs.	Mustered out July 9, 1865, by order of War Department; veteran.

Names.	Rank.	Age.	Date of Entering the Service.	Period of Service.	Remarks.
Henry, George	Cook	20	Dec. 26, 1863	3 yrs.	Colored under-cook; on detached service in Supply Train March 10, 1864; no further record found.
Malone, Alexander	do	21	Dec. 26, 1863	3 yrs.	Colored under-cook; mustered out with company July 9, 1865.
Sowers, George	do	28	Dec. 26, 1863	3 yrs.	Colored under-cook; on detached service in Supply Train March 10, 1864; no further record found.
Sowers, Napoleon	do ,	30	Dec. 26, 1863	3 yrs.	

COMPANY H.

Mustered in Aug. 5, 1861, at Camp Dennison, O., by L. W. Walker, 1st Lieutenant 3d Infantry, U. S. A. Mustered out July 9, 1865, at Louisville, Ky., by William H. Carr. Captain 10th Illinois Infantry and A. C. M. 1st Division, 17th Army Corps.

Adam Koogle	Captain do	27 30.		31, 1861 31, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Died Nov. 29, 1861, at Lebanon, O. Promoted from 2d Lieutenant Dec. 28, 1861; wounded May 31, 1864, in action near Dallas,
Jeremiah Hall	b	36	July	13, 1861	3 yrs.	Ga.: died June 3, 1864, of wounds. Transferred as 1st Lieutenant from Co F Sept. 16, 1864; promoted to Captain May 25, 1864; resigned Sept. 28, 1864.
Edward B. Fairehild	do	21	Aug.	21, 1862	3 yrs.	Promoted to 1st Lieuteuant from 2d Lieutenant Co. A July 13, 1864; Captain Jan. 11, 1865; discharged June 26, 1865; veteran.
Charles F. Sedam Samuel H. Rulon	st Lieut.	27 32		31, 1861 31, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Appointed Adjutant July 31, 1861 Promoted from private July 31, 1861; resigned Jan. 15, 1862.
Henry W. Shepherd	do	32	July	22, 1861	3 yrs.	Promoted from 2d Lieutenant Co. B Feb. 8, 1862; resigned June 10, 1862.
John C. Burnett	do		Jan.	9, 1862	3 yrs.	Promoted trom 2d Lieutenant June 10, 1862;
William R. Babb			July	31, 1861	3 yrs.	resigned April 13, 1863. Appointed Sergeant from Corporal Sept 25, 1861: promoted to 2d Lieutenant June 10, 1862: 1st Lieutenant April 13, 1863; trans- ferred to Co. E. June 27, 1864.
Oscar A. Carr	do	21	July	18, 1861	3 yrs.	Promoted from 2d Lieutenant Co. B Jan 11,
William A. Snodgrass	do	20	July	22, 1861	3 yrs.	1865; to Cuptain Co. A May 18, 1865. Promoted from 2d Lieutenant Co. E May 18, 1865; mustered out with company July 9 1865.
Harlan A. Edwards	2d Lieut.	39	July	31, 1861	3 yr≺.	Promoted to 1st Lieutenant and appointed
Wyatt H. Hamrick	do			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	3 yrs.	Regt. Quartermaster July 31, 1861. Appointed Act. Regt. Quartermaster July 22, 1862; transferred from Field and Staff Oct. 25, 1864; killed Dec. 9, 1864, in action near Synamod 45.
Greenberry Miller	do:	23	July	31, 1861	3 yrs.	near Savannah, Ga. Appointed Sergeant from private Sept. 25, 1861; 1st Sergeant Jan. 19, 1863; promoted to 2d Lieutenant April 13, 1863; resigned Sept.
Hewson Williams	do	19	July	13, 1861	3 yrs.	22, 1864. Promoted from Sergeant Co. E May 18, 1865;
James A. Drake	1st Sergt.	20	July	31, 1861	3 yrs.	mustered out with company July 9, 1865. Appointed from Sergeant April 13, 1863; pro-
Granville H. Ellis	,do	21	Sept.	1, 1861	3 yrs.	moted to Sergt. Major July 25, 1864; veteran, Appointed Corporal July 13, 1862; Sergeant June 3, 1863; 18t Sergeant July 25, 1864; pro- moted to 2d Licutenant Co. E. Jan. 11, 1865;
Robert H. Campbell	do,	21	July	31, 1861	3 yrs.	veteran. Appointed Corporal Sept. 24, 1862; Sergeant May 1, 1864; 1st Sergeant Jan. 12, 1865; mus- tered out with company July 9, 1865; vet- eran.
Edward T. Macy	Sergeant	19	July	31, 1861	3 yrs.	Transferred to Regimental Band, July 22,
David Mann			July	31, 1861	3 yrs.	Reduced from 1st Sergeant —; discharged
Zenis Harlan	do	18	July	31, 1861	3 yrs.	Jan. 19, 1863, at LaGrange, Tenn. Appointed from Corporal July 22, 1862; discharged —, to accept promotion in 106th
Franklin Babb	do	22	July	31, 1861	3 yrs.	Regiment U. S. Colored Troops; veteran. Appointed from Corporal Jan. 19, 1863; mus- tered out Aug. 12, 1864, at Chattanooga,
John B. Shepherd	do,	18	July	31, 1861	3 yrs.	Tenn., on expiration of term of service. Appointed Corporal Jan. 19, 1863; Sergeant Ang. 9, 1864; wounded Aug. 12, 1864, in action near Atlanta, Ga.; died in hospital Aug. 14, 1864; veteran.

Names.	Rank.	Age.	Date of Entering the Service.	Period of Service.	Remarks.
Joseph H. Rudrow	Sergeant	19	July 31, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal Dec. 23, 1863; Sergeant Aug. 14, 1864; mustered out with company
Silas Page	do	26	July 31, 1861	3 yrs.	July 9, 1865; veteran. Appointed from Corporal July 16, 1864; mustered out with company July 9, 1865; vet-
James Findley	do	18	July 31, 1861	3 yrs.	eran. Appointed Corporal July 16, 1864: Sergeart Feb. 1, 1865; mustered out with company
John G. Hundley	do	19	Aug. 25, 1861	3 yrs,	July 9, 1865; veteran. Appointed Corporal April 4, 1864; Sergeant March 29, 1865; mustered out with company
George P. Dunham	do	19	July 31, 1861	3 yrs.	July 9, 1865; veteran. Mustered as private —; appointed Sergeant —; discharged March 25, 1863, at Young's Point, La, on Surgeon's certificate of disa-
Milton Garner	Corporal	18	July 31, 1861	3 yrs.	bility. Captured Nov. 4, 1862, near Corinth, Miss.; returned to company April 7, 1863; appointed Corporal Aug. 20, 1864; mustered out July 18,
Edward Disbro	do	19	July 31, 1861	3 yrs.	1865, by order of War Department: veteran. Appointed Corporal Aug. 20 1864; mustered
Richard Bell	do	25	July 31, 1861	3 yrs.	out with company July 9, 1865; veteran. Appointed Corporal Feb. 1, 1865; mustered out
Milton F. Seal	do	18	July 31, 1861	3 yrs.	with company July 9, 1865; veteran. Wounded —; appointed Corporal April 1, 1865; mustered out with company July 9.
Benjamin Daugherty	do	18	July 31, 1861	3 yrs.	1865; veteran. Appointed Corporal May 1, 1865; absent on
Robert D. Wall	do	22	July 31, i861	3 yrs.	turlough; no further record found; veteran, Appointed Corporal Sept. 24, 1862; mustered out Aug. 12, 1864, at Chattanooga, Tenn., on
Marion Bubb	do	22	July 31, 1861	3 yrs.	expiration of term of service, Appointed Corporal April 29, 1863; mustered out Aug. 4, 1864, at Chattanooga, Tenn., on
Isaac N. Harlan	do	22	July 31, 1861	3 yrs.	exp ration of term of service. Appointed Corporal June 2, 1863; mustered out Aug. 12, 1864, at Chattanooga, Tenn., on ex-
Peter A. Stamats	do	26	July 31, 1861	3 yrs.	piration of term of service. Discharged March 19, 1862, at St. Louis, Mo.,
Lyman H. Sayres	do	20	July 31, 1861	3 yrs.	by order of War Department. Discharged Murch 27, 1863, at Young's Point.
William H. Campbell	do		July 31, 1861	3 yrs.	La , on Surgeon's certificate of disability. Discharged April 24, 1862, at New Vienna, O., by order of War Department
Hiram H. Hurley	do	20	July 31, 1861	3 yrs.	Died Sept. 11, 1863, at Oakland, O., while on
Thomas P. Tyrrell Francis M. Malone	do	22 18	July 31, 1861 Aug. 25, 1862	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	furlough. Killed Oct. 4, 1862, in battle of Corinth, Miss. Appointed Corporal Ang. 20, 1864; mustered out with company July 9, 1865; veteran. Appointed Corporal April 1, 1865; mustered
Albert Q. Chaney	do	19	Aug. 28, 1862	3 yrs.	out with company July 9, 1865; veteran. Appointed Corporal April 1, 1865; mustered
William W. Hundley	do	18	Ang. 25, 1862	3 yrs.	ont with company July 9, 1865; veteran. Appointed Corporal Aug. 20, 1864; died Nov. 25, 1864, in hospital at Chattanooga, Tenn.
Alfred VanTress	do	20	Feb. 9, 1864	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal April 1, 1864; mustered
George Fox	Private	18 25	July 31, 1861 Feb. 9, 1864 Aug. 5, 1862	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	out with company July 9, 1865. Transferred to Regimental Band July 22, 1862. Mustered out with company July 9, 1865. Mustered out June 4, 1865, at Washington, D.
Butterfield, George W		18	Feb. 24, 1864	3 yrs.	C, by order of War Department. Mustered out June 4, 1865, at Washington, D.
Byr, Samuel J		23	July 31, 1861	3 yrs.	C, by order of War Department. Mustered out Aug. 4, 1864, at Chattanooga,
Barrett, John W	ł	19	July 31, 1861	3 yrs.	Tenn, on expiration of term of service. Mustered out Aug. 4, 1864, at Chattauooga,
Brooks, William		19	July 31, 1861	3 yrs.	Tenn., on expiration of term of service. Mustered out Aug. 12, 1864, at Chattanooga,
Burton, William		20	July 31, 1861	3 yrs.	Tenn , on expiration of term of service, Mastered out Aug. 12, 1864, at Chattanooga,
Butterfield, Joseph W		20	July 31, 1864	3 yrs.	Tenn., on expiration of term of service. Mustered out Aug. 4, 1864, at Chattanooga,
Black, Francis M		19	Tals 99 1984	3 yrs.	Tenn., on expiration of term of service. Mustered out with company July 9, 1865.
Brown, James E	do	20 18	July 31, 1861 July 31, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Died Dec. 7, 1861, at St. Louis, Mo. Discharged April 24, 1862, at New Madrid, Mo., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Brewer, John M	do	21	July 31, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged April 24, 1862, at St. Louis, Mo.,
Bell, George W	do	23	Aug. 25, 1862	3 yrs.	on Surgeon's certificate of disability. Wounded July 22, 1864, in battle of Atlanta, Ga; mistered out June 4, 1865,at Washington, D. C., by order of War Department; vet-
Carroll, Solon	do	23	July 31, 1861	3 yrs.	eran. Mustered out Aug. 4, 1864, at Chattanooga, Tenn, on expiration of term of service. Mustered out July 18, 1865, by order of War
Clark, Henry D	do	24	Nov. 21, 1863	3 yrs.	Mustaged out July 18 1865, by order of War

				- Lane	
Names.	Rank.	Age.	Date of Entering the Service.	Period of Service.	Remarks.
Collins, Francis M Chancy, Thomas B	Privatedo	26 21 22	July 31, 1861 July 31, 1861 July 31, 1861 July 31, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Died Sept. 25, 1862, at Corinth, Miss. Captured Jan 3, 1863, near Lexington, Tenn.
Cree, John M Cadwalader, Benijah			July 31, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged March 20, 1862, at St. Louis, Mo., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Clark, Henry D		22	July 31, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged Feb. 21, 1862, at St. Louis, Mo., by order of War Department.
Cleaver, John		35 21	July 31, 1861 July 31, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Discharged April 24, 1862, at Hamburg, Tenn., on Surgeon's certificate of disability. Discharged May 18, 1862, at Wilmington, O., by
		21	aniy jan 1 wi	0 315.	order of War Department.
Carter, James		21	Aug. 16, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged Aug. 16, 1862, at Camp Clear Creek, Miss., by order of War Department.
Certain, Henry		42	Aug. 25, 1862	3 yrs.	Transferred to Co. G May 30, 1864, as Henry Sertain; yeteran.
Carico, Alexander	do	31	Feb. 9, 1864	3 yrs.	Transferred to Co. G May 30, 1864; from Co. G.—; discharged Jan. 10, 1865, at Madison,
Çampbell, John W	do	24	July 31, 1861	3 yrs.	Indiana, Discharged April 24, 1862, on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Colby, Morris	do	24	Meh. 22, 1865	1 yr.	Drafted; mustered out with company July 9, 1865.
Coughton, Fred. E		19	April 6, 1865	1 yr.	Substitute; mustered out with company July 9, 1865,
Cristwell, Stephen G Dotson, James	do	24 23	July 31, 1861 Sept. 29, 1864	3 yrs. 1 yr.	Transferred to Signal Corps Sept. 7, 1863.
Dakin, John F		28	July 31, 1861	3 yrs.	Substitute; mustered out June 4,1865, at Washington, D. C., by order of War Department. Mustered out Aug. 4, 1864, at Chattanooga,
Drais, Lemuel K	do	18	Aug. 25, 1862	3 yrs.	Tenn., on expiration of term of service. Appointed Corporal Aug. 20, 1864; mustered out with company July 9, 1865; veteran.
Deffenbaw, Fred Dudley, William	do	21 20	Dec. 23, 1864 July 31, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Substitute, Discharged April 24, 1862, at Lynchburg, O., by order of War Department.
Dilløn, Robert Dilløn, Henry	do	26 42	July 31, 1861 Meh. 28, 1865	3 yrs. 1 yr.	Transferred to Co. G May 30, 1864. Drafted; mustered out with company July 9, 1865.
Donnell, William	do	39	Dec. 17, 1864	1 yr.	Drafted; mustered out with company July 9, 1865.
Elders, George Elders, William Early, John A	do do do	24 21 26	July 31, 1861 July 31, 1861 Mch. 23, 1865	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 1 yr.	Transferred to Co. E Dec. 29, 1863. Transferred to Co. G May 39, 1864. Drafted; mustered out with company July 9,
Fisher, David F Goodrich, Benjamin	do	16 23	Feb. 9, 1864 July 31, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 9, 1865. Wonnded May 8, 1862, at Farmington, Miss.; mustered out Aug. 4, 1864, at Chattanooga,
Gerlach, Matthias	do	23	Aug. 25, 1861	3 yrs.	Tenn., on expiration of term of service. Absent on furlough; no further record found;
Greenwalt, John O	do	40	Sept. 25, 1864	1 yr.	veteran. Drafted; died near Beanfort, S. C., March 19,
Gaddis, Thomas B	:lo		Ang. 25, 1862	3 yrs.	1865. Discharged Nov. 15, 1863, at Memphis, Tenn., by order of War Department.
Gregory, Absalom Gregory, Thomas E	do	44 19	Aug. 25, 1862 July 31, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Discharged Aug. 16, 1863, at Memphis, Tenn. Mustered out Aug. 4, 1864, on expiration of
Griffin, Marcus D	do	19	July 31, 1861	3 yrs.	term of service. Mustered out Aug. 12, 1864, at Chattanooga,
Gray, Thomas S Grant, Josiah T		44 26	Oct. 26, 1864 Meh. 1, 1865	3 yrs. 1 yr.	Tenn., on expiration of term of service. Mustered out with company July 9, 1865. Drafted; mustered out with company July 9, 1865.
Humphreys, James W		18	July 31, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out July 18, 1865, by order of War Department; veteran.
Harvey, John Herrin, Patrick Horseman, Amos	do do do	20 20 18	Aug. 25, 1862 Aug. 16, 1861 July 31, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Veteran. Veteran. Vischurged Nov 26, 1861, at Macon City, Mo.,
Horseman, George H	do	19	July 31, 1861	3 yrs.	on Surgeon's certificate of disability. Discharged Nov. 26, 1861, at Macon City, Mo., by order of War Department.
Harris, Samuel N Hatten, Edward: B	do	19 22	July 31, 1861 July 31, 4861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Transferred to Regimental Band July 22, 1862. Reduced from Sergeant —; died Feb. 25.
Hamrick, William G		17		3 yrs.	1862, at St. Louis, Mo. Discharged Jan. 1, 1865, by order of War De-
Hunt, Theodore	do	21 31 19 25 18	Dec. 27, 1864 Mch. 23, 1865 July 31, 1861 Jan. 10, 1865 Aug. 25, 1862	3 yrs. 1 yr. 3 yrs. 1 yr. 3 yrs.	partment; veteran. Substitute. Drafted. Died May 18, 1864, in hospital near Resaca, Ga. Substitute. Mustered out June 4, 1865, at Washington,
Johns, Aaron		18	July 31, 1861	3 yrs.	D. C., by order of War Department. Appointed Corporal May 1, 1861: Sergeant Aug. 20, 1864; reduced to ranks Feb. 1, 1865; mustered out with company July 9, 1865; veteran.

			D	of c.	1
Names.	Rank.	Age.	Date of Entering the Service,	Period of Service.	Remarks.
Kelley, Jonathan Kennedy, Johu W		18 18	Aug. 25, 1862 Aug. 25, 1862	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Died June 23, 1865; veteran. Wounded June 1, 1864, in battle of Dallas, Ga.; mustered out May 16, 1865, at Camp Denni- son, O., by order of War Department;
Kearns, De Clifford	do	22	July 31, 1861	3 yrs.	veteran. Reduced from Com. Sergeant Dec. 1, 1862; discharged April 4, 1863, at Milliken's Bend, La.,
Kenney, Michael	do	20	July 31, 1861	3 yrs.	on Surgeon's certificate of disability. Discharged April 21, 1863, at St. Louis, Mo., by order of War Department.
Knox, E. W	do	26 25	Aug. 25, 1862 Dec. 30, 1864	3 yrs. 1 yr.	Transferred to Co. G May 30, 1864. Substitute; mustered out with company July 9, 1865.
Lafferty, John	do	18	Sept. 15, 1862	3 yrs.	Discharged Aug. 15, 1863, at Memphis, Tenn., by order of War Department.
Lueas, John	do	18	Sept. 15, 1862	3 yrs.	Discharged Aug. 15, 1863, at Memphis, Tenn., by order of War Department.
La Fetra, George H Long, Elias	do	21 18	Sept. 8, 1861 Jan. 4, 1865	3 yrs. 2 yrs.	Transferred to Co. G May 30, 1864. Substitute; mustered out with company July 9, 1865.
Lovell, John L Mart, Asa	do	32 18	Dec. 30, 1864 July 31, 1861	1 yr. 3 yrs.	Substitute; discharged May 26, 1865. Mustered out Aug. 4, 1864, at Chattanooga, Tenn., on expiration of term of service.
Merriwether, William	do	23	July 31, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out Aug. 4, 1861, at Chattanooga, Tenn., on expiration of term of service.
Miller, William V	do	17	July 31, 1861	3 yrs.	Reduced from Corporal—; wounded Sept. 19, 1862, in battle of Iuka, Miss.; mustered out with company July 9, 1865; veteran.
Mowrey, John W	do	28	Aug. 25, 1862	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 9, 1865; veteran.
Murphy, John W	do	18	Aug. 25, 1862	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 9, 1865; vete an.
Musser, William H	do	26	Dec. 27, 1863	3 yrs.	Died July 8, 1864, of wounds received July 4, 1864, in action near Nickajack Creek, Georgia.
McCann, William Mears, Joshua H	do	16 23	Feb. 1, 1864 Feb. 9, 1864	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Died July 8, 1864, at Winship Furnace, Ga. Died July 2, 1864, in hospital at Rome, Ga.
Mott, Peter. McKenzie, Edward	do	30 34	Jan. 8, 1864 July 31, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Substitute. Discharged Sept. 24, 1861, at St. Louis Hos-
Moornman, Joseph	do	19	July 31, 1861	3 yrs.	pital. New Orleans, La., on Surgeon's cer- tificate of disability. Discharged Aug. 25, 1862, at Fuka, Miss., by
Moon, Reuben	do	29	July 31, 1861	3 yrs.	On muster-in rolls, but no further record
Mart, Martin V	do	20 21 19 18	July 31, 1861 July 31, 1861 Feb. 13, 1864 April 6, 1865	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs. 1 yr.	found. Died Dee, 8, 1861, at St. Louis, Mo. Transferred to Co. G May 39, 1864. Mustered out with company July 9, 1865. Substitute; mustered out with company July
Miller, Asbury H		18	April 5, 1865	1 yr.	9, 1865. Substitute; mustered ont with company July
Mereer, James H		23	Sept. 18, 1862	3 yrs.	9, 1865. Di d July 11, 1864, of wounds received July 4, 1854, in action near Nickajack Creek, Ga.;
Noble, James F		18	Aug. 25, 1862	3 yrs.	weteran. Mustered out June 4, 1865, at Washington, D. C., by order of War Department.
Osborn, John Pfister, John	do	28 19	July 31, 1861 Aug. 25, 1862	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Transferred to Co. G May 30, 1864. Mustered out June 4, 1865, at Washington, D. C., by order of War Department.
Pettitt, Ellis	do	21	May 13, 1864	1 yr.	Drafted; mustered out June 4, 1865, at Washington, D. C., by order of War Department.
Pennington, John	do	33	July 31, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 9, 1865; veteran.
Pfeister, Michael	do	22	July 31, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered ont with company July 9, 1865; veteran,
Pierson, George E		17	Aug. 25, 1862	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 9, 1835; veteran.
Pimper, Frederick	do	26	July 31, 1861,	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 9, 1865; veteran.
Pugh, Stephen L		27	Aug. 25, 1862	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 9, 1865; veteran.
Pyle, Nathan	do	28	July 31, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 9, 1855;
Puckett, Sylvester	do.,	18	Aug. 25, 1862	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal Aug. 20, 1864; reduced from Corporal April 17, 1865; mustored out with company July 9, 1865; veteran.
Pierson, Samuel Pucket, Sylverius Phillips, Morton H	do do	29 23 18	Sept. 17, 1862 Feb. 2, 1864 April 6, 1865	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 1 yr.	Transferred to Co. G May 30, 1864. Mastered out with company July 9, 1865; Substitute; mustered out with company July 9, 1865.
Penquite, James F	do	21	July 31, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out Aug. 4, 1864, at Chattanooga, Tenn., on expiration of term of service.
Rannels, Thomas G	do	21	July 31, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged Feb. 21, 1862.

		-		+	
Names,	Rank.	Age.	Date of Entering the Service.	Period of Service.	Remarks.
Rockhill, Francis F	Private	22	July 31, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged March 20, 1862, at St. Louis, Mo., by order of War Department.
Rix, James M	do	19	July 31, 1861	3 yrs.	Transferred to 70th Co., 2d Battalion Veteran
Rother, Henry	do	18 21	July 31, 1861 July 31, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Reserve Corps, Aug. 24, 1863. Died Nov. 27, 1861, at Macon City, Mo. Mustered out Aug. 4, 1864, at Chattanooga,
Randall, John		39	April 3, 1865	1 yr.	Tenn., on expiration of term of service, Substitute; absent, sick at Bedloe's Island, New
Rambo, Cassius W		18	April 5, 1865	l yr.	York Harbor; no further record found. Substitute; mustered out with company July
Rowe, Jeremlah W		19	April 6, 1865	l yr.	9, 1865. Substitute; mustered out with company July
Risley, Abram		26	Mch. 22, 1865	1 yr.	9, 1865. Drafted; mustered out with company July 9,
Sayres, Daniel H		18	July 31, 1861	3 yrs.	1865.
					Appointed Corporal Sept. 24, 1861; Sergeant April 29, 1863: reduced to ranks July 16, 1864; mustered out with company July 9, 1865; veteran.
Shepherd, Lewis C	do	17	July 31, 1861	3 yrs.	Absent on furlough; no further record found; veteran.
Strickland, Seth	do	37	Mch. 21, 1865	1 yr.	Drafted: mustered out with company July 9, 1865.
Shidaker, Warren II		19	Feb. 19, 1864	3 yrs.	Killed July 22, 1864, in battle of Atlanta, Georgia.
Stratten, James		19	July 31, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged April 24, 1862, at St. Louis, Mo., by order of War Department.
Scroggy, Thomas E	do	19	July 31, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal April 29, 1863; mustered out Aug. 12, 1864, at Chattanooga, Tenn., on expiration of term of service.
Strode, William II	do	23	July 31, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged June 14, 1862, at Clear Creek, Miss.,
Smith, Joseph F	do	24	July 31, 1861	3 yrs.	by order of War Department. Transferred to Regimental Band July 22, 1862.
Shepherd, Edward W	do	21	July 31, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out Aug 4 1864 at Chattanooga
Strode, Abram M	do	21	July 31, 1861	3 yrs.	Tenn., on expiration of term of service. Captured Aug. 23, 1862, in action near luka, Miss; unstered out Aug 4, 1864, at Chatta- nooga, Tenn., on expiration of term of
Shepherd, William II Shulock, Michael		23 22	Feb. 2, 1864 Jan. 5, 1865	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	service. Mustered out with company July 9, 1865. Substitute: absent, siek at Bedloe's Island,
Still, James L		28	Meh. 23, 1865	1 yr.	New York Harbor: no further record found. Drafted: mustered out with company July
Seaton, William H		21	Mch. 25, 1865	1 yr.	9, 1865. Drafted: mustered out with company July
Thomas, Jacob K		27	Sept. 27, 1864	1 yr.	9, 1865,
Thomas, Leander		24	Sept. 27, 1864	1 yr.	Drafted: mustered out June 4, 1865, at Washington, D. C., by order of War Department, Drafted; nustered out June 4, 1865, at Washington, D. C., by order of War Department.
Thompson, John W	do	18	Sept. 18, 1862	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 9, 1865; vet-
Thurber, Lewis D	do	33	Meh. 22, 1865	1 yr.	eran. Drafted; mustered out with company July 9,
Thurber, Almon R	do	22	Mch. 22, 1865	1 yr.	1865. Drafted; mustered out with company July 9,
Tyler, Thomas W	do	27	Mch. 22, 1865	1 yr.	1865. Drafted; mustered out with company July 9,
Thompson, James	do	22	July 31, 1861	3 yrs.	Killed July 22, 1864, in battle of Atlanta, Ga.;
Taylor, Henry		21	July 31, 1861	3 yrs.	veteran. Mustered out Aug. 4, 1864, at Chattanooga, Tenn., on expiration of term of service.
Thomas, Loyal A Terrell, William W Vanpelt, Charles W	do do	24 20 22	July 31, 1861 Jan. 20, 1864 Sept. 17, 1862	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Transferred to Co. G May 30, 1864. Mustered out with company July 9, 1865, Mustered out with company July 9, 1865; vet-
Vanpelt, Joseph A		23	July 31, 1861	3 yrs.	eran. Absent on furlough; no further record found;
Vanpelt, Benjamin Woolery, Henry	do	21 21	Aug. 25, 1862 July 31, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	veteran. Captured Jan. 3, 1863, near Lexington, Tenn. Mustered out with company July 9, 1865; vet-
Walthern, John M	do	28	Meh. 22, 1865	1 yr.	eran. Drafted; mustered out with company July 9,
Whithouse, Joseph	do	26	Mch. 23, 1865	1 yr.	1865. Drafted; absent on furlough; mustered out July 18, 1865, by order of War Department.
Williams, John H	do	18	Jan. 3, 1865	2 yrs.	Substitute; mustered out with company July
Wilson, William II Webber, Milton	do	18 19	Aug. 25, 1862 Aug. 16, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	9, 1865. Died April 25, 1865, at Raleigh, N. C.: veteran. Killed Aug. 19, 1861, in railroad accident near Clay City, 111.
Webber, John	do	18	July 31, 1861	3 yrs.	Clay City, III. Mustered out Aug. 4, 1864, at Chattanooga,
Williams, Henry	do	19	July 31, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out Aug. 4, 1864, at Chattanooga, Tenn., on expiration of term of service. Mustered out Aug. 4, 1864, at Chattanooga, Tenn., on expiration of term of service.

Names.	Rank.	Age.	Date of Entering the Service.	Period of Service.	Remarks.
Wright, Isaac N	do	16 18 18 29	Feb. 9, 1864 Sept. 16, 1862 Sept. 17, 1862 Dec. 16, 1864	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs. 1 yr.	Transferred to Co. G May 30, 1864. Captured Jan. 3, 1863, near Lexington, Tenn. Drafted; mustered out with company July 9, 1865.

COMPANY I.

Mustered in Aug. 2, 1861, at Camp Dennison, O., by L. W. Walker, 1st Lieutenant 3d 1nfantry, U. S. A. Mustered out July 9, 1865, at Louisville, Ky., by William H. Carr Captain 10th Illinois Infantry and A. C. M. 1st Division, 17th Army Corps.

A. O. M. 18t Division, 11th Army Corps.									
David C. Benjamın Captair	28	July 4	, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed July 31, 1861; resigned July 7, 1862,				
Charles G. Knowlesdo	. 21	July 19	, 1861	3 yrs.	at Corinth, Miss. Promoted from 1st Lieutenant Co. K July 7,				
John R. Parkerdo	. 25	July 4	, 1861	3 yrs.	1862; resigned April 8, 1863. Promoted to 2d Lieutenant from Sergeant June 10, 1862; 1st Lieutenant Aug. 2, 1862; Captain				
Daniel Weberdo	. 27	July 20	, 1861	3 yrs.	April 8, 1863; resigned Jan. 7, 1864. Promoted from 1st Lieutenant and Adjutant March 2, 1864; to Major Jan. 11, 1865.				
Frank Hightdo	. 25	July 13	, 1861	3 yrs.	Promoted to 2d Lieutenant from Com. Sergeant May 30, 1864; Captain Jan. 11, 1865; resigned May 27, 1865; veteran.				
Wm. H. Pittengerdo	. 29	July 4	, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal June 10, 1862; Sergeant Dec. 27, 1863; promoted to Com. Sergeant June 1, 1864; 2d Lieutchant Co. D July 13, 1864; 1st Lieutenant Co. A Jan. 1, 1865; Captain May 18, 1865; mustered out with com-				
Fletcher, Hypeslst Lieu	t 30	July 4	, 1861	3 yrs.	pany July 9, 1865; veteran. Appointed July 31, 1861; resigned Oct. 1, 1862,				
Henry A. Babbittdo	. 24	Aug. 1	, 1861	3 yrs.	at Corinth, Miss. Promoted from 2d Lieutenant Co. G April 8,				
George T. Ricedo	. 36	July 22	2, 1861	3 yrs.	1863; appointed Adjutant April 13, 1864. Promoted from 2d Lieutenant Co. B May 9, 1864; appointed Regt. Quartermaster Oct. 25, 1864.				
Lucius M. Hubbard do	. 19	Aug. 16	6, 1861	3 yrs.	Promoted from Sergt. Major Feb. 14, 1835; mustered out with company July 9, 1865; veteran.				
Nathan R. Thompson 2d Lieu	t. 22	July 4	1, 1861	3 yrs.	Promoted from 1st Sergeaut July 31, 1861; discharged Oct, 7, 1861, at Chillicothe, Mo.				
Andrew J. Lowelldo	. 43	July 4	1, 1861	3 yrs.	Promoted from Sergeant Oct. 9, 1861; resigned June 10, 1862, at Corinth, Miss				
William R. Robedo	. 26	July 4	1, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed 1st Sergeant from Sergeant —; promoted to 2d Lieutenant Aug. 2, 1862; 1st				
Allen Esterdo	. 25	July 4	1, 1861	3 yrs,	Lieutenant Co. C May 9, 1864. Appointed Sergeant from Corporal Aug. 2, 1862; promoted to Com. Sergeant Jan. 29, 1865; 2d Lightenant May 18, 1865; purchased out with				
Joseph R. Pownell 1st Serg	t. 22	July 4	1, 1861	3 yrs.	eonpany July 9, 1865; veteran. Appointed Sergeant from Corporal March 7, 1865; 1st Sergeant May 7, 1865; mustered out				
John W. Spring Sergean	t 21	July 4	1, 1861	3 yrs.	with company July 9, 1865; veteran. Appointed from Corporal Nov. 16, 1861; promoted to Captain 191st O. V. 1. March 9, 1865;				
Peter Thompsondo	. 27	July 4	1, 1861	3 yrs.	veteran. Appointed from Corporal Jan. 1, 1862; promoted to 2d Lieutenant Co. A March 29,				
Francis M. Wrightdo	. 18	July 4	1, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal —; Sergeaut Feb. 26, 1864; promoted to Sergt. Major April 1, 1865;				
Findley B. Kanedo	. 23	July 4	1. 1861	3 yrs.	veternn Appointed Corporal Feb. 26, 1864: Sergeant April 1, 1865; mustered out with company				
William W. Wickoff: do	. 19	July 4	1, 1861	3 yrs.	July 9, 1865; veteran. Appointed Corporal Dec. 4, 1862: Sergeent April 1, 1865; mustered out with company				
James K. Fentondo	. 23	July 4	1, 1861	3 yrs.	July 9, 1865; veteran. Appointed Corporal Dec. 27, 1863; wounded July 22, 1864, in battle of Atlanta, Ga.: up- pointed Sergeant April 1, 1865; mustered out with company July 9, 1865; veteran.				
William B. Stoutdo	. 23	July 4	1, 1861	3 yrs.	out with company July 9, 1865; veteran. Appointed Corporal Nov. 16, 1861; Sergeant April 1, 1865; absent on furlough; no further record found; veteran.				
Samuel A. Kelley Corpora	1 18	July 4	1, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal July 2, 1862: died Aug. 18, 1864, of wounds received July 22, 1864, in battle of Atlanta, Ga.; veteran.				
			-						

Names.	Rank.	Age.	Date of Entering the Service.	Period of Service.	Remarks.
William M. Leach	Corporal	23	July 4, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal Feb, 26, 1864; mustered out with company July 9, 1865; veteran.
George Gorhorn	do	24	July 4, 1861	3 yrs.	Wounded —, in action; appointed Corporal March 18, 1864; mustered out with company
William E. McNeil	do	19	July 4, 1861	3 yrs.	July 9, 1865; veteran. Wounded July 22, 1864, in battle of Atlanta, Ga.; appointed Corporal Feb. 1, 1865; mus-
Robert A. Cook	do	21	July 4, 1861	3 yrs.	tered out with company July 9, 1865; veteran. Appointed Corporal Feb. 1, 1865; mustered out with company July 9, 1865; veteran
William II, Gordon.,	do	18	July 4, 1861	3 yrs.	with company July 9, 1865; veteran. Appointed Corporal April 1, 1865; mustered out with company July 9, 1865; veteran.
Thomas J. Stout	do	19	July 4, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal April 5, 1865; mustered out with company July 9, 1865; veteran.
Joshua Fields	do	25	July 4, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal April 24, 1865; mustered out with company July 9, 1865; veterau.
Thomas J. Bradney	do	18	July 4, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal April 24, 1865; mustered out with company July 9, 1865; veteran.
James H. Stewart	do	19	July 4, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal —; died May 23, 1862, at Manchester, O.
Walter Newell Matthew C. Rickey	Musician Wagoner		Feb. 10, 1864 July 4, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 9, 1865. Reduced from Corporal —; mustered out with company July 9, 1865; veteran.
Amsden, Henry R Abbott, James	Privatedo	19 35	Dec. 31, 1864 Dec. 16, 1864	1 yr. 1 yr.	Substitute. Drafted; mustered out with company July 9, 1865.
Able, Sherman W	do	33	Meh. 21, 1865	1 yr.	Drafted; mustered out with company July 9, 1865.
Adams, George W	do	25	Meh. 21, 1865	l yr.	Drafted; mustered out with company July 9, 1865.
Bogard, Levi	do	18	July 4, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 9, 1865; vet-
Bolen, Thomas J Bradley, Robert J	do	20 19	Aug. 30, 1862 July 4, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Veteran. Appointed Corporal July 15, 1862; reduced to ranks Nov. 5, 1862; absent on furlough; mustered out July 9, 1865, by order of War
Bolons, Joseph	do	18	July 4, 1861	3 yrs.	Department; veteran. Mustered out Aug. 20, 1864, on expiration of
Burbage, Edward	1	25	July 4, 1861	3 yrs.	term of service. Discharged July 12, 1862, near Corinth, Miss.,
Bacon, Absalom		21	July 4, 1861	3 yrs.	on Surgeon's certificate of disability. Discharged June 8, 1864, at Cincinnati, O on
Baker, John Barton, Edward	1		Meh. 29, 1865 Meh. 21, 1865	1 yr. 1 yr.	Surgeon's certificate of disability; veteran. Drafted. Drafted; mustered out with company July 9,
Barton, Charles H	}	1	Meh. 21, 1865	l yr.	Drafted; mustered out with company July 9,
Boldman, James	do	36	Dec. 16, 1864	l yr.	Drafted; mustered out with company July 9,
Bowers, Jacob Buckingham, Frederick. Bishop, Levi	do do	33	Dec. 16, 1864 Meh. 21, 1885	l yr. l yr. l yr.	1865. Substitute. Mustered out with company July 9, 1865. Drafted; mustered out with company July 9,
Coha, Patrick	1		Jan. 12, 1865	3 yrs.	1865. Substitute; mustered out with company July
Colley, Allen			July 4, 1861	3 yrs.	9, 1865. Mustered out with company July 9, 1865; vet-
Crow, Daniel	1	1	Aug. 11, 1862	3 yrs.	Mustcred out with company July 9, 1865; vet-
Clifford, Anthony	do	21	July 16, 1861	3 yrs.	Transferred from Co. A Feb. 24, 1864; mus-
Clifford, Milton	do	18	July 16, 1861	3 yrs.	tered out Aug. 26, 1864, on expiration of term of service. Transferred from Co. A Feb. 24, 1864; mus- tered out Aug. 26, 1864, on expiration of term
Cook, John W	do	21	Dec. 9, 1861	3 yrs.	of service. Mustered out Jan. 28, 1865, on expiration of
Copas, Leonidas	do	19	July 4, 1861	3 yrs.	term of service. Mustered out Aug. 25, 1864, on expiration of
Crawford, George W	do	22	July 4, 1861	3 yrs.	term of service. Mustered out Aug. 26, 1864, on expiration of
Carson, Samuel H		1	July 4, 1861	3 yrs.	term of service. Discharged April 25, 1862, at Hamburg, Tenn.,
Connell. John R	1		July 4, 1861	3 yrs.	on Surgeon's certificate of disability. Reduced to ranks from Sergeant ; promoted to Q. M. Sergeant Jan 1, 1862.
Cruit, William C	do	28	July 4, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged Feb. 22, 1862, at Benton Barracks,
Colley, Wm. H. H Cayler, Charles Crofts, Darwin B	do	18 21 31	Feb. 12, 1864 April 5, 1865 Mch. 21, 1865	3 yrs. 1 yr. 1 yr.	Mustered out with company July 9, 1865. Substitute. Drafted; mustered out with company July 9,
Derrough, Lewis		1	July 4, 1861	3 yrs.	1865. Mustered out with company July 9, 1895; vet-
					eran.

Names.	Renk.	Age.	Dute of Entering the Service.	Period of Service.	Remarks.
Douglas, John B	Private	18	July 4, 1861	3 yrs.	Captured —, near Savannah, Ga.; mustered out May 20, 1865, by order of War Depart-
Donaldson, Wm. D Davis, Asa Donalds, Ashael	do do	19 19 41	Jan. 9, 1865 Jan. 3, 1865 Meh. 21, 1865	3 yrs. 2 yrs. 1 yr.	ment; veteran. Substitute. Substitute. Drafted; mustered out with company July 9,
Davis, Andrew C	do	27	April 4, 1865	1 yr.	1865. Substitute; mustered out with company July
Dice, John Elders, George	do	21 24	Meh. 21, 1865 July 31, 1861	1 yr. 3 yrs.	9, 1865. Drafted. Transferred from Co. E April 8, 1865; mustered
Eubanks, Walker	do	23	July 4, 1861	3 yrs.	out with company July 9, 1865. Mustered out Aug. 26, 1864, on expiration of
Easter, Jacob	cb	18	July 4, 1861	3 yrs.	term of service. Discharged April 18, 1862, at Hamburg, Tenn.,
Easter, Henry L	do	19	July 4, 1861	3 yrs.	on Surgeon's certificate of disability. Discharged Aug. 10, 1862, at Luka, Miss., on
Fleming, David	oi	24	July 4, 1861	3 yrs.	Surgeon's certificate of disability. Mustered out with company July 9, 1865; vet-
Friar, William	do	19	July 4, 1861	3 yrs.	eran. Mustered out with company July 9, 1865; vet-
Foster, Henry C	cb	18	Feb. 10, 1864	3 yrs.	eran. Wounded July 22, 1864, in battle of Atlanta, Ga.; discharged May 29, 1865, by order of
Foster, Jedediah	do	23	July 4, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Sergeant from Corporal —; reduced to ranks at his own request Feb. 26, 1864; mustered out Aug. 26, 1864, on expira-
Fenton, Allen	do	22	July 4, 1861	3 yrs.	tion of term of service. Discharged Feb. 22, 1862, on Surgeon's certifi-
Garrett, Samuel F	do	18	July 4, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 9, 1865; vet-
Garrett, William H	do	19	July 4, 1861	3 yrs.	eran. Mustered out with company July 9, 1865; vet-
Garver, John	do	25	Aug. 15, 1864	l yr.	Substitute; discharged June 4, 1865, by order
Gilmore, Alexander	do	20	July 4, 1861	3 yrs.	of War Department. Mustered out Aug. 26, 1864, on expiration of
Hahn, James	do	25	July 13, 1861	3 yrs.	term of service. Transferred from Co. E April 8, 1865; mustered
Holderness, George L	, do	27	July 4, 1861	3 yrs.	out with company July 9, 1865; veteran. Mustered out with company July 9, 1865; vet-
Holmes, Nathan	do	18	July 4, 1861	3 yrs.	cran. Appointed Corporal Dec. 7, 1862; reduced to ranks March 18, 1864; absent on furlough—: no further record found; veteran.
Honson, Delphi Hermes, Barney	do	21 34	Dec. 30, 1864 July 16, 1861	2 yrs. 3 yrs.	Substitute. Transferred from Co. A Feb. 24, 1864; trans-
Hempleman, Isaac L	do	19	July 4, 1861	3 yrs.	ferred to Co. K May 30, 1864. Mustered out Aug. 26, 1864, on expiration of term of service.
Hohs, John A		37	July 16, 1861	3 yrs.	Transferred from Co. A Feb. 24, 1864; mustered out Aug. 26, 1864, on expiration of term of service.
Howland, Levi	do	22	July 4, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out Aug. 26, 1864, on expiration of term of service.
Hoover, Mordecai	do	21	Mch. 21, 1865	l yr.	Drafted; mustered out with company July 9, 1865.
Harrington, Henry A			April 4, 1865	1 yr.	Substitute; mustered out with company July 9, 1865.
Hinkley, John B		1	Meh. 21, 1865	1 yr.	Drafted; mustered out with company July 9, 1865
Hetherington, George W Irwin, David Johnson, Elias M	do	28	July 4, 1861 July 4, 1861 Dec. 10, 1864	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 1 yr.	Died Jun. 26, 1862, at Palmyra, Mo. Died July 18, 1862, near Corinth, Miss. Drafted; discharged June 3, 1865, by order of
Jones, William Kerr, James M	do	32 19	Jan. 4, 1865 July 4, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	War Department. Substitute. Mustered out Aug. 26, 1864, at Cincinnati, O., on expiration of term of service.
Kilgore, Benjamin F		1	July 4, 1861	3 yrs.	Killed July 22, 1864, in buttle of Atlanta, Ga.: veteran.
Lawrence, Edwin D. W.	do	20	Aug. 5, 1862	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 9, 1865; veteran.
Luders, Henry	do	27	July 16, 1861	3 yrs.	
Lang, William	do	22	Aug. 16, 1861	3 yrs.	Transferred from Co. A Feb. 24, 1894; trans- terred to Co. K. May 30, 1864. Discharged Nov. 16, 1861, at Chillicothe, Mo., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Lucas, David W			July 4, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out Aug. 26, 1864, at Cincinnati, O., on expiration of term of service.
Laub, Andrew	1	1	Jan. 5, 1865	3 yrs.	Substitute: mustered out with company July 9, 1865.
Lynch. James Matthews, Jackson			Dec. 31, 1864 July 4, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Substitute. Mustered out with company July 9, 1865; veteran.
McCune, John	də	19	Sept. 11, 1862	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 9, 1865; veteran.

Names.	Rank.	ge.	Date of Entering the	Period of Service.	Remarks.
Names.	Isonin.	A	Service.	Per	
Miller, William	Private	23	July 4, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 9, 1865; vet-
McKenzie, Daniel		22	July 16, 1861	3 yrs.	eran. Transferred from Co. A Feb. 24, 1864; trans-
		24	July 4, 1861	3 yrs.	Transferred from Co. A Feb. 24; 1864; transferred to Co. K May 30, 1864. Died Sept. 18, 1862, at Jackson, Tenn. Died Oct. 16, 1862, at Corinth, Miss.
Massie, John McNeil, John N Massie, Joseph L	do	23 25	Sept. 11, 1862 July 4, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Mustered out Aug. 26, 1864, at Cincinnati, O., on expiration of term of service.
Masters, Robert J		23	July 4, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out, Aug. 25, 1564, at Uncinnati, U.
Montgomery, Joseph W	do	28	Dec. 9, 1861	3 yrs.	on expiration of term of service. Mustered out Jan. 28, 1865, on expiration of term of service.
McCormick, Wm. H	do	23	July 4, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged Aug. 10,1862, at Iuka, Miss., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Miller, Wilson	do	19	April 4, 1865	1 5r.	Substitute; mustered out with company July 9, 1865.
McCartney, John		21	Feb. 10, 1864	3 yrs.	Discharged July 11, 1865, at Tripler U. S. Hospital.
Nesbit, Joseph P	do	23	July 4, 1861	3 yrs.	Killed Dec. 11, 1864, in action near Savannah, Ga.: veteran.
Pence, Joseph S	do	25	July 4, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 9, 1865; veteran.
Purcell, Wm. H	i i	20	July 4, 1861	3 yrs	Discharged Feb. 22, 1862, at St. Louis, Mo., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Piatt, Jacob		40	July 4, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged Jan. 3, 1862, at Macon City, Mo., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Pennywait, Henry W		18	July 4, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out Aug. 26, 1864, at Cincinnati, O., on expiration of term of service.
Pennywait, John C	1	18	July 4, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out Aug. 26, 1864, at Cincinnati, O., on expiration of term of service.
Piatt, Francis M		22	July 4, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out Aug. 26, 1864, at Cincinnati, O., on expiration of term of service.
Pennywait, Alfred	do	21	July 4, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out Aug. 26, 1864, at Cincinnati, O., on expiration of term of service.
Pennywait, David W	do	19	July 4, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out Aug. 26, 1864, at Cincinnati, O., on expiration of term of service.
Pertee, George R		26	July 4, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged July 20, 1862, near Corinth, Miss., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Pierce, Edward R		24	Meh. 21, 1865	lyr.	Drafted; mustered out with company July 9, 1865.
Parks, John H	do	22	July 4, 1861	3 yrs.	Died July 6, 1864, of wounds received July 4, 1864, in action near Nickajack Creek, Ga.; veteran.
Puntenney, John M Rudolph. Isaac	do	20 26	Meh. 8, 1861 July 4, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Promoted to Principal Musician June 2, 1865. Mustered out with company July 9, 1865; veteran.
Richards, Franklin	do	18	July 4, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal Sept. —, 1863; reduced Dec. 5, 1863, at his own request; wounded July 28, 1864, in action; mustered out June 2, 1865, by order of War Department; vet-
Reynolds, Orville	do:	19	April 5, 1865	l yr.	eran. Substitute; mustered out with company July
Richey, Isaac	do	30 21	Meh. 25, 1865 Meh. 21, 1865	1 yr. 1 yr.	7, IS 65. Drafted. Substitute; mustered out with company July 9, 1865.
Shepherd, Wm. H	do	25	July 4, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 9, 1865; veteran.
Sprinkle, Samuel M	do	21	July 4, 1861	3 yrs.	Reduced from Corporal Oct. 15, 1861; absent; wounded July 30, 1864; mustered out July 9, 1865; by order of War Department; ueteran.
Strickland, Farris Stapleton, James R	qo	22	July 4, 1861 July 16, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Transferred from Co. K Feb. 24, 1864; trans-
Seaton, John A	do	21	July 4, 1861	3 yrs.	ferred to Co. K May 20, 1864. Discharged Feb. 12, 1864, at Quincy, Ill., by order of War Department. Feb. 20, 1864.
Sidwell, John W	do	25	July 4, 1861	3 yrs.	order of War Department. Reduced from Com. Sergeant Feb. 26, 1864; mustered out Aug. 26, 1864, at Cineinnati O., on expiration of term of service.
Snively, Alexander	do	24	July 16, 1861	3 yrs.	O., on expiration of term of service. Transferred from Co. A Feb. 24, 1864; mustered out Aug. 26, 1864, at Cincinnati, O., on expiration of term of service.
Stephens, George L	do:	25	July 4, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged July 20, 1862, near Corinth, Miss.,
Shaw, Daniel M	do	18	July 4, 1861	3 yrs.	on Surgeon's certificate of disability. Discharged Aug. 10, 1862, at Iuka, Miss., on
Shaw, Joseph	do	18	July 4, 1861	3 yrs.	on Surgeon's certificate of disability. Discharged Aug. 10, 1862, at Juka, Miss., on Surgeon's certificate of disability. Discharged Jan. 18, 1863, at Jackson, Tenn.,
Saterlee, Hiram	do	37	Mch. 21, 1865	3 yrs.	Drafted; mustered out with company July 9,
Shorkey, James Stokes, Charles	do	21 36	Jan. 4, 1865 Meh. 21, 1865	3 yrs. 1 yr.	Drafted; mustered out with company July 9,
Summers, Charles	do	21	Dec. 30, 1864	3 yrs.	1865. Substitute.
Sullivan, Henry	do	25	Jan. 10, 1865	3 yrs.	Substitute.

Names.	Rank.	Age.	Date of Entering the Service.	Period of Service.	Remarks.
Truitt, Wm. C	Private		July 4, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged Feb. 22, 1862, at St. Louis, Mo., on
Thompson, Wm. H	do	21	July 4, 1861	3 yrs.	Surgeon's certilicate of disability. Absent on detached service; mustered out July 10, 1865, at Camp Chase, O., by order of War
Vanceman, John H	do	21	July 4, 1861	3 yrs.	Department; veteran. Appointed Corporal Oct. 25, 1861; reduced to ranks Feb. 26, 1864; mustered out Aug. 26, 1864, at Cincinnati, O., ou expiration of term
Vance, James M	do	18	July 4, 1861	3 yrs.	of service. Discharged Sept. 4, 1862, at Cincinnati, O., on
Vance, James R	do	20	July 4, 1861	3 yrs.	Surgeon's certificate of disability. Absent on furlough — ; mustered out July 9,
Vanpelt, Cyrus B	do	20	July 4, 1861	3 yrs.	1865, by order of War Department; veteran. Mustered out with company July 9, 1865; veteran.
Vergin, Joseph	do	19	July 4, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 9, 1865; veteran.
Walker, Thomas J	do	21	July 4, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out Aug. 26, 1864, at Cineinnati, O., on expiration of term of service.
Watson, Henry T	do	22	July 4, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out Aug. 26, 1864, at Cincinnati, O., on expiration of term of service.
Walker, William K Withem, Louis D	do	22 29	July 4, 1861 Meh. 20, 1865	3 yrs. 1 yr.	Died March 16, 1863, at Corinth, Miss. Substitute: mustered out with company July
Wilson, William	do	18	Jan. 10, 1865 Jan. 4, 1865	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	9, 1865 Substitute. Substitute.
Whimer, Henry A Walters, Thomas	do	19 18	April 4, 1865 Feb. 10, 1864	1 yr. 3 yrs.	Substitute. Wounded July 22, 1864, in battle of Atlanta, Ga.; mustered out with company July 9, 1865.
Wulters, Thomas C	do	25	July 4, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 9, 1865; veteran.
Young, Wm. H. J	do	23	April 5, 1865	1 yr.	Substitute: mustered out with company July 9, 1865.
Young, Joseph L. B Young, William H Zartman, George	do	19	Feb. 10, 1864 Feb. 10, 1864 Dec. 17, 1864	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 1 yr.	Mustered out with company July 9, 1865. Mustered out with company July 9, 1865. Substitute: discharged July 5, 1865, at Columbus, O.
Miles, Hammond O	Cook	21	Dec. 2), 1863	3 yrs.	Colored under-cook: mustered out with com-
Wilson, John	do		Dec. 26, 1863	3 yrs.	pany July 9, 1865. Colored under-cook; on detached service as teamster; mustered out July 9, 1865, by order of War Department.
			1	1	1

COMPANY K.

Mustered in Aug. 13, 1861, at Camp Dennison, O., by L. W. Walker, 4st Lieutenant 3d Infantry, U. S. A. Mustered out July 9, 1865, at Louisville, Ky., by William H. Carr. Captain 10th Illinois Infantry and A. C. M. 1st Division, 17th Army Corps.

John Rhoades			July July			3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Appointed July 31, 1861; resigned Feb. 20, 1862. Appointed 1st Lieutenant July 31, 1861; promoted to Captain Feb. 19, 1862; mustered out Oct. 29, 1864, on expiration of term of
James Walker	do	30	July		1861	3 yrs.	service. Promoted to 1st Lieutenant from 2d Lieutenant Co. C.lan. 11, 1865; Captain Feb 10, 1865; mustered out with company July 9, 1865.
Charles G. Knowles	lst Lieut.	21	July	19,	1861	3 yrs.	Promoted to 2d Lieutemant from 1st Sergeant July 31, 1861; 1st Lieutenant Feb. 19, 1862; Captain Co. 1 July 7, 1862.
John R. Connell	do	25	July	4,	1861	3 yrs.	Promoted from Q. M. Sergeant July 7, 1862;
William H. McCurdy	do	21	Aug.	16,	1861	3 yrs.	to Captain Co. A May 9, 1864. Promoted from 2d Licentenaut Co. C May 9,
Oliver P. Brown	do	24	July	30,	1861	3 yrs.	1864; resigned Sept. 17, 1864. Promoted from 2d Lieutemant Co. B Jan. 11,
Thomas G. Menrs	do	19	July	20,	1861	3 yes.	1865; to Captain Co. B May 18, 1865. Promoted to 2d Lieutenant from 1st Sergeant Co. D Feb. 14, 1865; 1st Lieutenant May 18, 1865; mustered out with company July 9, 1866.
John W. Johnston	2d Lieut.	35	Aug.	2,	1861	3 y.s.	Promoted from Sergeant Co. G March 15, 1862;
Horace Knowles	do	22	June	19,	1861	3 yrs.	resigned Dec. 3, 1862. Appointed Sergeant from Corporal —; promoted to 2d Lieutenant Dec. 31, 1862; resigned to 3d Lieutenant Dec.
Delmer F. Stone	do	18	June	19,	1861	3 yrs.	signed April 14, 1864. Appointed Corporal —; Sergeant Feb. 26, 1864; promoted to 2d Lieutenant May 18, 1865; mustered out with company July 9, 1865; veteran.

Names.	Rank.	Age.	Date of Entering the Service.	Period of Service.	Remarks.
Bennett Davis	lst Sergt.	22	June 19, 1861	3 yrs	Appointed from Sergeant —; promoted to 2d Lieutenant Co. A April 26, 1862
Milton King	.do.	18	June 19, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal. Sergeant Dec. 27, 1863; 1st Sergeant June 1, 1865; mustered out
Charles L. Knowles	Sergeant	30	June 19, 1861	3 yrs	with company July 9, 1865; veteran. Mustered as private: appointed 1st Sergeant Dec 25, 1863; reduced to Sergeant July 17, 1864; mustered out with company July 9,
Edward Beebe	do	19	June 19, 1861	3 yrs.	1865; veteran. Appointed from Corporal Feb. 26, 1864; mustered out with company July 9, 1865; vet-
Alexander H. McTaggari	do	20	June 19, 1861	3 yrs.	eran. Appointed from Corporal Feb. 26, 1864; wounded Aug. 5, 1864, in action; promoted to 2d
James L. McCain	do	20	June 19, 1861	3 yrs.	Lieutemant Co. B Jan. 11, 1865; veteran, Appointed from Corporal Feb. 26, 1864; pro- moted to 2d Lieutemant Co. D May 18, 1865; veteran.
William J. Hamilton	do	19	June 19, 1861	3 vrs	Appointed Corporal Dec. 27, 1863; Sergeant June 1, 1865; mustered out with company
Dewitt C. Richardson	do	21	Sept. 1., 1861	3 yrs	July 9, 1865; veteran. Appointed Corporal Dec. 27, 1863; Sergeant June 1, 1865; mustered out with company July 9, 1865; veteran.
James S. Belch.	Corporal	21	June 19, 1861	3 vrs.	Appointed Corporal Dec. 27, 1863; mustered out with company July 9, 1865; yeteran.
Francis Walker	do	20	June 19, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal Feb. 1, 1865; mustered out with company July 9, 1865; veteran.
Amos D. Hollister	, do.	20	June 19, 1861	3 yrs.	Wounded Aug 5, 1864, in action; appointed Corporal Feb. 1, 1865; mustered out with company July 9, 1865; veteran.
Wm. J. O'Neil	do, ,	15	June 19, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal April I, 1865; mustered
Abram WMeCanly	do	27	June 19, 1861	3 yrs.	out with company July 9, 1865; veteran. Appointed Corporal April 25, 1865; mustered out with company July 9, 1865; veteran.
Joseph M. Barrows	do	20	June 19, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal June 1, 1865; mustered out with company July 9, 1855; veteran.
William E. McGee	, .do	19	June 19, 1861	3 yrs	Appointed Corporal June 1, 1865; mustered
John Brooks	do	21	June 19, 1861	3 yrs.	out with company July 9, 1865; veteran. Appointed Corporal June 1, 1865; mustered out with company July 9, 1865; veteran.
Edward A. G. Barrows Arthur W. Lawrence	do	27 23	June 19, 1861 June 19, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Died Oct 18, 1861, at St. Louis, Mo. Died Aug. 24, 1864, of wounds received July 22,
Henry W. Knowles	do	19	June 19, 1861	3 yrs.	1864, in battle of Atlanta, Ga.; veteran, Appointed Corporal Feb. 26, 1864; died July 22, 1864, of wounds received —, in action; veteran.
John T. Ray George B. Sims	do Wagoner	23 23	June 19, 1861 June 19, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 9, 1865; vet-
John E. Wilkinson	Musician	16	Oct. 10, 1861	3 yrs.	eran. Mustered out with company July 9, 1865; vet-
Safreed, John	do	23	June 12, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 9, 1865; vet-
Allender, William	Private	25	June 29, 1861	3 yrs.	eran. Mustered ont with company July 9, 1865; vet-
Barrows, Ezra	do	25	June 19, 1861	3 yrs.	eran. Appointed Sergeant from Corporal May 1, 1862; reduced to ranks Feb. 26, 1864; mustered out Aug. 26, 1864, at Cincinnati, O., on expira-
Barrows, Julius S	do	24	June 19, 1861	3 yrs.	tion of term of service. Mustered out Aug. 26, 1864, at Cincinnati, O.,
Baker, James	do	27	June 19, 1861	3 yrs.	on expiration of term of service. Blustered out Ang. 26, 1864, at Cincinnati, O.,
Burk, James A	do	19	June 19, 1861	3 yrs.	on expiration of term of service. Mustered out May 3, 1865, at Camp Dennison,
Barrows, Artemus C Blair, Alvin Beam, Jacob R Buff, John	do do do	22 18 23 24	June 19, 1861 June 19, 1861 June 19, 1861 June 19, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	O., by order of War Department; veteran. Died Oct. 18, 1861, at St. Louis, Mo. Died Nov. 28, 1863, at Macon City, Mo. Died Oct. 26, 1863, at Memphis, Tenn. Discharged April -, 1862, at New Madrid, Mo.,
Baker, Selden C		20	June 19, 1861	3 yrs.	by order of War Department. Mustered out with company July 9, 1865; vet-
Boebe, Charles		18	June 19, 1861	3 yrs.	eran. Wounded May 28, 1862, in battle near Corinth, Miss.; mustered out with company July 9,
Reebe, James		18	June 19, 1861	3 yrs.	1865; veteran. Appointed Corporal—; reduced to ranks—; wounded Aug. 5, 1864, in action; mustered out with company July 9, 1865; veteran.
Barrows, Wm.J		29	Sept. 14, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 9, 1865; vet eran.
Brown, Daniel		29	Nov. 22, 1864	lyr.	Drafted: died March 1, 1865, near Goldsboro, North Carolina.
Barnhart, Hermes		30	July 16, 1861	3 yrs.	Died July 22, 1864, of wounds received in bat- tle of Atlanta, Ga., same day.
Bsr(on, John	do	28	Jan. 2, 1865	3 yrs.	Substitute.

		,		4	333
Namos.	Rank.	Age.	Date of Entering the Service.	Period of Service.	- Remarks.
Birches, George Burly, Milton C	Privatedo	26 30	Jan. 2 1865 Nov. 19, 1864	l yr. 1 yr.	Substitute. Drafted; mustered out with company July 9, 1865.
Bird, John W Carlton, Edwin L	do	19 22	Dec. 27, 1864 June 19, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Substitute. Appointed Corporal —; reduced to ranks Nov. 2, 1862; mustered out Aug. 26, 1864, ut Cincinnati, O., on expiration of term of
Connant, Eldrige A	do	22	June 19, 1861	3 yrs.	service. Mustered out A.g. 26, 1884, at Cincinnati, O.,
Comstock, Curtis C	do	27	June 19, 1861	3 yrs.	on expiration of term of service. Mustered out Aug. 25, 1864, at Cincinnati, O.,
Cole. Joel	do	19	Dee. 30, 1864	l yr.	on expiration of term of service. Drafted: discharged May 8, 1865, on Surgeon's
Chambers, James	do	18	June 1861	3 yrs.	certificate of disability. Appointed Corporal Feb. 26, 1864; reduced to
Campbell, James Coleman, John A	do	25 22	June 19, 1864 June 19, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	ranks —: promoted to Hospital Stewarl April 28, 1865; veteran. Mustered out with company July 9, 1865, Transferred to Veteran Reserve Corps Oct. 5, 1863; mustered out Aug. 1, 1864, at Detroit,
Casley, John B	do	25	June 19, 1861	3 yrs.	Mich., on expiration of term of service. Discharged July 12, 1862, at Corinth, Miss., on
Cole, William	do	18	June 19, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged July 12, 1862, at Corinth, Miss., on Surgeon's certificate of disability. Discharged Oct. 14, 1862, at Corinth, Miss., on Surgeon's certificate of disability. Discharged Sept. 18, 1862, at Iuka, Miss., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Campbell, James	do	22	June 19, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged Sept. 18, 1862, at Iuka, Miss., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Comstock, Andrew J Chambers, Martin V	do	30 21	June 19, 1861 June 19, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Died July 5, 1864, of wounds received July 4, 1864, in action near Nickajack Creek, Ga.
Campbell, John	do	28 26	Dec. 22, 1864 Oct. 2, 1864 Jan. 12, 1865 Jun. 10, 1865	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Substitute.
Callahan, John H Cicero, Julius Doles, William	(IO	24 22	Jan. 12, 1865 Jun. 10, 1865	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Substitute. Substitute.
Dutton, James		27 10 21	June 19, 1861 June 19, 1861 June 19, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Mustered out Aug. 26, 1864, at Cincinnati, 0., on expiration of term of service. Died March 30, 1862, at &t. Louis, Mo. Mustered out with company July 9, 1865; yet-
Dexter, John H		26	June 19, 1861	3 yrs.	eran. Mustered out with company July 9, 1865; vet-
Donnell, James W Daily, George	do		Feb. 10, 1864 June 19, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	eran. Mustered out with company July 9, 1865. Discharged Dec. 22, 1862, at St. Louis, Mo., on
Dobbins, Samuel	do	18 38	June 19, 1861 Jan. 21, 1865	3 yrs. 2 yrs.	Surgeon's certificate of disability. Discharged Dec. 5, 1862, at St. Louis, Mo. Substitute: discharged June 25, 1865, by order
Dunn, Henry	do .	21	Oct. 5, 1864	l yr.	of War Department. Substitute; mustered out with company July 9, 1865.
Emerson, John	do	19 25	June 19, 1861 June 19, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Died Sept. 6, 1862, at Iuka, Miss. Reduced from Corporal; died Sept. 9, 1862, at Iuka, Miss.
Frantz, John H Frost, Harvey G		23 41	Feb. 10, 1864 June 19, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 9, 1865. Discharged Aug. 12, 1862. at Corinth, Miss., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Flowers, Samuel Farley, George	do	26 22	June 19, 1861 June 19, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Discharged June 25, 1865, by order of War De-
Green, James M	do	23	June 19, 1861	3 yrs.	partment: veteran. Appointed Sergeant from Corporal — ; reduced to ranks Feb. 26, 1864; mustered f b. Aug. 26, 1864, at Cincinnati, O., on expl.a-
Gibbs, Prescott B	do	21	June 19, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged Feb. 5, 1862, at Palmyra, Mo., by
Gillingham, John	do	22	June 19, 1861	3 yrs.	order of War Department. Discharged April 19, 1862, at Hamburg, Tenn., by order of War Department.
Gunder, Thomas H. K	do	36	June 19, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 9, 1865; veteran.
Gotham, Anthony		18	June 19, 1861	3 yrs.	Wounded July 4, 1864, in action near Nicka-
Gardner, Dennis	do	34	Dec. 27, 1864	l yr.	Substitute: absent, sick May 12, 1865; mustered out June 9, 1865, by order of War De-
Gordon, Peter	do	20 23	Dec. 24, 1864 Jan. 12, 1865	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	partment. Substitute. Substitute: inustered out with company July
Howard, Lafayette	do	23	June 19, 1861	3 yrs.	9, 1865. Reduced from Sergeant Feb. 26, 1864; mestered out Aug, 26, 1864, at Cincinnati, 0., on
Hatch, Horace		25	June 19, 1861	3 yrs.	expiration of term of service. Discharged June 12, 1862, at Quincy, Ill., by order of War Department.
Hannas, Thomas		20	June 19, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 9, 1865; veteran.
Hinely, Edwin		19	Sept. 20, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 9, 1865; vet-
raiper, George E		18	Jan. 7. 1865		Substitute.

		-	7		T
Names.	Rank.	A 69.00	Date of Entering the Service.	Period of Service.	Remarks.
Hays, William II	Private	44	Jan. 11, 1%5	1 yr.	Substitute; mustered out with company July 9, 1865.
Hermes, Barney	, .do .	31	July 16, 1861	3 yrs.	Transferred from Co. I May 30, 1864; died July 22, 1864, at Marietta, Ga.
Henderson, James Howe, James Hunt, John Jennings, Samuel	do do do do	18 18 30 20	Jan. 11, 1865 Jan. 11, 1865 Jan. 7, 1865 June 19, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Substitute. Substitute. Substitute. Died July 22, 1864, of wounds received in bat-
Kelley, Samuel		21	July 19, 1861	3 yrs.	tle of Atlanta, Ga., same day. Mustered out Aug. 26—1864, at Cincinnati, O.,
Kilgore, Robert J	do	21	June 19, 1861	3 yrs.	on expiration of term of service. Discharged May 3, 1865, at Camp Dennison, O.,
King, Nathan P	do	20	Feb. 10, 1864	3 yrs.	by order of War Department; veteran. Killed June 18, 1864, in action near Kenesaw
Luders, Henry	, ,do . , ,	27	July 16, 1861	3 yrs.	Mountain, Ga. Trausferred from Co. I May 30, 1864; mustered out Aug. 26, 1864, at Cincinnati, O., on expi- ration of term of service.
Lasure, Jefferson H	do	18	June 19, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 9, 1865; vet-
Lee, Edwin	do	27	June 19, 1861	3 yrs.	Reduced from Corporal -: mustered out
Laad, John A	do	24	June 19, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged Aug. 23, 1862, at Corinth, Miss., on Surgeon's certification of disability.
Looterage, George Lee, George	do	27 24	June 19, 1861 Dec. 27, 1864	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Discharged Jan. 14, 1862, at Jackson, Tenn. Substitute; mustered out with company July 9, 1865.
Lature, Henry Lewis, Charles	do	19 18	Jan. 10, 1865 Jan. 10, 1865	3 yrs. 2 yrs.	Substitute. Substitute; mustered out with company July 9, 1865.
McCain, Sainuel	do	21	Aug. 28, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out Aug. 26, 1864, at Cincinnati, O.,
McKenzie, Daniel	do	22	July 16, 1861	3 yrs.	Transferred from Co, K May 30, 1864; mustered out Aug. 26, 1865, at Cincinnati, O., on expiration of term of service.
Morton, James	do	25	July 12, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out Aug. 26, 1804, on expiration of term of service.
Monahan, Abraham Mead, Charles R McGrath, Thomas C	do do do	18 19 20	June 19, 1861 June 19, 1861 July 19, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Died Dec. 12, 1861, at Richmond, Mo. Died Feb. 7, 1862, at Quincy, Ill. Mustered out with company July 9, 1865;
Moore, George	do	23	Feb. 10, 1864	3 yrs.	veteran. Absent. siek-; discharged July 26, 1865, at
Maxwell, John	do	20	June 19, 1861	3 yrs.	hospital, Newark, N. J. Discharged Jan. 10, 1863, for wounds received
McCulloch, William S McDaniel, Gail Mooney, James McCoy, Alpha Morton, John B	do do do do	19 20 32 26 21	June 19, 1861 Aug. 30, 1862 Jan. 2, 1865 Jan. 10, 1865 July 13, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 1 yr. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	May 28, 1862, in action near Corinth, Miss, Discharged Oct. 30, 1863, at Memphis, Tenn. Transferred from Co. B April 1, 1863; veteran. Substitute. Substitute. Transferred from Co. E May 29, 1864; mustered out Aug. 26, 1864, at Cincinnati, O., on expiration of term of service.
Maytom, Thomas	do	25	May 19, 1864	3 yrs.	Drafted; mustered out with company July 9,
McCulloch, Hardesty Nelson, Lewis C	do	21 25	June 19, 1861 June 19, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	1865. Died Aug. 30, 1863, in Athens county, O. Mustered out Aug. 26, 1864, at Cincinnati, O.,
Nelson, Daniel J	:	20	June 19, 1861	3 yrs.	on expiration of term of service. Wounded July 23, 1864, in action uear Atlanta, Ga.; discharged June 3, 1865, at Camp Den- nison, O.; veteran.
Noland, James A Osborn, Harvey L		19 23	Oet. 27, 1863 Mch. 24, 1865	3 yrs. 1 yr.	Drafted; mustered out with company July 9, 1865.
Parsons, Andrew V		24	June 19, 1861		Mustered out Aug. 26, 1864, at Cincinnati, O., on expiration of term of service.
Paulk, Volney E		30	June 19, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged July 17, 1865, at New York City; veteran,
Parkinson, Daniel		18	Jan. 10, 1865	1 yr.	Substitute; died April 10, 1865, at Goldsboro, North Carolina.
Richardson, Lewis		21	June 19, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out Aug. 26, 1864, at Cincinnati, O., on expiration of term of service.
Ranier, Curtis		23	June 19, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal; reduced to ranks Feb. 26, 1864; mustered out Aug. 26, 1864, at Cincin-
Roberts, Melvin	do	26	June 19, 1861	3 yrs.	nati, 0, on expiration of term of service. Discharged May 3, 1862, at Hamburg, Tenn.,
Rook, Charles L	do	18	June 19, 1861	3 yrs.	by order of War Department. Mustered out with company July 9, 1865; vet-
Reed, Martiu V. B	do	26	Mch. 24, 1865	1 yr.	eran. Drafted; mustered out with company July 9,
Reddick, Joseph	do	32	Nov. 19, 1864	1 yr.	1865. Drafted; mustered out with company July 9,
Roberts, William	do	18	Jan. 22, 1865	3 yrs.	1865. Substitute.

Names,	Rank.	Age.	Date of Entering the Service.	Period of Service.	Remarks.
Stone, Edward D	Private	22	June 19, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed 1st Sergeant from Sergeant May 1, 1862; reduced to ranks Feb. 26, 1864; mustered out Aug. 26, 1864, at Cincinnati, O., on
Stone, John M	do	22	June 19, 1861	3 yrs.	expiration of term of service, Reduced from Corporal Feb. 26, 1864; mus- tered out Aug. 26, 1864, at Cincinnati, O., on
Stone, George D		18	June 19. 1861	3 yrs.	expiration of term of service. Mustered out Aug. 26, 1864, at Cincinnati, O., on expiration of term of service.
Smith, Leander L	do	28	June 19, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out Aug. 26, 1864, at Cincinnati O.,
Sweeney, James L	do	18	July 13, 1861	3 yrs.	on expiration of term of service. Transferred from Co. E. May 29, 1864; mustered out Aug. 26, 1864, at Cincinnati, 0., on expiration of term of service.
Stapleton, James R	do	22	July 16, 1861	3 yrs.	Transferred to Co. I Feb. 24, 1864; transferred from Co. I May 30, 1864; mustered out Aug. 26, 1864, at Cincinnati, O., on expiration of
Stone, Benoni	do	37	June 19, 1861	3 yrs.	term of service. Died Dec. 29, 1863, in hospital at Memphis, Tennessee.
Swartz, John	do	23	Dec. 19, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 9, 1865; vet-
Smith, Joseph A	do	23 18	Feb. 10, 1864 Mch. 21, 1865	3 yrs. 1 yr.	eran. Mustered out with company July 9, 1865. Substitute: mustered out with company July
Stoneman, Philip	do	22	June 19, 1861	3 yrs.	9, 1865. Died July 22, 1864, of wounds received same
Smith, William C. Thayer, Horace P. Thomas, William	, , .do	37 21 35	Feb. 10, 1864 Mch. 21, 1865 Jan. 21, 1865	3 yrs, 1 yr. 3 yrs,	day in battle of Atlanta, Ga. Mustered out with company July 9, 1865. Substitute. Substitute; mustered out with company July 9.
Thompson, William F		21			1865.
	1		Sept. 12, 1864	1 yr.	Drafted; discharged June 19, 1865, at David's Island, New York Harbor.
Vangilder, George H Wellen, Thomas M	do	18 19	Feb. 10, 1864 June 19, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 9, 1865. Mustered out Aug. 26, 1864, at Cincinnati, O., on expiration of term of service.
Wise, Levi	do	13	Jan. 10, 1865	1 yr.	Substitute; discharged May 26, 1865, by order of War Department.
Waterman, George Weatherbee, John W	do	20 20	June 12, 1861 June 19, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Died Dec. 29, 1863, at Memphis, Tenn. Discharged April 29, 1862, at Hamburg, Tenn
White, Henry L	do	22	June 19, 1861	3 yrs.	by order of War Department, Mustered out with company July 9, 1865; vet-
Watterman, George W	do.,	20	June 19, 1861	3 yrs.	eran. Died Feb. 1, 1863, in hospital at Camp Denni son, O.
Wagner, Charles	do	28 18 42	Jan. 10, 1865 Dec. 22, 1864 Nov. 10, 1863	1 yr. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Substitute. Substitute. Substitute. Colored under-cook; mustered out with com-
Greene, John		49	Nov. 14, 1863	3 yrs.	pany July 9, 1865. Colored under-cook; mustered out with com- pany July 9, 1865.



43rd REGIMENT OHIO VOLUNTEER INFANTRY.

FIELD AND STAFF.

Mustered in from Aug. 31, 1861, to Jan. 29, 1862, at Camp Andrews, Mt. Vernon, O., by ——. Mustered out July 13, 1865, at Louisville, Ky., by William H. Carr, Captain 10th Illinois Volunteer Infantry.

Names	Rank.	Age.	Date of Entering the Service.	Period of Service.	Remarks.
J. L. Kirby Smith	Colonel	.25	Sept. 28, 1861	3 yrs.	Died Oct. 12, 1862, of wounds received Oct. 4.
Wager Swayne	do	27	Aug. 31, 1861	3 yrs.	1862, in battle of Corinth, Miss. Promoted to Lieut. Colonel from Major Dec 14, 1861; Colonel Oct. 12, 1862; Brevet Brig. General Feb. 5, 1865; promoted to Brig. General March 8, 1865.
Horace Park	do	32	Oet. 1, 1861	3 yrs.	27, 1863; Lieut. Colonel Feb. 14, 1865; Colone April 20, 1865; mustered out with regimen
Walter F. Herrick	Lt. Col.	34	Sept. 3, 1861	3 yrs.	July 13, 1865. Promoted to Major from 1st Lieutenant and Regt. Quartermaster Jan. 21, 1862; Lieut
John H. Rhodes	do	25	Oct. 1, 1861	3 yrs.	Colonel Oct. 12, 1862; discharged Nov. 9, 1864 Promoted to Sergt. Major from 1st Sergean Co. B —; Captain Co. K May 15, 1862 Lieut. Colonel April 20, 1865; mustered on
Harley II, Sage		27	Oct. 7, 1861	3 yrs.	with regiment July 13, 1865. Promoted from Captain Co. E Oct. 12, 1862; re signed March 27, 1863. Promoted from Captain Co. II April 20, 1865
Albert H. Howe		22	Oct. 23, 1861	3 yrs.	I mustored out with regiment July 13 1865
Clark MeDermont Francis M. Rose	Surgeondo	25	Sept. 11, 1861 Dec. 4, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Missing since March —, 1862. Promoted from Asst. Surgeon April 25, 1862; mustered out with regiment July 13, 1865. Discharged March 29, 1864.
William S. Bell Corridon Morrow	As. Surg.	24	June 20, 1862 Sept. 5, 1862 April 6, 1864	3 yrs.	Pischarged March 29, 1904.
Corridon Morrow Charles E. Poe Wesley Anderson John H. C. Boute	do	28	Meh. 10, 1865	3 yrs.	Mustered out with regiment July 13, 1865. Mustered out with regiment July 13, 1865.
Richard L. Chittenden Charles C. Heyl	Adjutant	34 20	Jan. 24, 1862 Nov. 14, 1862 Oct. 22, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Appointed Jan. 30, 1862; resigned Sept. 3, 1862, Mustered out with regiment July 13, 1865. Died Oct. 4, 1862, of wounds received in battle of Corinth, Miss.
John P. Kinney	do	24	Oet. 1, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed from 1st Lieutenant Co. E Nov. I. 1863; transferred to Co. K —.
George M. Wise	do	20	Nov. 2, 1861	3 yrs.	Promoted to Sergt, Major from private Co. A Jan. 1, 1864; 1st Lieutenant and Adjutant Nov. 18 1864; page 1864; 1st Lieutenant and Adjutant
Josiah M. Cochran Jonathan J. McClarren	R. Q. M.	18 25	Jan. 29, 1862 Sept. 14, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	July 13, 1865; veteran. Resigned Nov. 1, 1862. Promoted to Q. M. Sergeant from private Co. B.—; 2d Lieutenant Co. B Sept 3, 1862; appointed 1st Lieutenant and Regt. Quartermaster from 2d Lieutenant Co. B May 27, 1863; mustered out Dec. 27, 1864, on expiration of term of service.
Edwin L. Lybarger	do	21	Nov. 25, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed from 1st Lientenant Co. K Jan. 1, 1865; mustered out with regiment July 13, 1865.
Alexander N. Wells	Ser. Maj.	27	Oct. 7, 4861	3 yrs.	Promoted from Sergeant Co. F Jan. 17, 1865; to 1st Lieutenant Co. F Feb. 15, 1865.
Basil M. Simpson	do	19	Feb. 11, 1865	3 yrs.	Promoted from Sergeant Co. D April 20, 1865; to 2d Lieutenant May 16, 1865, but not mus- tered; mustered out July 13, 1865, by order of War Department.
Washington G. 1rwin	Q. M. S.	24	Sept. 14, 1861	3 yrs.	Promoted from private Co. B Jan. I, 1864; to
James H. Speakman		34	Oct. 21, 1861	3 yrs.	2d Lieutenant Co. E Nov. 18, 1864; veteran. Promoted from 1st Sergeant Co. K March 28, 1865; to Captain Co. G Feb. 15, 1865.
Augustus Pendergast			Jan. 18, 1864	3 yrs.	Promoted from private Co. II April 20, 1865; to 2d Lieutenaut Co. II May 16, 1865.
James W. Conger			Sept. 14, 1861	3 yrs.	Promoted from Serveent Co. R May 21 1865.
Henry H. Adams	Com. Ser.	32	Oct. 5, 1861	3 yrs.	mustered out with regiment July 13, 1865. Promoted from private Co. F June 30, 1862; mustered out July 5, 1865, at Camp Dennisou, O., by order of War Department; yeteran.

Names.	Rank.	Age.	Date of Entering the Service.	Period of Service.	Remarks.
James H. Green Hamden Heatherington. Lewis Schramm	Prin. Mus		Sept. 14, 1861 Oct. 16, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Promoted from private Co. B Jan. 1, 1864; transferred to 4th Alabama Colored Troops—; veteran. Promoted from private Co. A Jan. 1, 1864; to 1st Lieutenant Co. K Feb. 15, 1865; veteran. Promoted from private Co. A March 1, 1864; wounded May 27, 1864, in battle of Dallas, Ga.; veteran.

COMPANY A.

Mustered in from Oct. 15 to Dec. 19, 1861, at Camp Andrews, Mt. Vernon, O., by J. L. Kirby Smith, Colonel 43d O. V. I.; John R. Edie, Major 15th Infantry, U. S. A., and Albert B. Dol. Captain 15th Infantry, U. S. A. Mustered out July 13, 1865, at Louisville, Ky., by William H. Carr, Captain 10th Illinois Veteran Volunteer Infantry.

Jacob M. Spangler	Captain	43	Oet. 1, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Nov. 15, 1861; killed Oct. 4, 1862, in battle of Corinth, Miss.
Samuel Martin	do	33	Oct. 1, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed 1st Lieutenant Nov. 15, 1861; promoted to Captain Oct. 4, 1862; resigned Sept. 25, 1864.
Obadiah M. Davis	do	29	Oct. 1, 1861	3 yrs.	Promoted to 2d Lieutenant Co. F from 1st Sergeant May 9, 1864; 1st Lieutenant Co. C Nov. 18, 1864; Captain Jan. 18, 1865; mustered out with company July 13, 1865.
Stacy Taylor	lst Lieut.	21	Oct. 24, 1861	3 yrs.	Promoted to 2d Lieutenant from private Co. F June 29, 1862; 1st Lieutenant Oct. 12, 1862; died April 25, 1864, in hospital at Decatur, Alabama.
Samuel Y. Calvin	do	20	Oet. 12, 1861	3 yrs.	Promoted from 2d Lieutenant Co. K April 13, 1864; transferred to Co. C Feb. 25, 1865.
Luther Stewart		19	Oct. 1, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered as private; appointed 1st Sergeant Dec. 31, 1863; promoted to 1st Lieutenant Nov. 18, 1864; Captaiu Co. E April 20, 1865; veteran.
George W. Goodrick		30	Oct. 14, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered as private; appointed Sergeaut—; 1st Sergeant April 1, 1865; promoted to 1st Lieutenant May 16, 1865; mustered out with company July 13, 1865; veteran.
John M. Criswell	2d Lient.	24	Nov. 15, 1861	3 yrs.	Promoted to 1st Lieutenant June 17, 1862, but not mustered; resigned Sept. 3, 1862.
Robert McNary		22	Nov. 4, 1861	3 yrs.	Promoted from 1st Sergeunt Co G Get 12
John R. Campbell	:do	21	Oct. 1, 1861	3 yrs.	1862; to 1st Lieutenant Co. F April 13, 1864 Mustered as private; appointed Sergeant — ; promoted to 2d Lieutenant May 16, 1865; mustered out with company July 13, 1865; veteran.
William A. Lilly	1st Sorgt.	22	Oct. 13, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed 1st Sergeant from Sergeant;
Zane Smith	do	31	Oct. 24, 1861	3 yrs.	promoted to 2d Licutentant Co. G Oct. 4, 1862. Mustered as private: appointed 1st Sergeant Jan. 1, 1864; discharged —, to accept a com- mission in 7th Louisiana Colored Troops; vet- eran.
Robert Dixon	do	38	Oct. 1, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered as private; appointed Sergeant Oct. 4, 1862; 1st Sergeant June 1, 1865; mustered out with company July 13, 1865; veteran.
Robert Boggs Thomas G. Harper	Sergeantdo	29 26	Oct. 1, 1861 Oct. 1, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs,	Killed Oct. 4, 1862, in battle of Corinth, Miss. Promoted to 2d Lieutenant Co. D Angust 12,
Jacob Rufer	do	18	Oct. 1, 1861	3 yrs.	1862. Appointed Corporal —; Sergeant April 1, 1865; mustered out with company July 13,
John B. Smith	do	43	Dec. 24, 1861	3 yrs.	1865; veteran. Appointed Corporal—; Sergeant June 1, 1864; mustered out with company July 13, 1865;
David Stinson	do	26	Oct. 1, 1861	3 yrs.	veteran. Appointed Corporal —; Sergeant June 1,1865; mustered out with company July 13, 1865;
Benjamin F. Westlake	do	24	Oet. 1, 1861	3 yrs.	veteran. Appointed Corporal —; Sergeant June 1, 1365: mustered out with company July 13,
Andrew B. Anderson		20	Nov. 2, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal ——; died Jan. 14, 1863, at Memphis, Tenn.
John B. Allum	do.,	18	Oct. 24, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal April 1, 1864; mustered out
Samuel Bishop	do	19	Oct. 1, 1861	3 yrs.	with company July 13, 1865; veteran. Appointed Corporal Nov. 1, 1864; mustered out with company July 13, 1865; veteran.

E					
Numes.	Rank.	Age.	Date of Entering the Service.	Period of Service.	Remarks.
Joseph C. Beam	Corporal	32	Oet. 1, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal April 30, 1862; discharged Feb. 25, 1863, at St. Louis, Mo., on Surgeon's
Robert Duncan	do	20	Oct. 1, 1861	3 yrs.	certificate of disability. Appointed Corporal ; mustered out with
John P. Ekels	do	24	Oct. 1, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal —; mustered out with company July 13, 1865; veteran. Appointed Corporal April 1, 1865; mustered out with company July 13, 1865; most read out with company July 13, 1865; most read out
William Hipkins	do	19	Oct. 1, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal June 1, 1865; mustered out
George W. Long	do	21	Nov. 4, 1861	3 yrs.	with company July 13, 1865; veteran. Appointed Corporal June 1, 1865; mustered out with company July 13, 1865; veteran. Appointed Corporal ——; died Sept. 16, 1864, in hospital at Marietta, Ga., of wounds received Aug. 4, 1864, in siege of Atlanta, Ga., veteran.
Robert II. Long	do	26	Oct. 1, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal June 10, 1865; reteran. Appointed Corporal June 10, 1865; reteran. Appointed Corporal Nov. 1, 1864; mustered out with company July 13, 1865; veteran. Appointed Corporal Dec. 24, 1863; killed Aug. 4, 1864; in signs of Atlanta. Constanting
John C. Plunket		18	Oct. 1, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal Nov. 1, 1864; mustered out with company July 13, 1865; veteran.
Joseph Samuels		27	Oct. 1, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal Dec. 24, 1863; killed Aug. 4, 1864, ju siege of Atlanta, Ga; veteran.
Martin Walsh	do	32	Oct. 19, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal April 1, 1865: mustered out with company July 13, 1865; veteran.
Albright, John J	Private	41	Oct. 15, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged Oct. 13, IS62, at Camp Chase, O., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Ambrose, Isaac	do	38	Sept. 30, 1864	1 yr.	Drafted; mustered out June 4, 1865, at Washington, D. C., by order of War Department.
Aarants, William P	do		Sept. 30, 1864	1 yr.	Drafted; died March 17, 1865, in Field Hospital, South Carolina.
Aleshire, George		18	Nov. 17, 1864	1 yr.	Substitute; mustered out June 12, 1865, at New York City, by order of War Department; see Co. K.
Ambrose, William	do	35	Mch. 2, 1864	1 yr.	Drafted; mustered out with company July 13, 1865.
Beck, John	do	18	Oct. 1, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 13, 1865; veteran.
Brewer, George	do	19	Oct. 1, 1861	3 yrs.	Detached as Regimental Teamster—; mustered out with company July 13, 1865; veteran.
Banks, Samuel J	do	38	Oct. 22, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 13, 1865; veteran.
Bliss, Samuel G	do	33	Oct. 1, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 13, 1865; veteran.
Brooks, Benjamin F	do	34	Oct. 24, 1861	3/yrs.	Discharged July 8, 1862, at Camp Clear Creek, Miss., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Bailey, David Burke, William	do		Oct. 24, 1861 Feb. 17, 1862	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Veteran. Mustered out March 28, 1865, on expiration of term of service.
Brown, David	do		Feb. 17, 1862	3 yrs.	Mustered out March 28, 1865, on expiration of term of service.
Barnhart, John	do		Sept. 30, 1864	1 yr.	Substitute; died April 24, 1865, in hospital at Philadelphia, Tenn.
Ball, William	do	24	Nov. 23, 1864	1 yr.	Drafted; mustered out with company July 13, 1865.
Beatty, John A	do	31	Nov. 25, 1864	1 yr.	Substitute; mustered out with company July 13, 1865.
Babb, Samuel	do	43	Nov. 2, 1864	1 yr.	Drafted; mustered out with company July 13, 1865.
Bouseh, Matthew	do	18	Nov. 5, 1864	1 yr.	Substitute; mustered out with company July 13, 1865.
Brown, Henry Campbell, John W	do	42 . 21	Oct. 24 1861 Oct. 24, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Killed Oct. 4, 1862, in battle of Corinth, Miss. Mustered out with company July 13, 1865; veteran.
Conrad, John	}	18	Oct: 1, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 13, 1865; veteran.
Clayton, William B	do	19	Oet. 1, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 13, 1865; vet- eran.
Carter, James A	do	20	Oct. 24, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 13, 1865; veteran.
Conners, John	1	40	Oct. 24, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 13, 1865; vet-
Clark, John S		33	Oct. 24, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged July 1, 1862, at Camp Chase, O., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Crothers, William		35	Nov. 2, 1864	1 yr.	Drafted; mustered out with company July 13, 1865.
Conway, Patrick	do	38	Oct. 23, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged March 7, 1863, at St. Louis, Mo., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Clayton, Jacob S	do	18	Oct. 14, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out Nov. 6, 1864, on expiration of
Conway, George Crites, Daniel L	do	30	Feb. 29, 1864 Oct. 4, 1864	3 yrs. 1 yr.	term of service. Died July 14, 1864, in hospital at Marietta, Ga. Drafted: mustered out May 15, 1865, at Columbus, O., by order of War Depart-
Congrove, Washington	do	27	Feb. 25, 1865	l yr.	Substitute: mustered out with company July
Coen, Robert			Nov. 3, 1864	1 yr.	13, 1865. Drafted; mustered out with company July 13, 1865.

Names,	Rank.	Age.	Date of Entering the Service.	Period of Service.	Remarks.
Coleman, Daniel	Private	28	Nov. 22, 1864	1 yr.	Substitute: left sick in hospital at Wilminston, N. C.; captured March 8, 1865, at Kingston, N. C.; mustered out June 29, 1866, at Camp Chase, O., by order of War Depart.
Cook, Josiah	do	39	Nov. 2, 1864	1 yr.	Drafted; absent, sick in hospital no further
Carnes, Isaac	do	18	Nov. 18, 1864	1 yr.	record found. Substitute; died Jan. 19, 1865, At Nashville,
Cougill, Beeby	do	19	Nov. 9, 1864	1 yr.	Tennessee. Substitute; absent, sick in hospital; no further
Coes (Caes), Andrew J	do	40	Sept. 26, 1864	1 yr.	Prafted; absent, sick in hospital; no further
Coneley, Samuel K	do	18	Feb. 22, 1865	l yr.	record found. Substitute; mustered out with company July
Crow, Philip Davis, William	do	44 55	Feb. 5, 1864 Oct. 1, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 13, 1865. Absent, sick in hospital at Camp Chase, O.; nustered out to date July 13, 1865, at Co-
Dean, John	,do,	23	Oct. 15, 1861	3 yrs.	lumbus, O. Mustered out with company July 13, 1865; veteran.
Douglass, James	do	18	Oct. 24, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 13, 1865; veteran.
Dougherty, Thomas G	do	29	Oct. 9, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustcred out with company July 13, 1865; vet-
Douglass, Robert	do	56	Oet. 1, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged Oct. 18, 1862, at St. Louis, Mo., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Douglass, John	do	19 38	Feb. 18, 1864 Nov. 15, 1864	3 yrs. 1 yr.	Mustered out with company July 13, 1865. Substitute; mustered out with company July 13, 1865.
Dixon, Enoch J			Nov. 19, 1864	l yr.	Substitute; mustered out with company July 13, 1865.
Dean, Alfred Everett, Robert S	do	19-	Meh. 11, 1865 Oct. 24, 1861	1 yr. 3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 13, 1865. Mustered out with company July 13, 1865; vet-
England Eagan, Thomas Eckels, Samuel E	1do .	119	Oct. 1, 1861 Dec. 19, 1861	3 yrs.	eran. Killed Oct. 4, 1862. Corinth, Miss.
			Oct. 1, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged Oct. 4, 1862, at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Fultz, Henry		19	Oct. 1, 1861	3 yrs.	Detached as Divisiou Teamster Sept. —, 1864; mustered out with company July 13, 1865; veteran.
Floating, Sebastian	1	20	Oct. 1, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 13, 1865; vet- eran.
Fricker, Anthony		28	Sept. 29, 1864	1 yr.	Substitute; mustered out June 4, 1865, at Washington, D. C., by order of War Department.
Greenlee, David		22	Oet. 1; 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 13, 1865; veteran.
Giffin, Robert		25	Oct. 14, 1861	3 yrs.	Detached as Division Teamster —; mustered out with company July 13, 1865; veteran.
Giffin, William H		23	Oet. 1, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged Aug. 2, 1862, at Camp Chase, 0., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Garrison, David		38	Nov. 18, 1864	1 yr.	Drafted; mustered out with company July 13, 1865.
Gray, Jesse			Meh. 10, 1865	l yr.	Died April 4, 1865, in hospital at Hilton Head, South Carolina.
Gray, Joshua J		21	Feb. 25, 1865	1 yr.	Substitute; mustered out with company July 13, 1865.
Hannon, Edmund		23	Oct. 1, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 13, 1865; veteran.
Henry, James		19	Oct. 14 1991	3 yrs.	Wounded May 13, 1864, in battle of Resaca, Ga.; mustered out with company July 13, 1865; veterau.
			Oct. 14, 1881	3 yrs.	Absent, sick in hospital at Goldsboro, N. C.; mustered out to date July 13, 1865, at Columbus, O.; veteran.
Hollis, James Haley, William Hobbs, James	do	18	Nov. 21, 1861 Oct. 19, 1861	3 yrs.	Died Jan. 22, 1862, at Mt. Vernon, Ohio.
Hartup, James	do	21.	Oct. 24, 1861 Oct. 24, 1861	3 yrs.	Killed Oct. 4, 1862, in battle of Corinth, Miss.
Hartup, James Hartup, John W Hartman, John	do	18 30	Oct. 24, 1861 Nov. 16, 1864	3 yrs. 1 yr.	Substitute; mustered out with company July
Heffron, Patrick	do	48	Nov. 14, 1861	3 yrs,	13, 1865. Mustered out Jan. 3, 1865, at Columbus, O., on
Hoffman, August	do	34	Oet. 1, 1861	3 yrs.	expiration of term of service. Mustered out Nov. 6, 1864, on expiration of
Heatherington, John T.	do		Feb. 17, 1862	3 yrs.	term of service. Mustered out March 28, 1865, on expiration of
Heatherington, Hamden.	do			3 yrs.	term of service. Promoted to Principal Musician Jan. 1, 1864;
Hatfield, Lewis	do	29	Dec. 9, 1864	1 yr.	veteran. Drafted; mustered out May 15, 1865, at Tod Barracks, Columbus, O., by order of War
Hatcher, David Jackson, John W	do	21 40	Jan. 26, 1865 Oct. 1, 1861	1 yr. 3 yrs.	Department. Mustered out with company July 13, 1865.

Names.	Rank.	Age.	Date of Entering the Service,	Period of Service.	Remarks.
Jacks, Harvey	Private	28	Sept. 27, 1864	1 yr.	Drafted; absent, sick in McDougall General Hospital, New York Harbor; mustered out May 31, 1865, by order of War Department.
Jordan, William		19	Feb. 27, 1865	1 yr.	Substitute: mustered out with company July 13 1865.
Kilgour, Wm	do	19 28	Oct 1, 1861 Oct. 24, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Killed Oct. 4, 1862, Corinth. Miss. Mustered out with company July 13, 1865;
King, Thomas D King, John	do	29 22	Meh. 9, 1865 Nov. 23, 1864	l yr. l yr.	Mustered out with company July 13, 1865. Substitute; mustered out with company July 13, 1865.
Keyser, James M	cb	20	Nov. 2, 1861	3 yrs.	Transferred to Co. H., 17th Regiment Veteran Reserve Corps, Jan. 5, 1864; discharged April 20, 1865, at Indianapolis, Ind., on ex-
Levy, John J	do	53	Oct. 1, 1861	3 yrs.	piration of term of service, Mustered out with company July 13, 1865;
Lang, Philip	do	41	Oct. 15, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged July 13, 1862, at Camp Clear Creek,
Lowman, Elias B	do	41	Oct. 15, 1861	3 yrs.	Miss., on Surgeon's certificate of disability. Discharged Dec. 8, 1862, at Corinth, Miss., on
Littleton, Charles A	do	24	Oet. 24, 1861	3 yrs.	Surgeon's certificate of disability. Discharged Jan. 9, 1862, at Cincinnati, O., on
McPherson, Levi	do	38	Oct. 1, 1861	3 yrs.	Surgeon's certificate of disability. Mustered out with company July 13, 1865;
Maple, Thomas N	do	24	Feb. 15, 1865	1 yr.	veteran. Substitute; mustered out with company July
McKail, Thomas Mahaffy, William H	do	28 42	Oct. 19, 1861 Oct. 1, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	13, 1865. Veteran. Mustered out Nov. 6, 1864, on expiration of
Madden, John H	do	30	Oct. 24, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out Nov. 6, 1864, on expiration of term of service.
McGrew, James F	do	19	Oet. 1, 1861	3 yrs.	term of service. Mustered out Nov. 6, 1864, on expiration of term of service.
Miller, Joseph	do	23	Sept. 27, 1864	l yr.	Drafted; mustered out June 4, 1865, at Washington, D. C., by order of War Department.
Mullen, John		19	Sept. 27, 1864	l yr.	Substitute; mustered out May 15, 1865, ar Tod Barracks, Columbus, O., by order of War De- ment; see Co. B,
McGreivy, Henry	do	28 16	Oct. 19, 1861 Oct. 1, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Reduced from Musician -: mustered out.
Oliver, James M		18	Feb. 12, 1864	3 yrs.	with company July 13, 1865; veteran. Absent, siek in hospital at Covington, Ky.; transferred to Co. D. 23d Regiment, Veteran
Oliver, Hiram	do	18	Oct. 21, 1861	3 yrs.	Reserve Corps, May 13, 1865. Discharged July 28, 1862, at Camp Chase, O., on
Oliver, Tobias	do	50	Oct. 1, 1861	3 yrs.	Surgeon's certificate of disability. Discharged Jan. 8, 1863, at St. Louis. Mo., on
Palmer, Gabriel Y	do	23	Feb. 22, 1865	1 yr.	Surgeon's certificate of disability. Substitute; mustered out with company July
Payne, Henry O	do	28	Nov. 23, 1864	l yr.	13, 1865. Drafted; absent, sick in Mower's General U. S. Hospital at Philadelphia. Pa.; mustered out June 14, 1865, by order of War Department.
Pees, Frederick	do,	37	Nov. 18, 1864	1 yr.	Drafted; mustered out with company July 13, 1865.
Palmer, William C	do		Feb. 5, 1864	1 yr.	Died April 16, 1865, in hospital at Newbern, North Carolina.
Ryan, John M	do	22	Oct. 1, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 13, 1865; veteran.
Reed, Patrick		49	Oct. 1, 1861	3 yrs.	Detached as Division Teamster—; mustered out Nov. 6, 1864, on expiration of term of service.
Russell, Robert C	do	40	Oct. 1, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged July 15, 1862, at Camp Clear Creek.
Richardson, Lemuel	do	19	Oct. 1, 1861	3 yrs.	Miss., on Surgeon's certificate of disability. Discharged Aug. 18, 1862, at Camp Clear Creek, Miss., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Schramm, Lewis		22	Oot. 16, 1861	3 yrs.	Promoted to Principal Musician March 1, 1884: veteran; wounded at Dallas. Ga., May 26, 1864.
Shipman, Levi	do	42	Oct. 26, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 13. 1865; veteran.
Schug, Daniel	do	44	Nov. 18, 1864	1 yr.	Drafted: absent, sick in Division Hospital; no further record found.
Schneider, William	do .	33	Nov. 21, 1864	1 yr.	Drifted; mustered out with company July 13, 1865.
Steffle, John G	do	22	Nov. 1, 1864	1 yr.	Drafted: absent, sick in hospital at Philadel- phia. Pa. mustered out June 12, 1865, at New York City, by order of War Depart-
Stanton, Amon	, do	41	Feb. 22, 1865	l yr.	ment. Substitute; mustered out with company July
Strahl, Cyrus H	do	22	Nov. 4, 1861	3 yrs.	3, 1865 Reduced from Sergeant—; discharged Jan. 13, 1863, at Memphis, Tenn., on Surgeon's cartificate of disability.
Stull, Heratio	du.,	27	Sept. 23, 1864	fyr,	certificate of disability. Drafted; mustered out June 4, 1865, at Washington, D. C., by order of War Department.
			_ —		

Names.	Rank.	Age.	Date of Entering the Service.	Period of Service,	Remarks.
Schick, John	Private	18		3 yrs.	Detatched as Orderly at Headquarters 17th Army Corps; mustered out July 13, 1865, by order of War Department; veteran.
Thomas, William R	do	35	Mar. 11, 1865	1 yr.	Substitute; mustered out with company July 13, 1865.
Trout, George H	do			3 yrs.	Absent, sick in hospital at Camp Chase, O.; discharged Dec. 5, 1864, on Surgeon's certificate of disability; veteran.
Thompson, Levi D	do	33	Oct. 1, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged Dec. 20, 1861, at Mt. Vernon, O., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Tynane, Michael	do	21	Oct. 19, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged Feb. 12, 1864, at St. Louis, Mo., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Torbet, Robert	do	19	Oct. 1, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 13, 1865; veteran.
Vanhorn, Wesley	do	24	Feb. 12, 1864	3 yrs.	Wounded—, at Atlanta, Ga.; absent in hospital: no further record found; veteran.
Vanhorn, Samuel	do	21	Oct. 1, 1861	3 vrs.	1
Vessels, Joseph	do	20	Mch. 13, 1865	1 yr.	Mustered out with company July 13, 1865,
Vessels, Joshua	do	19	Mch. 10, 1865	1 vr.	Mustered out with company July 13, 1865.
Vance, William M	do	28	Oct. 24, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged June 18, 1862, at Camp Clear Creck, Miss., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Wise, George M	do	20	Nov. 2, 1861	3 yrs.	Promoted to Sergt. Major January 1, 1864; veteran.
Workman, Miles	do	27	Mch. 10, 1865	1 yr.	Mustered out with company July 13, 1865.
Westlake, Daniel	do	32	Oct. 1, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged July 8, 1862, at Camp Clear Creek, Miss., on Surgeon's Certificate of disability.
Westlake, Jeremiah	do	18	Oct. 1, 1861	3 yrs.	
Winning, John	do	38	Oct. 1, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 13, 1865; veteran.
Yates, Warner M	do	14	Oct. 24, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 13, 1865; veteran.

COMPANY B.

Mustered in fron Sept. 14 to Dec. 10, 1861, at Camp Andrews, Mt. Vernon, O., by J. L. Kirby Smith, Colonel 43d O. V. I.; John R. Edie, Major 15th Infantry, U. S. A., and Albert B. Dod, Captain 15th Infantry, U. S. A. Mustered out July 13, 1865, at Louisville, Ky., by William H. Carr, Captain 10th Illinois Veteran Volunteer Infantry.

James Marshman Moses R. Shalters	Captain do	36 31	Oct. 1, 1861 Feb. 7, 1862		Appointed Dec. 6, 1861; resigned Sept, 3, 1862. Promoted from 1st Lieutenant Co. K, Aug. 12,
					1862; mustered out Dec. 26, 1864, on expiration of term of service.
Jerry O. McDonald	do	32	Sept. 14, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered as private; appointed 1st Sergeant Jan. 1, 1864; promoted to 2nd Lieutenant Co. I Nov. 18, 1864; Captain from 2nd Lieutenant Co. I Feb. 15, 1865; mustered out with com- pany July 13, 1865; veteran.
Samuel McClaren	1st Lieut.	27	Oct. 1, 1861	3 yrs,	Resigned Sept. 3, 1862.
Hinchman S. Prophet	do	25	Oct. 1, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed 2d Lieutenant Dec. 5, 1861; pro-
					moted to 1st Lieutemant June 17, 1862; transferred to Co. H Aug. 18, 1863.
George W. Purcell	do	18	Oct. 2, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered as private; promoted to 2d Lieutenant June 7, 1862; 1st Lieutenant Sept. 3. 1862; mustered out with company July 13, 1865.
Jonathan J. McClaren	2d Lieut.	25	Sept. 14, 1861	3 yrs.	Promoted to Q. M. Sergent from private—; 2d Lieutenant Sept. 3, 1862; 1st Lieutenant and Regt. Quartermaster May 27, 1863.
Augustus L. Pendergast	do	18	Jan. 18, 1864	3 yrs.	Transferred from Co. H June 12, 1865; mustered out with company July 13, 1865.
John H. Rhodes			Oct. 1, 1861	3 yrs.	Promoted to Sergt. Major—.
Thomas Dakan	do	21	Nov. 23, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Sergeant from Corporal Jan. I, 1864; 1st Sergeant Feb. I, 1865; promoted to 1st Lieutenant May 16, 1865; but not mustered; mustered out with company July 13, 1865; veteran.
Frederick F. Adams	Sergeant	13	Sept. 14, 1861	3 yrs.	
Bentley B. Benedict	do	23	Sept. 14, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered as private; appointed Sergeant Nov. 1, 1864; mustered out with company July 13,
James W. Conger	do	18	Sept. 14, 1861	3 yrs.	1865; veteran. Mustered as private; appointed Sergeant—; promoted to Q. M. Sergeant May 21, 1865.
Orson D. Merriman	do	26	Sept. 14, 1861	3 yrs,	Mustered as private; appointed Sergeant—. mustered out Oct. 1, 1864, on expiration of
James M. Peterson	do	19	Sept. 14, 1861	3 yrs.	term of service. Mustered out with company July 13, 1865; veteran.

	1			1 44	1
Names.	Rank.	Age.	Date of Entering the Service.	Period of Service.	Remarks,
Milton F. Miles	Sergeant	22	Sept. 14, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered as private; appointed Sergeaut — promoted to 2d Lieutenant Co. A, 49th O. V. I., Jan. 9, 1862.
Asher, Reynolds	,do	27	Nov. 4, 1861	3 yrs.	Nustered as private: appointed Sergeant Jan. 1, 1864; wounded May 14, 1864, in battle of Resaca, Ga.; mustered out with company July 13, 1895; veteran.
John E. Sullivan	do	19	Nov. 13, 1861	3 yrs.	July 13, 1865; veteran. Appointed Corporal Jun. 1, 1864; Sergeant Feb 1, 1865; mustered out with company July 13, 1865; veteran.
Timothy C. Bonbain	Corporal	21	Nov. 14, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal Jan. 1, 1864; mustered out
Calvin D. French	do	19	Sept. 14, 1861	3 yrs.	with company July 13, 1865; veteran. Appointed Corporal Jan. 1, 1865; captured Aug. 4, 1864, in siege of Atlanta, Ga. escaped and returned to Union lines Sept. 21,1864; mustered out with company July 13
Salathiel K. Galleher	do	19	Sept. 14, 1861	3 yrs.	1862; veteran. Appointed Corporal —; died Sept. 21, 1864 of wounds received Aug. 10, 1864, in siege of
Francis M. Iden	do	22	Dec. 10, 1861	3 yrs.	Atlanta, Ga.; veterau. Appointed Corporal —; mustered out Dec
Aaron Kees	do	22	Nov. 22, 1861	3 yrs.	19, 1864, ou expiration of term of service, Appointed Corporal March 1, 1865; mustered
William C. Orr	do	27	Sept. 14, 1861	3 yrs.	out with company July 13, 1865; veteran. Appointed Corporal — : killed Oct. 4, 1862 in battle of Corinth, Miss.
George W. Reese	do		Sept. 14, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal Jan. 1, 1864; mustered out
Robert Simpson	do	20	Sept. 14, 1861	3 yrs.	with company July 13, 1865; veteran. Appointed Corporal —; wounded June 30 1864, in action near Dallas, Ga.; discharged March 21, 1865, at Camp Cluse, O., by order
Thomas Turner	do	36	Oct. 1, 1861	3 yrs.	of War Department; veteran. Appointed Corporal Jan. 1, 1865; mustered out
David Auld	Musician	16	Sept. 14, 1861	3 yrs.	with company July 13, 1865; veteran. Mustered out with company July 13, 1865;
Demas Auld	de	14	Sept. 14, 1861	3 yrs.	veteran. Borne also as Demas Auld; mustered out with
James Heffelfinger	Corporal	22	Sept. 14, 1861	3 yfs.	company July 13, 1865; veteran. Wounded May 14, 1864, in battle of Resaca, Ga.; mustered out with company July 13,
Ashburn, Elias	Private	19	Sept. 14, 1861	3 yrs.	1865; veteran. Mustered out Dec. 19, 1864, on expiration of
Allen, James	do	26	Oet. 8, 1862	9 mos.	term of service. Drafted; mustered out Aug. 15, 1863, at Colum-
Allen, John	do	27	Sept. 27, 1864	1 yr.	bus, 0., on expiration of term of service. Drafted; mustered out June 4, 1865, at Wash
Allen, Benjamin	do	37	Óet. 8, 1862	9 mos.	ington, D. C., by order of War Department Drafted; mustered out Aug. 18, 1863, at Colum-
Auld, Bradford	do	·20 44	Sept. 14, 1861 Sept. 14, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	bus, O., on expiration of term of service. Killed in battle Oct. 4, 1862, at Corinth. Miss. Absent since Feb. —, 1862; no further record found.
Budd, John	do		Meh. 9, 1865	l yr.	Substitute; mustered out with company July 13, 1865.
Bowen, James B		17	Sept. 14, 1861	3 yrs.	Captured Aug. 4, 1864, in siege of Atlanta, Ga.; died March 11, 1865, at Wilmington, N. C.; veteran.
Brockett, Aaron	do		Sept. 2, 1864	l yr.	Substitute: died March 7, 1865, in Hospital 1st Division, 20th Army Corps.
Brumlier, Comodore P		22	Nov. 4, 1861	3 yrs.	Detached with Pioneer Corps Dec. 5, 1863; mustered out Dec. 19, 1864, on expiration of term of service.
Breese, John M Breese, Henry W	də	18 43	Sept. 14, 1861 Oct. 8, 1862	3 yrs. 9 mos.	Died Aug. 14, 1862, at Camp Clear Creek, Miss. Drafted; mustered out Aug. 18, 1863, at Co- lumbus, O., on expiration of term of service.
Blane, William D	do	18	Sept. 14, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged Dec. 10, 1862, at Evansville, Ind., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Borng (Borny), Augustus,	ob,		Feb. 24, 1865	2 yrs.	Substitute; mustered out with company July
Biggs, Amos Burnison, William Burnison, Samuel	do do	19 22 30	Sept. 14, 1861 Nov. 14, 1861 Nov. 16, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	13, 1865. Deserted Nov. 19, 1862, at Corinth Miss., on
Clayton, Robert M		21	Sept. 14, 1861	3 yrs.	Surgeon's certificate of disability. Mustered out with company July 13, 1865;
Clink, Russell B		18	Sept. 14, 1861	3 yrs.	veteran. Wounded June 16, 1864, in rifle-pits before Kenesaw Mountain, Ga.; mustered out with
Courtney, Henry Churchill, Ira L	do	21	Feb. 9, 1864 Sept. 14, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	company July 13, 1865; veteran. Mustered out with company July 13, 1865. Detached in 2d U. S. Battery, Co. F. Sept. 24, 1862; captured July 22, 1864, near Atlanta, Ga: no further record found; veteran. Mustered out Nov. 20, 1864, on expiration of
Coon, William It	do	44	Oct. 13, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out Nov. 20, 1864, on expiration of
Connor, Joseph	do	32	Meh. 25, 1865	1 yr.	term of service. Drafted; mustered out May 24, 1865, at Columbus, O., by order of War Department.

Names.	Rank.	Age.	Date of Entering the Service.	Period of Service.	Remarks.
Conger, Daniel	Private	17	Sept. 14, 1861	3 yrs.	Transferred to 3d Alabama Colored Troops
Chipps, James M	1	2)	Sept. 14, 1861	3 yrs.	March 5, 1864; veteran, Discharged Nov. 29, 1862, at Keokuk, Ia., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Conger, John	do	21	Sept. 14, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged Dec. 22, 1862, at Keckuk, Ia., on
Denton, Michael		21	Sept. 14, 1861	3 yrs.	Surgeon's certificate of disability. Mustered out with company July 13, 1865;
Dieks, Milo A		20	Nov. 20, 1861	3 yrs.	veteran. Mustered out with company July 13, 1865; vet-
Daughter, Christopher			Nev. 22, 1864	l yr.	eran. Substitute; assigned to company, but never
Daniels, John M			Nov. 17, 1864	1 yr.	reported for duty. Substitute: mustered out Aug. 18, 1865, at
Davis, Peter			Sept. 27, 1864	1 yr.	Cincinnati, O., by order of War Department. Drafted; mustered out with company July
Dieus, Abel		43	Oet. 8, 1862	9 mos.	13, 1865. Drafted; mustered out Aug. 18, 1863, at Colum-
Dennis, James		27	Dec. 2, 1861	3 yrs.	Drafted; mustered out Aug. IS, 1863, at Columbus, O., on expiration of term of service. Transferred to Veteran Reserve Corps Feb. 11, 1864, and assigned to 141st Co., 1st Battalion; subsequently Co. II, 4th Regiment
Dudley, Lafayette	do	17	Nov. 15, 1861	3 vrs.	Veteran Reserve Corps. Discharged May 3, 1863, at Bethel, Tenn., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Edwards, William S	do	39	Nov. 1, 1864	1 yr.	Drafted: mustered out May 12, 1865, at Tod Barraeks, Columbus, O., by order of War Department.
England, Aaron	do	39	Nov. 14, 1864	l yr.	Drafted; mustered out June 6, 1865, at Columbus, 0.; by order of War Department.
Egan, John	фо		Nov. 23, 1864	1 yr.	Substitute; assigned to company, but never reported for duty.
Ely, Thomas		29	Oet. 8, 1862	9 mos.	Drafted; mustered out Aug. 18, 1863, at Columbus, O., on expiration of term of service.
Ellig, Michael	do., .		Meh. 4, 1865	l yr.	Substitute; mustered out with company July 13, 1865.
Ely, Charles		21	Nov. 29, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal Jan. 1, 1864; reduced Jan. 5, 1865; mustered out with company July 13, 1865; veteran.
Enbanks, Thomas F'v, John	do do	3‡	Nov. 23, 1864 Oet. 8, 1862	1 yr. .9 mos.	Substitute. Drafted: unustered out Aug. 18, 1863, at Columbus, O., on expiration of term of service.
Fisher, Robert H	do		Oet. 19, 1864	1 yr.	Substitute; assigned to company, but uever reported for duty.
Foster, Thomas	do		Nov. 1, 1864	1 yr.	Drufted: died Jan. 23, 1865, at Granger Hospital, Huntsville, Ala.
Forman, Jonathan			Nov. 2, 1864	l yr.	Drafted; mustered out June 14, 1865, at New York City, by order of War Department.
Farabee, Jacob			Oct. 12, 1864	l yr.	Drafted; assigned to company, but never re- ported for duty.
Fleming, Henry	do	41	Oet. 11, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out Oct. 27, 1864, on expiration of term of service.
Fleming, Thomas S		1	Oct. 11, 1861	3 yrs.	Absent, sick in hospital; no further record found.
Fleming, Alexander Forgy, John	do	22 27	Dec. 10, 1861 Oct. 8, 1862	3 yrs. 9 mos.	Died April 28, 1862, at Evansville, Ind. Drafted; mustered out Aug. 18, 1863, at Columbus, O., on expiration of term of
Fields, Aeil	do	42	Nov. 1, 1864	1 yr.	Drufted; transferred to Co. E as Asa Fields
Foster, Henry E	do		Nov. 2, 1864	l yr.	Drafted; discharged to date Jan. 15, 1865, by
Groves, John	do	21	Sept. 11, 1861	3 yrs.	order of War Department. Mustered out with company July 13, 1865; vet-
Grigsby, Thornton	, do		Oet. 12, 1864	l yr.	eran. Drafted; mustered out with company July 13,
Gaffin, Hartman	do	25	Nov. 2, 1864	1 yr.	1865. Drafted; transferred to Co. B. 4th Regt. Veteran Reserve Corps, April 21, 1865; mustered out Aug. 16, 1865, at Springfield, Ill., by
Gothard, Jeremiah C			Nov. 2, 1864	1 yr.	or ler of War Department; see Co. G. Drafted; assigned to company, but never reported for duty.
Gillmore, Franklin		1	Nov. 2, 1864	1 yr.	Drafted; assigned to company, but never reported for duty.
Gillenwalters, Leonard				1 yr.	Dratted; discharged June 22, 1865, at Camp Chase, O, by order of War Department.
Groves, Henry	}		1	l yr.	Substitute; mustered out with company July 13, 1865.
Gage, James				3 yrs.	Wounded July 4, 1864, in battle of Niekajack Creek. Ga.; mustered out with company July 13, 1865.
Glasier, William	, , do ,		Feb. 14, 1855	l yr.	Substitute; mustered out with company July 13, 1865.
-					

Names.	Rank.	Age.	Date of Entering the Service.	Period of Service.	Remarks.
Golivar, Benjamin	Private	27	Sept. 21, 1864	1 yr.	Drafted: mustered out June 4, 1865, at Washington, D. C., by order of War Department.
Gossman, John	do		Oct. 1, 1864	l yr.	Drafted; mustered out June 7, 1865, by order of War Department.
Green, James H	do	26	Sept. 14, 1861	3 yrs.	Promoted to Hospital Steward Jan. 1, 1864: veteran
Hollingshead, John	do		Nov. 1, 1864	l yr.	Drafted; mustered out Juno 22, 1865, at Camp Chase, O., by order of War Department.
Honeh, Hiram	do	31	Nov. 1, 1864	1 yr.	Drafted; assigned to company, but never reported for duty.
Hana, Mathiew	do	23	Nov. 2, 1864	1 yr.	Drafted; assigned to company, but never reported for duty.
Householder, John	do		Nov. 2, 1864	l yr.	Druffed; mustered out with company July 13, 1865.
Hartley, Isaac H	do		Nov. 2, 1864	i yr.	Drafted; mustered out with company July 13, 1865.
Hamilton, James M	do		Nov. 2, 1864	1 yr.	Drafted: mustered out with company July 13, 1865.
Hites, Michael	do		Feb. 24, 1865	1 yr.	Substitute; mustered out with company July 13, 1865.
Hites, Benjamin			Nov. 2, 1864	1 yr.	Drafted: mustered out July 27, 1865, at General Hospital, Newark, N. J., by order of War Department.
Hubanks, Clinton			Dec. 1, 1864	1 yr.	Substitute; mustered out with company July 13, 1865.
Hilliard, Edward	1			3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 13, 1865; veteran.
Hays, Harod		22	Sept. 14, 1861	B yrs.	Mustered out Dec. 17, 1864, on expiration of term of service.
Hoffman, Peter	1		Nov. 1, 1864	1 yr.	Drafted; mustered out June 9, 1865, at Camp Chase, O., by order of War Department.
Hart, William	do	19	Nov. 25, 1864	l yr.	Substitute; mustered out June 9, 1865, at Camp
Hites, Jonathan	do	39	Sept. 25, 1864	l yr.	Dratted; mustered out June 2, 1865, at Beaufort, N. C., by order of War Department. Discharged March 5, 1865, to accept premotion
Harod, William J	1	22	Sept. 14, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged March 5, 1865, to accept premotion in 3d Alabama Colored Infantry; veteran.
Heinlin, Abraham	do	21	Sept. 14, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged Aug. 18, 1862, at Camp Clear Creek, Miss., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Iron, Robert	do		Nov. 2, 1864	l yr.	Drafted; died May 17, 1865, at Fortress Mon- roe, Va.
Irwin, Washington G	do	24	Sept, 14, 1861	3 yrs.	Promoted to Q. M. Sergeant Jan. 1, 1864; veteran.
Joy, Harvey	do		Feb. 23, 1865	1 yr.	Substitute; mustered out with company July 13, 1865.
Jones, Edward	do	17	Sept. 14, 1861	.3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 13, 1865; vet-
Jones. Townsend R	do	21	Sept. 14, 1861	3 yrs:	Mustered out Dec. 19, 1864, on expiration of
Johnson, Henry	do	40	Nov. 2, 1861	3 yrs.	Transferred to Veteran Reserve Corps Sept.
Jenkins, Benjamin F	do	19	Dec 3, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged Oct. 29, 1862, at Columbus, O., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Kerns, William W	1	• • • •	Nov. 28, 1864	l yr.	Drafted; mustered out July 14, 1865, at Tripler llospital, Columbus, O., by order of War Department.
Kinney, Zephaniah	1	21	Sept. 14, 1861	3 yrs	Mustered out with company July 13, 1865; Veteran
Kelly, Judson J		22	Nov. 9, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered as private; promoted to 2d Lieutenant 7th Louisana Vol. A. D. Nov. 2l, 1863; veteran.
Kimble, Joseph			Nov. 2, 1864	1 yr.	Drafted: mustered out June 1, 1865, by order of War Department.
Lutz, Samuel				Į.	Mustered out with company July 13, 1865; veteran: Mustered out with company July 13, 1865; vet-
Lallow, Philip V					oren
Livermore, Lewis R		28	Oct. 4, 1861	3 yrs.	Detached Teamster at Headquarters —; mustered out with company July 13, 1865; vetern. Discharged Feb. 17, 1863, at Keckuk, Ia., on
Love, William	1	33	Nov. 14, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged Feb. 17, 1863, at Keokuk. Ia., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Little, Starks Lorton, John E			Nov. 13, 1861 Sept. 24, 1864	3 yrs. 1 yr.	Died March 27, 1862, in Marion county, O. Drafted; mustered out June 4, 1865, at Washington, D. C., by order of War Department. Substitute: assigned to company, but never re-
Lebarc, Wesley			Nov. 18, 1864	l yr.	ported for duty. Drafted; killed Feb. 3, 1865, in battle of Rivers
Lane, Abraham			Nov. 22, 1864	l yr.	Bridge, S. C. Drafted: mustered out Aug. 18, 1863. at
Miller, Elijah			Oct. 8, 1862	9 mos.	Columbus, O., on expiration of term of service.
Mills, George W	do	37	Sept. 14, 1861	3 yrs.	eran.

		1		of.	
Names.	Rank.	Age.	Date of Entering the Service.	Period of Service.	Remarks.
Mircs, Joshua	Private	42	Oct. 8, 1862	9 mos.	Drafted: mustered out Aug. 18, 1863, at Columbus, O., on expiration of term of service.
Morris, Thomas B	do	18	Nov. 21, 1861	3 yrs.	Transferred from Co. G Feb, 1862; mustered out with company July 13, 1865.
McElwee, Emner Mahur, Philip	do	18	Jan. 8, 1862 Meh. 4, 1865	3 yrs. 1 yr.	Mustered out with company July 13, 1865. Substitute: mustered out with company July
Mullen, John		19	Sept. 27, 1864	1 yr.	Dafted; mustered out May 15, 1865, at Tod Barracks, Columbus, O., by order of War Department; see Co. A.
McClaren, Jonathan J Marple, William H Moffet, Robert	ldo	25 17 32	Sept. 14, 1861 Oct. 5, 1861 Oct. 8, 1862	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 9 mos.	
Neiswanger, Abraham	do		Sept. 7, 1861	3 yrş.	Mustered out Dec. 19, 1864, ou expiration of term of service.
Pipes, Samuel	do	17	Nov. 23, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 13, 1865; veteran.
Pillot, Daisy	do			3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 13, 1865; veteran.
Province, Joseph Y	do		Nov. 17, 1864	1 yr.	Substitute; mustered out with company July 13, 1865.
Palmer, John	do	25	Oct. 8, 1862	9 mos.	Drafted; mustered out Aug. 18, 1863, at Columbus, O., on expiration of term of service.
Powell, Orison	do		Mch. 23, 1865	1 yr.	Drafted; mustered out May 24, 1865, at Columbus, O., by order of War Department.
Page, Daniel M	do	18	Oct. 12, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged Jan. 24, 1864, to accept promotion in 3d Alabama Colored Infantry.
Phipher, John J	do			3 yrs.	Discharged March I, 1864, to accept promotion in 3.1 Alabama Colored Infantry.
Porter, William	do	23	Oct. 9, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged June 21, 1862, at Columbus, O., on
Phillips, Benjamin F	do	23	Nov. 15, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged June 21, 1862, at Columbus, O., on Surgeon's certificate of disability. Discharged Sept. 6, 1862, at Iuka, Miss., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Phillips, Daniel J	do	17	Nov. 15, 1861	3 yrs.	Disenarged July 30, 1862, at Columbus, O., on
Rees, Benjamin Rogers, John H	do	18	Jan. 29, 1864 Oct. 16, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Surgeon's certificate of disability. Mustered out with company July 13, 1865. Captured Aug. 4, 1864, in action near Atlanta, Ga.: escaped and returned to Union lines Dec. 11, 1864, near Savannah, Ga.; mustered out
Rogers, Moses C	do	21	Oct. 16, 1861	3 yrs.	with company July 13, 1865; veteran. Detuched with Pioneer Corps Dec. 5, 1863; mustered out Oct. 25, 1864, on expiration of term of service.
Roberts, Wright	do	22	Sept. 14, 1361	3 yrs.	Discharged Dec. 1, 1862, at Cairo. Ill., on Surgeon's certificate of disability; wounded Oct 4, 1864.
Rogers, Jonathan		1	Sept. 25, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged Aug. 1, 1862, at Columbus, O., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Rogers, Thomas S Riley, Edward	1	1	Dec. 3, 1861 Nov. 2, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Discharged Sept. 1, 1862, at Columbus, O., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Simon, Peter			Nov. 29, 1864	1 yr.	Substitute; mustered out with company July 13, 1865.
Swank, George W			Dec. 9, 1864	1 yr.	Substitute; mustered out with company July 13, 1865.
Swallems, Levi	do	. 31	Oct. 8, 1862	9 mos.	Drafted; mustered out Aug. 18, 1863, at Columbus, O., on expiration of term of service.
Smith, Madison M	do	19	Sept. 14, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out Dec. 13, 1864, on expiration of term of service.
Smith, Nathaniel C	do	20	Feb. 11, 1864	3 yrs.	Mustered out May 22, 1865, at hospital, Camp Dennison, O., by order of War Depart- ment.
Sullivan, Richard L	do	35	Sept. 24, 1864	1 yr.	Drafted; mustered out June 4, 1865, at Washington, D. C., by order of War Department.
Sunderland, Joseph			Nov. 27, 1861	3 yrs.	Mortally wounded Oct 4, 1862, in battle of Corinth. Miss. Corinth, Miss.
Skinner, Henry	do	. 42	Oct. 20, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged April 8, 1863, at Jackson, Tenn., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Thornburg, Nathan			Sept. 14, 1861	3 yrs.	Died May 15, 1864, of wounds received May 14, 1864, in battle of Resaca, Ga.; veteran.
Turner, Thomas E Tuthill, Benjamin	do	. 18	Sept. 14, 1861 Oct. 8, 1862	3 yrs. 9 mos.	Died July 20, 1862, at Camp Clear Creek, Miss.
Vamater, Lemuel			Oct. 8, 1862	9 mos.	Drafted; mustered out Aug. 18, 1863, at Columbus, O., on expiration of term of service.
Walters, Sylvester		-		3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 13, 1865; vet-
Whitacer, Matthew	{		Nov. 3, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out Oct. 30, 1864, on expiration of
Ward, Jacob M	1 .	1	Nov. 22, 1864	1 yr.	Drafted: mustered out June 2, 1865, at Beaufort, N. C., by order of War Department. Mustered out Nov. 23, 1864, on expiration of
Willson, Leonadus W	do	. 23	Nov. 23, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out Nov. 23, 1864, on expiration of term of service.
		1	1	1	

Name*	Rank.	Age.	Ente	ate of ring the rvice.	Period of Service.	Remarks.
Work, William H	Private	23	Oct.	8, 1862	9 mos.	Drafted; mustered out Aug. 18, 1863, at Co-
Yeagly, George	do		Jan	7, 1862	3 yrs.	lumbus, 0., on expiration of term of service. Mustered out Jan. 7, 1865, on expiration of term of service.
Yeager, Charles	do		Feb	13, 1865	1 yr	Substitute; mustered out with company July 13, 1865.

COMPANY C.

Mustered in from Oct. 28 to Dec. 25, 1861, at Camp Andrews, Mt. Vernon, O., by Moses J. Urquhart, Captain 43d O. V. I.; Sanford F. Simmons, 1st Lieutenant 43d O. V. I., and William B. Thornhill, 2d Lieutenant 43d O. V. I. Mustered out July 13, 1865, at Louisville, Ky., by William H. Carr, Captain 10th Illinois Veteran Volunteer Infantry.

						7
Moses J. Urquhart Sanford F. Timmons	Captain do	23 25	Oct. Oct.	19, 1861 28, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Appointed Dec. 19, 1861; resigned April 8, 1862. Appointed 1st Lieutenant Dec. 19, 1861; promoted to Captain April 8, 1862; transferred
-Hinehman S. Prophet	do]	25	Oct.	1, 1861	3 yrs,	to Co. G Dec. 6, 1862. Promoted from 1st Lieutenant Co. H Dec. 5,
John C. Hamilton	do	25	Oct.	21, 1861	3 yrs.	1862; resigned June 10, 1863. Promoted to 2d Lieutenant from 1st Ser-
James A. Lantz	do	19	Oct.	31, 1861	3 yrs.	Promoted to 2d Lieutenant from 1st Sergeant April 8, 1862; 1st Lieutenant June 2s, 1862; Captain May 31, 1863; Major 17sth O. V. I. Sept. 26, 1864. Appointed Corporal Jan. 1, 1864; Sergeant March 18, 1864; 1st Sergeant April 1, 1864; promoted to 1st Lieutenant Feb. 15, 1865; Captain Feb. 25, 1865; mustered out with
William B. Thornhill	1st Lieut.	25	Nov.	18, 1861	3 yrs.	Captain Feb. 25, 1865; mustered out with company July 13, 1865; veteran. Promoted from 2d Lieutenant April 8, 1862;
Cornelius McCaffrey	do	24	Oct.	23, 1861	3 yrs.	Promoted to 2d Lieutenant from private Sept
0.17.0.1	1-	Ou	0.1	10 1001		3, 1862; 1st Lieutenant April 13, 1864; mustered out Dec. 26, 1864, at Ogeechee Canal, Ga., on expiration of term of service.
Samuel T. Calvin		20		12, 1861	3 yrs.	Transferred from Co. A Feb. 25, 1865; transferred to Co. H May 1, 1865.
Obadiah M. Davis		29	Oct.	1, 1861	3 yrs.	Promoted from 2d Lieutenant Co. I Nov. 18, 1864; to Captain Co. A Jan. 18, 1865.
Adam Williams	do	26	Dec.	12, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered as private; appointed Sergeant Jan. 1, 1864; promoted to 1st Lieutenant April 20,
Samuel S. Snellbaker	2d Lieut.		Oct.	1, 1861	3 yrs.	1865; mustered out with company July 13, 1865; veteran. Mustered as private; promoted to 2d Lieutenant Nov. 5, 1863; 1st Lieutenant Nov. 18, 1864, but not mustered; mustered out with
Samuel B. Akins	lst Sergt.	20	Oct.	28, 1861	3 yrs.	company July 13, 1865. Mustered as private; appointed 1st Sergeant ; promoted to Captain 111th U.S. Colored
Robert C. Johnson	do	27	Nov.	9, 1801	3 yrs.	Troops April 4, 1864; veteran. Mustered as private; appointed Sergeant Jan. 1, 1864; 1st Sergeant June 1, 1865; mustered
James Blair	Sergeant	19	Dec.	12, 1861	3 yrs.	out with company July 13, 1865; veteran. Mustered as private; appointed Sergeunt—; discharged April 3, 1864, to accept commission in 11th U.S. Colored Troops; veteran.
David P. Host	do	19	Nov.	16, 1861	3 yrs.	sion in 111th U.S. Colored Troops; veteran. Appointed Corporal Jan. 1, 1864; Sergeant March 18, 1864; mustered out with company
Henry Miser	do	18	Dec.	9, 1861	3 yrs.	July 13, 1865; veteran. Appointed Corporal Jan. 1, 1864; Sergeant April 18, 1864; mustered out with company July 13, 1865; veteran.
John Reeber	do	21	Nov.	7, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal July 1, 1864; Sergeant June 1, 1865; mustered out with company
Philip C. Rogers	do	19	Oct.	21, 1861	3 yrs.	July 13, 1865; veteran. Appointed Corporal Jan. 1, 1864; Sergeant June 1, 1865; mustered out with company July
Archibald Sampson	do	22	Oct.	25, 1861	3 yrs.	13, 1865; veteran. Mustered as private; appointed Sergeant—; discharged July 16, 1862, at Camp Chase, O.,
Samuel II. Taggert	do	21	Nov	14, 1861	3 yrs.	on Surgeon's certificate of disability. Mustered as private; appointed Sergeant —; discharged Aug. 29, 1862, at Baltimore, Md.,
William Avery	Corporal	22	Nov.	11, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal June 1, 1865; mustered
Frank Baird	do	19	Oet.	6, 1861	3 yrs.	out with company July 13, 1865; veteran. Appointed Corporal—; promoted to Licutemant 111th U. S. Colored Troops Jan. 29, 1864.
David Smith	do .	23	Nov.	16, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal —; died Sept. 8, 1862, at luka. Miss.
		-			-	

			D	of e.	
Names.	Rauk.	Age.	Date of Eutering the Service.	Period of Service.	Kemarks.
Jeroine Black	Corporal	18	Dec. 12, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal June 1, 1865; absent since June 22, 1865; no further record found; veteran.
James II. Hatheway	do	18	Oct. 30, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal —: discharged June 10 1864, to accept commission in 111th U. S. Col-
Samuel R. Johnson	do	20	Nov. 7, 1861	3 yrs.	ored Troops; veteran. Appointed Corporal April 1, 1864; wounded May 14, 1864, in battle of Resnea, Ga.; no further record found; veteran.
William Leggett	do	25	Nov. 1, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal —; killed Oct. 4, 1862, in battle of Corinth, Miss.
Samuel B. Moore	do	16	Dec. 25, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal June 1, 1865; mustered out with company July 13, 1865; veteran. Appointed Corporal Jan 1, 1864; mustered out
William Mahau	do	24		3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal Jan 1, 1864; mustered out with company July 13, 1865; veteran.
William Murdock	do	28	Oct. 24, 1861	3 yrs.	with company July 13, 1865; veteran. Appointed Corporal Jan 1, 1864; absent, sick; mustered out to date July 13, 1865, at Columbus, O.; veteran.
William S. Neil	do	19	Dec. 20, 1861	3 yrs.	Columbus, O.: veterau. Appointed Corporal April 1, 1864; mustered out with company July 13, 1865; veteran.
John Vanee	do	32	Nov. 25, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal —; discharged July 21, 1862, at Columbus, O., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Charles E. Unholtz	do	17		3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal April 1, 1864; mustered out with company July 13, 1865; veteran.
Akins, Alexander		19	Dec. 29, 1861	3 yrs.	Died Aug. 14, 1864, in hospital at Camp Dennison, O.
Akins, Josiah		18	Nov. 29, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 13, 1865; veteran.
Akins, Benjamin C Akins, Alexander P	do	18 41	Dec. 29, 1863 Јан. 30, 1864	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 13, 1865. Transferred to Naval Service Sept. 10, 1864, by order of War Department.
Anderson, Benjamin F		23	Oct. 28, 1861	3 yrs.	Absent, sick; died Oct. 14, 1862, at Jackson, Tenne-sec.
Anderson, Edmund M	do	17	Nov. 6, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged Dec. 6, 1862, at Keokuk, Ia., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Anderson, Maholm		44	Oct. 25, 1864	l yr.	Prafted; mustered out May 8, 1865, at Tod Barracks, Columbus, O., by order of War Department.
Allen, Nathaniel S	1	43	Sept. 23, 1864	I yr.	Drafted; mustered out May 8, 1865, at Tod Barracks, Columbus, O., by order of War Department.
Arnott, Hugh	do . ,	18	Dec. 26, 1863	3 yrs.	Discharged Sept. 30, 1864, on Surgeon's certifi- ficate of disability.
Barnes, Levi	do	17	Dec. 5, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 13, 1865; veteran.
Benedick, Jacob		20	Dec. 7, 1861	3 yrs.	Died Oct. 4, 1862, at Coriuth, Miss., of wounds received Oct. 4, 1862, in battle of Corinth, Mississippi.
Benedick, William	do	19	Oct. 28, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 13, 1865; veteran.
Benedick, George	do	21	Oct. 28, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out Dec. 23, 1864, at Columbus, O., on expiration of term of service.
Burrier, George		18	Feb. 11, 1864	3 yrs.	Mustered out May 22, 1865, at hospital, Camp Dennison, O., by order of War Depart- ment.
Burrier, Nathan		18	Nov. 7, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 13, 1865; veteran.
Burrier, George	do	18	Oct. 8, 1862	9 mos.	Drafted: mustered out Aug. 19, 1863, at Columbus, O., on expiration of term of ser- vice.
Brady, Alpheus	do	28	Dec. 5, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out Dec. 25, 1864, on expiration of term of service.
Bien, William P Black, Noah Beck, George R	do do	29 22 19	Feb. 16, 1864 Feb. 19, 1864 Nov. 4, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Died April 4, 1864, in hospital at Decatur, Ala. Mustered out with company July 13, 1865. Reduced from Corporal —: mustered out.
Beck, Robert W		17	Nov. 9, 1861	3 yrs.	with company July 13, 1865; veteran. Discharged Feb. 5, 1863, at St. Louis, Mo., on
Berrell, Ananias Baldwin, Harrison	do	44 19	Nov. 20, 1861 Dec. 5, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Surgeon's certificate of disability. Died May 24, 1862, at Louisville, Ky. Musteredwout Dec. 25, 1864, on expiration of
Brothers, William	do	24	Oct. 13, 1861	3 yrs.	term of service. Mustered out with company July 13, 1865; vet-
Brothers, John A	do	20	Nov. 2, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out Dec. 25, 1864, on expiration of
Burk, William	do	32	Nov. 22, 1864	1 yr.	term of service. Drafted; mustcred out with company July 13,
Coffield, Jacob	do	26	Dec. 5, 1861	3 yrs.	1865. Mustered out with company July 13, 1865; vct-
Cumpson, George	do	23	Sept. 3, 1862	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 13, 1865; vet-
Chamman, Samuel	do	35	Aug. 24 1864	2 yrs.	eran. Substitute; mustered out May 8, 1865, at Tod Barracks, Columbus, O., by order of War Department.

Names.	Rauk.	Age.	Date of Entering the Service.	Period of Service.	Remarks.
Chapman, William	Private	18 18	Feb. 22, 1864 Feb. 19, 1864	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 13, 1865.
Chapman, Alouzo Campbell, Charles	do	20	Feb. 15, 1864	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 13, 1865. Transferred to Naval Service Sept. 10, 1864, by order of War Department.
Calvert, William P	do	42	Nov. 4, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged April 13, 1863, at Corinth, Miss., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Cole, John W	do	18	Nov. 15, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged Oct. 24, 1862, at Jackson, Tenn., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Crowl, Andrew P Cromley, Thomas Clifford, John	do do	22 23 18	Nov. 12, 1861 Oct. 22, 1861 Jan. 5, 1864	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Killed Oct. 4, 1862, in battle of Corinth, Miss. Discharged Sept. 30, 1864, at East Point, Ga.,
Corbet, William H	do	18	Jan. 13, 1864	3 yrs.	on Surgeon's certificate of disability. Discharged Sept. 30, 1864, at East Point, Ga.,
Carpenter, Lewis R Conkle, Daniel	do	18 36	Feb. 5, 1864 Nov. 19, 1864	3 yrs. 1 yr.	on Surgeon's certificate of disability. Mustered out with company July 13, 1865. Drafted; absent, sick since April 26, 1865; mustered out May 29, 1865, at New York City, by order of War Department; see Co. H.
Duchley, John M Dunn, William II	do	31 38	Nov. 19, 1864 Jan. 16, 1864	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Drafted; see Co. H. Mustered out May 31, 1865, at McDougall Hospital, New York Harbor, by order of War Department,
Davis, Lewis A Dutton, Robert M	do	23 20	Nov. 12, 1861 Nov. 5, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Discharged July 31, 1862, at Camp Chase, 0., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Dill, George Edwards, William A Fowler, John W	do do	18 20 43	Dec. 23, 1863 Jan. 30, 1864 Nov. 12, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 13, 1865. Mustered out with company July 13, 1865. Died Oct. 24, 1864, in hospital at Rome, Ga;
Fowler, James II	do	17	Nov. 16, 1861	3 yrs.	veteran. Discharged Nov. 29, 1862, at Keokuk, Ia., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Fulton, Charles C	do	25	Oct. 8, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged Dec. 15, 1862, at Cairo, Ill., on Sur-
Fry, Henry C	do	26	Dec. 5, 1861	3 yrs.	geon's certificate of disability. Discharged Jan. 31, 1863, at Keokuk, Ia., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Fryberger, Simon P		19	Oct. 11, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged June 9, 1804, to accept promotion in 111th U. S. Colored Troops.
Frazier, James B		44	Nov. 11, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged Dec. 25, 1862, at St. Louis, Mo., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Fisher, John	do	21 18	Nov. 21, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Veteran. Discharged June 27, 1865, by order of War De-
Gibson, Robert	do	23	Nov. 16, 1861	3 yrs.	partment; veteran. Mustered out Dec. 25, 1864, on expiration of term of service.
Gamble, William	do	18	Oct. 29, 1861	3 yrs.	Died April 4, 1865, at Pocataligo Station, S. C., of wounds received, in action; veteran.
Gotshall, Martin	do	24	Nov 4, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out Feb. 21, 1865, at Columbus, O., on expiration of term of service.
Graham, James E	do	22	Nov, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out Nov. 5, 1864, at Columbus, O., on expiration of term of service.
Griffith, Stephen		42	Dec. 11, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out Jan. 17, 1865, at Columbus, O., on expiration of term of service.
Harrison, James		28	Oct. 8, 1862	9 mos.	Drafted; mustered out Aug. 19, 1863, at Columbus, O., on expiration of term of service.
Howard, Emanuel		20		3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 13, 1865; veteran.
Hays, John P	ob.	27	Feb. 28, 1865	l yr.	Substitute: mustered out June 26, 1865, at Washington, D. C., by order of War Department.
Hooper, John	do.	29	Sept. 23, 1864	1 yr.	Drufted; mustered out June 4, 1865, at Washington, D. C., by order of War Department.
llooper, William T	do	31	Sept. 23, 1864	l yr.	Drafted: mustered out June 4, 1865, at Washington, D. C., by order of War Department.
Hines, Edward		23 21	Nov. 15, 1861 Nov. 1, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Veterau. Discharged July 4, 1863, at Memobis, Tenn., on
Hines, Isnac P	, do	21	Nov. 12, 1861	3 yrs.	Surgeon's certificate of disability. Discharged Nov. 12, 1863, at Columbus, O., on
Haden, Lucius F	. do	43	Jan. 19, 1864	3 yrs.	Discharged Sept. 30, 1864, at East Point, Ga.,
Hubbard, Dwight .	. do .	24	Mch. 24, 1864	3 yrs.	Surgeon's certificate of disability. Discharged Sept. 30, 1864, at East Point, Ga., on Surgeon's certificate of disability. Mustered out May 29, 1865, at New York City, by order of War Department.
Hooker, James K Hagerty, John H Hilliard, George Hulse, John M .	do .do .do . do	18 19 27 18	Jan. 11, 1864 Jan. 30, 1864 Feb. 29, 1864 Feb. 22, 1865	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs. 1 yr.	Died Murch 9, 1864, in hospital at Decatur, Ala. Died April 2, 1864, in hospital at Decatur, Ala. Substitute: mustered out July 5, 1865, at hospital. Camp Dennison, O., by order of
Kinikin, Daniel	. do	22	Feb. 24, 1865	1 yr.	War Department. Drafted; mustered out with company July 13.
Karr, Andrew J	. do	18	Meh. 17, 1864	3 yrs.	1865. Died Nov. 23, 1864, in hospital at Chattanooga.
Kimmell, Adam Forr, Lemuel			Nov. 12, 1861 Nov. 20, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Tennessee. Died July 8, 1862, at Camp Clear Creek, Miss. Discharged June 28, 1862, at St. Louis, Mo., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.

	I -= -			di :	
Names,	Rank.	Age.	Date of Entering the Service.	Period of Service,	Remarks.
Kakensparger, Samuel	Private	24	Sept. 27, 1864	1 yr.	Drafted; mustered out June 4, 1865, at Wash-
Leech, Samuel	do	18	Nov. 6, 1861	3 yrs.	ington, D. C., by order of War Department. Mustered out with company July 13, 1865;
Lock, John	do do	23 18 29	Jan. 27, 1864 Feb. 23, 1864 Sept. 26, 1864	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	veteran. Died June 25, 1864, in hospital at Allatoona, Ga. Mustored out with company July 13, 1865 Drested: mustered out June 4, 1865, at Wash-
Lightner, David			Nov. 20, 1861	3 yrs.	Drafted: mustered out June 4, 1865, at Washington, D. C., by order of War Department. Died Oct. 23, 1862, at Corinth, Miss., of wounds received Oct. 4, 1862, in battle of Corinth.
Martin, Jonathan	do	25	Nov. 29, 1861	3 yrs.	Mississippi. Mustered out with company July 13, 1865; veteran.
Miller, Alexander	do	18	Nov. 29, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 13, 1865;
Morgau, William	do	22	Oct. 25, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 13, 1865;
Murphey, Joseph S	do	26	Dec. 5, 1831	3 yrs.	veteran. Mustered out with company July 13, 1865;
Miller, George Milliken, Alexander	do	26 23	Feb. 27, 1864 Feb. 10, 1864	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	weteran. Mustered out with company July 13, 1865; veteran.
Miller, Absalom Miser, George W Mahoney, John McMillen, William J	do do do do	18 22 18 19	Feb. 10, 1864 Dec. 29, 1863 Feb. 27, 1864 Jan. 29, 1864	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 13, 1865. Mustered out with company July 13, 1865. Mustered out with company July 13, 1865. Mustered out with company July 13, 1865. Absent, sick since April 28, 1865; discharged July 3, 1865, at Washington, D. C., on Sur-
Mull, Samuel	do	20	Oct. 28, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out Dec. 25, 1864, on expiration of
Moore, George D	do	19	Nov. 15, 1861	3 yrs.	term of service. Mustered out Dec. 25, 1864, on expiration of
Mansfield, James Meisner, Frederick	do	18 40	Dec. 10, 1861 Oct. 21, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	term of service. Died Aug. 15, 1863, at Memphis, Tenn. Promoted to Drum Major Jan. 1, 1862; not borne on rolls of Fieldand Staff. Discharged June 16, 1862, at Camp Cbase, O., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Morris, John W	do.,,,	17	Nov. 11, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged June 16, 1862, at Camp Chase, O.,
Munson, Henry	do	27 35	Dec. 3, 1861 May 14, 1864	3 yrs. 1 yr.	Drafted; mustered out June 4, 1865, at Wash-
McPeck, Nathan	do	28	Oct. 8, 1862	9 mos.	ington. D. C., by order of War Department. Drafted; unustered out Aug. 19, 1863, at
McPatterson, William	do	18	Feb. 5, 1864	3 yrs.	Columbus, O., on expiration of term of service. Transferred to Co. I., 17th Regiment Veteran Reserve Corps, Jan. 10, 1865; nustered out Aug 8, 1865, at Indianapolis, Ind., by order
Norman, Janekson	do	41	Meh. 8, 1865	1 yr.	of War Department. Substitute; mustered out with company July
Nichols, Franklin	do	34	July 1, 1864	1 yr.	Drafted; mustered out June 4, 1865, at Wash-
Ourant, George W	do	19	Dec. 3, 1861	3 yrs.	ington, D. C., by order of War Department. Absent. sick since April 30, 1865; no further
Ourant, William G	do			3 yrs.	record found; veteran. Mustered out with company July 13, 1865;
Origen, James	do	18	Dec. 11, 1861	3 yrs.	veteran. Discharged April 13, 1863, at Corinth, Miss.,
Painter, Henry	do	40	July 13, 1864	1 yr.	on Surgeon's certificate of disability. Drafted; mustered out June 4, 1865, at Wash-
Parson, Robert R	do	18	Feb. 28, 1865	1 yr.	Drafted; mustered out June 4, 1865. at Washington, D. C., by order of War Department. Substitute; mustered out with company July 13, 1865.
Parker, Enoch C	do.,	18	Feb. 5, 1864	3 yrs.	Mustered out May 25, 1865, at Columbus, O., by order of War Department, Mustered out May 31, 1865, at Cleveland, O., by
Pankhurst, Thomas	do.,,,	18	Feb. 23, 1864	3 yrs.	Mustered out May 31, 1865, at Cleveland, O., by order of War Department.
Polen, Peter	do	18	Dec. 4, 1863	3 yrs.	Transferred from Co. G. March 2, 1864; mustered out June 2, 1865, at Camp Dennison. O., by order of War Department. Discharged July 24, 1862, at Camp Chase, O.,
Price, William H. H	do	19	Oet. 31, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged July 24, 1862, at Camp Chase, O.,
Price, John L	do	37	Nov. 19, 1864	3 yrs.	on Surgeon's certificate of disability. Drafted; mustered out with company July 13, 1865.
Piper, Sauford S Roberts, Stewart	do	18 18	Feb. 11, 1864 Dec. 4, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 13, 1865. Mustered out with company July 13, 1865; veteran.
Roberts, Alexander	do	18 18	Dec. 29, 1863 Jan. 24, 1864	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 13, 1865.
Ronick, John C	do	22 40	Dec. 12, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 13, 1865. Died April 13, 1869, at New Madrid, Ma
Rider Lewis S	do	22 18	Nov. 26, 1861 Oct. 28, 1861 Dec. 21, 1863 Jan. 22, 1864	3 yrs.	Died April 13, 1862, at New Madrid, Mo.
Rider Lewis S Russ, Giles II Scott, Thomas	1	20	Jan. 22, 1864	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 13, 1865. Discharged Jan. —, 1865, on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Shnable, John Shoeman, Adam	do	22 24	Mch. 31, 1864 Sept. 23, 1864	3 yrs. 1 yr.	Mustered out with company July 13, 1865 Drafted; mustered out June 4, 1865, at Washington, D. C., by order of War Department.
		-	1		

Stoner, David	ames.	ank.	the .EE	Remarks.
Steadman, Andrew J	ohn P			Mustered out with company July 13, 1865; vet-
Steaman, Andrew J	vid	do 18 Feb. 5,	. 1864 3 yrs.	Di-charged Sept. 30, 1864, at East Point, Ga.,
Vale, Richard L do 18 Feb. 24, 1865 f yr. Substitute: discharged July 16, 1865, at Jington, D. C., on Surgeon's certificate of disability. Warner, Charles do 18 Mch. 17, 1864 3 yrs. Jan. 30, 1864 3 yrs. Warner, Simon P do 18 Jan. 30, 1864 3 yrs. Jescharged June 1, 1865, at Cleveland, order of War Department. Wevandt, John II do 20 Jan. 30, 1864 3 yrs. Weills, Amos K do 19 Dec. 25, 1861 3 yrs. White, William A do 19 Nov. 4, 1861 3 yrs. White, George do 21 Nov. 7, 1861 3 yrs. White, Joshua P do 21 Nov. 7, 1861 3 yrs. Whelen, John do 18 Jan. 12, 1864 3 yrs. White, Joshua P do 21 Nov. 7, 1861 3 yrs. Whelan, John do 19 Jan. 12, 1864 3 yrs. White, George do 21 Nov. 7, 1861 3 yrs.	Andrew J James	do 23 Nov. 27, do 29 Oet. 31,		Died May 12, 1862, at Hamburg, Tenn. Died April 20, 1862, in hospital near New
Warner, Charles .do 18 Mch. 17, 1864 3 yrs. Discharged June 1, 1865, at Cleveland, order of War Department. Warner, Simon P .do 18 Jan. 30, 1864 3 yrs. 3 yrs. Wevandt, John II .do 20 Jan. 30, 1864 3 yrs. Mustered out with company July 13, 1865 Weills, Amos K .do 19 Dec. 25, 1861 3 yrs. Mustered out with company July 13, 1865 White, William A .do 19 Nov. 4, 1861 3 yrs. Mustered out with company July 13, 1865 White, George .do 32 Dec. 5, 1861 3 yrs. Joid Nov. 10, 1862, at Corinth. Miss Mustered out Dec. 25, 1861, on expiration of service. White, Joshua P .do 21 Nov. 7, 1861 3 yrs. White, Joshua P .do 18 Jan. 12, 1864 3 yrs. Wilson, John .do 18 Jan. 12, 1864 3 yrs. Wiseman, Joseph .do 20 Dec. 31, 1863 3 yrs. Wiseman, Joseph .do 42 Dec. 31, 1863 3 yrs.	ırd'L	do 18 Feb. 24,	1865 1 yr.	Substitute: discharged July 16, 1865, at Washington, D. C., on Surgeon's certificate of dis-
Warner, Simon P. do 18 Jan. 30, 1864 3 yrs. Died Aug. —, 1854, in hospital at Rome, 6 Wevandt, John H. do 20 Jan. 30, 1864 3 yrs. Mustered out with company July 13, 1865 Webb, William do 41 Feb. 29, 1865 1 yr. Mustered out with company July 13, 1865 Weills, Amos K. do 19 Dec. 25, 1861 3 yrs. Mustered out with company July 13, 1865 White, William A. do 19 Nov. 4, 1861 3 yrs. Ga., on expiration of term of service. White, George do 32 Dec. 5, 1861 3 yrs. Mustered out with company July 13, 1865 White, Joshua P. do 32 Dec. 5, 1861 3 yrs. Ga., on expiration of term of service. Wheelan, John do 18 Jan. 12, 1864 3 yrs. Mustered out with company July 13, 1865 Wilson, John do 19 Nov. 7, 1861 3 yrs. Wheelan, John do 18 Jan. 12, 1864 3 yrs. Wiseman, Joseph do 42 Dec. 31, 1863 3 yr	harles	do 18 Mch. 17,	1864 3 yrs.	Discharged June 1, 1865, at Cleveland, O., by
Weynandt, John II do 20 Jan. 30, 1864 3 3 yrs. Feb. 29, 1865 1 Mustered out with company July 13, 1865 3 Mustered out with company July 13, 1865 3 Weills, Amos K do 19 Dec. 25, 1861 3 3 yrs. White, William A do 19 Nov. 4, 1861 3 3 yrs. White, George. Mustered out with company July 13, 1865 3 Mustered out with company July 13, 1865 3 <t< td=""><td>mon P</td><td></td><td></td><td>Died Aug. —, 1864, in hospital at Rome, Ga. Mustered out with company July 13, 1865;</td></t<>	mon P			Died Aug. —, 1864, in hospital at Rome, Ga. Mustered out with company July 13, 1865;
Weills, Amos K .do 19 Dec. 25, 1861 3 yrs. Mustered out Dec. 23, 1864, near Sava Ga., on expiration of term of services. White, William A .do .19 Nov. 4, 1861 3 yrs. Mustered out Dec. 23, 1864, near Sava Ga., on expiration of term of services. White, George .do .32 Dec. 5, 1861 3 yrs. Mustered out Dec. 25, 1864, on expiration of term of services. White, Joshua P .do .21 Nov. 7, 1861 3 yrs. Mustered out Dec. 25, 1864, on expiration of term of services. Wheelan, John .do .18 Jan. 12, 1864 3 yrs. Discharged Nov. 14, 1862, at Jackson, 1 on Surgeon's certificate of disability. Wiseman, Joseph .do .42 Dec. 31, 1863 3 yrs. Mustered out with company July 13, veteral out with company July 13, veteran. Discharged Sept. 30, 1864, at East Point of Services. Discharged Sept. 30, 1864, at East Point of Services.	John II liam	do 20 Jan. 30, do 41 Feb. 29,		Mustered out with company July 13, 1865. Substitute; mustered out with company July
White, William A .do .jp Nov. 4, 1861 3 yrs. Died Nov. 10, 1862, at Corinth. Miss wounds received Oct. 4, 1862, at bat wistered out. Discharged Nov. 14, 1862, at Jackson, 7 on Surgeon's certificate of disability. Whelan, John .do 18 Jan. 12, 1864 3 yrs. Wilson, John .do 19 Nov. 6, 1861 3 yrs. Wiseman, Joseph .do 42 Dec. 31, 1863 3 yrs. Wiseman, Joseph .do 42 Dec. 31, 1863 3 yrs.	os K	do 19 Dec. 25,	1861 3 yrs.	Mustere I out Dec. 23, 1864, near Savannah,
White, George	liam A	do 19 Nov. 4,	1861 3 yrs.	Died Nov. 10, 1862, at Corinth, Miss., of wounds received Oct. 4, 1862, at battle of
White, Joshua P. do. 21 Nov. 7, 1861 3 yrs. Discharged Nov. 14, 1862, at Jackson, 7 on Surgeon's certificate of disability. Wilson, John do. 18 Nov. 6, 1861 3 yrs. Wiseman, Joseph do. 42 Dec. 31, 1863 3 yrs. Wiseman, Joseph do. 42 Dec. 31, 1863 3 yrs. Wiseman Green's certificate of disability.	rge	do 32 Dec. 5,	1861 3 yrs.	Mustered out Dec. 25, 1861, on expiration of
Wheelan, John .do 18 Jan. 12, 1864 3 yrs. Mustered out with company July 13, 1865 Wilson, John .do 19 Nov. 6, 1861 3 yrs. Mustered out with company July 13, 1865 Wiseman, Joseph .do 42 Dec. 31, 1863 3 yrs. Wiseman, Joseph .do 42 Osc, 31, 1863 3 yrs. Discharged Sept. 30, 1864, at East Point on Surgeon's certificate of disability.	hua P	do 21 Nov. 7,	1861 3 yrs.	Discharged Nov. 14, 1862, at Jackson, Tenn
Wiseman, Josephdo 42 Dec. 31, 1863 3 yrs. Discharged Sept. 30, 1864, at East Point on Surgeon's certificate of disability.	Johnhn	do 18 Jan. 12, do 19 Nov. 6,		Mustered out with company July 13, 1865. Mustered out with company July 13, 1855;
on Surgeon's certificate of disability.	Joseph	do 42 Dec. 31,	1863 3 yrs.	Discharged Sept. 30, 1864, at East Point, Ga.,
	s R	do 19 Dec. 25,	1861 3 yrs.	Mustered out Dec. 25, 1864, on expiration of
	ith	do 23 Nov. 12,	1861 3 yrs.	Mustered out Dec. 31, 1864, at Columbus, O.,
	liam A	do 18 Noy. 12,	1861 3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 13, 1865;
	John S	do 19 Nov. 2,	1861 3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 13, 1865;
Wrikeman, Asbury. .do. 19 Jan. 21, 1864 3 yrs. Mystered out with company July 13, 1865 Zollars, John. .do. 19 Dec. 19, 1863 3 yrs. Mustered out with company July 13, 1865				Mustered out with company July 13, 1865. Mustered out with company July 13, 1865.

COMPANY D.

Mustered in from Nov. 27 to Dec. 20, 1861, at Camp Andrews, Mt. Vernon, O., by C. L. Poorman, Captain 43d O. V. I. Mustered out July 13, 1865, at Louisville, Ky., by William H. Carr, Captain 10th Illinois Veteran Volunteer Infantry.

Christian L. Poorman	Captain	36	Nov.	21, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Dec. 21, 1861; promoted to Lieut-
Dennis H. Williams	do	30	Dec.	21, 1861	3 yrs.	Colonel 98th O. V. I., Aug. 12, 1862. Promoted from 1st Lieutenant Sept. 3, 1862; discharged March 29, 1865.
Crawford W. Armstrong.	do	20	Dec.	17, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered as private; appointed Sergeant Dec. 31, 1863; 1st Sergeant Aug. 3, 1864; promoted to Captain Feb. 15, 1865; mustered out with company July 13, 1865; veteran.
John S. Hamilton	1st Lieut.	22	Dee,	14, 1861	3 yrs.	Promoted from 1st Sergeant June 17, 1862; to Captain Co. F March 27, 1863.
Thomas G. Harper	do	26	Oet.	1, 1861	3 yrs.	Promoted to 24 Lieutemant from 1st Sergeant Co. A Aug. 12, 1862; 1st Lieutemant Dec. 5, 1862; Captain Nov. 18, 1864, but not mus- tered; mustered out Jan. 11, 1865, on expira- tion of term of service
Andrew J. Fitzgerald	do	22	Oct.	31, 1861	3 yrs.	Transferred from Co. H Jan. 10, 1865; mustered out April 7, 1865, on expiration of term of service.
James W. Dunn	do	20	Dec.	5, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Sergeant from private Dec. 31, 1863; 1st Sergeant April 1, 1865; promoted to 1st Lieutenant May 16, 1865; mustered out with company July 13, 1865; veteran.
Joseph A. Harris Henry J. McFadden	2d Lieut.	21 22		10, 1861 6, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Appointed Dec 21, 1861; resigned July 10, 1862. Appointed Caporal —; promoted to 2d Lieutemunt Nov. 1, 1862; resigned Jan. 23, 1864; commissioned 1st Lieutemunt April 13, 1864, but not mustered.
Milo Wilkinson	do	22	Dec.	16, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered as private; appointed Sergeant June 17, 1862; 1st Sergeant —; promoted to 2d Lieutenant May 9, 1864; died June 29, 1864, at Chattanooga, Tenn.

				of e.	
Names.	Rank.	Age.	Date of Entering the Service.	Period of Service.	Remarks.
William P. Weekly	lst Sergt.	21	Feb. 10, 1862	3 yrs.	Appointed Sergeant from Corporal April 1, 1865; 1st Sergeant June 1, 1865; mustered out
William H. Crabtree	Sergeant	21	Dec. 14, 1861	3 yrs.	with company July 13, 1865; veteran. Appointed Corporal Dec. 31, 1863; Sergeant June 8, 1864; absent, sick at home since Dec. 19, 1864; discharged July 1, 1867, to date
Samuel S. Delaney	do	32	Feb. 19, 1862	3 yrs.	July 13, 1865, at Columbus, 0., on Surgeon's certificate of disability. Appointed Corporal Dec. 31, 1863; Sergeant May 1, 1865; mustered out with company July 13, 1865; veteran.
George F. Major	do,,	21	Dec. 16, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered as private; appointed Sergeant Dec. 31, 1863; promoted to 2d Lieutenant Co. I May 16, 1865; veteran.
Thomas Merrill Henry Miller	do	24 23	Dec. 6, 1861 Nov. 28, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Westered as private; appointed Sergeant —; discharged Oct. 8, 1862, at St. Louis. Mo., on
Alcanzer Rothwell	do	22	Dec. 18, 1861	3 yrs.	Surgeon's certificate of disability. Appointed Corporal June 8,1864; Sergeant June 1, 1865; mustered out with company July 13, 1865; veteran.
Thomas Shepherd	do	25	Dec. 20, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal June 8, 1864; Sergeant June 1, 1865; mustered out with company July 13, 1865; veteran.
Basil M. Simpson	do	19	Feb. 11, 1862	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal Dec. 31, 1863; Sergeant June 8, 1864; promoted to Sergt. Major April 20, 1865; veteran.
Elijah S. Brown	Corporal	18	Dec. 18, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal Aug. 6, 1864; mustered out with company July 13, 1865; veteran.
Jefferson Chamberlain	do	21	Dec. 11, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal —; mustered out Jan.
John Cunnard	do	20	Dec. 5, 1861	3 yrs.	1, 1865, on expiration of term of service. Appointed Corporal —; mustered out Jan. 1,
Robert M. Dent	do	18	Dec. 14, 1861	3 yrs.	1865, on expiration of term of service. Appointed Corporal Jan. 1, 1865; mustered
Abram II. Handel		17	Dec. 18, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal Jan. 1, 1865; mustered out with company July 13, 1865; veteran.
	1	21	Nov. 30, 1861		Appointed Corporal Jan. 1, 1865; mustered out with company July 13, 1865; veteran. Appointed Corporal Jan. 1, 1865; mustered out
Stewart Harris				3 yrs.	with company July 13, 1865; veteran.
Mathew C. Henderson		23	Feb. 8, 1862	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal Jun. 1, 1865; mustered ont with company July 13, 1865; yeteran.
Colostine, Jones	do	23	Dec. 18, 1361	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal May 1, 1865; mustered out with company July 13, 1865; veteran.
James B. McCormick	do	20	Dec. 16, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal —; discharged Aug. 13, 1862, at Columbus, O., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Andrew McKirahan	do	22	Dec. 16, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal Jan. 1, 1865; mustered out with company July 13, 1865; veteran.
William Orr		29	Jan. 26, 1862	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal Dec. 31, 1863; absent, sick; discharged July 5, 1865, at Camp Deunison, O., by order of War Department; veteran.
Ankroin, Thomas	Private	23	Dec. 14, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 13, 1865; veteran.
Applegarth, David	do	18	Dec. 11, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 13, 1865; veteran.
Armstrong, Isaac	do	44	Mch. 16, 1865	1 yr.	Substitute; mustered out with company July 13, 1865.
Applegate, Lewis	do	35	Dec. 17, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged July 28, 1862, at Camp Chase, O.,
Britton, William Ira	do	25	Dec. 6, 1861	3 yrs.	on Surgeon's certificate of disability. Mustered out with company July 13, 1865;
Brown, Thomas B	do	21	Dec. 20, 1361	3 yrs.	veteran. Mustered out wifh company July 13, 1865; vet
Beckett, William H	do	21	Jan. 20, 1864 Feb. 15, 1864	3 yrs.	eran. Mustered out with company July 13, 1865.
Beckett, William H Bowles, George H Bowles, Wilson Bruning, Herman	do	18 20	Feb. 15, 1864	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 13, 1865. Mustered out with company July 13, 1865.
Bruning, Herman	do	36	Nov. 26, 1864	1 yr.	Substitute; mustered out with company July 13, 1865.
Brown, Jacob		19	Mch. 2, 1865	1 yr.	Substitute: mustered out July 27, 1865, at Washington, D. C., by order of War Depart- ment.
Bearly, Hevier		18	Meh. 2, 1865	1 yr.	Substitute; mustered out with company July 13, 1865.
Bigley, Wilson L	do	18	Dec. 5, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 13, 1865;
Belville, Thomas R	do	29	Feb. 16, 1862	3 yrs.	weteran. Mustered out with company July 13, 1865;
Bright, George	do	18	Dec. 2, 1861	3 yrs.	weteran. Mustered out with company July 13, 1865;
Bolon, John C	do	30	Dec. 14, 1861	3 yrs.	Promoted to 1st Lieutenant Co. C, 60th O. V.
Bernhard, Joseph S	do	23	Dec. 14, 1861	3 yrs.	1., April 2, 1864; vetcran. Mustered out Jan. 1, 1865, at Savannah, Ga.,
Baxter, Henry	do	20	Dec. 3, 1861	3 yrs.	on expiration of term of service.
Billingsley, Isaac	do	21	Dec. 7, 1861	3 yrs.	On muster-in roll; no further record found.

Camren, William S. do	Names						
Surgeon's certificate of disabilities Surgeon's certificate of disabilities Surgeon's certificate of disabilities Surgeon's certificate of disabilities Surgeon's certificate of disability Surgeon's certificate	Bart Hary	Names.	Rank.	Age.	Entering the	Period of Service,	Remarks.
Clark, Praneis	Clark, Praneis	Bailey, George	Private	33	Dec. 25, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged Sept. 3, 1862, at Columbus, O. or
Camen, William S. do	Camen, William S	Butts, Henry Beal, Elias Clark, Daniel J Clark, Francis	do do do	35 18	Dec. 25, 1861 Jan. 27, 1864	1 yr. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	1 On muster-in roll; no further record found.
Camren, William Sdo	Camren, William S. do. 21 Dec. 28, 1861 3 yrs. Cope, William H. do. 20 Doc. 13, 1861 3 yrs. Cockran, William H. do. 18 Jan. 29, 1862 3 yrs. Cockran, William H. do. 18 Jan. 29, 1862 3 yrs. Cockran, William H. do. 18 Jan. 29, 1862 3 yrs. Corrected out with company July 13, 1965 veteran. Crymble, James. do. 27 Oct. 8, 1862 9 mos. Colgen, John. do. 42 Nov. 2, 1884 1 yr. Cole, John. do. 35 Oct. 13, 1861 1 yr. Cockran, William H. do. 18 Feb. 8, 1864 1 yr. Cockran, James. do. 27 Oct. 8, 1862 9 mos. Cole, John. do. 42 Nov. 2, 1884 1 yr. Cockran, James. do. 18 Feb. 8, 1864 1 yr. Cockran, James. do. 21 Dec. 14, 1861 3 yrs. Cockran, James. do. 22 Dec. 14, 1861 3 yrs. Coper, Tobias. do. 18 Feb. 8, 1864 3 yrs. Coper, Jacob H. do. 21 Dec. 14, 1861 3 yrs. Copelany, James. do. 22 Feb. 19, 1882 3 yrs. Delany, John H. do. 42 Dec. 14, 1861 3 yrs. Delany, John H. do. 22 Jan. 4, 1865 1 yr. Delany, John H. do. 21 Dec. 16, 1861 3 yrs. Davis, David W. do. 22 Jan. 4, 1865 1 yr. Daris, David W. do. 22 Dec. 16, 1861 3 yrs. Ford, Thomas. do. 20 Dec. 16, 1861 3 yrs. Fowler, Thomas. do. 21 Dec. 16, 1861 3 yrs. Fowler, Thomas. do. 21 Dec. 16, 1861 3 yrs. Fowler, Thomas. do. 31 Nov. 28, 1861 3 yrs. Fowler, Thomas. do. 40 17 Dec. 16, 1861 3 yrs. Fowler, Glenn A. do. 19 Dec. 16, 1861 3 yrs. Collary, Robert M. do. 19 Dec. 16, 1861 3 yrs. Collary, Robert M. do. 19 Dec. 16, 1861 3 yrs. Freeman, Daniel J. do. 17 Dec. 18, 1813 3 yrs. Goldsborough, Ennanuel do. 18 Jan. 27, 1864 3 yrs. Goldsborough, Ennanuel do. 19 Nov. 28, 1861 3 yrs. Goldsborough, Ennanuel do. 19 Nov. 27, 1861 3 yrs. Hartison, Irvin. do. 18 Jan. 2, 1864 3 yrs. Hartison, Irvin. do. 18 Jan. 2, 1864 3 yrs. Goldsborough, Ennanuel do. 19 Nov. 27, 1861 3 yrs. Johnson, David, Sr. do. 43 Dec. 14, 1861 3 yrs. Johnson, David, Sr. do. 43 Dec. 14, 1861 3 yrs. Johnson, David, Sr. do. 43 Dec. 14, 1861 3 yrs. Johnson, David, Sr. do. 43 Dec. 14, 1861 3 yrs. Johnson, William V. do. 22 Dec. 14, 1861 3 yrs. Johnson, William V. do. 22 Dec. 14, 1861 3 yrs. Joh			21		3. yrs.	Mustered out with company July 13, 1865;
Cope, William II	Cope, William H		1		Dec. 11, 1864	1 yr.	Substitute; mustered out with company July
Creighton, Richard	Coeign, William Hdo. 29 Dec. 14, 1861 3 yrs. Minstered out with company July 13, 1 Coeignan, William Hdo. 18 Jan. 29, 1862 3 yrs. Color, Jamesdo. 18 Nov. 27, 1861 3 yrs. Collegen, Johndo. 42 Nov. 2, 1864 1 yr. Collegen, Johndo. 38 April 10, 1865 1 yr. Cooper, Johndo. 30 Oct. 13, 1861 1 yr. Cooper, Tobiasdo. 38 Feb. 8, 1864 3 yrs. Coeper, Johndo. 21 Dec. 14, 1861 3 yrs. Coeper, Johndo. 22 Dec. 14, 1861 3 yrs. Coper, Jacob Hdo. 21 Dec. 14, 1861 3 yrs. Coper, John Hdo. 21 Dec. 14, 1861 3 yrs. Delany, John Hdo. 22 Jan. 4, 1865 1 yr. Durbin, Thomasdo. 25 Feb. 19, 1862 3 yrs. Durbin, Thomasdo. 26 Dec. 16, 1861 3 yrs. Drover, Glenn Ado. 27 Dec. 16, 1861 3 yrs. Coper, Glenn Ado. 29 Dec. 16, 1861 3 yrs. Drover, Glenn Ado. 17 Dec. 16, 1861 3 yrs. Fowler, Thomasdo. 37 Dec. 16, 1861 3 yrs. Proviler, Thomasdo. 38 Jan. 27, 1864 1 yr. Danford, Johndo. 39 Dec. 16, 1861 3 yrs. Drover, Glenn Ado. 19 Dec. 16, 1861 3 yrs. Drover, Glenn Ado. 19 Dec. 16, 1861 3 yrs. Drover, Glenn Ado. 19 Dec. 16, 1861 3 yrs. Drover, Glenn Ado. 19 Dec. 16, 1861 3 yrs. Drover, Glenn Ado. 19 Dec. 16, 1861 3 yrs. Drover, Glenn Ado. 18 Jan. 2, 1864 1 yr. Drover, Glenn Ado. 18 Jan. 2, 1864 1 yr. Drover, Glenn Ado. 18 Jan. 2, 1864 1 yr. Drover, Glenn Ado. 18 Jan. 2, 1864 1 yr. Drover, Glenn Ado. 18 Jan. 2, 1864 1 yr. Drover, Glenn Ado. 18 Jan. 2, 1864 1 yr. Drover, Glenn Ado. 18 Jan. 2, 1864 1 yr. Drover, Glenn Ado. 18 Jan. 2, 1864 1 yr. Drover, Glenn Ado. 19 Dec. 16, 1861 3 yrs. Mustered out with company July 13, 1855, Hered, Jonathan Tdo. 18 Jan. 2, 1864 1 yr. Drover, Glenn Ado. 18 Jan. 2, 1864 1 yr. Drover, Glenn Ado. 18 Jan. 2, 1864 1 yr. Drover, Glenn Ado. 25 Feb. 12, 1863 3 yrs. Hered, Jonathan Tdo. 18 Jan. 2, 1864 1 yr. Drover, Glenn Ado. 26 Feb. 12, 1864 3 yrs. Hered, Jonathan Tdo. 18 Feb. 15, 1861 3 yrs. Hered, Jonathan Tdo. 18 Feb. 15, 1861 3 yrs					3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 13, 1865;
Cochran, William H	Cochran, William H.			- 1	Dec. 14, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 13, 1865;
Corymble, James	Corymble, James					3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 13, 1865;
Coulson, James	Collson, James do 27 Oct. 8, 1862 9 mos. Colgen, John do 42 Nov. 2, 1864 1 yr. Cranston, Francis do 18 April 10, 1865 1 yr. Cole, John do 36 Oct. 13, 1864 1 yr. Cope, Jacob H. do 21 Dec. 14, 1861 2 yrs. Cope, Jacob H. do 22 Jan. 4, 1865 1 yr. Cope, Jacob H. do 22 Jan. 4, 1865 1 yr. Delany, James do 32 Feb. 18, 1862 3 yrs. Durbin, Thomas do 42 Dec. 16, 1861 3 yrs. Durbin, Thomas do 22 Meh. 16, 1865 1 yr. Cope, Thomas do 24 Dec. 16, 1861 3 yrs. Powler, Thomas do 25 Nov. 16, 1864 3 yrs. Fowler, Thomas do 19 Dec. 16, 1861 3 yrs. Fowler, Thomas do 19 Dec. 16, 1861 3 yrs. Fowler, Thomas do 19 Dec. 16, 1861 3 yrs. Powler, Glenn A. do 19 Dec. 16, 1861 3 yrs. Powler, Glenn A. do 19 Dec. 16, 1861 3 yrs. Powler, Glenn A. do 19 Dec. 16, 1861 3 yrs. Powler, Glenn A. do 19 Dec. 16, 1861 3 yrs. Powler, Glenn A. do 19 Dec. 16, 1861 3 yrs. Powler, Glenn A. do 19 Dec. 16, 1861 3 yrs. Powler, Glenn A. do 19 Dec. 16, 1861 3 yrs. Powler, Glenn A. do 19 Dec. 16, 1861 3 yrs. Powler, Glenn A. do 19 Dec. 16, 1861 3 yrs. Powler, Glenn A. do 19 Dec. 16, 1861 3 yrs. Powler, Glenn A. do 19 Dec. 16, 1861 3 yrs. Powler, Glenn A. do 19 Dec. 16, 1861 3 yrs. Powler, Mathias. do 25 Nov. 16, 1864 3 yrs. Powler, Mathias. do 25 Nov. 16, 1864 3 yrs. Powler, Mathias. do 25 Nov. 16, 1864 3 yrs. Powler, Mathias. do 25 Nov. 16, 1864 3 yrs. Powler, Mathias. do 25 Nov. 16, 1864 3 yrs. Powler, Mathias. do 26 Feb. 12, 1863 3 yrs. Powler, Mathias. do 27 Nov. 16, 1864 3 yrs. Powler, Mathias. do 28 Pec. 21, 1861 3 yrs. Powler, Mathias. do 26 Feb. 12, 1861 3 yrs. Powler, Mathias. do 27 Nov. 16, 1864 3 yrs. Powler, Mathias. do 28 Pec. 21, 1861 3 yrs. Powler, Mathias. do 28 Pec. 21, 1861 3 yrs. Powler, Mathias. do 28 Pec. 21, 1861 3 yrs. Powler, Mathias. do 29 Pec. 21, 1861 3 yrs. Powler, Mathias. do 29 Pec. 21, 1861 3 yrs. Powler, Mathias. do 29 Pec. 21, 1861 3 yrs. Powler, Mathias. do 29 Pec. 21, 1861 3 yrs. Powler, Mathias. do 29 Pec. 21, 1861 3 yrs. Powler, Mathias. Powler, Mathias. Powler, Mathias. Powler, Mathias. Powler, Mathias. Powler, Mathias. Powler, M					3 yrs.	On detached service as Asst. Postmaster 1st Division, 17th Army Corps; mustered out with company July 13, 1865; veterry
Colgen, John	Colgen, John do 42 Nov. 2, 1864 yr. Cranston, Francis do 18 April 10, 1865 yr. Cooper, Tobias do 26 Cet. 13, 1864 yr. Cooper, Tobias do 27 Dec. 14, 1861 yr. Coper, John do 28 Coehlin, Patrick do 21 Dec. 14, 1861 yr. Coper, Jacob H. do 22 Dec. 14, 1861 yr. Coper, Jacob H. do 22 Dec. 14, 1861 yr. Coper, Jacob H. do 23 Dec. 14, 1861 yr. Coper, Jacob H. do 24 Jan. 29, 1864 yr. Delany, Janes do 32 Feb. 19, 1862 yrs. Delany, Janes do 32 Feb. 19, 1862 yrs. Delany, Janes do 32 Feb. 19, 1863 yrs. Delany, Janes do 32 Feb. 19, 1863 yrs. David W do 22 Dec. 16, 1861 yrs. Powler, Thomas do 22 Meb. 16, 1865 yrs. Fowler, Thomas do 24 Dec. 16, 1861 yrs. Fowler, Thomas do 31 Jan. 27, 1864 yrs. Freenan, Daniel J do 18 Feb. 29, 1861 yrs. Freenan, Daniel J do 18 Feb. 19, 1864 yrs. Danson, David, Jr. do 28 Feb. 19, 1864 yrs. Danson, David, Jr. do 29 Dec. 21, 1861 yrs. Johnson, David, Jr. do 29 Dec. 21, 1861 yrs. Johnson, David, Jr. do 29 Dec. 21, 1861 yrs. Johnson, David, Jr. do 29 Dec. 14, 1861 yrs. Johnson, David, Jr. do 29 Dec. 14, 1861 yrs. Johnson, David, Jr. do 29 Dec. 14, 1861 yrs. Johnson, Welliam V do 23 Dec. 14, 1861 yrs. Johnson, Welliam V do 25 Dec. 14, 1861 yrs. Johnson, David, Jr. do 29 Dec. 14, 1861 yrs. Johnson, Carper W do 28 Dec. 14, 1861 yrs. Johnson, David, Jr. do 29 Dec. 14, 1861 yrs. Johnson, Carper W do 28 Dec. 14, 1861 yrs. Johnson, Carper W do 28 Dec. 14, 1861 yrs. Johnson, David, Jr. do 29 Dec. 14, 1861 yrs. Johnson, Carper W do 28 Dec. 14, 1861 yrs. Johnson, Carper W do 28 Dec. 14, 1861 yrs. Johnson, Carper W do 28 Dec. 14, 1861 yrs. Johnson, Carper W do 28 Dec. 14, 1861 yrs. Johnson, Carper W do 28 Dec. 14, 1861 yrs. Johnson, Carper W do 28 Dec. 14, 1861 yrs. Johnson, Carper W do 28 Dec. 14, 1861 yrs. Johnson, Carper W do 28 Dec. 14, 1861 yrs. Johnson, Carper W do 28 Dec. 14, 1861 yrs. Johnson, Carper W do 28 Dec. 14, 1861 yrs. Johnson, Carper W do 28 Dec. 14, 1861 yrs. Johnson, Carper W do 28 Dec. 14, 1861 yrs. Jo			18	Nov. 27, 1861	3 yrs.	mustered out with company July 13, 1865;
Cranston. Francis do 18	Cranston, Francis do			27	Oct. 8, 1862	9 mos.	Drafted; mustered out Aug. 18, 1863, at Colum-
Cole, John	Cole		į į	42	Nov. 2, 1864	1 yr.	Drafted; mustered out May 8, 1865, at Columbus, O. by order of War Department
Cooper, Tobias.	Cooper, Tobias.			18	April 10, 1865	1 yr.	Substitute; mustered out May 8, 1865, at Co-
Cochlin, Patrick	Cochlin, Patrick			36	Oct. 13, 1864	l yr.	Draffed: mustered out May 8 1865 of Column
Dec. 1, 1861 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	Dec. 14, 1861 3 yrs. Dec. 14, 1861 3 yrs. Dec. 14, 1861 3 yrs. Delany, John H.			18	Feb. 8, 1864	3 yrs.	Died March 15, 1861, in hospital at Decatur,
Delany, John H.	Delany, John H	Coehlin, Patrick	do	21	Dec. 9, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged Sept. 24, 1862, at St. Louis, Mo., on
Delany, James do do 22 Jan 29, 1864 pl. 1862 s.yrs. David W do 22 Jan 4, 1865 l.yrs. David W do 22 Jan 4, 1865 l.yrs. Durbin, Thomas do .	Delany, James	- '		21	Dec. 14, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged Jan. 31, 1863, at Columbus, O., on
Darbin, David W.	Darbin, Thomas	Delany, John H Delany, James	do	42 32		3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 13, 1865. Mustered out with company July 13, 1865; vet-
Danford, John	Danford, John	Davis, David W	do	22	Jan. 4, 1865	1 yr.	Substitute; mustered out May 8, 1865, at Co-
Dannford, John	Dannford, John	Durbin, Thomas	do	42	Dec. 16, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged Jan. 11, 1863, at Jackson, Tenn.,
Ford, Thomas	Ford, Thomas.	Danford, John Evans, Philip S	do		Dec. 20, 1861 Dec. 16, 1861		On muster-in roll; no further record found. Mustered out with company July 13, 1865; vet-
Fowler, Thomas	Fowler, Thomas	Ford, Thomas	do	22	Mch. 16, 1865	1 yr.	Substitute; mustered out with company July
Fowler, Glenn A	Fowler, Glenn A			• • •	Oet. 6, 1864	3 yrs.	Taken up on rolls of 43d O. V. I., by error; returned to Co. C. 38th O. V. I., April 26,
Fox, Gaston M	Freeman, Daniel J	Fowler, Glenn A	do	19	Dec. 16, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 13, 1865;
Mustered out with company July 13, 1865; veteran.	Treeman, Daniel J	Fox, Gaston M	do	17	Dec. 16, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 13, 1865;
Goldsborough, Emanuel do 18 Jan. 27, 1864 3 yrs. Hanker, Mathias do 25 Nov. 16, 1864 1 yr. Haines, Thomas do 40 Dec. 20, 1861 3 yrs. Huntsman, Thomas do 31 Nov. 28, 1861 3 yrs. Huntsman, Thomas do 18 Jan. 2, 1864 3 yrs. Heed, Jonathan T. do 18 Feb. 15, 1864 3 yrs. Johnson, Samuel do 18 Dec. 14, 1861 3 yrs. Johnson, David, Sr. do 18 Dec. 21, 1861 3 yrs. Johnson, David, Jr. do 19 Nov. 27, 1861 3 yrs. Johnson, David, Jr. do 19 Nov. 27, 1861 3 yrs. Johnson, William T. do 18 Feb. 20, 1864 3 yrs. Johnson, William T. do 25 Dec. 12, 1861 3 yrs. Johnson, William V. do 25 Dec. 12, 1861 3 yrs. Johnson, William V. do 25 Dec. 12, 1861 3 yrs. Johnson, William V. do 26 Dec. 12, 1861 3 yrs. Johnson, William V. do 27 Dec. 12, 1861 3 yrs. Johnson, William V. do 28 Dec. 14, 1861 3 yrs. Johnson, William V. do 29 Dec. 12, 1861 3 yrs. Johnson, William V. do 29 Dec. 12, 1861 3 yrs. Johnson, William V. do 21 Dec. 12, 1861 3 yrs. Johnson, William V. do 22 Dec. 12, 1861 3 yrs. Johnson, William V. do 23 Dec. 14, 1861 3 yrs. Johnson, William V. do 25 Dec. 12, 1861 3 yrs. Johnson, William V. do 26 Dec. 12, 1861 3 yrs. Johnson, William V. do 27 Dec. 12, 1861 3 yrs. Johnson, William V. do 28 Dec. 14, 1861 3 yrs. Johnson, William V. do 29 Dec. 12, 1861 3 yrs. Johnson, William V. do 29 Dec. 12, 1861 3 yrs. Johnson, William V. do 29 Dec. 14, 1861 3 yrs. Johnson, William V. do 29 Dec. 14, 1861 3 yrs. Johnson, William V. do 29 Dec. 14, 1861 3 yrs. Johnson, William V. do 29 Dec. 14, 1861 3 yrs. Johnson, William V. do 29 Dec. 14, 1861 3 yrs. Johnson, William V. do 29 Dec. 14, 1861 3 yrs. Johnson, William V. do 29 Dec. 14, 1861 3 yrs. Johnson, William V. do 29 Dec. 14, 1861 3 yrs. Johnson, William V. do 29 Dec. 14, 1861 3 yrs. Johnson, William V. do 29 Dec. 14, 1861 3 yrs. Johnson, William V. do 29 Dec. 14, 1861 3 yrs. Johnson, William V. do 29 Dec. 14, 1861 3 yrs. Johnson, William V. do 29 Dec. 14, 1861 3 yrs. Johnson, William V. do 29 Dec. 14, 1861 3 yrs. Johnson, William V. do 29 Dec. 14, 1861 3 yrs. Johnson, William V. do 29 Dec. 14, 1861 3 yrs.	Goldsborough, Emanuel do 18 Jan. 27, 1864 3 yrs. Hanker, Mathias do 25 Nov. 16, 1864 1 yr. Hanker, Mathias do 25 Nov. 16, 1864 1 yr. Huntsman, Thomas do 31 Nov. 28, 1861 3 yrs. Huntsman, Thomas do 18 Jan. 2, 1864 3 yrs. Harrison, Irvin do 18 Jan. 2, 1864 3 yrs. Heed, Jonathan T. do 18 Feb. 15, 1864 3 yrs. Johnson, Samuel do 18 Dec. 14, 1861 3 yrs. Johnson, David, Sr. do 18 Feb. 12, 1862 3 yrs. Johnson, David, Jr. do 19 Nov. 27, 1861 3 yrs. Johnson, David, Jr. do 19 Nov. 27, 1861 3 yrs. Johnson, William T. do 18 Feb. 20, 1864 3 yrs. Jones, Wesley do 25 Dec. 12, 1861 3 yrs. Johnson, William V. do 23 Dec. 14, 1861 3 yrs. Johnson, William V. do 25 Dec. 12, 1861 3 yrs. Johnson, William V. do 26 Dec. 12, 1861 3 yrs. Johnson, William V. do 27 Dec. 12, 1861 3 yrs. Johnson, William V. do 28 Dec. 14, 1861 3 yrs. Johnson, William V. do 29 Dec. 12, 1861 3 yrs. Johnson, William V. do 29 Dec. 12, 1861 3 yrs. Johnson, William V. do 29 Dec. 12, 1861 3 yrs. Johnson, William V. do 29 Dec. 12, 1861 3 yrs. Johnson, William V. do 29 Dec. 12, 1861 3 yrs. Johnson, William V. do 29 Dec. 12, 1861 3 yrs. Johnson, William V. do 29 Dec. 12, 1861 3 yrs. Johnson, William V. do 29 Dec. 12, 1861 3 yrs. Johnson, William V. do 21 Dec. 12, 1861 3 yrs. Johnson, William V. do 21 Dec. 12, 1861 3 yrs. Johnson, William V. do 22 Dec. 12, 1861 3 yrs. Johnson, William V. do 25 Dec. 12, 1861 3 yrs. Johnson, William V. do 26 Dec. 12, 1861 3 yrs. Johnson, William V. do 27 Jestitute a sheart sick in hospital since A	Freeman, Daniel J	do	17	Dec. 16, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 13, 1865;
Hauker, Mathias	Hanker, Mathias	Goldsborough, Emanuel.	do			3 yrs.	
Haines, Thomas	Haines, Thomas						veteran.
Huntsman, Thomas do 31 Nov. 23, 1861 3 yrs. Harrison, Irvin do 18 Jan. 2, 1864 3 yrs. Heed, Jonathan T. do 18 Feb. 15, 1864 3 yrs. Johnson, Samuel do 18 Dec. 14, 1861 3 yrs. Jones, Simon do 26 Feb, 12, 1862 3 yrs. Johnson, David, Sr. do 43 Dec. 21, 1861 3 yrs. Johnson, David, Jr do 19 Nov. 27, 1861 3 yrs. Johnson, David, Jr do 19 Nov. 27, 1861 3 yrs. Jones, William T. do 18 Feb. 20, 1864 3 yrs. Jones, William T. do 25 Dec. 12, 1861 3 yrs. Johnson, William V do 25 Dec. 14, 1861 3 yrs. Johnson, William V do 25 Dec. 14, 1861 3 yrs. Johnson, William V do 26 Dec. 12, 1861 3 yrs. Johnson, William V do 27 Dec. 12, 1861 3 yrs. Johnson, William V do 28 Dec. 14, 1861 3 yrs. Johnson, William V do 29 Dec. 12, 1861 3 yrs. Johnson, William V do 28 Dec. 14, 1861 3 yrs. Johnson, William V do 29 Dec. 12, 1861 3 yrs. Johnson, William V do 29 Dec. 12, 1861 3 yrs. Johnson, William V do 29 Dec. 12, 1861 3 yrs. Lischarged Jan. 23, 1863, at Evansville, Ind., on Surgeon's certificate of disability. Discharged Jan. 23, 1863, at Camp Clear Creek, Miss., on Surgeon's certificate of disability. Mustered out with company July 13, 1865; Discharged July 31, 1863, at Evansville, Ind., on Surgeon's certificate of disability. Mustered out with company July 13, 1865; Veteran.	Huntsman, Thomas do 31 Nov. 28, 1861 3 yrs. Harrison, Irvin do 18 Jan. 2, 1864 3 yrs. Heed, Jonathan T do 18 Feb. 15, 1861 3 yrs. Johnson, Samuel do 18 Dec. 14, 1861 3 yrs. Jones, Simon do 26 Feb, 12, 1862 3 yrs. Johnson, David, Sr. do 43 Dec. 21, 1861 3 yrs. Johnson, David, Jr do 19 Nov. 27, 1861 3 yrs. Johnson, David, Jr do 19 Nov. 27, 1861 3 yrs. Jones, William T do 18 Feb. 20, 1864 3 yrs. Jones, William T do 25 Dec. 12, 1861 3 yrs. Johnson, William V do 25 Dec. 14, 1861 3 yrs. Johnson, William V do 25 Dec. 14, 1861 3 yrs. Johnson, William V do 25 Dec. 14, 1861 3 yrs. Johnson, William V do 25 Dec. 12, 1861 3 yrs. Johnson, William V do 27, 1865 3 yrs. Lectron Died Sept. 14, 1864, in Rebel Prison at An Sonville, Ga. Mustered out with company July 13, 1865. Discharged July 31, 1863, at Camp Memp Teun., on Surgeon's certificate of disability. Johnson, William V do 23 Dec. 14, 1861 3 yrs. Johnson, William V do 25 Dec. 12, 1861 3 yrs. Johnson, William V do 28 Dec. 14, 1861 3 yrs. Johnson, William V do 28 Dec. 14, 1861 3 yrs. Johnson, William V do 18 Web, 7, 1865 1, yrs. Lectron Mustered out with company July 13, 1865. Lectron Mustered out with com		1	-		Ì	1865.
Harrison, Irvin	Harrison, Irvin						veteran.
Med Johnson Marker Med	Heed, Jonathan T.						veteran.
Jones, Simon .do 26 Feb., 12, 1862 3 yrs. Mustered out with company July 13, 1865; veetran. Johnson, David, Sr. .do 43 Dec. 21, 1861 3 yrs. Discharged July 31, 1863, at Camp Memphis. Tenn., on Surgeon's certificate of disability. Died Sept. 14, 1864, in Rebel Prison at Andersonville, Ga. Jones, William T. .do 25 Dec. 12, 1861 3 yrs. Johnson, William V .do 23 Dec. 14, 1861 3 yrs. Johnson, William V .do 23 Dec. 14, 1861 3 yrs. Johnson, William V .do 23 Dec. 12, 1861 3 yrs. Johnson, William V .do 23 Dec. 12, 1861 3 yrs. Johnson, William V .do 23 Dec. 12, 1861 3 yrs. Johnson, William V .do 23 Dec. 12, 1861 3 yrs. Johnson, William V .do 23 Dec. 12, 1861 3 yrs. Johnson, William V .do 22 Dec. 12, 1861 3 yrs. Wustered out with company July 13, 1865; vet. .do 24 Wustered ou	Jones, Simon .do 26 Feb. 12, 1862 3 yrs. Mustered out with company July 13, 1863, at Camp Memp July 13, 1863, at Camp Memp July 31, 1864, in Rebel Prison at Ansonville, Ga. Jones, William T. .do 18 Feb. 20, 1864 3 yrs. Jones, Wesley .do 25 Dec. 12, 1861 3 yrs. Johnson, William V .do 23 Dec. 14, 1861 3 yrs. Johnson, William V .do 23 Dec. 14, 1861 3 yrs. Kinney, Thomas .do 22 Dec. 12, 1861 3 yrs. Venney, George W .do 18 Mely 7, 1865 1 yrs.	Heed, Jonathan T	do	18	Feb. 15, 1861	3 yrs.	Died July 1, 1864, at Pulaski, Tenn. Mustered out with company July 13, 1865;
Johnson, David, Sr. do 43 Dec. 21, 1861 3 yrs. Discharged July 31, 1863, at Camp Memphis. Tenn. on Surgeon's certificate of disability. Discharged July 31, 1863, at Camp Memphis. Tenn. on Surgeon's certificate of disability. Discharged July 31, 1863, at Camp Memphis. Tenn. on Surgeon's certificate of disability. Discharged July 31, 1863, at Camp Memphis. Tenn. on Surgeon's certificate of disability. Discharged July 31, 1863, at Camp Memphis. Tenn. on Surgeon's certificate of disability. Discharged July 31, 1863, at Camp Memphis. Tenn. on Surgeon's certificate of disability. Discharged July 31, 1863, at Camp Memphis. Tenn. on Surgeon's certificate of disability. Discharged July 31, 1863, at Camp Memphis. Tenn. on Surgeon's certificate of disability. Discharged July 31, 1863, at Camp Memphis. Tenn. on Surgeon's certificate of disability. Discharged July 31, 1863, at Camp Memphis. Tenn. on Surgeon's certificate of disability. Discharged July 31, 1863, at Camp Memphis. Tenn. on Surgeon's certificate of disability. Discharged July 31, 1863, at Camp Memphis. Tenn. on Surgeon's certificate of disability. Discharged July 31, 1863, at Camp Memphis. Tenn. on Surgeon's certificate of disability. Discharged July 31, 1863, at Camp Memphis. Tenn. on Surgeon's certificate of disability. Discharged July 31, 1863, at Camp Memphis. Tenn. on Surgeon's certificate of disability. Discharged July 31, 1863, at Camp Memphis. Tenn. on Surgeon's certificate of disability. Discharged July 31, 1863, at Camp Memphis. Tenn. on Surgeon's certificate of disability. Discharged July 31, 1863, at Camp Memphis. Tenn. on Surgeon's certificate of disability. Discharged July 31, 1863, at Camp Memphis. Tenn. on Surgeon's certificate of disability. Discharged July 31, 1863, at Camp Memphis. Tenn. on Surgeon's certificate of disability. Discharged July 31, 1863, at Camp Memphis. Tenn. on Surgeon's certificate of disability. Discharged July 31, 1863, at Camp Memphis. Tenn. on Surgeon's certificate of disability. Discharged July 31, 1863, at Camp Memphis	Johnson, David, Sr. do 43 Dec. 21, 1861 3 yrs. Discharged July 31, 1863, at Camp Memp Tenn., on Surgeon's certificate of disability. Johnson, William T. do 18 Feb. 20, 1864 3 yrs. Johnson, William V. do 23 Dec. 14, 1861 3 yrs. Johnson, William V. do 23 Dec. 14, 1861 3 yrs. Kinney, Thomas do 22 Dec. 12, 1861 3 yrs. William V. do 23 Dec. 14, 1861 3 yrs. Kinney, Thomas do 24 Dec. 12, 1861 3 yrs. William V. do 25 Dec. 14, 1861 3 yrs. William V. do 26 Dec. 14, 1861 3 yrs. William V. do 27, 1865 1 yrs. William V. do 28 Dec. 14, 1861 3 yrs. William V. do 18 Mely 7, 1865 1 yrs. William V. do 18 Mely 7, 1865 1 yrs. William V. do 18 Mely 7, 1865 1 yrs. William V. do 18 Mely 7, 1865 1 yrs. William V. do 18 Mely 7, 1865 1 yrs. William V. do 18 Mely 7, 1865 1 yrs. William V. do 18 Mely 7, 1865 1 yrs.	Jones, Simon	do :	26	Feb, 12, 1862	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 13, 1865;
Johnson, David, Jr	Johnson, David, Jr	Johnson, David, Sr	·lo	43	Dec. 21, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged July 31, 1863, at Camp Memphis,
Jones, William T. do. 18 Feb. 20, 1864 3 yrs. Jones, Wesley do. 25 Dec. 12, 1861 3 yrs. Johnson, William V. do. 23 Dec. 14, 1861 3 yrs. Kinney, Thomas do. 22 Dec. 12, 1861 3 yrs. Mustered out with company July 13, 1865. Discharged Jan. 23, 1863, at Evansville, Ind., on Surgeon's certificate of disability. Discharged Aug. 9, 1862, at Camp Clear Creek, Miss., on Surgeon's certificate of disability. Venner, George W. do. 18 Meb. 7, 1865, 1 yrs. Western down with company July 13, 1865.	Jones, William T. do 18 Feb. 20, 1864 3 yrs. Jones, Wesley do 25 Dec. 12, 1861 3 yrs. Johnson, William V. do 23 Dec. 14, 1861 3 yrs. Kinney, Thomas do 22 Dec. 12, 1861 3 yrs. Let 17, 1861 3 yrs. Dec. 14, 1861 3 yrs. Dec. 14, 1861 3 yrs. Let 18, 1862, at Camp Clear Crew Miss., on Surgeon's certificate of disabil Mustered out with company July 13, 1865; Let 18, 1861 2 yrs. Mustered out with company July 13, 1865, 1 yrs. Mustered out with company July 13, 1865, 2 yrs. Mustered out with company July 13, 1865, 1 yrs. Mustered out with company July 13, 1865, 2 yrs.						Died Sept. 14, 1864, in Rebel Prison at Ander- sonville Ga
Johnson, William V do 23 Dec. 14, 1861 3 yrs. Discharged Aug. 9, 1862, at Camp Clear Creek, Miss., on Surgeon's certificate of disability. Missered out with company July 13, 1865; ver.	Johnson, William V do 23 Dec. 14, 1861 3 yrs. Discharged Aug. 9, 1862, at Camp Clear Cr. Kinney, Thomas do 22 Dec. 12, 1861 3 yrs. Miss., on Surgeon's certificate of disabil Mustered out with company July 13, 1865; Evan.	Jones, Wesley	do		Feb. 20, 1864 Dec. 12, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 13, 1865. Discharged Jan. 23, 1863, at Evansville, Ind.,
Kinney, Thomas	Kinney, Thomas	Johnson, William V	do	23	Dec. 14, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged Aug. 9, 1862, at Camp Clear Creek, Miss. on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Vooper Coorge W do 18 Mah 7 1865 1 vr Substitute absent sick in hespital since April	Vooper Coords W do 18 Mah 7 1865 1 vr Substitute; obsent sick in hospital since A			22	Dec. i2, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 15, 1809; vet-
	July 13, 1965.	Keeper, George W	do	18	Mch. 7, 1865	1 yr.	Substitute; absent, sick in hospital since April 29, 1865; mustered out Nov. 24, 1865, to date July 13, 1865.

				li libert .	
Namos.	Rank.	Age.	Date of Entering the Service.	Period of Service.	Remarks.
Kinney, William Lindsey, William	Privatedo	24 18	Dec. 18, 1861 Dec. 6, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Died Oct. 26, 1862, at Corinth, Miss. Mustered out with company July 13, 1865; vet-
Laws, John	do	37	Meh. 2, 1865	l yr.	eran. Substitute: mustered out with company July
Lewis, John I Lewis, Isaac P Lictly, Amos	do do	18 18 22	Feb. 15, 1864 Feb. 15, 1864 Meh. 28, 1865	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 1 yr.	13, 1865. Mustered out with company July 13, 1865. Mustered out with company July 13, 1865. Substitute; mustered out with company July
Lucas, Enos		21	Feb. 4, 1864	3 yrs.	13, 1865. Mustered out with company July 13, 1865;
Lambright, Phillip F		38	Nov. 16, 1864	1 yr.	veteran. Drafted; mustered out with company July 13,
Longnecker, Peter	do	18	Meh. 2, 1865	1 yr.	1865. Substitute: mustered out with company July
Lowrey, Henry	do,,	18	Aug. 30, 1864	1 yr.	13, 1865. Absent, sick since enrollment; no further re-
Martin, Patrick	do	30	Feb. 3, 1864	3 yrs.	cord found. Died March 7, 1865, in Hospital 17th Army
Meadly, Samuel Maule, Charles L	do	18 26	Jan. 8, 1864 Nov. 16, 1864	3 yrs. 1 yr.	Died March 7, 1865, in Hospital 17th Army Corps. North Carolina. Died Feb. 24, 1864, at Covington, Ky. Dratted: died March 23, 1865, in Hospital 17th Army Corps, North Carolina.
Miller, John	do	23	Sept. 23, 1864	l yr.	Drafted; mustered ont July 1, 1865, at Louisville, Ky., by order of War Department.
McFadden, Matthew K			Nov. 30, 1861	3 yrs.	Hischarged : enlisted in Co (+ 73th () V
McKeen, David H	do	19	Dec. 16, 1861	3 yrs.	L. Feb. 13, 1862. Discharged Nov. II, 1862, at Columbus, O., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Mayhugh, Jefferson C Moore, Robert MeKirahan, Joseph Morrow, Robert	do	19 23 18 26	Feb. 20, 1864 Dec. 18, 1861 Feb. 15, 1864 Dec. 15, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 13, 1865, Dicd-June 16, 1863, at Memphis. Tenn. Mustered out with company July 13, 1865, Mustered out with company July 13, 1865; vet-
McKeen, John		24	Dec. 16, 1861	3 yrs.	eran. Mustered out with company July 13, 1865; vet-
Moore, Nathan	do	25	Dec. 26, 1861	3 yrs.	eran. Discharged June 13, 1865, at Columbus O., by
Nixon, George W Nixon, James Newton, John W	do	24 19 26	Dec. 14, 1861 Dec. 10, 1861 Dec. 12, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs 3 yrs.	order of War Department; veteran. Died March 5, 1861, at Pulaski, Tenn. Discharged Sept. 29, 1862, St. Louis, Mo., on Sur-
Nichols, George E		24	Feb. 19, 1862	3 yrs.	geon's certificate of disability. Mustered out June 8, 1865, at Wheeling, Va.
Owings, Singleton D Owings, William	do	18 30	Feb. 28, 1864 Dec. 13, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Va., by order of War Departments veterab. Mustered ont with company July 13, 1865. Appointed Corporal Dec. 31, 1863; reduced Aug.
Oelkers, Christian	do	18	May 11, 1864	3 yrs.	8, 1864; mustered out with company July 13, 1865; veteran. Drafted; mustered out with company July 13, 1865.
Patterson, William	do	20	Nov. 27, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged July 5, 1862, at Camp Chase, O., on
Poole, David	do	21	Dec. 14, 1861	3 yrs.	Surgeon's certificate of disability. Died Aug. 24, 1862, in Regimental Hospital at Iuka, Miss.
Perry, Israel	do	21	Dec. 17, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged Sept. 11, 1862, at Columbus, O., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Penn, Charles W	do	26	Dec. 18, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged Aug. 4, 1862, at Camp Chase, O., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Poulson, Thomas		21	Jan. 8, 1862	3 yrs.	Mustered out Jan. 1, 1865, on expiration of term of service.
Paxson, William		22	Dec. 19, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 13, 1865; vet-
Rimbey, Uriah Ritenhour, Benson	do	36 19	Dec. 9, 1861 Feb. 5, 1864	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Died Sept. 5, 1864, at Marietta, Ga.; veteran. Mustered out June 17, 1865, at Mt. Pleasant Hospital, Washington, D. C., by order of
Romans, Lewis T	do	23	Oct. 8, 1862	9 mos.	War Department. Drafted; mustered out Aug. 18, 1863, at Columbus, O., on expiration of term of service.
Robinson, James T	do	19	Dec. 23, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 13, 1865; veteran.
Russell, Alexander		27	Oct. 8, 1862	9 mos.	Drafted; mustered out Aug. 18, 1863, at Columbus. O., on expiration of term of service.
Steadman, David W			Dec. 29, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 13, 1865; veteran.
Steadman, Henry	Í		Dec. 20, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 13, 1865; veteran.
Shipman, Armstead M			Jan. 9, 1862	3 yrs,	Mnstered out with company July 13, 1865; veteran.
Stahl, Ephriam		1	Nov. 28, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 13, 1865; veteran.
Steadman, Humphrey		1	Dec. 20, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 13, 1865; vet-
Strickland, Otho Shepherd, Isaiah Snider, Henry F Spese, Henry	do do do	29 25 25 19	Dec. 26, 1861 Dec. 26, 1861 Feb. 1, 1864 Meh. 1, 1865	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs. 1 yr.	Died Sept. 9, 1862, at Iuka, Miss. Died Sept. 11, 1862, at Iuka, Miss. Mustered out with company July 13, 1865. Substitute; mustered out with company July 13, 1865.
		1	L	1	

Names.	Rank.	Age.	Date of Entering the Service.	Period of Service.	Remarks.
Speakman, George W	Private	18	Meh. 11, 1865	1 yr.	Substitute; mustered out with company July
Stoll, Alexander	do	18	Meh. 3, 1865	1 yr.	13, 1865. Substitute; mustered out with company July
Scrycler, Addison	do	31	Feb. 15, 1864	3 yrs.	13, 1865. Died May 12, 1864, at Decatur, Ala.; borne op
Six, George W	do	42	Nov. 16, 1864	1 yr.	Roll of Honor as Addison Snyder. Drafted; died March 12, 1865, in Hospital 17th
Scales, Madison	do	21 21	Feb. 3, 1864 Dec. 19, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Army Corps, near Lafayetteville, N. C. Died Sept. 29, 1864, at Rome, Ga. Mustered out with company July 13, 1865; vet-
Tiernan, James V	do	26	Dec. 10, 1861	3 yrs.	eran. Discharged July 30, 1862, at Cincinnati, O., on
Taylor, Franklin Taylor, Charles Taylor, John W	do	22	Feb. 3, 1864 Feb. 27, 1864 Dec. 14, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Surgeon's certificate of disability. Mustered out with company July 13, 1865. Died July 19, 1865, at Nashville, Tenn. Mustered out Jan. 1, 1865, on expiration of
Uhleman, Augustus	do	33	Oct. 4, 1862	9 mos.	term of service. Drafted; mustered out Aug. 18, 1863, at Co-
Velton, Philip	do.,,,	36	Oct. 8, 1862	9 mos.	lumbus, O., on expiration of term of service. Dratted; mustered out Aug. 18, 1863, at Columbus, O., on expiration of term of
Vanhorn, Clark	do	24	Dec. 19, 1861	3 yrs.	service. Discharged March 17, 1863, at Bethel, Tenn on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Wilds, Henry Williams, Levi Weekly, Umphrey B Walford, Benjamin F	do		Dec. 6, 1861 Dec. 20, 1861 Feb. 3, 1864 Mch. 3, 1865	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs. 1 yr.	Died Nov. 7, 1862, at Jackson, Tenn. Mustered out with company July 13, 1865. Substitute; mustered out with company July
West, James		-	Feb. 17, 1865	1 yr.	13, 1865. Substitute; mustered out with company July
Weekly, Martin L		20	Dec. 24, 1861	1 yr.	13, 1865. Mustered out with company July 13, 1865;
					veteran.
Weekly, Elijah M		18	Dec. 24, 1861	l yr.	Mustered out with company July 13, 1865; veteran.
Welfly, Gottleib F	do.,	33	Oct. 11, 1862	9 mos.	Drafted; mustered out Aug. 18, 1863, at Columbus, O, on expiration of term of service
Wilson, John R	do	18	Dec. 20, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out Jan. 1, 1865, on expiration of
Yarnald, Ziber	do	21	Dec. 20, 1861	3 yrs.	term of Service. Discharged Aug. 11 1862, at Columbus, O., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.

COMPANY E.

Mustered in from Oct. 8 to Dec. 26, 1861, at Camp Andrews, Mt. Vernon, O., by John P. Kinney, 1st Lieutenant 43d O. V. I., and David F. Phillips, 2d Lieutenant 43d O. V. I. Mustered out July 13, 1865, at Louisville, Ky., by William II. Carr, Captain 10th Illinois Veteran Volunteer lufantry.

Harley H. Sage	Captain	27	Oct. 7, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Dec. 34, 1861; promoted to Major Oct. 12, 1862.
Luther Stewart	do	19	Oct. 1, 1861	3 yrs.	
John P. Kinney				3 yrs.	
Renick Huston	do	24	Oet. 1, 1861	3 yrs.	Promoted to 2d Lieutemant from 1st Sergeant May 17, 1862; 1st Lieutemant Aug. 12, 1862; resigned June 22, 1863.
Martin L. Briner	do	24	Nov. 8, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered as private; appointed 1st Sergeant—; promoted to 2d Lieutenant June 29, 1862; 1st Lieutenant Oct. 4, 1862; transferred to Co. II April 1, 1865
John W. Baughman	do	27	Nov. 23, 1861	3 yrs.	
David F. Philips	2d Lieut.	36	Nov. 14, 1861	3 yrs.	Resigned May 17, 1862.
Andrew J. Fitzgerald	do	22	Oct. 31, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered as private: promoted to 2d Lieu- tenant Nov 4, 1862; 1st Lieutenant Co. II April 13, 1864.
Washington G. Irwin	do	24	Sept. 14, 1561	3 yrs.	Promoted from Q. M. Sergeaut Nov. 18, 1864; to 1st Lieutenant Jan. 18, 1865, but not mustered.
Tilden Jones					—; promoted to Licutenant in 17th U.S. Colored Infantry; veteran.
Levi Oman					Mustered as private: appointed 1st Sergoant ; promoted to 1st Lieutenant Co. K May 16, 1865; veteran.
Jacob W. Demuth	do	30	Jan. 14, 1864	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal Jan —, 1864; Sergente April 1, 1865; 1st Sergeant June 20, 1865; mustered out with company July 13, 1965.

Names.	Rank.	Age.	Date of Entering the Service.	Period of Service.	Remarks
Abraham Baughman	Sergeant	20	Oct. 15, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal Jan. 1, 1864; Sergeant June 20, 1865; mustered out with company
Joseph B. Dunlap	do	37	Nov. 1, 1861	3 yrs.	July 13, 1865; veteran. Appointed from Corporal May 17, 1862; discharged Oct. 5, 1862, at Jackson, Tenn., on
John A. B. Gearhart	do	21	Nov. 10, 1861	3 yrs.	Surgeon's certificate of disability. Mustered as private; appointed Sergeant—; killed Feb. 3 1865, in battle of River's Bridge, Salkahatchie, S. C.; veteran.
Samuel W. McCulloch	do	28	Nov. 4, 1861	3 yrs.	
Jacob Hott	do	21		3 yrs.	promoted to 2d Lieutenant Co. A, 13th O. V. I., Jan. 9, 1862. Appointed Corporal Jan. 1, 1864; Sergeant April 1, 1865; mustered out with company July 13, 1865; veteran.
Andrew II. Redding	do	20	Dec. 13, 1861	3 yrs.	
George W. Rowland	do	30	Oct. 26, 1861	3 yrs.	April 1, 1865; mustered out with company July 13, 1865; veteran. Mustered as private; appointed Sergeant Jan. 1, 1864; mustered out with company July 13,
William H. Stout	do	25	Nov. 16, 1861	3 yrs.	1865; veteran. Mustered as private; appointed Sergeant—; killed Feb. 3, 1865, in battle of River's Bridge, Salkahatchie, S. C.; veteran.
John F. Walker	1	21	Oct. 21, 1861	3 yrs.	Bridge, Salkahatchie, S. C.; veteran. Appointed from Corporal May 17, 1862; died June 18, 1862, at Clear Creek, Miss. Appointed Corporal April 1, 1865; mustered out with company July 13, 1865; veteran. Appointed Corporal April 1, 1865; mustered
Charles P. Andrews	Corporal	33	Nov. 19, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal April 1, 1865; mustered out with company July 13, 1865; veteral.
James Cupp	do	30	Aug. 30, 1862	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal April 1, 1865; mustered
Joshua Delong	do	24	Dec. 11, 1861	3 yrs.	out with company July 13, 1865; veteran. Appointed Corporal June 20, 1865; mustered
Archibald Drake	do	18	Dec. 9, 1861	3 yrs.	out with company July 13, 1865; veteran. Appointed Corporal April 1, 1864; mustered
Samuel J. Kelly	do	30	Dec. 2, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal May 17, 1862; died Apri
John Morris		18	Dec. 24, 1861	3 yrs.	11, 1863, in hospital at Belivar, Tenn. Appointed Corporal Jan. 1, 1864; mustered ou
Henry Nefe	1	34	Dec. 6, 1861	3 yrs.	with company July 13, 1865; veteran.
Henry Nete		04	Dec. 0, 1301	3 y15.	Appointed Corporal —; wounded June — 1864, in action at Big Shanty, Ga.; absent
James Reed	do	27		3 yrs.	no further record found. Appointed Corporal April 1, 1865; mustered out with company July 13, 1865; veteran.
William H. H. Shreck- engaust.	do	19	Nov. 4, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal —; mustered out Dec 24, 1864, near Savannah, Ga., on expiration
Owen, Sullivan	do	26	Oct. 29, 1861	3 yrs.	of term of service. Appointed Corporal April 1, 1865; mustered
Albert, Silas	Private	31	Nov. 1, 1861	3 yrs.	out with company July 13, 1865; veteran. Mustered out with company July 13, 1865; vet
Baker, William	do	30 20	Dec. 20, 1861	3 yrs.	eran. Died —, 1862, in General Hospital at Iuka
Baker, Jacob Bergner, Isaac		25	Dec. 2, 1861 Dec. 7, 1861	3 yrs.	Mississippi. Transferred from Co. I April 29, 1864; mus
Bailey, Ellis	do.,	25	Nov. 5, 1863	3 yrs.	tered out June 4, 1865, at Columbus, O., or expiration of term of service. Captured Feb. 16, 1864, at Gourdsville, Tenu. mustered out June 29, 1865, at Camp Chase
Bailey, John	do	43 28	Nov. 9, 1863 Sept. 24, 1864	3 yrs. 1 yr.	O., by order of War Department. Mustered out with company July 13, 1965. Drafted; mustered out with company July 13
Blazier, Charles W	do	23	Sept. 20, 1864	1 yr.	Drafted: died July 2, 1865, in Post Hospital
Buschy, Charles	do	19	Dec. 3, 1864	1 yr.	Louisville, Ky. Substitute; never reported to company for
Blackstone, John	-	i	Oct. 8, 1862	9 mos.	duty. Drafted: mustered out Ang. 19, 1863, a Columbus, O., on expiration of term of ser
Benker, Edwin	do	21	Feb. 15, 1865	1 yr.	vice. Substitute; mustered out with company July
Blackstone, Jabez			Oct. 8, 1862	9 mos.	13, 1865. Drafted; mustered out Aug. 19, 1863, a Columbus, O., on expiration of term of ser
Bartle, William	do	21	Nov. 29, 1864	1 yr.	vice. Substitute: never reported to company for
Bose, David	1		Nov. 22, 1864	1 yr.	duty. Drafted; mustered out with company July 13
Bowman, Henry			Nov. 6, 1861	3 yrs.	1865.
					Transferred to Veteran Reserve Corps— mustered out July 5, 1865, at Camp Denni son, O., by order of War Department; vet eran.
Bowman, John W	do	19	Oct. 16, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged June 24, 1862, at Columbus, 0., or Surgeon's certificate of disability.

Names.	Rank.	Age.	Date of Entering the Service.	Period of Service.	Remarks.
Case, William M	Private	23	Oct. 8, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 13, 1865;
Cupp, Sylvanus	do	21	Oct. 26, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 13, 1865; vet-
Condon, William	do	37	Sept. 26, 1864	l yr.	Drafted; mustered out June 4, 1865, at Wash-
Canaan, William	do	39	Nov. 8, 1861	3 yrs.	ington, D. C., by order of War Department. Discharged May 10, 1863, at Evansville, Ind.,
Calwell, George W	do	18 22	Dec. 11, 1861 Dec. 25, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	on Surgeon's certificate of disability. Died Aug. 9, 1862, while at home on furlough. Discharged Dec. 31, 1862, at Columbus, O., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Cline, David Cullison, Zephaniah B	do	28 24	Dec. 18, 1861 Nov. 15, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Discharged July 18, 1862, at Clear Creek, Miss. Discharged July 30, 1862, at Columbus O., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Carpenter, Francis M	do	18.	Oct. 7, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out Dec. 24, 1864, near Savannah, Ga., on expiration of term of service.
Clum, George	do	20	Nov. 8, 1864	l yr.	Drafted; died Jan. 2, 1865, at Indianapolis,
Crabtree, Seth	do	35	Nov. 25, 1864	1 yr.	Indiana. Drafted; died Jan. 20, 1865, at Beaufort, S. C.;
Combs, William	do	23	Dec. 6, 1864	1 yr.	see Co. H. Substitute; never reported to company for
Councilman, Leonard	do	21	Oet. 11, 1862	9 mos.	Drafted; mustered out Jan. 15, 1864, at Colum-
Drake, Christopher Donohoe, Thomas	do	21 43	Dec. 9, 1861 Nov. 12, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	bus, O. Absent, sick at home; no further record found. Discharged July 23, 1862, nt Camp Corinth, Miss., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Deveraux, James	do	40	Nov. 15, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged Oct. 18, 1862, at Camp Corinth,
Dayton, James	do	21	Dec. 3, 1861	3 yrs.	Mississippi. Discharged April 18, 1863, at Camp Chase, C.,
Drake, Jesse	do	27	Dec. 3, 1861	3 yrs.	on Surgeon's certificate of disability. Discharged Aug. 8, 1862, at Columbus, 0., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Davis, Isaac A		18 26.	Nov. 7, 1861 Nov. 1, 1864	3 yrs. 1 yr.	Died March 13, 1862, at New Madrid, Mo. Drafted; mustered out with company July 13,
Dall, Peter	do	30	Nov. 25, 1864	I yr.	1865. Drafted; mustered out with company July 13,
Douglass, Lazwell	do	18	Nov. 17, 1864	1 yr.	Substitute; mustered out with company July
Dally, James Dunn, William	do	22 29	Dec. 9, 1864 Dec. 7, 1864	1 yr. 1 yr.	13, 1865. Substitute; assigned to company, but never
Dooley, John	do	20	Meh. 17, 1865	2 yrs.	Substitute; mustered out with company July
Divine, John	do	19	Meh. 7, 1865	1 yr.	13, 1865. Substitute; mustered out with company July
Delong, Henry	do	26		3 yrs.	13, 1865. Mustered out with company July 13, 1865;
Dearing, Henry	do	21	Dec. 10, 1861	3 yrs.	veteran. Wounded June 14, 1864, in battle of Kenesaw Mountain, Ga.; absent, sick at Nashville, Tenn.; transferred to Co. A, 5th Regiment
Evans, David E	do	17	Oct. 21, 1861	3 yrs.	Veteran Reserve Corps. Feb. 18, 1865. Mustered out Dec. 24, 1864, near Savannah,
Eckhart, Henry S	do	27	Dec. 4, 1861	3 yrs.	Ga., on expiration of term of service. Mustered out Dec. 24, 1864, near Savannah,
Fout, Thomas Frazier, Robert L	do	30 24	Sept. 27, 1864	3 yrs. 1 yr.	Ga., on expiration of term of service. Drafted; mustered out June 4, 1865, at Wash-
Friend, Andrew J	do	22	Sept. 27, 1864	1 yr.	ington, D. C., by order of War Department. Dratted; mustered out June 4, 1865, at Wash-
Fields, Asa	do	42	Nov. 1, 1864	1 yr.	orafted; transferred from Co. B ; mus-
Fields, Alexander	do	18	Feb. 23, 1865	l yr.	tered out with company July 13, 1865. Substitute; mustered out with company July
Ganvick, Henry	do	27	Oct. 8, 1862	9 mos.	13, 1865. Drafted; mustered out Aug. 19, 1863, at Co-
Giblin, Patrick	ao	18 43 24	Oct. 30, 1861 Nov. 4, 1861 Dec. 3, 1861	3 yrs, 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	lumbus, O., on expiration of term of service. Died April 24, 1862, at New Madrid, Mo. Died July 5, 1862, at Camp Clear Creek, Miss. Died Sept. 15, 1862, at Jackson, Tenn.
Green, Jacob	do	26	Dec. 3, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out —, on expiration of term of service.
Grogs, George	do do do	19 20 21	Dec. 9, 1861 Dec. 13, 1861 Sept. 27, 1864	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	On muster-in roll; no further record found, On muster-in roll; no further record found. Substitute; assigned to company, but never
Gainer, John J	1	19	Dec. 9, 1861	3 yrs.	reported for duty. Mustered out with company July 13, 1865;
Gray, Leroy L		22	Aug. 21, 1862	3 yrs.	veteran. Absent, sick in 14th Army Corps Hospital; died Aug. 29, 1864, at Vining Station, Ga.
Hall, Henry	1	18	Oet. 8, 1862	9 mos.	lumbus, O., on expiration of torm of
Helvering, Harmon H	do	17	Nov. 4, 1861	3 yrs.	service. Mustered out —, on expiration of term of service.

Names.	Rank.	Age.	Date of Entering the Service.	Period of Service,	Remarks.
Helvering, David S Hoffmire, Louis N. B.	Private	21 20	·Nov. 6, 1861 Dec. 19, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Mustered out, on expiration of term of
Huffmire; Milton		36	Oct. 8, 1862	9 mos.	service. Dratted: mustered out Aug. 19, 1863, at Columbus, O., on expiration of term of
Heaton, Reuben	. ,do.,	19	Dec. 2, 1861	3 yrs.	service. Mustered out —, on expiration of term of
Hedrick, Isaac		22	Oct. 8, 1862	9 mos.	brafted; mustered out Aug. 19, 1863, at Columbus, O., on expiration of term of
Huston, Edward	, do .	41	Sept. 23, 1864	l yr.	service. Drafted; absent, sick in Lovell General U.S. A. Hospital; mustered out July 15, 1865, at Portsmouth, R. I., by order of War Depart-
Harrison, Samuel	. do	18	Oet. 31, 1861	3 yrs.	ment. Mustered out with company July 13, 1865; veteran.
Hoover, Charles	do do .	22	Nov. 5, 1861 Oct. 5, 1863	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 13, 1865. Transferred from Co. I April 29, 1864; absent at home; discharged to date Feb. 16, 1864, by
Haines, Jacob	do do	19 26	Jan. 25, 1864 Dec. 6, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	order of war Department. Mustered out with company July 13, 1865. Discharged July 1, 1863, at St. Louis, Mo., on Surgeon's certificate of disability. Discharged Aug. 2, 1862, on Surgeon's certifi-
Hieks, Ira	, do		Jan. 3, 1862	3 yrs.	Discharged Aug. 2, 1862, on Surgeon's certifi- cate of disability.
Hoffmau, William	do	1x	Feb. 22, 1864	3 yrs.	cate of disability. Wounded May 15, 1864, in action at Resaca, Ga.; absent, sick in hospital at Camp Den- nison, O.; discharged May 9, 1865, at Camp- Dennison, O., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Hord, Isaac N Irwin, George	do	20 26	Nov. 1, 1861 Oct. 13, 1864	3 yrs. 1 yr.	Discharged Sept. 27, 1862, near Jacinto, Miss. Drafted; mustered out May 8, 1865, at Tod Bar- racks, Columbus, O., by order of War De-
Jackson, William	. do	44	Sept. 26, 1864	I yr.	partment. Drafted; mustered out June 4, 1865. at Washington, D. C., by order of War Department.
Jackson, Amiden	do	21	Nov. 28, 1864	3 yrs.	Substitute: assigned-to company, but never reported for duty.
Jaeobs, Anderson	do	44	Nov. 1, 1864	l yr.	Drafted: mustered out with company July 13, 1865.
Jaeobs, William C	.do	50	Dee. 13, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged Aug. 28, 1862, at Columbus, O., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Jones, William H	do	36	Nov. 2, 1864	l yr.	Drafted: mustered out May 8, 1865, at Tod Barracks, Columbus, O., by order of War Department.
Jones, Israel		18	Nov. 16, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged Dec. 1, 1862, at Cairo, Ill., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Jett, Jacob	do	25 2)	Sept. 2, 1862 Dec. 7, 1864	3 yrs. 1 yrs	Mustered out with company July 13, 1865. Substitute: assigned to-company, but never reported for duty.
Kelly, James	1	22	Dec. 6, 1864	l yr.	Substitute; assigned to company, but never reported for duty.
Knapp, Charles	do	21	Nov. 26, 1864	1 yr.	Substitute; mustered out with company July 13, 1865.
Leonard, William D		31	Sept. 26, 1864	1 yr.	Drafted; mustered out June 4, 1865, at Washington. D. C., by order of War Department.
Leonard, Riebard	1		Nov. 25, 1864	l yr.	Substitute: assigned to company, but never reported for duty. Mustered out with company July 13, 1865;
Lackey, Albert E			Dec. 27, 1861	3 yrs.	veteran.
Lowe, Thomas Loofbourow, John W			Oct. 9, 1863 Nov. 1, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 13, 1865. Discharged Sept. 6, 1862, at Columbus, O., on Surgeon's certificate of disability
Lindsey, Martin		1	Nov. 1, 1864	l yr.	Drafted; assigned to company, but never reported for duty.
Lynch, James			Nov. 25, 1864	1 yr.	Substitute; mustered out with company July 13, 1865.
Meekley, Edward		1	Oct. 8, 1862	9 mos.	Drafted; mustered out Aug. 19, 1863, at Columbus, ()., on expiration of term of service.
Meacheiu, William H			Sept. 26, 1864	l yr.	bus, O., on expiration of term of service. Drafted; mustered out May 8, 1865, at Tod Barracks, Columbus, O., by order of War Department.
McClelland, William	1		Meh. 2, 1865	1 yr.	Substitute; mustered out with company July 13, 1865.
MeCaun, Charles			Dec. 1, 1864	1 yr.	Substitute; assigned to company, but never reported for duty.
McCandles, William	1	1	Dec. 1, 1864	1 yr.	Substitute; assigned to company, but never reported for duty.
McGonagle, John W	1		Feb. 25, 1865	1 yr.	Substitute; mustered out with company July
McNulty, Patrick Myers, David H	1		Jan. 28, 1864 Dec. 1, 1864	3 yrs. 1 yr.	Died Oct. 5, 1864, in hospital at Atlanta, Ga. Substitute; died Jan. 14, 1865, in General Hospital at Louisville, Ky.
Miller, George Y	do	. 25	Aug. 2, 1862	3 yrs.	Absent, sick at Columbus, O.; no further record found.

	1			of e.	
Names.	Rank.	Age.	Date of Entering the Service.	Period of Service.	Remarks.
Mathews, George W	Private	23	Oct. 19, 1861	3 yrs.	Wounded May 30, 1864, in battle of Dallas, Ga.; mustered out Oct. 20, 1864, at Columbus, O., on expiration of term of service.
McLaughlin, George	do	22	Oct. 16, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged Oct. 1, 1862, at Columbus, O., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
McGath, John L	do	40	Oet. 26, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged Oct. 15, 1863, at St. Louis, Mo., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Martin, James	do	44	Oct. 30, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged April 13, 1863, at Corinth, Miss., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Marral, William H Miller, William Miller, Joseph Newhouse, George	ldo	21 26 19 27	Nov. 9, 1861 Dec. 26, 1861 Dec. 25, 1861 Oct. 8, 1862	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs. 9 mos.	Died Oct. 18, 1862, at Corinth, Miss. On muster-in roll; no further record found. On muster-in roll; no further record found. Drafted; mustered out Aug. 19, 1863, at Colum-
Nelson, Middleton F	do	18	Dec. 14, 1864	1 yr.	bus, O., on expiration of term of service. Substitute; discharged May 31, 1865, on Sur-
Neff, Gideon Obrian, John	do	36 23	Dec. 26, 1861 Nov. 30, 1864	3 yrs. 1 yr.	geon's certificate of disability.' On muster-in roll; no further record found. Substitute; assigned to company, but never reported for duty.
Oldfield, Henry	do	20	Meh. 2, 1865	1 yr.	Substitute; mustered out with company July 13, 1865.
Perry, William Pollard, James	do	47 29	Dec. 25, 1863 Sept. 26, 1864	3 yrs 1 yr.	Veteran. Drafted: mustered out June 4 1865 at Wash-
Paxton. Justice	do	18 -	Dec. 9, 1861	3 yrs.	ington, D. C., by order of War Department. Died May 31, 1864, of wounds received May 27, 1864, in battle of Dallas, Ga.; veteran. Substitute; mustered out with company July
Pickley, William	do	39	Meh. 13, 1865	1 yr.	Substitute; mustered out with company July 13, 1865.
Phelps, Benjamin F		18	Feb 21, 1865	1 yr.	Substitute; mustered out with company July 13, 1865.
Pudence, Simon	do	35	Feb. 15, 1865	l yr.	Substitute; mustered out with company July 13, 1865.
Purcell, Charles	do	20	Oet. 8, 1862	9 mos.	Drafted; mustered out Aug. 19, 1863, at Columbus, O., on expiration of term of service.
Powell, William S		34	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	3 yıs.	Mustered out with company July 13, 1865; veteran.
Paxton, William Phillips, Charles A	ł	ži.	Meh. 16, 1864 Oct. 22, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 13, 1865. Discharged July 31, 1862, at Columbus, O., on
Phillips, Benjamin F		23	Nov. 15, 1861	3 yrs.	Surgeon's certificate of disability. Discharged Sept. 6, 1862, at Iuka, Miss., on Surgeons certificate of disability.
Paxton, Morrison Paxton, David		18 43	Dec. 7, 1861 Oct. 8, 1862	3 yrs. 9 mos.	On muster-in roll; no further record found. Drafted: mustered out Aug. 19, 1863, at Co- lumbus, O., on expiration of term of service.
Porter, Peter Purdy, Levi		30 24	Dec. 23, 1861 Oct. 8, 1862	3 yrs. 9 mos.	On muster-in roll; no further record found. Drafted: mustered out Aug. 19, 1863, at Co- lumbus, O., on expiration of term of service. Died Aug. 27, 1862, at Iuka. Miss.
Perkins, William Rambo, William		36 19	Nov. 2, 1861 Sept. 1, 1862	3 yrs. 9 mos.	Died Aug. 27, 1862, at Iuka. Miss. Absent, sick at Bridgeport, Ala., —; mustered out June 4, 1865, at Washington, D. C., by order of War Department.
Rineheart, John Reed, Cephus C		18 22	Feb. 25, 1865 Dec. 23, 1861	1 yr. 3 yrs.	Substitute; mustered out July 13, 1865. Absent, sick; no further record found; veteran.
Richards, Henry		24		3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 13, 1865; veteran.
Rowling, Amzi Simpson, Thomas J Stein, Edwin	do do	25 25 21	Nov. 25, 1861 Nov. 5, 1863 Nov. 4, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Mustered out —, on expiration of term of
Shonkwiler, William	-	27	Nov. 25, 1864	1 yr.	service. Drafted; mustered out with company July 13,
Smith, Joseph L	do	34	Nov. 22, 1864	1 yr.	1865. Drafted; mustered out with company July 13,
Shupe, George	do	32	Oct. 10, 1862	3 yrs.	1865, Died Aug. 25, 1864, at Rome, Ga., of wounds received Aug. 13, 1864, in siege of Atlauta,
Stein. David	do	22	Nov. 18, 1861	3 yrs.	Georgia. Absent, sick in hospital at New York Harbor; mustered out May 29, 1865, at New York City by order of War Doperturent
Strait, Davil	de	26	Aug. 21. 1862	3 yrs.	Absent, sick at Nashville, Tenn., Oct. 31, 1864;
Smith, John S. Sowers, Henry Stendumn, Edmund. Spencer, John	l do	36 17 32 26	Nov. 8, 1861 Dec 2, 1861 Dec. 23, 1861 Oct. 8, 1862	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs. 9 mos.	City; by order of War Department. Absent, sick at Nashville, Tenn., Oct. 31, 1864; transferred to Veteran Reserve Corps— Died July 14, 1862, at Farmington, Miss. Died April 23, 1862, at New Madrid, Mo. On muster-in roll; no further record found. Drafted; mustered out Aug. 19, 1863, at Columbus, O., on expiration of term of service,
Tippins, John	do	18	Feb. 15, 1865	1 yr.	Substitute; mustered out with company July 13, 1865.
Truesdale, Asa		21	Dec. 21, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 13, 1865; veteran.
Valentine, Thomas West, Andrew J	do	45 18	Dec. 3, 1861 Feb. 10, 1865	3 yrs. 1 yr.	On muster-in roll: no further record found. Substitute; mustered out with company July 13, 1865.

Names.	Rank	Age.	Date of Entering the Service.	Period of Service.	Remarks.
Warwick, Jacob	Private	19	Mch. 7, 1865	l yr.	Substitute; mustered out with company July 13, 1865.
Wright, Lafayette	do. .	18	Dec. 14, 1864	l yr.	Substitute: mustered out Aug. 11, 1865, at Washington, D. C., by order of War Depart-
Werner, John	do	18	Aug. 23, 1862	3 yrs.	ment. Died June 5, 1864, of wounds received May 27, 1864, in battle of Dallas, Ga.; veteran.
Woodell, Ira	do	24	Nov. 2, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out June 21, 1865, at Camp Dennison, O., by order of War Department; vet-
Wilson, James	do	35	Aug. 8, 1862	3 yrs.	Mustered out, by order of War Depart-
Wilson, Joseph				l yr.	Drafted; mustered out May 27, 1865, at New York City, by order of War Department.
Wart, Joseph	do	24	Nov. 25, 1864	1 yr.	Drafted; mustered out with company July 13, 1865.
Walters, Watson B Wirick, David	do	25 31	Oct. 29, 1861 Oct. 8, 1862	3 yrs. 9 mos.	Died Aug, 4, 1862, near Farmington, Miss. Drafted; mustered out Aug. 19, 1863, at Columbus, O., on expiration of term of ser-
Williamson, Benjamin F.	do	40	Dec. 9, 1861	3 yrs.	vice. Discharged Nov. 25, 1862, at Columbus, O., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Wynut, George W Wyant, James L Woolford, James M	do	63	Dec. 26, 1861 Dec. 26, 1861 Feb. 13, 1865	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 1 yr.	On muster-in roll; no further record found. Substitute; mustered out June 13, 1865, at
					David's Island, New York Harbor, by order of War Department.
Young, Philip	, , , , do , , , ,	25	Dec. 7, 1861	3 yrs.	On detached service with Battery F, 2d U. S. Artillery; prisoner of war—; mustered out March 17, 1865, at Columbus, O., on expira-
Yant, William	do	38	Dec. 23, 1863	3 yrs.	tion of term of service. Mustered out with company July 13, 1865.

COMPANY F.

Mustered in from Oct. 3, 1861, to Jan. 2, 1862, at Camp Andrews, Mt. Vernon, O., by James H. Coulter, Captain 43d O. V. 1.; Horace Parks, 1st Lieutenant 43d O. V. I., and Sylvester A. Larrison, 2d Lieutenant 43d O. V. I. Mustered out July 13, 1865, at Louisville, Ky., by William H. Carr, Captain 10th Illinois Veteran Volunteer Infantry.

James H. Coulter Horace Park			3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Appointed Dec. 31, 1861; resigned Feb, 8, 1862. Appointed 1st Lieutenant Dec. 31, 1861; promoted to Captain Jan. 9, 1862; Major March
John S. Hamilton	do 22	Dec. 14, 1861	3 yrs.	27, 1863. Promoted from 1st Lieutenant Co. D March 27, 1863: mustered out Dec. 26, 1864, at Sa-
Newell E. Carpenter	do 20	Oct. 30, 1861	3 yrs.	vanah, Ga., on expiration of term of service. Mustered as private; appointed 1st Sergeant Jan. 1, 1864; promoted to 1st Lieutenant Nov. 18, 1864; Captain Feb. 15, 1865; mus- tered out with company July 13, 1865; vet- eran.
Sylvester A. Larason	1st Lieut. :	Oct. 29, 1861	3 yrs.	Promoted from 2d Lieutenant Jan. 9, 1862; resigned June 17, 1862.
Zaehariah A. Connell	do 30	Oet. 3, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed 1st Sergeant from private Jan. 1, 1862; promoted to 2d Lieutenant July 17, 1862; 1st Lieutenant Sept. 3, 1862; discharged Aug. 28, 1863.
Robert McNary	do 22	Nov. 4, 1861	3 yrs.	Promoted from 2d Lieutenant Co. A April 13, 1864: transferred to Co. G Nov. 1, 1864.
Alexander N. Wells	do 27	Oct. 7, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered as private; appointed Sergeant Jan. 1 1864; promoted to Sergt. Major Jan. 17, 1865; 1st Lieutenaut Feb. 15, 1865; Captain Co. H April 20, 1865; veteran.
Peter Zinn	do 19	Oct. 5, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered as private; appointed Sergeant Jan. 1, 1864; 1st Sergeant Jan. 17, 1865; promoted to 1st Lieutenant May 16, 1865; mustered out with company July 13, 1865; veteran.
John A. Pendergast	2d Lieut		3 yrs	Appointed to date Oct. 29, 1861; resigned June 17, 1862.
John M. Lindsey	do 33	Dec. 3, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered as private; promoted to 2d Lieutenant Sept. 3, 1862; discharged Aug. 2, 1864, by order of War Department.
Robert B. Bareus			3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal Jan. 1, 1864; Sergeant Jan. 17, 1865; mustered out with company July 13, 1865; veteran.
John R. Brake	do 39	Oet. 8, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered as private; appointed Sergeant—; discharged July 29, 1862, at Columbus, O., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.

Names	Dl.		Date of	d of ice.	
Names.	Rank.	Age.	Entering the Service.	Period of Service.	Remarks.
William Higgins	Sergeant	24	Oct. 15, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal Jan. 1, 1862; Sergeant June 17, 1862; promoted to 2d Licutenant May 16, 1865, but not mustered; mustered
Alfred T. Jones	do	19	Oct. 30, 1861	3 yrs.	May 16, 1865, but not mustered; mustered out with company July 13, 1865; veteran. Appointed Corporal Jan. 17, 1865; Sergeant April 1, 1865; husstered out with company July 13, 1865; veteran
EHis Patterson	do	24	Oct. 5, 1861	3 yrs.	July 13, 1865; veteran. Appointed Corporal Jan. 1, 1864; Sergeant April 1, 1865; mustered out with company July 13, 1865; veteran.
John C. Steinbrecher	do	39	Oct. 2, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered as private; appointed Sergeant—; mustered out Nov. 14, 1864, on expiration of
William Baker	Corporal	38	Oct. 4, 1861	3 yrs.	term of service. Appointed Corporal ; absent, sick; discharged Dec. 25, 1864, at Louisville, Ky., on Surgeon's certificate of disability; veteran.
Titus J. Buckbee	do	18	Jan. 4, 1862	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal Jan. 1, 1864; mustered out
James H. Deury	do	18.	Oct. 30, 1861	3 yrs.	Sept. 12, 1865, to date July 7, 1865; veteran. Appointed Corporal —: died —, of wounds
William Haber	do	32	Nov. 20, 1861	3 угя.	received March 21, 1865, in action; veteran. Appointed Corporal April 1, 1865; mustered
Horace G. Hilderbrand	do	20	Nov. 16, 1861	3 5 rs.	Appointed Corporal April 1, 1865; mustered out with company July 13, 1865; veteran. Appointed Corporal Jan. 1, 1864; mustered out with company July 12, 1865.
Irvin, Richardson	do	17	Jan. 14, 1862	3 yrs.	with company July 13, 1865; veteran. Appointed Corporal April 1, 1865; mustered out with company July 13, 1865; veteran. Appointed Corporal April 1, 1865; mustered out
John M. Smith	, de	23	Nov. 20, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal April 1, 1865; mustered out
Thomas E. Taylor	do	19	Oct. 27, 1861	3 yrs.	with company July 13, 1865; veteran. Appointed Corporal —; absent on detached service; discharged Oct. 22, 1864, at Chattanooga, Tenn., on Surgeon's certificate of dischility.
Jackson Lafayette Adams, Henry H	Musician Private	16 32	Feb. 8, 1864 Oct. 5, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	ability: veteran. Mustered out with company July 13, 1865. Promoted to Com. Sergeant June 30, 1862: veteran.
Aldrich, Harlow	do	18	Dec. 18, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 13, 1865; vet-
Allen, Wesley	do	22	Qet. 11, 1861	3 yrs.	eran. Discharged March 26, 1863, at Henderson Sta- tion, Tenn., on Surgeon's certificate of disa- bility.
Babcock, Charles H	cb	19	Oct. 8, 1861	3 yrs.	Absent, sick; discharged Nov. 25, 1864, at Keokuk, la., on Surgeon's certificate of dis- ability; veteran.
Baldwin, William M	do	26	Nov. 11, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 13, 1865; veteran.
Bennett, George	do	28	Dec. 3, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 13, 1865; vet-
Birmingham, Edward	do	27	Dec. 3, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out Dec. 6, 1864, at Columbus, O., on expiration of term of service.
Balderson, Benjamin	do	34	Nov. 19, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out —, on expiration of term of service.
Bartlett, John H	do	34	Nov. 25, 1864	lyr.	Drafted; mustered out with company July 13, 1865.
Blackburn, Moses	do	21	Oct. 6, 1862	9 mos.	Drafted; mustered out Aug. 18, 1863, at Columbus, 0., on expiration of term of service.
Black, John W	do	25	Nov. 25, 1864	1 yr.	Drafted; absent, sick since March 12, 1865; mustered out May 25, 1865, at New York City, by order of War Department.
Buswell, Alsaphine		25	Dec. 25, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 13, 1865; vet- oran.
Brundage, James Brush, Haivly		26 22	Oet. 5, 1861 Oct. 21, 1881	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Died Aug. 17, 1862, near Farmington, Miss. Discharged March 20, 1865, on Surgeon's certifi- cate of disability; veteran.
Courter, Ward C	do	23 34	Jan. 25, I864 Nov. 23, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Discharged April 13, 1864, on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Cavney, Alonzo			Nov. 9, 1861 Oct. 8, 1862	3 yrs. 9 mos.	Died July 18, 1862, near Farmington, Miss. Drafted; mustered out Aug. 18, 1863, at Co- lumbus, O., on expiration of term of service.
Campbell, John	do	34	Nov. 26, 1861 Oct. 3, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 13, 1865: veteran.
Cooley, Lester	do	17 21	Oct. 11, 1861 Oct. 6, 1862	3 yrs. 9 mos.	Drafted; mustered out Aug. 18, 1863, at Columbus, O., on expiration of term of
Collum, Russell	do	20	Oct. 30, 1861	3 yrs.	Service. Discharged Sept. 2, 1863, at St. Louis, Mo., on
Chidester, Charles	do	17	Nov. 11, 1861	3 yrs.	Surgeon's certificate of disability. Died April 3, 1862, in General Hospital at St.
Cline, Jacob	do	27	Meh. 14, 1864	1 уг.	Louis, Mo. Substitute; mustered out with company July
Crowl, Philip	do	19	Oct. 8, 1862	9 mos.	13, 1865, Drafted; mustered out Aug. 18, 1863, at Columbus, O., on expiration of term of service.

				1 4	
Names.	Rank.	Age.	Date of Entering the Service.	Period of Service.	Remarks.
Cunningham, Joseph	Private	18	D c. 17, 1863	3 yrs.	
Curren, John Dickerson, S. M	do,	16 18	Nov. 14, 1861 Oct. 8, 1862	3 yrs. 9 mos.	Killed Oct. 4, 1862, in battle of Corinth, Miss. Drafted; mustered out Aug. 18, 1863, at
Dickerson, D4		1.0	001. 0, 1002	5 mos,	Columbus, O., on expiration of term of
Drake, Franklin	do	23	Nov. 25, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged July 19, 1862, at Columbus, O., on
Deal, Joseph	do	27	Nov. 1, 1861 Nov. 28, 1864	3 yrs.	Surgeon's certificate of disability. Absent, sick in Ohio; no further record found.
		32		1 yr.	Drafted; absent, sick since March 29, 1865; died May 16, 1865, at Newbern, N. C.
Dyer, John	do	27	Nov. 25, 1864	I yr.	Drafted; absent, sick since March 12, 1865; mustered out May 19, 1865, at David's Island, New York Harbor, by order of War Department.
Farley, Thomas	do	43	Dec. 16, 1863	3 yrs.	Died Nov. 22, 1864, in hospital at Chattanooga, Tennessee.
Farrell, Samuel B	do	24	Oct. 18, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out Nov. 28, 1864, at Columbus, O.,
Fish, John C	do	32	Oct. 18, 1864	1 yr.	on expiration of term of service. Drafted; inustered out with company July 13,
Friebly, George J Gartlin, Andrew	do	24 35	Oet. 24, 1861 Oct. 28, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	1865. Killed Oct. 4, 1862, in battle of Corinth, Miss. Mustered out with company July 13, 1865; veteran.
Hall, Thomas S	do	19	Nov. 20, 1861	3 yrs.	Died Dec. 1, 1862, at General Hospital, Keo- kuk, Ia.
Hall, Hiram	do	28	Nov. 25, 1864	1 yr.	Drafted; mustered out with company July 13, 1865.
Hall, John W	do.:	25	Nov. 20, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged Aug. 1, 1862, at Columbus, O., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Houck, William	do	25	Nov. 30, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 13, 1865; veteran.
Hosford, Andrew Halloway, John B	do	22 36	Dec. 20, 1861 Nov. 23, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Absent, sick at Cincinnati 0.; veteran. Mustered out with company July 13, 1865; veteran.
Hollingsworth, George	do	22	Oct. 8, 1862	9 mos.	Drafted; mustered out Aug. 18, 1863, at Colum-
Healy, John C Hilderbrand, James S Jacobs, Henry	do	22 19	Dec. 6, 1864 Nov. 26, 1861	l yr.	bus, 0., on expiration of term of service. Substitute; absent; no further record found.
Jacobs, Henry	do	22	Nov. 27, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 13, 1865.
Jacquays, Abraham Jones, Elbert F	do	19 24	Nov. 14, 1861 Oct. 13, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Died Jan. 26, 1864, in hospital at Pulaski, Tenn. Mustered out —, on expiration of term of
Kerney, Morgan	,do	41	Oct. 8, 1862	9 mos.	prafted; mustered out Aug. 18, 1863, at Colum-
Kistner, David	do	17	Oct. 30, 1861	3 yrs.	bus, O., on expiration of term of service. Mustered out with company July 13, 1865; vet-
King, Peter	do	18	Mch. 15, 1865	1 yr.	eran. Substitute; mustered out with company July
Lowery, Hamilton	do	41	Oct. 30, 1861	3 yrs.	13, 1865. Discharged Nov. 29, 1862, at Evansville, Ind.,
Leroy, Thomas Lee, J. Milton	do	21 27	Oet. 26, 1861 Oet. 8, 1862	3 yrs. 9 mos.	on Surgeon's certificate of disability. Drafted; mustered out Aug. 18, 1863, at Columbus, O., on expiration of term of service,
Latham, John E Latham, William H	do	20 21	Nov. 16, 1861 Nov. 16, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Died Aug. 24, 1862, in hospital at Iuka. Miss. Mustered out June 9, 1865, at Camp Chase, O.,
Latham, James		21	Dec. 2, 1861	3 yrs.	by order of War Department; veteran. Discharged Jan 13, 1863, at Jackson, Tenn., on
Lenington, Joseph		24	Aug. 30, 1864	1 yr.	Surgeon's certificate of disability. Substitute; mustered in as Joseph Lewington;
Larkins, Thomas		22	Oct. 23, 1861	3 yrs.	mustered out June 4, 1865, at Washington, D. C., by order of War Department. Mustered out March 29, 1865, at Goldsboro,
Lowry, Henry	do	18	Aug. 30, 1864	1 yr.	N. C., on expiration of term of service. Mustered out June 9, 1865, at Camp Dennison,
Lope, William		27	Sept. 26, 1864	1 yr.	O., by order of War Department. Drafted; mustered out with company July 13,
Laypage, John		19	Dec. 3, 1864	1 yr.	1865.
Lane, John		26	Oct. 27, 1861	3 yrs.	Substitute; assigned to company, but never reported for duty. Mustered out Dec. 23, 1864, at Savannah, Ga.,
Mattox, William		24	Nov. 16, 1861	3 yrs.	on expiration of term of service.
Manter, Charles Murphy, Marsena M	1	22	Jan. 25, 1864	3 yrs.	Discharged May 31, 1862, at St. Louis, Mo., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
			Oet. 23, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged Nov. 6, 1863, on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
McBride, John		20	Oet. 8, 1862	9 mos.	Drafted; mustered out Aug. 18, 1863, at Columbus, O., on expiration of term of service.
McMannis, James Morrison, William McLish, Duncan	do	17 23 34	Jan. 1, 1864 Nov. 4, 1861 Nov. 25, 1864	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 1 yr.	Mustered out with company July 13, 1865. Died Aug. 14, 1864, in hospital at Rome, Ga. Drafted; mustered out with company July 13,
McCartney, John	do	19 27	Oet. 8, 1862 Nov. 25, 1864	9 mos. 1 yr.	1865. Drafted; died Feb. 17, 1863, at Bolivar, Tenn. Drafted; mustered out with company July 13, 1865.

Names.	Rank.	Age.	Date of Entering the Service.	Period of Service.	Remarks.
Marshall, Thomas B	Private	25	Feb. 22, 1865	1 yr.	Substitute; mustered out with company July
McVeigh, James	do	44	Feb. 24, 1865	1 yr.	13, 1865. Substitute; mustered out with company July
Mancelman, John	do	24	Nov. 18, 1864	1 yr.	13, 1865. Drafted; mustered out with company July 13,
Mulbery, Peter	do	22	Nov. 20, 1861	3 yrs.	1865. Mustcred out with company July 13, 1865; vet-
Naracong, Henry Naracong, Orville D Nelson, Middleton F	do do	45 24 18	Nov. 19, 1861 Dec. 3, 1861 Dec. 5, 1864	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 1 yr.	eran. Died July 6, 1862, at his home, Oberlin, O. Died Aug 21, 1862 at luka, Miss.
Ostrander, Eugene			Nov. 19, 1861	3 yrs.	reported for duty, Discharged July 21, 1862, at Detroit, Mich., on
Packer, Benjamin	do	38	Nov. 20, 1861	3 yrs.	reported for duty. Discharged July 21, 1862, at Detroit, Mich., on Surgeon's certificate of disability. Discharged Sept. 19, 1862, at Evansville, Ind., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Price, Shaffer	do	19 22	Dec. 2, 1861 Mch. 31, 1864	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	on Surgeon's certificate of disability. Died Aug. 25, 1862, at luka, Miss. Mustered out June 2, 1865, at Louisville, Ky., by order of War Department.
Packer, Samuel	do	38	Nov. 2, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out June 2, 1855, at Beaufort, S. C.,
Potter, George W	do	37	Oet. 8, 1862	9 mos.	by order of War Department; veteran, Drafted; mustered out Aug. 18, 1863, at Co- lumbus, O, on expiration of term of service.
Pope, John E	do	26	Nov. 19, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 13, 1865; vet-
Park, Franklin	do	19	Nov. 25, 1861	3 yrs.	eran. Mustered out with company July 13, 1865: vet-
Purtee, George R	do	31	Nov. 25, 1864	1 yr.	eran. Drafted; mustered out with company July 13.
Ranyan, George	do	19	Dec 5, 1864	1 yr.	1865, Substitute; assigned to company, but never re-
Render, William Y	do	26	Nev. 25, 1864	lyr.	ported for duty. Drafted; mustered out with company July 13,
Rose, Thomas	do	27	Nov. 15, 1861	3 yrs.	1865. Discharged Jan. 27, 1863, at Padukah, Ky., on
Robison, Thomas	do	22	Meh. 1, 1865	1 yr.	Surgeon's certificate of disability. Substitute; mustered out with company July
Rockey, Henry S		31	Nov. 7, 1861	3 yrs.	13, 1865. Mustered out Dec. 23, 1864, at Savannah, Ga.,
Rudifoth, Michael	do	39	Nov. 19, 1861	3 yrs.	on expiration of term of service. Absent on furlough; mustered out with com-
Spurgeon, Wilson R	do	28	Nov. 25, 1864	1 yr.	pany July 13, 1865; veteran. Drafted; mustered out with company July 13,
Sulivan, Patrick	do	26	Dec. 7, 1864	1 yr.	1865. Substitute; assigned to company, but never re-
Shipp, Benjamin		31	Dec. 9, 1864	1 yr.	ported for duty. Drafted; mustered out with company July 13.
Smith, William A	do	28	Dec. 11, 1864	3 yrs.	1865. Substitute; assigned to company, but never re-
Stali, Jeremiah	do	18	Meh. 11, 1865	1 yr.	-ported for duty. Substitute; mustered out with company July
Sanders, John	do	23 20	Dec. 20, 1861 Dec. 20, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	13, 1865. Mustered out May 27, 1865. at Columbus. O.,
Sheppard, Joseph Schenck, William L	do	42 31	Oct. 12, 1861 Sept. 24, 1864	3 yrs. 1 yr.	on expiration of term of service. Mustered out with company July 13, 1865. Drafted; died March 23, 1865, in hospital at Beaufort, S. C.
Shaffer, Lewis	do	17	Nov. 19, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 13, 1865; vet-
Shoup, Philip	do	30	Oct. 7, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 13, 1865; vet-
Smith, John J	do	22	Nov. 11, 1861	3 yrs.	eran. Discharged May 9, 1862, at Benton Barracks,
Smith. Herbert	do	18	Nov. 18, 1861	3 yrs.	Mo., on Surgeon's certificate of disability. Mustered out with company July 13, 1865; vet
Stull, Jacob	do	18	Jan: 2, 1862	3 yrs.	eran. Mustered out with company July 13, 1865;
Short, Matthew E	do	18		3 yrs.	veteran. Mustered out with company July 13, 1865;
Shaffer, David	do	27	Sept. 26, 1864	1 yr.	Drafted; mustered out June 4, 1865, at Wash-
Smelts, James	de	39	Sept. 24, 1864	1 yr.	ington, D. C., by order of War Department. Drafted; mustered out June 4, 1865, at Wash-
Slater, Royal G	do	4.5	Dec25, 1861	3 yrs	ington, D. C., by order of War Department. Discharged Aug. 1, 1862, at Columbus, O., on
Spearman, John		21	Oct. 1, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out Jan. 16, 1865, at Pocataligo,
Starritt, Nathaniel	do	13	Oct. 11, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged Aug. 1, 1862, at Columbus, 0., on Surgeon's certificate of disability. Mustered out Jan. 16, 1865, at Pocataligo, S. C., on expiration of term of service. Discharged July 17, 1862, at Columbus, 0., on Surgeon's certificate of disability. Prompted to 2d Ligatemate O. A. June 29, 1862.
Taylor, Stacy Taylor, Charles Il	do	21 19	Oct. 24, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 13, 1865;
Taylor, Edward		21	Nov. 23, 1864	1 yr.	substitute; assigned to company, but never re-
Thayer, Charles A		30	Oct. 8, 1862	9 mos.	ported for duty. Drafted; mustered out Aug. 18, 1863, at Colum- bus, O., on expiration of term of service.

Names.	Rank.	Age.	Date of Entering the Service.	Period of Service.	Remarks.
Thornburg, Edward	Private	23	Mch. 2, 1865	1 yr.	Substitute; mustered out with company July 13, 1865.
Thompson, Alfred M	do	18	Feb. 27, 1865	1 yr.	Substitute; mustered out with company July 13, 1865.
Tress, Nelson Trushiem, Conrad	do	20 21	Nov. 30, 1861 Nov. 10, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 13, 1865;
Watson, George W	do	23	Nov. 25, 1864	1 yr.	Drafted; mustered out June 6, 1865, at Washington, D. C., by order of War Department.
Warren, William D	do	33	Sept. 26, 1864	1 yr.	Drafted; mustered out with company July 13, 1865.
Ward, John	do	24	Dec. 2, 1864	1 yr.	Substitute; mustered out with company July 13, 1865.
Waltman, Octarius	do	20	Nov. 25, 1864	1 yr.	Drafted; mustered out with company July 13,
Walton, John C	do	34	Nov. 20, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged Feb. 12, 1863, at Cairo, Ill., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Weaver, Eugene W	do	19	Nov. 20, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out Jan. 16, 1865, at Columbus, 0, on expiration of term of service.
Wells, Milton A	do	18	Oct. 12, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out June 21, 1865, at Camp Dennison, O., by order of War Department; veteran.
Weber, John B	do	25	Oet. 12, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out to date April 10, 1865, by order of War Department; veteran.
White, Louis	do	18	Oct. 8, 1862	9 mos.	Drafted; mustered out Aug. 18, 1863, at Columbus, O., on expiration of term of ser-
Whitney, Ezra	do	18	Dec. 17, 1864	2 yrs.	vice. Substitute; mustered out June 21, 1865, at Camp Dennison, O., by order of War De- partment.
Williams, Robert	do	25	Feb. 22, 1865	3 yrs.	Substitute: mustered out with company July 13, 1865.
Williams, John	do	33	Oct. 1, 1864	l yr.	Drafted; assigned to company, but never reported for duty.
Wistinghausen, Frederick	do	29	Nov. 16, 1864	1 yr.	Drafted; mustered out with company July 13, 1865.
Wistinghausen, George	do	18	Nov. 11, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 13, 1865;
Willoughby, John	do	55	Nov. 28, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 13, 1865;
Winters, Isaiah	do	23	Oct. 3, 1864	1 yr.	veteran. Substitute; assigned to company, but never reported for duty.
Wood, John	do	21	Dec. 6, 1864	1 yr.	Substitute; assigned to company, but never reported for duty.
Young, John	do	25	Dec. 6, 1864	3 yrs.	Substitute; assigned to company, but never reported for duty.

COMPANY G.

Mustered in from Oct. 22 to Dec. 19, 1861, at Camp Andrews, Mt. Vernon, O., by John Ferguson, Captain 43d O. V. I.; Sylvester A. Larrison, 2d Lieutenant 43d O. V. I., and James H. Speakman, 2d Lieutenant 43d O. V. I. (Recruiting Officer). Mustered out July 13, 1865, at Lonisville, Ky., by William H. Carr, Captain 10th Illinois Veteran Volunteer Infantry.

John Ferguson C Sanford F. Timmons James H. Speakman	do	23 25 34	Oet. Oet. Oet.	28,		3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Appointed Dec. 31, 1861; died Dec. 6, 1862. Transferred from Co. C Dec. 6, 1862. Promoted from Q. M. Sergeant Feb. 15, 1865;
Edwin J. Kellerls	t Lieut.	23	Dec.	2,	1861	3 yrs.	mustered out with company July 13, 1865. Appointed Dec. 31, 1861; resigned June 17, 1862.
William A. Lilly	do:	22	Oct.	13,	1861	3 yrs,	Promoted to 2d Lieutenant from 1st Sergeant Co. A Oct. 4, 1862; 1st Lieutenant to date Sept. 3, 1862; discharged Nov. 11, 1864, by order of War Department.
Robert MeNary	do	22	Nov.	4,	1861	3 yrs.	Mustered as private: appointed 1st Sergeant—; promoted to 2d Lieutenant Co. A Oct. 12, 1862; transferred from Co. F Nov. 1, 1864; mustered out April 6, 1865, on expiration of term of service.
Jason Brown	do	37	Dec.	13,	1861	3 yrs.	Mustered as private: appointed Sergeant—; 1st Sergeant Jan. 1, 1865; promoted to 1st Lieutenant May 16, 1865; mustered out with company July 13, 1865; veteran.
Edward L. Dunbar 2d	l Lieut.	21	Nov.	23,	1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Dec. 31, 1861; resigned Nov. 1, 1862.
John W. Thompson	do	18	Dec.	19,	1861	3 yrs.	Mustered as private: promoted to 2d Lieutenant March 27, 1862: 1st Lieutenant Nov. 18, 1864, but not mustered; mustered out Dec. 26, 1864, on expiration of term of service; wounded May 13, 1864, Resaca.

Names.	Rauk.	Age.	Date of Entering the Service.	Period of Service.	Remarks.
James O'Connell	2d Lieut.	18	Dec. 12, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered as private: appointed Sergeant — : promoted to 2d Lieutenant May 16, 1865; mustered out with company July 13, 1865;
John C. Frazier	lst Sergt.	22	Dec. 9, 1861	3 yrs.	veteran. Mustered as private: appointed 1st Sergeant : unustered out Dec. 26, 1864, on expira-
John J. Gruber	do	23	Dec. 12, 1861	3 yrs.	tion of term of service. Mustered as private; appointed Sergeant—; 1st Sergeant June 1, 1865; mustered out with
Alexander P. Bell	Sergeant	20	Nov. 11, 1861	3 yrs.	company July 13, 1865; veteran. Mustered as private; appointed Sergeant —; discharged May 26, 1862, at St. Louis, Mo.,
Amos Bishop	do	17	Dec. 11, 1861	3 yrs.	on Surgeon's certificate of disability. Appointed Corporal —: Sergeant June 16, 1865; mustered out with company July 13, 1865; veteran.
William Ferguson	do	21	Nov. 13, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered as private; appointed Sergeant:
Isaac S. Haeker		28	Oct. 22, 1861	3 yrs.	died Aug. 17, 1863, at Unionport, O. Appointed Corporal —: Sergeant June 16, 1865; mustered out with company July 13,
Charles P. Maxwell	do	20	Dec. 12, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal —: Sergeant Jan. 1, 1865; mustered out with company July 13, 1865; veteran.
James H. McNary	do	29%	Dec. 2, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered as private: appointed Sergeant—; died June 15, 1865, in camp at Louisville, Ky., of wounds received in action; yeteran.
William Lisle	do	27	Dec. 2, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal —: Sergeant June 1, 1865; mustered out with company July 13, 1865; veteran,
John M. Armstrong	Corporal	23	Dec. 11, 186I	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal Jan. 1, 1862; discharged Nov. 13, 1862, at Grand Junction, Tenn., on Surgeon's certificate of disability
William H. Betton	do	. 26	Dec. 31, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal —; died April 18, 1861, at Little York, O.; veteran.
Joseph A. Colville	do	21	Nov. 30, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal June 1, 1865; mustered out
Jesse Dungan	do	26		3 yrs.	with company July 13, 1865; veteran. Appointed Corporal April 1, 1865; mustered out
David Hicks		21		3 yrs.	with company July 13, 1865; veteran. Appointed Corporal April 1, 1865; mustered
William P. Kyle	}	23	Nov. 2, 1861	3 yrs.	out with company July 13, 1865; veteran. Appointed Corporal April 1, 1865; mustered
Albert F. Matlack			Dec. 12, 1861	3 yrs.	out with company July 13, 1865; veteran. Appointed Corporal June 1, 1865; mustered
	do	19	Nov. 11, 1861	3 yrs.	out with company July 13, 1865; veteran. Appointed Corporal June 16, 1865; mustered
	do	17	Dec. 25, 1861	3 yrs.	out with company July 13, 1865; veteran. Appointed Corporal June 16, 1865; mustered
	do	19	Nov. 28, 1861		out with company July 13, 1865; veteran. Appointed Corporal June 1, 1865; mustered
	Private	38		3 yrs.	out with company July 13, 1865; veteran. Diseharged March 18, 1863, at Keokuk, In., on
			Dec. 4, 1861	3 yrs.	Surgeon's certificate of disability.
	do		Oct. 8, 1862	9 mos.	Drafted: mustered out Aug. 18, 1863, at Columbus. O., on expiration of term of service.
Ankram, Samuel			Oet. 8, 1862	9 mos.	Drafted; mustered out Aug. 18, 1863, at Columbus, O., on expiration of term of service.
Badger, Samuel Beabout, James	do	18	Feb. 11, 1864 Mch. 4, 1865	3 yrs. 1 yr.	Mustered out with company July 13, 1865. Substitute; mustered out with company July 13, 1865.
Bell, James L	do	43 19	Nov. 2, 1864 Nov. 21, 1861	3 yrs.	Drafted; never reported to company for duty. Mustered out April 28, 1865, at Columbus, O.,
Brown, Hugh	do	25	Oct. 11, 1862	9 mos.	on expiration of term of service. Drafted: mustered out Aug. 18, 1863, at Columbus, O., on expiration of term of
Black, Horatio B	do	23	Nov. 23, 1861	3 yrs.	service. Died April 8, 1862, in hospital at New Madrid, Mo.
Brobson, Alexander	do	21.	Dec. 12, 1861	3 yrs.	Died Oct. 31, 1862, in hospital at Mound City.
Beehout, Clark D	. ,do	35	Dec. 2, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged July 17, 1862, at Columbus, O., or
Boyle, Ephraim D			Nov. 30, 1861	3 yrs.	Surgeon's certificate of disability. Died June 7, 1862, in hospital at Cincinnati.
Brown, William	do	17	Dec. 21, 1861	3 yrs.	Ohio. Mustered out with company July 13, 1865;
Couch, John W			Nov. 13, 1861	3 yrs.	weteran. Mustered out with company July 13, 1865:
Crippen, John Ira		1	Dec. 19, 1861	3 yrs.	weteran. Mustered out with company July 13, 1865;
Crooks, Elisha	do	23	Jan. 18, 1862	3 yrs.	veteran. Veteran.
Claur, Jacob	do	33	Nov. 25, 1864	1 yr.	Drafted: absent, sick at Lovell General Hospital, Portsmonth Grove, R. I.: mustered out July 15,1865, by order of War Department.

				e of	
Names.	Rank,	Age.	Date of Entering the Service.	Period of Service.	Remarks.
Cooper, Frederick	Private	26	Feb. 25, 1865	1 yr.	Substitute; mustered out with company July
Cole, Joshua W	do	20	Nov. 30, 1861	3 yrs.	13, 1865. Discharged July 13, 1863, at camp near Memphis, Tenn., on Surgeon's certificate of disa-
Crawford, Thomas Charmels, John Cramblet, Elisha	do do	22 25 27	Nov. 20, 1861 Nov. 21, 1861 Dec. 20, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	bility. Died March 20, 1862, at New Madrid, Mo. On muster-in roll; no further record found. Discharged July 19, 1862, at Columbus, O., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Delaplane, Joshua	do	32	Jan. 7, 1862	3 yrs.	Mustered out Dec. 26, 1864, on expiration of term of service.
Diffenderfer, James	do	31	Oct. 8, 1862	9 mos.	Mustered out Aug. 19, 1863, at Columbus, O., on expiration of term of service.
Duplain, Oliver	do	28	Dec. 9, 1861	3 yrs.	Absent, sick in Convalescent Camp at Memphis, Tenn.; transferred to Co. I, 14th Regt.
Donzee, Dennis	do	60	Dec. 10, 1861	3 yrs.	Veteran Reserve Corps, April 9, 1865. Discharged July 18, 1862, at -Columbus, 0., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Dixon, Griffe	do	22	Meh, 25, 1864	1 yr.	Drafted: mustered out with company July 13, 1865.
Dorsey, Iliram	do	20	Oct. 11, 1862	$9~\mathrm{mos}.$	Drafted; mustered out Aug. 18, 1863, at Columbus, O., on expiration of term of service.
Dubaugh, Gottlieb	do	26	Oet. 11, 1862	$9~\mathrm{mos}.$	Drafted; mustered out Aug. 18, 1863, at Colum-
Ferrell, Thomas C		19	Dec. 3, 1861	3 yrs.	bus, 0., on expiration of term of service. Discharged Jan. 8, 1863, at Cairo, Ill., on Sur-
Flowers, Henry			Feb. 26, 1865	1 yr.	geon's certificate of disability. Substitute: died May 1, 1865, at DeCamp Hospital, David's Island, New York Harbor.
Fitzgeralds, James			Meh. 16, 1865	1 yr.	Substitute; absent, sick at Tripler U.S. Army Hospital, Columbus, O.; discharged to date
Fields, Alexander Fryman, Alexander	do	18 18	Feb. 23, 1865 Feb. 28, 1865	l yr. 1 yr.	July 13, 1865, at Cincinnati, 0. Substitute: transferred to Co. E May 31, 1865. Substitute: mustered out with company July
Garrett, William	do	23	Dec. 13, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged May 9, 1862, at Benton Barracks, St. Louis, Mo., on Surgeon's certificate of
Grable, James	do	18 21	Dec. 4, 1861 Meh. 2, 1865	3 yrs. 1 yr.	disability. Died Sept. 25, 1862, at Jackson, Tenn. Substitute: discharged June 21, 1865, at David's Island, New York Hurbor, on expiration of
Gaffin, Hartman	do	25	Nov. 2, 1864	1 yr.	term of service. Drafted; transferred to Co. B, 4th Regiment Veteran Reserve Corps, April 21, 1865; mus- tered out Aug. 16, 1865, at Springfield, Ill.,
Grant, John	do	26	Dec. 9, 1864	1 yr.	by order of War Department; see Co. B. Substitute; mustered out with company July
Green, William	do	38	Nov. 25, 1864	1 yr.	Drafted; mustered out with company July 13,
Grimes, Milton &	do	27	Dec. 3, 1861	3 yrs.	1865. Mustered out Dec. 6, 1864, on expiration of
Hervey, James T	do	22	Dec. 13, 1861	3 yrs.	term of service. Discharged Aug. 6, 1862, at Columbus, 0., on
Hawthorne, John B	do	20	Nov. 2, 1861	3 yrs.	Surgeon's certificate of disability. Discharged Jan. 3, 1863, at St. Louis, Mo., to
Holmes, Alfred C			Dec. 3, 1861	3 yrs.	enlist in 1st Mississippi Marine Brigade. Died April 3, 1864, at Nashville, Tenn.; vet-
Hedges, Henry C		20	Nov. 21, 1864	1 yr.	eran. Drafted; mustered out with company July 13,
Hiudel, Francis M		18	Meh. 3, 1865	1 yr.	1865. Substitute; mustered out with company July
Jennings, William			Nov. 2, 1864	1 yr.	13, 1865. Drafted; discharged July 20, 1865, at Camp Dennison, O., on Surgeon's certificate of
Johns, Azariah	do	39	Nov. 21, 1864	1 yr.	disability. Drafted; mustered out with company July 13,
Johns, William	do	39	Nov. 21, 1864	l yr.	1865. Drafted; mustered out May 22, 1865, at hospital, Camp Dennison, O., by order of War
Knowles, Joseph L	do	60	Dec. 25, 1861	3 yrs.	
Kennedy, Darling C	eb	21	Dec. 14, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged Aug. 12, 1862, at St. Louis, Mo., on Surgeon's certificate of disability. Discharged Sept. 12, 1862, at Columbus, O., on Surgeon's certificate of disability. Discharged July 4, 1863, at Memphis, Tenn., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Kirk, James	1		Nov. 5, 1861	3 yrs.	Surgeon's certificate of disability. Discharged July 4, 1863, at Memphis, Tenn.,
Kirby, Matthew J	do	. 17	Oct. 31, 1861	3 yrs	on Surgeon's certificate of disability. Discharged Jan. 23, 1863, at Keokuk, Ia., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Kelley, Almond Kelley, Levi			Dec. 16, 1861	3 yrs.	Surgeon's certificate of disability. Killed Oct. 4. Corinth, Miss. Killed March 13, 1862, in battle of New Madrid,
Kelley, Mathias			Dec. 11, 1861	3 yrs.	Mo., as Lavi Kirby. Died June 16, 1864, at Winship Furnace, Ga.,
Keller, Harrison S	1		Meh. 2, 1865	1 yr.	of wounds received in action; veteran. Substitute; mustered out with company July
Kasley, Samuel H			Jan. 5, 1862	3 yrs.	13, 1865. Absent, sick at Nashville, Tenn.; transferred to Co. II, 5th Regiment Veteran Reserve Corps, Jan. 16, 1865; veteran.
				1	Corps, Jan. 16, 1865; veteran.

					307
Names,	Rauk.	Age.	Date of Entering the Service.	Period of Service.	Remarks.
Kolp, Nicholas	Private	39	Nov. 25, 1831	3 yrs.	Mustered out Dec. 26, 1864, on expiration of
Leisure, Morgan Ludwig, William	do	35 19	Sept. 28, 1864 Nov. 21, 1864	I yr. 1 yr.	term of service, Substitute; transferred to Co. K April 11, 1865, Substitute; mustered out with company July
Merryman, Nicholas Morris, Thomas B Marker, Craven	do do	18 18 18	Dec. 12, 1861 Nov. 21, 1861 Dec. 10, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	13, 1865. Died —, 1862. Transferred to Co. B Feb. —, 1862. Died Aug. 14, 1862. in hospital at Camp Clear Creek, Miss.
Myers, John Maxwell, Bazil C McSwards, John	do	21 21 29	Dec. 3, 1861 Nov. 29, 1861 Sept. 29, 1864	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 1 yr.	Died June 3, 1862, at Henderson, Ky. Died May 28, 1862, at Farmington, Miss. Dratted; absent, sick in Lovell General Hos- pital, Portsmouth Grove, R. I.; mustered out July 18, 1865, at Tripler U. S. Hospi- tal, Columbus, O., by order of War Depart-
Malcheron. John Mansfile, William	do do	19 19	Nov. 19, 1864 Nov. 16, 1864	1 yr. 1 yr.	ment. Substitute. Substitute: absent, sick in 1st Division Hospital, 17th Army Corps; mustered out July 5, 1865, at hospital, Camp Dennison, O
Miller, George	do	35	Nov. 2, 1864	1 yr.	by order of War Department. Drafted; assigned to company, but never re-
Moore, Thomas B		21	Nov. 2, 1864	l yr.	ported for duty. Drafted: absent. siek in hospital at Alexandria, Va.; mustered out July 13, 1865, at hospital, Cam, Dennison, O., by order of War Department.
McManamay, John				3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 13, 1865; veteran.
Mintier, David		20	Dec. 9, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 13, 1865; veteran.
McDaniel, John		30	Aug. 3, 1864	3 yrs.	Substitute; mustered out with company July 13, 1865.
Moran, John			Jan. 12, 1864	3 yrs.	Substitute; mustered out with company July
Mattox, James A		39	Sept. 26, 1864	l yr.	Drafted; died Feb, 18, 1865, at McDougal General Hospital, New York.
McConkey, John Myers, Philip Mitchell, David Mayes, Charles L McLain, John J	do do	35 20 23 19 31	Nov. 14, I861 Jan. 11, 1864 Nov. 1, 1864 Nov. 23, 1864 Sept. 26, 1864	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 1 yr. 1 yr. 1 yr.	Drafted: died Feb, 18, 1865, at McDougal General Hospital, New York. Died July 6, 1864, at Rome, Ga.: veteran. Died July 15, 1864, at Winship Furnace, Ga. Drafted; transferred to Co. K May 31, 1865, Substitute; transferred to Co. K July 1, 1865, Drafted; mustered out May 8, 1865, at Columbus, O., by order of War Department. Drafted; mustered out May 8, 1865, at Columbus, O., by order of War Department.
McClintock, Ahraham	do	38	Sept. 29, 1864	1 yr.	bus, O., by order of War Department. Drafted; mustered out May 8, 1865, at Colum-
McCoy, Robert G	do	19	Sept. 24, 1864	1 yr.	Substitute; mustered out June 4, 1865, at Washington, D. C., by order of War De-
Meely, William	eb	31	Sept. 21, 1864	1 yr.	partment. Drafted; mustered out June 4, 1865, at Washington D. C. by order of War Department
Nichols, James		18	Nov. 17, 1864	1 yr.	ington, D. C., by order of War Department. Substitute; mustered out June 23, 1865, at Crittenden General Hospital, Louisville, Ky., by order of War Department.
North, Martin		21	Nov. 23, 1864	1 yr.	Drafted; mustered out with company July 13, 1865.
Orr, William		24	Oct. 11, 1862 Sept. 26, 1864	9 mos. 1 yr.	Drafted; mustered out Aug. 19, 1863, at Columbus, 0., on expiration of term of service. Drafted; discharged July 7, 1865, at Tripler U. S. General Hospital, Columbus, 0., by
Oosterhout, Miles	do		Nov. 21, 1864	I yr.	order of War Department. Drafted; mustered out with company July 13,
Otte, William C	do	22	Sept. 21, 1864	1 yr.	1865. Drafted; mustered out May 8, 1865, at Colum-
Palmer, Richard E	do	33	Oct. 11, 1862	9 mos.	bus, O., by order of War Department. Drafted: mustered out Aug. 19, 1863, at Colum-
Parsons, James	do	23	Nov. 18, 1864	l yr.	bus, O., on expiration of term of service. Substitute; assigned to company, but never
Parish, David L	do	26	Oct. 8, 1862	9 mos.	reported for duty. Drafted; mustered out Aug. 19, 1863, at Co-
Patterson, John	do	19	Nov. 19, 1864	1 yr.	lumbus, O., on expiration of term of service. Substitute; mustered out with company July
Parish, Osborn	do	21	Oct. 11, 1862	9 mos.	13, 1865. Drafted; mustered out Aug. 19, 1863, at Columbus, O., on expiration of term of service.
Phafl, Christian	do	42	Nov. 10, 1864	1 yr	Substitute; mustered out with company July 13, 1865.
Piatt, James A	do., .	37	Nov. 2 1864	1 yr.	Drafted; assigned to company, but never re- ported for duty.
Piper, Joseph		25	Dec. 13, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 13, 1865; vet- eran.
Poland, Peter		18 34	Dec. 4, 1863 Oct. 11, 1862	3 yrs. 9 mos.	Transferred to Co. C March 2, 1864. Drafted: mustered out Aug. 19, 1863, at Co- lumbus, O., on expiration of term of service.
Perkius, John Peter	do	36	Sept. 27, 1864	l yr.	Drafted; mustered out June 4, 1865, at Washington, D. C., by order of War Department.

S	1		70	of e.	
Names.	Rank.	Age.	Date of Entering the Service.	Period of Service.	Remarks.
Pervis, George	Private	25	Nov. 16, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out Dec. 26, 1864, on expiration of
Parr, Thomas J	do	19	Nov. 28, 1861	3 yrs.	term of service. Discharged Dec. 18, 1862, at Keokuk, Ia., on Sur-
Phillips, Thomas Price, James C	do	20 26	Nov. 20, 1861 Oct. 8, 1862	3 yrs. 9 mos.	geon's certificate of disability. Killed Oct. 4, 1862. in battle of Corinth, Miss. Drufted; mustered out Aug. 19, 1863, at Colum-
Ralston, John C		19	Nov. 14, 1861	3 yrs.	bus, O., on expiration of term of service. Mustered out Dec. 26, 1864, on expiration of
Read, Noah	do	30	Nov. 21, 1864	1 yr.	Drafted; mustered out with company July 13,
Read, Leroy	i	25	Mch. 14, 1865	3 yrs.	1865. Substitute: mustered out with company July
Rentze, Charles	do	19	Nov. 17, 1864	1 yr.	13, 1865. Substitute; mustered out with company July
Rex, Lebrite M	do	18	Meh. 14, 1865	1 yr.	13, 1865. Substitute; mustered out with company July
Robertson, Alexander	do	25	Oct. 11, 1862	9 mos.	13, 1865. Drafted; mustered out Aug. 19, 1863, at Colum-
Robison, John	do	19	Dec. 19, 1861	3 yrs.	bus, O., on expiration of term of service. Mustered out with company July 13, 1865; vet-
Robison, Jesse	do	18	Dec. 19, 1861	3 yrs.	Detached as Teamster in 1st Division, 17th
Roberts, Amos	do	16	Dec. 2, 1861	3 yrs.	Army Corps—; mustered out with company July 15, 1865; veteran. Discharged Feb. 7, 1863, at St. Louis, Mo., on
Runyan, William H	,do	24	Nov. 27, 1861	3 yrs.	Surgeon's certificate of disability. Discharged July 2, 1862, at Columbus, Q., on
Rhodes, Chesley M	do	19	Oct. 22, 1561	3 yrs.	Surgeon's certificate of disability. Discharged Dec. 9, 1862, at Keokuk, Ia., on
Saylor, John E	do	45	Dec. 18, 1861	3 yrs.	Surgeon's certificate of disability. Discharged July 24, 1862, at Columb. O., on
Shane, William B	do	24	Dec. 21, 1861	3 yrs.	Surgeon's certificate of disability. Mustered out Dec. 26, 1864, on expiration of
Shaw, Liberty	do	20	Oct. 11, 1862	9 mos.	term of service. Drafted; mustered out Aug. 19, 1863, at Colum-
Stewart, William K	do	41	Dec. 19, 1861	3 yrs.	bus, O., on expiration of term of service. Mustered out Dec. 26, 1864, on expiration of
Sunkle, Philip	do	38	Oct. 11, 1862	9 mos.	term of service. Mustered out May 21, 1865, on expiration of
Shackelford, William W.	do	30	Sept. 21, 1864	1 yr.	term of service. Drafted; mustered out June 4, 1865, at Wash-
Schiele, Anthony	do	30	Sept. 21, 1864	l yr.	ington, D. C., by order of War Department. Drafted; mustered out June 4, 1865, at Wash-
Smith. Philip	do	30	Sept. 21, 1864	l yr.	ington, D. C., by order of War Department. Drafted; mustered out June 4, 1865, at Wash-
Stali, Abraham	do	22	Jan. 11, 1864	3 yrs.	Drafted; mustered out June 4, 1865, at Washington, D. C., by order of War Department. Mustered out June 20, 1865, at Camp Chase, O., by order of War Department.
Sheldon, William Shaffer James	do	37 23	Nov. 2, 1864 Nov. 2, 1864	1 yr. 1 yr.	Drafted; transferred to Co. K May 29, 1865. Drafted; assigned to company, but never reported for duty.
Snodgrast, William	do	22	Feb. 22; 1865	1 yr.	Substitute; mustered out with company July 13, 1865.
Snook, William M	do	22	Nov. 10, 1864	1 yr.	Drafted; mustered out with company July 13, 1865.
Souders, John J	do	21	Nov. 21, 1864	1 yr.	Drafted; mustered out with company July 13, 1865.
Speaker, Andrew J	do	22	Feb. 20, 1865	1 yr.	Substitute; mustered out with company July 13, 1865.
Stebar, George W	}	43	Nov. 2, 1864	1 yr.	Drafted; mustered out to date July 12, 1865, at Camp Dennison, O.
Stevenson, John W	do	18	Feb. 25, 1865	1 yr.	Substitute; mustered out with company July 13, 1865.
Stewart, Frank	do	. 39	Nov. 21, 1864	1 yr.	Drafted: assigned to company, but never re- ported for duty.
Stewart, David C	do	22	Nov. 2, 1804	1 yr.	Drufted; assigned to company, but never reported for duty.
Speer, Hugh B	do	22	Dec. 12, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 13, 1865; veteran.
Stewart, David		20	Dec. 12, 1861	3 yrs ₃	Mustered out with company July 13, 1865; vet- eran.
Shaffer, Joseph M		28	June 3, 1864	3 yrs.	Drafted; assigned to company, but never re-
Shivers, William		38	Oct. 8, 1862	9 mos.	Drafted; mustered out Aug. 19, 1863, at Colum-
Scott, John F	Į	19	Feb. 1, 1864	3 yrs.	Wounded —; mustered out with company July 13, 1865.
Scott, Robert M	do	21 22	Oet. 31, 1861 Oct. 8, 1862	3 yrs. 9 mos.	Wounded —; mustered out with company July 13, 1865. Died Feb. 17, 1864, at Unionport, O.; veteran. Drafted: mustered out Aug. 19, 1863, at Columbus, O., on expiration of term of service.
Swan, Solomon Stewart, John B	do	19 22	Feb. 3, 1864 Feb. 11, 1864	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Died Aug. 13, 1864, at Chattahoochee river.
Swan, Solomon	do	22 19 45	Dec. 3, 1861 Nov. 22, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Died Nov. 17, 1864, at Chattanooga, Tenn. Killed Oct. 4, 1862, in battle of Corinth, Miss. Died Aug. 6, 1862, near Corinth, Miss. Killed Oct. 4, 1862, in battle of Corinth, Miss.
Tipton, John	do	17	Dec. 12, 1861	3 yrs.	Killed Oct. 4, 1862, in battle of Corinth, Miss.

Names.	Rank.	Age.	Date of Entering the Service.	Period of Service.	Remarks.
Twaits, James	Private	18	Meh. 7, 1865	3 yrs.	Substitute; absent, sick in hospital at Camp Dennison, O.; mustered ont July 5, 1865, by order of War Department.
Watters, William B	do	18	Dec. 30, 1861	3 yrs.	Mastered out with company July 13, 1865;
Wence, Augustus	do	31		3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 13, 1865; vet-
West, William H			Dec. 12, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 13, 1865; veteran.
Wheeler, James	do	29 18	Feb. 6, 1864 Oct. 6, 1864	3 yrs. 1 yr.	Mustered out with company July 13, 1865. Substitute; mustered out with company July
Winget, Harvey	do	19	Dec. 7, 1864	1 yr.	13, 1865. Substitute; mustered out with company July 13, 1865.
Wiseheart, James M	do	29	Meh. 3, 1865	l yr.	Substitute; mustered out with company July 13, 1865.
Wright, John	do	37	Dec. 9, 1865	1 yr.	Drafted; mustered out with company July 13, 1865.
Waters, James W	do	18	Dec. 4, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged March 13, 1863, at St. Louis, Mo.,
Work, John	do	16	Dec. 12, 1861	3 yrs.	on Surgeon's certificate of disability. Discharged July 23, 1862, at Corinth, Miss., on
Wallace, David	do	18 21	Nov. 20, 1861 Oct. 8, 1862	3 yrs. 9 mos.	Surgeon's certificate of disability. Killed Oct. 4, 1862, in battle of Corinth, Miss. Drafted; mustered out Aug. 19, 1863, at Colum-
Work, Alexander	do	19 20	Dec. 19, 1861 Nov. 25, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	bus, O., on expiration of term of service. Died May 9, 1862, at Farmington, Miss. Discharged Oct. 21, 1862, at Corinth, Miss., on
Wheeler, John W	do	19	Dec. 19, 1861	3 yrs.	Surgeon's certificate of disability. Mustered out: Jan. 16, 1864, on expiration of
Wharton, Silas	do	18	Oct. 8, 1862	9 mos.	term of service, Drafted; mustered out Aug. 19, 1863, at Colum-
Wilson, Thomas E Yates, William	do do	18 27	Jan. 18, 1864 Nov. 19, 1864	3 yrs, 1 yr.	bus. 0., on expiration of term of service, Died March 16, 1864, at Athens, Ala. Substitute; mustered out with company July 13, 1865.

COMPANY H.

Mustered in from Oct. 11 to Dec. 10, 1861, at Camp Andrews, Mt. Vernon, O., by Joel A. Dewey, Captain 43d O. V. I.; Samuel K. Williams, 1st Lieutenaut 43d O. V. I. Mustered out July 13, 1865, at Louisville, Ky., by William H. Carr, Captain 10th Illinois Veteran Volunteer Infantry.

Joel A. Dewey	Captain	21 Oc	t. 10, 1861	3 yrs.	Transferred from 58th O. V. I. Dec. 28, 1861; appointed Jan. 10, 1862; promoted to Lieut. Colonel 111th U. S. Colored Troops Feb. 14, 1864.
Albert H. Howe			t. 23, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered as private; appointed Sergeant—; 1st Sergeant—; promoted to 2d Lieuten- ant July 3, 1862; 1st Lieutenant Oct. 4, 1862; Captain April 13, 1864; Major April 20, 1865.
Alexander N. Wells	do	27 Oc	t. 7, 1861	3 yrs.	Promoted from 1st Lieutenant Co. F April 20, 1865; mustered out with company July 13, 1865; veteran.
Samuel K. Williams	st Lieut.	26 Au	g. 22, 1861	3 yrs.	Transferred from 22d Regiment Jan. 10, 1862; appointed Jan. 10, 1862; resigned June 29, 1862.
Hinebman Prophet	do :	25 Oc	t. 1, 1861	3 yrs.	Transferred from Co. H Aug. 18, 1862; pro-
Andrew J. Fitzgerald	1		1. 31, 1861	3 yrs.	moted to Captain Co. C.Dec. 5, 1862. Promoted from 2d Lieutenant Co. E April 13, 1864; transferred to Co. D Jan, 10, 1865.
Martin L. Briner	do 5	24 No	v. 8, 1861	3 yrs.	Transferred from Co. E April 1, 1865; trans-
Samuel Y. Calvin			e. 12, 1861	3 yrs.	ferred to Co. I May 1, 1865. Transferred from Co. C May 1, 1865; mustered out with company July 13, 1865.
Montgomery Close 20	d Lient. 3	34 Oct	. 11, 1861	3 yrs.	Transferred from 58th O. V. I. Dec. 23, 1861; appointed 2d Lientenant Jan. 10, 1862; resigned July 13, 1862.
Thatcher Vincent	do	29 Oct	28, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered as private; promoted to 2d Lienten- ant Oct. 4, 1862; discharged Dec. 12, 1863, by order of War Department.
Augustus L. Pendergast	do,.	8 Jai	18, 1864	3 yrs.	Promoted to Q. M. Sergeant from private April 20, 1865; 2d Lieutenant May 16, 1865; transferred to Co. B June 12, 1865.
Willoughby Howe	do	20 Oc	23. 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered as private; promoted to 2d Lieuten- ant May 16, 1865; mustered out with com- pany July 13, 1865; veteran.
John Ginste	st Sergt.	25 Oct	. 15, 1861	3 угз.	Mustered as private; appointed 1st Sergeant —; mustered out Dec. 22, 1864, on expiration of term of service.
				1	1

Transferred from 58th O. V. I. Dec. 22, 1861 appointed Sergeant Jan. 10, 1862; 185 appointed Sergeant Jan. 10, 1862; appointed Sergeant Jan. 11, 1865; nustered out with company July 13, 1865; reteran. 20 Dec. 2, 1861 3 yrs. 20 3 yrs					of .	
James B. Griffin	Names.	Rank.	Age.	Entering the	Period of Service.	Remarks.
James B. Griffin	Harrison, Douglass	lst Sergt	22	Oct. 23, 1861	3 yrs.	appointed Sergeant Jan. 10, 1862; 1st Sergeant Jan. 1, 1865; died Feb. 3, 1865, of wounds received Feb, 1865, in battle of
Medad H. Buckley	James B. Griffin	.,do	17	Dw. 19, 1031	3 yrs.	River's Bridge, S. C.; veteran. Appointed Corporal—; Sergeant Feb. 1, 1865; 1st Sergeant June 1, 1865; mustered out with
Medad H. Buckley	Charles H. Bayless	Sergeant	20	Dec. 9, 1081	3 yrs.	June 1, 1865; mustered out with company
Charles Clark.	Medad H. Buckley	do.,	18	Dec. 10, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal —; Sergeant June 1, 1865; mustered out with company July 13,
Martin Deuman	Charles Clark	do	31	Oct. 23, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed from private Feb. 1, 1865; mustered
Seth J. Porter	Martin Denman	do. ,	18	Nov. 1, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered as private; appointed Sergeant—; inustered out Jan. 2, 1865, on expiration of
Frederick Schneider	Seth J. Porter	do	23	Oct. 23, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered as private; appointed Sergeant—; died June 27, 1862, at Camp Clear Creek,
John M. Tinker.	Frederick Schneider	,do	23	Nov. 1, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered as private; appointed Sergeant Jan. 1. 1864; mustered out with company July 13,
William A. Bethel. Corporal 23 Nov 21, 1861 3 yrs. Mordcea in M. Dawson do 18 Dev 12, 1861 3 yrs. Appointed Corporal Jue 1, 1865; nustered out with company July 13, 1865; veteran. Appointed Corporal Jue 1, 1865; nustered out with company July 13, 1865; veteran. Appointed Corporal Jue 1, 1865; nustered out with company July 13, 1865; veteran. Appointed Corporal Jue 1, 1865; vetera	John W. Tinker	do	19	Nov. 26, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Sergeant Dec. 18, 1861; killed Oct.
Tark Ennes	William A. Bethel Mordecai M. Dawson	Corporaldo		Nov 21, 1861 Dec. 15, 1861.	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Died June 27, 1862, at Camp Clear Creek, Miss. Appointed Corporal June 1, 1865; mustered
Henry F. Hoyle	Ira R. Ennes	do	18			Appointed Corporal Ech. 1 1865; westered out
John McCotter				Nov. 2, 1861	3 yrs.	with company July 13, 1865; veteran. Appointed Corporal Feb. 1, 1865; mustered
David Pregenzer					3 yrs.	action: discharged June 2, 1865, on Surgeon's
David Pregenzer	John McCotter	do	19	Oct. 23, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal Jan. 1, 1864; transferred to 106th U. S. Colored Infantry March 31,
Daniel E. Rose	David Pregenzer	do	24		3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal Aug, 1, 1864; mustered out
Daniel E. Rose do.	Lewis L. Roe	do	22	Oct. 23, 1831	3 yrs.	with company July 13, 1865; veteran. Appointed Corporal Aug. 1, 1864; mustered out
Neri Smith	Daniel E. Rose	do	17	Oct. 28, 1861	3 yrs.	with company July 13, 1865; veteran. Appointed Corporal —; mustered out Jan.
April, Frederick Private 18 Oct. 23, 1961 3 yrs. Allen, William O do 19 Oct. 25, 1861 3 yrs. Allen, Nclson do 20 Oct. 25, 1861 3 yrs. Archer, John do 20 Oct. 17, 1864 1 yr. Anderson, John do 18 Feb. 24, 1865 1 yr. Burge, John Y do 37 Oct. 25, 1861 3 yrs. Budd, Obadiah do 38 Sept. 27, 1864 1 yr. Bennett, Franklin do 20 3 yrs. Bennett, Henry do 21 3 yrs. Bennett, Henry do 18 Mch. 8, 1865 1 yr. Bethel, James W do 18 Nov. 21, 1861 3 yrs. Bethel, James W do 18 Nov. 21, 1861 3 yrs. Burtnett, Thomas: do 23 Dec. 6, 1861 3 yrs. Burtnett, Thomas: do 23 Dec. 6, 1861 1 yr. Burtnett, Thomas: do 23 Dec. 6, 1861 1 yr. Burtnett, William do 30 Mch. 9, 1865 1 yr. Bain, John do 40 32 Nov. 24, 1861 3 yrs. Clary, Nicholas G do 22 Nov. 24, 1861 3 yrs. Chadwick, James H do Dec. 17, 1863 3 yrs. Chadwick, James H do Dec. 17, 1863 3 yrs. Discharged out with company July 13, 1865; veteran. Mustered out with company July 13, 1865; veteran. Mustered out with company July 13, 1865; veteran. Mustered out with company July 13, 1865; veteran. Substitute; mustered out with company July 13, 1865. Toronto a yrs. Buscharged Sept. 15, 1862, on Surgeon's certificate of disability. Drafted; mustered out with company July 13, 1865. Substitute; mustered out with company July 13, 1865. Toronto a yrs. Reader of disability. Drafted; mustered out with company July 13, 1865. Substitute; muste	Nerí Smith	do	17	Dec. 7, 1861	3 yrs.	2, 1865, on expiration of term of service. Appointed Corporal June 1, 1865; mustered out
Allen, William O	April, Frederick	Private	18	Oct. 23, 1961	3 yrs.	with company July 13, 1865; veteran. Mustered out with company July 13, 1865; vet-
Archer, John	Allen, William O	do,	19	Oct. 25, 1861	3 yrs.	eran.
Archer, John	Allen, Nelson	do	20		3 yrs.	eran. Discharged Sept. 15, 1862, on Surgeon's certifi-
Anderson, John do 18 Feb. 24, 1865 1 yr. Substitute; mustered out with company July 13, 1865; or surgeon's certificate of disability. Sept. 27, 1864 1 yr. Substitute; mustered out with company July 18, 1865, at Washington, D. C., by order of War Department. Wounded —; absent, sick in hospital at Resaca, Ga., Oct. 16, 1864; discharged June 4, 1865, at Washington, D. C., by order of War Department. Wounded —; absent, sick in hospital at Resaca, Ga., Oct. 16, 1864; discharged June 5, 1865, on Surgeon's certificate of disability; veteran. Mustered out with company July 13, 1865; veteran. Substitute; mustered out June -20, 1865, at Camp Dennison O., by order of War Department. Reduced from Corporal —; discharged Feb. 21, 1862, on Surgeon's certificate of disability. Wusteran. Substitute; mustered out with company July 13, 1865; veteran. Substitute; mustered out with company July 13, 1865; veteran. Substitute; mustered out with company July 13, 1865; veteran. Substitute; mustered out with company July 13, 1865; veteran. Substitute; mustered out with company July 13, 1865; veteran. Substitute; mustered out with company July 13, 1865; veteran. Substitute; mustered out with company July 13, 1865, veteran. Substitute; mustered out with company July 13, 1865, veteran. Substitute; mustered out with company July 13, 1865, veteran. Substitute; mustered out with company July 13, 1865, veteran. Substitute; mustered out with company July 13, 1865, veteran. Substitute; mustered out with company July 13, 1865, veteran. Substitute; mustered out with company July 13, 1865, veteran. Substitute; mustered out with company July 13, 1865, veteran. Substitute; mustered out with company July 13, 1865, veteran. Substitute; mustered out with company July 13, 1865, veteran. Substitute; mustered out with company July 13, 1865, veteran. Substitute; mustered out with company July 13, 1865, veteran. Substitute; mustered out with company July 13, 1865, veteran. Substitute; mustered out with company July 13, 1865, veteran. Sub	Archer, John	do	20	Oct. 17, 1864	l yr.	Drafted; mustered out with company July 13,
Burge, John Y	Anderson, John	do	18	Feb. 24, 1865	1 yr.	Substitute; mustered out with company July
Budd. Obadiahdo	Burge, John Y	do	37	Oct. 25, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged July 9, 1862, on Surgeon's certifi-
Bennett, Franklindo 20	Budd, Obadiah	do	38	Sept. 27, 1864	1 yr.	Drafted; mustered out June 4, 1865, at Wash-
Bennett, Henry do 21	Bennett, Franklin	do	20		3 yrs.	Wounded —; absent, sick in hospital at Resaca, Ga., Oct. 16, 1864; discharged June 5, 1865, on Surgeon's certificate of disability;
Bethel, James W do. 18 Nov. 21. 1861 3 yrs. Bethel, James W do. 18 Nov. 21. 1861 3 yrs. Burtnett, Thomas: do. 23 Dec. 6. 1861 3 yrs. Bain, John do. 18 Feb. 24, 1865 1 yr. Bowen, Jacob W do. 30 Mch. 9, 1865 1 yr. Burk, William do. 32 Nov. 22, 1864 1 yr. Clary, Nicholas G do. 22 Nov. 24, 1861 3 yrs. Chadwick, James H do Dec. 17, 1863 3 yrs. Chadwick, James H do Dec. 17, 1863 3 yrs.	Bennett, Henry	do	21		3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 13, 1865;
Bethel, James Wdo	Brown, John A	do	18	Meh. 8, 1865	1 yr.	Substitute; mustered out June 20, 1865, at Camp Dennison O., by order of War Depart-
Bain, John	Bethel, James W	do	18	Nov. 21, 1861	3 yrs.	Radwood from Corneral - discharged Feb
Bain, Johndo. 18 Feb. 24, 1865 1 yr. Bowen, Jacob Wdo. 30 Mch. 9, 1865 1 yr. Burk, Williamdo. 32 Nov 22, 1864 1 yr. Clary, Nicholas Gdo. 22 Nov. 24, 1861 3 yrs. Chadwick, James Hdo Dec. 17, 1863 3 yrs.	Burtnett, Thomas:	do	23	Dec. 6, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 15, 1500; vet-
Bowen, Jacob W	Bain, John	do	18	Feb. 24, 1865	1 yr.	Substitute; mustered out with company July
Burk, Williamdo. 32 Nov 22, 1864 1 yr. Clary, Nicholas Gdo. 22 Nov. 24, 1861 3 yrs. Chadwick, James HdodoDec. 17, 1863 3 yrs. Dec. 17, 1863 3 yrs. Dec. 1864 1 yr. Drafted; absent with leave; no further record found. Discharged Jan. 11, 1863; at Jackson, Tenn., ou Surgeon's certificate of disability. Discharged June 24, 1865, at Camp Chase, O., by order of Way Department.	Bowen, Jacob W	do	30	Mch 9, 1865	l yr.	Substitute; mustered out with company July
Charty, Nicholas Gdo. 22 Nov. 24, 1861 3 yrs. Discharged Jan. 11, 1863; at Jackson, Tenn., ou Surgeon's certificate of disability. Dec. 17, 1863 3 yrs. Discharged Jan. 21, 1863; at Jackson, Tenn., ou Surgeon's certificate of disability. Discharged June 24, 1865, at Camp Chase, 0., by order of War Department.	Burk, William	do	32	Nov 22, 1864	1 yr.	Drafted; absent with leave; no further record
Chadwick, James H Dec. 17, 1863 3 yrs. Joseph Grand June 24, 1865, at Camp Chase, 0., by oxider of War Depositment		I .		Nov. 24, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged Jan. 11, 1863, at Jackson, Tenn.,
Ccats, Alexander J do 18 Dec. 5, 1861 3 ms. Veteran.				Dec. 17, 1863	3 yrs.	Discharged June 24, 1865, at Camp Chase, U.,
	Coats, Alexander J	do	18	Dec. 5, 1861	3 513.	

Names.	Rank.	Age.	Date of Entering the Service.	Period of Service.	Remarks.
Cook, John S Carson, William	Privatedo	20 25	Jan. 9, 1864 Oct. 8, 1862	3 yrs. 9 mos.	Mustered out with company July 13, 1865. Drafted; mustered out Aug. 18, 1863, at Colum-
	do,	26	Nov. 21, 1864	1 yr.	bus, O., on expiration of term of service. Drafted; absent with leave; no further record
	do	25	Nov. 25, 1864	1 yr.	found. Drafted; mustered out with company July 13,
Crabtree, Seth	do	35	Nov. 25, 1864	1 yr.	1865. Drafted; died Jan. 20, 1865, at Beaufort, S. C.;
Conkel, Daniel	do .	36	Nov. 19. 1864	1 yr.	see Co. E.
Coleman, Thomas J	do	26	Nov. 2, 1864	1 yr.	Drafted: absent, sick since April 26, 1865; mustered out May 29, 1865, at New York City, by order of War Department: see Co. C. Drafted: mustered out with company July 13,
Crymble, Charles	do		Jan. 22, 1862	3 yrs.	1865. Transferred to Co. K. 8th Regiment Veteran
Currin, Daniel	do	34	Jan. 2, 1862	3 yrs.	Reserve Corps, Dec. 3, 1864. Mustered out Jan. 2, 1865, on expiration of
Dew, James Douglass, Gibson	do	15 20	Nov. 16, 1861 Oct. 23, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	term of service. Killed Oct. 4, 1862, in battle of Corinth, Miss. Discharged June 18, 1862, at Camp Chase. O.,
Dunham, William II		28	Oet. 11, 1861	3 yrs.	on Surgeon's certificate of disability. Discharged Dec. 5, 1862, at Cincinnati, O., on
Doneldson, Charles	do	18	Oct. 30, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 13, 1865; vet
Dew, Eli M	do	22	Nov. 16, 1861	3 yrs.	eran. Mustered out with company July 13, 1865; vet-
Draper, John S	do	19	Nov. 16, 1861	3 yrs.	eran. Discharged Feb. 21, 1862, on Surgeon's certifi-
Donavan, James W Dickman, William	do	18 44	Nov. 21, 1863 Nov. 21, 1864	3 yrs. 1 yr.	cate of disability. Mustered out with company July 13, 1865. Drafted; mustered out with company July 13,
Dickey, Benjamin	do	44	Oet. 8. 1862	9 mos.	Drafted; died June 10, 1863, in Regimental Hospital at Memphis, Tenn.
Deuchley, John M	do	31	Nov. 19, 1864	1 yr.	Drafted; absent; no further record found; see Co. C.
Donnelly, Edward	do	18	Meh. 16, 1865	1 yr.	Drafted; mustered out with company July 13, 1865.
Darbey, John	do	23	Oct. 3, 1864	1 vr.	Drafted; absent with leave; no further record found.
Earley, Edward	do	23	Oct. 3, 1862	9 mos.	Draited; mustered out Aug. 18, 1863, at Columbus, O., on expiration of term of ser- vice.
Fenton, Patrick	do	43	Nov. 26, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 13, 1865; veteran.
Feback, Gustavus Fandenberg, Allen D	do	20 24	Jan. 4, 1864 Dec. 21, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 13, 1865, Promoted to Hospital Steward 3d Alabama Volunteer Colored Infantry March 30, 1864.
Gallagher, Peter C Gillet, Levi	do	57 23	Sept. 20, 1861 Oct. 18, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Discharged Sept. 25, 1862, neur Jacinto, Miss., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Greeley, Russell Groat, Cornelius	do:	20 18	Oct. 28, 1861 Oct. 30, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Died Sept. 11, 1863, at Memphis, Tenn Discharged Aug. 13, 1862, at Camp Clear Creek, Miss., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Gilliland, Jesse M	ob	35	Sept. 29, 1864	1 yr.	Drafted: mustered out June 4, 1865, at Washington, D. C., by order of War Department.
Garver, Henry C	do	25	Meh. 21, 1865	1 yr.	Drafted; absent, sick in hospital at Camp Dennison, O.; discharged May 22, 1865, by order of War Department.
Gager, Joel A		18	Oct. 23, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 13, 1865; veteran.
Gillett, Levi		22	Oct. 14, 1864	1 yr,	Substitute; mustered out with company July
Harley, John W, Harman, Thomas		20 29	Oct. 23, 1861 Oct. 8, 1862	3 yts 9 mos.	Died Jan. 30, 1862, at Mt. Vernon. 0. Drafted; mustered out Aug. 18, 1863, at Co-
Hall, Avery		48	Nov. 20, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged Dec. 31, 1862, to date July 21, 1862, on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Hall, Russell T		17	Dec. 9, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged Nov. 29, 1862, at Columbus, O., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Halls, Thaddeus Hinkley, Arteman	do	17 18	Dec. 29, 1863 Oct. 31, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Junous, O., on expiration of term of service. Discharged Dec. 31, 1862, to date July 21, 1862, on Surgeon's certificate of disability. Discharged Nov. 29, 1862, at Columbus, O., on Surgeon's certificate of disability. Died Feb. 5, 1864, at Pulaski, Tenn. Discharged Oct. 6, 1862, at Columbus, O., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Hill. Stephen		19 21	Nov. 5, 1861 Dec. 15, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Discharged Sept. 12, 1862, at Utica, N. Y., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Hope, William		49	Dec. 1, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged Jan II 1863 at Jackson Tenn
Hartley, John		36	Dec. 6, 1861	3 yrs.	on Surgeon's certificate of disability. Discharged Sept. 27, 1862, at Columbus, O., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Hughes, James		24 19	Sept. 30, 1863 Oct. 3, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Mustered out Jan. 2, 1865, on expiration of of term service.
Hale, Adolphus Harkless, Jeremiah	. do	18	Dec. 29, 1863 Nov. 2, 1864	3 yrs. 1 yr.	Mustered out with company July 13, 1865. Drafted; mustered out with company July 13, 1865.

Numes.	Rank.	Age.	Date of Entering the Service.	Period of Service.	Remarks.
Haught, Noah P	Private.	19	Feb. 28, 1865	1 yr.	Substitute; mustered out with company July
Hanson, Joseph L	do	23	Oct. 11, 1861	3 yrs.	13, 1865. Absent on detached duty; mnstered out Oct.
Harrington, Jefferson	do	19	Oct. 30, 1861	3 yrs.	10, 1864, at Memphis, Tenn. Mustered out with company July 13, 1865. vet-
Howard, George W	do	*)*)	Oet. 12, 1861	3 yrs.	eran. Absent, sick in hospital at Marietta, Ga.; mustered out June 22, 1865, at Camp Den- nison, O., by order of War Department; vet- eran.
Johnson, Luke Koons, David L	do	18 21	Dec. 29, 1863 Nov. 18, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 13, 1865. Discharged Jan. 8, 1862, at Columbus, O., on
Longfellow, John H		19	Feb. 21, 1865	l yr.	Surgeon's certificate of disability. Substitute: absent, sick at Washington, D. C., since June 3, 1865; mustered out July 8, 1865, by order of War Department.
Little, Thomas J	do	18	Feb. 27, 1865	l yr.	by order of War Department. Substitute; absent, sick at Washington, D. C., since June 3, 1865; mustered out July 13, 1865, at hospital, Camp Dennison, O., by order of War Department. Died July 5, 1862, in General Hospital near Farmington, Miss.
Marsh, Shubill H	do	46	Nov. 24, 1861	3 yrs.	order of War Department. Died July 5, 1862, in General Hospital near
Maxwell, William S		18	Oet. 8, 1362	9 mos.	Columbus, O., on expiration of term of ser-
McCarty, Jerome N. B	do	28	Oct. 11, 1861	3 yrs.	vice. Discharged July 21, 1862, at Columbus, O., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
McClelland, Samuel	do	21	Nov. 26, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 13, 1865;
McCollum, Daniel	do	18	Meh. 13, 1865	1 yr.	veteran. Substitute; mustered out with company July 13, 1865.
McCotter, Iliram McClary, John Mingus, Calvin	do	18 18 34	Jan. 8, 1864 Oct. 5, 1863 Nov. 29, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 13, 1865. Mustered out with company July 13, 1865. Mustered out with company July 13, 1865. Dispharged Oct. 4, 1862, at Columbus, 0 on Surgeon's certificate of disability. Died May 17, 1862, at Brighton, 0. Drafted; mustered out Aug. 18, 1863, at Columbus, 0
Mills, Benjamiu F Middleton, John L	do	19 26	Oct. 26, 1861 Oct. 8, 1862	3 yrs. 9 mos.	Died May 17, 1862, at Brighton, O. Drafted; mustered out Aug. 18, 1863, at Colum-
Miden, Peter	do	19	Dec. 2, 1863	3 yrs.	Absent, sick at Chattanooga, Tenn, since Aug
Miller, Charles M	do	18	Oet. 11, 1861	3 yrs.	18, 1864; mustered out Aug. 22, 1865, to date July 13, 1865, by order of War Department. Discharged Oct. 23, 1862, at Corinth, Miss., on Surgeaches certificate of dischilir.
Mosher, Hugh	do	44	Qet. 25, 1861	3 yrs.	Surgeon's certificate of disability. Discharged Sept. 4, 1862, at Columbus, O., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Mosher, Hiram Mosher, Marvin	do	33 42	Nov. 4, 1861 Oct. 26, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Died Nov. —, 1862, at Corinth, Miss. Mustered out with company July 13, 1865; vet-
Mosher, Walter	do	18	Nov. 21, 1863.	3 yrs.	eran. Absent, sick at Chattanooga, Tenn., since Oct. 7, 1864; no further record found.
Morehart, Columbus	cb	i8	Feb. 22, 1865	1 yr.	Substitute: died June 24, 1865, at Louisville, Kentucky.
Monaghen, Owen McNamee, Oscar McNiehols, Elwood	do do	41 23 25	Jan. 10, 1862 Oct. 23, 1861 Nov. 25, 1864	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 1 yr.	Pied Nov. 13, 1864, at Chattanooga, Tenn. Died Dec. 30, 1861, at Camp Chase, O. Drafted; mustered out with company July 13, 1865.
Murray, Jacob B Newton, Joseph Orr, John W	do dodo	18 26 28	Sept. 16, 1863 Nov. 1, 1861 Mch. 27, 1864	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Died June 30, 1864, at Allatoona, Ga. Died April 21, 1863, at Bolivar, Tenn. Substitute: absent, sick at Hilton Head, S. C., since Jan. 28, 1865; mustered out July 22, 1865, at Washington, D. C., by order of War Department.
Ogle, Joachim	do	43	Dec. 12, 1864	l yr.	Substitute; mustered out with company July 13, 1865.
O'Hara, Patriek	do	32	Feb. 28, 1864	1 yr.	Substitute; absent, sick at Newbern, N. C., slace May 1, 1865; no further record found.
Opfer, John Pratt, James E	do	16		3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 13, 1865.
Pitcher, William	. do	19	Feb. 16, 1865	l yr.	Substitute: absent, sick at Newbern, N. C.; mustered out June 10, 1865, at David's Island, New York Harbor, by order of War Department.
Reese, Jacob J Reppart, David	do do	21 36	Dec. 14, 1861 Oct. 8, 1862	3 yrs. 9 mos.	Drafted; mustered out Aug. 18, 1863, at Columbus, O., on expiration of term of
Russell, Daniel T	do	53	Oet. 11, 1861	5 y.s.	Discharged Jan. 29, 1863, at Columbus, O., on
Russell, Andrew S	do	27	Nov. 13, 1861	3 yrs.	Surgeon's certificate of disability. Discharged Feb. 5, 1863, at St. Louis, Mo., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Russell, Franklin J	1		Nov. 30, 1861	3 yrs.	Died —, of wounds received May 13, 1864, in battle of Resaca, Ga.; veteran.
Ripley, John S	do	19	Oct. 8, 1862	9 muc.	Draft d; mustered out Aug. 18, 1863, at Columbus, O., on expiration of term of service.

THE TEST AND THE VOICE AT LEAST TATABLE.								
Names.	Rank.	Age.	Date of Entering the Service.	Period of Service.	Remarks.			
Ritzenthaler, Philip	Private	18	Nov. 1, 1861	3 yrs.	Absent on furlough since June 22, 1865; no			
Roush, Montville	do	27	Nov. 2, 1864	1 yr.	further record found; veteran. Drafted; mustered out with company July 13,			
Roberts, Frazier	do	29	Mch. 9, 1865	1 yr.	1865. Substitute; mustered out with company July 13, 1865.			
Scott, David M	do	22	Oct. 8, 1862	9 mos.	Drafted; mustered out Aug. 18, 1863, at Columbus, O., on expiration of term of service.			
Sweet, Stephen Smart, William D Smith, William	do do	22 16 23	Oct. 26, 1861 Nov. 20, 1861 Sept. 21, 1864	3 yrs. 3 yrs, 1 yr.	Substitute: mustered out June 4, 1865, at Washington, D. C., by order of War Depart-			
Smith, Lucius	1	39 20	Sept. 30, 1863	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	ment. Mustered out with company July 13, 1865; veteran.			
Stires, Enoch		15	Dec. 31, 1861	3 yrs.	Wounded —; mustered out with company July 13, 1865; veteran.			
Stedman, Francis		18	Dec. 6, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 13, 1865; veteran.			
St. Clair, William	do,	15	Nov. 24, 1861	3 yrs.	Absent at Chattanooga, Teun, since Aug. 17, 1864, for wounds received in action—; no further record found; yeteran.			
Stedinan, George	do do	19 21 37	Dec. 22, 1863 Dec. 22, 1863 Nov. 25, 1864	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 1 yr.	Mustered out with company July 13, 1865. Mustered out with company July 13, 1865. Drafted; mustered out with company July 13, 1865.			
Stoll, Isaac	do	21	Dec. 2, 1864	1 yr.	Drafted; mustered out with company July 13, 1865.			
Smith, Jonathan	do	25	Meh. 7, 1865	1 yr.	Substitute; mustered out with company July 13, 1865.			
Stoffer, David	do	19	Oct. 8, 1862	9 mos.	Absent, in Ohio; discharged Aug. 13, 1868, to date July 18, 1864, at Columbus, O., by order of War Department.			
Tittle, Nelson	do	16	Nov, 16, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 13, 1865; vet- eran.			
Teterick, George	do	25	Nov. 25, 1864	1 yr.	Drafted; mustered out with company July 13, 1865.			
Thomas, George P Ullma, William	do	26 24	Nov. 1, 1864 Sept. 14, 1864	1 yr. 1 yr.	Drafted; died Feb. 12, 1865, at Baltimore, Md. Drafted; discharged May 25, 1865, by order of War Department.			
Vandfird, Paul	do	24	Nov. 1, 1864	1 yr.	Drafted; died Jau. 8, 1865, in hospital at St. Louis, Mo.			
White, George P	do do do	22 23 27 29	Nov. 16, 1861 Nov. 20, 1861 Nov. 1, 1864 Nov. 1, 1864	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 1 yr. 1 yr.	Died May 12, 1863, at Middleburg, Tenn. Died —, 1862, at Evansville, Ind Drafted; absent; no further record found. Drafted; mustered out with company July 13,			
Wakefield, Miles G	do	22	Nov. 1, 1864	1 yr.	1865. Drafted; absent with leave; mustered out July 11, 1865, at Washington, D. C., by order			
Ward, Daniel A	do	42	Nov. 2, 1864	1 yr.	of War Department. Drafted; absent with leave; no further record			
Welch, William	do	19	Nov. 19, 1864	1 yr.	Substitute; absent with leave; no further			
Whitney, Thomas Wood, Jefferson	do	19 18	Oct. 23, 1861 Oct. 24, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	record found. Mustered out with company July 13, 1865. Mustered out with company July 13, 1865; veteran.			
Wright, Silvanus	do	24	Oet. 24, 1862	9 mos.	Drafted; mustered out Aug. 18, 1863, at Columbus, O., on expiration of term of service.			
Zimmerman, Henry	do	17	Nov. 16, 1861	3 yrs.	Absent, sick at Paducah, Ky., since Oct. 21, 1863; no further record found.			
Wilkins, Scott	Cook	36	Dec. 10, 1863	3 yrs.	Colored under-cook; mustered out with company July 13, 1865.			

COMPANY I.

Mustered in from Oct. 5, 1861, to Feb. 6, 1862, at Camp Andrews, Mt. Vernon, O., by Peter Brown, Captain 43d O. V. I.; Peter Hewetson, 1st Lieutenant 43d O. V. I., and Willoughby W. Webb, 2d Lieutenant 43d O. V. I. Mustered out July 13, 1865, at Louisville, Ky., by William H. Carr, Captain 10th Illinois Veteran Volunteer Infautry.

			Date of	l of	
Names.	Rank.	Age.	Entering the Service.	Period of Service.	Remarks.
Peter Brown Peter Hewetson	Captain do		Oet. 13, 1861 Oet. 30, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Appointed Jan. 18, 1862; resigned June 17, 1862. Appointed 1st Lieutenant Jan. 15, 1862; promoted to Captain July 17, 1862; mustered out
Henry S. Beck	do	24	Nov. 30, 1861	3 yrs.	Oct. 29, 1864, on expiration of term of service. Appointed 1st Sergeant from Corporal Jan. 1, 1864; promoted to Captain Feb. 15, 1865; mus- tered out with company July 13, 1865; vet-
Otho W. Rigby	lst Lieut	34	Nov. 23, 1861	3 yrs.	eran. Promoted to 2d Lieutenant from Sergeant July 7, 1862; 1st Lieutenant Nov. 1, 1862; mustered out April 3, 1865, on expiration of term of service.
Martin L. Briner	do	24	Nov. 8, 1861	3 yrs.	Transferred from Co. H May 1, 1865; mustered
Willoughby W. Webb Samuel J. Warrall	2d Lieut.	25	Oct. 1, 1861 Oct. 25, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Resigned Nov. 25, 1862. Promoted from Sergeant Nov. 24, 1862; discharged May 23, 1864, by order of War Department.
Obadiah M. Davis	do	29	Oct. 1, 1861	3 yrs.	Promoted from 1st Sergeant Co. A May 9, 1864; to 1st Lieutenant Co. C Nov. 18, 1864.
Jerry O. McDonald	. do	32	Sept. 14, 1861	3 yrs.	Promoted from 1st Sergeant Co. B Nov. 18 1864: to Captain Co. B Feb. 15, 1865. Promoted from Sergeant Co. D May 16, 1865;
George F. Major	do	21	Dec. 16, 1861	3 yrs.	Promoted from Sergeant Co. D Mey 16, 1865; mustered out with company July 13, 1865; veteran.
John S. Grantham Adam Stein	Ist Sergt.	20 35	Oct. 18, 1861 Oct. 15, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Died July 22, 1862, at Clear Creek, Miss. Mustered as private; appointed Sergeant Jan. 1, 1864; 1st Sergeant June 1, 1865; mustered
John W. Baughman	Sergeant	27	Nov. 23, 1861	3 yrs.	out with company July 13, 1865; veteran. Appointed from Corporal Jan. 1, 1864; promoted to 1st Lieutenant Co. E Feb. 15, 1865;
William S. Creed	do	24	Oct. 31, 1861	3 yrs.	veteran. Discharged July 18, 1862, at Columbus, O., on
Hugh Daugherty	de	40	Oct. 5, 1861	3 yrs.	Surgeon's certificate of disability. Mustered out with company July 13, 1865; vet-
Abraham Hoffman	,do	21	Nov. 26, 1861	3 yrs.	eran. Appointed Corporal Jan. 1, 1864; Sergeant June 1, 1865; mustered out with company July 13, 1865; veteran.
Samuel Pickering	do	29	Oct. 5, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed from Corporal Jan. 1, 1864; promoted to 2d Licutenant May 16, 1865, but not mustered; mustered out with company July
George Rice	do	22	Nov. 5, 1861	3 yrs.	13, 1865; veteran. Appointed from Corporal April 1, 1865; mustered out with company July 13, 1865; veteran.
David H. Bachtel	Corporal	42	Dec. 12, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal Jan 1, 1864; mustered out
Amos Cowen	ob,	21	Nov. 21, 1861	3 yrs.	with company July 13, 1865; veteran. Appointed Corporal April 1, 1865; mustered out with company July 13, 1865; veteran.
William Hamilton	(lo	21	Oct. 31, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal Jan. 1, 1864; mustered out with company July 13, 1865; veteran.
John Hildinger	do	18	Nov. 7, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal April 1, 1865; mustered
George Kirkwood	do	42	Nov. 5, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal April 1, 1865; mustered out with company July 13, 1865; veteran. Mustered out Jan. 6, 1865, on expiration of
William McHugh	do	17	Nov. 5, 1861	3 yrs.	term of service. Appointed Corporal April 1, 1865; mustered
George Mock	. ,,do.,,,	33	Jan. 13, 1862	3 yrs.	out with company July 13, 1865; veteran. Appointed Corporal Jan. 1, 1864; mustered out
William II. Palmer	do	42	Nov. 5, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal Jan. 1, 1864; mustered out with company July 13, 1865; veteran. Appointed Corporal —; died Nov. 14, 1862,
David H. Spielman	do	27	Nov. 21, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal —: mustered out Jan
Edgar Truman	de	18	Feb. 1, 1862	3 yrs.	18, 1865, on expiration of term of service. Mustered in as Edgar Freeman: discharged June 25, 1862, at Wheeling, W. Va . on Sur-
Charles A. Whitney	do	34	Sept. 3, 1862	3 yrs.	geon's certificate of disability. Appointed Corporal Jan. I, 1864; absent. sick; mustered out to date July 13, 1865; at Colum-
Asbel, Wilson	Private	21	Dec. 14, 1861	3 yrs.	bus, 0.; veteran Mustered out with company July 13, 1865,
Aldenderfer, Jacob	do	24	Sept. 26, 1864	1 yr.	veteran. Drafted: mustered out with company July 13, 1865.

				<u> </u>	
Names.	Rank.	Age.	Date of Entering the Service.	Period of Service.	Remarks.
Brumer, Henry J	Private	26	Oct. 6, 1862	9 mos.	Drafted: mustered out Aug. 19, 1863, at Columbus, O., on expiration of term of service.
Brunney, Charles Boestler, Henry Brown, Alfred G. B	do do	18 18 17	Feb. 4, 1864 Feb. 8, 1864 Dec. 10, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 13, 1865. Mustered out with company July 13, 1865. Mustered out with company July 13, 1805;
Barr, J. Wesley	do	18	Nov. 16, 1861	3 yrs.	veteran. Mustered out with company July 12, 1865;
Blizzard, Wesley	do	20	Jan. 25, 1862	3 yrs.	veteran. Mustered out with company July 13, 1865:
Barr, Charles	do do	18 30	Feb. 3, 1864 Dec. 16, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	veteran. Mustered out with company July 13, 1865. Killed May 15, 1864, in action —; veteran. Discharged June 21, 1865, on Surgeon's certifi-
Bergner, Isaac	do	25 19	Dec. 7, 1861 Nov. 5, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	cate of disability: veteran. Transferred to Co. E. April 29, 1864. Discharged Aug. 13, 1862, at Columbus, O., on Surgeon's certificate of disability. Discharged Jan. 9, 1863, at St. Louis, Mo., on Surgeon's certificate of disability. Our contractive of the con
Bates, Randall	do	53	Oct. 18, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged Jan. 9, 1863, at St. Louis, Mo., on Surgeon's certificate of disability
Brown, Jacob			Jan. 21, 1862 Oct. 31, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	On muster-in roll: no further record found. Mustered out with company July 13, 1865; veteran.
Crist, Ervin		20	Dee. 11, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 13, 1865; veteran.
Clift, John		16		3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 13, 1865; veteran.
Craiglow, David		27	Dec. 4, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 13, 1865; veteran.
Cassel, Peter	do	31 .	Feb. 7, 1864	3 yrs.	Absent, sick: transferred to Co. I. 8th Veteran Reserve Corps, Dec. 3, 1864.
Craiglow, William Conrad, Jesse	do	26	Jan. 19, 1864 Feb. 22, 1865	3 yrs. 1 yr.	Mustered out with company July 13, 1865. Drafted; mustered out with company July 13, 1865.
Cashdollar, John Cunningham, John	do	43		3 yrs.	Veteran. Discharged Jan. 28, 1863, at St. Louis, Mo., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Clawson, George			Jan. 25, 1862 Dec. 15, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged Feb. 6, 1863, at Cairo, Ill., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Defibaugh, Anderson		3.3	Dec. 7, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 13, 1865; veteran.
Dagen, Charles			Jan. 21, 1862	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 13, 1865; veteran.
Davis, Joseph			Nov. 1, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 13, 1865;
Defibaugh, Daniel Delong, Robert English, George	,do	18 18 16	Feb. 10, 1864 Feb. 18, 1864 Nov. 30, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 13, 1865. Absent, sick; no further record found. Captured July 22, 1864, in battle of Atlanta, Ga.; mustered out with company July 13,
Fisher, John	do	18	Jan. 21, 1862	3 yrs.	1865; veteran. Mustered out with company July 13, 1865;
Fleming, Garrett Fox, Caleb Fisher, John	(10	18 24 21	Feb. 12, 1864 Feb. 6, 1864 Jan. 27, 1864	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	veteran. Mustered out with company July 13, 1865. Mustered out with company July 13, 1865. Transferred to 111th Co., 24 Battalion Veteran Reserve Corps, Nov. 14, 1864.
Friend, Salem	do	36	Sept. 21, 1864	3 yrs.	Drafted; mustered out with company July 13,
Friend, Daniel	do	38	Feb. 28, 1864	3 yrs.	1865. Drafted; mustered out with company July 13,
Fisher, Willis	do	34	Nov. 15, 1861	3 yrs.	Killed Aug. 3, 1864, in action near Atlanta.
Furry, David	do	22	Nov. 21, 1861	3 yrs.	Ga.; veteran. Discharged May 24, 1862, at Camp near Booneville, Miss., on Surgeou's certificate of disability.
Grash, Morgan		18	Dec. 7, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 13, 1865;
Greer, James S	do	26	Nov. 30, 1861	3 yrs.	weteran. Wounded May 14, 1864, in battle of Resaca, Ga.; discharged July 29, 1865, at Columbus, O., on Surgeon's certificate of disability;
Green, Lucius	do	32	Dec. 1, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 13, 1865;
Grandleinard, Edward	do	18	Nov. 16, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 13, 1865;
Green, Thomas C	do	21	Nov. 13, 1861	3 yrs.	Reduced from Corporal; mustered out with
Green, Aquilla	ob,	46	Jan. 20, 1862	3 yrs.	company July 13, 1865; veteran. Discharged June 2, 1862, at St. Louis, Mo., on
Grady, William A	do	17		3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 13, 1865;
Grady, Andrew J	do	26	Aug. 28, 1862	3 yrs.	veteran. Mustered out with company July 13, 1865;
Gadd, Owen	do	29	Dec. 2, 1864	1 yr.	veteran. Substitute; mustered out with company July 13, 1865

=					
Names.	Rank.	Age.	Date of Entering the Service.	Period of Service.	Remarks.
Griffith, Isaac.	Private	29	Oct. 11, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged July 1, 1862, at St. Louis. Mo., on
				-	Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Griffith, Samuel	do	23 20	Oet. 31, 1861 Dec. 14, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Died April 9, 1862, at New Madrid, Mo. Discharged March 6, 1863, at St. Louis, Mo., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Heimbarger, Adam	do	20	Dec. 9, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 13, 1805; veteran.
Hedges, Morgan	do	25	Dec. 4, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged July 21, 1863, at Memphis, Tenn., on Surgeon's pertificate of disability.
Hanstein, Peter	do	22	Oct. 14, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 13, 1865; veteran.
Hoffman, Jacob		21	Nov. 30, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 13, 1865; veteran.
Heagle, John W	do do	16 21 45	Oct. 5, 1863 Nov. 19, 1861 Feb. 6, 1862	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Transferred to Co. E April 29, 1864. Died Nov. 22, 1862, at Davies Mills, Miss. Discharged Sept. 6, 1862, at Columbus, O., on
Julian, Richard B Jones, William Jennings, Edward	do do	19 19 38	Feb. 8, 1864 Feb. 8, 1864 Dec. 14, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Surgeon's certificate of disability. Mustcred out with company July 13, 1865. Mustered out with company July 13, 1865. Discharged Oct. 13, 1862, at St. Louis, Mo., on
Keafaber, Philip Krafft, Christian Kennedy, Francis M	do do	19 23 22	Feb. 4, 1864 Oct. 4, 1864 May 24, 1864	3 yrs. 1 yr. 1 yr.	Surgeon's certificate of disability. Mustered out with company July 13, 1865. Mustered out with company July 13, 1865. Drafted: mustered out with company July 13,
Kniesley, Joseph	do	42	Nov. 22, 1864	1 yr.	1865. Drafted; absent, sick; mustered out May 27, 1865, at New York City, by order of War De-
Keibler, William F	do	21	Feb. 27, 1865	1 yr.	partment. Substitute; mustered out June 26, 1865, at Washington, D. C., by order of War Depart-
Kline, William K	do	37	Nov. 29, 1861	3 yrs.	ment. Mustered out Jan. 18, 1865, on expiration of
Kelser, Jeremiah Knapp, John W	do	19 32	Dec. 16, 1861 Oct. 31, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	term of service. Died May 17, 1862, at Hamburg, Miss. Discharged Sept. 5, 1862, at Cincinnati, O., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Levering, George W	do	20	Nov. 5, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 15, 1865; vet-
Lentz, William J		30	Aug. 23, 1862	3 yrs.	eran. Wounded June 16, 1864, in action near Kenesaw Mountain, Ga: mustered out with company July 13, 1865; veteran.
Leibman, Frederick Lines, George W	do	40 25	Jan. 23, 1862 Dec. 8, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Reduced from Corporal ,; died Aug. 14,
Miller, Abraham	do	28	Aug. 30, 1862	3 yrs	1863, at Jefferson Barracks, St. Louis, Mo. Wounded —; died on cars near Resaca, Ga.:
Moek, William	do,	16	Nov. 13, 1861	3 yrs.	weteran. Mustered out with company July 13, 1865; vet-
Mock, Henry	do			3 yrs.	eran. Discharged June 27, 1865, on Surgeon's certifi-
McLain, Francis	do	34	Jan. 4, 1862	3 yrs.	cate of disability. Mustered out with company July 13, 1865; veteran.
Mock, Martin	do	24		3 yrs,	Mustered out with company July 13, 1865; veteran.
MeNamee, Bartholomew	do	36	Feb. 5, 1862	3 yrs.	Absent, wounded; no further record found; veteran.
McKnight, Josiah	do	16		3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 13, 1865; vet- eran.
Mock, Thomas	do.,,,	24	Nov. 15, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 13, 1865; veteran,
Murphy, Benjamin D	do	27	Dec. 7, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 13, 1865; veteran,
Martins, John	dc	· i †	Nov. 23, 1864 Oct. 18, 1861	1 yr. 3 yrs.	Draft d; died March 7, 1865. Discharged May 31, 1865, on Surgeon's certifi-
Morhart, Lewis E	do	30	Jan. 13, 1862	3 yrs.	cate of disability; veteran. Mustered out May 29, 1865, at New York City, by order of War Department.
Marlow, Eli	do	50 40	Feb. 5, 1862 Feb. 5, 1862	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Mustered in as Bartholomew McLaine; mustered out to date July 13, 1865, at Columbus,
Noggle, Isaac	do	25	Nov. 30, 1861	3 yrs.	O; veteran. Mustered out with company July 13, 1865; vet-
Noggle, Andrew	do,	23	Dec. 2, 1861	3 yrs.	eran. Mustered out July 17, 1865, at David's Island, New York Harbor, by order of War Depart-
Noggle, William D	do	20	Nov. 30, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 13, 1865; vet-
Noggle, Hiram	do	18	Jan. 26, 1864	3 yrs.	eran. Absent, in hospital; mustered out May 19, 1865, at David's Island, New York Harbor by order of War Department, Discharged Sept. 28, 1862, at Jackson, Tenn.
Nicodemus, Josiah	do	28	Dec. 7, 1861	3 yrs.	by order of War Department. Discharged Sept. 28, 1862, at Jackson, Tenn.
Oldenderfer, Jacob	do	24	Feb. 26, 1864	1 yr.	on Surgeon's certificate of disability. Drafted; mustered out with company July 13, 1865.

Names.	Rank.	Age.	Date of Entering the Service.	Period of Service.	Remarks.
Potts, Milton Parmenter, Robert	Privatedo	26	Feb. 29, 1864 Nov. 26, 1864	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 13, 1865. Drafted; absent, sick; mustered out to date July 13, 1865.
Petty, Anson C	do	24	Nov. 14, 1861 Feb. 1, 1864	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Diad luke 16 1801 in boshital at Vachnilla
Piester, Jacob		50	Nov. 9, 1861	3 yrs.	Tennessee. Discharged March 23, 1863, at St. Louis, Mo., on Surgeon's certificate of disability. Discharged Ugt, 28, 1862, at Camp Clear Creek, Miss. Discharged Oct. 5, 1862, at Jackson, Tenn., on
Phaunt, Lewis Porter, Samuel H	do	29 41	Dec. 14, 1861 Nov. 23, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Died July 22, 1862, at Camp Clear Creek, Miss. Discharged Oct. 5, 1862, at Jackson, Tenn., on Surgeou's certificate of disability.
Robison, William A	do	31	Feb. 3, 1862	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 13, 1865; vet-
Risdon, Samuel	do	29	Feb. 3, 1862	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 13, 1865; vet-
Riggs, Sterling	do	19		3 yrs.	eran. Mustered out with company July 13, 1865; vet-
Risinger, Milton	do.,	24 17 32 31	Feb. 8, 1864 Nov. 5, 1861 Nov. 3, 1861 Feb. 3, 1862	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	eran. Mustered out with company July 13, 1865 Died Aug. 21, 1863, at Memphis, Tenn. Mustered out with company July 13, 1865; vet-
Shupe, Marion		20	Nov. 6, 1861	3 yrs.	eran. Mustered out with company July 13, 1865; vet-
Stump, George		37	Dec. 7, 1861	3 yrs.	eran. Absent on furlough; no further record found;
Septer, Samuel		24	Jan. 14, 1862	3 yrs.	veteran. Mustered out with company July 13, 1805; vet-
Stump, Albert W	do	18	Nov. 5, 1861	3 yrs.	eran. Must red out with company July 13, 1865; vet-
Shoemaker, Eli	dododododo	18 21 20 21 25 24	Jan. 23, 1864 Feb. 6, 1864 Meh. 4, 1865 Meh. 4, 1865 Nov. 4, 1861 Feb. 5, 1862	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 1 yr. 1 yr. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	eran 'Absent, sick; no further record found, 'Absent, sick; no further record found, Mustered out with company July 13, 1865, Mustered out with company July 13, 1865. Discharged July 2, 1862, at Camp Chase, O., on
Smith, Isaac	do	16	Nov. 27, 1861	3 yrs.	Surgeon's certificate of disability. Discharged July 18, 1862, at Camp Chase, O., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Shupe, Sylvester	do	17	Nov. 11, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged May 8, 1860, on Surgeon's certifi-
Taylor, Obed	do	24		3 yrs.	e ite of disability; veteran. Mustered out with company July 13, 1865; vet-
Taban, William	do	40	Oet. 18, 1864	l yr.	eran. Drafted; mustered out with company July 13,
Trueman, J. K	do	23	Jan. 27, 1862	3 yrs.	1865. Discharged Sept. 29, 1862, at Camp Chase, O., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Tatman, Solomon	do	19	Nov. 25, 1861	3 yrs	Transferred to Co. G. 23d Regiment Veteran Reserve Corps, June 20, 1864; appointed Cor- poral Aug. 1, 1864, in Veteran Reserve Corps; mustered out Nov. 30, 1864, at St. Louis, Mo.,
Taban, William C	do	18	Nov. 1, 1861	3 yrs.	on expiration of term of service. Transferred to Veteran Reserve Corps Jan. 15, 1865; veteran.
Underwood, H. F	do	18	Dec. 10, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged Dec. 13, 1862, at Keckuk, Ia., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Valentine, Anderson S.	do	38	Meh. 21, 1865	1 yr.	Mustered out May-8, 1865, at Tod Barracks, Columbus, O., by order of War Department.
Warner, Jeremiah	do	36		3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 13, 1865; vet-
Warner, Richard	do	23	Oct. 25, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 13, 1865; vet- eran.
Williamsou, Rufus	do	20	Dec. 11, 1861	3 yrs.	Killed July 29, 1864, in action, Atlanta, Ga. veteran.
Weltzheimer, George	do	23	Oct. 31, 1861	3 yrs.	Killed Feb. 3, 1865, in battle of River's Bridge,
Welch, Isaac Williamson, George	do	17	Feb. 10, 1864 Nov. 2, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	S. C.; veteran. Died March 19, 1865, Mustered out Jan. 6, 1865, on expiration of
Wylie, William	do	24	Sept. 3, 1862	3 yrs.	term of service. Mustered out June 4, 1865, at Washington, D. C., by order of War Department.
Welch, George C	lo	35	Jan. 13, 1864	1 yr.	Drafted: mustered out May 8, 1865, at Columbus, 0., by order of War Department.
Ward, Charles	do	20	Sept. 23, 1864	1 yr.	Drafted; mustered out May 8, 1865, at Tool Barracks. Columbus, O., by order of War Department.

COMPANY K.

Mustered in from Nov. 1, 1861, to Jan. 13, 1862, at Camp Andrews, Mt. Vernon, O., by William Walker, Captain 43d O. V. I.: Moses R. Shalters, 1st Lieutenant 43d O. V. I., and Isaac Young, 2d Lieutenant 43d O. V. I. Mustered out July 13, 1865, at Louisville, Ky., by William H. Carr, Captain 10th Illinois Veteran Volunteer Infantry.

				land .	
Names.	Rank.	Age.	Date of Entering the Service.	Period of Service.	Remarks.
William Walker	Captain	39	Oct. 26, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Feb. 7, 1862; resigned April 15, 1862.
John H. Rhodes	do	25	Oct. 1, 1861	3 yrs.	Promoted from Sergt, Major May 15, 1862; to
Isaac Yonug			Dec. 18, 1861	3 yrs.	Lieut. Colonel April 20, 1865. Appointed 2d Lieutenant Feb. 7, 1862; promoted to 1st Lieutenant June 29, 1862; Captain Oct. 12, 1862; resigned June 4, 1863.
Hamden Heatherington .	do	21	Feb. 27, 1862	3 yrs.	Promoted to 1st Lieutenant from Principal Musician Feb. 15, 1865; Captain April 20, 1865; mustered out with company July 13, 1865; yeteran.
Moses R. Shalters	1st Lieut.	31	Nov. 1, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Feb. 7, 1862; promoted to Captain Co. B Aug. 12, 1862.
John P. Kinney		24	Oct. 1, 1861	3 yrs.	ransferred from Field and Staff as Adjutant; mustered out Oct. 28, 1864, at Chattanooga, Tenn., on expiration of term of ser-
Edwin L. Lybarger	do	25	Nov. 25, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered as private; promoted to 2d Lieutenant Dec. 5, 1862; 1st Lieutenant and Regt. Quartermaster Nov. 18, 1864.
Levi Oman	do	22	Nov. 4, 1861	3 yrs.	Promoted from 1st Sergeant Co. E May 16, 1865; mustered out with company July 13, 1865.
Samuel Y. Calvin	2d Lieut.	20	Oct. 12, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered as private; appointed 1st Sergeant May 1, 1862; promoted to 2d Lieutenant Oct. 4, 1862: 1st Lieutenant Co. A April 13, 1864.
James McLain	do	34	Oct. 28, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered as private; appointed Sergeant Feb. 7, 1862; promoted to 2d Lieutenant May 16, 1865; mustered out with company July 13,
Clark C. Edwards	lst Sergt.	28	Nov. 4, 1861	3 yrs.	1865; veteran. Minstered as private; appointed 1st Sergeant —; discharged June 30, 1862, at Columbus, 0., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Benjamin F. Woods	do	20	Nov. 8, 1861	3 yrs.	
James H. Speakman		34	Oct. 21, 1861	3 yrs.	May 9, 1863; promoted to 2d Lieutenant 106th U. S. Colored Troops May 22, 1864; veteran. Mustered as private; appointed Sergeant—; 1st Sergeant March 28, 1865; veteran.
Miles G. Ruble		18	Nov. 25, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal —; Sergeant Jan. 29, 1865; 1st Sergeant March 21, 1865; mustered out with company July 13, 1865; veteran. Appointed Corporal —; Sergeant June 1,
George Connell			Nov. 12, 1861	3 yrs.	1865; mustered out with company July 13, 1865; veteran.
Anthony Fabra			Nov. 9. 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal —: Sergeant April 1, 1865; mustered out to date July 13, 1865, at Columbus, O.; veteran,
John Hawu		1	Nov. 25, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 13, 1865; vet-
Henry McGrievy			Oct. 19, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out to date July 13, 1865, at Columbus, O.; veteran.
Oliver Taylor	do	18	Dec. 5, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal Jan. 28, 1863; Sergeant April 17, 1864; mustered out Jan. 29, 1865, at Pocataligo, S. C., on expiration of term of service.
Levi Bates	. Corporal	21	Dec. 21, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal April 1, 1865; mustered
Leo Blubaugh	do	. 18	Dec. 12, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal Jan. 1, 1865; mustered out with company July 13, 1865; veteran. Appointed Corporal Jan. 1, 1865; mustered out
Samuel Boohecker	de	. 18	Dec. 11, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal Jan. 1, 1865; mustered out to date July 13, 1865, at Columbus, O.; veteran.
Lyman Chapin			Oct. 29, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal June 1, 1865; mustered out to date July 13, 1865, at Columbus, 0.; veteran.
Robert Greer Francis Green	do	. 17	Nev. 23, 1861 Dec. 6, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Died July 20, 1862, at Clear Creek, Miss. Appointed Corporal—; discharged Feb. 7, 1863, at St. Louis, Mo., on Surgeon's certifi-
Alexander Hoover	do	. 18	Feb. 8, 1864	3 yrs.	with company July 13, 1865
Adam Smith	do	. 23	Dec. 9, 1861	3 yrs.	

				-	
Names.	Rank.	Age.	Date of Entering the Service.	Period of Service.	Remarks.
Richard W. Teeters	Private	17	Nov. 8, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal June 1, 1865; mustered out to date July 13, 1865, at Columbus, 0.;
Benjamin F. Tym	do	17	Dec. 8, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal April 17, 1864; mustered out to date July 13, 1865, at Columbus, 0,;
John E. Warner	do	29	Dee. 7, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal —: mustered out Jan.
John Wolf	do	18	Dec. 6, 1861	3 yrs.	29, 1865, on expiration of term of service. Appointed Corporal June 1, 1865; mustered out with company July 13, 1865; veteran.
Albaugh, James	Private	25	Oet. 8, 1862	9 mos,	Drafted: mustered out Aug. 18, 1863, at Columbus, O., on expiration of term of service.
Aleshire, George	do	18	Nov. 17, 1864	1 yr.	Substitute; mustered out June 12, 1865, at New York City, by order of War Department; see Co. A;
Anderson Simon	do	18	Nov. 15, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged July 23, 1862, at Columbus, O., on Surgeon's certificate of disability
Anderson, Mahlon	do	44	Sept. 23, 1864	1 yr.	Drafted; mustered out May 8, 1865, at Tod Barracks, Columbus, O., by order of War Department.
Arehart, John	do	28	Sept. 27, 1864	1 yr.	Drafted; mustered out with company July 13, 1865.
Bird, George	do	43	Nov. 23, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 13, 1865; veteran.
Blubaugh, David		17	Dec. 9, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out to date July 13, 1865, at Columbus, O.; veteran.
Butts, Henry Barnhart, George W	do	30 18	Oet. 4, 1864 Dec. 5, 1864	1 yr. 1 yr.	Mustered out with company July 13, 1865. Substitute; mustered out with company July 13, 1865.
Butler, William	do	24	Dec. 6, 1864	1 yr.	Substitute; mustered out with company July 13, 1865.
Boatman, Nelson		22	Nov. 2, 1864	1 yr.	Drafted; mustered out with company July 13, 1865.
Beal, Michael	do	19	Dec. 8, 1861	3 yrs.	Absent on detached duty as Division Team- ster; mustered out July 13, 1865, at Colum- bus. O., by order of War Department; vet-
Bonnett, Lewis	do	22	Nov. 13, 1861	3 yrs.	eran. Mustered out Jan. 15, 1865, on expiration of
Beltz, Moses	do	21	Dec. 13, 1861	3 yrs.	term of service. Absent, sick in Ohio; mustered out Jan. 12, 1865, at Columbus, O., by order of War De-
Butts, Joseph L	do	42 25 23	Nov. 2, 1861 Nov. 26, 1861 Nov. 26, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	partment; veteran. Discharged Aug. 13, 1862, at Columbus, O., on
Butler, Laben		30 47	Dec. 5, 1861 Dec. 7, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Surgeon's certificate of disability. Died Oct. 30, 1862, at Mt. Vernon, 0. Discharged June 26, 1862, on Surgeon's certifi-
Blubaugh, Peter Brewer, Denton	do	20 27	Dec. 12, 1861 Oct. 8, 1862	3 yrs. 9 mos.	cate of disability. Drafted; mustered out Aug. 18, 1863, at Co-
Brewer, David	do	25	Jan. 16, 1864	3 yrs.	lumbus, 0., on expiration of term of service. Captured Aug. 4, 1864, in action near Atlanta, Ga.; died Oct. 1, 1864, in Rebel Prison at Andersonville, Ga.
Beal, James K	do	19	Feb. 14, 1864	3 yrs.	Died Aug. 10, 1864, in Division Hospital near Atlanta, Ga.
Chapin, Galutra Carey, George W Calleyhan, Michael	do do	18 23 19	Feb. 8, 1864 Oct. 13, 1864 Nov. 18, 1864	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 13, 1865 Substitute; no further record found. Substitute; mustered out with company July
Conkle, Philip	do	16	Nov. 26, 1861	3 yrs.	13, 1865. Mustered out Jan. 29, 1865, on expiration of
Clark, Philip	do	16 23	Nov. 26, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	on muster-in roll; no further record found.
Clark, George W Cope, John Cox, William	do	20 48	Jan. 13, 1862 Nov. 28, 1861 Dec. 12, 1861	3 yrs.	Died Oct. 17, 1862, at Corinth, Miss. Died June 15, 1862, at Jefferson Barracks, Mo.
Carpenter, Edwin Davis, Emanuel J	. do	23	Feb. 11, 1864 Jan. 29, 1864	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Died July 6, 1864, at Rome, Ga. Mustered out with company July 13, 1865.
Draper, Edmond	do	23	Mch. 8, 1864	l yr.	Substitute; nustered out July 13, 1865, at
Draper, Henry	do	44	Nov. 2, 1864	1 yr.	Drafted; mustered out June 17, 1865, at Mt.
Dearth, Abraham			Dec. 14, 1861	1 yr.	order of War Department. Mustered out May 22, 1865, at hospital, Camp Dennison, O., by order of War De- partment
Denner, John G Dennis, Noah	do	21 35	Nov. 7, 1861 Dec. 27, 1861 Dec. 10, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	bartment Killed in battle Oct. 4, 1862, at Corinth. Miss. Drowned Nov. 2, 1862, at Mound City, Ill
Denner, John G Dennis, Noah Duck, Adams Dial, James,	do	21 26	Dec. 10, 1861 Nov. 4, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Drowned Nov. 2, 1862, at Mound City, Ill Died March I, 1862, at Mt. Vernon, O. Absent, sick at Goldsboro, N. C., April 6, 1865; mustered out July 19, 1865, at McDou- gal General Hospital, New York Harbor, by order of War Department; veterau.

Everhart, John C Eccles, William M Fry, Samuel	Private		Service.	Period of Service.	Remarks.
		18	Dec. 12, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 13, 1865;
Fry, Samuel	do	21	Oct. 8, 1862	9 mos.	veteran. Drafted; mustered out Aug. 18, 1863, at Columbus, O., on expiration of term of service.
	do	24	Dec. 3, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 13, 1865; veteran.
Fry, Henry O	do	32	Feb. 15, 1862	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 13, 1865; veteran.
Fright, Joseph	. do	27	Oct. 8, 1862	9 mos.	Drafted; mustered out Aug. 18, 1863, at Columbus O. on expiration of term of service
Faucett, John	do	30	Nov. 13, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged Aug. 15, 1862, at Columbus, O., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Fuller, Job	do	34	Nov. 25, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged Aug. 15, 1862, at Columbus, O., on Surgeon's certificate of disability. Discharged Aug. 9, 1862, at camp near Cor- inth, Miss., on Surgeon's certificate of disa- bility.
Flood, John		49	Nov. 18, 1861	3 yrs.	bility. Discharged July 24, 1862, at Columbus, O., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Fry, Christopher		23	Nov. 21, 1861	3 yrs.	Surgeon's certificate of disability. Discharged May 1, 1862, at Benton Barracks, Mo., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Groves, Samuel	do do	21 33	Jan. — 1862 Sept. 26, 1864	3 yrs. 1 yr.	Mustered out with company July 13, 1865. Drafted; mustered out June 4, 1865, at Wash-
Gleason, Charles	do	28	Oct. 8, 1862	9 mos.	Drafted; mustered out Aug. 18, 1863, at Co-
Graham, Alexander	do	23	Nov. 17, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged July 25, 1862, at Millwood, O., on Surgeon's cartificate of dischility
Green, John C Gibson, Adam Humes, Andrew J	do do do	21 20 17	Nov. 6, 1861 Nov. 18, 1861 Dec. 9, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Ington, D. C., by order of war Department. Dratted; mustered out Ang. 18, 1863, at Columbus, O., on expiration of term of service. Discharged July 25, 1862, at Millwood, O., on Surgeon's certificate of disability. Killed Oct. 4, 1862, in battle of Corinth, Miss. Died Oct. 15, 1862, at Jackson, Tenn. Detached as Division Teamster —; mustered out with company July 13, 1865; veteran.
Haga, Levi	do	25	Nov. 18, 1864	1 yr.	Drafted; mustered out with company July 13,
Hanna, Matthew	do	23	Nev. 2, 1864	3 yrs.	1865. Dratted; mustered out with company July 13, 1865.
Harris, Benjamin C	do	22	Oet. 8, 1862	9 mos.	Drafted; mustered out Aug. 18, 1863, at Colum-
Hatswell, Walter	do	21	Nov. 23, 1864	1 yr.	bus, O., on expiration of term of service. Drafted: mustered out with company July 13, 1865.
Hall, George W	do	23	Sept. 1, 1864	1 yr.	Drafted; assigned to company March 28, 1865, but never reported for duty.
Hart, Stewart	do	31	Sept. 24, 1864	l yr.	Drafted; assigned to company March 28, 1865, but never reported for duty.
Hooper, John	do	29	Sept. 23, 1864	1 yr.	Drafted essigned to company March 28 1865
Hooper, William T	do	31	Sept. 23, 1864	l yr.	Drafted; assigned to company March 28, 1865, but never reported for duty.
Horn, Christopher		19	Dec. 9, 1861	3 yrs.	but never reported for duty. Drafted; assigned to company March 28, 1865, but never reported for duty. Discharged May 22, 1865, at Columbus, O., by order of War Department; veteran.
Huddleston, Henry H Hardinger, Jaeoh	do	21 17	Nov. 20, 1861 Nov. 30, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Discharged March 30, 1865; veteran. Detached as Division Teamster—; mustered out Jan. 29, 1865, at Pocataligo, S. C., on expiration of term of service.
Hall, John M		34	Oct. 29, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged July 19, 1862, at Columbus, O., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Howe, John Hawn, Marion Hammill, John	do	61 20 36	Nov. 13, 1861 Nov. 25, 1861 Dec. 7, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Died May 3, 1862, at Hamburg, Tenn. Discharged Sept. 6, 1862, at Columbus, O., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Hanna, James D	do	20	Nov. 15, 1861	3 yrs.	Died Oct. 17, 1862, at Corinth. Miss., of wounds received Oct. 4, 1862, in battle of Corinth, Mississippi.
Hensley, Educy	do	18 20	Meh. 14, 1865 Nov. 21, 1864	l yr.	Drafted: died Jan. 18, 1864, in Ladies' Home
Horn, Benjamin	do	19 21	Feb. 14, 1864 Nov. 30, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Hospital, New York. Died June 21, 1864, at Big Shanty, Ga. Discharged Jan. 13, 1865, at Padueah, Ky., on
Joy, Stephen	do	22	Dec. 8, 1864	1 yr.	Surgeon's certificate of disability. Substitute; mustered out with company July
Kriger, Richard	do	22	Dec. 4, 1861	3 yrs.	13, 1865. Mustered out with company July 13, 1865; vet-
Kingry, Abner		22	Nov. 1, 1864	1 yr.	eran. Drafted; transferred to Co. E. 22d Regiment Veteran Reserve Corps, April 21, 1865. Discharged Nov. 1, 1862, at Jackson, Tenn., on Surgeon's certificate of disability. Discharged Sept. 11, 1862, at Columbus, O., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
King, Anthony		18	Dec. 3, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged Nov. 1, 1862, at Jackson, Tenn., on
King, William W		18	Nov. 14, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged Sept. 11, 1862, at Columbus, O., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Kirklin, Andrew Kimamons, Harrison	do	54 19	Dec. 3, 1861 Oct. 8, 1862	3 yrs. 9 mos.	Drafted: mustered out Aug. 18, 1863, at Colum-
Lepley, Josephus	do	27	Nov. 13, 1861	3 yrs.	bus, O., on expiration of term of service. Mustered out Jan. 15, 1865, at Beaufort, S. C., on expiration of term of service.
Lepley, DanielLouis, Joseph	do	27 31	Nov. 13, 1861 Dec. 10, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Discharged Jan. 5, 1863, at Evansville, Ind., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.

Names.	Rank.	Age.	Date of Entering the Service.	Period of Service.	Remarks.
Lance, Allen	Private	22	Nov. 28, 1864	1 yr.	Borne also as Allen Lemon: drafted; mustered out May 29, 1865, at New York City, by order
Logsdon, Francis	do	20	Nov. 1, 1861	3 yrs.	of War Department. Mustered out with company July 13, 1865; vet-
Lee, Gallatin	do	38	Nov. 25, 1864	l yr.	Prafted; mustered out with company July 13, 1865.
Lunz, John	do	45	Nov. 16, 1864	l yr.	Drafted: mustered out with company July 13, 1865.
Lochard, John	do	18	Nov. 5, 1861	1 yr.	Substitute; mustered out with company July
Lewell, John	do	24	Dec. 9, 1864	I yr.	13, 1865. Substitute; assigned to company March 28, 1865,
Leisure, Morgan		35	Sept. 28, 1864	1 yr.	but never reported for duty. Substitute; transferred from Co. G April 11, 1865; mustered out with company July 13, 1865.
Lewis, Charles	do	18	Oct. 8, 1862	9 mos.	Drafted: mustered out Aug. 18, 1863, at Columbus, O., on expiration of term of service.
Morris, William D		19	Feb. 18, 1865	1 yr.	Substitute: mustered out June 14, 1855, at Mower U. S. A. General Hospital, Phila- delphia, Pa, by order of War Department
McCann, Alexander,		41	Dec. 6, 1864	1 yr.	Substitute; mustered out with company July 13, 1865.
McClusky, Peter		23	Oct. 30, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged Dec. 10, 1862, at Mound City, Ill., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
McKinzey, John W McKinzey, David Moore, Patrick Mitchell, David	do	27 22 35 23	Nov. 2, 1861 Nov. 1, 1861 Dec. 12, 1861 Nov. 1, 1864	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Discharged to date May 28, 1862. Died March 3, 1862, at Cincinuati, O.
Matthews, Francis M		22	Nov. 17, 1864	1 yr. 1 yr.	Drafted: transferred from Co. G May 31, 1865; died Feb. 10, 1865, uear Orangeburg, S. C. Drafted: absent, sick at Raleigh, N. C., April 25, 1865; mustered out July 10, 1865, at Washington, D. C., by order of War Depart-
Mayes, Charles L	do	19	Nov. 23, 1864	1 yr	ment. Substitute; transferred from Co. G July 1, 1865; mustered out with company July 13,
Madden, John	do	27	Dec. 23, 1864	1. yr.	1865. Substitute: assigned to company, but never
McNeil, Henry	do	22	Dec. 7, 1864	1 yr.	reported for duty. Substitute: assigned to company, but never
McElroy, John	do	26	Nov. 26, 1864	1 yr.	reported for duty. Drafted: mustered out with company July
Melvin, Elijah S	do	18	Feb. 22, 1865	1 yr.	13, 1865. Substitute: mustered out with company July
Peigh, Henry	do	22	Jan. 28, 1862	3 yrs.	13, 1865. Captured Aug. 4, 1864, in action near Atlanta, Ga.: discharged June 9, 1865, at Comp. Chase, O., by order of War Department.
Pearce, John Phillips, Peter	do	23 21	Nov. 4, 1861 Dec. 3, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	veteran. Died Nov. 1, 1862, at Jackson, Tenn. Died July 22, 1862, at Camp Clear Creek. Mississippi.
Phillips, Joseph		32	Jan. 25, 1862	3 yrs.	Died Aug. 4. 1862, at Camp Glear Creek, Mississippi.
Packer, Josiah E Parr, James H	1	20 22	Nov. 21, 1861 Nov. 10, 1864	3 yrs. 1 yr.	Died April 25, 1862, at Evansville, Ind. Drafted; assigned to Campany March 28, 1865, but never reported for duty.
Price, John L	do	39	Nov. 19, 1864	1 yr.	Substitute; assigned to company March 28, 1865, but rever reported for duty.
Pence, Samuel	,	18	Dec. 6, 1864	1 yr.	Substitute; absent, sick in Foster General Hospital, at Newbern, N ('.; mustered out to date July 13, 1865, at Columbus, O.
Quinn, John		31	Dec. 9, 1864	1 yr.	Substitute; assigned to company March 28, 1865, but never reported for duty.
Russell, Albert C		20	Nov. 26, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out Jan. 15, 1865, at Beaufort, S. C., on expiration of term of service.
Rice, Benjamin		22	Nov. 9, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 13, 1865; veteran.
Richter, Lorrence		30	Nov. 6, 1861	3 yrs.	Absent on furlough; no further record found; veteran.
Smith, George	1	25	Sept. 24, 1864	1 yr.	Drafted; mustered out June 4, 1865, at Washington D. C. by order of War Department
Stull, Matthew Shrimplin, Van B Shrimplin, Alleu Schultz, Christopher Spurgeon, Oliver	do	52 23 19 26 34	Jan. 25, 1862 Nov. 1, 1861 Nov. 1, 1861 Nov. 30, 1861 Dec. 8, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	[Killed Oct. 4, 1862, Corinth, Miss. Killed Oct. 4, 1862, in bittle of Corinth, Miss. Died May 29, 1862, at Millwood, O. Died Sept. 20, 1862, at Jackson, Tenn. Discharged Feb. 23, 1863, at Cairo, Ill., on Sur-
Sapp, Joseph	ob	24	Nov. 23, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged Eah 18 1862 at St. Louis Mo. on
Shroyer, Newton	do	18 21	Dec. 27, 1861 Oct. 8, 1862	3 yrs. 9 mos.	Surgeon's certificate of disability. Died Sept. 21, 1862, at Jackson, Tenn. Drufted: mustered out Aug. 18, 1863, at Colum-
Stull, Jeremiah	do	34	Nov. 9, 1861	3 yrs.	bus, O., on expiration of term of service. Killed in battle Feb. 3, 1865, at Whippey Swamps, S. C.; veteran.

Names.	Rank.	Age.	Date of Entering the Service.	Period of Service.	Remarks.
Swartz, Christopher	Private	20	Nov. 6, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 13, 1865; veteran.
Shelder, Eli	do	18	Nov. 18, 1861	3 y rs.	Discharged Nov. 15, 1862, at Grand Junction, Tenn., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Sutton, Caleb Smith, Benjamin	do do do	22 18 20 18	Nov. 16, 1861 Nov. 26, 1861 Nov. 9, 1861 Nov. I, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Died Aug. 25, 1862, at luka, Miss. Died Oct. 22, 1862, at camp near Corinth, Miss. Died Oct. 19, 1862, at Jackson, Tenn. Mustered out with company July 13, 1865; veteran.
Stromeyer, Gottlieb Sells, Emanuel .	. do do -	31 37	Feb. 18, 1865 Nov. 15, 1861	1 yr. 3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 13, 1865;
Suider, Frederick	. do	40	Nov. 27, 1861	3 yrs.	veteran. Mustered out with company July 13, 1865;
Stull, William	do	36	Nov. 20, 1861	3 yrs.	Wustered out with company July 13, 1865; veteran.
Schiffer, Conrad	do	38	Dec. 9, 1864	l yr.	Substitute; mustered out with company July 13, 1865.
Schart, Frank	. do	19	Nov. 29, 1864	1 yr.	Substitute; mustered out with company July 13, 1865.
Shelton, William	do .	40	Nov. 2, 1864	l yr.	Drafted; mustered out with company July 13, 1865.
Thompson, Arthur J	do .	22	Dec. 4, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged March 1, 1864, at Decatur, Ala., by order of War Department.
True, John	do	31	Oct. 11, 1862	9 mos.	Drafted; mustered out Aug. 18, 1863, at Columbus, O., on expiration of term of ser-
Tippins, Napoleon	do	20	Sept. 27, 1864	l yr.	Prafted; mustered out with company July 13. 1865.
Uuderwood, Obed	do	• 40	Jan. 12, 1862	3 yrs.	Discharged June 16, 1865, at Camp Chase, O.,
Ulery, Morgan Van Buskirk, Richard Vaupelt, Andrew J	(10	19 36 18	Nov. 13, 1861 Sept. 24, 1864 Mch. 3, 1865	3 yrs. 1 yr. 1 yr.	by order of War Department; veteran. Died May 13, 1865, at Resaca, Ga.; veteran. Substitute; mustered out with company July
*	do	21	Nov. 14, 1864	l yr.	13, 1865. Drafted; mustered out May 8, 1865, at Tod Barracks, Columbus, O., by order of War
Workman, Amos	do	23	Jan. 3, 1862	3 yrs.	Department. Discharged June 26, 1863, at Camp Dennison,
Wyckoff, James F		25	Meh. 10, 1865	l yr.	O., on Surgeon's certificate of disability. Substitute; mustered out June 14, 1865, at Mower U. S. A. General Hospital, Phila- delphia, Pa., by order of War Department.
Wolf, Martin	do	22 22 23	Dec. 10, 1861 Nov. 12, 1861 Nov. 12, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Died Oct. 6, 1863, at Memphis, Tenn. Died Sept. 7, 1862, in hospital at 1uka, Miss. Discharged July 23, 1862, at Columbus, O., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Walton, Richard		32	Jan. 1, 1862	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 13, 1865; vet- eran.
Workman, Jacob	}	31	Dec. 16, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 13, 1865; vet- eran.
Welker, Landon Worley, William Wilcox, Marshall M	dodo	24 40 21	Feb. 8, 1864 Feb. 15, 1864 Meh. 26, 1864	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 1 yr.	Mustered out with company July 13, 1865. Mustered out with company July 13, 1865. Substitute; mustered out with company July
Webb, Thomas	do	18	Feb. 22, 1864	l yr.	13, 1865, Substitute; mustered out with company July
Webb, Francis	do	22	Feb. 22, 1864	l yr.	13, 1865. Substitute; mustered out with company July 13, 1865.
Williams, Samuel P	do	21	Nov. 13, 1861	3 yrs.	Died Sept. 2, 1864, at Rome, Ga., of wounds received July 22, 1864, in action near Atlanta.
Yalton, Harrison Yoe, William		18 26	Feb. 15, 1864 Sept. 21, 1864	3 yrs. 1 yr.	Georgia. Mustered out with company July 13, 1665. Drafted; mustered out May 8, 1865, at Tod Barracks, Columbus, O., by order of War De-
Young, McKenzie	do	19	Oct. 11, 1862	9 mos.	partment. Drafted: mustered out Aug. 18, 1863, at Columbus, O., on expiration of term of service.

63rd REGIMENT OHIO VOLUNTEER INFANTRY.

FIELD AND STAFF.

Mustered in from Oct. 1, 1861, to Jan. 23, 1862, at Columbus and Marietta, O., by Albert B. Dod, Captain 15th Infantry, U. S. A., and W. Craig, Captain —, U. S. A. Mustered out July 8, 1865, at Louisville, Ky., by Robert M. Woods, 1st Lieutenant 64th Illinois Infantry, and A. C. M. 4th Division, 17th Army Corps.

Names.	Rank.	Age.	Date of Entering the Service.	Period of Service.	Remarks.
John W. Sprague William E. Gilmore Alexander L. Haskins	Colorel Lt. Col.	44 36 35	Jan. 23, 1862 Oct. 17, 1861 Oct. 1, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Promoted to Brig. General July 30, 1864. Resigned July 17, 1862. Promoted from Major July 17, 1862; discharged March 20, 1863; borne on Army Register
Charles E. Brown	do	27	Sept. 2, 1861	3 yrs.	as Harkins. Promoted from Captain Co. B March 20, 1863; to Colonel June 6, 1865, but not inustered; appointed Brevet Brig. General March 13, 1865; mustered out with regiment July 8,
James H. Odlin	Major		Oct. 1, 1862	3 yrs.	Transferred from 112th O. V. I., Nov. 6, 1862; promoted to Lieut. Colonel March 20, 1863, but not mustered; resigned June 2, 1863.
John W. Fouts	do	35	Oet. 1, 1861	3 yrs.	Promoted from Captain Co. D June 1, 1863; mustered out Jan. 11, 1865, on expiration of term of service.
Oscar L. Jackson	do	21	Nov. 8, 1861	3 yrs.	Promoted from Captain Co. H Jan. 28, 1865; to Lieut. Colonel June 6, 1865, but not mus- tered; appointed Brevet Colonel, March 13 1865; mustered out with regiment July 8 1865.
Isaac W. Crane Arthur B. Monahan	Surgeondo	33	Oet. 7, 1861 Nov. 7, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Resigned Jan. 28, 1863. Promoted from Asst. Surgeon Jan. 28, 1863; mustered out with regiment July 8, 1865.
John O. Marsh John B. McDill Otis W. Pollock	As. Surg. do Adjutant	28	Aug. 21, 1862 Meh. 11, 1863 Oet. 10, 1861	3 yrs.	Resigned Nov. 22, 1862. Resigned May 31, 1865. Appointed 1st Lieutenant and Adjutant Dec. 20, 1861; promoted to Captain Co. F June 18,
Nesbit Comly	do		May 29, 1862	3 yrs.	Appointed from 1st Lieutenant Co. C June 18,
Howard Forrer	do		Nov. 5, 1862	3 yrs.	1862; resigned Nov. 18, 1862. Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862; appointed 1st Lieutenant and Adjutant to date Nov. 5, 1862; killed July 22, 1864, in action at Decatur, Ga. Appointed from 1st Lieutenant Co. I Sept.
William C. Thomas	do	23	Aug. 12, 1862	3 yrs.	Appointed from 1st Lieutenant Co. I Sept. 10, 1864; mustered out with regiment July 8, 1865.
Thomas A. P. Champlin	R. Q. M.	32	Oct. 1, 1861	3 yrs.	Promoted to Captain and Commissary of Subsistence April 26, 1862.
Holly Skinner	do		April 1, 1862	3 yrs.	Appointed 1st Lieutenant and Regt. Quarter- master April 26, 1862; promoted to Captain and Asst. Quarternaster Dec. 5, 1863.
Edward B. Boyd	do,.	26	Sept. 15, 1861	3 yrs.	Promoted to Q. M. Sergeant from private Co. A —; 2d Lieutenant Co. A Feb. 1, 1863; 1st Lieutenant Co. K and Regt. Quartermaster May 25, 1864; Captain and Asst.
Robert A. Pollock	do	21	Aug. 23, 1862	3 yrs.	Tromoted to Com. Sergeant from private Co. F Aug. 24, 1862; Q. M. Sergeant Feb. 1, 1863; Ist Lieutenant Co. B Fob. 10 1865; appointed Regt. Quartermaster June 1, 1865; mustered out with regiment July 8, 1865.
Benjamin St. James Fry.	Chaplain		Feb. 13, 1862	3 yrs.	Mustered out Oct. 31, 1304, by order of war
David C. Comly	Ser. Maj.		Oct. 10, 1861	3 yrs.	Department. Discharged July 8, 1862, on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
James F. Keyhoe	do	23	Oct. 9, 1861	3 yrs.	Promoted from Corporal Co. F. July 8, 1862; to Captain in 110th U.S. Colored Infantry
Madison Hoon	do	20	Oct. 1, 1861	3 yrs.	Dec. 31, 1863. Promoted from Sergeant Co. D Jan. 1, 1864; to 1st Lieutenant Co. B Oct. 4, 1864.
William Johnson	do	21	Oct. 9, 1861	3 yrs.	Promoted from Sergeant Co. D Oct. 25, 1864; to 1st Lieutenant Co. A April 26, 1865, vet- eran.

Names.	Rank.	Agc.	Date of Entering the Service.	Period of Service.	Remarks.
Michael Butler	Ser. Maj.	23	Jan. 28, 1864	3 yrs.	Promoted from Corporal Co. H May 21, 1865;
Vincent A. Minnez	Q. M. S.	20	Aug. 15, 1862	3 yrs.	mustered out with regiment July 8, 1865. Promoted from private Co. K April 1, 1865; mustered out May 31, 1865, at Washington,
Daniel H. Inscho	do	28	Aug. 14, 1862	3 yrs.	D. C., by order of War Department. Promoted from Sergeant Co. E July 1, 1865; mustered out with regiment July 8, 1865; veteran.
Myron S. Stout	Com. Ser.	20	Oet. 3, 1861	3 yrs.	Promoted from 1st Sergeant Co. C March 8, 1862; discharged July 9, 1862, on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
John W. Jenkins	do	26	Aug. 15, 1861	3 yrs.	Promoted from Sergeant Co. K Feb. 1, 1863; to 2d Lieutenant Co. K June 27, 1864; vet-
Joseph R. Studabaker	do	27	Aug. 18, 1862	3 yrs.	eran. Promoted from Corporal Co. C Oct. 25, 1864; - mustered out with regiment July 8, 1865;
James McFadden		25	Nov. 5, 1861	3 yrs.	veteran. Promoted from private Co. I Nov, 1861; to Captain Co. K Sept. 14, 1862.
Andrew Poe	,do,	35	Aug. 30, 1862	3 yrs.	Promoted from private Co. A Sept. 14, 1862; to Captain 106th U. S. Colored Infantry April 29, 1864.
Stephen Monahan	do	19	Feb. 16, 1864	3 yrs.	Promoted from private Co. A May 21, 1864; mustered out with regiment July 8, 1865.
Robert Shiers	Prin. Mus	20	Oet. 10, 1861	3 yrs.	Promoted from Musician Co. D July 21, 1862;
George W. Daines	do	19	Nov. 20, 1861	3 yrs.	Promoted from Musician Co. E Oct. 29, 1863; mustered out with regiment July 8, 1865; veteran.
James BoydJohn G. Mick	Dm. Maj.	44 36	Oct. 5, 1861 Nov. 6, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Prischarged Dec. 10, 1862. Promoted from private Co. B —; discharged Aug. 16, 1862, at Camp Clear Creek, Miss., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.

COMPANY A.

Mustered in at Camp Worthington, Chillicothe, O., from Aug. 19, 1861, to Jan. 1, 1862, by Nathan Pickett, Captain —, U. S. A. Mustered out July 8, 1865, at Louisville, Ky., by Robert M. Woods, 1st Lieutenant 64th Illinois Infantry, and A. C. M. 4th Division, 17th Army Corps.

Names.	Rank.	Age.	Date of Entering the Service.	Period of Service.	Remarks.
Nathan Pickett	Captain	23	Aug. 19, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Sept. 28, 1861; resigned July 11
Frank T. Gilmore	do	19	Aug. 26, 1861	3 yrs.	Promoted from 1st Lieutenant Co. B June 23, 1862; mustered out Nov. 10, 1864, on expira-
George B. Bartlett	do	19	Oet. 1, 1861	3 yrs.	Promoted from 1st Lieutenant Co. D. Nov. 12, 1864; mustered out with company July 8.
Clark Hutchison	1st Lieut.	21	Aug. 19, 1861	3 yrs.	1865. Appointed Sept. 28, 1861; resigned Feb. 16.
Solomon II. Johnson	do	23	Aug. 19, 1861	3 yrs.	1862. Appointed 2d Lieutenant Sept. 28, 1861; pro-
Jacob S. Antrim	,do,,	26	Aug. 11, 1862	3 yrs.	Appointed 2d Lieutenant Sept. 28, 1861; promoted to 1st Lieutenant Feb. 13, 1862; resigned Sept. 3, 1862. Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862; captured Jan. 2, 1863, by Forrest's Cavalry; exchanged—; appointed Regt. Quartermaster Jan. 12, 1865. Promoted from Sergt. Major April 26, 1865; mustered out with company July 8, 1865. Promoted from 1st Sergeant Feb. 13, 1862; resigned Apr. 31, 1862.
William Johnson	do	21	Oct. 9, 1861	3 yrs.	master Jan. 12, 1865. Promoted from Sergt. Major April 26, 1865;
Elisha B. Piekett	2d Lieut.	23	Sept. 19, 1861	3 yrs.	mustered out with company July 8, 1865. Promoted from 1st Sergeant Feb. 13, 1862; re-
Edward B. Boyd	do	26	Sept. 15, 1861	3 yrs.	signed Aug. 31, 1862. Mustered as private; promoted to Q. M. Sergeant; to 2d Lieutenant Feb. 1, 1863;
					to 1st Lieutenant Co. K. and Regt. Quarter-
Loring G. Matheny	1st Sergt.	21	Oct. 20, 7861	3 yrs.	Mustered as private; appointed Sergeant —; 1st Sergeant Feb. 20, 1862; promoted to 2d
William R. Boughner	do	22	Aug. 13, 1862	3 yrs.	Mustered as private; appointed Sergeant—; 1st Sergeant Feb. 20, 1862; promoted to 2d Lieutenant Co. B Jan. 1, 1863; Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862, as private; appointed Sergeant Nov. 24, 1862; 1st Sergeant Jan. 1, 1864; killed Feb. 3, 1865, in battle of Salkahatchie, S. C.; vet-
Rufus M. Beverage	do	28	Sept. 15, 1861	3 yrs.	eran. Appointed Corporal Aug. 20, 1862; Sergeant July 11, 1863; 1st Sergeant —; mustered
Horace Carter	Sergeant	18	Sept. 5, 1861	3 yrs.	out with company July 8, 1865; veteran. Mustered as private; appointed Sergeant Jan. 1, 1865; mustered out with company July 8.
Davis Shaner	do	21	Aug. 21, 1861	3 yrs.	1865; veteran. Appointed Sergeant Sept. 1, 1861; died Feb. 4,
Alexander C. Harper	do	18	Sept. 9, 1861	3 yrs.	1862, at Chillicothe, O. Appointed Corporal Feb. 19, 1863; Sergeant Jan. 1, 1864; mustered out with company
William II. King	do	26	Jan. 1, 1862	3 yrs.	July 8, 1865; veteran. Appointed Corporal Aug. 30, 1862; Sergeant July 23, 1863; mustered out with company July 8, 1865; veteran.
James C. Pickett	do	21	Aug. 21, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed from Corporal Feb. b. 1862: died
Jasper Scoonover	do	24	Sept. 1, 1861	3 yrs.	July 4, 1863, at Evansville, Ind. Appointed from Corporai May 1, 1862; discharged Nov. 25, 1862, on Surgeon's certificate of dischility.
Joseph Zimmerman	do	20	Oet. 20, 1861	3 yrs.	cate of disability. Appointed Corporal —; Sergeant April 1, 1865; mustered out with company July 8, 1865; veteran.
Hiram R. Williams	do	25	Aug. 21, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Sergeant Sept. 8, 1861: killed July
Morris Alderman	Corporal	21	Dee. 5, 1861	3 yrs.	22, 1804, in action at Decatur, ca. Appointed Corporal —; reduced Aug. 17. 1863; re-appointed Jan. 1, 1865; mustered out with company July 8, 1865; veteran. Mustered out May 20, 1865, at Camp Chase, O., by order or War Department: veteran.
William Barnes	do	16	Aug. 27, 1861	3 yrs.	out with company July 8, 1865; veteran. Mustered out May 20, 1865, at Camp Chase, 0.,
George W. Biggum	do	21	Sept. 1, 1861	3 yrs.	A DDOINTEG COPDOPALJAM. I. 1000; mustered out
William Burns	do	39	Sept. 9, 1861	3 yrs.	with company July 8, 1805; veteran.
Henry Burns	do	18	Sept. 9, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal July 1, 1864; mustered
William Burge, Jr	do	18	Sept. 1, 1861	3 yrs.	with company July 8, 1865; veteran. Appointed Corporal July 1, 1864; mustered out with company July 8, 1864; mustered out with company July 8, 1865; veteran. Wounded Oct. 4, 1862, in battle of Corinth, Miss.; appointed Corporal Jan 1, 1865; vounded April 16, 1865, in action; discharged Aug. 15, 1355, at Tripler Hospital, Columbus, O., on Surgeon's certificate of disability;
David Cunningham	do	18	Aug. 28, 1861	3 yrs.	vetoran. Appointed Corporal Jan. 1, 1865; mustered out July 8, 1865, by order of War Depart- ment; veterau.
	,				

Names.	Rank.	Age.	Date of Entering the Service.	Period of Service.	Remarks.
William Cunningham	Corporal	20	Aug. 20, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal Sept. 28, 1861; killed Feb. 3, 1865, in battle of Salkahatchie, S. C.; vet-
Elias W. Gilbert	do	21	Sept. 9, 1861	3 yrs.	eran. Appointed Corporal Sept. 28, 1861; discharged July 28, 1862, on Surgeon's certificate of dis-
Abraham J. Green	do	22	Sept. 9, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal Sept. 28, 1861: discharged Aug. 13, 1862, on Surgeon's certificate of dis-
Samuel W. Pickett	do	27	Sept. 6, 1861	3 yrs.	ability. Appointed Corporal July 1, 1864: prisoner of war July 24, 1864: mustered out June 13, 1865, at Camp Chase, O., by order of War Depart- ment; veteran.
Caleb Wilson	do		Jan. 1, 1862	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal May 14, 1863; died July 15, 1863, at Evansville, Ind.
George M. Gould	Musician	13	Aug. 19, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged July 21, 1862, on Surgeon's certifi- cate of disability.
Ernest E. Laird Elbridge G. Mick	do	18 14	Feb. 12, 1864 Aug. 19, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 8, 1865. Discharged March 31, 1863, on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Andrews, Richard	Private	18	Aug. 30, 1861	3 yrs.	Captured Oct. 20, 1863, on march; died Oct. 6, 1864, in Rebel Prison at Andersonville, Georgia.
Antle. (Auth) George M.	do	22	Aug. 30, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged Oct. 6, 1862, on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Balster, William	do	18	Sept. 8, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out June 19, 1865, at Camp Dennison, O., by order of War Department; veteran.
Beverage, Lewis H	do	23	Dec. 15, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged April 10, 1862, on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Blackwood, Henry C	do	23	Aug. 27, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 8, 1865; veteran.
Bradly, William	do	25	Sept. 8, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 8, 1865; veteran.
Britenstein, Jacob	do	19	Oct. 8, 1862	3 yrs.	Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862; mustered out with company July 8, 1865.
Burns, James A Carpenter. Thomas	do	23 23	Meh. 28, 1865 Feb. 23, 1864	1 yr. 3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 8, 1865. Transferred from Co. II March 25, 1864; mustered out with company July 8, 1865.
Clark, George W	do	34	Aug. 24, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged Sept 27, 1862, on Surgeon's certifi- cate of disability.
Cooley, David Cooley, Hiram A	do	19 24	Aug. 26, 1861 Sept. 2, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Died Dec. 31, 1863, at New Albany, Ind. Mustered out with company July 8, 1865; veterau.
Courtney, John	do	19	Aug. 26, 1861	3 yrs.	Wounded Oct. 4, 1862, in battle of Corinth, Miss.: prisoner of war; mustered out June 14, 1865, at Camp Chase, O., by order of War Department; veteran.
Courtney, Henry L Courtney, Alonzo	do	18 26	Feb. 25, 1864 Aug. 20, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 8, 1865. Captured July 22, 1864, in battle of Decatur,
Cornell, Albert	do	19	Aug. 30, 1861	.3 yrs.	Ga.; no further record found; veteran. Discharged June 13, 1862, on Surgeon's certificate of disability; died on same day at
Crabel, Levi W	do	28	Sept. 2, 1861	3 yrs.	Corinth, Miss. Died June 29, 1862, at Jefferson Barracks, Missouri.
Daily, John	do	40 21	Mch. 28, 1864 Aug. 22, 1862	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 8, 1865. Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862; died Feb. 15, 1863.
Devore, Isaac	do	25	Aug. 30, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged Nov. 23, 1862, on Surgeon's certifi- cate of disability.
Dewey, Andrew Dorris, James	do	18 25	Sept. 5, 1861 Dec. 7, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Killed Oct. 4, 1862, in battle of Corinth, Miss. Mustered out with company July 8, 1865; veteran
Dorris, Elisha A Drain, Jasper W	do	25 19	Nov. 19, 1861 Oct. 28, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Died June 28, 1862, at Benton Barracks, Mo. Killed Oct. 4, 1862, in battle of Corinth, Mississippi.
Driggs, Morgan Druggan, James Duffy, Person		18	Jan. 23, 1864 Feb. 17, 1864 Dec. 5, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 8, 1865. Die 1 March 12, 1864, at Athens, Ala. Mustered out with company July 8, 1865.
Ebel, Jacob		. 39	Aug. 13, 1862	3 yrs.	Transferred from 112th O. V. 1. Nov. 6, 1862; mustered out with company July 8, 1865; veteran
Edgar, John Ely. Charles	1	1	Dec. 23, 1861 Sept. 9, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Died May 29, 1862, at his home in Ohio. Mustered ont with company July 8, 1865; vet- cran.
Fierce, Thomas H Freeman Henry F	do	19 33	Feb. 10, 1864 Aug. 20, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 8, 1865, Appointed Corporal Feb. 19, 1863; reduced May 7, 1863; died July 2, 1863, at Columbus, Ky. Discharged July 24, 1862, on Surgeon's certifi-
Gallaghar, Peter, Jr	do	. 18	Sept. 2, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged July 24, 1862, on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Graham, Hiram	do	. 18	Jan. 1, 1862	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 8, 1865; veteran.
Gregory, John C Griffin, Columbus	do		Feb. 15, 1864 Feb. 11, 1864	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Died April 17, 1865, at Jefferson Barracks, Mo. Died Oct. 28, 1864, at Atlanta, Ga.

Names.	Rank.	Age.	Date of Entering the	Period of Service.	Remarks.
		×	Service.	Per S	
Gudgen, Curtis	Private	18	Sept. 2. 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal Feb. 19, 1863; killed Feb. 3, 1865, in battle of Salkahatchie, S. C.; veteran
Hamilton, John W	do	18	Sept. 6, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 8, 1865; veteran.
Hartman, John	do	23 19	Sept. 6, 1861 Aug. 21, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Died Aug. 19, 1862, at his home in Ohio. Appointed Corporal Sept. 28, 1861; reduced at request; discharged Jan. 20, 1863, to enter
Hartman, Isaac	do	18 30	Sept. 6, 1861 Aug. 21, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Marine Brigade. Died June 24, 1862, at Camp Dennison, O. Mustered out with company July 8, 1865; veteran.
Henry, James F	do	21	Sept. 7, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged Aug. 15, 1862, on Surgeon's certifi- cate of disability.
Hill, Horace C	do	28	Feb. 1, 1864	3 yrs.	Died May 17, 1864, at Resaca, Ga., of wounds received in action.
Hopkins, Robert C Johnston, William	do do	19 18	Feb. 6, 1864 Aug. 20, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 8, 1865. Wounded Oct. 4, 1862, in battle of Corinth, Miss.; mustered out with company July 8,
Jones, James B			Aug. 20, 1861	3 yrs.	1865; veteran. Appointed Sergeant Sept. 28, 1861; reduced Feb. 19, 1862; discharged Nov 23, 1862, on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Jones, Joseph W	do	24	Sept. I, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out Oct. 16, 1864, at Columbus, O., on
Kaylor, Ebenezer	do	24	Aug. 22, 1862	3 yrs.	expiration of term of service. Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862; died Jau. 23, 1863, at Jacksou, Tenn.
Koon, William	do	29	Aug. 30, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out Sept. 1, 1865, at Columbus, 0., on expiration of term of service
Kohule, Gottlieb F	do	18		3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 8, 1865; veteran.
Knight, Oscar Knight, James M	1	1	Feb. 3, 1864 Sept. 18, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 8, 1865. Died Feb. 10, 1865, iu hospital at Beaufort, S. C.; veteran.
Krumm, Jacob	do		Aug. 14, 1862	3 yrs.	Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862; captured July 22, 1884, in action at Decatur, Ga.; confined at Andersonville, Ga.; exchanged Sept. 22, 1864; mustered out June 18, 1865, at Camp Dennison, O., by order of
Lacy, George I	do	33	Jan. 21, 1864	3 yrs.	War Department; veteran. Detailed in hospital at Huntsville, Ala., March 5, 1865; mustered out July 8, 1865, by order of War Department.
Landus, John Larrison, Riley Larrison, Andrew	do		Sept. 15, 1861 Feb. 19, 1864 Sept. 1, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Died Feb. 6, 1862, at Marietta, O. Mustered out with company July 8, 1865.
Lively, Milton Lowery, Leonard	do	19 20	Feb. 3, 1864 Sept. 15, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 8, 1865. Mustered out with company July 8, 1865; veteran.
Lowery, Henry	do	42	Sept. 1, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out July 8, 1865, by order of War Department; veteran.
Love, John Matheny, Albert Monahan, Stephen Mourn, Thomas Mourn, Robert	do do do	19 19 18 20	Dec. 5, 1861 Oct. 20, 1861 Feb. 16, 1864 Sept. 6, 1861 Jan. 1, 1862	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	No further record found. Discharged Feb. 15, 1862, by civil authority. Appointed Hospital Steward May 21, 1864. Died Aug. 14, 1862, at home.
Mourn, Patrick	!	1	Sept. 6, 1861	3 yrs.	cate of disability. Mustered out with company July 8, 1865; vet-
Nichols, Justice Perry, George T		1	Jan. 1, 1862 Sept. 9, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	eran. Died June 27, 1862, at Camp Clear Creek. Miss. Mustered out with company July 8, 1865; vet-
Perry, Ezra	do	20	Sept. 9, 1861	3 yrs.	
Perry, Amond Perry, Emry			Feb. 3, 1864 Aug. 30, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	eran. Mustered out with company July 8, 1865. Mustered out April 24. 1865. at Camp Dennison, O., by order of War Department. Discharged Nov. 23, 1863, on Surgeon's certifi-
Perry, Arthur C	do	19	Sept. 9, 1861	3 yrs.	cate of disability.
Pickett, John	do	18	Sept. 6, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged April 10, IS62, on Surgeon's certifi- ente of disability.
Pickett, William, Jr	do	. 26	Sept. 5, 1861	3 yrs.	
Poe, Andrew	do	35	Aug. 30, 1862	3 yrs.	Appointed Hospital Steward Sept. 14, 1862;
Rumbold, Isaiah	do	. 18	Sept. 3, 1861	3 yrs.	
Savage, John	do	38	Sept. 1, 186I	3 yrs.	
Scott, Joseph W			Aug. 13, 1862	3 yrs.	Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862; died Nov. 12, 1864, at Germantown, O., while on furlough.
Seifert, John	do	19	Aug. 13, 1862	3 yrs.	

Page 1					
Names.	Rank.	Age.	Date of Entering the Service.	Period of Service.	Remarks.
Shaner, Ebenezer	Private	30	Aug. 23, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged Nov. 12, 1862, on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Sherits, John	do	36	Aug. 14, 1862	3 yrs.	Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862; discharged to date June 26, 1865; veteran.
Sidders, Daniel	do	21	Sept. 9, 1861	3 yrs.	Wounded Feb. 3, 1865, in action at Salkahat- chic, S. C.; mustered out July 8, 1865, by or-
Six, Elias W Smith, Jacob	do	19 24	Sept. 28, 1861 Nov. 3, 1862	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	der of War Department; veteran. Died June 27, 1862, at Camp Dennison, O. Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862; died Aug. 15, 1864, at Camp Dennison, O.; veteran.
Smith, William Sommers, Joseph Staffenger, Henry Stalder, Benjamin F	do	19 22 19 20	Feb. 12, 1864 Aug. 15, 1862 Sept. 20, 1861 Aug. 20, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 8, 1865. Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862. Mustered out with company July 8, 1865. Transferred to 3d Michigan Light Artillery Jan. 16, 1864.
Stubbs, Eido Stubbs, William	do	28 27	Sept. 28, 1861 Aug. 30, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Discharged June 2, 1862, on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Tittle, James R	:.do		Aug. 30, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out Oct. 18, 1864, at Chattanooga, Tenn., on expiration of term of service.
Tracy, Even Vore, William	do	18 38	Sept. 9, 1861 Sept. 1, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Died Dec. 8, 1862, at Mound City, Ill. Mustered out July 8, 1865, by order of War Department.
Wilson, Joseph P Wilson, John Wilson, Joseph A	do	34 23 20	Feb. 3, 1864 Jan. 1, 1862 Sept 9, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Died Oct. 11, 1864, at Marietta, Ga. Mustered out Oct. 28, 1864, at Chattanooga, Tenn., on expiration of term of service.
Wright, Joseph	do	19	Aug. 22, 1862	3 yrs.	Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6. 1862; mustered out with company July 8, 1865; vet-
Zimmerman, Lewis H	do	18	Sept. 1, 1861	3 yrs.	eran. Wounded Feb. 3 1865, in action at Salkahatche, S. C.; musterod out with company July-8, 1865; veteran.

COMPANY B.

Mustered in from Aug. 26, 1861, to Jan. 31, 1862, at Marietta, O., by Frank T. Gilmore, 1st Lieutenant 63d O. V. I.

Mustered out July 8, 1865, at Louisville, Ky., by Robert M. Woods, 1st Lieutenant 64th Illinois Infantry,
and A. C. M. 4th Division, 17th Army Corps.

n 27	Sept. 2, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Oct. 23, 1861; promoted to Lieut Colonel March 20, 1863.
19	Sept. 23, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed 2d Lieutenant Oct. 23, 1861; promoted to 1st Lieutenant Nov, 23, 1862; Cap
20	Oct. 1, 1861	3 yrs.	taiu March 20, 1863; resigned Sept. 26, 1864 Promoted to 1st Lieutenant from Sergt. Majo Oct. 4, 1864; Captain Jan. 28, 1865; mustered
ut. 19	Aug. 26, 1861	3 yrs.	out with company July 8, 1865. Appointed Oct. 1, 1861; promoted to Captair Co. A June 23, 1862.
28	Sept. 25, 1861	3 yrs.	Promoted to 2d Lieutenant from Sergean Oct. 4, 1862; 1st Lieutenant June 1, 1863; re
	Aug. 23, 1862	3 yrs.	signed Oct. 5, 1864. Promoted from Q. M. Sergeant Feb. 10, 1865 appointed Regt. Quartermaster June 1, 1865
ut. 21	Oet. 21, 1861	3 yrs.	Promoted from 1st Sergeant Co. A Jan. 1, 1863 mustered out Dec. 21, 1864, at Savannah, Ga. on expiration of term of service.
	Sept. 10, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged Oct. 27, 1862, at Corinth, Miss. on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
37	Sept. 17, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered as private; appointed 1st Sergean ; promoted to 2d Lieutenant Co. H Oct 4, 1864; veteran.
19	Sept. 25, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Sergeant from private Feb. 1, 1864 1st Sergeant Nov. 1, 1864; mustered our
nt 25	Sept. 12, 1861	3 yrs.	with company July 8, 1865; veteran. Appointed from Corporal —; discharged May 9, 1865, at Columbus. 0, for wounds received July 22, 1864, in battle of Atlanta, Ga.; veteran.
22	Aug. 19, 1862	3 yrs.	Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862: appointed from private Feb. 1, 1864: mustered out with company July 8, 1865; veteran.
22	Sept. 11, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged Aug. 23, 1862, at Louisville, Ky., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
26	Oct. 11, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged Feb. 17, 1863, at Corinth, Miss. on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
	19 20 ut. 19 28 21 ut. 21 37 19 ant 25 22 22	19 Sept. 23, 1861 20 Oct. 1, 1861 ut. 19 Aug. 26, 1861 28 Sept. 25, 1861 21 Aug. 23, 1862 ut. 21 Oct. 21, 1861 gt. 21 Sept. 10, 1861 19 Sept. 25, 1861 19 Sept. 25, 1861 22 Aug. 19, 1862 22 Sept. 11, 1861	19 Sept. 23, 1861 3 yrs 20 Oct. 1, 1861 3 yrs. ut. 19 Aug. 26, 1861 3 yrs 28 Sept. 25, 1861 3 yrs 21 Aug. 23, 1862 3 yrs. ut. 21 Oct. 21, 1861 3 yrs. ut. 21 Sept. 10, 1861 3 yrs 37 Sept. 17, 1861 3 yrs 19 Sept. 25, 1861 3 yrs 19 Sept. 25, 1861 3 yrs 22 Aug. 19, 1862 3 yrs 22 Sept. 11, 1861 3 yrs.

Names	Rank.	Age.	Date of Entering the Service.	Period of Service.	Remarks.
Joseph Huffman	Sergeant	21	Oct. 20, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed from Corporal —; discharged May 20, 1864, at Kingston, Ga., on Surgeon's
William R. Oliver	do	21	Sept. 14, 1861	3 yrs.	certificate of disability. Appointed Corporal Nov. 1, 1862; Sergeant June 1, 1864; captured July 22, 1864, at Decaying Gaine for further results.
William Smitley	do	20	Sept. 19, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal Feb. 1, 1884; Sergeant Nov. 1, 1864; mustered out with company
George Stevens	do	33	Sept. 25, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged Dec. 21, 1863, at Memphis, Tenn., to accept commission as Captain 1st Tennes.
John Strauser	do	16	Dec. 6, 1861	3 yrs.	see Heavy Artillery, Colored Troops. Appointed Corporal Feb. 1, 1864; Sergeant May 1, 1865; mustered out with company
Samuel W. Brown	Corporal	19		3 yrs.	July 8, 1865; veteran. Discharged Jan. 4, 1863, at St. Louis, Mo., on Surgeon's certificate of disability; re-culisted Feb. 13, 1864; appointed Corporal Jan. 18
Samuel Gregg	do	19	Aug. 22, 1862	3 yrs.	1865; discharged to date July 8, 1865. Transferred from 112th 0. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862; appointed Corporal July 28, 1864; mustered
George Lowry	do	26	Oct. 5, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged Sept. 15, 1862, at Columbus, O., on
Robert Ridgway	do	28	Sept. 5, 1861	3 yrs.	Surgeon's certificate of disability. Discharged Feb. 6, 1863, at Cairo, Ill., on Sur-
George W. Routt	do	21	Sept. 19, 1861	3 yrs.	geon's certificate of disability. Discharged July 6, 1862, at Camp Chase, O., on
John Ross	do	23	Sept. 30, 1861	3 yrs.	Surgeon's certificate of disability. Discharged Dec. 15, 1862, at Keokuk, Ia., on
Martin Rozell	do	31	Feb. 6, 1864	3 yrs.	Surgeon's certificate of disability. Appointed Corporal Nov. 1, 1864; mustered
Ebenezer Rozell	cb	24	Sept. 30, 1861	3 yrs.	out with company July 8, 1865. Discharged March 13, 1865, at Cincinnati, O.,
David A. Speakman	do	19	Aug. 9, 1862	3 yrs.	on Surgeon's certificate of disability. Appointed Corporal June 1, 1864; mustered out.
James W. Warstler	do,	20	Aug. 21, 1862	3 yrs.	with company July 8, 1865; veteran. Appointed Corporal Feb. 1, 1864; wounded July 22, 1864, in action at Decatur, Ga.; dis- charged May 12, 1865, at Cincinnati, O., on Surgeon's certificate of disability; vet-
David Weaver	do	24	Oet. 22, 1863	3 yrs.	eran. Died July 24, 1864, of wounds received in action
Daniel Biehl	Musician	56	Jan. 2, 1862	3 yrs.	July 22, 1864, at Decatur, Ga. Absent, sick at New Madrid, Mo.; no further
George Felty	Private	18 17 21	Sept. 1, 1861 Feb. 12, 1864 Aug. 22, 1862	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	record found. Died July 20, 1862, at Camp Clear Creek, Miss, Died March 6, 1864, at Decatur Junction, Ala. Transferred from 112th O. V. 1. Nov. 6, 1862; mustered out with company July 8, 1865;
Bacon, George RBarclay, Daniel	do	18 25	Jan. 19, 1864 Sept. 30, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Mustered out with company, July 8, 1865. Discharged Oct. 9, 1862, at Benton Barracks,
Baldwin, William H	do	18	Dec. 16, 1861	3 yrs.	Mo., on Surgeon's certificate of disability. Mustered out Jan. 13, 1865, at Columbus, O., on expirationn of term of service.
Bantz, Michael	do	20	Feb. 1, 1864	3 yrs.	Mustered out to date July 8, 1865, at Columbus, O., by order of War Department.
Bantz, Daniel	do	22	Feb. 1, 1864	3 yrs.	Died July 22, 1865, in hospital at Parkersburg.
Boyer, Benjamin F	do	25	July 29, 1862	3 yrs.	West Virginia. Discharged to date July 8, 1865, by order of
Bower, Christopher	do	30	Dec. 21, 1861	3 yrs.	War Department. Mustered out with company July 8, 1865;
Bower, Archelaus	do	35	Feb. 13, 1864	3 yrs.	veteran. Absent, sick in hospital May 26, 1864; no
Bishop, Delay J	do	23	Oct. 21, 1861	3 yrs.	further record found. Discharged Nov. 9, 1862, at Jackson, Tenn
Burris, James		24	Sept. 17, 1861	3 yrs.	on Surgeon's certificate of disability. Discharged July 12, 1863, at Cincinnati, O., on
Bumgardner, George	do	42	Sept. 19, 1861	3 yrs.	Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Boblet, Nathan	1	27	Aug. 19, 1862	3 yrs.	Discharged Aug. 1, 1864, at Columbus, O., by order of War Department. Absent, sick at Memphis, Tenn., Oct. 18, 1863;
					transferred to Co. E. 11th Regiment Veteran Reserve Corps April 27, 1864.
Borer, Lewis T	do	25 29	Feb. 13, 1864 Sept. 25, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Died March 12, 1864, at Athens, Ala.
Brannen, Frank	do	30) 35	Sept. 25, 1861 Dec. 17, 1861 Sept. 17, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Killed Oct. 4, 1862, in battle of Corinth, Miss. Died June 30, 1862, in hospital near Farming-
Cole, Owen	1	24 28	Sept. 14, 1861 Oct. 15, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	ington, Miss. Died June 1, 1862, near Farmington, Miss. Discharged March 7, 1863, at Corinth, Miss.,
Commons, Thomas	1	27	Sept. 3, 1861	3 yrs.	on Surgeon's certificate of disability. Died Oct. 17, 1862, at St. Louis, Mo., of wounds received Oct. 4, 1862, in battle of Corinth,
Casey, Samuel	do	30	July 26, 1862	3 yrs.	Mississippi, Died March 24, 1863, at Corinth, Miss.

Names.	Rank.	Age.	Date of Entering the Service.	Period of Service.	Remarks.
Congreve, Thomas	Private	44	Sept. 27, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged Aug. 19, 1862, at Columbus, O., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Clark, Henry	do	21 27 29 20 24 18	Aug. 15, 1862 Feb. 22, 1864 Sept. 17, 1861 Oct. 8, 1861 Feb. 15, 1864 Feb. 8, 1862	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 8, 1865. Killed Oct. 4, 1862, in battle of Corinth, Miss. Discharged to date July 8, 1865; veteran. Discharged to date July 8, 1865. Discharged Feb. 17, 1863, at Corinth, Miss., on
Dixon, William		30	Sept. 12, 1861	3 yrs.	Surgeon's certificate of disability. Mustered out Dec. 26, 1864, at Savannah, Ga., on expiration of term of service.
Devore, Isaac	do	26 19	Feb. 8, 1864 Feb. 19, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Discharged to date June 25, 1865. Died May 26, 1862, in hospital near Farmington, Miss:
Dunn, Thomas	do	33	Sept. 3, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 8, 1865; veteran.
Elliott, Charles W Elliott, Thomas	do	18 37	Feb. 6, 1864 Feb. 6, 1864	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 8, 1865. Mustered out to date June 23, 1865, by order of War Department.
Engle, John	do	19	Sept. 25, 1861	3 yrs.	Died Oct. 8, 1862, at Corinth, Miss., of wounds received Oct. 4, 1862, in battle of Corinth,
England, Joseph	do	19	Sept. 25, 1861	3 yrs.	Mississippi. Mustered out to date July 8, 1865, at Columbus, O., by order of War Department; vet-
England, William	do	33	Feb. 15, 1864	3 yrs.	Died Dec. 26, 1864, at home in Ross county,
Esra, Solomon Esra, Benjamin F	do	42 26	Sept. 19, 1861 Oct. 11, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Ohio. Discharged Aug. 2, 1862, at St. Louis, Mo., on
Esra, George	do	18	Oct. 23, 1861	3 yrs.	Surgeon's certificate of disability. Mustered out to date July 8, 1865, at Columbus, O., by order of War Department; veteran.
Finley, James	do	18	Oct. 8, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged Dec. 5, 1863, at Paducah, Ky., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Fraser, Alfred	do	18	Oct. 20, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged Jan. 1, 1863, at St. Louis, Mo., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Gibbs, James L		39	Nov. 6, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged March 31, 1863, at Corinth, Miss., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Gorman, Timothy Gunkle, Samuel E	do	30 24	Sept. 10, 1861 Aug. 21, 1862	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Died Dec. 16, 1863, at St. Louis, Mo. Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862, mustered out July 18, 1865, at Camp Denni- son, O., by order of War Department; vet-
Hammurle, David	do	16	Jan. 31, 1862	3 yrs.	eran. Discharged May 23, 1863, by writ of habeas cor-
Hamilton, Hugh		23	Sept. 14, 1861	3 yrs.	pus at Chillicothe, O. Discharged Oct. 27, 1862, at Corinth, Miss., on
Hayes, Elias Haynes, Henry C	do	18 18	Oct. 9, 1861 Sept. 5, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Surgeon's certificate of disability. Died April 27, 1862, at St. Louis, Mo. Discharged Oct. 27, 1862, at Corinth. Miss., on
Harp, Levi	do	30	Aug. 21, 1862	3 yrs.	Surgeon's e-rtificate of disability, Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862; sick at Holly Springs, Miss.; no further rec- ord found; also borne on roll as Levi Hays.
Hedrick, Charles	do	29 18	Oct. 13, 1861 Sept. 1, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Transferred to Vetern Reserve Corps —. Mustered out Sept. 12, 1864, at Columbus, O.,
Hines, Geo. W	do	31	Aug. 20, 1862	3 yrs.	on expiration of term of service. Mustered out June 19, 1865, at Camp Dennison, O., by order of War Department; vet-
Hines, David	do	21 18	Aug. 9, 1862 Oct. 15, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	eran. Died Oct. 15, 1864 at Rome, Ga. Mustered out with company July 8, 1865; veteran.
Howell, Vega		1 .	Jan. 18, 1862	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 8, 1865; veteran.
Hogbin, Harvey		1	Sept. 21, 1861	3 yrs.	Also borne as Hoglin; died Aug. 7, 1862, at
Kearns, William Kearns, Benjamin	do	19 21	Feb. 13, 1864 Aug. 20, 1862	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Mustered out June 26, 1865, at Cincinnati, O.,
Kearus, Thomas	do	33	Oct. 25, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 8, 1865; vet-
Kness, Andrew	do	43	Aug. 19, 1862	3 yrs.	eran. Discharged Feb. 23, 1865, at Cincinnati, O., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Kness, Eli			Aug. 15, 1862	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 8, 1865; vet-
Lantis, Henry			Aug. 22, 1862	3 yrs.	Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862; mustered out with company July 8, 1865; veteran.
Leach, Cranar M	do	23 19	Sept. 19, 1861 Sept. 19, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Died Oct. 7,1862 at Corinth, Miss., of wounds received Oct. 4, 1862, in battle of Cornth,
Limle, John	do	25	Oct. 4, 1861	3 yrs.	Mississippi.
	1	l	-	1	1

				Ch	
Names.	Rank.	Age.	Date of Entering the Service.	Period of Service.	Remarks.
Ludy, Francis M	Private	17	Aug. 18, 1862	3 yrs.	Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862; mustered out with company July 8, 1865;
Ludy, John	do	20	Oct. 7, 1862	3 yrs.	veteran. Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nev. 6, 1862; died Sept. 8, 1863, at Memphis, Tenn.
May, George. May, John. Marshail, William J. McDaniel, John L	do do de	20 44 28 33	Feb. 12, 1864 Feb. 6, 1855 Oct. 9, 1861 Sept. 3, 1862	3 yrs. 1 yr. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Died May 22, 1865, at Alexandria, Va. Died June 2, 1862, near Farmington, Miss. Mustered out with company July 8, 1865; vet-
McGinnis, Alexander McGinnis, John	do	37 23	Aug. 29, 1862 Sept. 23, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	eran. Died Nov. 23, 1863, at St. Louis, Me. Discharged Dec. 7, 1863, at St. Louis, Mo., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Mick, John G Miller, Ira A	do	36 20	Nev. 6, 1861 Sept. 25, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Discharged Jan. 22, 1863, at St. Louis, Mo., on
Moore, Isaiah J	do	21	Aug. 21, 1862	3 yrs.	Surgeon's certificate of disability. Transferred from 112th O.V. I. Nov. 6, 1862; mustered out with company July 8, 1865;
Murphy, John Oliver, William R	do	42 21	Nev. 15, 1863 Sept. 14, 1862	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 8, 1865. Captured July 22, 1864, at battle of Atlanta,
Ogden, David	de	24	Jan. 3, 1862	3 yrs.	Ga.; no further record found. Discharged June 25, 1862, at St. Louis, Mo., on
Parrish, Henry P	do	24	Aug. 22, 1862	3 yrs.	Surgeon's certificate of disability. Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862; discharged May 19, 1865, at Covington, Ky., on Surgeon's certificate of disability. Died Nov. 10, 1861, at (b) Blieth M.
Poland, Lawrence T Ray, Jeab	do	27 19	Oct. 27, 1861 Nov. 1, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Died Nov. 10, 1861, at Chillicothe, O. Died Oct. 4, 1862, of wounds received the same day in battle of Corinth, Miss. Mustered out with company July 8, 1865; vet.
Reed, Amaziah	do	28	Oct. 11, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 8, 1865; veteran.
Rowan, Jehn Riley, Matthias	do	37 39	Aug. 20, 1862 Aug. 11, 1862	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Died Feb. 9, 1863, at Corinth, Miss. Died June 27, 1864, in Division Hospital near Big Shanty, Ga.; veteran.
Rindt, Charles C	do	31	Aug. 27, 1862	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 8, 1865; veteran.
Roby, David B	do	18	Aug. 7, 1862	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 8, 1865; vet- eran.
Ress, Duncan	do	40	Sept. 17, 1861	3 yrs.	Reduced from Corporal —; captured at Decatur, Ga., July 22, 1864; mustered out with
Ross, Ames	do	29	Feb. 15, 1864	3 yrs.	company July 8, 1865; veteran. Captured July 22, 1864, in action at Decatur, Ga.; died June 16, 1865, at Annapolis, Md., a
Ross, John	do	32 23	Oct. 8, 1861 Jan. 8, 1862	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	paroled prisoner. Died July 18, 1864, at Roswell, Ga.; veteran. Discharged Dec. 10, 1862, at Columbus, O., on Surgeon's certificate of dischilling.
Russell, Samuel	do	42	Sept. 25, 1861	3 yrs	Surgeon's certificate of disability. Died Aug, 7, 1862, at Londonderry, Ross county, Ohio.
Russell, James	do	18	Sept. 25, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged June 17, 1862, at St. Louis, Me., on
Routt, Andrew	do	16	Jan. 2, 1862	3 yrs.	Surgeon's certificate of disability. Died Oct. 4, 1862, of wounds received the same day in battle of Corinth, Miss.
Sayre, Lemuel J Selby, William	l l	1	Oct. 9, 1861 Feb. 4, 1864	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Died May 9, 1862, at Hamburg, Tenn. Mustered out May 24, 1865, at Camp Dennison, O., by order of War Department.
Seitz, Joseph	do	19	Aug. 22, 1862	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 8, 1865; veteran.
Scott, John W	de	18	Aug. 22, 1862	3 yrs.	Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862; mustered out June 19, 1865, at Camp Donni- son, O., by order of War Department; veteran.
Shreckenganst, Daniel .	de	26	Sept. 25, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 8, 1865; veteran.
Shiers, George	do	18	Oet. 6, 1862	3 yrs.	Mustered out July 7, 1865, at Newark, N. J., by order of War Department.
Shotts, George W Smith, Zachariah	do	21 33	Oct. 25, 1861 Aug. 29, 1862	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	On muster-in rell; no turther record. Mustered out with company July 8, 1865; veteran.
Smith, Zachariah P	1		Sept. 30, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 8, 1865; veteran.
Smith, John Smith, William L	do	18 24	Dec. 14, 1861 Sept. 25, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Died April 25, 1862, near Evansville, Ind.
Speakman, Ebenezer	1	i	Aug. 27, 1862	3 yrs.	Surgeon's certificate et disability. Wounded June 19, 1864; discharged to date July 8, 1865, at Columbus, O.; veteran.
Speakman, Jacob M Speakman, John	do	22 32	Aug. 23, 1862 Aug. 15, 1862	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 8, 1865. Died March 15, 1864, at Pulaski, Tenn.; veteran.
Speakman, Edward	do	21	Aug. 9, 1862	3 yrs.	Mustered out to date July 8, 1865, at Columbus O. by order of War Department:
Spearman, Thomas Straus, David	do	18 19	Oct. 9, 1861 Oct. 4, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	yeteran. Died May 12, 1862, at Cinciunati, O. Mustered out May 24, 1865, at Camp Dennison, O., by order of War Department.
		l	1		

Names.	Rank.	Age.	Date of Entering the Service.	Period of Service.	Remarks.
Strawser, George	Private	36	Oct. 11, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out to date July 8, 1865, at Columbus, O., by order of War Department; veteran.
Strawser, David A	do	35	Aug. 15, 1862	3 yrs.	Died March 10, 1865, in Division Hospital in the field, S. C.; veteran.
Strawser, David	do	18	Aug. 11, 1862	3 yrs.	Discharged Feb. 9, 1863, at Keekuk, Iowa, on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Strawser, David	eb	21	Oet. 4, 1864	1 yr.	Mustered out May 24, 1865, at Camp Dennison, O., by order of War Department.
Thomas, George W	do		Sept. 25, 1861 Oct. 22, 1861	3 yrs.	Killed Oct. 4, 1862. in battle of Corinth, Miss.
Tribbett, George Whiteomb, James B	do		Sept. 19, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged April 20, 1863, at Evansville, Ind., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Witherow, Stansberry	do	18	Oet. 16, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 8, 1865; veteran.
Wolfe, Cooney	do	18	Oet. 20, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged Sept. 27, 1864, at Camp Dennison,
Werts, Henry J Ward, Cassius M	do	18 31	Jan. 4, 1865 Aug. 11, 1862	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 8, 1865.

COMPANY C.

Mustered in from Oct. 1, 1861, to Dec. 2, 1861, at Columbus, O., and Pomeroy, O., by John R. Edie, Major 15th Infantry, U. S. A., and Christopher E. Smith, Captain 63d O. V. I. Mustered out July 8, 1865, at Louisville, Ky., by Robert M. Woods, 1st Lieutenant 64th Illinois Infantry, and A. C. M.

4th Division, 17th Army Corps.

Christopher E. Smith	Captain		Oct.	1, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Oct. 28, 1861; resigned Dec. 15, 1862.
Winslow L. Bay	do	20	Oct.	3, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered as private: appointed Sergeant—; lst Sergeant March 8, 1862; promoted to 2d Lieutenant Jan. 30, 1862; Captain June 1, 1863; mustered out with company July 8,
William S. Bradshaw	Ist Lieut.	31	Oct.	3, 1861	3 yrs.	1865. Appointed Oct. 28, 1861; resigned June 28, 1862.
Nesbit, Comly William W. Mason	do	36	May Oct.	29, 1862 4, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Appointed Adjutant June 18, 1862. Appointed 2d Lieutenant Oct. 28, 1861; promoted to 1st Lieutenant June 30, 1862; resigned Nov. 19, 1862.
John W. Browning	do	32	Oet.	12, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Color Sergeant from private March 1, 1802; promoted to 1st Lieutenant to date
Angus McDonald	do	32	Oet.	9, 1861	3 yrs.	June 18, 1862; resigned Sept. 16, 1864. Promoted from 2d Lieutenant Co. D Sept. 26, 1864; to Captain Co. I Jan. 20, 1865.
Wallace C. Bay	do	18	Oct.	8, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered as private; appointed Color Sergeant June 30, 1862; Ist Sergeant June 2, 1863; promoted to 1st Lieutenant Jan. 20, 1865; resigned May 20, 1865; veteran.
Marvin A. Stewart	. 2d Lieut.	26	Oct.	8, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal Nov. 1, 1861; Sergeant March 9, 1862; 1st Sergeant June 30, 1862; promoted to 2d Lieutenant Jan. 1, 1863; mustered out Nov. 12, 1864, on expiration of term of service.
Myron S. Stont	lst Sergt.	20	Oct.	3, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered as private: appointed 1st Sergeant —; promoted to Com. Sergeant March 8,
Horace Swan	do	21	Oct.	16, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal Nov. 1, 1863; Sergeant Jan. 1, 1864; 1st Sergeant April 26, 1865; mustered out with company July 8, 1865; veteran.
Benjamin F. Knight	. Sergeant	21	Oct.	3, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged Sept. 12, 1862, at Columbus, O., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Charles Worthen	do	44	Oct.	3, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged Aug. 22, 1862, at Columbus, O., on
Ethel Heaton	do , .	23	Oct.	3, 1861	3 yrs.	Surgeon's certificate of disability. Killed June 4, 1864, in battle of Dallas, Ga.;
William Wagner			Oct.	5, 1861	3 yrs.	veteran. Appointed Corporal Jan. 1,1864; Sergeant April 26, 1865; mustered out with company July 8, 1865; veteran.
Austin Reed			Oet.		3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal Jan. 1, 1864; Sergeant July 1, 1864; mustered out with company July 8, 1865; veteran.
George W. Rike	do	18	Aug.	22, 1862	3 yrs.	Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862, as private; appointed Sergeant Jan. 1, 1864; mustered out with company July 8, 7865; veteran.

Presley S. Brown.	Names.	Rank.	Age.	Date of Entering the Service.	Period of Service.	Remarks.
	Franklin Worthen	Sergeant	23	Oct. 3, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal July 28,1862; Sergeant Jan. 1, 1864; mustered out with company July 8, 1865; vectors in the company Jul
Jacob K. Biram	Isaiah Barber	Corporal	21	Feb. 28, 1862	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal July 1, 1864; mustered out
Jacob K. Biram do	Presley S. Brown	do	23	Oct. 15, 1861	3 yrs.	Oct. 31, 1864, on expiration of term of ser-
Joseph Fitch	Jacob K. Biram Andrew J. Biram	do				Died April 16, 1862, at New Madrid, Mo.
Joseph Fitch	Jefferson Chase	do	29	Oet. 11, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal July 1, 1861; must red out
Henry MoDole	Joseph Fitch	do	22	Oct. 15, 1861	3 yrs.	Died Aug. 6, 1864 of wounds recieved in action
Henry McDole.	Thomas C. Gilbreth William J. Harris	do	22			Killed July 22, 1864, in action at Decatur, Ga.;
Benjamin Smalley	Henry McDole Bayles V. McKinley	do				Died July 3, 1864, at Marietta, Ga.; veteran.
Joseph R. Studabaker do	Samuel McCullough	do	20	Oct. 4, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal July 3, 1865; mustered out
Frank F. Smart	Benjamin Smalley	do	22	Oct. 4, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal April 26, 1865; mustered
Prank F. Smart	Joseph R. Studabaker	do	27	Aug. 18, 1862	3 yrs.	Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862;
William N. Wilson	Frank F. Smart Daniel Williams	do	20	Oct. 12, 1861 Sept. 7, 1862		Sergeant Oct. 25, 1864; veteran. Transferred to Co. F Nov. 1, 1861. Appointed Corporal July 3, 1865; mustered out
Adrian, Frederick	William N. Wilson	do	21	Oet. 11, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal July 3, 1865; mustered out
Arnold, Jesse	Horatio N. Warren	.,do	24	Feb. 10, 1862	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal Jan. 1, 1864; mustered out
Arnold, Jesse	Adrian, Frederick	Private	29	Oct. 10, 1862	3 yrs.	with company July 8, 1865; veteran. Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862;
Bailey, Theophilus C .do 20 Oct. 3, 1861 3 yrs. Discharged Aug. 19, 1862, at Corinth, Miss., o Surgeon's certificate of disability. Mustered out with company July 8, 1865; veeran. Bebout, Robert. .do 44 Oct. 8, 1861 3 yrs. Beok, Samuel. .do 19 Oct. 21, 1861 3 yrs. Boring, William .do 25 Oct. 8, 1861 3 yrs. Boring, Vachel B .do 21 Oct. 8, 1861 3 yrs. Boring, Reuben .do 21 Oct. 8, 1861 3 yrs. Boyd, James .do 40 40 6ct. 5, 1861 3 yrs. Buck, Eli .do 18 Oct. 8, 1861 3 yrs. Buck, Lewis .do 22 Oct. 8, 1861 3 yrs. Carr, Barney .do 19 Oct. 8, 1861 3 yrs. Chevalier, Andrew .do 29 Oct. 1, 1861 3 yrs. 1564 3 yrs. 1564 of isability. <t< td=""><td>Arnold, Jesse Bailey, Joseph N</td><td>do</td><td></td><td>Jan. 21, 1864 Oct. 15, 1861</td><td>3 yrs. 3 yrs.</td><td>Mustered out with company July 8, 1865. Killed May 27, 1864, in battle of Dallas, Ga.;</td></t<>	Arnold, Jesse Bailey, Joseph N	do		Jan. 21, 1864 Oct. 15, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 8, 1865. Killed May 27, 1864, in battle of Dallas, Ga.;
Barrett, William C	Bailey, Theophilus C	do	20	Oct. 3, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged Aug. 19, 1862, at Corinth, Miss., on
Bebout, Robert	Barrett, William C	do	24	Aug. 31, 1862	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 8, 1865; vet-
Bentz, Conrad	Bebout, Robert	do	44	Oct. 8, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged Aug. 16, 1862, at Corinth, Miss.,
Bock, Samuel	Bentz, Conrad	do	19	Oct. 21, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 8, 1865; vet-
Boring, William	Bock, Samuel	do	22	Aug. 22, 1862	3 yrs.	Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862; discharged Feb. 23, 1863, at Corinth, Miss.,
Boring, Vachel B.	Boring, William	do	25	Oct. 8, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 8, 1865; vet-
Boring, Reuben	Boring, Vachel B	do	21	Oet. 11, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 8, 1865; vet-
Boyd, James	Boring, Reuben	do	19	Oct. 8, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out Oct. 31, 1864, on expiration of
Brewer, Adam	Boyd, James	do	44	Oet. 5, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged Dec. 10, 1862, at St. Louis, Mo., on
Buck, Lewis do 18 Oct. 3, 1861 3 yrs. Discharged Oct. 6, 1862, at Corinth, Miss., o Surgeon's certificate of disability. Buck, Lewis do 22 Oct. 3, 1861 3 yrs. Died Nov. 12, 1863, at —, Ohio. Nustered out with company July 8, 1865; vet eran. Carl, Gabriel do 20 Aug. 16, 1862 3 yrs. Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862 out with company July 8, 1865 Nustered out with company July 8, 1865 Nustered out with company July 8, 1865 Nustered out out with company July 8, 1865	Brewer, Adam	do	35	Oct. 16, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged Dec. 16, 1862, at Oxford, Miss., on
Buck, Lewis do. 22 Oct. 3, 1861 3 yrs. Died Nov. 12, 1863, at —, Ohio. Bush, Jesse F do. 21 Oct. 8, 1861 3 yrs. Carl, Gabriel do. 20 Aug. 16, 1862 3 yrs. Carr, Barney do. 16 Feb. 10, 1864 3 yrs. Carroll, Daniel M do. 21 Oct. 14, 1861 3 yrs. Chevalier, Andrew do. 29 Oct. 8, 1861 3 yrs. Cochran, Henry do. 19 Oct. 15, 1861 3 yrs. Cowdry, Anthony W do. 19 Oct. 22, 1861 3 yrs. Clelland, George do. 19 Oct. 22, 1861 3 yrs. Clelland, William do. 22 Oct. 22, 1861 3 yrs. Danforth, Charles J do. 19 Oct. 8, 1861 3 yrs. Drum, Jacob do. 20 Aug. 13, 1862 3 yrs. Died Nov. 12, 1863, at —, Ohio. Mustered out with company July 8, 1865; ver eran. Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862 veteran. Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862 veteran. Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862 veteran. Syrs. Tansferred to Invalid Corps March 16, 1864 at Columbus. O., or Surgeon's certificate of disability. Surgeon's cert	Buck, Eli	do	18	Oct. 3, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged Oct. 6, 1862, at Corinth, Miss., on
Carl, Gabriel do 20 Aug. 16, 1862 3 yrs. eran. Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862 mustered out with company July 8, 1865	Buck, Lewis Bush, Jesse F	do	22 21		3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Died Nov. 12, 1863, at —, Ohio. Mustered out with company July 8, 1865; yet-
Carr, Barney						
Chevalier, Andrew .do 29 Oct. 8, 1861 3 yrs. at Columbus, O.	Carr, Barney Carroll, Daniel M	do	16 21	Feb. 10, 1864 Oct. 14, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	veteran. Discharged June 22, 1865. Transferred to Invalid Corps March 16, 1864.
Cowdry, Anthony Wdo. 19 Oct. 15, 1861 3 yrs. Clelland, Georgedo 19 Oct. 22, 1861 3 yrs. Clelland, Williamdo 22 Oct. 22, 1861 3 yrs. Clelland, Williamdo 22 Oct. 8, 1861 3 yrs. Danforth, Charles Jdo 19 Oct. 8, 1861 3 yrs. Drum, Jacobdo 20 Aug. 13, 1862 3 yrs. Willed Oct. 4, 1862, in battle of Corinth, Mississippi. Reduced from Corporal —; mustered out Oct 31, 1864, on expiration of wound Mississippi. Reduced from Corporal —; mustered out Oct 31, 1864, on expiration of ferm of service. Discharged Dec. 23, 1863, at Columbus, O., by order of War Department. Drum, Jacobdo 20 Aug. 13, 1862 3 yrs. Milled Oct. 4, 1862, in battle of Corinth, Miss			29	Oct. 8, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged Feb. 5, 1862, at Marietta, O., on
Clelland, Georgedodo 19 Oct. 22, 1861 3 yrs. Died Oct. 29, 1862, at St. Louis, Mo., of wound received Oct. 4, 1862, in battle of Corinth Mississippi. Clelland, Williamdo 22 Oct. 22, 1861 3 yrs. Reduced from Corporal —; mustered out Oct. 4, 1862, in battle of Corinth Mississippi. Reduced from Corporal —; mustered out Oct. 18, 1861, on expiration of term of service. Discharged Dec. 23, 1863, at Columbus, O., by order of War Department. Drum, Jacobdo 20 Aug. 13, 1862 3 yrs. Wissered out with company July 8, 1865; vet	Cochran, Henry Cowdry, Anthony W	do		Oct. 15, 1861 Oct. 26, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Mustered out Oct. 31, 1864, on expiration of
Clelland, Williamdo 22 Oct. 22, 1861 3 yrs. Reduced from Corporal —; mustered out Oct. Sq. 1861, 1864, on expiration of term of service. Danforth, Charles Jdo 19 Oct. 8, 1861 3 yrs. Discharged Dec. 23, 1863, at Columbus, O., by order of War Department. Drum, Jacobdo 20 Aug. 13, 1862 3 yrs. William 3 yrs. Weduced from Corporal —; mustered out of term of service. Discharged Dec. 23, 1863, at Columbus, O., by order of War Department.	Clelland, George	do	19	Oct. 22, 1861	3 yrs.	Died Oct. 29, 1862, at St. Louis, Mo., of wounds received Oct. 4, 1862, in battle of Corinth,
Danforth, Charles Jdo 19 Oct. 8, 1861 3 yrs. Discharged Dec. 23, 1863, at Columbus, O., by order of War Department. Drum, Jacobdo 20 Aug. 13, 1862 3 yrs. Mustered out with company July 8, 1865; vet	Clelland, William	do	22	Oct. 22, 1861	3 yrs.	Reduced from Corneral mustered out Oct
Drum, Jacob 20 Aug. 15, 1802 5 yrs. Mustered out with company July 5, 1803; vet			19	Oct. 8, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged Dec. 23, 1863, at Columbus, O., by
eran.	Drum, Jacob	do	20	Aug. 13, 1862	3 yrs.	order of War Department. Mustered out with company July 8, 1865; veteran.

Names.	Rank.	Age.	Date of Entering the Service.	Period of Service.	Remarks.
Ervin, John W	Private	26	Oct. 3, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 8, 1865; vet-
Ervin, Lewis	do	21 19	Oct. 3, 1861 Oct. 21, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Died May 14, 1862, at Cincinnati, O. Killed May 27, 1864, in battle of Dallas, Ga.;
Ford, Willis A	do	22	Aug. 22, 1862	3 yrs.	Transferzed from 112th O. V. J. Nov. 6, 1862; mustered out with company July 8, 1865; vet-
Foster, Azariah Fort, Samuel	do	22 18	Oct. 12, 1861 Oct. 6, 1862	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	eran. Died May 19, 1862, at Farmington, Miss. Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862;
French, Benjamin	do	31	Oct. 15, 1861	3 yrs.	died Feb. 10, 1863, at Corinth, Miss. Mustered out with company July 8, 1865; vet-
Geyer, William	do	25	Oct. 15, 1861	3 yrs.	eran. Mustered out with company July 8, 1865; veteran.
Gregory, John C Grove, Samuel	do	$\frac{18}{25}$	Feb. 16, 1864 Oct. 3, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Transferred to Co. A March 25, 1864. Discharged Aug. 13, 1862, at Columbus, O., on
Grove, William L		38	Oct. 5, 1861	3 yrs.	Surgeon's certificate of disability. Discharged Aug 9, 1862, at Columbus, 0., on
Halsey, William N	1	21	Oct. 4, 1861	1 yr.	Surgeon's certificate of disability. Discharged Dec. 27, 1862, at St. Louis, Mo., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Harrison, James M	do	18 23	Oct. 26, 1861	3 yrs.	Died Aug. 9, 1862, at Corinth, Miss.
Hawley, Samuel K:	do	18	Feb. 13, 1865 Jan. 23, 1864 Jan. 23, 1864	1 yr. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 8, 1865. Mustered out with company July 8, 1865. Mustered out with company July 8, 1865. Discharged June 4, 1865, by order of War De-
Harrison, James M Hamilton, David Ilawley, Samuel K Hawley, James R. Hawk, Samuel	do	19 19	Sept. 10, 1864	1 yr.	Discharged June 4, 1865, by order of War De-
Heck, Christian	do	20	Aug. 14, 1862	3 yrs.	Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862; mustered out with company April 8, 1865;
Hicks, Charles W Hoyt, Noah S	do	18 44	Oet. 8, 1861 Oet. 24; 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	veteran. Killed Oct. 4, 1862, in battle of Corinth, Miss. Discharged July 13, 1862, at Columbus, O., on
Jerome, Nicodemus P	do	30	Aug. 15, 1862	3 yrs.	Tran-terred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862; discharged Jan. 19, 1863, at Jackson, Tenn.
Karch, Samuel	do	18	Aug. 20, 1862	3 yrs.	on Surgeon's certificate of disability. Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862; transferred to 1st Battalion, 5th Regiment Vetoran Reserve Corps, Dec. 23, 1864; vet.
Kennard, Richard B	do	38	Oct. 6, 1862	3 yrs.	eran. Tansferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862 mustered out with company July 8, 1865 veteran.
Knight, Lewis Knight, Noel	do	19 20	Feb. 18, 1864 Oct. 22, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 8, 1865. Mustered out with company July 8, 1865; vet-
Limburger, Isaac	do	39	Oct. 16, 1861	3 yrs.	eran. Transferred to Veteran Reserve Corps May 18, 1864, by order of War Department.
Lutz, Samuel	do	19	Jan. 25, 1864	3 yrs.	Mustered out May 29, 1865, at David's Island New York Harbor.
Mackey, James	do	43	Oct. 8, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged Aug. 16, 1862, at Corinth, Miss., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Martin, Jasper W	do	18 17	Feb. 18, 1864 Feb. 9, 1865	3 yrs.	Died March 5, 1864, at Pulaski, Tenn. Mustered out with company July 8, 1865.
Martin, Daniel	do	38 32	Feb. 18, 1864 Feb. 17, 1864	1 yr. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 8, 1865.
	Į.		Oet. 8, 1861		order of War Department. Died Nov. 30, 1864, in Meigs county, O.
McCullough, Joseph Mellinger, Samuel	do	18	Oct. 4, 1862	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	or ler of War Department. Died Nov. 30, 1864, in Meigs county, O. Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862; discharged Jan. 21, 1864, at Camp Dennison, O., by order of War Department.
Mills, William H Moore, Joseph	do	18	Oct. 15, 1861 Dec. 16, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 8, 1865; vet-
Newton, William A	1	ļ	Sept. 17, 1862	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 8, 1865; vet-
Niles, Thomas	do	18	Sept. 17, 1862	3 yrs.	eran. Discharged Jan. 19, 1863, at Jackson, Tenn.,
Oelshlager, Christian	do	18	Aug. 14, 1862	3 yrs.	on Surgeon's certificate of disability. Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862; mustered out with company July 8, 1865;
Orr, James	do	18	Oct. 9, 1862 Feb. 8, 1864	3 yrs.	Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862.
Orr, James	do	27 31 19	Oct. 9, 1862 Feb. 8, 1864 Oct. 3, 1861 Oct. 20, 1862	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 8, 1865. Killed in action July 22, 1864, at Decatur, Ga. Transferred from 112th O. V. 1. Nov. 6, 1862; mustered out with company July 8, 1865;
Price, John	do	19	Aug. 22, 1862	3 yrs.	veteran. Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862; died Aug. 10, 1864, at Rome, Ga., of wounds
Pierce, Elmore	do	35	Dec. 2, 1861	3 yrs.	received in action; veteran Discharged Aug. 11. 1862, at Columbus, O., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Pullins, Marion Reed, Major	do	21 19	Oct. 4, 1861 Oct. 25, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Died July 18, 1862, at Corinth, Miss. Discharged Feb. 4, 1863, at Carro, Ill., on Sur-

Names.	Rauk.	Age.	Date of Entering the Service.	Period of Serviee.	Remarks.
Rose, Andrew	Private	20	Oct. 15, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out Oct. 31, 1864, on expiration of
Ryther, Isaac	do	23	Oet. 10, 1861	3 yrs.	term of service. Discharged Dec. 4, 1863; re-enlisted Sept. 10, 1864, for one year; mustered out June 4, 1865, at Washington, D. C., by order of War
Ryther, Rosel	do	18	Oct. 15, 1861	3 yrs.	Department. Killed Feb. 3, 1865, in action at Salkahatchie,
Sanderson, Job B	do	18	Oct. 8, 1861	3 yrs.	S. C.; veteran. Discharged July 13, 1862, at Columbus, O., on
Sanborn, John O	do	29	Oct. 15, 1861	3 yrs.	Surgeon's certificate of disability Transferred to Veteran Reserve Corps April
Schriver, Philip	do	20	Oct. 25, 1861	3 yrs.	11, 1864, by order of War Department. Killed June 16, 1864, in action near Kenesaw
Sibert, Peter Smalley, Henry	do	19 18	Oct. 26, 1861 Oct. 4, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Mountain, Ga.: veteran, Died March 7, 1862, at St. Louis, Mo, Mustered out with company July 8, 1865; vet- eran.
Smallcy, Lewis	do	26	Oct. 4, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged Dec. 21, 1863, at Paducah, Ky., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Smith, Josiah	do	29	Oct. 8, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged Oct. 26, 1862, at Jackson, Tenn., on
Smith, Marion Smith, Ritner	do	18 29	Oct. 16, 1861 Oct. 3, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Surgeon's certificate of disability. Mustered out Oct. 31, 1864, on expiration of
Smith, Samuel W Stivers, Lyman S	do	18 20	Feb. 6, 1864 Oct. 22, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	term of service. Mustered out with company July 8, 1865. Mustered out with company July 8, 1865; vet-
Stewart, Seneca	do	29	Oct. 14, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged Oct. 25, 1862, at St. Louis, Mo., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Still, David	do	18 19	Oct. 25, 1861 Oct. 5, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Died May 4, 1862, at Hamburg, Tenn. Died May 27, 1864, at Chattanooga, Tenn.; veteran.
Spitler, Francis Spohnagle, Jacob Taggart, Roseberry Thomas, Enos E	do do do	18 18 	Feb. 13, 1865 Oct. 21, 1861 Oct. 15, 1861 Aug. 22, 1862	1 yr. 3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 8, 1865. Died April 13, 1862, at St. Louis, Mo. On muster-in roll; no further record.
Toland, John	do	· i ÷	Oct. 8, 1861 Aug. 21, 1862	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	died Sept. 22, 1863, at Memphis, Tenn. Died March 16, 1862, at New Madrid, Mo. Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862;
Wandling, John W	do	18	Oct. 3, 1861	3 yrs.	died Feb. 13, 1863, at Memphis, Tenn. Mustered out with company July 8, 1865; vet-
Wandling, Adam	do	20	Oct. 3, 1861	3 yrs.	eran. Discharged Feb. 6, 1863, at Cairo, Ill., on Sur-
Waters, Royal K	do	20	Oct. 3, 1861	3 yrs.	geon's certificate of disability. Mustered out with company July 8, 1865; vet-
Waitman, William	do	18	Aug. 18, 1862	3 yrs.	eran. Tranferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862; mustered out June 9, 1865, at Columbus, O., by order of War Department; also borne on rolls as William Wartman; yetgran.
Waysen, William W Whealdon, Isaac H	do	38 32	Feb. 10, 1864 Oct. 8, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Died March 26, 1864, at Pulaski, Tenn. Discharged April 18, 1863, at Cincinnati, O., on
Whealdon, William	do	26	Oct. 8, 1861	3 yrs.	Surgeon's certificate of disability. Discharged Dec. 24, 1862, at Cincinnati, O., on
Wilson, Elias Wilson, Dawson D	do	18 23	Jan. 23, 1864 Oct. 15, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Surgeon's certificate of disability. Mustered out with company July 8, 1865. Mustered out with company July 8, 1865; veteran.
Wilson, Dunmore	do	25	Oct. 16, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out June 4, 1865, at Washington, D.
Whitehead, Jacob	do	19	Oct. 3, 1861	3 yrs.	C., by order of War Department; veterau. Mustered out Jan. 18, 1865, at Columbus, O.,
Worthen, Roscoe	do	21	Feb. 16, 1864	3 yrs.	on expiration of term of service. Mustered out with company July 8, 1865.

COMPANY D.

Mustered in from Oct. 1, 1861, to Dec. 8, 1861, at Marietta, Beverly, Centreville and Sharron, O., by W. Craig,
Captain —, U. S. A., and J. W. Fouts, Captain 63d O. V. I. Mustered out July 8, 1865, at Louisville,
Ky., by Robert M. Woods, 1st Lieutenant 64th Illinois Infantry, and A. C. M.
4th Division, 17th Army Corps.

			ŀ	1	
John W. Fouts	Captair	35	Oct. 1, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Oct. 28, 1861; promoted to Major
William Cornell	do	25	Dec. 25, 1861	3 7770	June 1, 1863. Promoted from 1st Lieutenant Co, I June 1,
William Collectivities	111401111	-0	Dec. 20, 1001	0 113.	1863; mustered out Dec. 26, 1864, on expira-
4 1 6 14	d.	0.7	C 1 15 1001		tion of term of service.
Andrew Smith	ao	31	Sept. 17, 1861	3 yrs.	Promoted from 1st Lieutenant Co. F Jan. 28, 1865; mustered out with company July 8.
					1865.
		- 1		1	

Names.	Rank.	Age.	Date of Entering the Service.	Period of Service.	Remarks.
Wesley S. Tucker	1st Lieut.	25	Oct. 1, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Oct. 28, 1861; resigned June 18, 1862.
Richard B. Cheatham	do	39	Oct. 1, 1861	3 yrs.	Fromoted from 1st Sergeant June 18, 1862;
George B. Bartlett	do	19.	Oct. 1, 1861	3 yrs.	died July 18, 1863. Appointed Sergeant from Corporal—; promoted to 2d Lieutenant May 26, 1862; Cap-
Alexander II. Brill	do	26	Odt. 27, 1861	3 yrs.	tain Co. A Nov. 12, 1864. Promoted from 2d Lieutenant Co. K Jan. 20, 1855; must red out with company July 8,
John B. Hageman Lewis L. Grubb	2d Lieut.	43 29	Oct. 1, 1861 Oct. 1, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	1865; veteran. Appointed Oct. 28, 1861; resigned Dec. 31, 1861. Mustered as Sergeant; promoted to 2d Lieu-
Angus McDonald	do	32	Oct. 9, 1861	3 yrs.	tenant Feb. 13, 1862; resigned May 26, 1862. Appointed Sergeant from private —; promoted to 2d Lieutenant July 18, 1863; 1st Lieutenant Co. C Sept. 26, 1864; veteran, provided to 14, 12, 12, 12, 12, 12, 12, 13, 12, 13, 13, 13, 13, 13, 13, 13, 13, 13, 13
Obadiah P. Hill	1st Sergt.	19	Oct. 1, 1861	3 yrs.	Promoted to 1st Lieutenant Co. I Jan. 20, 1865; veteran.
Chester M. Wilson	do	19	Oct. 1, 1861	3-yrs.	Appointed Sergeant from Corporal May 14, 1864; 1st Sergeant Feb. 19, 1865; mustered out with company July 8, 1865; veteran.
John Birdsell	Sergeant	24	Oct. 1, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 8, 1865; veteran,
Andrew F. Henderson	do	20	Oct. 1, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed from Corporal Jan. 1, 1864; mustered out with company July 8, 1865; vet-
Madison Hoon	do	20	Oct. 1, 1861	3 yrs.	eran. Promoted to Sergt. Major Jan. 1, 1864; veteran.
William Johnson	do	21	Oct. 9, 1861	3 yrs.	Promoted to Sergt. Major Oct. 25, 1864; vet-
Gustavus A. McMunn	do	18	Dec. 8, 1861	3 yrs.	eran. Appointed from private June 14, 1865; mustered out with company July 8, 1865; vet-
James W. Tucker	do	23	Oct. 11, 1861	3 yrs.	eran; borne on roll as David A. McMunn. Discharged July 12, 1862, at Columbus, O., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Henry C. Bartlett	Corporal	18	Nov. 1, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal March 1, 1864; mustered
Humphrey Beckett	do	18	Oct. 12, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal July 1, 1865, veteral.
Charles Brown Peter Endicott	do	21 20	Oct. 6, 1861 Oct. 1, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal March 1, 1864; mustered out with company July 8, 1865; veteran. Appointed Corporal July 1, 1864; mustered out with company July 8, 1865; veteran. Died July 10, 1862, at Farmington, Miss. Died April 29, 1862, at home near Beverly, Washington county O
Charles Henderson	do	20	Oct. 1, 1861	3 yrs.	The state of the s
Reuben S. Mason Thomas W. Parrish	do	25	Oct. 20, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal —; killed June 17, 1864, in action at Kenesaw Mountain,Ga.; veteran. Transferr d to Co. F Jan. —, 1862. Appointed Corporal Jan. 1, 1864; mustered out with company July 8, 1865; veteran. Appointed Corporal Jan. 1, 1864; nustered out with company July 8, 1865; veteran. Appointed Corporal July 1, 1864; mustered out with company July 8, 1865; veteran. Appointed Corporal Jan. 1, 1864; mustered out with company July 8, 1865; veteran. Appointed Corporal Jan. 1, 1865; mustered out with company July 8, 1865; veteran.
Franklin Ross	do	18	Dec. 5, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal Jan. 1, 1864; nustered out
Samuel W. Smith	do	21		3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal July 1, 1864; mustered
William C. Townsend	do	20	Oct. 1, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal Jan. 1, 1864; mustered out
Hiram W. Vincent	do	19	Dec. 8, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal Jan. 1, 1865; mustered out
Asa Lysander	. Private	27	Oet. 20, 1861	3 yrs.	with company July 8, 1865; veteran. Discharged Aug. 29, 1862, at Columbus, O., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Bell, Hiram	do	18	Oct. 20, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 8, 1865; vet eran.
Bell, Joseph H	do	18	Oct. 9, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged Sept. 13, 1862, at Columbus, O., or Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Bell, Ephraim F Bevins, Franklin Blair, Henry	do	19 18 18	Oct. 8, 1861 Oct. 20, 1861 Nov. 1, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 8, 1865; vet-
Blair, Silas W	do	18	Feb. 18, 1864 Oct. 9, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	eran. Mustered out with company July 8, 1865. Mustered out Oct. 28, 1864, on expiration of
Bowen, Enos	do	22 21			term of service. Died May 22, 1864, at Decatur, Ala. Died Sept. 26, 1864, at Marietta, Ga. Mustered out with company July 8, 1865; vet
Caskey, Thomas A Carroll, Jacob	do	44 24	Feb. 27, 1864 Oct. 20, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	eran. Mustered out with company July 8, 1865. Killed May 28, 1864, in action at Dallas, Ga.
Carroll, John	do	22	Oct. 1, 1861	3 yrs.	veteran. Mustered out with company July 8, 1865; vet
Coffee, Samuel	do	21			erau. Mustered out with company July 8, 1865; vet-
Coffee, Worthington J	do	26	Dec. 8, 1861	3 yrs.	eran. Mustered out with company July 8, 1865; vet-
Colrick, Seneca Clayton, William	do	24 30	Feb. 8, 1864 Oct. 9, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 8, 1865. Mustered out Oct 28, 1864, on expiration of
Clemmons, Thomas H	do	18	Feb. 27, 1864	3 yrs.	term of service. Discharged May 15, 1865, at Camp Dennison. O., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.

Names.	Rank.	Age.	Date of Entering the Service.	Period of Service.	Remarks.
Crosser, Washington P	Private	23	Oet. 1, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 8, 1865; vet-
Graig, Samuel F	do	19	Oct. 1, 1861	3 yrs.	eran. Transferred Fiffer to Mississippi Marine Bri-
Delancy, Benjamin Devore, David A	do	19 19	Oet. 1, 1861 Nov. 1, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	gade March 2, 1863. Died Ang. 3, 1862, at Camp Clear Creek, Miss. Discharged Aug. 12, 1862, at Louisville, Ky., on
Donaldson, James Donaldson, Louis	do,	18 20	Oet. 20, 1863 Oct. 20, 1861	3 yrs.	Surgeon's certificate of disability. Died Sept. 25, 1864, at Rome, Ga. Mustered out with company July 8, 1865; vet-
Essex, Simon Essex, Ephraim	do	18 19	Feb. 16, 1864 Oct. 9, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	eran. Mustered out with company July 8, 1865. Mustered out Oct. 28, 1864, on expiration of
Essex, George W	do	18	Oct. 9, 1861	3 yrs.	term of service. Died April 26, 1862, in hospital at St. Louis. Missouri.
Farris, John	do	44	Oct. 1, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged July 25, 1862, at Cincinnati, O., on
Galatin, Franklin	do	18	Oct. 20, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged July 25, 1862, at Cincinnati, O., on Surgeon's certificate of disability. Mustered out Oct. 28, 1864, at Chattanoga, Tenn., on expiration of term of service; borne on roll as Francis Gallatin.
Galateon, Francis A	do	18	Oct. 20, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out Oct. 28, 1864, on expiration of term of service.
Gheen, James	do	18 19	Feb. 16, 1864 Oct. 25, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 8, 1865. Mustered out with company July 8, 1865; veteran.
Gilpin, Matthew	do	27	Feb. 16, 1864	3 yrs.	Captured July 22, 1864, at battle of Atlanta, Ga.; no further record found.
Gilpin, Sullivan	do	18	Oct. 1, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 8, 1865; veteran.
Gilpin, Jonas, Sr	do	43	Oet. 1, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged May 16, 1862, at Camp Dennison, O., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Gilpin, Jonas, Jr Goldsberry, Calvin Grandstaff, John	do	22 24 18	Oct. 1, 1861 Feb. 16, 1864 Oct. 15, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Died May 24, 1863, at Memphis, Tenn. Mustered out with company July 8, 1865. Mustered out with company July 8, 1865; vet-
Green, John W	do do	18 20 22	Feb. 16, 1864 Feb. 5, 1864 Oct. 10, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	eran. Died Aug. 15, 1864, at Allatoona, Ga. Died March 15, 1864, at Prospect, Tenn. Killed June 18, 1864, in action at Kenesaw
Glines, William C	do	35	Oct. 6, 1861	3 yrs.	Monntain, Ga.; veteran. Discharged July 1, 1862, at Cincinnati, O., on
Harris, Charles	do	19	Oct. 1, 1861	3 yrs.	Surgeon's certificate of disability. Died June 19, 1862, at home in Noble county,
Hill, Samuel	do	20	Oct. 1, 1861	3 yrs.	Ohio. Discharged July 6, 1862, near Corinth, Miss.,
Hoon, Samuel	do	18	Oct. 8, 1861	3 yrs.	on Surgeon's certificate of disability. Mustered out March 12, 1865, at Cincinnati,
Jackson, John T	do	23	Oct. 1, 1861	3 yrs.	O., on expiration of term of service. Mustered out Oct. 28, 1864, on expiration of
Johnson, James	do	19	Oct. 9, 1861	3 yrs.	term of service. Mustered out with company July 8, 1865; vet-
Johnson, Simon	do	24	, 1861	3 yrs.	eran. Captured July 22, 1864, in action near Atlanta, Ga.; mustered out June 13, 1865, at Camp Chase, O., by order of War Department; vet-
Jordon, Benjamin	do	20	Oct. 9, 1861	3 yrs.	eran. Discharged Sept. 16, 1862, at Corinth, Miss.,
Keyhoe, James F	do	23	Oct. 9, 1861	3 yrs.	on Surgeon's certificate of disability. Transferred to Co. F. Jan., 1862.
Keyhoe, James F Kincaid, George W Kramer, Marquis A	do	18 18	Oct. 8, 1861 Feb. 3, 1864	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 8, 1865.
Kramer, Henry			0 1 0 1001	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 8, 1865; vet-
Lady, Hiram		25	Oct. 9, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 8, 1865; veteran. Mustered out with company July 8, 1865; veteral out with company 1865;
Lyon, Michael	İ	30	Oct. 1, 1861 Feb. 27, 1864	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 8, 1865; Veteran. Mustered out with company July 8, 1865. Mustered out Oct. 28, 1864, on expiration of
Mayguckin, William H McCaddon, D		19 18	Oct. 1, 1861 Oct. 1, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged April, 1862, at New Madred, Mo.
Marshal, James	do.,	18	Oct. 29, 1861	3 yrs.	on surgeon's certificate of disability Mustered out with company July 8, 1865; vet-
Marquis, Gallatin S	1	18	Dec. 8, 1861	3 yrs.	eran. Killod July 22, 1864, in action at Decatur, Ga.;
Mason, Wm. Wesley Mason; Oscar		20 22	Oct. 20, 1861 Oct. 20, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	veteran. Died May 31, 1862, at Farmington, Miss. Discharged Oct. 4, 1862, at Columbus, O., on Surgeon's cortificate of disability.
McVeigh, James	1		Öet. 20, 1861	3 yrs.	Transferred to Veteran Reserve Corps June
Miller, Thomas Miracle, John	do	29	Oet. 1, 1861 Oct. 20, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	26, 1864. Died July 8, 1862, near Farmington, Miss. Mustered out with company July 8, 1865; vet-
Morris, John Morris, Jonathan	do	38	Feb. 27, 1864 Oct. 29, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	eran. Mustered out with company July 8, 1863. Died Jan. 21, 1862, at Camp Tupper, Marietta,
Morehead, John W			Oct. 20, 1861	3 yrs.	Ohio. Discharged May 21, 1863, at Columbus, O., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.

Names.	Rank.	Age.	Date of Entering the Service.	Period of Service.	Remarks.
Moore, William Newton, Joseph D. B	Private do	18 19	Oct. 15, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Died July 22, 1863, at Memphis, Tenn. Mustered out with company July 8, 1865; vet-
Noyes, John	do	18	Oct. 9, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 8, 1865; veteran.
Null, Samuel C	do	43	Oct. 9, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustcred out with company July 8, 1865; veteran.
Pauley, Benjamin Petty, Sherlock	do	18 19	Dec 5, 1862 Oct. 1, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 8, 1865 Mustered out with company July 8, 1865; vet-
Penny, John	do	18	Oct. 7, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out Oct. 28, 1864, on expiration of term of service.
Price, Samuel S	do	26	Jan. 1, 1862	3 yrs.	mustered out Jan. 10, 1865, on expiration of
Roberts, Elisha	do	18 22	Oct. 1, 1861 Oct. 20, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	term of service. Died March 25, 1862, at New Madrid, Mo. Died Aug. 3, 1864, in Field Hospital, of wounds received July 22, 1864, in battle of Atlanta,
Shuman, Alonzo J Shuman, Cephas	do	18 18	Dec. 20, 1863 Nov. 15, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Georgia. Mnstered out with company July 8, 1865. Mustered out Oct. 28, 1864, on expiration of term of service.
Shuman, Jacob	do	20	Oct. 26, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 8, 1865; veteran.
Shiers, Rohert	do	20	Oct. 10, 1861	3 yrs.	Promoted to Principal Musician from Musician July 21, 1862 mustered out with company July 8,
Sheets, Daniel	do	20	Oct. 20, 1861	3 yrs.	1865; veteran. Mustered out Oct. 28, 1864. on expiration of
Smith, James K. P Smith, William C Smith, Henry M	do do	18 18	Jan. 5, 1864 Meh. 10, 1865 Dec. 27, 1863	3 yrs. 1 yr. 3 yrs.	term of service. Mustered out with company July 8, 1865. Mustered out with company July 8, 1865. Killed June 26, 1864, in action at Kenesaw
Simons, Orin H		21	Oct. 29, 1861	3 yrs.	Mountain, Ga.; veteran. Discharged June 15, 1863, at Jackson, Tenn.,
Steed, James M	do	31	Oct. 15, 1861	3 yrs.	on Surgeon's certificate of disability. Mustered out with company July 8, 1865; vet-
Steed, William W Stokes, Lysander	do	37 18	Jan. 30, 1864 Oct. 1, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	eran. Died Sept. 5, 1864, at Marietta, Ga. Discharged Nov. 23, 1862, near La Grange, Tenn., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Swan, Richard Thorn, Lyman H	do	19 20	Nov. 10, 1861 Oct. 20, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Mustered out Oct. 28, 1864, on expiration of
Thorn, William C	1	22	Oct. 20, 1861	3 yrs.	term of service. Mustered out with company July 8, 1865; vet-
Thomas, Lot W Travis, John	do	22 21	Feb. 27, 1864 Oct. 1, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	eran. Mustered out with company July 8, 1865. Mustered out with company July 8, 1865; vet-
Travis, David	do	19	Oct. · 1, 1861	3 yrs.	eran. Mustered out with company July 8, 1865; vet-
Truesdell, Joseph F	do	18	Oct. 20, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 8, 1865; vet-
Wagner, William Wilson, Daniel	do	18 24	Oct. 15, 1861 Oct. 1, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	eran. Died July 11, 1862, at Camp Clear Creek, Miss. Mustered out with company July 8, 1865; vet- eran.

COMPANY E.

Mustered in from Sept. 8, 1861, to Jan. 3, 1862, at Columbus and Chillicothe, O., by John R. Edic, Major 15th Infantry, U. S. A.; A. B. Dod, Captain 15th Infantry, U. S. A.; Thomas McCord, Captain, George W. Fitzimmons and Frank T. Gilmore, 1st Lieutenants 63d O. V. 1. Mustered out July 8, 1865, at Lonisville, Ky., by Robert M. Woods, 1st Lieutenant 64th Illinois Infantry, and A. C. M. 4th Division, 17th Army Corps.

Thomas McCord	Captain	30 35	Oct.	15, 1861 15, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Appointed Dec. 16, 1861; resigned Sept. 3,1862. Promoted from 2d Lieutenant Sept. 24, 1862; wounded Oct. 4, 1862, in battle of Corinth.
Thomas J. McCord	do	22	Sept.	8, 1861	3 yrs.	Miss.; resigned Sept. 17, 1864, on Surgeon's certificate of disability. Appointed Sergeant Oct. 20, 1861; wounded Oct. 4, 1862, in battle of Corinth, Miss.; ap- pointed 1st Sergeant Oct. 4, 1862; promoted
Elias V. Cherry	Ist Lieut.	25	Oct.	17, 1861	3 yrs.	to 2d Lieutenant Jan. 1, 1863; 4st Lieutenant Sept. 26, 1864; Captain Jan. 20, 1865; mustered out July 8, 1865. Appointed Dec. 16, 1861; resigned March 1, 1863.

Names.	Rank.	Age.	Date of Entering the Service.	Period of Service.	Remarks.
William H. Cherry	lst Lieut.	38	Aug. 28, 1862	3 yrs.	Mustered as private; promoted to 2d Licutenant Sept. 24, 1862; 1st Lieutenant June 1, 1863; killed June 23, 1864, in railroad accident near Waverly, Tenn., while on detached duty with Engineer Corps.
John C. Lowry	do	26	Oct. 23, 1861	3 yrs.	June 27, 1863; promoted to 1st Lieutenant
John R. Collins	lst Sergt.	33	Sept. 8, 1861	3 yrs.	July 8, 1865; veteran. Appointed 1st Sergeant Nov. 20, 1861; discharged July 25, 1862, on Surgeon's certificate
George C. Robinson	do	22	Oct. 10, 1861	3 yrs.	of disability. Mustered as private; appointed 1st Sergeant Sept. 1, 1862; killed Oct. 4, 1862, in battle of
Stewart Martindale	do	25	Aug. 22, 1862	3 yrs.	Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862,
Edward Clifford	Sergeant	35	Aug. 18, 1862	3 yrs.	as private; appointed Corporal July 1, 1863; lst Sergeant Feb. 12, 1865; mustered out with company July 8, 1865; veteran. Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862; as private; appointed Sergeant Nov. 15, 1862; promoted to 1st Lieutenant in 166th Regi- ment U. S. Colored Troops April 28, 1864;
George Haskins	do		Sept. 3, 1862	3 yrs.	Appointed Sergeant Sept. 3, 1862; promoted to Lieutenant 1st Regiment Alabama Col-
Daniel H. Inscho	do	28	Aug. 14, 1862	3 yrs.	Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862, as private; appointed Sergeant Dec. 1, 1863; promoted to Q. M. Sergeant July 1, 1865;
William F. C. James	do	18	Oct. 10, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal Nov. 20, 1861; Sergeant June 27, 1863; mustered out with company
John F. Jones	do	26	Sept. 8, 1861	3 yrs.	July 8, 1865; veteran. Appointed Sergeant Nov. 20, 1861; died June
James II. Knisley	do;.	25	Sept. 8, 1861	3 yrs.	25, 1862. Appointed Sergeant Nov. 20, 1861; discharged July 24, 1862, on Surgeon's certificate of dis-
Andrew Losey	do	22	Sept. 8, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Sergeant Nov. 20, 1861; transferred
Avery Olney	do		Aug. 21, 1862	3 yrs.	Wounded Oct. 4, 1862, in battle of Corinth, Miss.: appointed Corporal Nov. 15, 1862.
Samuel R. Smith	do	28	Aug. 18, 1862	3 yrs.	Sergeant Sept. 11, 1864; mustered out with company July 8, 1865; veteren. Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862, as private; appointed Corporal Nov. 15, 1862; Sergeant March 1, 1864; mustered out with
James Sanderson	do	18	Nov. 24, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal July 1, 1854; Sergeant July 1, 1865; Mustered out with company
James N. Hunt	do	21.	Dec. 11, 1864	3 yrs.	July 8, 1865; veteran. Appointed Corporal Nov. 20, 1861; Sergeant Sept. 1, 1862; killed Oct. 4, 1862, in battle of
Amos Ross	do	23	Nov. 5, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered as private; appointed Sergeant Nov. 15, 1862; died Oct. 3, 1863, at Memphis.
Henry Anderson	Corporal	25	Sept. 8, 1861	3 yrs.	Tennessee. Appointed Corporal Nov. 20, 1861; Died May 1,
John Barnhart	do	18	Aug. 19, 1862	3 yrs.	1862. Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1882; appointed Corporal July 1, 1864; mus- tered out with company July 8, 1865; vet-
Henry Barnhart	do	22	Aug. 19, 1862	3 yrs.	eran. Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862. appointed Corporal July 1, 1865; mustered
Lawrence Cassidy	do	44	Sept. 24, 1861	3 yrs.	out with company July 8, 1865; veteran. Appointed Corporal Nov. 20, 1861; discharged Aug. 18, 1862, on Surgeon's certificate of dis-
George Earnest	do	32	Aug. 15, 1862	3 yrs.	ability. Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6. 1862; appointed Corporal Nov. 15, 1862; mustered out with company July 8, 1865;
Joshua Elliott	do	27	Sept. 8, 1861	3 yrs.	veteran. Appointed Corporal Nov. 20, 1861: discharged July 21, 1862, on Surgeon's certificate of dis-
John Ferneau	do	18	Nov. 29, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal July 1, 1863; discharged Oct. 28, 1863, on Surgeon's certificate of dis-
Robert Ferguson	do	22	Sept. 8, 1861	3 yrs.	ability. Appointed Corporal Jan. 1, 1864; died Sept. 9.
Joshua Francisco	do		Jan. 3, 1862	3 yrs.	1864, at Bomo, Ga.; veteran. Appointed Corporal April 1, 1865; mustered out
Noah Franklin	do	18	Sept. 14, 1861	3 yrs.	with company July 8, 1865; veteran. Appointed Corporal April 1, 1865; mustered out with company July 8, 1865; veteran.

				44 1	
Names.	Rank.	Age.	Date of Entering the Service.	Period of Service.	Remarks.
William D. Kennody	Corporal	28	Sept. 8, 1861	3 yrš.	Appointed Corporal Nov. 20, 1861; discharged Sept. 25, 1862, on Surgeon's certificate of dis- ability.
James Knisley	do	19	Nov. 4, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged July 23, 1862, on Surgeon's certifi- cate of disability; re-enlisted Feb. 29, 1864; appointed Corporal April 1, 1865; mustered
Calvin Smith	do	22	Dec. 29, 1861	3 yrs.	out with company July 8, 1865. Appointed Corporal Jan. 1, 1864; mustered out with company July 8, 1865; yeteran.
Henry Stuhlman	cb	19	Aug. 20, 1862	3 yrs.	with company July 8, 1865; veteran. Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862; appointed Corporal April 1, 1865; mus- tered out with company July 8, 1865; vet-
Ephraim Swank	do	18	Aug. 22, 1862]	3 yrs.	eran. Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862; appointed Corporal July 1, 1863; died July 23, 1864, at Allatoona Ga., of wounds received in action at Kenesaw
Lewis Walker	do	21	Nov. 7, 1861	3 yrs.	Mountain, Ga.; veteran. Appointed Corporal Nov. 20, 1861; killled Oct.
James Mick		11	Nov. 13, 1861	3 yrs.	4, 1862, in battle of Corinth, Miss. Discharged March 21, 1863, on Surgeon's eer-
George W. Daines		19	Nov. 20, 1861	3 yrs.	tificate of disability. Promoted to Principal Musician Oct. 29, 1863;
Sinclair L. Binkley Ady, Andrew		18	Feb. 9, 1864 Sept. 3, 1862	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	veteran. Mustered out with company July 8, 1865. Wounded Oct. 4, 1862, in battle of Corinth, Miss.; discharged Nov. 2, 1862, on Surgeon's
Alabaugh, George W	do	25	Aug. 13, 1862	3 wrs.	certificate of disability. Transferred from 112th O. V. 1. Nov. 6, 1862; discharged Jan. 13, 1863, on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Anderson, William Jr Anderson, Francis M Anderson, Joshua	do do	26 18 39	Oct. 17, 1861 Feb. 29, 1864 Sept. 8, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Dicd April 14, 1862. Discharged Sept. 24, 1864, by order of War Department.
Arrington, William Bailer, William	do	18 35	Oct. 30, 1861 Aug. 16, 1862	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Died March 21, 1864; veteran. Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862; discharged Nov. 26, 1863, at Paducah, Ky.,
Blazer, Philip		27	Oct. 22, 1861	3 yrs.	by order of War Department. Died March 20, 1865, at Blair's Landing, S. C.; veteran.
Blazer, Samuel	(1	Sept. 8, 1861	3 yrs.	Died Dec. 11, 1864, at Jeffersonvillo, Ind.; veteran.
Blazer, Milton			Sept. 8, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged Dec. 27, 1862, on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Bridwell, Samuel P	do	44	Oct. 17, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged July 21, 1862, on Surgeon's certifi-
Briody, John			Sept. 2, 1862	3 yrs.	cate of disability. Wounded Oct. 4, 1862, in battle of Corinth, Miss; discharged Feb. 17, 1863, on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Buchanan, Robert N Buchanan, James. Buskirk, Samuel. Carr, Milton. Campbell, Albert. Campbell, James Q. Campbell, Henry.	dod	25 16 23 23 22 19 39	Oct. 22, 1861 Feb. 5, 1862 Feb. 15, 1864 Sept. 14, 1861 Oct. 14, 1862 Sept. 24, 1861 Jan. 19, 1864	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Died Sept. 21, 1862. Died April 8, 1862, at Cincinnati, 0. Mustered out with company July 8, 1865. Died July 11, 1863, at Memphis, Tann. Died April 29, 1862. Died July 5, 1862, at Corinth, Miss. Mustered out with company July 8, 1865; veteran.
Carpenter, Alexander Chase, George Clark, Miles H	do	18	Feb. 8, 1864 Aug. 20, 1862 Sept 8, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 8, 1865. Died Oct. 8, 1864, at Marietta, Ga.; veteran. Mustered out June 4, 1865, at Washington, D.
Coburn, Joseph C	do	39	Aug. 19, 1862	3 yrs.	C., on expiration of term of service. Transferred from 112th O. V. 1. Nov. 6, 1862; discharged Jan. 15, 1863, on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Cook, Warren	do	27 22	Mch. 28, 1865 Aug. 15, 1862	1 yr. 3 yrs.	Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862; transferred to Co. C, 7th Regiment Veteran Reserve Corps; mustered out June 28, 1865, at Washington, D. C., by order of War De-
Davis, Mahlon 0 Draper, Lewis	do	. 17	Nov. 13, 1861 Sept. 3, 1862	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	partment. Died May 26, 1862. Discharged Nov. 18, 1862, on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Edin, John	do	. 34	Aug. 15, 1862	3 yrs.	Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862;
Edington, Austin Ehrstine, Lewis	do	. 35 . 19	Sept. 8, 1861 Oct. 7, 1862	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Died April 9, 1863, at Corinth, Miss.
Elliott, Joseph W	do	. 18	Sept. 8, 1861	3 yrs.	tincate of disability.
Elliott, Benjamin	do	. 18	Sept. 8, 1861	3 yrs	Discharged March 18, 1863; re-enlisted Feb. 27, 1864; mustered out with company July 8, 1865.

Elliott, George H. Private Sept. 3, 1862 3 yrs. Elliott, Isaac do Sept. 3, 1862 3 yrs. Elliott, Isaac do Sept. 3, 1862 3 yrs. East do d	Names.	Rank.	Age.	Date of Entering the Service.	Period of Service.	Remarks.
Elliot, Isaac.	Elliott, George H	Private		Sept. 3, 1862	3 yrs.	Miss.; discharged Dec. 4, 1864, on Surgeon's
Fallis, Thomas J. do. 40. 40. 40. 40. 41. 1862. on Surgeon's certification of the subliny. Focht, John C. do. 24 Aug. 14, 1862 Folgate, Henry do. 21 Oct. 9, 1862 Franklin, John do. 23 Oct. 9, 1862 Franklin, John do. 23 Oct. 9, 1862 Franklin, John do. 30 Nov. 2, 1861 Franklin, John do. 37 Nov. 2, 1861 Goddard, John do. 18 Sept. 30, 1861 Goddard, John do. 18 Sept. 30, 1861 Goddard, John do. 18 Sept. 30, 1861 Goddard, John do. 25 Nov. 11, 1861 Goddard, John do. 26 Nov. 11, 1861 Goddard, John do. 27 Nov. 11, 1861 Hart, Jesse do. 29 Oct. 10, 1862 Hartmon, Henry do. 19 Aug. 29, 1862 Harmon, Henry do. 19 Aug. 29, 1862 Harmon, Henry do. 19 Oct. 10, 1861 John do. 25 Nov. 11, 1861 John do. 26 Nov. 11, 1861 John do. 27 Nov. 10, 1862 John do. 31 Aug. 22, 1862 John do. 31 Aug. 22, 1862 John do. 32 Nov. 2, 1862 John do. 33 Aug. 22, 1862 John do. 34 Nov. 2, 1862 John do. 35 Nov. 2, 1862 John do. 36 Nov. 2, 1862 John do. 37 Nov. 2, 1862 John do. 38 Nov. 2, 1862 John do. 39 Nov. 2, 1862 John do. 30 Nov. 2, 1862 John do. 30 Nov. 2, 1862 John do. 30 Nov. 2, 1862 John do. 31 Nov. 2, 1862 John do. 32 Nov. 2, 1862 John do. 33 Nov. 2, 1862 John do. 34 Nov. 2, 1862 John do. 35 Nov. 11, 1861 John do. 37 Nov. 11, 1861 John do. 38 Nov. 2, 1862 John do. 39 Nov. 2, 1862 John do. 30 Nov. 2, 1862 John do. 30 Nov. 2, 1862 John do. 31 Nov. 2, 1862 John do. 31 Nov. 2, 1862 John do. 31 Nov. 2, 1862 John do. 31 Nov. 2, 1862 John do. 31 Nov. 2, 1862 John do. 31 Nov. 2, 1862 John do. 31 Nov. 2, 1862 John do. 32 Nov. 2, 1862 John do. 33 Nov. 2, 1862 John do. 34 Nov. 2, 1862 John do. 34 Nov. 2, 1862 John do. 35 Nov. 11, 1861 John do. 35 Nov. 11, 1861 John do. 36 Nov. 11, 1861 John do. 37 Nov. 11, 1861 John do. 38	Elliott, Isaac	do		Sept. 3, 1862	3 yrs.	Discharged Oct. 26, 1862, on Surgeon's certifi-
Pocht, John C.	Fallis, Thomas J	do		Dec. 8, 1861 Oct. 22, 1861		Discharged Oct. 14, 1862, on Surgeon's certifi-
Formarkin	Focht, John C	do	24	Aug. 14, 1862	3 yrs.	Cate of disability. Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862; mustered out May 22, 1865, at New Berne,
Franklin, Samuel D.	Folgate, Henry	do	21	Oct. 9, 1862	3 yrs.	Transferred from 112th U. V. I. Nov. b, 1362;
Goddard, John do. 18 Sept. 30, 1861 3 yrs. Harthough July 8, 1862; or surgeon seerificate of disability; fransferred from 112th 0. V. I. Nov. 6, 1882; mastered out with company July 8, 1865; ret-fraintenance of the surgeon seerificate of disability; fransferred from 112th 0. V. I. Nov. 6, 1882; mastered out with company July 8, 1865; ret-fraintenance of the surgeon seerificate of disability. Harmon, Henry do. 19 Aug. 20, 1862 3 yrs. Heintz, Peter do. 31 Aug. 22, 1862 3 yrs. Hickocek, Hiram do. 31 Oct. 18, 1861 3 yrs. Hickocek, Hiram do. 32 Oct. 21, 1861 3 yrs. Kearns, George do. 18 Oct. 5, 1862 3 yrs. Keith, Silas N do. 33 Aug. 22, 1862 3 yrs. Keith, Silas N do. 34 Oct. 18, 1861 3 yrs. King, Frank do. 25 Sept. 24, 1851 3 yrs. King, Frank do. 35 Nov. 2, 1863 3 yrs. King, Frank do. 36 Nov. 2, 1863 3 yrs. King, Frank do. 37 Oct. 30, 1862 3 yrs. Kingsley, Joseph A do. 18 Nov. 4, 1861 3 yrs. Kineisley, Joseph A do. 18 Nov. 14, 1861 3 yrs. Kineisley, Joseph A do. 18 Nov. 14, 1861 3 yrs. Kineisley, Joseph A do. 18 Nov. 14, 1861 3 yrs. Kineisley, Joseph A do. 19 Nov. 14, 1861 3 yrs. Kineisley, Joseph A do. 19 Nov. 14, 1861 3 yrs. Kineisley, Joseph A do. 19 Nov. 14, 1861 3 yrs. Kineisley, Joseph A do. 19 Nov. 14, 1861 3 yrs. Kineisley, Joseph A do. 19 Nov. 14, 1861 3 yrs. Kineisley, Joseph A do. 19 Nov. 14, 1861 3 yrs. Kineisley, Joseph A do. 19 Nov. 14, 1861 3 yrs. Kineisley, Joseph A do. 19 Nov. 14, 1861 3 yrs. Kineisley, Joseph A do. 19 Nov. 14, 1861 3 yrs. Kineisley, Joseph A do. 19 Nov. 14, 1861 3 yrs. Kineisley, Joseph A do. 19 Nov. 14, 1861 3 yrs. Kineisley, Joseph A do. 19 Nov. 14, 1861 3 yrs. Kineisley, Joseph A do. 19 Nov. 14, 1861 3 yrs. Kineisley, Joseph A do. 19 Nov. 14, 1861 3 yrs. Kineisley, Joseph A do. 19 Nov. 14, 1861 3 yrs. Kineisley, Joseph A do. 18 Nov. 2, 1862 3 yrs. Kineisley, Joseph A do. 19 Nov. 14, 1861 3 yrs. Kineisley, Joseph A do. 19 Nov. 14, 1861 3 yrs. Kin	Franklin, Samuel D Franklin, John Francis, Marion	do do	23	Aug. 15, 1862	3 yrs.	Died July 10, 1862, at Corinth, Miss. Died Jan. 21, 1863. Discharged Aug. 18, 1862, on Surgeon's certifi-
Grove, William Ddo. 22 Aug. 22, 1862 3 yrs. Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862; mustered out with company July 8, 1865; veteran. 1	Goddard, John	do	18	Sept. 30, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged Oct. 8, 1862, on Surgeon's certifi-
Hart, Jesse.	Grove, William D	do	22.	Aug. 22, 1862	3 yrs.	Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862; mustered out with company July 8, 1865;
Harmon, Henry	Hart, Jesse	do	29	Oct. 10, 1862	3 yrs.	Discharged Dec. 10, 1862, on Surgeon's certifi-
Heintz, Peter.						Mustered out with company July 8, 1865; veteran.
Hill, Preston						died Feb. 15, 1863, at Corinth, Miss.
Hitcheock, Hiram						
C., by order of War Department.	Hitchcock, Hiram	do	34 25	Oct. 26, 1861 Oct. 10, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Mustered out June 4, 1865, at Washington, D.
Mustered out with company July 8, 1855.			18	Oct. 15, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged Oct. 26, 1862, on Surgeon's certifi-
Kingston, Thomas II	Keith, Silas N Kesling, Jefferson	do			3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 8, 1895. Discharged Oct. 26, 1862, on Surgeon's certifi-
Kingston, Thomas II	King, Frank	do	33	Aug. 22, 1862	3 yrs.	Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862; mustered out with company July 8, 1865;
Kneisley, Joseph A			i	Oct. 30, 1862	3 yrs.	Discharged April 6, 1863, at Corinth, Miss., on
Kneisley, Joseph H	Kneisley, Daniel]do	18	Feb. 29, 1864	3 vrs.	Mustered out with company July 8, 1865. Wounded Oct. 4, 1862, in battle of Corinth, Miss.; discharged Feb. 6, 1863, on Surgeon's
Kneisley, Harrison. .do 21 Mch. 1, 1864 3 yrs. 3 yrs. Mustered out with company July 8, 1865. Mustered out July 8, 1865. Mustered out July 8, 1865. Mustered out July 8, 1865. Mustered out July 8, 1865. Mustered out July 8, 1865. Mustered out July 8, 1865. Mustered out July 8, 1865. Mustered out July 8, 1865. Mustered out July 8, 1865. Mustered out July 8, 1865. Mustered out July 8, 1865. Mustered out July 8, 1865. Mustered out July 8, 1865. Mustered out July 8, 1865. Mustered out July 8, 1865. Mustered out July 8, 1865. Mustered out July 8, 1865.	Kneisley, Joseph H	do.,	31	Oct. 19, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out Jan. 18, 1865, at Pocotaligo, S. C.,
Krauter, Christian E	Kneisley, Noah	ldo	18	Mch. 5, 1864 Sept. 3, 1862	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 8, 1865. Mustered out with company July 8, 1865.
Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862; mustered out with company July 8, 1865; veteran.	Krauter, Christian E	do	28	Aug. 26, 1862	3 yrs.	mustered out July 8, 1865, at Louisville, Ky.,
Limes, John. do 43 Sept. 8, 1861 6 yrs. Lindemuth, Joseph do 45 Aug. 22, 1862 3 yrs. Loury, Richard H. do 19 Oct. 23, 1861 3 yrs. Loury, Moses C do 18 Oct. 23, 1861 3 yrs. Loury, James R do 18 Oct. 23, 1861 3 yrs. Lytle, Joseph do 39 Aug. 29, 1862 3 yrs. Lytle, Joseph do 20 Sept. 8, 1861 3 yrs. Lytle, Joseph do 20 Oct. 26, 1861 3 yrs. Mathews, Charles do 20 Oct. 26, 1861 3 yrs. MeCoy, Isaac do 18 Oct. 26, 1861 3 yrs. MeCoy, Isaac do 18 Oct. 26, 1861 3 yrs. MeCoy, Isaac do 24 Sept. 17, 1862 3 yrs. MeCoy, Isaac do 24 Sept. 17, 1862 3 yrs. MeCoyern, James do 24 Sept. 17, 1862 3 yrs. MeCoyern, James do 24 Sept. 17, 1862 3 yrs. MeCoyern, James do 24 Aug. 15, 1862 3 yrs. MeCoyern, James do 24 Sept. 17, 1862 3 yrs. MeCoyern, James do 24 Sept. 17, 1862 3 yrs. MeCoauly, John do 36 Sept. 20, 1861 3 yrs. MeCoyern, James do 24 Aug. 15, 1862 3 yrs. MeCoauly, John do 36 Sept. 20, 1861 3 yrs. MeCoyern, James do 24 Aug. 15, 1862 3 yrs. MeCoauly, John do 36 Sept. 20, 1861 3 yrs. MeCoyern, James do 24 MeCoauly, John do 35 Sept. 20, 1861 3 yrs. MeCooren James do 24 MeCoauly, John do 36 Sept. 20, 1861 3 yrs. MeCooren James do 24 Mecoauly, John do 36 Sept. 20, 1861 3 yrs. MeCooren James do 24 Mecoauly, John do 36 Sept. 20, 1861 3 yrs. MeCooren James do 24 Mecoauly, John do 36 Sept. 20, 1861 3 yrs. MeCooren James do 24 Mecoauly do 45 Sept. 11, 1862 3 yrs. MeCooren James do 24 Mecoauly do 45 Sept. 11, 1862 3 yrs. MeCooren James do 24 Mecoauly do 45 Sept. 11, 1862 3 yrs. MeCooren James do 24 Mecoauly do 45 Sept. 11, 1862 3 yrs. MeCooren James do 24 Mecoauly do 45 Sept. 11, 1862 3 yrs. MeCooren James do 24 Mecoauly do 45 Sept. 11, 1862 3 yrs. MeCooren James do 24 Mecoauly do 45 Sept. 11, 1862 3 yrs. MeCooren James do 24 Mecoauly do 45 Sept. 11, 1862 3 yrs. MeCooren James do 24 Mecoauly do 45 Sept. 11, 1862 3 yrs. MeCooren do 45 Sept. 11, 1862 3 yrs. MeCooren do 45 Sept. 11, 1862 3 yrs. MeCooren do 45 Sept. 11, 1862 3 yrs. MeCooren do 45 Sept. 11, 1862 3 yrs. MeCooren do 45 Sept. 11, 1862 3 yrs. MeCooren do 45 Sept. 11, 1862 3 yrs. MeCo	Krauter, Jacob	do	24	Ang. 22, 1862	3 yrs.	Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862; mustered out with company July 8, 1865;
Lindemuth, Joseph do 45 Aug. 22, 1862 3 yrs. Loury, Richard H. do 19 Oct. 23, 1861 3 yrs. Loury, Moses C. do 18 Oct. 23, 1861 3 yrs. Loury, Moses C. do 18 Oct. 23, 1861 3 yrs. Lytle, Joseph do 20 Sept. 8, 1861 3 yrs. Mathews, Charles do 20 Sept. 8, 1861 3 yrs. Mathias, John do 22 Oct. 26, 1861 3 yrs. MeCoy, Isaac do 20 Sept. 8, 1861 3 yrs. MeCoy, Isaac do 20 Sept. 8, 1861 3 yrs. MeCoy, Isaac do 20 Sept. 8, 1861 3 yrs. MeCoy, Isaac do 20 Sept. 8, 1861 3 yrs. MeCoy, Isaac do 20 Sept. 8, 1861 3 yrs. MeCoy, Isaac do 20 Sept. 8, 1861 3 yrs. MeCoy, Isaac do 21 Sept. 7, 1862 3 yrs. MeCoy, Isaac do 24 Sept. 17, 1862 8 yrs. MeCoyern James do 24 Aug. 15, 1862 8 yrs. MeCoeven James do 24 Aug. 15, 1862 8 yrs. MeCoeven James do 24 Sept. 20, 1861 3 yrs. MeClean, Eli do 45 Sept. 20, 1861 3 yrs. MeClean, Eli do 45 Sept. 20, 1861 3 yrs.	Limes, John	do	43	Sept. 8, 1861	6 yrs.	Discharged Sept. 25, 1862, on Surgeon's certifi- cate of disability.
Loury, Richard H	Lindemuth, Joseph	do	45	Aug. 22, 1862	3 yrs.	Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862; mustered out with company July 8, 1865;
Loury, Moses C. do 18 Oct. 23, 1861 3 yrs. Loury, James R. do 18 Oct. 23, 1861 3 yrs. Lytle, Joseph. do 39 Ang. 29, 1862 3 yrs. Mathews, Charles do 20 Sept. 8, 1861 3 yrs. Mathias, John. do 22 Oct. 26, 1861 3 yrs. MeCoy, Isaae do 18 Dec. 8, 1861 3 yrs. MeCoy, Isaae do 18 Dec. 8, 1861 3 yrs. MeCoy, Enoch do 16 Dec. 26, 1861 3 yrs. MeCoy, Enoch do 24 Sept. 17, 1862 3 yrs. MeCovern, James do 24 Sept. 17, 1862 3 yrs. MeCovern, James do 24 Sept. 17, 1862 3 yrs. MeCovern, James do 24 Sept. 17, 1862 3 yrs. MeCean, Eli do 45 Sept. 20, 1861 3 yrs. MeCean, Eli do 45 Sept. 20, 1861 3 yrs.	Loury, Richard H	do.,,,	19	Oct. 23, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged Nov. 28, 1862, on Surgeon's certificate of disability; re-enlisted Feb. 15, 1864;
Mathias, John. .do 22 Oct. 26, 1861 3 yrs. Cate of regarding. Care of regarding. Wounded Oct. 4, 1862, in battle of Corinth, Miss.; discharged Jan. 13, 1863, on Surgeon's certificate ot disability. McCoy, Isaac. .do. 18 Dec. 8, 1861 3 yrs. Died May 8, 1832. Died May 8, 1832. McCauly, John. .do. 34 Sept. 17, 1862 8 yrs. McGovern. James. .do. 24 Aug. 15, 1862 3 yrs. Jisél. at Memphis. Tenn. McLean, Eli .do. 45 Sept. 20, 1861 3 yrs. Jisél. at Memphis. Tenn. Transferred from 112th 0, V. I. Nov. 6, 1861 Discharged Jan. 13, 1863, on Surgeon's certificate or disability. Died May 12, 1862. Died May 12, 1862. Discharged Jan. 18, 1863, on Surgeon's certificate or disability. Died May 12, 1862. Died May 12, 1862.	Loury, James R	do	14	Oct. 23, 1861 Oct. 23, 1861 Aug. 20, 1862	3 yrs.	l Died July 12, 1264, at Bome, Gr.: veteran.
McCoy, Isaac. do. 18 Dec. 8, 1861 and 18 3 yrs. McSc, instant of isability. McCoy, Enoch. do. 16 Dec. 26, 1861 and 18 3 yrs. Died May 8, 1862. Died May 12, 1862. Died Jan. 3, 1864 at Memphis. Tenn. McGovern. James. do. 24 and. 15, 1862 and. 15, 1862 and. 18 3 yrs. Jied Jan. 3, 1864 at Memphis. Tenn. Transferred from 112th 0, V. I. Nov. 6, 1867. McLean, Eli. do. 45 Sept. 20, 1861 and. 18 3 yrs. Discharged March 11, 1863, on Surgeon's certificate of disability.	Mathews, Charles	do	20	Sept. 8, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged Oct. 25, 1862, on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
McCoy, Isaac do 18 Dec. 8, 1861 3 yrs. Died May 8, 1862. Died May 12, 1862. Died May 18, 1862. Died May 18, 1862. Died May 12			22			antificate of disability
McLean, Elido 45 Sept. 20, 1861 3 yrs. Discharged March 11, 1863, on Surgeon's cortificate of disability.	McCoy, Isaac	do	16	Dec. 8, 1861 Dec. 26, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Died May 8, 1862. Died May 12, 1862.
Miles, John	McGovern. James	do	34 24	Sept. 17, 1862 Aug. 15, 1862 Sept. 20, 1861	8 yrs.	Died Jan. 3, 1864, at Memphis, Tenn. Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1867. Discharged March 11, 1863, on Surgeon's cor-
			38			tificate of disability. Mustered out with company July 8, 1865.

Names.	Rank.	Age.	Date of Entering the Service.	Period of Service.	Remarks.
Morning, William	Private	32	Aug. 20, 1862	3 yrs.	Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862; discharged April 10, 1863, on Surgeon's cer- tificate of disability.
Mourhouse, Colin	do do do	18 21 18	Jan. 25, 1864 Oct. 11, 1861 Oct. 10, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Died Jan. 25, 1865, at Chambersburg, O. Died Jan. 17, 1864, at Byington, O. Mustered out with company July 8, 1865; veteran.
Patterson, Joseph T	de	19	Jan. 18, 1864	3 yrs.	Mustered out May 27, 1865, at Columbus, O., by order of War Department. Discharged Oct. 2, 1862, on Surgeon's certifi-
Peacock, William H	do	25	Sept. 8, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged Oct. 2, 1862, on Surgeon's certifi- cate of disability.
Peeling, Samuel	do	21	Aug. 20, 1862	3 yrs.	Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862; mustered out with company July 8, 1865;
Pence, Samuel Poe, George A Pratorious, Harmon	do do	20 25 30	Aug. 15, 1862 Feb. 5, 1864 Aug. 18, 1862	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	veteran. Died Dec. 29, 1862, at La Grange, Tenn. Died March 12, 1864. Transferred from 112th Nov. 6, 1862; mustered out with company July 8, 1865;
Prill, John	do	20	Aug. 13, 1862	3 yrs.	veteran. Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862; died April 22, 1864; veteran. Discharged Aug. 18, 1862, on Surgeon's certifi-
Reed, James	do	18	Oct. 14, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged Aug. 18, 1862, on Surgeon's certifi- cate of disability.
Riehle, Henry Rose, David S	do	18 32	Nov. 1, 1863 Sept. 8, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 8, 1865. Mustered out Jan. 19, 1865, on expiration of term of service.
Sisco, Joshua Schmausz, Christian	do	19 31	Jan. 3, 1862 Aug. 31, 1862	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	On muster-in roll; no further record found. Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862; mustered out with company July 8, 1865; veteran.
Scott, Jacob Stahl, Henry	do	21 32	Sept. 8, 1861 Aug. 20, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Died April 1 1869 at Mamphie Topp
Simms, Alpheus W	do	31	Oct. 28, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged June 14, 1864, at Camp Dennison, O., by order of War Department. Wounded Oct. 4, 1862, in battle of Corinth, Miss.; discharged Jan. 26, 1863, on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Stonestreet, John C	do	18	Sept. 24, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged Aug. 9, 1862, at Columbus, O., on Surgeon's certificate of disability. Discharged Feb. 21, 1863, on Surgeon's certifi-
Smith, Andrew	do	22	Oet. 22, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged Feb. 21, 1863, on Surgeon's certifi-
Spitler, Abraham	do	21	Aug. 21, 1862	3 yrs.	eate of disability. Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862; died Aug. 21, 1864, at his home in Ohio; veteran.
Swank, Francis Shubert, Harvey	do	22 41	Feo. 5, 1864 Oct. 10, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Mustered out July 8, 1865. Discharged Sept. 22, 1862, on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Sutton, Nicholas Sutton, Moses L	do do	23 33	Nov. 15, 1861 Nov. 3, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Discharged Sept. 8, 1862, on Surgeon's certifi-
Watson, John B	do	23	Aug. 15, 1862	3 yrs.	cate of disability. Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862; mustered out with company July 8, 1865;
Watson, William C Watson, Joseph A Walker, William	do do	18 20 20	Jan. 25, 1864 Feb. 8, 1864 Nov. 7, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	veteran. Mustered out with company July 8, 1865. Mustered out with company July 8, 1865. Died Aug. 1, 1862, at home in Vinton county, Ohio.
Wisecup, Noah	do	28	Sept. 8, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 8, 1865; veteran.
Wisecup, William G Winters, James	do	18 18	Nov. 30, 1861 Oct. 22, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Died Sept. 9, 1862. Mustered out with company July 8, 1865; veteran.
Wine, George W	do	20	Nov. 14, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out Jan. 19, 1865, at Columbus, O., on expiration of term of service. Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862;
Wilson, Albert	do	26	Aug. 12, 1862	3 yrs.	Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862; died Sept. 4, 1863
Willshire, John M	do	26	Nov. 4, 1861	3 yrs.	died Sept. 4, 1863. Discharged Oct. 14, 1862, on Surgeon's certifi- cate of disability.
Wright, Isaac A	do	30	Sept. 8, 1861	3 yrs.	cate of disability. Discharged July 12, 1862, on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Woodgard, George W	do .	18	Jan. 3, 1862	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 8, 1865; veters n.
Yankee, William J		22	Sept. 24, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged June 12, 1862, at Camp Chase, O. on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Yankee, John M	do	25	Sept. 24, 1861	3 yrs.	Died May 13, 1862 at St. Louis Mo.

COMPANY F

Mustered in from Oct. 8, 1861, to Dec. 15, 1861, at Columbus, Marietta, Pomeroy, Beverly, Woodsfield and Delaware, O., by W. Craig, Captain —, U. S. A.; Charles A. Titus, Captain, Otis W. Pollock, 1st Lieutenant, and Benjamin Knight, 2d Lieutenant 63d O. V. I. Mustered out July 8, 1865, at Louisville, Ky., by Robert M. Woods, 1st Lieutenant 64th Illinois Infantry, and A. C. M. 4th Division, 17th Army Corps.

Names.	Rank.	Age.	Date of Entering th Service.	Period of	Service.	Remarks.
Charles II. Titus	Captain	28	Oct. 20, 186	61 3 yr	rs.	Appointed Dec. 20, 1861; resigned June 18,
Otis W. Pollock	do	28	Oct. 10, 186	31 3 y	rs.	Promoted from 1st Lieutenant and Adjutant June 18, 1862; mustered out with company July 8, 1865.
Louis Schmidt	1st Lieut.	37	Oct. 4, 18	3 y	rs.	Appointed Feb 13 1869; discharged Aug 21
Andrew Smith	do	37	Sept. 17, 18	3 y	rs.	1864, on Surgeon's certificate of disability. Promoted from 2d Lieutenant Co. H Nov. 3,
Benjamin Knight Wallace S. Roach	2d Lieut.		Oct. 14, 18 Oct. 14, 18	51 3 yr 51 3 yr	rs. rs.	1864; to Captain Co. D Jan. 28, 1865. Resigned Sept. 3, 1862. Mustered as private; promoted to 2d Lieuten- ant June 38, 1863: 1st Lieutenant, but not mustered; mustered out on expiration of term of service Dec. 2l, 1864, as 2d Lieuten-
Emory J. Bridgeman	1st Sergt.	20	Nov 15, 18	61 3 yr	rs.	ant. Discharged June 26, 1862, at Corinth, Miss., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Reuben S. Mason	1st Sergt	25	Oct. 20, 186	3 y	rs.	Transferred from Co. D., Jan., 1862; promoted to 2nd Lieutenant, June, 1863 and transferred to Co. G. 55th U. S. C. I.; promoted to 1st Lieutenant, same Co., July, 1665; mustered out Dec. 30, 1865, commanding company.
Wilfiam C. Dugan	do	19	Oct. 8, 186	3 yı	rg.	out Dec. 30, 1865, commanding company. Mustered as Corporal: appointed lst Sergeant ; discharged Jan. 2, 1865, on Surgeon's certificate of disability; veteran. Appointed Corporal Jan. 1, 1864; Sergeant
David W. Camp	do	22	Nov. 15, 186	31 3 yr	s.	tered out with company July 8, 1865; vet-
Robert Cooper	Sergeant	19	Oct. 9, 186	3 yı	rs.	Appointed Corporal Jan. 1, 1864; Sergeant April 1, 1865; mustered out with company July 8, 1865; veteren
Thomas C. Gilbreth Abraham Rhoades	do	20 21	Oct. 11, 186 Oct. 12, 186	61 3 yr 62 3 yr	s.	Appointed Corporal Jan. 1, 1864; Sergeant Appil 1, 1865; mustered out with company July 8, 1865; veteran. Died April 12, 1862, at New Madrid, Mo. Transferred from 112th O. V. 1. Nov. 6, 1862; appointed Corporal Jan. 1, 1864; Sergeant March 9, 1864; mustered out with company July 8, 1856; veteran.
Salathiel Rush	do	23	Nov. 24, 186	3 yı	s.	Mustered as private; appointed Sergeant March 1, 1864; mustered out with company
Frank F. Smart	do	24	Oet. 12, 186	3 yı	s.	July 8, 1865; veteran. Discharged July 11, 1862, at Columbus, O., on Surgeon's certificate of disability. Appointed from Corporal Jan. 1, 1864; mustered out with company July 8, 1865; veteran. Mustered as private: annointed Serveant.
John S. Snodgrass	do	27	Oct. 27, 186	3 yı	s.	Appointed from Corporal Jan. 1, 1864; mus-
James Swearingen		19	Dec. 3, 186	51 3 yr	s.	Mustered as private; appointed Sergeant —; died Sept. 24, 1863, at Memphis, Tenn.
Daniel Class David Henry	Corporaldo	30 28	Nov. 15, 186 Oct. 28 186	3 yr 1 3 yr	s.	Appointed Corporal Aug. 4, 1864; mustered out.
Aaron Hendershott	do	23	Nov. 24, 186	3 yı	·s.	with company July 8, 1865; veteran. Killed July 22, 1864, in action at Decatur, Ga.; veteran.
James F. Keyhoe	do	23	Oet. 9, 186	3 yı	·s.	Transferred from Co. D —; promoted to Sergt. Major July 8, 1862.
Charles A. Keenan	do	18	Sept. 23, 186	52 3 yr	s.	veteran. Transferred from Co. D —; promoted to Sergt. Major July 8, 1862. Transferred from 112th 0. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862; appointed Corporal July 1, 1864; mustered out with company July 8, 1865. Appointed Corporal Jan. 1, 1861; mustered out with company July 8, 1865.
James Landen		20	Nov. 26, 186	3 yr	·s.	Appointed Corporal Jan. 1, 1861; mustered out with company July 8, 1865; veteran.
Jacob MillerLewis Miller	do	22 37	Oct. 17, 186 Dec. 14, 186	3 yr 3 yr	S. S.	Discharged Sept. 25, 1862, at Cincinnati, O., on
Marcellus S. Roach		17	Oct. 10, 186	3 yr	s.	Surgeou's cortificate of disability. Appointed Corporal Jan. 1, 1864: captured July 22, 1864, in action at Decatur, Ga: mustered out June 13, 1865, at Camp Chase, O., by or-
Rufus W. Roach	do	18	Nov. 6, 186	3 3 yr	s.	der of War Department; veteran. Appointed Corporal Sept. 1, 1864; mustered
Parker Rusby	do	18	Oct. 22, 186	-		der of War Department; veterin. Appointed Corporal Sept. 1, 1864; mustered out with company July 8, 1865. Transferred from 112th O. V. 1. Nov. 6, 1862; appointed Corporal June 1, 1865; mustered out with company July 8, 1865.
William P. Reed	do	29	Nov. 4, 186	1 3 yr	2.	Appointed Corporal Dec. 1, 1864; mustered out
Benjamin A. Tilton	do	20	Nov. 7, 186	1 3 yr	s.	War Department; veteran. Appointed Sergeant Jan. 1, 1864; reduced to Corporal Oct. 1, 1864; prisoner of war —; mustered out June 14, 1865, at Camp Chase, O., by order of War Department; veteran.

Names.	Rank.	Age.	Date of Entering the Service.	Period of Service.	Remarks.
David II, Young	Corporal	21	Aug. 12, 1862	3 yrs.	Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862; died July 39, 1864, of wounds received —,
Gilead Smith	do	20	Dec. 15, 1861	3 yrs.	in action near Atlanta, Ga.; veteran. Appointed Corporal—; died Jan. 17, 1863, at Keokuk, Ia.
Thomas W. Sugden	Musician	18	Jan. 21, 1864	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 8, 1865; also bornous Thos. H. Snyder and Snyden.
Ackley, Obadiah Ammons, Henry	Private do	18 43	Feb. 29, 1864 Sept. 15, 1862	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 8, 1865. Discharged Jan. 13, 1863, at Jackson, Tenn., on
Arent, Daniel		19	Oct. 10, 1861	3 yrs.	Surgeon's certificate of disability. Discharged July 25, 1862. at Cincinnati, 0., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Baker, Jonathan II Becker, Theobold Beck, Peter, Bennett, William P	do do do	38 46 21	Feb. 14, 1865 Oct. 12, 1861 Nov. 16, 1861 Nov. 18, 1861	1 yr. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Died May 16, 1862, at Marietta, O.
		18		3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 8, 1865; vet-
Bennett, Richard N Bridgeman, Austin A	do do	28 28	Feb. 15, 1864 Nov. 15, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 8, 1865. Reduced from Sergeant—; captured July 22, 1864, at Decatur, Ga.; perished by explosion of steamer Sultana on Mississippi river, near Memphis, Tenn., April 27, 1865. Mustered out with company July 8, 1865; vet-
Burlingame, George M	do	18	Dec. 9, 1861	3 yrs.	eran.
Bowser, William II Carroll, John W	do	21 21	Aug. 14, 1862 Dec. 2, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862. Discharged July 6, 1862, at Corinth, Miss., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Carroll, Christopher		18	Dec. 3, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 8, 1865; veteran.
Callahan, Emery Caldwell, John	do	16 24	Dec. 9, 1861 Nov. 11, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Died Jan. 2, 1863, at Jackson, Tenn. Mustered out Nov. 11, 1864, at Columbus, 0., on expiration of term of service.
Calvert, Washington	do	35	Oct. 8, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged Aug. 23, 1862, at Cincinnati, O., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Clark, William		18	Oct. 6, 1862	3 yrs.	Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862;
Corner, John Cornell, George		20 20	Oct. 17, 1861 Nov. 25, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Died Jan. 2, 1862, at Marietta, O. Mustered out with company July 8, 1865; veteran.
Cobb, Joseph		19	Jan. 27, 1864	3 yrs.	Mustered out May 24, 1865, at Camp Dennison, O., by order of War Department.
Cobb, Isaiah	do do	38 18 19	Feb. 13, 1865 Oct. 19, 1861 Nov. 19, 1861	1 yr. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Died April 30, 1862, at St. Louis, Mo. Also borne on rolls as William Konder; mus-
$Crawford, JamesW\dots\dots$	do	23	Nov. 26, 1861	3 yrs.	tered out with company July 8,1865; veteran. Mustered out July 8, 1865, at Louisville, Ky., by order of War Department; veteran.
Cruea, James	do	20	Oct. 4, 1862	3 yrs.	Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862; discharged Jan. 17, 1863, at Corinth, Miss., on Surgeon's certificate of disability; borne
Cross, Amos Davis, D. W Deibler, Joseph Dixon, Newton Downs, George B	do do do do	18 30 36 18 49	Nov. 16, 1861 Nov. 23, 1861 Oct. 4, 1862 Feb. 26, 1864 Oct. 19, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	as James Crued. Died Oct. 20, 1862, at Louisville, Ky. Died May 16, 1864, in Noble county, O. Transferred from 112th O. V. 1. Nov. 6, 1862. Died March 22, 1864, at Athens, Ala. Discharged Nov. 26, 1863, at Parkersburg, W. Va., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Dyer, Benjamin	do	20	Oct. 25, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged Feb. 6, 1805, at Cineinnati, O. on Surgeon's certificate of disability; veteran.
Eicher, John			Nov. 28, 1861	3 yrs.	Transferred to Veteran Reserve Corps April 28, 1864.
Emmons, Nathaniel Frisbie, Nathaniel	do	20 44	Oct. 25, 1861 Nov. 30, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Transferred to Regimental Band —. Discharged July 11, 1862, at Corinth, Miss., on
Gates, Christian			Nov. 24, 1861	3 yrs.	Surgeon's certificate of disability. Discharged Oct. 6, 1862, at Columbus, O., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Glidden, Simeon				3 yrs.	Surgeon's certificate of disability. Transferred from Co. G Nov. —, 1861; no further record found.
Graff, Christopher Green, Charles Griflin, Russell B Hall, William	(10)	1 18	Oct. 25, 1861 Feb. 26, 1864 Oct. 25, 1861 Nov. 26, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Transferred to Regimental Band
Harmon, Frederick	I .	28	Oct. 25, 1862	3 yrs.	Mustered out May 22, 1865, at Madison, 1nd., by order of War Department; vetgran, Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862; mustered out May 24, 1865, at Camp Dennison, O., by order of War Department. Discharged Jan. 12, 1862, at Marietta, O., on Surgeon's certificate of disability. Mustered out May 21, 1865, at Columbus Of Mariety and May 21, 1865, at Columbus.
Hendershott, John B	do	25	Dec. 9, 1861	3 yrs.	son, O., by order of War Department. Discharged Jan. 12, 1862. at Marietta, O., on
Hendershott, William		23	Nov. 19, 1861	3 yrs.	principle out may or, 100, at Columbus, O.,
Heller, Elias M. Henry, Joseph. Hess, Isaiah.	do	31 25	Oct. 25, 1861 Nov. 15, 1862	3 yrs.	on expiration of term of service. Transferred to Regimental Band — Died Sept. 26, 1864, at East Point, Ga. Transferred from 112th O. V. I., Nov. 6, 1862;
	1		Aug. 18, 1862	3 yrs.	mustered out with company July 8, 1865.
Hiltabiddle, William Howard, Thomas F	do	18	Feb. 13, 1865 Feb. 29, 1864	1 yr. 3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 8, 1865. Mustered out with company July 8, 1865.

Names.	Rank.	Age.	Date of Entering the Service.	Period of Service.	Remarks.
Hudson, Samuel D	Private	43	Nov. 5, 1861	3 yrs.	Diseharged March 2, 1863, at Columbus, O., on
Hudson, John S	do	17	Nov. 5, 1861	3 yrs.	Surgeon's certificate of disability. Died May 6, 1864, at Lee & Gordon's mill, Ga.;
Hudson, Samuel M	do	19	Nov. 11, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged Dec. 2, 1862, Keokuk, Ia, on Sur-
Hudson, Austin	do,	18	Nov. 11, 1861	3 yrs.	geon's certificate of disability. Discharged Sept 25, 1862, at Jacinto, Miss, on
Hunt, Bazel	do	25	Aug. 14, 1862	3 yrs.	Surgeon's certificate of disability. Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862; mustered out with company July 8, 1865;
Hutchins, Abel Jones, Alfred	de do	23 18	Feb. 15, 1864 Dec. 4, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	died at Camp Dennison, O., July 10, 1865. Mustered out with company July 8, 1865. Mustered out, Dec. 26, 1864, on expiration of
Justice, George W Karr, George	do	18 39	Feb. 27, 1864 Nov. 29, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	ferm of service, Died July 19, 1864, at Madison, Ind. Discharged Nov. 1, 1862, at Cincinnati, O., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Karr, Joseph	do	18	Nov. 29, 1861	3 yrs.	Died March 6, 1862, at New Madrid, Mo., of wounds.
Kendig, Benjamin F	do	17	Oct. 9, 1862	3 yrs.	Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862;
Kenyon, Silas Kline, Daniel L Knight, John	do do	27 35 18	Oct. 25, 1861 Oct. 25, 1861 Dec. 2, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	mustered out with company July 8, 1865. Transferred to Regimental Band— Transferred to Regimental Band— Mustered out with company July 8, 1865; vet- eran.
Knott, William Knott, Charles	do	18 45	Feb. 2, 1864 Nov. —, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 8, 1865, Mustored out with company July 8, 1865; vet- eran.
Kuntz, Anthony	do	45	Jan. 1, 1862	3 yrs.	Transferred to Veteran Reserve Corps Sept. 22, 1863; mustered out to date Dec. 31, 1864, at St. Louis, Mo., on expiration of term of
Lang, James W	do	19	Oct. 14, 1861	3 yrs.	service. Mustered out July 19, 1885, at Columbus, O.,
Laufman, M. L	do	42	Oct. 28, 1861	3 yrs.	by order of War Department. Discharged June 20, 1863, at Memphis, Tenn.,
Learned, Lewis S	do	18	Dec. 8, 1861	3 yrs.	on Surgeon's certificate of disability. Mustered out with company July 8, 1865; vet-
Lemon, John	do	18	Oct. 23, 1861	3 yrs.	eran. Mustered out with company July 8, 1865; vet-
Lemon, George D	do	30	Feb. 9, 1864	3 yrs.	Mustered out July 8, 1865, at Louisville, Ky.,
Linn, Adis	do	19	Oct. 25, 1862	3 yrs.	by order of War Department. Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862;
Mason, Frank S	do	18 29	Jan. 27, 1864 Aug. 18, 1862	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	mustered out with company July 8, 1865. Mustered (at with company July 8, 1865. Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862; discharged Jan. 17, 1863, at Corinth, Miss.,
Mason, Jacob Monahan, George L	1	40 18	Feb. 13, 1865 Feb. 4, 1864	l yr. 3 yrs.	on Surgeon's certificate of disability. Mustered out with company July 8, 1865. Discharged Nov. 10, 1864, on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Morrow, Levi		21	Aug. 20, 1862	3 yrs.	Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862; mustered out July 8, 1865; at Louisville, Ky., by order of War Department; veteran.
Murphy, J. Washington. McAtee, Samuel	do	18	Nov. 24, 1861 Nov. 21, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Died April 8, 1862, at St. Louis, Mo Mustered out with company July 8, 1885; vet- eran.
Olinger, John	do	28	Aug. 14, 1862	3 yrs.	Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862; captured July 22, 1864, in action at Decatur, Ga.; died Jan. 10, 1865, in Rebel Prison at Andersonville, Ga.
Ormiston, Archibald	do	28	Dec. 3, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out Dec. 26, 1864, on expiration of term of service.
Orange, William Owen, Sylvester	do	37 25	Oet. 4, 1862 Feb. 22, 1865	3 yrs. 1 yr.	Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862. Mustered out with company July 8, 1865.
Palmer, James D Pilchard, Francis M	do	18 19	Feb. 13, 1864 Dec. 4, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Died March 19, 1864, at Decatur, Ga. Discharged July 12, 1862, at Cincinnati, O., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Pollock, Robert A	do	21 30	Aug. 23, 1862 Feb. 8, 1865	3 yrs. 1 yr.	Promoted to Com. Sergeant Aug. 24, 1862. Mustered out with company July 8, 1865.
Pollock, Robert A Pugh, Mahlon Puterbangh, William N. Richie, Alexander	eb	18 18	Feb. 6, 1864 Oct. 10, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 8, 1865. Mustered out Dec. 26, 1864, on expiration of
Rose, Thomson		19	Oct. 5, 1861	3 yrs.	term of service. Killed July 22, 1864, in action at Decatur, Ga.;
Rose, Isaiah R	do	19	Dec. 17, 1861	3 yrs.	veteran. Mustered out May 20, 1865, near Alexandria,
Rusenleib, Samuel		21	Oct. 9, 1861	3 yrs.	Va, on expiration of term of service. Discharged Nov. 23, 1862, near La Grange.
Sausman, William W	do	27	Mch. 7, 1864	3 yrs.	Discharged to accept commission as 2d Lien-
Scott, Maxwell	do	44	Dec. 4, 1861	3 yrs.	tenant in 106th Regiment U. S. Colored Troops April 14, 1864. Discharged July 25, 1862, at Cincinnati, O., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.

Names.	Rank.	Age.	Date of Entering the Service.	Period of Service.	Remarks.
Steiber, John A	1	26	Oet. 13, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged Jan. 1, 1862, at Marietta, O., on
Strickler, William Shaffer, Jacob	do	28 23	Nov. 28, 1861 Nov. 18, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Surgeon's certificate of disability. Transferred to Regimental Band Mustered out with company July 8, 1865; vet-
Skyles, David	do	35	Oct. 7, 1862	3 yrs.	Transferred from 112th O. V. J. Nov. 6, 1862;
Stockwell, Thomas	do	33	Oet. 10, 1861	3 yrs.	mustered out with company July 8, 1865. Mustered out to date Oct. 10, 1864, at Colum-
Smith, John A	do	32	Oct. 6, 1862	3 yrs.	bus, O., on expiration of term of service. Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862; transferred to Veteran Reserve Corps March 15, 1865; mustered out July 18, 1865, at Nash- ville, Tenn., by order of War Department
Springer, Joseph	do	42	Dec. 2, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged Nov. 1, 1862, at Columbus, O., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Swickard, John M	do	20	Dec. 2, 1861	3 yrs.	Killed July 22, 1864, in action at Decatur, Ga.; veteran.
Tilton, Samuel N Tipton, David W	do	23 20	Feb. 15, 1864 Oct. 25, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 8, 1865. Transferred to Regimental Band —.
Trautman, John H Trigg, William	do	23 18	Oct. 25, 1-61 Dec. 4, 1861	3 yrs.	Transferred to Regimental Band —.
Vandyne, Mahlon		1.0	Nov. 26, 1861	3 yrs.	Died March 1, 1862, at home in Belmont county, O. Discharged Jan. 12, 1862, at Marietta, O., on
Wade, John M	do	18	Oct. 12, 1862	3 yrs.	Surgeon's certificate of disability. Transferred from 142th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862; mustered out May 15, 1865, by order of War
Wallace, James A	do	18	Aug. 18, 1862	3 yrs.	Department. Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862;
Walter, Ralph	do	31	Oet. 13, 1861	3 yrs.	mustered out with company July 8, 1865. Mustered out with company July 8, 1865; vet-
Warline, David A Welch, Jacob	do do	28 25	Oet. 25, 1861 Oet. 16, 1862	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	eran. Transferred to Regimental Band —. Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862; died June 26, 1864, in hospital near Big Shanty Ga.
Weaver, Horace E	do	18	Oct. 26, 1861	3 yrs.	Captured July 22, 1864, in action at Decatur, Ga.; mustered out June 14, 1865, at Camp Chase, O., by order of War Department; vet- eran.
Weiser, Albert	do	13 30	Oct. 25, 1861 Nov. 18, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Transferred to Regimental Band —. Discharged July 25, 1862, at Cincinnati, O., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Welbrock, Henry	do	23	Oct. 10, 1861	3 yrs.	Borne on rolls as Wellbuck; died April 1, 1862, at St. Louis, Mo.
Wilber, George W	do	17	Jan. 1, 1862	3 yrs.	Mustered out June 21, 1865, by order of War
Winans, Francis Winans, Benjamin	do	22 22	Oct. 26, 1861 Nov. 3, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Department; veteran. Died Oct. 16, 1862, at St. Louis, Mo. Captured July 22, 1864, in action at Decatur, Ga.; exchanged March 1, 1865, at Wilmington, N. C.; mustered out with company July
White, Nathaniel II	do	18	Oct. 25, 1862	3 yrs.	8, 1865; veteran. Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862;
Wolf, Thomas	do	18	Dec. 10, 1861	3 yrs.	died July 4, 1864, at Nashville, Tenn. Captured July 22, 1864, in action at Decatur, Ga.; mustered out June 13, 1865, at Camp Chase, O., by order of War Department; vet- eran.

COMPANY G.

Mustered in from Oct. 1, 1861, to Dec. 16, 1861, at Columbus, Marietta and Beverly, O., by A. B. Dod, Captain 15th Infantry, U. S. A.; W. Craig, Captain —, U. S. A.; John R. Edie, Major 15th Infantry, U. S. A.; Rodney K. Shaw, Captain, and Robert Booth, 2d Licutenant 63d O. V. 1. Mustered out July 8, 1865, at Louisville, Ky., by R.Jbert M. Woods, 1st Licutenant 64th Illinois Infantry, and A. C. M. 4th Division, 17th Army Corps.

Rodney K. Shaw	Captain	32	Nov. 4, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Dec. 20, 1861; resigned Aug. 31, 1862.
George Wightman		32	Aug. 11, 1862	3 yrs.	Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862; wounded July 22, 1864, in action at Decatur, Ga.; discharged Oct. 19, 1864, on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Arnold C. Fenner	do	35	Aug. 11, 1862	3 yrs.	Promoted from 1st Lieutenant Co. H Oct. 4, 1864; mustered out with company July 8, 1865.
Henry S. Burt	1st Lieut.	26	Oct. 10, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Dec. 20, 1861; on detached duty as Inspector General on Staff of General Thomas —; mustered out with company July 8, 1865.

Names,	Rank.	Age.	Date of Entering the Service.	Period of Service.	Remarks.
Robert Booth	2d Lieut	38	Oct. 1, 1861 Aug. 11, 1862	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Resigned June 28, 1862. Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862;
Levi Emriek	(33	Oct. 7, 1861	3 yrs.	resigned March 20, 1863. Mustered as private; appointed Sergeant Dec.
Addiew 5. Howard			,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	0	20, 1861; 1st Sergeant —; promoted to 2d Lieutenant Jan. 1, 1863; 1st Lieutenant Aug. 11, 1864, but not mustered; mustered out Nov. 11, 1864, on expiration of term of ser- vice.
Alexander H. Brill	1st Sergt.	26	Oct. 27, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal Dec. 20, 1861; 1st Sergeant —; promoted to 2d Lieutenant Co. H. Nov. 12, 1861; veteran.
Amlrew J. Goble	qo	22	Nov. 11, 1862	3 yrs.	Appointed Sergeant from private Jan. 1, 1864; 1st Sergeant Jan. 1, 1865; mustered out with company July 8, 1865; veteran.
Joseph Cory	Sergeant		Nov. 1, 1861	3 yrs.	Died July 19, 1862, at Camp Clear Creek,
George W. Hanger	do	20	Aug. 22, 1862	3 yrs.	Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862; appointed Corporal Jan. 1, 1894; Sergeant Jan. 15, 1865; nustered out with company July 8, 1865; veteran.
James L. Knowles Jacob Martz	do	25 24	Oet. 12, 1861 Aug. 13, 1862	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Died Nov. 12, 1862, at Evansville, Ind. Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862; appointed Sergeant Jan. 1, 1864; mustered
James N. Replogle	do	18	Ang. 22, 1862	3 yrs.	Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862; appointed Corporal Jan. 1, 1864; Sergeant June 30, 1865; mustered out with company
Hiram W. Shaw	do	24	Aug. 13, 1862	3 yrs.	July 8, 1865; veteran. Transferred from 112th 0, V. I. Nov. 6, 1862; appointed Sergeant from private Jan. 1, 1864; mustered out with company July 8, 1865; veteran.
Joseph N. Stoneman Levi Wible	do do	19 27	Nov. 6, 1861 Oct. 26, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Died Jan. 26, 1863, at Farmington, Miss. Appointed Sergeant Jan. 1, 1864; captured July 22, 1864, in action at Decatur, Ga.; perished by explosion of steamer Sultana on Mississipoi river, ucar Memphis, Tenn.,
Rufus Baker	Corporal	23	Oct. 9, 1861	3 yrs.	April 27, 1865; veteron. Discharged Jan. 28, 1863, at Corinth, Miss., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Clarkson Bundy	do	19	Oct. 27, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal Feb. 15, 1864; mustered out with company July 8, 1865; yeteran.
Moses Haas	do	23	Aug. 14, 1862	3 yrs.	appointed Corneral Jan 1 1864; mustered
Henry C. Heck	do	18	Aug. 22, 1862	3 yrs.	out with company July 8, 1865; veteran. Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862; appointed Corporal June 30, 1865; mustered
Alpheus Kolb	do	21	Aug. 15, 1862	3 yrs.	out with company July 8, 1865; veteran. Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862, as Corporal; mustered out June 4, 1865, at Washington, D. C., by order of War De- partment.
Isaac Lucas	do	26	Oct. 17, 1861 Oct. 12, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Died Oct. 4, 1863, at Memphis, Tenn.
Theodore M. Swartzel			Aug. 22, 1862	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal Nov. 1, 1804; mustered out with company July 8, 1865; veterau. Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862; appointed Corporal Jan. 1, 1864; killed July
Josiah Troup	do	23	Aug. 13, 1862	3 yrs.	22, 1864, in action at Decatur, Ga.; veteran. Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862; appointed Corporal Jan. 1, 1864; mustered
Charles B. Williams	do	29	Oct. 11, 1861	3 yrs.	out with company July 8, 1865; veteran. Appointed Corporal Jan. 1, 1865; mustered out with company July 8, 1865; veteran.
James M. Wilson	do	19	Nov. 3, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal Jan. 1, 1864; died Oct. 27, 1864, at Atlanta, Ga.; yeteran.
Allen, George G		35	Aug. 19, 1862	3 yrs.	Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862; died Sept. 26, 1864, at Murietta, Ga.
Aikens, Ichabod		35	Dec. 2, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged Oct. 14. 1862, at Camp Dennison, O., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Balcom, John S Balcom, Henry II Baker, William	do do	18 33	Feb. 16, 1864 Feb. 4, 1864 Oct. 9, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Died March 22, 1864, at Pulaski, Tenn. Died June 20, 1864, at Pulaski, Tenn. Discharged Oct. 22, 1862, at Corinth, Miss., on
Bachman, George W	do	20	Aug. 19, 1862	3 yrs.	Surgeon's certificate of disability. Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862; transferred to Co. B. 8th Regiment Veteran Reserve Corps, Nov. 21, 1864; veteran.
Beebe, William	do	18	Oct. 21, 1861	3 yrs.	Transferred to Veteran Reserve Corps April 30, 1864.
Beebe, Austin			Feb. 10, 1862	3 yrs.	bied Aug. 12, 1863, of accidental gunshot wounds.
Beam, Martin	do	38	Aug. 22, 1862	3 yrs.	Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862; mustered out with company July 8, 1865; veteran.
	i				

			Date of	l of	
Names.	Rank.	Age	Entering the Servi e.	Period of Service.	Remarks.
Beichler, William	Private	32	Au. 13, 1862	3 yrs.	Discharged Dec. 91864, at Camp Dennison, O., on Surgeon's certificate of disability; borne as Charles W.
Bennett, James J	do	16	Aug. 19, 1862	3 yrs.	Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862; mustered out with company July 8, 1865;
Bennett, Joseph	do	19	Dec. 14, 1861	3 yrs.	veteran. Discharged Sept. 15, 1862, at Columbus, O., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Bilmire, Charles	do	19	Feb. 11, 1864	3 yrs.	Discharged June 15, 1865, at Camp Dennison, O, on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Bowman, Christian	do	19	Aug. 19, 1862	3 yrs.	Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862; killed July 22, 1864, in action at Decatur, Georgia.
Buck, Warren S	do	18	Feb. 11, 1864 Oct. 12, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Muster d out with company July 8, 1865. Killed Oct. 4, 1862, in battle of Corinth, Miss.
Buck, Warren S. Butts, Edward. Bandy, Chalkley. Brown, Solomon.	do	19	June 27, 1864 Aug. 21, 1862	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 8, 1865. Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862; discharged Feb. 15, 1864, on Surgeon's cer-
					discharged Feb. 15, 1864, on Surgeon's certificate of disability; veteran.
Brown, Adney		18	Oct. 21, 1861	3 yrs.	tificate of disability; veteran. Discharged Jan. 22, 1862, at St. Louis, Mo., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Brown, Charles W		21	Oet. 6, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed 1st Sergeant Dec. 20, 1861; reduced and transferred to Co D.
Brown, Jacob	do	28 18	Aug. 21, 1862 Feb. 13, 1864	3 yrs.	Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862. Mustered out with company July 8, 1865.
		23	Dec. 8, 1861	3 yrs.	Transferred to Veteran Reserve Corps Aug. 12, 1862.
Clark, James			Aug. 22, 1862	3 yrs.	Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862; mustered out June 4, 1865, at Washington, D. C., by order of War Department.
Connard, Dennis Coulter, Archibald	do	40	Jan. 8, 1862 Nov. 6, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Died May 13, 1862, at St. Louis, Mo. Transferred to Veteran Reserve Corps Feb. 17, 1864.
Dill, John F			Feb. 13, 1864	3 yrs.	Wounded and captured July 22, 1864, in action at Decatur, Ga.; died Sept. 10, 1864, in Rebel
Dilgard, George	do	20	Aug. 12, 1862	3 yrs.	Prison at Andersonville, Ga. Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862; mustered out June 4, 1865, at Washington, D. C., by order of War Department.
Dooley, Lawrence	do	32	Nov. 2, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged Jan. 4, 1863, at St. Louis, Mo., on
Driggs, Merrit	do		Jan. 1, 1862	3 yrs.	Surgeon's certificate of disability. Discharged July 26, 1862, at Camp Clear Creek, Miss., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Dye, James A	do	34	Oct. 24, 186I	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 8, 1865: vet-
Eifler, Jacob	do	20	Oet. 7, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged Jan. 13, 1862, at Marietta, O., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Ellis, Asbury	do	32	Oct. 14, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged Feb. 18, 1862, at Marietta, O., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Ellis, David F	1		Oct. 14, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out Dec. 26, 1864, on expiration of term of service.
Emley, William Emly, Francis H	do	18	Feb. 11, 1864 Aug. 12, 1862	3 yrs.	Died March 9, 1864, at Decatur Junction, Ala. Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862; mustered out with company July 8, 1865;
Emgee, Adam	do	. 17	Nov. 25, 1861	3 yrs.	veteran. Mustered out with company July 8, 1865; vet-
Engle, Richard	1	(Oct. 14, 1861	3 yrs.	Reduced from Corporal —; transferred to
Feldner, Henry	do	. 20	Nov 7, 1861	3 yrs.	Veteran Reserve Corps Aug. 12, 1862. Mustered out with company July 8, 1865; veteran.
Feldner, Samuel	do	. 18	Sept. 9, 1862	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 8, 1865; veteran.
Fowler, James II	do	. 22	Oct. 14, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged June 26, 1862, at Marietta, O., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Fowler, John O Frost, Raymond Frost, Francis	l do	1 18	Oct. 14, 1861 Feb. 12, 1864 Feb. 10, 1862	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Died March 19, 1864, at Pulaski, Tenn. Died June 15, 1864, of wounds received in ac- tion near Kenesaw Mountain, Ga.; vet-
Geeding, Henry W	do	. 19	Aug. 22, 1862	3 yrs.	eran. Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862; died March 23, 1864, at Pulaski. Tenn.; vet-
Gibson, William P	do	. 18	Nov. 4, 1861	3 yrs.	eran. Discharged Dec. 14, 1862, at St. Louis, Mo., on
Gibson, Timothy H	do	. 16	Nov. 6, 1861	3 yrs.	Surgeon's certificate of disability. Discharged Nov. 20, 1862, at Corinth, Miss., on
Gilpin, Felix	do		Oct. 2, 1861	3 yrs.	Surgeon's certificate of disability. Discharged Jan. 3, 1863, at St. Louis, Mo., to
Gilpin, William	do		Nov. 1, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out to date July 8, 1865, at Columbus, O., by order of War Department;
Gillespie, Charles	do .	. 37	Aug. 24, 1862	3 yrs.	veteran. Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862; nustered out with company July 8, 1865; veteran.

Names.	Rank.	Age.	Date of Entering the Service.	Period of Service.	Remarks.
Goble, Chauncy	Private	18	Sept. 10, 1864	1 yr.	Mustered out July 13, 1865, at Camp Dennison,
Glazier, Edward	do do	21 19	Dec. 9, 1861 Oet. 10, 1861 Oet. 26, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	O., by order of War Department. Died Feb. 9, 1865, at Dallton, Ga.; veteran. Transferred to Co. F Nov. —, 1861. Mustered out with company July 8, 1865; vet-
Hall, Jacob Hammond, Seth		22	Nov. 4, 1862 Oct. 9, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	eran.
Haney, James	do		Oet. 2, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged Jan. 3, 1862, at St. Louis, Mo., on Surgeon's certificate of disability. Discharged Oct. 22, 1862, at Cincinnati, O., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Hayne, Jacob Henny, Joseph	do	19 25	Nov. 25, 1861 Aug. 14, 1862	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Surgeon's certificate of disability. Died Sept. 6, 1862, at Covinth, Miss. Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862; mustered out June 15, 1865, at St. Louis, Mo., by order of War Department. Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862; mustered out June 4, 1865, at Washington, D. C., by order of War Department. Discharged Dec. 9, 1802, at Camp Dennison, O., on Surgeon's certificate of disability. Discharged Jan. 7, 1862, at Washington, O., by civil authority.
Henny, John	do	26	Aug. 13, 1862	3 yrs.	Mo., by order of War Department. Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862; mustered out June 4, 1865, at Washington, D.
Hess, Jacob	do	45	Oct. 28, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged Dec. 9, 1862, at Camp Dennison.
Herschler, John	do	44	Dec. 3, 1861	3 yrs.	O., on Surgeon's certificate of disability. Discharged Jan. 7, 1862, at Washington, O., by
Hines, Jacob Huffman, Edward J	do	19 19	Nov. 25, 1861 Aug. 20, 1862	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	civil authority. Died Sept. 16, 1862, at Corinth, Miss. Transferred trom 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862; discharged May 8, 1863, at Columbus, Ky., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Hutchinson, William Humphrey, Benjamiu	do	18	Nov. 1, 1861 Oct. 20, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 8, 1865; vet-
Jordon, John	do	39	Dec. 15, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged Jan. 30, 1862, at Marietta, O., on
Jordon, William	do	16	Nov. 2, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged Jan. 3, 1862, at St. Louis, Mo., to
Keys, Elias Kester, Peter Keyser, William	do	17 30	Dec. 14, 1861 Jan. 10, 1862 Mch. 24, 1865	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 1 yr.	enlist in 1st Mississippi Marine Brigade. Killed Oct. 4, 1862, in battle of Corinth, Miss. Drafted: died April 28, 1865, in hospital, New
Kinkade, John		35	Jan. 13, 1861		York City.
Knowles, Richard O		36	Oct. 22, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 8, 1865; vet-
Laughlin, Alfred A		18	Aug. 19, 1862	3 yıs.	Discharged Jan. 10, 1862, at Marietta, O., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Lightfoot, Samuel		10	Jan. 23, 1862	3 yrs.	Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862; died Dec. 19, 1862, at Davies' Mills, Miss. Discharged Jan. 30, 1862, at Marietta, O.;
Livingston, Cyrus			Jan. 20, 1862	3 yrs.	minor. Mustered out with company July 8, 1865; vet-
Long, Lewis		16	Nov. 3, 1861	3 yrs.	eran. Mustered out with company July 8, 1865; vet-
Mathews, John		34	Dec. 4, 1861	3 yrs.	eran. Discharged Sept. 8, 1862, at Columbus, O., on
Marshall, Jesse B		26	Oct. 14, 1861	3 yrs.	Surgeon's certificate of disability. Discharged Feb. 18, 1862, at Marietta, O., on
Manly, Bryan Marple, James W Maris, Clark T		18 30 22	Oct. 27, 1861 Oct. 26, 1861 Oct. 26, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Surgeon's certificate of disability. Discharged Jan. 9, 1862, at Marietta, O. Died July 25, 1862, at Camp Clear Creek, Miss. Discharged Feb. 6, 1863, at St. Louis, Mo., on
Mason, Jacob			Oct. 16, 1861	3 yrs.	Surgeon's certificate of disability. Discharged Dec. 3, 1862. at St. Louis, Mo., on
Mason, George W			Nov. 24, 1861	3 yrs.	Surgeon's certificate of disability. Mustered out with company July 8, 1865; yet-
Meledick, George		39 18	Aug. 17, 1862 Oct. 16, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	eran. Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862. Uischarged Jan. 30, 1862, at Marietta, O., on
McCoy, Josephus		20	Nov. 7, 1861	3 yrs.	Surgeon's certificate of disability. Discharged Jan. 3, 1863, at St. Louis, Mo., to
McKendry, John				3 yrs.	enlist in 1st Mississippi Marine Brigade. Discharged July 3, 1862, at Corinth, Miss., on
McVeigh, Henry McVeigh, George W			Aug. 28, 1862 Dec. 1, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Surgeon's certificate of disability. Died Jan. 31, 1863, at Trenton, Tenn. Mustered out with company July 8, 1865; vet-
McVicker. James Mills, James L	do ,do	19	Oct. 19, 1861 Oct. 27, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	eran. Mustered out to date July 8, 1865, at Columbus, 0., by order of War Department; vet-
Miller, Philip Middleworth, John	do	18 20	Oet. 28, 1861 Dec. 16, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	eran. Discharged Jan. 2, 1863, to enlist in 1st Missis-
Morris, Joel	do	18 22	Jan. 2, 1864 Dec. 16, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	sippi Marine Brigade. Mustered out with company July 8, 1865. Transferred to Co. C, 63d Ö. V. I., by order of
Morrow, James H Nelson, William		17 18	Nov. 3, 1861 Oct. 10, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Lieut, Colonel Chas, E. Brown, Died Sept. 21, 1262, at Luka, Miss, Discharged Jan. 3, 1862, at St. Louis, Mo., on
Oblinger, David	do	19	Feb. 010, 1864	3 yrs.	Surgeon's certificate of disability. Mustered out June 17, 1865, at Washington, D. C., by order of War Department.

Names.	Rank.	Age.	Date of Entering the Service.	Period of Service.	Remarks.
O'Neal, Patrick	Private	33	Nov. 30, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged July 9, 1862, at Camp Clear Creek,
Otten, John	do		Oct. 20, 1861	3 yrs.	Miss., on Surgeon's certificate of disability. Mustered out with company July 8, 1865; vet-
Peaker, Charles	do	18	Feb. 22, 1864	3 yrs.	Mustered out to date July 8, 1865, at Columbus, O., by order of War Department.
Poffenberger, John		28	Aug 29, 1862	3 yrs.	bus, O., by order of War Department. Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862; mustered out with company July 8, 1865; veteran.
Pfaaf, Conrad	do	19 18	Oct. 7, 1861 Oct. 12, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Discharged Jan, 1862, at Marietta, O., by
Poston, Samuel		24	Oct. 12, 1861	3 yrs.	civil authority. Discharged Jan. 30, 1862, at Marietta, O., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Price, Benjamin Reynolds, Theodore M	do	18	Dec. 2, 1861 Feb. 8, 1862	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Discharged Feb. 6, 1863, at St. Louis, Mo., on
Real, Upton L	do	20	Aug. 13, 1862	3 yrs.	Surgeon's certificate of disability. Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862; died April 13, 1864, at Decatur, Ala.; veteran.
Richie, William Riggleman, David H	do	18 26	Oct. 27, 1861 Oct. 10, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 8, 1865; vet-
Roman, Isaac	do	20	Oct. 8, 1861	3 yrs.	eran. Discharged Nov. 20, 1862, at Jackson, Tenn., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Rose, James			Feb. 20, 1862 Aug. 2, 1862	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862; nustered out June 19, 1865, at Camp Dennison, O., by order of War Department; veteran.
Saylor, Nicholas Schultheiz, Adam	do	31 18	Nov. 7, 1861 Aug. 13, 1862	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Died July 6, 1862, at Camp Clear Creek, Miss. Mustered out with company July 8, 1865; vet-
Schuder, Peter		18	Aug. 16, 1862	3 yrs.	Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862; mustered out with company July 8, 1865;
Schaffer, William H	do	20	Aug. 13, 1862	3 yrs.	veteran. Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862; died Feb. 6, 1863, at Corinth, Miss.
Shade, Simon		22	Aug. 14, 1862	3 yrs.	Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862; mustered out with company July 8, 1865; yeteran.
Shollen, John H Shrader; James A	do	17 19	Aug. 19, 1862 Oct. 14, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862. Discharged May 20, 1862, at St. Louis, Mo., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Sivil, Tobias V		16	Oct. 14, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 8, 1865; vet- eran.
Simmons, Hezekiah K	do	21	Nov. 2, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out Dec. 26, 1864, on expiration of term of service, at Savannah, Ga.
Slatzer, James	do	20	April 11, 1865	1 yr.	Substitute: discharged June 22, 1865, at Elmira, N. Y., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Spangler, John Smith, William Stafflebeam, Calvin	do do	18 18	Feb. 15, 1864 Jan. 8, 1862 Nov. 1, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Died March 8, 1864, at Decatur Junction, Ala. Died Sept. 16, 1863, at Memphis, Tenn. Mustered out Dec. 26, 1864, on expiration of
Steekel, Ebenezer	do	20	Feb. 2, 1864	3 yrs.	term of service, at Savannah, Ga. Absent, sick at Atlanta, Ga.; no further record found.
Stober, Franklin	do	36	Aug. 16, 1862	3 yrs.	Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862; mustered out with company July 8, 1865;
Stover, Jacob R		23	Aug. 25, 1862	3 yrs.	veteran. Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1832 mustered out with company July 8, 1865
Stockwell, Thomas Swihart, Francis A	do	18	Oct. 10, 1861 Aug. 22, 1862	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	veteran. Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862; mustered out with company July 8, 1865; retoner.
Taggart, Bosberg Taylor, John C Toland, John Trimbley, Paniel N Triplet, Tobias Truax, William	l do l	23 19 22 21 20 34	Oct. 15, 1861 Dec. 21, 1862 Oct. 8, 1861 Dec. 9, 1861 Nov. 20, 1861 Mch. 22, 1865	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs. 1 yr.	veteran. Mustered out with company July 8, 1865. Deserted. Deserted. Rilled Oct. 4, 1862, in battle of Corinth, Miss. Drafted; died April 29, 1865, in hospital, New
Van Schoyck, George		17	Aug. 12, 1862	3 yrs.	Vowle City
Voltz, Henry	do	57	Aug. 20, 1862	3 yrs.	Transferred from 1'2th O. V. 1. Nov. 6, 1862; mustered out June 4, 1865, at Washing- ton, D. C., by order of War Department. Transferred from 112th O. V. 1. Nov. 6, 1862; discharged April 1, 1863, at Columbus, O., on Surgeny's cartificate of disability.
Voshel, Ebenezer	do		Oct. 10, 1861	3 yrs.	Surgeon's certificate of disability. Discharged April 9, 1862, at St. Louis, Mo., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Voshel, James	do		Oet. 10, 1861	3 yrs.	Surgeon's certificate of disability. Discharged Sept. 20, 1862, at St. Louis, Mo., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.

Names.	Rank.	Age.	Date of Entering the Service.	Period of Service.	Remarks.
Wetz, Charles	Private	18	Aug. 13, 1862	3 yrs.	Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862; mustered out with company July 8, 1865; veteran.
Weatherby, George A	do	18	Oct. 12, 1861	3 yrs.	Reduced from Corporal —; mustered out with company July 5, 1865; veteran.
Wentzel, Henry Wilson, Martin	do	34 18	Aug. 20, 1862 Oct. 12, 1862	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	
Wilson, Washington	do	23	Nov. 6, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged Oct. 22, 1862, at Cincinnati, O., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Woodburn, Thomas	do		June 21, 1862	3 yrs.	
Yarnel, Lindly	do		Dec. 20, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged Jan. 18, 1863, at St. Louis, Mo., on
Young, Peter	do.,	20	Ang. 20, 1862	3 yrs.	mustered out June 4, 1865, at Washington.
Zemer, Lewis	do	21	Oct. 29, 1861	3 yrs.	D. C., by order of War Department. Died March 8, 1864, at Decatur, Ala.

COMPANY H.

Mustered in from Sept. 5, 1861, to Jan. 7, 1862, at Columbus, Logan, Chillicothe and Marietta, O., by A. B. Dod, Captain 15th Infantry, U. S. A.; John R. Edie, Major 15th Infantry, U. S. A.; Nathan Pickett, Captain, H. L. Barnes, 2d Lieutenant, and Oscar L. Jackson, 2d Lieutenant 63d O. V. I. Mustered out July 8, 1865, at Louisville, Ky., by Robert M. Woods, 1st Lieutenant 64th Illinois Infantry, and A. C. M. 4th Division, 17th Army Corps.

Oscar L. Jackson Capta	in 21	Nov. 8, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Jan. 12, 1862; wounded Oct. 4, 1862 in battle of Corinth, Miss.; promoted to
Charles M. Harrisondo.	22	Dec. 5, 1861	3 yrs.	Major Jan. 28, 1865. Appointed Corporal Jan. 16, 1862; 1st Sergean June 20, 1863; promoted to 2d Lieutenan
				May 25, 1864; 1st Lieutenant Oct. 4, 1864 Captain Jan. 20, 1865; mustered out with company July 8, 1865; veteran.
Francis A. Gibbons lst Lie	ut. 41	Nov. 16, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Jan. 16, 1862; resigned Sept. 3, 1862 on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Arnold C. Fennerdo.	35	Aug. 11, 1862	3 yrs.	Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862;
Augustus C. Halldo.	28	Aug. 22, 1862	3 yrs.	promoted to Captain Co. G Oct. 4, 1864. Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862.
				appointed Sergeant from private Jan. 1, 1864; 1st Sergeant June 10, 1864; promoted
				to 1st Lieutenant Jan. 28, 1865; mustered out with company July 8, 1865; veteran.
William Pickett 2d Lie	1	Sept. 5, 1861	3 yrs.	Promoted from private Co. A Jan. 16, 1862; resigned July 12, 1862.
William G. Rennerdo.		Oct. 7, 1862	3 yrs.	Appointed from civil life —; resigned April 12, 1864.
Andrew Smithdo.	37	Sept. 17, 1861	3 yrs.	Promoted from 1st Sergeant Co. B Oct. 4, 1864;
Joseph Chaney 1st Ser	gt. 27	Oct. 28, 1861	3 yrs.	to 1st Lieutenant Co. F Nov. 3, 1864. Discharged Nov. 3, 1862, on Surgeon's certifi-
Simon Jarvisdo.	18	Oct. 19, 1861	3 yrs.	cate of disability. Appointed Corporal Jan. 1, 1864; Sergeant June 10, 1864; 1st Sergeant March 24, 1865; mustered out with company July 8, 1865;
Eli J. Casey Sergea	nt 18	Dec. 24, 1861	3 yrs.	veteran. Killed Oct. 4, 1862, in battle of Corinth, Miss.
Cornelius Clarkdo.	17	Dec. 21, 1861	3 yrs.	acted as 1st Sergeant. Appointed Jan. 1, 1864; mustered out with
Oliver Ferrisdo.	24	Dec. 31, 1861	3 yrs.	company July 8, 1865; veteran. Appointed—; wounded Oct. 4, 1862, in battle of Corinth, Miss.; discharged Dec. 18, 1862.
Columbus S. Flingdo	21	Oct. 21, 1861	3 yrs.	on Surgeon's certificate of disability. Discharged Sept. 8, 1862, at Columbus, O., on
Henry Martindaledo.	19	Aug. 20, 1862	3 yrs.	Surgeon's certificate of disability. Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862; appointed Corporal Jan. 1, 1864; Sergeant
Edward M. Selbydo.	17	Dec. 5, 1861	3 yrs.	March 28, 1865; mustered out with company July 8, 1865; veteran. Wounded Oct. 4, 1862, in battle of Corinth, Miss.; appointed Sergeant Jan. 1, 1864; mustered out with company July 8, 1865;
Seth Terrydo.	21	Oct. 18, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal Jan. 1, 1864; Sergeant Sept. 1, 1864; mustered out with company
Robert Terrydo. John BagleyCorpor	20 al 19	Nov. 14, 1861 Oct. 31, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	July 8, 1865; veteran. Killed Oct. 4, 1862 in battle of Corinth, Miss. Discharged May 8, 1862,

Names.	Rank.	Age.	Date of Entering the Service.	Period of Service.	Remarks.
Martin Barrett	Corporal	15	Dec. 5, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged Nov. 2, 1862, for wounds received
Clinton Bennett	do	36	Dec. 24, 1861	3 yrs.	Oct. 4, 1862, in battle of Corinth Miss. Discharged July 28, 1862, on Surgeon's cer-
Michael Butler	do	23	Jan. 28, 1864	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal Sept. 1, 1864; promoted to
Austin II. Hall	do	34	Aug. 21, 1862	3 yrs.	tilicate of disability. Appointed Corporal Sept. 1, 1864; promoted to Sergt. Major May 21, 1865. Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862; discharged Feb. 6, 1864, on Surgeon's certificated file bills.
Jacob Isennagle		21	Aug. 28, 1862	3 yrs.	cate of disability. Appointed Corporal March 28, 1865; mustered out with company July 8, 1865; veteran.
Thompson W. James		21	Jan. 14, 1862	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal Sept. 1, 1854; mustered out with company July 8, 1865; veteran.
Isane Jarvis	do,	20	Oct. 19, 1861	3 yrs.	out with company July 8, 1895; veteran. Appointed Corporal Sept. 1, 1894; mustered out with company July 8, 1895; veteran. Wounded Sept. 19, 1862, in battle of Inka, Miss.; killed Oct. 4, 1862, in battle of Corinth, Miss.
Eli Macy	do	38	Aug. 18, 1862	3 yrs.	Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862;
Enos Macy	фо	32	Aug. 20, 1862	3 yrs.	out with company July 8, 1865; veteran. Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862; appointed Corporal March 4 1854; mustered out with company July 8, 1865; veteran.
George G. Moore	do	20	Oct. 23, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged July 25, 1862, on Surgeon's certifi-
John McArthur		21	Jan. 2, 1862	3 yrs.	cate of disability. Discharged March 8, 1863, on Surgeon's certaficate of disability.
John W. Price	eb	30	Dec. 5, 1861	3 yrs.	Died Nov. 20, 1863, while at home on fur- lough.
Weston Ray		1 1	Jan. 11, 1862	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal Jan. 1, 1864; killed July 22, 1864, in action at Decatur, Ga.; veterals
James W. Savely	do	17	Jan. 2, 1862	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal June 10, 1864; mustered
Ephraim Somers	do	19	Aug. 20, 1862	3 yrs.	out with company July 8, 1865; veteran. Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862; appointed Corporal June 16, 1865; mustered
Stephen Thompson	do	14	Sept. 15, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal May 21, 1865; mustered
Jeremiah H. West	do	41	Aug. 20, 1862	3 yrs.	Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862; appointed Corporal June 16, 1865; mustered out with company July 8, 1865; veteran. Appointed Corporal May 21, 1865; mustered out with company July 8, 1865; veteran. Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862; discharged Nov. 3, 1863, on Surgeon's certificate of discharge.
John Wilson Thomas Wilson	do	20 21	Jan. 14, 1862 Nov. 20, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Killed Oct. 4, 1862, in battle of Corinth, Miss., Appointed Corporal Jan. 1, 1864; mustered out
John Hanley	Musician		Feb. 19, 1864	3 yrs.	with company July 8, 1865; veteran. Discharged April 7, 1865, by order of War De-
David Casey	do	18	Oct. 28, 1861	3 yrs.	partment. Musterod out with company July 8, 1865; veteran.
Allender, Samuel S Barrett, Martin Baker, Charles W	do	2I 18	Feb. 9, 1864 Jan. 28, 1864 Aug. 19, 1862	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Died March 23, I864, at Decatur, Ala. Mustered out with company July 8, I865. Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, I862; mustered out with company July 8, I865; vet-
Baker, Granville Bean, Christopher	do	18 18	Jan. 25, 1864 Dec. 12, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	eran. Mustered out with company July 8, 1865. Died July 2, 1862.
Beery, Isanc. Bennett, Samuel. Beswick, George	do	10	Dec. 12, 1861 Feb. 17, 1864 Feb. 9, 1864	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 8, 1865. Mustered out with company July 8, 1865.
Beswick, George Biggins, Brazil B	do	23 25	Dec. 2, 1861 Dec. 5, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Wounded Oct 4 1862 in battle of Corinth.
Biggins, Wesley Bradley, Ira J	do	36 24	Dec. 5, 1861 Oct. 17, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Miss.; mustered out Aug. 11, 1865, at New York City: veteran. Died Dec. 16, 1864, near Savannah, Ga. Discharged Sept. 8, 1862, on Surgeon's certifi-
Brelsford, Jonathan Brown, Josephus	do	17 21	Jan. 2, 1862 Feb. 11, 1862	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	cate of disability. Died Jan. 6, 1862; buried at Athens, 0. Discharged Nov. 10, 1862, on Surgeon's certifi-
Burris, John 11		18	Jan. 10, 1862	3 yrs.	cate of disability. Discharged June 19, 1865, at Louisville, Ky., for wounds received —, in action at Kene-
Burge, William A	do	. 45	Dec. 5, 1861	3 yrs.	for wounds received —, in action at Kenesaw Mountain, Ga.; veteran Discharged Nov. 6, 1862, on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Buckingham, William Carl, Joseph	do	16	Feb. 9, 1864 Jan. 1, 1862	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 8, 1865, Also borne on rolls as Joseph Carol; mustered
Carpenter, Thomas Casey, John Chaney, Mervin		1	Feb. 23, 1864 Oct. 19, 1861 Oct. 17, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Killed Oct. 4, 1862, in battle of Corinth, Miss.
Chatman, George A Childs, Isaac Cockrill, William	1		Feb. 17, 1864 Nov. 26, 1861 Dec. 4, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Miss a veteran. Mistered out with company July 8, 1865. Died Sept. 2, 1862, at Corinth. Miss. Discharged July 22, 1862, on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Coffman, John			Oct. 12, 1864 Jan. 2, 1862 Nov. 27, 1861	1 yr. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 8, 1865.

Names.	Rank.	Age.	Date of Entering the Service.	Period of Service.	Remarks.
Compton, John H	Private	20	Aug. 21, 1862	3 yrs.	Transferred from 112th O. V. I.; to Veteran
Connor, John		19	Meh. 5, 1864	3 yrs.	Reserve Corps March 15, 1864. Mustered out with company July 8, 1865; borne
Cramblit, Lewis		21	Feb. 5, 1864	3 yrs.	as James Connor. Prisoner of war; mustered out June 14, 1865, at Camp Chase, O., by order of War Depart-
Cramblit, Thomas	do		Feb. 5, 1864	3 yrs.	ment. Mustered out May 16, 1865, at Camp Dennison, O., by order of War Department.
Crouch, John	do	· 20 19	Jan. 20, 1862 Oct. 21, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 8, 1865; vet-
Dawson, William		1	Dec. 15, 1861	3 yrs.	eran. Appointed Sergeant May 1, 1864; reduced to ranks —; discharged April 10, 1865, at Goldsboro, N. C., on Surgeon's certificate of
Donaldson, James Drowau, Martin Duffy, Westly Duffy, Edward	do do	33	Oet. 26, 1863 Jan. 30, 1864 Feb. 25, 1864 Feb. 24, 1864	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	disability; veteran. Transferred to Co. D March 16, 1864: Mustered out with company July 8, 1865. Mustered out June 16, 1865, at Camp Dennison, O., by order of War Department. Died March 10, 1864, at Decatur Junction, Ala
Duffy, William J			Feb. 17, 1864	3 yrs.	
Elsea, William Ellamen, Westly Estabrook, Francis C	do do	18 18 30	Oct. 21, 1861 Feb. 2, 1864 Aug. 18, 1862	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Died May 15, 1862, at Cincinnati, O. Mustered out with company July 8, 1865. Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862; discharged July 9, 1864, to accept promotion in 2d Alabama Volunteers; yeteran.
Folker, John	do	21 18	Feb. 4, 1864 Dec. 30, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Discharged June 16, 1865, at Camp Dennison, O., by order of War Department; vet.
Gibbons, Samuel			Nov. 28, 1861	3 yrs,	eran. Discharged Ang. 4, 1862, on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
George, Joseph	do	- 22	Jan. 11, 1862	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 8, 1865; veteran.
Goodyear, Michael	do	26	Aug. 20, 1862	3 yrs.	Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862; mustered out with company July 8, 1865;
Gray, Alfred			Nov. 28, 1861	3 yrs.	Veteran. Discharged Aug. 4, 1862, on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Hale, Simeon	do	32	Feb. 2, 1864	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 8, 1865; veteran.
Hanley, John	do	18	Feb. 19, 1864	3 yrs.	Discharged April 7, 1865, on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Hanson, Elijah	do		Aug. 22, 1862	3 yrs.	Died Aug. 25, 1863; an enlisted citizen of Alabama.
Hardesty, Mathew Herd, Wm. J	do	29	Jan. 13, 1862 Feb. 17, 1864	3 yrs.	
Hesselden, John			Oct. 30, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out June 1, 1865, at New York, by order of War Department. Wounded Oct. 4, 1862, in battle of Corinth, Miss.; discharged on Surgeon's certificate of disability; re-enlisted Feb. 14, 1864; mustered out Aug. 14, 1865, at Nashville, Tenn., by order of War Department. Died Oct. 30, 1864, at Rome, Ga. Mustered out with company July 8, 1865.
Hennehan, John Hoffman, John Hyne, Jacob	do do	24 37	Feb. 3, 1864 Oct. 4, 1864 Aug. 20, 1862	3 yrs. 1 yr. 3 yrs.	Died Oct. 30, 1864, at Rome, Ga. Mustered out with company July 8, 1865. Mustered out June 19, 1865, at Camp Dennison, O., by order of War Department; veterau. Discharged Jan. 6, 1863, for wounds received Oct. 4, 1862, in battle of Corinth, Miss. Died May 28, 1862, in hospital at Hamburg,
Ingmire, Franklin		27	Dec. 21, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged Jan. 6, 1863, for wounds received Oct. 4, 1862, in battle of Corinth. Miss.
Ingmire, John		23	Dee. 21, 1861	3 yrs.	Tennessee.
Ingmire, Elias		18	Feb. 24, 1864	3 yrs.	Transferred to Veteran Reserve Corps Aug. 5, 1864; discharged April 18, 1865, on Surgeon's certificate of disability, at Indianapolis,
Ingmire, David B. Ingmire, Abraham Ingmire, William Jackson. Robert M. James, Ephraim W. Jarvis, Joel A.	do do do do do	19 21 20 22 21 33	Feb. 24, 1864 Feb. 25, 1864 Feb. 25, 1864 Nov. 24, 1861 Feb. 17, 1864 Jan. 5, 1862	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Indiana. Mustered out with company July 8, 1865. Discharged Aug. 16, 1862, on Surgeon's certifi-
Jewell, John		33	Nov. 26, 1861	3 yrs.	cate of disability. Mustered out with company July 8, 1865; yet-
John, Lewis W King, Thomas		18 22	Jan. 25, 1864 Jan. 1, 1862	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	eran. Mustored out with company July 8, 1865. Discharged Aug. 2, 1862, at Camp Dennison,
Kirkbride, Newton		18	Jan. 7, 1862	3 yrs.	O., on Surgeon's certificate of disability. Discharged July 25, 1862, on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Knce, John		18	Aug. 18, 1862	3 yrs.	cato of disability. Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862;
Knerim, John	do	26	Sept. 1, 1864	3 yrs.	mustered out with company July 8, 1865; veteran. Mustered out June 4, 1865, at Washington, D. C., by order of War Department.

Names.	Rank.	Age.	Date of Entering the Service.	Period of Service.	Remarks.
Lady, Thomas	Private	35	Dec. 15, 1861	3 yrs.	Died —, at Mound City Hospital, Ill., of wounds received Oct. 4, 1862, in battle of
Landis, Isaac Larrison, John	do	29 19	Feb. 14, 1865 Oct. 19, 1861	1 yr. 3 yrs.	Corinth, Miss. Mustered out with company July 8, 1865. Discharged Dec. 4, 1862, for wounds received
Lawrence, Edward	do	65	Jan. 7, 1862	3 yrs.	Oct. 4, 1862, in battle of Corinth, Miss. Discharged Feb. 8, 1802, on Surgeon's certifi-
Leonard Francis A Lowry, Joseph	do	25 52	Feb. 29, 1864 Sept. 9, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	cate of disability. Mustered out with company July 8, 1865. Mustered out Jan. 24, 1865. at Columbus, O.,
Lyman, James	do	21	Nov. 30, 1861	3 yrs.	on expiration of term of service. Discharged Aug. 12, 1862, on Surgeon's certificate of discharged Aug. 1862.
Lynch, William Macy, Davis	do	25 26	Meh. 8, 1864 Aug. 19, 1862	3 yrs. 3. yrs.	cate of disability. Mustered out with company July 8, 1865. Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862; wounded and captured —; mustered out July 11, 1865, at Columbus, O., by
Maxwell, Samuel Mestin, Louis P Mills, George B	do do	17 29 19	Jan. 2, 1862 Dec. 10, 1861 Dec. 31, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	order of War Department; veteran. Wounded Oct. 4, 1862, in battle of Corinth; died Dec. 31, 1864, at South Bloomingville, O.
Mishler, Henry W	do	22	Aug. 21, 1862	3 yrs.	Transferred from 112th O.V. I.; mustered out
Mishler, Joseph		18	Oct. 7, 1862	3 yrs.	with company July 8, 1865; veteran. Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862; discharged April 25, 1864, by order of War Department.
Milligan, George	do	25	Feb. 3, 1864	3 yrs.	Department. Killed July 22, 1864, in action at Decatur, Ga.;
Moore, Benjamin	do	45	Nov. 28, 1861	3 yrs.	borne as Geo. W. Mulligan. Discharged July 28, 1862, on Surgeon's certifi- cate of disability.
Moore, Amos L Morrow, Andrew D	do	47 25	Sept. 16 1861 Dec. 27 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 8, 1865; vet-
Morrow, Joseph W	do	27	Feb. 4, 1862	3 yrs.	Transferred to Veteran Reserve Corps July 8, 1863.
McCarter, Benjamin	do	19	Aug. 18 1862	3 yrs.	Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862; wounded June 19, 1864, in battle of Kene- saw Mountain, Ga.; transferred to Co. I, 6th Regiment Veteran Reserve Corps, March 29, 1865.
McDowell, William H	do	18	Dec. 1, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 8, 1865; vet-
McClannahan, Thomas	do	34	Aug. 13, 1862	3 yrs.	eran. Discharged March 26,1863, on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
McClain, Abraham	do	25	Dec. 10, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged as Corporal July 22, 1862, on Surgeon's certificate of disability; re-enlisted Feb. 17,1864; mustered out with company July
McGee, John	do	19	Sept. 1, 1864	1 yr.	8, 1865; veteran. Mustered out June 4, 1865, at Washington, D.
Norris, Jonathan			Aug. 18, 1862	3 yrs.	Mustered out June 4, 1865, at Washington, D. C., by order of War Department. Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862; discharged June 19, 1865, at Camp Dennison, O., by order of War Department; veteran.
O'Connor, Shedrick Olinger, Isaac H Pennel, Samuel	do do	33 18 20	Aug. 2, 1862 Feb. 9, 1864 Dec. 31, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Died Aug. 5, 1864, at Marietta, Ga.; veteran. Mustered out with company July 8, 1865. Discharged July 22, 1862, on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Pratt, James E	do	18	Feb. 11, 1864	3 yrs.	Mustered out May 3, 1865, at St. Louis, Mo., by order of War Department.
Price, Samuel S		26	Jan. 1, 1862	3 yrs.	Transferred to Co. D, April 14, 1864.
Rateliff, John A		33	Dec. 18, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 8, 1865; vet- eran.
Ratcliff, John L	do	22	Dec. 5, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 8, 1865; voteran.
Reynolds, George			Oct. 17, 1861	3 yrs.	Wounded Oct. 4, 1862, in battle of Corinth, Miss; discharged March 15, 1864, on account of wounds
Reynolds, David		1	Oct. 24, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged July 9 1862 on Surgeon's certifi-
Reynolds, Cyrus R		1	Feb. 11, 1864	3 yrs.	cate of disability. Discharged May 24, 1965, at Camp Dennison, O. by order of War Department. Mustered out with acquery July 8, 1965.
Ringer, Samuel Robinet, John L		1	Feb. 27, 1864 Sept. 24, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 8, 1865. Discharged Dec. 19, 1862, for wounds received in battle of Corinth, Miss Oct. 4, 1862. Mustered out May 31, 1865, at David's Island, New York Harbor, by order of War Depart-
Ross, Isaao			Oct. 20, 1863	3 yrs.	ment.
Sanderson, John Il	1	1	Dec. 24, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged June 30, 1863, on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Savely, Edward		ľ	Jan. 27, 1862	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 8, 1865; veteran.
Selby, John J	do	46	Dec. 14, 1861	3 yrs.	Died July 20, 1862, at Covington, Ky.

Remarks.
Discharged Aug. 20, 1862, on Surgeon's certifi-
cate of disability. Discharged May 25, 1863, on Surgeon's certifi-
cate of disability. Mustered out with company July 8, 1865; veteran.
Also borne on rolls as William Sung; mustered out with company July 8, 1865; vet-
eran. Died Aug. 9, 1864, of wounds received July 22,
1864, in action at Decatur, Ga. Discharged June 1, 1864, by order of War ive-
partment. Transferred from 112th O. V. I.; died Dec. 22, 1862, at Oxtord, Miss.
Discharged Jan. 17, 1865, at Pocotaligo, S. C., on expiration of term of service.
Transferred to Co. A March 26, 1864. Discharged May 26, 1865, at Camp Dennison.
O., by order of War Department. Transferred frem 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862; died Aug. 31, 1863, at Memphis, Tenn.
Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862; mustered out with company July 8, 1865; veteran.
Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862; died Aug. 26, 1864, of wounds received in action near Atlanta. Ga.; veteran.
Mustered out with company July 8, 1865; vet-
eran. Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862; accidentally drowned June 9, 1865, in the Ohio river, near Madison, Ind.; veteran.

COMPANY I.

Mustered in from Aug. 26, 1861, to Jan. 14, 1862, at Columbus, Chillicothe and Athens, O., by A. B. Dod, Captain 15th Infantry, U. S. A.; John R. Edie, Major 15th Infantry, U. S. A.; Frank T. Gilmore, 2d Lieutenant, James Taggart, Captain, and W. Pickett, Captain 63d O. V. I. Mustered out July 8, 1865, at Louisville, Ky., by Robert M. Woods, 1st Lieutenant 64th Illinois Infantry, and A. C. M. 4th Division, 17th Army Corps.

James Taggart	Captain	29	Nov. 9, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Jan. 17, 1862; resigned June 23, 1862
William J. Colliflower	do	28	Aug. 11, 1862	3 yrs.	Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862; resigned Aug. 9, 1864, on Surgeon's certifi-
Angus McDonald	do	32	Oct. 9, 1861	3 yrs.	cate of disability. Promoted from 1st Lieutenant Co. C Jan. 20, 1865; mustered out with company July 8, 1865.
William C. Thomas	1st Lieut.	23	Aug. 12, 1862	3 yrs.	Promoted to 2d Licutenant from 1st Sergeant Co. K Jan. 1, 1863; 1st Lieutenant Aug. 19.
Obadiah P. Hill	do	19	Oct. 1, 1861	3 yrs.	1864; appointed Adjutant Sept. 10, 1864. Promoted from 1st Sergeant Co. D Jan 20, 1865; mustered out with company July 8,
James M. Pearce	1st Sergt.	42	Nov. 21, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed 1st Sergeant Jan. 17, 1862; discharged Sept. 9, 1862, at Columbus, O., on
James C. Matheny	do	19	Dec. 5, 1861	3 yrs.	Surgeon's certificate of disability. Appointed Sergeant Jan. 17, 1862; 1st Sergeant Sept. 1, 1862; wounded Oct. 4, 1862, in battle of Corinth, Miss: promoted to 2d
John Richle	do	26	Dec. 3, 1861	3 yrs.	Lieutenant Co. K Jan. 1, 1863, Appointed Sergeant Jan 17, 1862; 1st Sergeant July 20, 1862; killed June 28, 1864, in action
William S. Applebee	do	24	Jan. 3, 1862	3 yrs.	near Kencsaw Mountain, Ga.; veteran. Appointed Corporal March 15, 1862; Sergeant July 1, 1863; 1st Sergeant —; mustered out
Anthony Edgington	Sergeant	31	May 9, 1861	3 yrs.	with company July 8, 1865; veteran. Appointed Corporal July 2, 1863; Sergeant —; mustered out with company July 8, 1865; vet-
Paulen Jones	do	23	Aug. 22, 1862	3 yrs.	eran. Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862, as Corporal; appointed Sergeant July 30, 1863; mustered out with company July 8, 1865; veteran.

		_		- Clad	
Names.	Rank.	Age.	Date of Entering the Service.	Period of Service.	Remarks.
Isaac Marshall	Sergeant	36	Oct. 6, 1862	3 yrs.	Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862, as Corporal; appointed Sergeant March 1, 1864; mustered out with company July 8,
Ezra Shock	do,	27	Aug. 14, 1862	3 yrs.	Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862; appointed Sergeant July 1, 1863; mustered
Job Cartwright	do	30	Dec. 26, 1861	3 yrs.	out with company July 8, 1865; veteran. Appointed Jan. 17, 1862; discharged Nov. 2, 1862, at Louisville, Ky., on Surgeon's certifi-
Andrew Connette	do	20	Dec. 25, 1861	3 yrs.	cate of disability. Appointed Jan. 17, 1862; discharged Oct. 6,
Henry M. Sprague	do	33	Oct. 12, 1862	3 yrs.	1862, on Surgeon's certificate of disability. Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862; promoted to 1st Lieutenant Co. I, 2d Ala-
Rolan P. Beekman	Corporal	28	Dec. 14, 1861	3 yrs.	bama Colored Troops. Appointed Corporal Jan. 17, 1862; died April 19,
Daniel Becker	do	23	.Aug. 22, 1862	3 yrs.	1862, at New Madrid, Mo. Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862, as Corporal; died Feb. 3, 1863, at Corinth,
Anthony Balien	do	18	Jan. 1, 1862	3 yrs.	Mississippi. Also borne on rolls as Anton Boilean; appointed Corporal—; killed Jan. 19, 1865, in agriculture S. C. protester.
Wilson Clay	do	31	Dec. 13, 1861	3 yrs.	in action at Pocotaligo, S. C.; veteran. Appointed Corporal Jan. 17, 1862; killed Oct. 4,
John K. Cradlebaugh	do	19	Dec. 5, 1861	3 yrs.	1862, in battle of Corinth, Miss. Appointed Corporal May 1, 1862; wounded Oct. 4, 1862, in battle of Corinth, Miss.; died Jan. 18, 1863, at Memphis, Tenn. Appointed Corporal July 2, 1863; died Dec. 30,
Charles W. Denney	do	18	Jan. 1, 1862	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal July 2, 1863; died Dec. 30,
William W. Dewey	do	27	Jan. 27, 1862	3 yrs.	Mustered out to date July 8, 1865, at Columbus, O., by order of War Department; vet-
Martin Ganvey	do	18	Aug. 18, 1862	3 yrs.	Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862; appointed Corporal March 2, 1864; mustered out with company July 8, 1865; veteran. Appointed Corporal Jan. 17, 1862; died March
John Holton	do	21	May 9, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal Jan. 17, 1862; died March
Ezekiel Keeran	do	19	Dec. 5, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal —; mustered out with
Labolt Moritz	do	18	Oct. 5, 1862	3 yrs.	23, 1862, at New Madrid, Mo. Appointed Corporal —; mustered out with company July 8, 1865; veteran. Wounded Oct. 4, 1862, in battle of Corinth. Miss; appointed Corporal —; mustered out with company July 8, 1865; metered.
Reuben B. McKeever	do	33	Dec. 14, 1861	3 yrs.	with company July 8, 1865; veteran. Wounded Cet. 4, 1862, in battle of Corinth. Miss; discharged for wounds Feb. 4, 1863.
Orlando W. Stuckey	do	25	Dec. 14, 1861	3 yrs,	Appointed Corporal Oct. 28, 1863; mustered out
David Warner	do	24	Oct. 7, 1862	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal Oct. 28, 1863; mustered out with company July 8, 1865; veteran. Transferred from 112th 0. V. I.; appointed Corporal Oct. 28, 1863; mustered out with company July 8, 1865; veteran.
William Willburn	do	18	Dec. 13, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal —; neustered out with company July 8, 1865; yeteran.
Martin Wyrick	do	29	Aug. 20, 1862	3 yrs.	Transferred from 112th O. V. 1. Nov. 6, 1862; appointed Corporal July 12, 1863; mustered
John Smith	Musician	18	Sept. 24, 1862	3 yrs.	out with company July 8, 1865; veteran. Transferred from 112 O. V. 1. Nov. 6, 1862; mustered out with company July 8, 1865: veteran.
Armitage, John Q Applebee, Jonas	Privatedo	18 18	Jan. 8, 1862 Jan. 3, 1862	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Killed Oct. 4. 1862, in battle of Corinth, Miss.
Baker, Nathan	do	25	Sept. 1, 1862	3 yrs.	Mustered out June 19, 1865, at Camp Dennison, O., by order of War Department; veteran.
Beekman, Marion P	do	29	Dec. 14, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged July 17, 1862, at Cincinnati, O., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Beekman, Josiah	do	25	Dec. 14, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged Oct. 22, 1863, at Cincinnati, O., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Bechtol, John E	do	31	Aug. 22, 1862	3 yrs.	Died Sept. 4, 1863, at Memphis, Tenn.; borne as Edward Bechtol.
Belancy William H	do	18	Dec. 11, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged May 15, 1862, on Surgeon's certifi- cate of disability.
Billmyer, Washington	do	20	Aug. 18, 1862	3 yrs.	Transferred from 112th O. V. I.; mustered out with company July 8, 1865; veteran.
Billmyer, Abraham			Aug. 18, 1862	3 yrs.	
Blake, James Brenner, David	do	39 27	Oct. 31, 1862 Aug. 21, 1862	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Mustered out May 24, 1805, att amp Dennison, O., by order of War Department. Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862; died Jan. 4, 1963, at Bolivar, Tenn. Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862; died Feb. 12, 1863, at Corinth, Mis. Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862; died Jan. 10, 1803, at Carro, 111. Died March 28, 1862, at St. Louis, Mo.
Brenner, Silas	do	19	Aug. 21, 1862	3 yrs.	Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862; died Feb. 12, 1863, at Corinth, Mis.
Bright, William	do	26	Aug. 16, 1862	3 yrs.	Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862; died Jan. 10, 1863, at Cairo, III.
Bristol, McKenzie Brown, Mahlon	do	33 25	Dec. 14, 1861 Oct. 6, 1862	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Died March 28, 1832, at St. Louis, No. Mustered out with company July 8, 1865

Names.	Rank.	Age.	Date of Entering the Service	Period of Service.	Remarks.
Brown, William A	Private	18	Nov. 27, 1861	3 yrs.	Wounded Oct. 4, 1862, in battle of Corinth, Miss.; mustered out with company July 8, 1865; veteran.
Capas, Richard Clemmer, William F	do	40 18	Nov. 9, 1861 Aug. 18, 1862	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Transferred from 112th O.V.I. Nov. 6, 1862; mustered out with company July 8, 1865;
Coles, Henry	do	27	Nov. 15, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged Jan. 4, 1863, for wounds received
Corbit, William		18	Dec. 19, 1861	3 yrs.	Oct. 4, 1862, in battle of Corinth, Miss. Discharged Nov. 12, 1862, at St. Louis, Mo., on Surgeou's certificate of disability.
Chutt, Albert		27	Jan. 3, 1862	3 yrs.	Discharged June 18, 1862, on Surgeon's certificate of disability. Mustered out with company July 8, 1865
Crossen, Nicholas D		24	Dec. 25, 1861	3 yrs.	veteran.
Davis, Gilbert	do	20	Aug. 12, 1862	3 yrs.	Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862; reduced from Corporal programmes in mustered out
Davis, George Deardoff, James	do	34 19	Dec. 31, 1861 Aug. 22, 1862	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	with company July 8, 1865; veteran. Died Aug. 4, 1862, at Farmington, Miss. Mustered out with company July 8, 1865; veteran.
Dixon, John M		31	Dec. 27, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged June 12, 1862, on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Eckert, Francis W		18	Aug. 13, 1862	3 yrs.	Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862; died Sept. 10, 1864, at Marietta, Ga.; vet- eran.
Edwards, Henry		28	Nov. 28, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged July 6, 1862, on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Faucett, Asa	1	21	Jan. 11, 1862	3 yrs.	Discharged Jan. 3, 1863, at St. Louis, Mo., to enlist in Mississippi Marine Brigade.
Ford, James	do	24 24	Dec. 13, 1861 Aug. 15, 1862	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862;
Furry, Emanuel	do	29	Aug. 12, 1862	3 yrs.	died Feb. 9, 1863, at Corinth, Miss. Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862; mustered out with company July 8, 1865;
Ganvey, Daniel W Ganvey, George B	do	18 20	Feb. 11, 1864 Aug. 16, 1862	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	veterau. Mustered out with company July 8, 1865. Discharged March 14, 1865, at New York, on
Garber, Jacob		18	Aug. 22, 1862	3 yrs.	Surgeon's certificate of disability; veterun. Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862; discharged June 4, 1865, at Washington. D. C., by order of War Department.
George, Joseph	do	36	Dec. 5, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 8, 1865; vet-
Gooding, Joshua R Gorham, James M	də	19 36	Feb. 6, 1864 Dec. 26, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	erun. Died March 2, 1864, at Decatur Junction. Ala. Reduced from Corporal —; mustered out June 19, 1865, at Camp Dennison, O., by
Griswold, Alfred M	do	26	Sept. 9, 1861	3 yrs.	June 19, 1865, at Camp Dennison, O., by order of War Department; veteran. Killed Oct. 15, 1861, in action at Snake Creek
Gruel, Thomas C Hany, Samuel M	do	18 21	Jan 1, 1862 Oct. 7, 1862	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Gap, Ga.; veteran. Killed Oct. 4, 1802, in battle of Corinth, Miss. Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862; diad Oct. 14, 1862, at Memphis Tourn
Hartman, John T	do	24	Aug. 18, 1862	3 yrs.	died Oct. 14, 1863, at Memphis, Teun. Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862; killed May 27, 1864, in battle of Dallas, Ga.; veteran.
Hamilton, John G Hart, Josiah	do	20 22	Feb. 16, 1864 Jan. 10, 1862	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Died March 16, 1864, at Pulaski, Tenn.
Hart, Josiah Hawthorn, Samuel	ds	19	Aug. 22, 1862	3 vrs.	Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862; mustered out with company July 8, 1865;
Heckathorn, Noah S		31	Oct. 7, 1862	3 yrs.	Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862; mustered out with company July 8, 1865.
Hughes, John W	do	18 22	Dec. 3, 1861 Nov. 27, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Died July 17, 1864, at Marietta, Ga.; veteran. Discharged Feb. 20, 1863, for wounds received Oct. 4, 1862, in battle of Corinth, Miss.
Jones, NathanJohnson, Ellis	do	18 30	Dec. 13, 1861 Dec. 19, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Discharged Oct. 9, 1862, at St. Louis, Mo., on
Justice, James T Kepler, Levi W	do	i8 25	Dec. 3, 1861 Aug. 25, 1862	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Died Jan. 27, 1863, at Jackson, Tenn. Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862; discharged Dec. 17, 1864, at Mound City, Ill., on Surgeon's certificate of disability. Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862;
Riger, Andrew J	do	19	Aug. 22, 1862	3 yrs.	Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862; mustered out with company July 8, 1865.
Kniseley, Henry W	do	44	Dec. 14, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged Dec. 20, 1863, at Paducah, Ky., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Lantz, Elias	do	44	Aug. 27, 1862	3 yrs.	Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862; discharged Maroh 21, 1863, at Corinth, Miss., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Lesley, Levi	do	36	Aug. 21, 1862	3 yrs.	Transferred from 112th O. V. 1. Nev. 6, 1862; mustered out with company July 8, 1865;
Lewis, William	do	20	Sept. 9, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out July 8, 1865, by order of War Department; veteran.
	1	1	1	1	

Names.	Rank.	Age.	Date of Entering the Service.	Period of Service.	Remarks.
Lewis, Winchester D	Private	18	Oct. 19, 1861	3 yrs.	Wounded Oct. 4, 1862, in battle of Corinth, Miss.; mustered out with company July 8,
Lowrey, Thomas	do	24	Sept. 20, 1861	3 yrs.	1865; veteran. Discharged March 6, 1863, for wounds received Oct. 4, 1862, in battle of Corinth, Miss.
Mick, John	do do	40 24 18	Jan. 11, 1862 Nov. 25, 1861 Dec. 25, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Killed Oct. 4, 1862, in battle of Corinth, Miss. Died June 10, 1862, at Farmington, Miss. Mastered out with company July 8, 1865; vet- cran.
Murphy, James M	do	33	Nov. 27, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged Nov. 13, 1863, at Camp Dennison, O., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Murphy, Darius L Mnck, John McCann, John	do do	22 26 36	Dec. 14, 1861 Feb. 10, 1864 Jan. 3, 1862	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Reduced from Corporal; died June 13, 1865, at Parkersburg, W. Va.
McCully, Henry McFadden, James McKinzie, Bristol McNeal, Elijah	do	24 25 33	Aug. 19, 1862 Nov. 5, 1861 Oct. 14, 1861 Dec. 3, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Promoted to Hospital Steward Nov, 1861.
O'Brien, Isaac	do	29	Nov. 23, 1861	3 yrs.	Reduced from Corporal —; mustered out with company July 8, 1865; veteran. Mustered out June 3, 1845; at Columbus, O., by order of War Department.
O'Brien, William T	do	39	Nov. 27, 1861	3 yrs.	wounds received Oct 4 1869 in bettle of
O'Brien, Enoch		19	Nov. 30, 1861	3 yrs.	Corinth, Miss. Discharged Sept. 12, 1862, at Columbus, O., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
O'Brien, John M Penrod, James Perdue, Mason	do do	23 22 44	Jan. 21, 1862 Jan. 10, 1862 Dec. 30, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Died Ang. 2, 1862, near Corinth, Miss. Never reported to company. Discharged Sept. 9, 1862, at Columbus, O., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Perdue, Thomas E	do	18	Nov. 27, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 8, 1865; veteran.
Phelan, John Reed, John	do	24 18	Sept. 1, 1861 Dec. 25, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Discharged line 18 1862 at Laffur on Barrooks
Reid, John M	do	41	Oct. 7, 1862	3 yrs.	Mo., on Surgeon's certificate of disability. Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862; mustered out with company July 8, 1865;
Ryan, Michael	do	23	Sept. 1, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 8, 1865; veteran.
Scully, Lawrence	do	27	Sept. 7, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged July 24, 1862, near Corinth, Miss., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Seymour, Francis	do	18	Oct. 23, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged July 25, 1862, at Corinth, Miss., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Shaw, Archibald M Shepard, Martin V. B Shoemaker, Seth Shoemaker, Ranson Shoemaker, David	do do do do	45 33 18 28	Sept. 27, 1861 Jan. 22, 1864 Feb. 10, 1864 Feb. 10, 1864 Jan. 14, 1862	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 8, 1865, Mustered out with company July 8, 1865, Mustered out with company July 8, 1865, Mustered out with company July 8, 1865; vet-
Smith, Isaac		32	Aug. 22, 1862	3 yrs.	Transferred from 112th O V. I. Nov. 6, 1862;
Stillwell, Joseph P	do	29	Nov. 27, 1861	3 yrs.	mustered out with company July 8, 1865. Discharged Oct. 16, 1863, at Louisville, Ky., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Sting, George Stokes Zachariah	cb	31 23	Oet. 6, 1862 Jan. 3, 1862	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862. Discharged July 30, 1863, at Louisville, Ky., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Taylor, William		29	Jan. 12, 1862	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 8, 1865; veteran.
Taggart, John		21	Feb. 10, 1864 Aug. 26, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Died Oct. 10, 1864, near Atlanta, Ga. Discharged July 30, 1863, at Camp Dennison, O., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Thompson, Samuel		21	Sept. 30, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged Jan. 17, 1863, on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Van Sickle, Andrew Walls, Lafayette Weinman, John W	do do do	38 18 21	Jan. 3, 1862 Feb. 16, 1864 Oct. 6, 1862	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Died March 8, 1862, at Commerce, Mo. Mustered out with company July 8, 1865. Transferred from 112th O. V. J. Nov. 6, 1862;
Wilson, Clark	do	18	Jan. 8, 1862	3 yrs.	Transferred from 112th O. V. 1. Nov. 6, 1862; died March 16, 1864, at Athens, Ala. Mustered as Thomas C. Wilson; discharged Jan. 3, 1863, at St. Louis, Mo., for wounds received Oct. 4, 1862, in battle of Corinth,
Wilson, Howard C	do	<u>2</u> 0	Oct. 30, 1861	3 yrs.	Mississippi. Discharged Sept. 12, 1862, at Columbus, O., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Williamson, Sanford	do	24	Dec. 25, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 8, 1865; vet-
Willburn, John P Witt, James Winders, David	do do	19 18 18	Feb. 15, 1864 Dec. 25, 1861 Aug. 22, 1862	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	eran. Mastered out with company July 8, 1865. Veteran. Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862;
Wood, Samuel		41	Nov. 9, 1861	3 yrs.	died Feb. 27, 1863, at Corinth, Miss. Discharged July 6, 1865, at Camp Dennison, O., by order of War Department; veteran.
Wombold, Henry	do	18	Aug. 18, 1862	3 yrs.	O., by order of War Bepartment; veteran. Transferred from 192th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1852; died March 18, 1863, at Corinth. Miss.

Names.	Rank.	Age.	Date of Entering the Service.	Period of Service.	Remarks.
Wombold, Abraham	Private	24	Aug. 22, 1862	3 yrs.	Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862; to Invalid Corps Aug. 11, 1863.
Wombold. Andrew	do	19	Aug. 18, 1862	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 8, 1865; vet- eran.
Zeigler, Grafton D	do	32	Oet. 4, 1862	3 yrs.	Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862; mustered out with company July 8, 1865.
Zeiler, Joseph B	do	34	Aug. 22, 1862	3 yrs.	Transferred from 112th O.V. I. Nov. 6, 1862; mustered out with company July 8, 1865; vetran.
Zwargle, John W	do	21	Oct. 2, 1862	3 yrs.	

COMPANY K.

Mustered in from Aug. 6, 1861, to Feb. 2, 1862, at Columbus and Chillicothe, O., by John R. Edie, Major 15th Infantry, U. S. A., and John M. Wischart, 2d Lieutenant 63d O. V. I. Mustered out July 8, 1865, at Louisville, Ky., by Robert M. Woods, 1st Lieutenant 64th Illinois Infautry, and A. C. M. 4th Division, 17th Army Corps.

Charles W. McGinnis Captai James McFaddendo		Sept. 5, 1861 Nov. 5, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Appointed Jan. 1, 1862; resigned Sept. 3, 1862. Promoted from Hospital Steward Sept. 14, 1862; killed Oct. 4, 1862, in battle of Corinth,
Daniel T. Thornedo	34	Aug. 11, 1862	3 yrs.	Mississippi. Transterred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862; died Oct. 5, 1864, in Rebel Prison at Savan- nab, Ga., of wounds received in action July
John W. Jenkinsdo	26	Aug. 15, 1861	3 yrs.	22, 1861, at Decatur, Ga.; borne on the Army Register as Samuel T. Thorne. Promoted to Com. Sergeant from Sergeant Feb. 1, 1863; from Com. Sergeant to 2d Lieu- tenant June 27, 1864; 1st Lieutenant Oct. 4, 1864; Captain Jan. 20, 1865; mustered out
Mahlon P. Davis 1st Lier	t. 40	Nov. 13, 1861	3 yrs.	with company July 8, 1865; veteran. Appointed Dec. 14, 1861; resigned May 27, 1862.
Reuben G. Clarkdo	21	Aug. 11, 1862	3 yrs.	Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862, promoted to 1st Lieutenant June 1, 1863;
Edward B. Boyd	26	Sept. 15, 1861	3 yrs.	died Jan. 30, 1864, at Dayton. O. Promoted to Q. M. Sergeant from private—; to 2d Lieutenant Co. A from Q. M. Sergeant Feb. 1, 1863; appointed Act. Regt. Quarter
David E. Hiseydo	26	Aug. 20, 1862	3 yrs.	master —; promoted to 1st Lieutenant and Regt. Quartermaster May 25, 1864. Tran.ferred from 112th 0. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862; appointed 1st Sergeant Jan. 1, 1864; pro- moted to 1st Lieutenant Jan. 20, 1865; mus- tered out with company July 8, 1865; vet-
John M. Wisehart 2d Lieu	t. 50	Aug. 6, 1861	3 yrs.	eran. Appointed Aug. 15, 1861; resigned March 28,
Silas W. Cunninghamdo	23	Sept. 5, 1861	3 yrs.	Promoted from 1st Sergeant April 12, 1862; died June 30, 1863, in hospital at Evansville, Indiana.
James C. Mathenydo	19	Dec. 25, 1861	3 yrs.	Promoted from 1st Sergeant Co. I Jan. 1, 1863; mustered out Dec. 26, 1864, on expiration of
Alexander II. Brilldo	26	Oet. 27, 1861	3 yrs.	term of service. Promoted from 1st Sergeant Co. G Nov. 12, 1864; to 1st Lieutenant Co. D Jan. 12, 1865;
William H. Roseboom 1st Serg	t. 19	Nov. 18, 1861	3 yrs.	veteran. Appointed Corporal Nov. 6, 1864; 1st Sergeant from Corporal Feb. 12, 1865; mustered out
John S. Barran Sergear	t 18	Aug. 20, 1862	3 yrs.	with company July 8, 1865; veteran. Appointed Corporal Jan. 1, 1864; Sergeant Feb. 29, 1864; mustered out with company July 8, 1865; veteran.
Henry A. Brehmdo	22	Aug. 20, 1862	3 yrs.	Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862; appointed Corporal March 5, 1864; Sergeant Dec. 14, 1864; mustered out with company
Caleb S. Broadwelldo	21	Aug. 12, 1862	3 yrs.	July 8, 1865; veteran. Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862, as private; appointed Sergeant Jan. 1, 1864; mustered out with company July 8, 1865; veteran.
John Brown do Frank Chatsey	. 41 25	Nov. 23, 1861 Aug. 21, 1862	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	On muster-in roll; no further record found. Appointed Sergeant Jan. 1, 1864; mustered
David S. Goldsburgdo	. 25	Aug. 15, 1861	3 yrs.	out with company July 8, 1865: veteran. Discharged Sept. 23, 1862, at Columbus, O., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.

		.	Data of	l of	
Names.	Rank.	Age.	Date of Entering the Service.	Period of Service,	Remarks
Thomas J. Arnett	Corporal	20	Aug. 22, 1862	3 yrs.	Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1863; appointed Corporal Jan. 1, 1864; mustered
Henry J. Arnold	do	24	Aug. 18, 1862	3 3 rs.	out with company July 8, 1865; veteran. Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862; appointed Cor oral March 10, 1864; mus- tered out with company July 8, 1865; vet-
Hezekiah Coe	do	19	Nov. 14, 1862	3 yrs.	eran. Appointed Corporal Aug. 25, 1864; mustered out with company July 8, 1865; veteran. Appointed Corporal March 1, 1865; mustered
George Coe	do	18	Nov. 9, 1861	3 yrs.	Appointed Corporal March 1, 1865; nustered
Josephus Dorr	do	19	Dec. 5, 1861	3 yrs.	tered out with company July 8,1865; veteran. Appointed Corporal Jan. 1, 1864; mustered
James W. Harner	do	22	Sept. 10, 1861	3 yrs.	out with company July 8, 1865; veteran. Appointed Corporal Dec. 14, 1864; mustered out with company July 8, 1865; veteran.
Alfred Houser	do	28	Oct. 26, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged Aug. 1, 1862, at Camp Clear Creek, Miss., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Joseph Hornberger		32	Aug. 22, 1862	3 yrs.	Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862; killed Aug. 20, 1864, near Atlanta, Ga.; vet- eran.
John H. Manse	do	29	Aug. 18, 1862	3 yrs.	Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862; appointed Corporal Dec. 14, 1864; mus- tered out with company July 8, 1865; vet- eran.
David Reynolds	do	29	Aug. 12, 1862	3 yrs.	Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862; appointed Corporal Jan. 1, 1864; captured July 22, 1864, at Decatur, Ga.; exchanged April —, 1865; mustered out with company July 8, 1865; veteran
John Shell Benjamin F. Wait	do	44 21	Nov. 16, 1861 Aug. 13, 1862	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Died May 21, 1862, at St. Louis, Mo. Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862; discharged Oct. 24, 1864, by order of War Department to enlist in Co. G., 198th Pennsylvania Volunteer Infantry.
Henry C. Weaver	eb	41	Aug. 12, 1862	3 yrs.	Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862; appointed Corporal Jan. 1, 1864; transferred to 106th Regiment Colored Troops to date April 28, 1864; veteran.
John Wolf Franklin Lesh.,	do Musician		Dec. 5, 1861 Nov. 4, 1862	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Died Nov. 22, 1863, at St. Louis, Mo. Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862; mustered out with company July 8, 1865.
Abbott, Andrew J Adams, William		24 25	Jan. 2, 1862 Feb. 1, 1864	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Died Sept. 12, 1864, at Rome, Ga., of wounds
Allison, William H	do	21	Aug. 15, 1862	3 yrs.	received near Atlanta, Ga. Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862; discharged to date March 13, 1865, by order of War Department.
Adams, David	do do	38 21 25	Feb. 1, 1864 Jan. 25, 1864 Oct. 23, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 8, 1865. Mustered out with company July 8, 1865. Mustered out Jan 18, 1865 at Columbus O
Augustus, John	do	22	Oct. 23, 1861	3 yrs.	on expiration of term of service. Discharged Nov. 25, 1862, at St. Louis. Mo., on Surgeon's certificate of disability. Mustered out Jan. 12, 1865, at Beaufort, S. C., on expiration of term of service. Mustered out with company layly 8, 1865.
Barnes, Charles W	do	20	Nov. 11, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out Jan. 12, 1865, at Beaufort, S. C., on expiration of term of service.
Barnes, William A Barnes, Mahlon K Beatty, James	do do	35	Feb. 28, 1865 Feb. 1, 1864 Nov. 12, 1861	l yr. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 8, 1865. Discharged July 25, 1862, at Cincinnati, O., on
Bolin, Austin T Bolin, William P Brubham, Joseph	do do	19 41 39	Nov. 14, 1861 Sept. 6, 1861 Aug. 13, 1862	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Died March 5, 1805, at St. Louis, Mo.
Brittenhan, Isaac	do	21	Oct. 26, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out Dec. 26, 1864, at Savannah, Ga., on expiration of term of service.
Brittenhan, Solomon	do	25	Oet. 26, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged Aug. 16, 1862, at Camp Clear Creek, Miss., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Briggs, John W	do	23	Aug. 25, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out Aug. 25, 1864, on expiration of term of service.
Brown, King D Byram, William H Byram, David	do	18 18 23	Jan. 2, 1862 Feb. 8, 1864 Feb. 10, 1864	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	On muster-in roll; no further record found.
Brusman, Jacob			Aug. 20, 1862	3 yrs.	Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862; mustered out with company July 8, 1865;
Curtner, Andrew	do .	19	Aug. 22, 1862	3 yrs.	veteran. Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862; mustered out with company July 8, 1865;
Curtner, Waymire Cockrill, William Criss, Peter Cullison, Joseph Cupp, Samuel S. Cupp, Edward	do	21 21 23 22	Jan. 27, 1864 Feb. 23, 1864 May 6, 1863 Oct. 28, 1861 Nov. 5, 1861 Get. 23, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Died Jan. 31, 1863, at Corinth, Miss.

	1			1 44 .	
Names.	Rank.	Age.	Date of Entering the Service.	Pariod of Service.	Remarks.
Daniels, Abner W	Private	21	Oct. 23, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged July 24, 1862, at Columbus, O., on
Davis, Daniel	do	32	Oct. 26, 1861	3 yrs.	Surgeon's certificate of disability. Discharged Dec. 2, 1862, at St. Louis, Mo., on
Disbro, Israel R		29	Dec. 5, 1861	3 yrs.	Surgeon's certificate of disability. Discharged Dec. 5, 1862, at Cincinnati, O., on
Downs, Benjamin		43	Oct. 17, 1861	3 yrs.	Surgeon's certificate of disability. Discharged Nov. 8, 1862, at Cairo, Ill., on Sur-
Dotson, James		33	Ang. 6, 1861	3 yrs.	geon's certificate of disability. Mustered out Nov. 11, 1864, at Chattanooga,
Dotson, vaines	, 40		711181 07 7 101	0 315.	Tenn., on expiration of term of service
Dunnington, Francis B	do	24	Dec. 5, 1861	3 yrs.	Captured July 22, 1864, in action at Decatur, Ga.; paroled —; mustered out June 24, 1865, at Camp Chase, O., by order of War
Ennis, John	do	18	Jan. 14, 1864	3 yrs.	Department; veteran. Discharged May 7, 1865, on Surgeon's certifi-
England, Jesse	do	51	Sept. 4, 1861	3 yrs.	of disability. Discharged July 25, 1862, at Cincinnati, O., on
English, Thomas	do	43	Jan. 4, 1865	1 yr.	Surgeon's certificate of disability. Died March 22, 1865, at Goldsboro, N. C.
Fish, Robert	do	21	Sept. 2, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged July 25, 1862, at Cincinnati, O., on Surgeon's certificate of disability
Fisher, Andrew		1	Aug. 13, 1862	3 yrs.	Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862; died March 16, 1863, at Memphis, Tenn.
Garner, Theodore	do	18	Nov. 25, 1861	3 yrs.	veteran veteran
Garst, Christian	do	26	Aug. 14, 1862	3 yrs.	Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862; died April 9 1864 at Decetur, Ala veteran
Gutshalk, George II Green, Jesse A	do	18 24	Jan. 25, 1864 Dec. 5, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 3, 1865. Mustered out with company July 8, 1865; vet-
Hartshorn, Amos	do	45	Dec. 30, 1861	3 yrs.	eran. Discharged July 23, 1862, at Cincinnati, O., on
Hause, Lemuel D Henry, George W	do	30 26	Feb. 22, 1864 Sept. 18, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Died Sept. 14, 1864, at Rome, Ga. Died June 26, 1862, at Benton Barracks, St.
Higgens, Stephen, Sr	do	45	Dec. 11, 1861	3 yrs.	Louis, Mo. Discharged Feb. 21, 1863, at Corinth. Miss., on
Higgens, Stephen, Jr	do	18	Dec. 11, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged July 18, 1862, at Corinth, Miss., on
Higgins, Wilkinson H		26	Aug. 20, 1862	3 yrs.	Surgeon's certificate of disability. Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862;
Hob.ltt, Francis M	do	18	Aug. 14, 1862	3 yrs.	mustered out with company July 8, 1865; veteran. Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862; discharged May 29,1865, on Surgeon's certifi-
Holdren, Charles Holdren, Samuel Honnis, John W	do do	20 19 18	Feb. 3, 1864 Feb. 20, 1865 Jan. 4, 1862	3 yrs. 1 yr. 3 yrs.	cate of disability. Mustered out with company July 8, 1865. Mustered out with company July 8, 1865. Absent in hospital at Farmington Miss., May
Howser, Henry W			Nov. 11, 1861	3 yrs.	28, 1862; no turther record found. Discharged May 1, 1862, at Farmington, Miss.,
Ifudson, Jason	do	27	Aug. 27, 1862	3 yrs.	
James, Abraham			Aug. 8, 1861		Discharged July 20, 1865, at Columbus, O., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
James, Abraham	do	40	Aug. 6, 1001	3 yrs.	Mustered out Oct. 14, 1864, at Columbus, O., on expiration of term of service.
Jackson, Amos II	do	23	Sept. 5, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 8, 1865; veteran.
Jacob, Frederick	do,	26	Aug. 22, 1862	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 8, 1865; vet-
Jenkins, Newton S .	.do	20	Aug. 20, 1862	3 yrs.	Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862; mustered out June 4, 1865, at Washington, D. C., by order of War Department.
Jenkins, Presley	.do	18	Nov. 8, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 8, 1865; veteran.
Jones, Alexander	.do	45	Aug. 18, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged Oct. 10, 1862, at Cincinnati, O., on
Kelly, Asa. Klepinger, Samuel	do	18 23	Aug. 22, 1862 Aug. 21, 1862	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Surgeon's certificate of disability. Died July 29, 1864, at Rome, Ga.; veteran. Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862; mustered out, with company July 8, 1865;
Kreitzer, Adam M Lambert, William	.do	18 21	Jan. 26, 1864 Aug. 22, 1862	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	veteran. Died March 22, 1864, at Nashville, Tenn. Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862; Discharged Jan. 17, 1863, at Corinth, Miss.,
Lambert, Samuel	.do	18	Aug. 22, 1862	3 yrs.	on Surgeon's certificate of disability. Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862; mustered out June 4, 1865, at Washington, D. C., by order of War Department.
Leach, Francis	do	18	Sept. 15, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 8, 1865; vet-
Lease, Teddie	do .	20	Sept. 15, 1861	3 yrs.	eran. Discharged March 28, 1863, at Cincinnati, O., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Le Fevre, John S Lingo. Joseph	do	25 33	Nov. 13, 1861 Nov. 4, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Transferred to Veteran Reserve Corps April 1, 1864.

Names.	Rank.	Age.	Date of Entering the Service.	Period of Service.	Remarks.
Long, Elijah	Private	22	Nov. 9, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged Aug. 12, 1862, at Evansville, Ind.,
Mansel, Richard L	or	29	Aug. 20, 1862	3 yrs.	on Surgeon's certificate of disability. Mustered out with company July 8, 1865; vet-
Mayville, Abraham	do	23	Aug. 21, 1862	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 8, 1865; vet-
Mast, Washington Miller, Michael B	do	20 23	Aug. 21, 1862 Aug. 21, 1862	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	eran, Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862, Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862; mustered out with company July 8, 1865; vet-
Miller, David A	ob	55	Nov. 25, 1861	3 yrs.	eran. Discharged Dec. 24, 1862, at Ciucinnati. 0, on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Miller, David W Miller, Daniel Minnez, Vincent A	do do	22 44 20	Eeb. 1, 1864 Feb. 8, 1864 Aug. 15, 1862	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 8, 1865. Mustered out with company July 8, 1865. Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1863;
Mowbray, Hendrick McCormick, John	do	18 20	Jan. 19, 1864 Aug. 20, 1862	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	promoted to Com. Sergeant April 1, 1865. Mustered out with company July 8, 1865. Discharged May 19, 1805, on Surgeon's certification distributions.
McDargh, John	do	23	Aug. 15, 1862	3 yrs.	Transferred from 112th O V. I. Nov. 6, 1862: mustered out with company July 8, 1865; vet-
McGinnis, Samuel	.do	26	Oct. 6, 1861	3 yrs.	Reduced from Corporal; discharged Nov. 7,
McGinnis, Sanford E		20	Sept. 20, 1861	3 yrs.	1862, on Surgeon's certificate of disability. Mustered out Nov. 19, 1864, at Nahsville, Tenn
Moore, Harrison G Moore, William.	do	30 32	Dec. 5, 1861 Dec. 5, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	on expiration of term of service. Died Jan. 6, 1865, at Dalton, Ga. Mustered out Jan. 12, 1865, on expiration of
Nichols, George	. do .	25	Aug 31, 1862	3 yrs.	term of service. On detached duty at Brigade Headquarters, 1st Division 17th Army Corps, May 22, 1865; mustered out July 22, 1865, at Camp Denni- son, O., by order of War Department; vet-
O'Donnell, Condy	. do	55	Nov 8, 1861	3 yrs.	eran. Discharged Jan. 27, 1863, at Cincinnati, O., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
O'Donnell, John	do .	19	Nov 20, 1861	3 yrs.	Reduced from Sergeant March 6, 1864; mustered out Jan. 12, 1865, on expiration of term
Organ, Matthew	do	22	Nov. 4, 1861	3 yrs.	of service. Discharged Dec. 30, 1862, at Columbus, 0., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Organ, Stephen S	do	37	Oct. 25, 1861	3 yrs.	Reduced from Corporal —; discharged Oct. 10, 1862, at Cincinnati, O., on Surgeon's certificate of disability
Pearce, Morris Pearce, Ludlow D .	do. do	19 25	Dec. 27, 1861 Nov. 19, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Died June 9, 1862, near Farmington, Miss., of wounds received June 8, 1862, in action near Corinth, Miss.
Peeling, George Piffley, Alfred	do	24 18	Aug. 21, 1862 Aug. 20, 1862	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862. Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862: discharged Dec. 2, 1864, at Camp Dennison, O., for wounds; veteran.
Randall, Francis M	do	21	Aug. 15, 1862	3 yrs.	Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862; mustered out with company July 8, 1865; veteran.
Reynolds, Theodore M .	.do	18	Feb. 2, 1862	3 yrs.	Discharged Feb. 8, 1862, at Marietta, O., by civil'authority.
Rasner, Henry C	. do	25	Aug. 21, 1862	3 yrs.	Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862: discharged Jan. 28, 1865, at Pocotaligo, S. C., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
	do	1	Feb. 1, 1864	3 yrs.	Transferred to Co. I, 6th Regiment Veteran Reserve Corps, April 17, 1865.
Rowe, Anzimus			Nov. 3, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged Jan. 12, 1863, at Carro, Ill., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Rhoads, Jefferson	1		Aug. 14, 1862	3 yrs.	Transferred from 112th O. V. 1. Nov. 6, 1862; died Feb. 4, 1864, at Dayton, O; veteran.
Servis, Gideon R Shaner, Daniel B	do	19 32	Aug. 18, 1863 Dec. 6, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 8, 1865. Discharged Nov. 10, 1862, at Cincinnati, O., or
Sharp, Gideon T		31	Aug. 8, 1861	3 yrs.	Surgeon's certificate of disability. Mustered as Corporal; reduced —; died Sept. 17, 1864, in Rebel Prison at Anderson- rills. Controller.
Shepherd, William Shepherd, John	do do	21 27	Dec 21, 1861 Nov 5, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	ville, Ga.; veteran Died March 17, 1862, at New Madrid, Mo. Discharged Oct 10, 1864, at Little River, Ala on Surgeon's certificate of disability: vet- eran.
Shipley, William	.do	20	Nov 18, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out Jan. 12, 1965, at Beaufort, S. C., on expiration of term of service
Shepherd, Alfred	do ·	27	Nov 4, 1861	3 yrs.	Discharged May 25, 1862, at Marietta, O., on Surgeon's certificate of disability
Skates, Peter S	do	10	Nov 25, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out to date June 21, 1865, by order of War Department: veteran.
Smith, Nathan	do	29	Aug. 20, 1862	3 yrs.	Killed May 28, 1864, in action near Dallas, Ga.: veteran.
Simms, Abijah II	,do	18	FC* 22, 1864	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 8, 1865

Names.	Rank.	Age.	Date of Entering the Service.	Period of Service.	Remarks.
Sowers, John G	Private	21	Jan. 20, 1862	3 yrs.	Discharged May 30, 1862, at Farmington,
Snyder, William G	do	26	Nov. 23, 1861	3 yrs.	Miss., on Surgeon's certificate of disability. Mustered out Jan. 4, 1865, at Columbus, O., on expiration of term of service.
Strauss, Aaron Stonebraker, Wm A Stonebraker, Andrew	do	38 17 41	Nov. 16, 1861 Dec. 5, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Died at East Point, Ga., Sept. 25, 1864; veteran. Killed Oct. 4, 1862, in battle of Corinth, Miss, Discharged Sept. 16, 1862, at Camp Dennison, O., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Stover, James	do	19 22 19	Aug. 22, 1862 Jan. 25, 1864 Feb. 3, 1864	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862. Discharged to date June 22, 1865. Died March 12, 1864, at Decatur, Ala.
Tyler, Martin Teter, Adam C		23 33	Aug. 8, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 8, 1865; veteran. Discharged Oct. 10, 1862, at Cincinnati, O., on
Waymire, Austin	do	21	Aug. 21, 1862	3 yrs.	Surgeon's certificate of disability. Transferred from 112th O. V. I. Nov. 6, 1862; mustered out with company July 8, 1865;
Weymer, Abram	do	26	Dec. 3, 1862	3 yrs.	veteran. Discharged Feb. 9, 1863, at St. Louis, Mo., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Wisehart, James M	do	26	Sept. 5, 1861	3 yrs.	Mustered out Nov. 11, 1864, on expiration of term of service.
Wisehart, William A	do	17	Jan. 5, 1862	3 yrs.	Died June 24, 1864, of wounds received —, in action at Big Shanty, Ga.
Williamson, Chas, W Wornstaff, Elijah	do	19 23	Jan. 21, 1864 Sept. 15, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 8, 1865. Discharged Oct. 21, 1862, at Corinth, Miss., on Surgeon's certificate of disability.
Wornstaff, Richard L Wornstaff, George L		39 25	Feb. 27, 1864 Sept. 18, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Died June 13, 1864, at Allatoona, Ga. Mustered out June 14, 1865, at Camp Chase, O.; veteran.
Wolf, Uriah	do	35 18 25	Dec. 12, 1861 Nov, 16, 1861 Aug. 27, 1862	3 yrs. 3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Died July 4, 1862, at Covington, Ky. Discharged March 2, 1865, at Camp Douglass, Ill., on Surgeon's certificate of disability; veteran.
Whetstone, Wm. L Whetstone, George W		19 27	Feb. 1, 1864 Oct. 20, 1861	3 yrs. 3 yrs.	Mustered out with company July 8, 1365. Mustered out Dec. 26, 1864, on expiration of
Whetstone, James R	do	20	Oct. 20, 1861	3 yrs.	term of service. Captured July 22, 1864, in action at Decatur, Ga.; mustered out June 13, 1865, at Camp Chase, O.; veteran.

In addition to the foregoing roster, there were one hundred and ninety drafted men and substitutes assigned to the regiment. On account of being on the march with Sherman, they were started by way of Hart's Island, New York, to reach it. On May 15th, 1865, not having reached the regiment, they were mustered out at that place, and were never taken up on the company rolls. See Ohio Roster for names.









http://stores.ebay.com/Ancestry-Found

http://stores.ebay.com/Ancestry-Found